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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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### THE GERMAN VETERANS.

#### Big Crowd at Their Convention at Akron, Ohio.

Akron, Ohio, Aug. 20.—Ten thousand people are here attending the fifteenth annual convention of the North American Kriegerbund, composed of veterans of the German army. This morning was given up to the parade, which is the feature of the convention. This afternoon Mayor W. E. Young and Paul E. Werner delivered the address of welcome. Tonight there will be a fireworks display.

#### PLAGUE IN MANILLA.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The record of the plague in Manilla for the two weeks ending July 7, as just reported to the marine hospital service, is seven new cases and five deaths. Of the new cases, four were Filipinos and three Chinese.

### NO DOCUMENTS FOUND.

#### Nothing to Incriminate Suspected Anarchists in Their Effects.

New York, Aug. 20.—Moresca and Guida, the Italians suspected of anarchy and detained by the immigration authorities, are still on the detention boat Narragansett, on Ellis island. Commissioner Fitchie said that a search of Moresca's baggage had not revealed any documents of an incriminating nature.

Guida begged that the letters found in his trunk and signed "Rosa" be restored to him, and his request was granted.

# FIGHTING AT PEKIN

### Allies Are Reported to Be Still Bombarding the Fortifications.

### Japanese Cavalry In Pursuit of Dowager Empress and Court.

Berlin, Aug. 20.—The foreign office has received a dispatch from the German consul at Che Foo, under today's date, saying the dowager empress was believed to be inside the palace at Pekin and that the allies were still bombarding the fortifications.

London, Aug. 20.—The Chinese minister here has received a dispatch from Pekin saying that the empress dowager and the emperor left Pekin a few days before the allies arrived there.

London, Aug. 20.—The Japanese cavalry has left Pekin in pursuit of the dowager empress and her court, according to telegrams from the North received at Shanghai by Chinese officials. These dispatches aver that the empress and her treasure train, protected by 30,000 troops, have already arrived at Wutaisan, in Shansi province.

The field telegraph north of Yangtsun is interrupted and nothing under Pekin date appears to have reached Yangtsun since Aug. 17. Heavy rains have been falling in the province of Pechili.

The landing of the British troops at Shanghai is not causing excitement among the natives. A detachment of 100 French marines landed there today. A customs cruiser is reported to have gone to Tien Tsin to take away the foreigners rescued from Pekin.

### TO BLOCK PURSUIT.

#### Chinese Army From Pekin to Aid Royalties' Flight.

New York, Aug. 20.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Shanghai says: Kang-Yi, former assistant grand secretary of the empire, and Gen. Lung Fuh Siang are heading an army that is advancing from Pekin to the southeast, with the object of diverting the allies from pursuit of the emperor and the dowager empress.

On Saturday, Aug. 11, the imperial household left Pekin. Prince Tuan led the march with his troops, taking the emperor, the dowager empress and all the Manchu nobles. Their destination is believed to be Signan Fu, in Shensi province. With them left all the elements hostile to foreigners. Prince Cheng was left in command at Pekin, and he welcomed the allies in a friendly manner. These reports are from Chinese sources.

The empress dowager beheaded twelve of the imperial clansmen who refused to leave the capital and were suspected of favoring the foreigners.

The property which the empress dowager sent away filled sixty carts. Her retinue went on foot, owing to the hurried advance of the allies. The Chinese report heavy losses in the fighting between Tien Tsin and Pekin.

### GETS OFF AT LAST.

#### Field Marshall Von Waldersee Leaves Berlin For China.

Berlin, Aug. 20.—Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee, accompanied by his staff, left Berlin this morning en route for China.

### CABLE FROM BRUCE.

#### Street Fighting in Pekin and Fires Are Burning.

London, Aug. 20, 4:20 a. m.—Rear Admiral Bruce cables the admiralty from Chee Foo, Aug. 19, as follows:

"Am informed on the authority of the Japanese, that street fighting still continues in Pekin, part of which is on fire. Yang(sa) prevented the empress from leaving, and a last stand is now being made in the inner city, which is surrounded by the allies and being bombarded."

### CASUALTIES AT PEKIN.

#### Remey Sends Names of Americans Killed and Wounded.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The bureau of navigation, this morning, received the following cablegram from Admiral Remey:

"Taku, Aug. 19.—Authentic report from Pekin on 15th from Lieut. Lattimer. Troops moving on imperial city. Clearing out Tartar city. All Americans who remained in Pekin are well except one child. Capt. Myers recovered from wound, has typhoid, crisis passed and now convalescing. Assistant Surgeon Lippett was wounded on upper left leg, bone fractured; leg saved, now recovering.

"The following killed during siege in Pekin: Sergt. J. F. Fanning, Privates C. B. King, J. W. Tucher, J. Kennedy, R. E. Thomas, A. Turner and H. Fisher.

"Wounded: Private J. Schroeder, elbow, severe, now dangerously ill from fever; Seaman J. Mitchell, upper arm, severe, now recovering.

"All other wounded and sick returned to duty. Casualties, Maj. Biddle's command, attack Tantatin: First Lieut. Butler, chest; Private Green, wrist; Private Warrel, right temple, all slight.

"Reported from Chinese sources that the royal family have escaped and are en route to Sianfu. REMEY."

### FIGHT AT THE PALACE.

#### The Japanese Troops Met With Obstinate Resistance There.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Japanese legation has received several important dispatches. One, today, from Tokio, dated Aug. 19, says:

"After entry into Pekin was effected by the allied troops, the Chinese troops, on Aug. 15, betook themselves to and remained in the imperial palace. A body of Japanese troops was told off to guard the palace, and there they met with obstinate resistance by the Chinese troops. Fighting is still going on. The headquarters of the Japanese army is in the legation, and the division is mainly quartered in the village outside of Antingmen."

Another telegram, dated the 19th, gives the report of the Japanese consul general at Shanghai, saying:

"Sheng credits the report that the empress dowager, and probably the emperor also, had left Pekin, as the privy council crossed the Lukou bridge on the 12th bearing the banner of the imperial cortege. Also, that Prince Ching is still in Pekin, although Prince Tuan has followed the empress dowager."

### DISPATCH FROM FOWLER.

#### He Reports Advices of the Massacre at Paotingfu.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The state department, this morning, received a dispatch from Consul Fowler, dated Che Foo, Aug. 15. It relates to the massacre of missionaries and others at Paotingfu, which has been referred to a number of times in the press dispatches, and has generally been conceded to have occurred on June 30. The first part of the dispatch is so badly mangled in transmission that it is impossible to make much out of it. The text is as follows:

"Che Foo, Received Aug. 15.—Secretary of State, Washington.—Evening, 13th.—Reported all Presbyterian missionaries at Paotingfu killed June 30, premises burned. * * Same night Catholic mission. Rain stopped work. July first attacked American (board?). (Pitkin) shot dead trying to keep gang out. Misses Morrell, Gould, taken Boxer headquarters, killed. (Bagnall?) killed, near (Temple?). Cooper and Belgians' fate uncertain. Officials had sent all home from Yamen. All natives connected with foreigners suffered like fate. Authority: Special messengers sent by Tien Tsin missionaries.

"FOWLER."

#### GOODNOW REPORTS.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The state department has received a cablegram from Consul General Goodnow, at Shanghai, announcing the occupation of Pekin by the allied troops and stating that it is reported that the dowager empress and emperor left Pekin on Aug. 13.

### SHE DENIES IT.

#### Mrs. Drew Refutes Alleged Story of Russian Atrocities.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The diplomats connected with the Russian embassy have been annoyed by constant reports attributing atrocity to the Russian troops in China. One of the most notable instances was an alleged interview with Mrs. Anna Drew, wife of E. B. Drew, the chief secretary of Sir Robert Hart. As a refutation of the sentiments put in her mouth, Mrs. Drew has addressed the following letter from Chicago, under date of Aug. 14, to the Russian ambassador. After the usual opening phrases, she says:

"We have been living at Tien Tsin the past year, and I returned from there only last week. Our steamer was besieged with newspaper reporters upon our arrival at San Francisco, and although I was extremely careful in what I said to them, a great many strange things have been put into my mouth by some disagreeable people. The worst of all was an article which attributed to me the most horrible story of the atrocities committed by the Russian soldiers. I wish to deny these statements in full, and as the account has been copied into many Eastern papers, it has, perhaps, come to your notice. I feel that I, at least, must tell you how false it all is. In fact, I can, from my own experience during those terrible days at Tien Tsin, speak only in the highest terms of praise of the Russian soldiers, who undoubtedly saved our lives on more than one occasion."

In giving this letter out for publication, the Russian embassy wishes it understood that little importance is attributed to the effect of the stories reflecting upon the Russian troops. Were it not that the lady concerned is desirous of correcting the false reports, no notice would be taken of them, as the facts themselves are the best refutation of the sensational canards, published with the obvious purpose of prejudicing the American press and people against the Russians.

#### THREE DROWN.

Cape May, N. J., Aug. 20.—Ellen Young, Salina Newhouser and Albert J. Schwab, all of Philadelphia, were drowned in the surf at Cape May Point today.

# CHINA NOW FOR PEACE

### Asks the Appointment of an American Official As Peace Envoy.

### IS QUITE OBLIGING

### Li's Tone Indicates That Almost Any Old Terms Will Do.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The Chinese government, through Li Hung Chang, has made application to the United States for the appointment of Minister Conger, or some other American official, with authority to open negotiations for the establishment of peace, and for fixing definite terms for the settlement of the present trouble. The application came to the Chinese minister today, and was taken by him to the state department.

Li Hung Chang's application for the appointment of a peace commissioner, expresses willingness to conduct negotiations at a point desired by the powers, and it is expected that this will be Pekin or Tien Tsin.

A similar application has been made by Earl Li to all of the powers interested. His suggestion of Minister Conger as the American commissioner is based on the idea that, as Minister Conger has been rescued, he has now the opportunity to proceed to the point where negotiations will be held, and conduct them. The application does not suggest any particular terms, nor does it ask for the withdrawal of troops. It requests that the new negotiations shall be for the purpose of bringing about a cessation of hostilities.

This, coming since the capture of Pekin, is the first showing of China's complete weariness with the struggle and her desire to make terms. The reply of the United States government has not yet been made known.

Li Hung Chang's application came to the Chinese minister and was delivered by him to the state department at 10 o'clock this morning. Shortly afterward the president was acquainted with China's desires. In the absence of Secretary Hay and Secretary Root, the latter having gone to New York, who have been most active in the Chinese matter, there was no opportunity for a cabinet council.

The application to the United States is understood to be similar to that made to other powers. Under these circumstances it is probable that there will be a conference in order that the powers may act in unison. As to this, however, there is no official announcement, for Li Hung Chang's application has barely had time to get before the president and his advisers.

Another important development is that two of the influential viceroys of China has made application to the powers, including, it is believed, the United States, that no disrespect be shown to the emperor and empress dowager of China. It is understood that the government is informed that at least one of the continental powers is prepared to answer that there will be no personal indignity or disrespect to their majesties.

The condition inside Pekin was made more clear today by a dispatch from Admiral Remey, giving authentic reports from one of his staff officers, Lieut. Latimer, as to the situation on the 15th. It spoke of the troops "moving on the imperial city," and "clearing out the Tartar city." This latter city contains the Tartar arsenal and is the headquarters for the various Tartar troops.

It is said at the war department that the reports of continued fighting in Pekin indicate that the allied forces found a state of anarchy in the city, with many disorderly people and no method of controlling them. This, especially, would be the case if the reported flight of the empress dowager and emperor is true. Consequently it has been found necessary for the troops to restore order in the city and carry out the instructions under which our forces are acting.

### HER BROTHER HELD.

#### Murdered Girl's Brother Suspected of Complicity in Killing.

New York, Aug. 20.—Frederick Scharn, brother of Kathryn Scharn, the young girl who was murdered in her apartments Saturday night, and Lincoln Price, said to be the girl's lover, were arraigned today and held for the coroner. The police no longer think robbery was the cause of the crime. The young woman had been leading a double life, and the detectives believe that a man she had met in a dance hall may have killed her.

### FIRES STILL RAGE.

#### Forest Fires In Wyoming Menace Towns and Camps.

Saratoga, Wyo., Aug. 20.—Forest fires continue to rage in the mountains between Battle Lake and Grand Encampment, and those towns and the numerous mining camps and sheep camps are threatened with destruction. The herders were forced to drive their stocks high up in the mountains to get feed and it is feared that many of these herders have been surrounded with their flocks by the flames.

#### HEAT KILLS TWO.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—The weather was intensely hot here today and caused much suffering throughout the city, especially in the more crowded districts. There were a number of prostrations and in two instances the heat proved fatal. The dead: J. W. Williams, heart disease, superinduced by heat; Chamberlain, an infant, died from effects of heat.

#### LA CROSSE PERSPIRES.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 20.—Today and yesterday have been the two hottest days that La Crosse has seen this year, the mercury in the government thermometer registering 96 degrees, or 2 degrees higher than on any previous day this year. Several prostrations have been reported, but it is thought that none will result fatally. Showers fell this morning, but do not cool the atmosphere.

# FOUR ARE MURDERED

### Farmer Near Arlington, Minn., Kills His Wife and Three Children.

### HE STABS THEM ALL

### With a Butcher Knife and Probably Fatally Wounds Another Son.

St. Paul, Aug. 20.—A special to the Dispatch from Arlington, Minn., says: Between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning, Theodore Wallart, a farmer living three miles from here, slaughtered his wife and four children with a butcher knife and a fifth child is so badly wounded he may not recover.

The children were his stepchildren, Wallart having married a widow with a family. The couple have not lived together happily and recently separated and Mrs. Wallart is understood to have taken steps for getting a divorce.

The dead are:

Mrs. Sophia Wallert, aged 42.
Justus Steinborn, aged 20.
Helena Steinborn, aged 16.
Annie Steinborn, aged 13.
Reinold Steinborn, aged 10.

Otto Steinborn, aged 16, is so badly injured he may not recover.

Baby Teresa Osterman, who was visiting the family, was uninjured.

After committing the crime, Wallart set fire to the barns, destroying the stables, with five horses and nine cows, a corn crib and a large quantity of hay. About half a mile from the house, he hid his bloody clothing, where it was later discovered, and at last report was making his way towards Glencoe.

Sheriff Gaffke organized a pose and is hunting for the murderer.

### McKINLEYS' WESTERN TRIP.

#### The Program Arranged for Their Visit to Chicago.

Washington, Aug. 20.—President and Mrs. McKinley will leave Washington Friday afternoon, for Chicago to attend the annual encampment of the Grand Army. They will go in a special car attached to a regular train on the Pennsylvania road, and will arrive in Chicago on Saturday afternoon about 3 o'clock. They will remain in Chicago until late Wednesday afternoon of next week, and will be quartered during their stay at the Palmer house. On Sunday the president will attend two union services in Chicago—one, of the schools, in the morning, and the other, of churches, in the afternoon. On Monday he will review parades and on Wednesday he will go to Fort Sheridan. He will also be present at a number of banquets during his stay.

Late Wednesday the party will return to Canton where the president and Mrs. McKinley will remain until Sept. 11, when they will go to Somerset, Pa., to attend the marriage of their niece, Miss Mabel McKinley, and Dr. Hermann Baer. The marriage will be solemnized on Sept. 12, at the house of Abner McKinley.

### A LABORER DROWNED.

#### Met Death While Swimming In the Partridge River.

McKinley, Minn., Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—A laborer, named Dan McRae, employed by J. Runquist, railroad contractor, was drowned while swimming in the Partridge river, near Allen Junction, yesterday evening.

### YOUTSEY'S CASE CALLED.

#### Taylor Crowd Have Not Responded To His Subpoenas.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 20.—It was 10:15 o'clock when the case of Harry E. Youtsey was called. The defendant, looking pale and weak, was brought in and took a seat by his wife and just behind his counsel. When the list of witnesses was called, ex-State Treasurer Walter Day failed to respond, and on motion of the commonwealth his recognizance bond was forfeited and a forthwith attachment issued.

At the close of the calling of the list of witnesses for the commonwealth the prosecution announced that it was ready for trial. The defense asked for time to hold a conference, and court recessed until 2:30.

When the witnesses for the defense were called, W. S. Taylor and Charles Finley and Assistant Secretary of State J. Davidson, who is in Washington state, were called but failed to respond. Ex-Governor W. O. Bradley, who failed to appear in the Powers case also failed to answer today.

### THEY DIE TOGETHER.

#### Fighters Upset a Lamp and Both Are Cremated.

Helena, Mont., Aug. 20.—Tom Martin and Barney Keegan upset a lamp while fighting in a room in the Hamilton hotel at Hamilton, Ravelli county, and set fire to the building. Both were burned to death. The hotel and three adjoining hotels were burned. Loss $20,000; partially insured.

#### NO SET SPEECHES.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—It was learned here toay that President McKinley intends to deliver no set or lengthy speeches while in Chicago attending the G. A. R. encampment. While the nominal headquarters of thepr esidential party will be at the Palmer house, the president and Mrs. McKinley will spend much of their time at the residence of Lafayette McWilliams, a relative of Mrs. McKinley.

#### LEHNER SUCCUMBS.

Leavenworth, Kan., Aug. 20.—J. C. Lehner, an express wagon driver, died at the hospital today from the effects of sunstroke suffered Saturday. His parents reside at Ackerville, Wis. The heat today is intense.

# NEEDS NO GUARDIAN

### Gordon Writes a Letter to the New Orleans Confederate Veterans.

### ADVICE IS RETURNED

### Says He Needs None On the Question of Accepting Invitations.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 20.—Gen. John D. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, has prepared a reply to a resolution recently adopted by a camp of Confederate veterans at New Orleans, condemning the blue and grey reunion in Atlanta, Ga., recommending that no more similar reunions be held, and protesting against Gen. Gordon accepting an invitation to the G. A. R. reunion at Chicago. The reply is as follows:

Kirkwood, Ga., Aug. 20.—Comrades: A resolution recently adopted by your association at the instance of Gen. Chaleron, criticising certain acts or supposed acts of mine, entirely escaped my attention at the time of its appearance in the public press, and I have just seen it for the first time. I understand this action of your association to mean a formal and public notice that you disapprove of my participation in the blue and gray meeting which recently occurred in Atlanta, and also that it means a formal and public protest by your association against my acceptance of an invitation extended to me by the Grand Army of the Republic and by the executive committee of the citizens of Chicago.

The object of this reply to your resolution, which you failed to send me, is not to call in question the right of your association to criticize any official act of mine which does not meet your approval. I do wish, however, to state kindly but frankly and plainly that my onw conscience and my own conception of duty must be my guide in the future as in the past.

As to the courteous and cordial invitation of both the G. A. R. and of the executive committee of Chicago citizens, I have to state that I greatly appreciate the compliment paid me by that invitation and the spirit which prompted it. Circumstances, however, rendered it impossible for me to accept, and I so notified the officers and committees nearly two months ago, when that invitation first reached me. But in this connection also I wish to say that I must be the judge now and hereafter of the propriety of accepting invitations from any section of the country or any class of my fellow-countrymen.

In order that there may be no possible misunderstanding of my position on these and all kindred matters, I repeat my sole guide must be my own convictions of duty to this whole country and to the Southern people, whose glorious record in all the past, whose traditions, dignity and honor I have endeavored to defend and uphold at all times, in all sections and under all conditions.

In conclusion, let it be definitely understood that so long as Providence permits me to speak or labor I shall continue the efforts which I have made for thirty years in the interest of sectional harmony and unity. Whatever I can do will assuredly be done for the truth of history, for justice to the South and to all sections, for fostering our cherished memories, for the obliteration of all sectional bitterness, and for the settlement of all sectional controversies on a basis consistent with the honor and the manhood and self-respect of all.

I am as ever fraternally yours,
J. B. GORDON.

# A TORNADO.

### Sheboygan and Oshkosh, Wis., Are Visited and Havoc Wrought.

Milwaukee, Aug. 20.—A Evening Wisconsin special from Sheboygan says: A terrific wind storm struck this city this afternoon. The storm came from the north and came up very suddenly. Several houses were blown down. It is believed a number of people were crushed under the ruins. It is impossible at this time to make any estimate of damage or possible loss of life. The roof of the Crickiter chair factory was blown off.

A telephone dispatch to the Evening Wisconsin, at 3 o'clock, says the storm at Sheyboygan wrecked eight large buildings including the Crocker chair factory; brewery of Conrad Schrier company; Seimbal's brick yard and about 200 houses. The pecuniary damage is estimated at $300,000. No loss of life is rep [illegible] persons are believed to have been injured more of less seriously.

A special from Oshkosh to the Evening Wisconsin says: A terrific storm struck here this afternoon. Oreyes store on Main street was wrecked. Several other buildings were greatly damaged. The storm was preceded by intense heat and darkness.

### CENSUS OF CHICAGO.

#### Growth Over Fifty Per Cent In Ten Years.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The total population of Chicago is 1,698,515. The population in 1890 was 1,099,850, which shows an increase of 598,725, or 54.44 per cent in favor of 1900.

#### TENNIS MATCH.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 20.—W. A. Larned defeated G. L. Wrenn, Jr., at tennis here today, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2. The winner will challenge Whitman for the championship.

#### AN APPETIZER.

Horseradish is a splendid appetizer for serving with boiled fish. To make it put half a pint of milk or cream in a double boiler; rub together a teaspoonful of flour, thin with a little cold milk, and stir them into the boiled milk; add one ounce of young horseradish, finely grated, and half a teaspoonful each of sugar and salt.

# PLAN FOR A CONGRESS

## International Congress of the Powers to Settle Question In China.

## SCHEME IS FAVORED

## Foreign Representatives In Washington Say That It Would Be Acceptable.

New York, Aug 20.—A dispatch to the Herald from Washington says: President McKinley is considering the advisability of proposing to the powers the organization of an international congress which shall sit in China and recommend to the several governments represented a permanent solution of pending questions.

The president recognizes that the duties which Minister Conger will be called upon to perform will be so exacting and arduous that it would be unfair to ask him to take the additional burden of discussing a method of settlement of matters in controversy, that Special Commissioner Rockhill will be too busily employed in obtaining information in connection with Chinese officials and that direct negotiation between the powers is likely to prove unsatisfactory and give rise to complications which might otherwise be avoided.

Talks with diplomats here indicate that their governments would be willing to join in a congress for the settlement of the Chinese question, and Baron Von Sternberg, the German charge d'affairs in Washington, has been suggested as the representative of Germany.

### AUTHOR'S HARD LUCK.

### Paul Dunbar Drugged and Robbed In a Saloon.

New York, Aug. 20.—Paul Lawrence Dunbar, a negro poet, reported to the police last night that he had been drugged and robbed recently. Dunbar said he had been working hard during the early part of the night trying to pacify the negroes, who had been agitated about the West Side riots, and was very tired. He met a man who invited him into a saloon and advised him against going through West Thirty-seventh street as, he said, it was dangerous. This is all he remembers until 3 o'clock the following afternoon, when he awoke on the top floor of a building on West Thirty-seventh street, minus his diamond ring, a gold watch and chain, some money and some trinkets.

Paul Lawrence Dunbar is known as a writer in magazines and is a poet. He has published several books of poems.

### NEW TURKISH ENVOY.

### Schekib Bey Appointed Minister to the United States.

Constantinople, Aug. 20.—Schekib Bey, head of the cipher bureau of the foreign office, has been appointed Turkish minister to the United States, in place of Ali Ferrough Bey, recalled.

Washington, Aug. 20.—The state department has no information as to the appointment of Shebik Bey to succeed Alleuh Bey as Turkish minister to the United States. Schebik Bey is known to be an official of the Turkish foreign office.

### FUNERAL OF INGALLS.

### The Services Were Simple, According to His Wish.

Atchison, Kan., Aug. 20.—Funeral services over the body of ex-Senator Ingalls were held yesterday afternoon at Trinity Episcopal church, and subsequently interment was made in the family vault in Mount Vernon cemetery. Owing to the request of the family for privacy, a request made in accordance with the expressed wishes of Mr. Ingalls, there was no great throng at the services. The little church was filled with friends of the family and persons were obliged to stand. The services were very simple.

Judge A. G. Otis, a close business and personal associate of Mr. Ingalls, estimates the ex-senator's fortune at $250,000.

J. D. FLOWER DEAD.

New York, Aug. 20.—The death of John D. Flower, of the firm of Flower & Co., of this city, occurred at the home of his daughter at Prout's Neck, Me., last night. He was stricken with paralysis Saturday night.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Lovers of Good Beer WILL CALL— at the bar, cafe or over the telephone— For

Blatz BEER

The Star Milwaukee.

Those who enjoy a *pure and high grade beer*, insist on having "BLATZ," for both down town and home consumption.

Blatz Malt-Vivine (Non-Intoxicant) Invaluable Summer Tonic All Druggists.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

she was so badly burned that she died in agony three hours later.

### THREAT BY ROBERTS.

### Burghers Who Break Their Oaths May Be Executed.

Pretoria, Aug. 20.—Lord Roberts' proclamation, after reciting the fact that many have broken the oath to maintain neutrality and that the leniency extended to the burghers is not appreciated, warns all who break their oaths in the future that they will be punished by death, imprisonment or fine. He declares that all burghers in districts occupied by the British, except those who take the oath, will be regarded as prisoners of war and transported, and that buildings on farms where the enemy or his scouts are harbored will be liable to be razed.

### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

James M. Burnham, publisher of a paper at Weymore, Neb., shot and killed his father, Capt. Collins A. Burnham, at their home yesterday. A coroner's jury immediately exonerated the son. Both father and son were prominent political workers in the county in which they reside. The killing was in self defense.

The Rock Island Railroad company has followed the example of the Union Pacific by placing a ban on cigarettes. Notice has been served on employes that those addicted to the use of cigarettes must give them up or lose their positions.

Three of the largest labor assemblies in New York city are about to leave the Knights of Labor and attach themselves to the American Federation of Labor. The three are those of the letter carriers, stationary engineers and firemen.

In Philadelphia last night, while frightening a crowd of negroes by pretending she was a ghost, Florence Almond, aged 17 years, was struck on the head with a brick, thrown by one of the negroes and killed.

Hans Hohl, recently from Germany, yesterday on a wager, swam across Lake Winnebago, Wis., a distance of nine miles, in five hours. This is the first time the feat has been accomplished.

The entire plant of the Kelley Ax Manufacturing company, at Alexandria, Ind., valued at $800,000, was destroyed by fire last evening. This was the largest ax factory in the world. The plant was well insured.

Matty Mathews and Jim (Rube) Ferns have agreed on terms for a contest for the world's welter-weight championship, and a purse offered by the Cadillac Athletic club of Detroit, Mich., Aug. 30.

The island of Cuba, with her exhibits at the Paris exhibition, has achieved a notable success, receiving 149 prizes.

### BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 3; Cleveland, 1.

At Kansas City—First game: Minneapolis, 8; Kansas City, 3. Second game—Kansas City, 11; Minneapolis, 4.

At Chicago—First game: Milwaukee, 3; Chicago, 2. Second game: Milwaukee, 1; Chicago, 0.

At Buffalo—First game: Buffalo, 14; Indianapolis, 0. Second game: Indianapolis, 8; Buffalo, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 8; St. Louis, 5.

At Chicago—Chicago, 2; New York, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 109 | 69 | 40 | .609 |
| Indianapolis | 100 | 54 | 46 | .540 |
| Detroit | 106 | 57 | 49 | .538 |
| Milwaukee | 107 | 57 | 50 | .533 |
| Kansas City | 108 | 53 | 55 | .491 |
| Cleveland | 101 | 49 | 52 | .485 |
| Buffalo | 107 | 45 | 62 | .421 |
| Minneapolis | 107 | 43 | 61 | .402 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 91 | 56 | 35 | .615 |
| Pittsburg | 97 | 54 | 43 | .557 |
| Chicago | 96 | 48 | 48 | .500 |
| Philadelphia | 92 | 46 | 46 | .500 |
| Boston | 95 | 47 | 48 | .495 |
| Cincinnati | 95 | 45 | 50 | .474 |
| St. Louis | 92 | 42 | 50 | .457 |
| New York | 90 | 36 | 54 | .400 |

### CABLE FLASHES.

Dispatches from Ostend to Paris state that there is no foundation for the report published by the Echo De Paris and the Siecle yesterday morning that an attempt had been made there on the life of the shah of Persia.

The final for the title of champion bicyclist of the world at the Paris exposition was won by Jacquelin.

HEAD CUT OFF.

St. Louis, Aug. 20.—A Sixth street car ran into a barouche at Broadway and Itaska street at 9 o'clock last night, killing Blanche Skelle, 13 years old, and injuring more or less seriously Herman Wilsbache and John Skelle. Blanche Skelle fell under the car, the wheels of which passed over her neck, severing the head from the body. Wilsbache was also struck by the wheel of the car and the top of his skull was crushed. His recovery is doubtful. Skelle's injuries are not serious.

RULE ON CONTRACTS.

Washington, Aug. 20.—Mr. Tracewell, the comptroller of the treasury, in a case involving payments on a contract for purchasing and placing rip-rap stone in jetties at Fort Jefferson inlet, N. Y., lays down the principle that a government contract may be extended as to time—that is, modified so as to relieve the contractor of penalties or damages—only when the modification is for the interest of the government, being based upon a new and valuable consideration.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Original, Miron W. Smith of Ansel, $6; Horace A. Crocker of Verndale, $6. Increase George Smitten of St. Cloud, $14.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

London, Aug. 20.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a dispatch from Rome which declares that an important medical discovery concerning the cause of Bright's disease has been made by Dr Ovid Brown, formerly of New York, and now of Rome.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

# ARE VERY CONFIDENT

## Democrats Sure That They Will Control Next House of Representatives.

## THE BROKEN PLEDGE

## To the Porto Ricans Is Bound to Cut Quite a Figure.

**From The Herald Washington Bureau.**

Washington, Aug. 20—(Special to The Herald.)—Chairman Richardson and Secretary Kerr, of the Democratic national congressional campaign committee, are receiving very encouraging reports from correspondents from nearly every state in the Union regarding the prospects for Democratic success in November. These gentlemen are perfectly satisfied that the next house of representatives will be Democratic and are now simply figuring on how big a majority can be secured for their party. Large gains are assured in New York state; several members will be secured from Pennsylvania; Illinois will add to the list, as will Wisconsin, Minnesota, California and other states, and the latest information from the Pacific Northwest is that Washington state will have either one or two Democratic members. The committee, however, is not disposed to give the Republicans any advantage if hard work will prevent it, and the headquarters in Washington is now one of the busiest places in this city. All kinds of literature is being sent broadcast by the congressional committee and this sort of work will be continued until the polls close next November. The managers are now disposed to endeavor to gain some advantage by the mistake the Republicans made in passing the Porto Rican tariff bill last winter. They maintain that promises were made the Porto Ricans which were broken by the enactment of the tariff law for that island at the last session of congress. The first promise made the Porto Ricans by one of this government's representatives was a proclamation issued by Gen. Miles who was then in command of our forces on that island. The Democratic committee is sending this proclamation throughout the country in order to show that the United States through the McKinley administration and a Republican congress has not made good its promises to the people of Porto Rico. The proclamation in question, which the Democratic committee is distributing, is as follows:

Headquarters of the Army, Ponce, Porto Rico, July 28, 1898. To the inhabitants of Uorto Rico:—In the prosecution of the war against the Kingdom of Spain by the people of the United States in the cause of liberty, justice and humanity, its military forces have come to occupy the island of Porto Rico. They come bearing the banner of freedom, inspired by a noble purpose to seek the enemies of our country and yours, and destroy or capture all who are in armed resistance.

They bring you the fostering arm of a nation of free people, whose greatest power is in its justice and humanity to all those living within its fold. Hence, the first effect of this occupation will be the immediate release from your former political relations, and it is hoped a cheerful acceptance of the government of the United States. The chief object of the American military forces will be to overthrow the armed authority of Spain and to give to the people of your beautiful island the largest measure of liberty consistent with this military occupation.

We have not come to make war upon a country that for centuries has been oppressed, but on the contrary, to bring you protection, not only to yourselves, but to your property; to promote your prosperity, and bestow upon you the immunities and blessings of the liberal institutions of our government. It is not our purpose to interfere with any existing laws and customs that are wholesome and beneficial to your people, so long as they conform to the rules of military administration of order and justice. This is not a war of devastation, but one to give all within the control of its military and naval forces the advantages and blessings of enlightened civilization.

NELSON A. MILES.
Major General Commanding U. S. Army.

* * *

It has been known for many years that diamonds exist in the colony of British Guiana. In 1890, 749 stones weighing in the agregate 514.58 grains were discovered. The colonial commissioner of mines, in his official report in 1893, alluded to the finding of diamonds in the different gold placers and expressed a belief that dry mines would ultimately be found. Up to that time, the largest stone found weighed eight grains. Last March, 282 stones were found 250 miles up the Mazaruni river. They were sent to London, where they were examined and the lot valued at $12 per carat. Recently, 400 small stones were found in the same locality. They were washed out by nine men in eighteen days by very crude methods. The stones are octahedron, varying in weight from a decimal of a grain to a carat and a half in the crude state.

London dealers consider the stones far superior to South African diamonds and value them at 25 to 50 per cent higher than those found in that region and they pronounce them equal in quality to Brazilion stones. The distance from Bartica, at the confluence of the Essequibo and the Mazaruni rivers, to the locality is 250 miles. The diggings are about five miles from the river, over a narrow trail through a tropical jungle. Provisions and materials are packed on men's backs to the vicinity. It requires eight days to make the journey. The return voyage, which is both exciting and dangerous, is accomplished in two days and a half.

A concession of 2000 acres of land in the locality has been granted to Messrs. Conrad and Gilkes, of Demerara, for the purpose of mining precious stones. Other local parties have recently contributed money to send an experienced diamond miner with twelve men to the district, who will endeavor to locate the matrix from which it is thought the stones already discovered came.

* * *

The cotton-textile business in Austria having been very prosperous in 1899, and the present year promising equally satisfactory results, many noteworthy enlargements of existing factories and building of new ones are just completed, under way, or projected. Some 8000 cotton looms will be added this year to the number in operation. The product of the spinning factories is also being increased to meet the augmented demand from the weaving machines. In Bohemia alone, the number of spindles will be increased by 150,000, which will produce per annum about $2,000,000 worth of cotton yarn. As Austria has been importing cotton yarn to nearly that value, there is evidently occupation for the new spindles, even should the expectations of increased weaving be disappointed. It is probable, however, that the existing uncertain state of the cotton market, had it appeared sooner, would have checked these improvements; but they have now gone too far to annul the plans therefor.

There is also marked, though not a great, activity in woolen and linen circles in the direction of extensions and new factories. In both these lines of industry, business has been unusually large during the past eighteen months, though profits have relatively declined; but to hold the trade it is found necessary to increase facilities for production, hence the activity here noted, which is especially marked in northern Bohemia.

* * *

A movement is in progress at Para, backed by foreign capitalists—principally French—to erect a gigantic flour mill there. The location is reported to have been selected, and the building will be completed not later than the 31st of March 31st, 1901. The erection of this mill in Para will be keenly felt by American manufacturers of flour who are marketing their surplus in the Amazon Valley, though our exporters may still be able to supply the grain. More important still is the reported formation of a syndicate, composed chiefly of Europeans, for the purpose of erecting a flour mill, a sawmill, and a sugar mill combined, the enterprise to be known as the "Para and Amazon Valley Milling Company." The entire outfit will be purchased in the United States, and an experienced American will be employed to superintend the erection of the mill. Dr. Bolhona will doubtless be selected to visit the United States with a view to completing arrangements.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

### BOXING TOURNAMENT.

### Olympic Club, of 'Frisco Plan a Big One.

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—The Olympic club intends to bring off one of the greatest amateur boxing tournaments even held in America some time this winter. It has decided to bring together, if possible, the champion amateur boxers of Australia, England and America to decide the world's amateur championships in the bantam, featherweight, lightweight, welter, middle and heavyweight classes. Communications will be sent to the bona fide amateur athletic associations of Australia and England, asking them if they will send their best representatives to compete in the tournament. The men selected will have their expenses defrayed.

Guarantees as to the amateur standing of the contestants must accompany each entry, as the club is determined that no professionals shall gain entrance to the tournament.

J. E. Sullivan, president of the Amateur Athletic union, will be asked to select the New York boxers who will participate in the contest.

### DEPARTURE OF SHERMAN.

### Transport Sails For Taku, By Way of Nagasaki.

San Francisco, Aug. 20.—The transport Sherman will sail today for Taku, by way of Nagasaki. The Second battalion of the Twenty-second infantry, from Ft. Thomas, Ky., and a battalion of the Eighth infantry from Fort Snelling, Minn., which, with the Fifth infantry, have been ordered to sail on the Sherman, arrived late last night and marched at once to the transport dock. Today 720 horses will be put on board the transport Strathgale, which will probably sail for the Orient tomorrow. The Thyra has been chartered by the government and will come here direct from Honolulu.

### FINANCE IN BERLIN.

### Banks to Do Business Only With Registered Brokers.

Berlin, Aug. 20.—An association of the largest Berlin banks has resolved to confine its brokerage business to firms and persons registered in the bourse register. A dividend of 16 per cent upon a capital of 15,000,000 marks has been declared by the Hoesch company, against a 15 per cent dividend on 9,000,000 marks capital last year. The Hasper firm declares a 40 per cent dividend against one of 20 per cent last year.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

### BUFFALO GIRL KILLED.

### A Contractor's Daughter Shot By Burglars at Pittsburg.

Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 20.—May Fosburg, the 21-year-old daughter of R. L. Fosburg, a contractor of Buffalo, N. Y., was shot and killed early this morning by a burglar. Her brother, F. F. Fosburg, was badly beaten by one of the men whom he tried to capture. There were three of the burglars and all escaped. Mr. Fosburg is living in this city while engaged on some work for an electrical company.

RICHARDS NABBED.

Cass Lake, Minn., Aug. 20.—Manager Richards of the circus which caused so much trouble in this neighborhood about a week ago has been apprehended at Blair, Neb. Sheriffs Rambough and Alexander, of Hubbard county, have been on the trail of Richards and Baker for a week, and yesterday word was received of the arrest of Richards, but that Baker had again eluded them. Sheriff Hardy, of Cass county, has taken prompt measures for the necessary requisition papers, and will proceed at once to bring the prisoner to this place for a hearing.

WOOD'S RIDE.

Gibra, Province of Santiago De Cuba, Aug. 20.—Governor Wood's ride from Puerto Padrevia, Las Tunas and Holguin, on his convention canvass, was completed here last night. He covered 129 miles in twenty hours.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ECZEMA—SATANIC ITCH.

This most aggravating and tormenting of all skin diseases is caused by an acid condition of the blood, and unless relieved through certain instrumentalities too much of this acid poison reaches the skin and it becomes red and inflamed. The itching and burning are almost unbearable, especially when overheated from any cause. The skin seems on fire, sleep or rest is impossible, the desperate sufferer, regardless of consequences, scratches until strength is exhausted.

This burning, itching Humor appears sometimes in little pustules, discharging a sticky fluid, which forms crusts and scales. Again the skin is dry, hard and fissured, itches intensely, bleeds and scabs over. This is a painful and stubborn form of the disease.

While Eczema, Tetter, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum and many like troubles are spoken of as diseases of the skin, they are really blood diseases, because

THERE CAN BE NO EXTERNAL IRRITATION WITHOUT AN INTERNAL CAUSE.

If the blood is in a pure, healthy condition, no poisonous elements can reach the skin.

External applications of washes, lotions and salves sometimes mitigate the itching and soothe the inflammation, but cannot reach the disease. Only S. S. S., the real blood medicine, can do this.

S. S. S., the only purely vegetable remedy known, is a safe and permanent cure for Eczema and all deep-seated blood and skin troubles. It goes direct to the seat of the disease, neutralizes the acids and cleanses the blood, re-inforces and invigorates all the organs, and thus clears the system of all impurities through the natural channels; the skin relieved, all inflammation subsides, and all signs of the disease disappear.

Mrs. Lefa M. Hoffmin, of Cardington, Ohio, says she was afflicted with Scrofulous sores and Eczema from birth. Her face at times became so badly swollen that she was not recognizable, and her limbs and hands were very sore. She was treated by all the doctors in town without being benefitted, and in her researches for relief, was told by an old physician to take S. S. S. She followed his advice and was promptly cured, and has never had a return of the disease. This was seventeen years ago. She sincerely believes she would have been in her grave years ago but for S. S. S., and adds, "what it has done for me it will do for others."

SSS

Send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases, and write our physicians fully about your case; they will cheerfully give any information or advice wanted. We make no charge for this. Address, Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

# THE DAKOTAS.

## Heavy Electrical Storm and Tornadoes Work Havoc In Many Localities.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Cogswell—A heavy electrical storm passed over Sargent county Saturday night, with heavy winds in localities, followed by a rainfall of two inches, which did great damage. Nicholson, on the Soo road, reports twelve freight cars off the track, the depot and a windmill blown over. In Cogswell chimneys were blown off the buildings, the depot on the Soo road was blown off the foundation and several small buildings wrecked. At Towanda two freight cars are off the track. The Forman photograph gallery was blown to pieces and several small buildings are down. Heavy damage to grain is reported by farmers.

Fargo—A heavy electrical storm began at Dickinson early last night and was still raging at midnight. It was accompanied by a high wind and serious results are feared. Wires are down and no details are obtainable.

Another special from Aberdeen, S. D., says: A severe wind and rain storm struck here last night. At Columbia considerable damage was done. The spire of the Congregational church was blown down and numerous barns and other buildings unroofed by the cyclonic storm. Extensive damage to grain and stock is reported.

Fargo—The Republican legislative convention for the Ninth district held here nominated the following candidates: For the senate, R. S. Lewis; for representatives, W. F. Learch and R. M. Pollock. All the nominations were by acclamation. The Republican platform was endorsed.

R. Sykes, the big land man of Wells county, has offered the Agricultural college forty acres of land on which a substation can be established for experimental work. He will permit the college to take the forty acres anywhere on his many thousands that it is thought would be best for the station. It is the intention of the college to have three or four of these sub-stations.

George Hibbard, a farmer, was found dead in a well on his place near Argusville. It is not known whether death was the result of an accident or from suicidal intent. Hibbard had been despondent for some time.

Bismarck—Governor Fancher has appointed Dr. G. F. Erskine, of Hamilton, Pembina county, vice president of the state board of health to succeed Dr. Musgrove, of Grafton, who committed suicide at Hudson, Wis., several days ago.

Dr. Quarry, state health officer, has been ill at Grand Forks for some time and unable to give active attention to his work, and Governor Fancher suggests to Dr. Erskine that he consult with Dr. Quarry and then take active steps to handle the diphtheria cases at Valley City and the smallpox epidemic on the Turtle Mountain Indian reservation.

Advices from Cape Nome state that Alexander McKenzie, the well-known North Dakota politician, has been appointed receiver for the Anvil Creek gold claims, some of the richest of the Nome district. There is a contest between the original locators and the men who are holding the claims, and until the matter is settled by Judge Noyes, McKenzie has been appointed receiver to operate the properties.

Minot—James Clark and a man named Corey made a desperate attempt to break jail here. Both were awaiting trial on the charge of horse stealing and by some means secured a corset stay steel, out of which they manufactured a saw. They sawed off the bars of their cage and got into the corridor of the jail where Ernest Tomkins, the jailor, was sleeping with the keys under his pillow. While Tomkins was still asleep, Clark struck him a desperate blow with a sling shot, made with a heavy ink bottle in a stocking. Tomkins screamed and Sheriff Carroll, who was sleeping in the next room, rushed to the corridor door but could not get in. In the meantime the desperadoes continued to beat Tomkins over the head, cutting deep gashes at every blow. Although it was dark, the sheriff drove the men back by threatening to shoot them through the bars, and in a dazed condition Tomkins reached the keys to the sheriff who unlocked the door and at the point of the revolver drove the men back to their cells. Tomkins is in the hospital in a delirious condition and may not live. Clark is a government prisoner and was bound over to June 20 by United States Commissioner Barrett. Corey is held on the charge of stealing horses in Ward county.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—A telephone message from Harrold, 30 miles west of here, last evening says a tornado struck there about 5 o'clock destroying the Van Dusen elevator and several smaller buildings. No one injured.

Sioux Falls—The statement of old-timers along the roads and cattle trails of North Dakota to the effect that prairie fires are quite frequently started by the sun's rays shining away by those passing through the country, and igniting the dry prairie grass, are confirmed by the experience of Charles Olson, a farmer living on the "Jim" river, in Sanborn county. He has just lost 400 bushels of wheat by a fire which was started by the sun shining through an empty oil bottle and igniting the straw. A strong wind was blowing and the fire, started in this peculiar manner, soon swept across the field, burning the grain while it was yet in the shock.

Milband—A fortune of $15,000,000 awaits Laing Shampine, an old soldier who lives near Revillo, if he can make his title appear clear to the French authorities. Gen. Joseph Chevelier died in France about seventy years ago and left a fortune of 75,000,000 francs, or $15,000,000. Gen. Chevelier's only son, Antoine, came to Canada some time before his father's death and purchased a large tract of land, but his enterprise failed and he lost all of his property. He would neither return to France nor accept further help from his father, refusing even to keep up correspondence with the family.

Antoine Chevelier married in Canada, and his only daughter married Laines Shampine. They mover from Canada to northern New York, and finally settled in South Dakota. For several years Mr. and Mrs. Shampine have been trying to establish their claim to the fortune, and discovered only recently that the delay was due to the dishonesty of the Montreal attorney who has had the matter in charge. There is now a good prospect that the claim will be established within a few months and that Mr. and Mrs. Shampine will come into posession of the Chevelier fortune.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, [illegible], Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. [illegible] potency to every function. Dont get despondent, a cure is at hand. [illegible] undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee [illegible] or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

### HAMILTON FIGHTING.

### Has An All Day Struggle With the Boers.

London, Aug. 24.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Ian Hamilton captured two Krupp guns at Oliphant's nek, Aug. 17. Three British were wounded.

"Hamilton engaged the Boers all day Aug. 19, at Roodekopjes, and Crocodile river. There were few casualties. Rundle reports that 684 Boers surrendered in the Harrismith district, Aug. 19."

MOVED ON.

Cape Town, Aug. 20.—Gen. De Wet's demand for the surrender of the British force at Commandonek is considered as a pretense for the purposes of gaining information. When he found that Commandonek was strongly garrisoned, he continued his march northward, closely pursued by Col. Baden-Powell.

### $22--Toronto and Return--$22.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

### G. A. R. Annual Encampment.

Aug. 25 to 29 inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell tickets, Duluth to Chicago and return, at one fare ($13.55) for the round trip, account thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. These tickets will be good for return passage until Sept. 1, and can be extended until Sept. 30, if they are deposited with joint agent between Aug. 27 and noon Sept. 2, accompanied with fee of 50 cents.

Members of the G. A. R. and their friends are invited to call at the city office, No. 405 West Superior street, of the "North-Western Line" and obtain free a handsome program and souvenir of Chicago.

### Homeseekers Excursion August 21

To points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia and many other Western and Southern states. One fare, plus $2, for round trip; tickets good twenty-one days, via Northern Pacific railway. Further particulars at City Ticket office, No. 332 West Superior St.

### Wisconsin State Democratic Convention

Milwaukee, Aug. 22.—$11.30 for round trip, from Duluth or West Superior. Choice of routes, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 21-22, return Aug. 24. Full particulars city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

### Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

### $14--Detroit and Return--$14.

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,

321 West Superior Street.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

For Only $1000.

A six room house, city water, electric light, in good residence district, street improved. All taxes and assessments paid.

Terms: $100 cash, $400 to be paid principal and interest with monthly payments of $12.16 in 3 years, and $500 on or before 5 years with 7 per cent interest, or

Terms: $200 cash, $400 on or before 5 years with 7 per cent interest, and $400 to be paid with monthly payments of $9.40 in 4 years, or

Terms: $100 cash and $50 of the principal each six months and 6 per cent on amounts due.

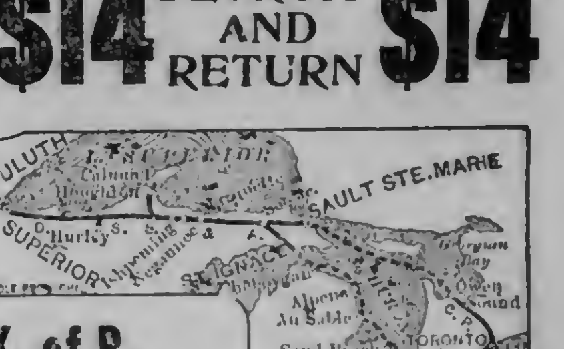
Other properties on similar easy terms.

Chan. Smith,

No. 2. First Ave. W. HUNTER BLOCK.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

$14 DETROIT AND RETURN $14



K. of P. OFFICIAL ROUTE.

Via lake from St. Ignace. Tickets on sale Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14

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PATENTS.

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Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
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Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphillis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

# THE GRAIN MARKETS

## Wheat Started Out Firm and Advancing, But Lost the Gain.

## THE CABLES HIGHER

### An Unexpected Rise at Liverpool the Cause of Early Strength.

Duluth Board of Trade, Aug. 20.—The wheat market was firm and higher this morning. The main cause of the strength was the unexpected advance at Liverpool in face of the decline on Saturday in the American markets. Wheat at Liverpool show a rise of ¾d and this caused good buying, but towards noon the bullish sentiment wore off and prices declined steadily to the close, which was the same as on Saturday here and a shade lower at Chicago.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅛c up at 74⅝c, rose to 75⅛c at 9:34, reacted to 74⅞c at 9:36, recovered to 75⅛c at 10:26 but weakened and declined to 74⅝c at 11:50. It sold down to 74½c at 1 o'clock and closed at these figures, the same as on Saturday. December wheat opened ⅝c up at 75⅝c, sold up to 75⅞c at 9:33 but reacted and closed at 74⅞c, the same as on Saturday. Cash sales were about 40,000 bus at the September price. Corn advanced ½c, oats, barley and rye were unchanged. Cash flax fell off 1c. November flax lost 2c, while flax to arrive and September and October flax each declined ½c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 76⅝c; to arrive, old, 76⅝c; new, 75⅝c; September, 76⅛c; December, 76⅛c. No. 1 northern, cash, 74⅝c; to arrive, old, 74⅝c; new, 74⅝c; September, 74⅝c; December, 74⅞c. No. 2 northern, 72⅝c; No. 3 spring, 68½c. Oats, 23⅛@25c. Rye, 48c. Barley, 37-45c. Flax, cash, $1.37; to arrive, $1.37; September, $1.35½; October, $1.32½; November, $1.30. May, $1.28. Corn, 39½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 191; corn, 13; rye, 2; barley, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 48,311 bus; corn, 9410 bus; oats, 1785 bus; barley, 392 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 90,904 bus.

Ship Your Grain to
**McCarthy Bros. & Co.**
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth on Saturday, Aug. 18, 1900.

| Wheat— | Bus. |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard | 929,367 |
| No. 1 northern | 4,294,187 |
| No. 2 northern | 708,878 |
| No. 3 spring | 46,526 |
| No grade | 195,907 |
| Rejected | 41,337 |
| Special bin | 825,334 |
| Total | 7,872,173 |
| Decrease during the week | 491,318 |
| Stock one year ago | 3,005,697 |
| Corn in store | 275,451 |
| Oats in store | 47,909 |
| Rye in store | 33,850 |
| Barley in store | 63,051 |
| Flax in store | 12,187 |

CASH SALES MONDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 northern wheat, 15,000 bus | $0.75 |
| No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus | .74¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus | .75 |
| No. 1 northern, 3 cars | .74⅞ |
| No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus to arrive | .74⅛ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | .72¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 3 cars | .72½ |
| Flax, 2,000 bus August | 1.38½ |
| Flax, 2,000 bus August | 1.38 |
| Flax, 1,000 bus August | 1.37½ |
| Flax, 3,000 bus September | 1.35½ |
| Flax, 10,000 bus October | 1.33 |
| Flax, 5,000 bus October | 1.32½ |
| Flax, 5,000 bus October | 1.32¼ |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Wheat and Corn Strong—Oats Steady—Provisions Firm.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Liverpool showed ¾d advance in the face of the decline here Saturday and started good buying at the opening of the wheat market here today. September opened ⅛@¼c higher at 72⅝@72¾c, dropped back to 72⅛@⅝c and rallied to 72⅞c. There was considerable changing of September for October at ⅞c difference. Local receipts were 494 cars, 81 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 491 cars, against 448 last week and 327 a year ago.

The market later declined on the increase in the visible of 1,503,000 bus and slack outside support. September dropped to 72c, and closed steadily, a shade lower, at 72@⅛c.

Corn was strong, but quiet. Conditions were bullish. Kansas had hot weather and it was estimated that the yield would be not over 100,000,000 bus; Liverpool was ¾d higher and country offerings were exceedingly small. Some elevator people received not a single bushel on their Saturday night's bids. In the pit there was practically no September for sale. The demand for deferred futures was improved. September opened 1@⅜c higher at 38¾@39⅛c and sold to 39⅛c. Receipts were 115 cars.

September later touched 40c, but reacted sharply on profit-taking. The close was firm, September, ⅛@¼c higher, at 38⅞@⅞c.

Oats were steady with corn. September opened a shade higher at 21¾c and sold to 21⅞@22c. Receipts were 275 cars.

Provisions were quiet, but firm. Hogs receipts were under the estimate, prices at the yards higher, while the corn strength contributed some support. September pork opened 5c higher at $11.20 and sold to $11.27. September lard, 5c up at $6.67½, selling to $6.77½, and September ribs 5@7½c improved at $7.10.

Close: Wheat, August, 71⅞c; September, 72@⅛c; October, 72⅞c. Corn, August, 39⅜c; September, 38⅞@⅞c; October, 37⅝c. Oats, August, 21¾c; September, 22c; October, 22⅜c. Pork, August, $11.07½; September, $11.07½; October, $11.10; January, $11.07½. Lard, August, $6.67½; September, $6.67½; October, $6.70@6.72½; November, $6.62½; December, $6.45; January, $6.45. Ribs, August, $7.00; September, $7.00; October, $6.90@6.92½; January, $5.82½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 73@74¾c; No. 3 red, 69½@74½c; No. 2 hard winter, 67½@69¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@69¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 74¾@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 72¾@75c; No. 3 spring, 67½@73c. Corn, No. 2, 41c; No. 3, 41c. Oats, No. 2, 22½@23c; No. 3, 22c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.37; Southwestern, $1.37; August, $1.37½; September, $1.35½; October, $1.31½. Rye, August, 41c; September, 48c; October, 49½c. Barley, cash, 39@45c. Timothy, September, $4.05; October, $4.05. Clover, October, $9.50.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—The early strength in wheat induced by Liverpool tone was lost near the close by continued September liquidation. Besides an advance at Liverpool of ¾d on unsettled weather, other hopeful features were a marked falling off in Kansas wheat offerings and a fair shipping demand of over 300,000 bus. Primary receipts were 1,732,000 bus against 1,059,000 bus last Monday and 722,000 bus last year. The visible showed an increase of 1,542,000 bus. The local stocks increased 242,000 bus. There was an increase on passage of 600,000 bus. The world's shipments were large, 6,571,000 bus. The seaboard reports 28 loads taken for export. Local receipts were 494 cars with 640 estimated for tomorrow. There is nothing new to say regarding the wheat situation. It is still suffering from September liquidation and the absence of outside trades, its own weight carrying it down to these figures. Consider all purchases made on a scale down from here a good proposition.

Corn news has been extremely bullish. Hot and dry weather in Kansas, a decrease in local stocks of 683,000 bus, leaving only 862,000 bus on hand. The visible decreased 1,249,000 bus. Clearances, 1,100,000 bus. Receipts only 116 cars with 215 estimated for tomorrow. Liverpool cables unchanged to ⅜d higher. Local sales 200,000. New York exports 19 loads. We can see mighty little bear comfort in the corn market as regards nearby futures.

The oat market has been firm, sympathetically. There was some talk of continued damage by rain. Local sales 80,000, 200,000 bus at New York. Local stocks increased 318,000 bus. The visible increased 1,155,000 bus. Estimates for tomorrow, 490 cars.

The advance in hogs of 10c was a helpful factor in provisions early. There was not much speculative trade, however, and the market did not hold. There is good shipping demand for lard. Provisions, like all other commodities at the present time, are suffering from speculative indifference. Notwithstanding an element of attractiveness which present prices indicate we don't believe this apathetic condition is going to last forever and think the turn will come and that before long. All speculative standpoint provisions bought around figures offered in our opinion the most marked investment value of anything on the speculative board today.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

**Arthur R. Jones & Co.,**
324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September— | | | | |
| Open | 74⅝ | 72A | 72⅝-72⅞ | 77⅞-78 |
| High | 75⅛ | 72⅞ | 72⅞-73 | 77⅞-78 |
| Low | 74½ | 71½ | 72 | 77⅛ |
| Close | 74½B | 71½ | 72-⅛A | 77⅛B |
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 75⅛B | 73½ | *73⅝ | 80⅛ |
| High | 75⅞ | 73⅞-74 | 73⅝ | 80⅛ |
| Low | 74⅞B | 73 | 72¾-⅞ | 79¼-⅜ |
| Close | 74⅞B | 73 | 72⅞A | 79½A |

*October.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Sept. | Corn. Sept. | Pork. July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 21¾ | 38¾@39⅛ | $11.20 |
| High | 22-⅛ | 40 | 11.25 |
| Low | 21⅞ | 38¾ | 11.05 |
| Close | 22 | 38⅞-⅞ | 11.07 |

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

| | Receipts. Bushels. | Shipments. Bushels. |
|---|---|---|
| New York | 118,275 | 40,538 |
| Philadelphia | 83,751 | 29,225 |
| Baltimore | 39,598 | ...... |
| Toledo | 30,115 | 4,000 |
| Detroit | 134,910 | 2,198 |
| St. Louis | 241,600 | 159,000 |
| Boston | 129,981 | 65,819 |
| Chicago | 370,760 | 479,364 |
| Milwaukee | 76,100 | 14,250 |
| Minneapolis | 389,610 | 16,800 |
| Kansas City | 614,400 | 130,000 |
| Duluth | 46,314 | 91,990 |

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Aug. 20.—Wheat steady, ⅜d higher. September, 5s 11⅛d; December, 6s ¾d. Corn quiet, ½d higher. September, 4s 1½d; October, 4s 1½d; November, 4s 1½d.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Monday, Aug. 20:

| STATIONS OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT. | State of weather | T'mp'ture. *Max. | T'mp'ture. **Min. | Rainfall inches and hundredths |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria | Pt. Cldy | ...... | ...... | .0 |
| Campbell | Clear | 88 | 66 | .0 |
| Crookston | Clear | 86 | 68 | .0 |
| Detroit City | Clear | 84 | 68 | .0 |
| Grand Meadow | Clear | 92 | 70 | .0 |
| Granite Falls | Clear | 96 | 70 | .0 |
| Minneapolis | Pt. Cldy | 94 | 74 | .0 |
| New Ulm | Clear | 96 | 72 | .0 |
| Park Rapids | Clear | 82 | 68 | .0 |
| Winnebago City | Clear | 92 | 70 | .0 |
| Worthington | Clear | 88 | 70 | .0 |
| Devils Lake, N.D. | Pt.Cldy | 90 | 64 | .0 |
| Langdon, N.D. | Clear | 88 | 56 | .0 |
| Larimore, N.D. | Clear | 88 | 62 | .0 |
| Lisbon, N.D. | Clear | 84 | 66 | .0 |
| Pembina, N.D. | Pt. Cldy | 92 | 60 | .0 |
| Aberdeen, S.D. | Clear | 88 | 62 | .0 |
| Millbank, S.D. | Clear | 92 | 66 | .0 |
| Mitchell, S.D. | Clear | 96 | 66 | .01 |
| Redfield, S.D. | Clear | 96 | ...... | T |
| Bismarck | Clear | 90 | 64 | .02 |
| Duluth | Raining | 76 | 62 | .46 |
| Huron, S.D. | Pt. Cldy | 90 | 70 | .0 |
| La Crosse | Cloudy | 96 | 74 | T |
| Moorhead | Clear | 86 | 68 | .0 |
| St. Paul | Clear | 96 | 74 | .0 |
| Winnipeg | Cloudy | 88 | 62 | .0 |

| CENTRAL STATION. | Number of stations reporting | District averages. Temperature. *Max. | District averages. Temperature. **Min. | Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 25 | 92 | 72 | .14 |
| Columbus, Ohio | 17 | 94 | 68 | .80 |
| Des Moines | 13 | 92 | 72 | .02 |
| Indianapolis | 10 | 94 | 69 | .08 |
| Kansas City | 21 | 96 | 72 | T |
| Louisville | 17 | 94 | 74 | T |
| Minneapolis | 20 | 90 | 68 | T |
| Omaha | 13 | 94 | 70 | .0 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 98 | 72 | .02 |

Warm and showery weather prevails, except that very little if any rain fell over the Minneapolis and Omaha districts.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *Maximum for yesterday. **Minimum for twenty-four hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

LIVERPOOL IMPORTS.

Liverpool, Aug. 20.—The imports of wheat into Liverpool were 6300 quarters from Atlantic ports, 3000 from Pacific ports and 19,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 31,600 quarters.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Cattle receipts, 17,500, including 1600 Texans, generally 10c higher; good to prime steers, $5.50@6.00; poor to medium, $4.75@5.45; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.75; cows, $2.90@4.40; heifers, $3.00@4.85; canners, $2.20@2.75; bulls, $2.75@4.50; calves, $4.50@6.75; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.00; Texas grass bulls, $2.50@3.25. Hogs receipts today, 25,000; tomorrow, 13,000; left over, 2262; about 10c higher; tops, $5.45; mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.37½; good to choice heavy, $5.10@5.25; rough heavy, $4.85@5.05; light, $5.10@5.45; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.30. Sheep receipts, 30,000; sheep, 15@25c lower; lambs, 30@50c lower; good to choice wethers, $4.00@4.50; fair to choice mixed, $3.40@3.90; Western sheep, $3.85@4.10; Texas sheep, $2.80@3.85; native lambs, $4.10@5.60; Western lambs, $4.50@5.50. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 549; hogs, 13,960; sheep, 1569. Shipments—Cattle, 456; hogs, 1321; sheep, none.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Wheat opened strong this morning owing to the report of higher Liverpool quotations, which were expected lower. Weather in Great Britain is unsettled and shorts were said to be covering. The visible supply statement showed a liberal increase, but not so large as was expected. The early strength in corn was also somewhat of an aid to the wheat market, and when corn reacted, the scalping element turned in and sold wheat, the market finally closing at about inside quotations. A fair amount of export business was transacted today, both here and at the seaboard. Notwithstanding the heavy receipts in Kansas, sample wheat was reported to be selling fairly well at about the same relative prices as prevailed last week. Even higher relative prices were quoted in some instances. The break in corn was almost wholly responsible for the late decline in wheat. Primary receipts were large, but cash handlers expect lighter receipts from Kansas in the near future.

Corn was active and higher on continuance of hot weather conditions in Kansas, firm tone of cables, light primary movement and liberal seaboard clearances. Shorts were free buyers at the opening and continued their purchases for some time. September selling at 1½c over Saturday's close. Around extreme figures local longs sold moderately and prices reacted sharply. A moderate export inquiry was reported at the seaboard, but the advance checked cash business. The market closed heavy.

Puts, September wheat, 70½-⅝@70⅝c.
Calls, September wheat, 71⅝@71⅞-72c.

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**Weare Commission Co.**
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112 Exchange Bldg.

Northern Pacific Indemnity
Rights, Soldiers' Additionals
and Forest Reserve.
***H. W. COFFIN,***
*Chamber of Commerce.*

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 20.—Close: Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, August, 71½c; September, 71½c; December, 73c. On track, No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 northern, 72½c; No. 2 northern, 70½c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the aggregate sale of last week the largest of any previous week during the midsummer season. While horses were hard to procure for the market, owing to the large purchases of war horses for service in China by various governments, there was an ample supply to meet all demands, with a large number of prime offerings of heavy and light horses represented on the market. Prices advanced about $10 a head on the good kind and the present strong foreign demand for horses indicates a continual rise on all classes of horses.

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice | $125@165 |
| Drafters, choice | 110@125 |
| Farm mares, choice | 110@130 |
| Farm mares, common to good | 60@ 90 |
| Mules | 80@120 |

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BUTTER. | | | |
| Creamery, extra | 20 | @ | 22 |
| Creamery, choice | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Dairies, fancy | 17 | @ | 17½ |
| Dairy, fair | 13 | @ | 15 |
| Packing stock | 12 | @ | 13 |
| EGGS. | | | |
| Country, strictly fresh | 13 | | |
| CHEESE. | | | |
| Twins, flat, full cream, new | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| Full cream, Young America | 12 | | |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Brick cheese, No. 1 | 11 | @ | 12 |
| Limberber, full c'r'm, choice | 13 | | |
| Primos | 6 | @ | 6½ |
| MAPLE SUGAR. | | | |
| Vermont, per lb | 12 | | |
| Ohio, per lb | 11 | | |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 1 10 | | |
| HONEY. | | | |
| Fancy white clover | 16 | @ | 17 |
| Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb | 12½ | @ | 13 |
| Golden rod | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Dark honey | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Buckwheat, dark | 13 | @ | 14 |
| PEAS AND BEANS. | | | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 2 40 | @ | 2 50 |
| Medium, hand-picked, bus | 2 00 | @ | 2 15 |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 1 90 | @ | 2 10 |
| Green and yellow peas | 1 40 | | |
| FRUITS. | | | |
| Apples, new, bus boxes | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Apples, per bbl | 2 25 | @ | 2 50 |
| Valencias | 4 75 | @ | 5 00 |
| Seedlings, California oranges | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| California lemons | 4 75 | @ | 5 00 |
| Bananas | 1 50 | @ | 2 50 |
| California peaches | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| Messina lemons, per box | 6 50 | @ | 6 75 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Currants | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Gooseberries | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Raspberries, 24 pints | 1 50 | @ | 2 00 |
| Dates, Fard, per box | 1 25 | @ | 1 35 |
| California plums | 1 25 | @ | 1 40 |
| California peaches | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Blackberries | 1 50 | @ | 1 60 |
| Watermelons | 18 | @ | 20 |
| California pears | 1 50 | @ | 1 75 |
| Washington plums | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| Osage melons | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Osage melons, per bus | 85 | @ | 1 00 |
| LIVE POULTRY. | | | |
| Hens, old | 10 | | |
| Springs | 11 | @ | 12 |
| Old roosters | 6 | @ | 7 |
| Turkeys | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Ducks | 9 | | |
| Geese | 8 | @ | 9 |
| NUTS. | | | |
| Hickory nuts, large, per bus | 1 50 | | |
| Filberts, per lb | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 12 | @ | 13 |
| Soft shell walnuts, per lb | 11 | | |
| Solft shell almonds, per lb | 17 | | |
| Brazils, per lb | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Pecans, per lb | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Peanuts, roasted, per lb | 5½ | @ | 6 |
| POPCORN. | | | |
| Rice corn, shelled | 3½ | @ | 4 |
| Choice, per lb | 3 | @ | 3½ |
| VEGETABLES. | | | |
| Turnips, rutabaga | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Turnips, white | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Beets | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Cucumbers | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Potatoes, per bus | 35 | @ | 36 |
| Pickling cucumbers | 75 | @ | 2 00 |
| Parsley, per doz | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Cauliflower, basket | 75 | @ | 1 00 |
| Cabbage, new, crates | 1 25 | @ | 1 40 |
| Green corn, doz | 8 | | |
| Lettuce, per bus | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Beets, per doz | 35 | @ | 40 |
| Onions, green, doz bunches | 12 | @ | 15 |
| Carrots | 30 | @ | 35 |
| Oyster plant, per doz | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Horse Radish, per lb | 10 | | |
| Mint, per doz | 30 | @ | 50 |
| Tomatoes | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| MEATS. | | | |
| Mutton | 7 | @ | 7½ |
| Lamb | 7½ | @ | 8 |
| Veal, good | 8 | | |
| Veal, fancy | 9 | | |
| Beef, dressed | 6½ | @ | 7½ |
| Hogs | 7 | | |
| BRAN AND SHORTS. | | | |
| Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 15 00 | | |
| Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 14 50 | | |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 15 50 | | |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 15 00 | | |
| GRAIN, HAY AND FEED. | | | |
| Corn, car lots sacked | 45 | | |
| Oats, car lots, sacked | 27 | | |
| Hay, Minn. upland | 12 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Hay, timothy | 15 00 | | |
| Feed, No. 1 | 17 00 | | |
| Cracked corn | 16 50 | | |

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 20.—Butter, receipts, 9618 packages. Firm. Current packed factory, 15@16c. Cheese, receipts, 6519 packages. Steady. Large colored and white, 10⅜@10¼c, small colored, 10⅝c; small white, 10½c. Eggs, receipts, 9534 packages. Firm. Western, regular packing at mark, 10@11½c; Western, loss off, 16@17c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 16@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Eggs, firm. Fresh, 12½c. Iced poultry easy. Turkeys, 7½@8c; chickens, 9@10c.

# BUT SMALL CHANGES

## Few Stocks Traded In At Opening and Variations Were Slight.

## CLOSING WAS STEADY

### Flower Stocks Sold On Death of Member of That Firm.

New York, Aug. 20.—There were very few stocks traded in at the opening of business today. No decided tone was manifested and the changes either way were generally small. Brooklyn Transit and Southern Pacific made extreme declines of ½, while Rubber sold up ⅞. The Flower stocks were sold on the announcement of the death of a member of that firm. Losses ranged from 1¾@2 per cent, with Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Federal Steel, Rock Island and Atchison most affected, in the order named. Sympathetic declines followed in Metropolitan Street Railway, Consolidated Gas, Smelting, preferred, and New York Central. Bonds were under pressure, but no important declines were made.

Prices of stocks were generally bettered in the closing hour, People's Gas and Brooklyn Transit recovering a point from the lowest. Variations were slight in other stocks but the general tone was steady to the end.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar | 121⅝ | 121⅝ | 122⅝ | 123 |
| Am. Steel Wire com | 34⅛ | 35½ | 34½ | 34½ |
| Tobacco | 93½ | 93⅝ | 92⅝ | 93⅝ |
| Atchison com | 27⅛ | 27⅝ | 27⅛ | 27⅝ |
| Atchison pfd | 70⅝ | 71 | 70¼ | 70⅝ |
| Brooklyn Transit | 57¼ | 57¼ | 55½ | 56⅞ |
| C., M. & St. P. | 114¼ | 114¼ | 113⅝ | 113⅞ |
| C., B. & Q. | 125⅞ | 125⅞ | 125⅜ | 125⅞ |
| C. & N. W. | 162 | 162 | 162 | 162 |
| Federal Steel com | 34½ | 34⅝ | 34 | 34⅝ |
| Federal Steel pfd | 66⅛ | 66¾ | 66½ | 66¾ |
| L. & N. | 71¾ | 71¾ | 71⅜ | 71¾ |
| Manhattan | 91½ | 91½ | 91 | 91⅛ |
| Missouri Pacific | 51 | 51 | 50½ | 50⅞ |
| N. P. common | 51¼ | 51¼ | 51 | 51¼ |
| N. P. preferred | 71⅛ | 71¼ | 71⅛ | 71¼ |
| People's Gas | 97 | 97 | 95⅝ | 96⅛ |
| Rock Island | 107¼ | 107¼ | 106½ | 106⅞ |
| Southern Pacific | 33 | 33⅝ | 32⅝ | 33⅝ |
| T. C. I. | 70¼ | 70⅝ | 70 | 70⅝ |
| Leather preferred | 68⅞ | 68⅞ | 68⅞ | 68⅞ |
| Union Pacific pfd | 76½ | 76½ | 76¼ | 76⅞ |
| Union Pacific com | 59¼ | 59¼ | 58¾ | 59⅛ |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 71½ | 71½ | 71⅛ | 71½ |
| Illinois Central | 116½ | 116½ | 116½ | 116½ |

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 20.—Money on call nominally at 1¼@1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.84@4.84¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@4.85½ and $4.88½@4.98; commercial bills, $4.83½@4.83¾. Silver certificates, 61½@62½c; bar silver, 61⅜c; Mexican dollars, 48⅜c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s, when issued, registered and coupon, $1.04; 2s registered, $1.00; 3s registered and coupon, $1.09; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.32⅛; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.15; 5s registered and coupon, $1.12½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 20.—Cotton futures opened steady with August 11 points higher and other months 6 to 5 points lower, after which it followed an irregular course most of the forenoon, with longs and shorts badly mixed in opinion. Soon after the call, business dropped off to slim proportions and did not quicken materially up to the noon hour.

Cotton spot closed dull. Middling uplands, 10c; middling gulf, 10¼c; sales, 103 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. August, $9.08; September, $8.78; October, $8.62; November, $8.50; December, $8.46; January, $8.47; February, $8.49; March, $8.51; April, $8.52; May, $8.53; June, $8.54.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Aug. 20.—Consols for money, 98 11-16; for account, 98⅞.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Clearings, $22,086,279; balances, $2,849,430. Posted rates exchange, $4.85@4.88½; New York exchange, par.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Aug. 20.—Close: Adventure, 2¾@3¼; Allouez, 1@1½; Anaconda, 45@1½; Arcadian, 20@21; Arnold, 3¼@4½; Amalgamated, 89@¾; Atlantic, 22½ bid; Baltic, 21½@23; Bingham, 10½@11; Bonanza, 75c asked; Boston and Montana, 312½ bid; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 61@64; Calumet and Hecla, 740@750; Centennial, 17½@18½; Cochita, 7¾@8; Copper Range, 20½ asked; Dominion Coal, 42@½; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 14 bid; Humboldt, 25c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 29@½; Mass, 6@½; Michigan, 3½ bid; Mohawk, 17@½; Old Colony, 2¾@3½; Old Dominion, 19 asked; Osceola, 67@68; Oil, 18@19; Parrott, 41¾@42⅛; Pioneer, 25c asked; Quincy, 140@143; Rhode Island, 2½@3; Santa Fe, 4¾@5; Tamarack, 200@201; Tecumseh, 2@3; Tri-Mountain, 8¼@¾; Union Land, 2 asked; Utah, 31¼@½; Victoria, 2 bid; Winona, 3@½; Wolverine, 40@½; Wyandotte, 1@2; Zinc, 9@10.

## GETS HEATH'S PLACE.

### Adam M. Johnson of New Jersey Appointed and Accepts.

Washington, Aug. 20.—Adam M. Johnson, of Hackensack, N. J., the president of the New Jersey state senate, has been tendered and has accepted the office of first assistant postmaster general, made vacant by the resignation of Perry Heath. He will take charge in a few days.

## DAMAGE BY STORM.

### Havoc Wrought In the Vicinity of Kenosha, Wis.

Milwaukee, Aug. 20.—A special from Kenosha, Wis., to the Evening Wisconsin says: Yesterday's storm caused great damage all through this country. Crops were destroyed, fences demolished and trees were twisted as if by a cyclone. Lightning struck in several places. At the home of Fred Jorendt, on Middle street, six people were stunned by an electric shock. St. George's parish, the Gillotte school and several residences were badly damaged. Telegraph and telephone service were severely crippled. No loss of life has been reported.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
**$14—Detroit and Return—$14**
Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.
Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

**Milwaukee and Return $11.30**
Aug. 21 and 22, good to return Aug. 24, via Northern Pacific railway. City ticket office No. 332 West Superior street.

Every Gordon hat is warranted perfect.

# A NEW ROLE.

## S. Bolas, the Alaska Sensationalist, Tries to Assault a Little Girl.

Sidney Bolas, the man that tried to make himself notorious some time ago by giving out a dream about his just coming from Alaska, en route to England, where he had inherited an immense fortune, and then capped it all with a mysterious disappearance, only to turn up a few weeks later in the unromantic role of kitchen mechanic, was sentenced to two months' hard labor in the county jail this afternoon for attempting to assault an 8-year-old child.

Bolas is 56 years of age and would be worth considerable money if dreams were true. Saturday afternoon he tried to assault the child whose parents had him prosecuted and this afternoon in court he plead guilty to the charges against him.

Had it not been for the strong objection of the child's parents, who feared that if the matter was given too much notoriety it would be detrimental in years to come, he would undoubtedly have been bound over to the grand jury.

In police court today the following sentences for drunkenness and disorderly conduct: M. Maloney, twenty days; William Scranton, Mike Laughlin, Steve McGuire, Frank Johnson, and William Fox, each got ten days. Frank McConigle forfeited $12.

### Iron Men Go To Ranges.

J. L. Greatsinger escorted a party of iron men to the ranges Saturday. In the party were: George E. Painter, of the American Steel Hoop company; A. Maitland, manager of the mines of the Republic Iron and Steel company; A. W. Thompson, third vice president, and C. A. Rader, furnace manager at Youngstown, Ohio, for the same company, and P. L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa. Harry Roberts and E. D. Parmalee, of Virginia, also went up with the party.

### Improvements on Cass Lake.

The Cass Lake Townsite company is preparing to have a fine town. There is no mistake about that. A few days ago the contract was let to Otto Johnson for building a fine hotel there, to cost $14,000. J. J. Wangenstein is now preparing plans for a water, light and power plant, and a residence for the manager of the plants. The town is to have all modern improvements.

### Saves a Passenger.

H. H. Thompson, a fireman on the steamer J. C. Suit, saved a man from drowning last evening in a rather nervy manner. The Suit was landing an excursion crowd at West Superior, when one of the passengers, giving the name of John Olson, tried to land several feet ahead of the boat. He landed down in the water between the vessel and dock, and those close by expected to see him jammed to death. Thompson jumped overboard, and after a hard struggle swam out with him from the dangerous position.

### Condition of Threshers.

A dispatch received from Fargo this morning in respect to threshing, says: "Halstad, Shelly, Perley and Hendrum report threshing, but work is delayed on account of rain. Casselton says threshing has commenced, but is delayed every day by rain. Church's Ferry, St. John and Rolla say there will be no threshing there for ten days. Inkster and Milton have not started yet."

### Recommend Creosote Block.

Little of importance is advertised for this evening's council meeting. The aldermen are waiting till the new charter goes in effect before taking any important action. The board of public works will recommend that creosoted block paving be used on the Sixth avenue West viaduct. This board will also recommend the erection and location of 43 hydrants to be erected for filling street sprinklers. The present system of filling the carts from the hydrants interferes with the work and efficiency of the department.

## IOWA SENATORSHIP.

### The Field Practically Left to Dolliver and Conger.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 20.—The appointment of United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Gear will be made tomorrow, according to the latest statement of Governor Shaw. The governor is at Woodbury today. He is in consultation with George D. Perkins, of Sioux City, who is strongly in favor of Dolliver's appointment.

The elimination of A. B. Cummins from the contest brought the candidacy of Congressman Hepburn to the front. Governor Shaw is said to have notified friends of Cummins that he would appoint Hepburn, providing he was indorsed by Cummins. Mr. Cummins was telegraphed for and arrived from Pennsylvania this morning. Mr. Cummins announced that he will not endorse any one and that he will be a candidate before the legislature. This leaves practically only two in the field—Congressman Dolliver and Minister Conger. The latter's chances are considered extremely good.

## AMERICANS WIN.

### Kansas City Firemen Take First Prize at Paris.

Paris, Aug. 20.—The Kansas City firemen, in a class created at the exposition for paid firemen, won the world's professional championship cup. The officers received gold medals and silver medals, and the money prize, 600 francs was divided among the officers and men. The minister of war, Gen. Andre, presented the prize to Capt. Hale. Portugal won the volunteer championship.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

## MISSING ROLL OF CASH.

### Twenty Thousand Dollar Express Package From Chicago Stolen.

Burlington, Iowa, Aug. 20.—The amount of money contained in the express package from which the contents were stolen en route from Chicago was $20,000 instead of $25,000 as reported. The address on the fraudulent package is claimed by the Chicago officials to be a forgery of their clerk's handwriting. Several Chicago detectives are here working on the case.

ORDER STANDS.

New York, Aug. 20.—Judge Wallace of the United States circuit court this afternoon denied the request of United States Attorney Burnett for a revision of his recent order in the Neely case. Neely was remanded to the custody of the United States marshal pending an appeal to the United States supreme court from the denial of a write of habeas corpus.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

**National Encampment G. A. R.**
**Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.**
$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

# NEWS OF THE LAKES

## Schooner Sweetheart, Ore Laden, Sprung a Leak on Lake Erie.

## THE ARGONAUT SUNK

### Feed Pipe of Engine Broke and Fireman Was Horribly Burned.

Detour, Mich., Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Sweetheart, ore laden, in tow of the steamer Pringle, sprung a leak on Lake Huron last night and returned here. Her pumps are holding the water down until the diver can patch up the holes.

THE FREIGHT SITUATION.

Cleveland, Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The coal rate to all ports on Lake Michigan and Lake Superior, excepting Portage and Green Bay, is now 30 cents. To Portage and Green Bay it is 35 cents. Nothing whatever is doing in ore freights.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates are 1¼ cents on wheat or corn to Lake Erie.

THE ARGONAUT SUNK.

Escanaba, Mich., Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Argonaut of Port Huron sank at ore dock No. 3, when about to leave the harbor. As she began to list the feed pipe of the engines broke, scalding the fireman, A. A. MacFarland, in a horrible manner. The steamer will be lightered and probably sent to drydock for repairs.

INTERESTED WITH GILCHRIST.

Buffalo, Aug. 20.—Drake & Maytham expect to take at least one of the new steel steamers that have been contracted for by Gilchrist, and as they stand very close to the Ohio owner it is quite possible that they will obtain an interest in more than one of them.

MAHONING'S DAMAGE EXTENSIVE

Buffalo, Aug. 20.—The steamer Mahoning of the Anchor line, which went into a Buffalo drydock on coming down after getting on the bottom in Detroit river, has been under repair three weeks or more, and will cost a goodly sum before the repair work is finished.

WANT FUEL PRICES REDUCED.

Buffalo, Aug. 20.—Vesselowners, who see the freights go to pieces in spite of them, are making an effort to cut down the fueling prices. They say that $2.80 is all out of proportion, especially as the price was down to $2 last season.

NEW TRANSIT LINE.

The Lake Transit company, with headquarters at Duluth, filed its articles of incorporation at Charleston, W. Va., Saturday. Its capital stock is $300,000, and the incorporators are as follows: A. C. Dustin, East Cleveland; H. H. McKeehan, W. C. Merrick, B. F. Hall and Gus von der Steinen, all of Cleveland. The company is empowered by its articles of incorporation to do a general steamship and transit business.

HAS CONNORS' SCHEME FAILED?

Nothing has so far been done in Montreal with reference to the construction of the Connors elevators. The shipping people of the port, however, have almost abandoned the idea that any elevators will be put up in the port by the Connors people. There is now, however, a possibility of Montreal having a new elevator company, and this without anything in common with the Connors' syndicate.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Corona, 8:30 Sunday morning; Codorus, Bermuda, Law, 4:30; Wilhelm, Nirvana, Galatea, 5; Oglebay, 6; Pratt, Athens, Kalkaska, Fryer, Oakleaf, Wotan, 7:30; Vega, 9; Strong, Commodore, 11:20; Manitoba, 1 Sunday afternoon; London, 2; John Eddy, Pennington, 2:40; Stone, Sandusky, Quayly, Griffin, 4; Neshoto, Glengarry, Dunsmore, 6:40; Carnegie, 8:20. Down: Sacramento, Matanzas, 10 Saturday night; Lindsay, Wall, 1:30 Sunday morning; Bangor, Castle, Rhodes, 2; Houghton, 2:40; Japan, 4; Fletcher, 4:30; Castalia, Lasalle, 5:30; Senator, Rugee, Pentland, 7; John Owen, Iron King, Queen, 8:30; Specular, Magnetic, 10; Kendall, Troy, Albany, Curty, 10:40; Toltec, Zapotec, Collingwood, 11:20; North Land, 2:20 Sunday afternoon; Mariska, Magna, Gratwick, 4; Leuty, Bottsford, 5; Malieto, Manda, Fedora, Aurora, 6:30; Republic, James Hill, Nyanza, 7:40; Norwalk, 9.

Later—Up: Ford, 9:40 last night; Ionia, 3 a. m.; City of Berlin, 6; North West, Empire City, 7:40; Rees, Norton, 8:30; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 9; Forest City, Saveland, 9:30; China, 10; Edenborn, Ellinmere, Celtic, 10:30; Tuttle, Donaldson, 11:30. Down: Wallula, North Star, St. Andrew, 1 a. m.; V. H. Ketchum, 2:40; Sauber, 3:30; Superior City, America, Lockwood, 11; Harlem, Lafayette, Athabasca, 11:40.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Grover, 3 a. m.; City of New York and barges, 7:30; Christian, Locke, 10.

Up yesterday: Manhattan, 11:40; Topeka, 11:50; Mahoning, 12:20 p. m.; Canisten and barges, 10:30; Hesper and consorts, Outhwaite, Barr, 3:20; Ira Owen, 4:20; Samoa, 4:30; Orinoco, Granada, Hope, 4:50; Olympia, 8; Spencer, Amboy, Fry, Rhodesia, 8:15.

PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Aug. 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Down: Maunaloa, Volunteer, Ranney and consort, 9:20 Saturday night; Chisholm, Kirby, Hartnell, 9:30; Marcy, Wilson, 9:40; Zenith City, Merrimac, 10:40; Victory, Constitution, 10:50; Cherokee, Chippewa, the two Parkers, tug Salver, 11; Wright, midnight; Bangor, 8 a. m.; City of Parry Sound, Houghton, 8:20; Castle, Rhodes, Presque Isle, 9; Aurania, 10:20; Castalia, Holden, 10:30; Pringle and consorts, Lasalle, Sacramento and consort, 11; Fletcher and consorts, 11:20; Senator, 11:40; Pentland, Sunday noon; Rugee, 1 p. m.; Iron King and consort, 3; Fannie Hart, 5:30; Curry, 4:30; North Land, 6; City of Collingwood, 6:30. Sheltered: Pringle and consorts, Iron King, Iron Queen, Oscoda and consorts, Argo and consorts, Faxton, Hayward. Wind, southeast, high; raining.

Later—Specular, Magnetic, 6 a. m.; Iron King, Queen, 6:30; Mariska and consort, 6:40; Germanic, 9:15.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Marquette—Arrived: Hackett, Business, McGregor.

Ashland—Arrived: Spinner. Cleared: Ore—Nimick, Tyrone, Hanna, City of Genoa, Lake Erie ports.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Fairbairn, Linn, Poe, Eureka, Queen City, Siemens, Morse, Lake Erie, light for ore; Maine, Pendall, Toledo, Hopkins, Delaware, Jenness, Goshawk, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Bon Ami, north and south shores, pass and mdse; Stevens, Northern Wave, Buffalo, mdse; Hunter, Ashland, pass and mdse; India, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Marina, Glidden, Dundee, Lake Erie, coal.

Departed—Nyanza, Two Harbors, light; North Star, Buffalo, flour; Osceola, Chicago, flour; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Dixon, Port Arthur, pass and mdse; America, Lafayette, Lockwood, Sauber, Iosco, Jeanette, Tampico, Lyon, Gilchrist, Lake Erie, ore.

Later—Arrived—Germanic, Hutchinson, Fryer, Genoa, Mohegan, Mingoe, Lake Erie, coal; Palmer, Ericsson, Oglebay, Lake Erie, light for ore; City of Traverse, Chicago, pass and mdse; Auburn, Buffalo, mdse; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and mdse.

Departed—Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Hunter, Ashland, pass and mdse; Bon Ami, north and south shores, pass and mdse; Stevens, Buffalo, flour; Fairbairn, John Mitchell, Chisholm, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Cevic from Liverpool.

## ADVANTAGES OF CHILI.

### Two Residents of That Country Speak of Its Resources.

Samuel McCrea, of Colliputti, Chili, and his nephew, Henry L. Bunster, of Concepcion, Chili, arrived in the city today on a tour of the states, to go down the lakes in the steamship North West tomorrow. Mr. McCrea is a Baltimorian, who left this country to try his fortunes in Chili in 1883, his brother, who died there, having preceded him several years. Mr. Bunster, his nephew, is a native-born Chilian. Mr. McCrea is engaged in farming and lumbering on a ranch of 16,000 acres some 200 miles south of Concepcion, while his nephew is in the lumber business at Concepcion.

These gentlemen left Concepcion in April, coming to New York via the Pacific ocean, isthmus of Panama and the Atlantic. Since that time they have been visiting the various watering places, and started for San Francisco, but turned back on account of the heat, which both gentlemen say they find very oppressive in the states. They will go to New York, from whence they will set sail for England about the first of next month for a two months' tour on the continent before returning to their home. This is Mr. McCrea's first visit to this country since he left in 1883. Says Mr. McCrea:

"I wish there were more Americans in Chili. It's just like any other new country, a man can go there with a few thousand dollars and make money. I didn't know a thing about farming or lumbering when I went there, but I've made lots of money. A good mechanic could do well by going there if he didn't have much money.

"The climate where I am situated is delightful, you have nothing here to compare with it.

"The country there is not thickly settled yet, but is being opened up. It is heavily wooded, and the timber is valuable. We have no pine, but have trees called Tingue, Palein, Rauli and numerous other varieties. The Rauli is the most valuable timber and resembles your cherry.

"We do a great deal of stock raising. I have some cattle as fine as you can see at the Chicago stock yards. Its a common thing for us to fatten an animal until it weighs a ton.

"Of course our sawmill industry is small as compared with the big mills here, but there is little competition and big profits. The lumber and cattle are readily disposed of in our own country and others north us that do not have the climate or soil to raise them. Chili is also noted for her wines and mines. Our wine is the finest in the world and the mining industry of Chili cannot be excelled.

"The country is prosperous, not so much so as before the revolution of '91, however. The same conditions prevail there as in this country, politics affects everything. If we had an honorable president and a government that was not thieving the people would be better off."

"The affairs of other nations are watched closely by us. Chile has a large population of Germans and English and the events in South Africa have stirred them up. As for the Chileans they have the usual sympathy of the stronger for the weaker. The Chinese trouble had not arisen when we left home, but I know the Chileans have no sympathy for the Chinaman, in fact I think there are very few in that country. President Fredrico Errazuriz is ill at the present and his chair is filled with an acting president. I do not anticipate any trouble if the president should die. The people here have the impression that Chile, like other South American countries is a country of revolutions. Such is not the case. Our government is in a settled condition.

"Of course we have had revolutions in 1851 and 1891 and a foreign war in between. When the Chileans fight, they fight hard as the brief campaign of 1891 indicates, with 15,000 slain."

Mr. Brewster, while he expressed himself as well pleased with America, thinks there is not another country quite so good as Chile.

HOW RUSSIA IS HAMPERED.

The great point for Russia now is—can she make sufficient use of her communications to enable her to meet the Chinese forces and rapidly crush them, without which her whole position in East Siberia will be seriously menaced, says the London Daily Mail, because the Manchu and Tartar armies will be acting on the aggressive and not on the defensive?

In the first place, it must be remembered that quite half the year the country is ice-bound and practically cut off from the outer world. It is poorly populated, and it is incapable of supporting any large number of men.

To take the railway first. It is poorly built, and until it is relaid from end to end and the 48-pound rails with which it has been laid replaced by heavier ones, it will never be a first-class line, or capable of accommodating either heavy or fast traffic. Even then it will have steep gradients (1 in 60) and sharp curves, to say nothing of the break at Lake Baikal, to contend with.

Again, even were the railway thoroughly equipped as a first class line, for the greater part of its length at least it runs through no country from which supplies for a large army could be withdrawn, and with its base many thousands of miles away, and connected with its base by only a single line of rails, an army of more than 20,000 men would scarcely be able to keep the field for long.

GOOD WORD FOR WU.

A good deal has been said in some of the newspapers of the country about the deceptive methods of Chinese diplomacy. Whatever Chinese diplomats may be as a rule, every one who has occasion to visit the Chinese legation in this city will see every evidence of candor in his reception and treatment, says the Washington Evening Star.

Mr. Wu, for instance, never resorts to that ruse of being "out" when he does not wish to see a caller for any reason. When he doesn't want to see any one he says so, and those who attend to his door have never been taught "polite lies" of any kind in dealing with his callers. If he does not wish to see a caller he leaves word to that effect, together with the reason why he desires to be secluded. The minister himself, as everyone knows who has met and talked with him, is often candid to a degree of bluntness, asking pointed questions and giving outspoken answers when he gives an answer at all. Whenever a subject is touched upon that he desires to avoid he simply evades the question, and that is all there is to it.

A gentleman, old enough to know what he is talking about, who has traveled from New York to Sacramento, declares that some parts of Fifth avenue, South Brooklyn, has more handsome women on it during an ordinary afternoon than any thoroughfare upon which it was his good fortune to step, says the Brooklyn Times. "There's a little street in New Orleans, in the Creole quarter, where more beauty of face can be seen in an hour than in a day in any other spot that I know of in the world," says this traveler, "but for all-round handsome women, face, figure and manners, not to say anything of the pretty gowns, that part of Fifth avenue from St. Mark's avenue to Third street, to my mind, can surpass any place in the country. It seems to me that since my last visit to Brooklyn, about ten years ago, very nearly all the pretty girls in the town have taken up a residence on Prospect Heights, which I see has become a great center of wealth and fashion. I tell you I've been all over this blessed country, from Boston clean up to Seattle, and Brooklyn is still the city of pretty girls."

**$22—Toronto and Return—$22.**
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

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**AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.**

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Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

**17,148**

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 20.—Light to heavy showers fell during Sunday or last night over the lake region, Western New York, District of Columbia, Southern Louisiana, Southern Utah, Southwestern Montana, Western North Dakota and Assiniboia. Only slight changes in temperature have occurred during the past twenty-four hours. The barometer is low over Minnesota, and high over gulf states and Alberta. The weather on Lake Superior is generally showery and foggy, with light to fresh easterly winds.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 96 | Miles City | 90 |
| Battleford | 66 | Milwaukee | 82 |
| Bismarck | 90 | Minnedosa | 84 |
| Boston | 74 | Montgomery | 98 |
| Buffalo | 76 | Moorhead | 86 |
| Calgary | 68 | New Orleans | 90 |
| Chicago | 88 | North Platte | 96 |
| Denver | 88 | New York | 82 |
| Detroit | 88 | Oklahoma | 90 |
| Dodge City | 96 | Omaha | 90 |
| Duluth | 70 | Pittsburg | 88 |
| Edmonton | 66 | Port Arthur | 68 |
| El paso | 84 | Portland | 82 |
| Escanaba | 80 | Prince Albert | 68 |
| Galveston | 88 | Qu' Appelle | 78 |
| Green Bay | 96 | Rapid City | 88 |
| Havre | 82 | San Francisco | 68 |
| Helena | 74 | Santa Fe | 76 |
| Huron | 90 | Shreveport | 92 |
| Jacksonville | 98 | Spokane | 86 |
| Kamloops | 72 | St. Louis | 96 |
| Kansas City | 94 | St. Paul | 96 |
| La Crosse | 96 | Sault Ste. Marie | 70 |
| Lander | 82 | Swift Current | 74 |
| Los Angeles | 74 | Washington | 92 |
| Marquette | 82 | Williston | 90 |
| Medicine Hat | 74 | Winnemucca | 82 |
| Memphis | 92 | Winnipeg | 88 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday, with probably occasional local showers; fresh to brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday except local thunderstorms are probable; cooler west portion Tuesday. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday except local thunderstorms are probable; Cooler south and west portions. North and South Dakota—Generally fair and somewhat cooler tonight and Tuesday. Upper lakes—Fresh variable winds mostly southerly; generally fair weather except thunder squalls are probable tonight and Tuesday.

***Wage Workers and Trust Prosperity.***

A report published in the Chicago Tribune, a staunch Republican organ, outlines the prosperity enjoyed by wage-workers in industrial establishments controlled by trusts. Here is an extract: "The report in circulation several days ago to the effect that wages at the mills of the American Steel and Wire company had been reduced turns out to be true in spite of the emphatic denials of the company officials at the time. It is understood that the company intends to gradually reduce wages in the different departments, taking one department at a time, and thus get wages back to the level where they were at the time the trust was first formed. The horizontal reduction of the pay of all the men, if made at one time, it was feared, would bring on a general strike." Therefore, the trust has decided to cut off the dog's tail by inches and trim it down to the panic scale gradually. The report does not state why it should be necessary to reduce wages. That is left to inference, the Tribune merely stating the fact that wages have already been reduced and that the reduction will gradually become a general one. The trust is capitalized for $75,000,000. More than one-half of that amount is fictitious, but in order to pay dividends on all of it the wages of the employes must be reduced. That is the way trust prosperity strikes the working masses. The amount filched from the scant earnings of the employes is used to pay dividends. That is prosperity with a vengeance, when the stockholders of the trust are compelled to live off their employes.

***The Value of Pure Water.***

Reports from Chicago in regard to the health of that city since the opening of the drainage canal, as compared with what it was before show that event was very important hygenically as well as commercially. It is stated that the summer death rate record this year is the lowest since 1872, the principal reduction being in infants and young children. The reduction has been particularly noticeable in the weeks of unusual heat. There has been a great decrease, as compared with last year in the number of deaths from diseases which were or might be caused by drinking impure water. The people of Duluth hardly realize what a priceless blessing they enjoy in our pure water supply, even though we do experience the extreme and exhausting heat of Chicago and Eastern cities. Duluth's death rate is among the lowest of any city in the country, and this is due both to its pure water and its health-giving climate. The people of Duluth are also to be congratulated on the fact that the water works are covered by the city, and not by a private corporation, and that they are being managed well and profitably for the people. These are things that we can be thankful for, and when we look at the size of the city debt we can congratulate ourselves that one of the assets we possess—our waterworks and our abundant supply of health-giving water—is worth almost the total debt, if it could not be had at less price.

***Freed From Burden of Colonialism.***

Surprising news has come from Spain Prosperity, instead of ruin, has come to the Spaniards as a result of the war with this country. The news runs thus: "No longer drained of her young men to maintain a colonial empire, and free from the annual expense of $100,000,000 which it was costing to retain the colonies, Spain is prospering. The government asks for a loan of $200,000,000, and the Spanish people subscribe $600,000,000. New factories are beinb built, even electric cable works; electric traction is being introduced in the Spanish cities, and at Madrid, such is the increased activity in business and travel, two fine new modern hotels are to be built at once. Every improvement known to modern hotels will be introduced. Today Spain, once more thriving, is buying heavily of machinery and sending large orders to the United States." And the burden which has been removed from the shoulders of the Spanish people the McKinley administration would put upon this country. The expensive colonial system is part of the Republican party's imperialistic program. It means that the whole country is to be taxed heavily to enable a few capitalists to make money by trading in colonial franchises.

### *THE NET COST LOWER.*

In another column will be found an article from the Alexandria Citizen answering the mendacious charges recently sprung by the Republican press bureau and copied by the Republican papers throughout the state that the cost of grain inspection has been greatly increased under the present state administration. There is no truth in the statement that the cost has increased. The fees have been raised and lowered yearly according to the condition of the grain inspection fund. When a surplus accumulated the fees were reduced. When the surplus was nearly wiped out the fees were restored to the old figures. The force has been steadily increased with the number of new terminal elevators. An increase in the number of elevators necessitates the employment of more inspectors and weighers, although the revenue is not increased thereby. But while the elevator capacity has increased more rapidly under the present administration, the number of employes has not increased as rapidly as under the Republican administrations. This is because the "pensioners" of the Republican party were dropped from the department and the sinecures abolished. The article reproduced from the Citizen contains two tables, one showing the variations in fees and receipts for each year since 1891 and the other showing the average number of employes for four consecutive years.

The Citizen's article does not deal with the question of the total cost of the department, which has formed the subject of numerous wild statements by the Republican organs. Official figures furnished by Chairman Ringdal of the state railroad and warehouse commission show that not one of the previous statements is correct and that the guesses made by the party organs are $16,000 wide of the mark. Below are the figures as taken from the records of the state grain department: For the year ending July 31, 1900, the total cost of the grain department, including board of appeals, was $224,538.26. Less the expenses of the board of appeals, such as board of appeals vouchers, $14,520.03; salaries of two helpers detailed to bring samples to the board, one at Duluth and one at Minneapolis, $1500, or $16,020.03, leaving the net cost of the grain inspection and weighing department for the year, $208,518.23. The cost of inspection and weighing departments for the year ending July 31, 1899, was $210,120.01. This places the excess of cost of the last year of Clausen's administration over the first year of Reishus's administration at $2,201.78. Thus it will be seen that the net cost of inspection is less than during the last year of the Clausen Republican administration.

The Mille Lacs County Times says: "John Lind has served as governor for one year and eight months, and the state has not gone to the devil as many of the Republican shouters predicted it would in the event of his election. Minnesota never had a better chief executive than Governor Lind." The Times is one of the newspapers which, the Republican press bureau claims, have changed to the Republican side.

### *IMPERIAL CIVILIZATION.*

Thomas W. Jones, private in Troop G, Eleventh cavalry, United States volunteers, writing from Santa Cruz, Philippine islands, to his brother, George Jones, in Washington, D. C., under date of June 27, describes a massacre of Filipinos in which he took part on June 25, and which he relates as quite in the line of his ordinary duties. He tells how sixty members of his regiment were ordered out to kill or capture a famous Filipino general, known to be living in the neighborhood. After some rough scouting, the general's house was located, and the Americans crawled through the underbrush until they secured positions but a few yards distant. Then they discovered that they had unwittingly chanced upon a wedding. There was a large crowd present to take part in the festivities. Most of them, of course, were women and children, but there were about seventy-five men present who were armed. The Americans were ordered to fire a volley from ambush, and then charge; which they did, with terrible results.

"The scene that resulted was horrible," writes Private Jones. "On the ground near the house lay the body of the bride, whose brains had been blown out. The groom, who had received a bullet in the stomach, was lying near by in a dying condition. Twelve of the Filipinos had been killed and about the same number wounded. An elderly woman was shot through the leg, and a little child had her arm shot off. But," adds Private Jones cheerfully, "we got the old general all right, and we burned the insurgents quarters before we left."

This is the kind of imperial civilization this administration is paternally bringing to the Filipinos, and probably Jones' letter is not an unfair description of the sort of warfare this great government is waging against these faraway islanders (whose only crime is their love of liberty) in furtherance of "the just responsibilities of our victories in the Spanish war.

It may also be remembered that the imperial English troops found "good pig sticking" in South Africa.

It is estimated that the German vote in Wisconsin forms a third of the whole electorate of that state, a fifth of that of Illinois and that of Minnesota, and a sixth of that of Ohio. The proportion is also very large in Michigan and Indiana. It is certain, says the Chicago Tribune, that a great part of this vote was cast for McKinley in 1896, and it is equally certain, says the same paper, that if as large a percentage of that vote is cast for Bryan this year he will carry most, if not all, of the above states, along with Kansas and Nebraska. But the Tribune does not believe that it will be so cast.

Jackson H. Ralston, a prominent attorney of Washington, makes the statement while attending a convention of the commercial law league at Milwaukee, that "the most prominent official of the American government in the Orient has reported that not a foot of ground in the Philippine islands outside of rifle shot of the American soldiers is in the control of the United States government. If I were to name the official who made this statement it would cause the greatest sensation all over the country." It would hardly do that, for the stated fact is already well known to the American people who have followed the news.

One of the notable political changes in the East lately is the announcement by Edward M. Shepard, the prominent Brooklyn lawyer, that he will support Bryan and Stevenson. Four years ago Mr. Shepard was one of the bitterest opponents of Mr. Bryan, because of his stand on the money question. Mr. Shepard believes that the issue of imperialism is of paramount importance, and as between the empire and the republic he will vote to maintain the republic.

Says the Peoria Herald Transcript: "The administration press declares that Mr. Boutwell is a dottard. If this is true it speaks volumes for the ability of the man, seeing that he is wiser and braver in dotage than many of his wilhom colleagues in all the vigor of their intellect. It is much easier to call Mr. Boutwell a dotard than it is to answer his arguments."

Party leaders at the Republican headquarters in Chicago make light of the influence of the Liberty congress. They do not believe it is going to be much of an anti-McKinley shower. Well, remarks the Springfield Republican, the constituents of Noah were skeptical. Time will show.

The meanest man has been found in Texas. He put strychnine in his watermelons and killed six boys who invaded his patch. He should be given a similar dose.

The tramp nuisance has been solved at Fort Dodge. As soon as the hoboes come to town they are compelled to take a bath. They never come back.

Ninety-six in the shade at St. Paul and Minneapolis on Sunday! What would not the sweltering crowd have given for a cool breeze from lake Superior?

In Russia a man can marry four times. That is right. The man who wants to marry a fifth time should be sent to an insane asylum.

Russell Sage is 84 and worth millions, yet he is worrying about the low rate of interest.

The sweetest trust on record is the recently formed caramel trust.

## LAUGHING GAS.

Chicago Record: "Didn't the quiet in the country become monotonous to you?"

"Quiet? We had to turn out about seven times every night and chase cows off the porch."

Somerville Journal: The average man never gets over his admiration at the way an expressman, who isn't any bigger than he is, puts a loaded trunk on his back and takes it down the front stairs.

Washington Star: "Do you think an honest man is out of place in politics?"

"Certainly not," answered Senator Sorghum. "We want more of 'em. Those are the people that are willin' to walk right up to the polls and vote and not charge you a cent."

Detroit Journal: "How careful the newspaper always are to describe the garb of a murdered woman to the last detail!"

"Yes, they'll murder a dress function, presently."

Chicago Record: "We wasted a lot of time on those Moozlers."

"Weren't they congenial friends?"

"Yes, but they weren't of any social advantage to us."

Puck: First Bookkeeper—That Jinks is the wittiest man in the office!

Second Bookkeeper—I never heard him say a bright thing!

First Bookkeeper—No; but he's got wit enough to laugh heartily every time the boss tells that stale old chestnutty joke of his!

Indianapolis Journal: "Well, that's great."

"Our Chinese laundryman has put his prices up on account of the war in China."

"How's that?"

"Why, he says he has to be paid for the time he wastes telling people what he thinks of it."

Pittsburg Chronicle: "As I understand it," remarked Mr. Gaswell, "the powers do not regard themselves at war with China."

"That is my understanding," added Mr. Dukane. "I suppose that if it were really war, instead of the desperate fighting now going on, there would be a truce occasionally"

Philadelphia Press: "Well, it's about time," exclaimed Mr. Citiman, glancing up from his paper. "It says here that the traction company is about to improve its system."

"Well, indeed, it ought to," his wife remarked. "Only the other day a horrid conductor made me pay an extra fare just because I pulled the strap to stop the car."

### *"How Do You Stand?"*

From "Cloakroom Stories," by Champ Clark: The Hon. Frank Milton Eddy is the first native of Minnesota ever elected to congress from that state. He is an able, industrious, studious and sedate man, but has a streak of dry humor in his mental make-up. Not long since he edified the cloakroom with this choice morsel. He said: "The other day I received a letter from a man in my district as follows: 'Dear Mr. Eddy: Some of the fellows are giving you the very old Harry about your vote on the Porto Rican bill. So-and-So and his gang are against you. Myself and my friends indorse and uphold your position. By the way, Frank, what is your position?"

### *Goodbye to Morris.*

Brainerd Arena: Hon. C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth has decided to accept the Democratic nomination for congress from this district, if tendered him. It will be Baldwin against Morris. Vale Mr. Morris.

### *The Botanist.*

A primrose by the river's brim
Primula vulgaris was to him.
And it was nothing more.
—Chicago Record.

## THE GRAIN DEPARTMENT.

## Facts and Figures About the Cost of Inspection.

Alexandria, Minn., Citizen: The Citizen was "held up" on Sixth avenue the other evening by a trio of local politicians and asked why the state inspection fee on grain had been increased from 10 cents a car to 25 cents, and why the number of employes had been nearly doubled. We have known the above mentioned trio for two years and know that we would have only wasted breath if we had tried to answer them as two hold offices in the court house and there is not wisdom enough in seven states to convince the third one that the sun does not rise and set in McKinley's back yard. But as the same questions will be asked every farmer within their reach between now and election time, we have taken considerable time to look up the facts.

As the annual report of the railroad and warehouse commission will not be compiled until the figures for the year ending Aug. 31 are all in, it will be impossible to give the exact comparisons which will be interesting as showing that not even Republicans are proof against the very charges which they now hurl so confidently at the present commission. There are two charges which they are sure will annihilate us. They are, first, that the fees have been increased, and second, that the force has been increased. By the following comparative tangle "A" which begins with the year 1891, and ends with the year 1899, it will be seen that the fees have been up and down as the state of the inspection fund might require. You will also observe that while in 1892 (crop year ending Aug. 31, 1892), a gain of $41,273.53 was made on a 20-cent fee for inspection and 20 cents for weighing, the year 1893 showed a loss of $40,694.84 with the inspection fee reduced five (5) cents and weighing fee remaining the same (20c). You will also observe that in 1895 there was a loss of $4917.22 in spite of the fact that the fees stood at 25 cents for inspection and 25 cents for weighing.

The year ending Aug. 31, 1896, being the extraordinary crop of 1895 gave an opportunity to accumulate an enormous surplus which was added to in 1897 until it reached $84,241.16. But with a 15-cent fee in force, for two years the surplus dwindled down to $21,236.10 under Republican administration in spite of the fact that the 1899 receipts were next to the largest of any year in the history of the department and in spite of the further fact that the 1899 receipts footed up about 35,000,000 bushels more than any previous year. The loss under a 15-cent fee on this enormous crop of 213,133,100 bushels was $24,338.24 in one year and yet these honest (?) Republicans pretend to believe that no increase of fees would have been necessary under their administration on a small crop with a $20,000 board of appeals added to the burden of expense.

Another source of expense which is constantly on the increase is the number of new terminal elevators at which service is maintained while they do not increase the income of the department by one penny.

This increase has been going on ever since the department was organized and has necessitated the employment of a constantly increasing force of men as will be seen by consulting table marked "B." This table is also interesting as showing in spite of the fact that the elevator capacity has increased more rapidly than ever before the number of employes have not increased as rapidly as they did under Republican rule. The reason for this is that while the efficiency of the working force has been kept up to the highest possible standard the "pensioners" holding sinecures have been bounced and the sinecures abolished.

As for the charge that Minnesota grades have deteriorated, the department is in possession of abundant evidence that they have never been so uniform and reliable as they are now. This is further evidence by the fact that the present commission is not in receipt of a single complaint during the past year with regard to grades either from buyers or sellers. The only complaints that have been made come from Republican editors who have axes to grind but no grain to grade.

There are certain causes which permanently or temporarily effect the income of the department which have been touched upon at various times by former chief inspectors and we cannot do better than to quote from some of the previous annual reports to show what they are.

Report of 1898, A. C. Clausen, chief inspector: "It will be observed that the expenses of the department for the past year did not decrease in a corresponding ratio to the earnings, and our experience during the past season has taught us that expense cannot always be determined by the amount of grain handled. The character of the crop and the attendant difficulties compelled the maintenance of almost as large a force as though it had been a much larger crop less difficult to handle."

Again: "The average number of bushels contained in each car is increasing each year, a large proportion of the cars at the present time are loaded to their full capacity of 600 bushels."

Nowadays cars run from 1000 to 1500 bushels per car and still climbing.

TABLE A.

| Year. | Fees Ins. | Fees Weigh. | Bu. Ins. & Weighed. | Total Cost. | Cost per bus. | Cash in Grain Ins. Fund. | Gain. | Loss. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1891 | 25c | 20c | 80,327,890 | $ 98,321.65 | .0012x | $ 43,479.52 | | |
| 1892 | 20 | 20 | 132,839,670 | 132,425.22 | .001— | 84,753.05 | $ 41,273.53 | |
| 1893 | 15 | 20 | 123,107,030 | 172,281.21 | .0014x | 43,611.21 | | $ 40,694.84 |
| 1894 | 20 | 20 | 106,704,080 | 156,831.21 | .0015— | 6,711.29 | | 37,042.42 |
| 1895 | 25 | 25 | 104,451,940 | 147,523.22 | .0014x | 1,794.57 | | 4,917.22 |
| 1896 | 25 | 25 | 179,207,170 | 184,808.51 | .001x | 68,929.20 | 67,134.63 | |
| 1897 | 20 | 20 | 156,168,290 | 176,220.97 | .0011x | 84,241.16 | 15,311.96 | |
| 1898 | 15 | 15 | 158,092,600 | 191,681.12 | .0012x | 46,074.34 | | 38,166.82 |
| 1899 | 15 | 15 | 213,133,100 | 213,761.54 | .001x | 21,236.10 | | 24,338.24 |

The above was taken from the chief grain inspector's reports and does not show the exact dates when changes in fees were made.

TABLE B.

Average number of employes in the grain department for four (4) selected months during four consecutive years.

| | 1896 | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Month. | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 | 1900 |
| August | 151 | 154 | 165 | 178 |
| October | 166 | 188 | 196 | 211 |
| January | 144 | 166 | 175 | 176 |
| May | 152 | 158 | 177 | 179 |
| Total | 152 | 166 | 178 | 186 |
| An. increase | ...... | 14 | 12 | 8 |

### *The Logical Candidate.*

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: We believe that the announcement of Hon. C. O. Baldwin to the effect that he would accept the nomination for congress is the most satisfactory information that has reached the fusion forces of the Sixth district thus far in the campaign. He has all along been considered the logical candidate in case of Mr. Towne's refusal to run, and his repeated declarations that he did not wish the honor was received with regret. The practically unanimous call of his party, however, at last decided him and he will make the run. That Senator Baldwin is the candidate most acceptable to the majority of his party there is not the slightest doubt. He has a personal following in the district second only to that of Mr. Towne; his private character and public career are without a blemish of any kind; his record as state senator proves him to be a man of exceptional ability, and his election to that office in a strongly Republican district testifies both to his popularity and his energetic campaign work. He is known in every part of the district, and even those who disagree with him politically recognize his ability and have faith in his integrity and good judgment. There may be other candidates before the congressional convention, but we believe Mr. Baldwin will be an easy winner, and that he will be elected to the office to which he aspires.

**ONE MORE WEEK OF OUR AUGUST DISCOUNT SALE!**

Of Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Portieres, Lace Curtains, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Baby Carriages, Go-Carts, etc. A full and complete line and lowest priced House Furnishers in the city.

*Goods Sold on Easy Payment Plan.*

**BAYHA & CO.,** 24 and 26 East Superior Street.

LOOK FOR THE BIG WIRE SIGN ON ROOF.

### *A "Mothers'" Congress.*

When the Mothers' Congress met every earnest woman's face
Marked the great responsibility she bore
As she walked with queenly air dignifiedly to the place
As a delegate assigned her on the floor.
There were grand and stately dames, dames of less impressive mein,
Younger dames whose faces yet were fresh and fair,
Women short and women tall, women fat and women lean,
Faces bright and faces marked with lines of care.

Never in a congress hall was more earnestness displayed,
Never arguments more logical and warm;
Every kidiculture point was deliberately weighed
By the speakers, in the balance of reform.
"We must raise up men and women worthy of their land of birth!
Both in body and in mind they must be peers
Of the more exalted types of humanity on earth;
Bring unto we mothers joy instead of tears!"

Wrangled they o'er infant foods, quarreled over infant dress,
Had a scrap or two o'er infant exercise,
Each endeavoring by words aptly chosen to impress
All the rest that she maternally was wise.
Moral culture was a theme that was dwelt upon at length,
Mental training was an ever-crying need,
Physical development that would warrant manly strength
Called from Madame Smart a scientific screed.

Every woman in the hall had her inning on the floor
And in earnest manner made her vocal play,
Save a modest, quiet dame sitting 'way back near the door
Who just listened and had not a word to say,
And 'twas afterward discovered that the dame in simple dress
Who remained throughout as quiet as a mouse,
Who had not a speech to make, not an idea to express,
Was the only "sure 'nuff" mother in the house!
—Denver Post.

## WORSE THAN WASTE.

New York World: With vast areas of land in the West that by the expenditure of a few million dollars for irrigation would sustain millions of white men in comfort and happiness;

With the slums of our cities crowded with men and women and children who clamor for the education that will fit them for citizenship in the republic:

With public improvements, roads, bridges, etc., imperatively needed even in the oldest and most thickly settled parts of the country;

With taxes pressing heavily upon those least able to bear;

With opportunities for the expenditure of every dollar of surplus money in advancing the enlightenment, the comfort and the civilization of the masses of the people who live in these forty-five states—

We are spending $713,000 a day, according to the official figures, upon war.

Is this good sense? Is this patriotism? Is this glory? Is this duty? Is this destiny?

## PASSING OF A RAILROAD KING.

Washington Post: To Collis P. Huntington's genius and daring the country owes much. He used his millions to good purpose Substantial results followed all his undertakings.

Detroit Free Press: Truth compels the statement that he appreciated the legislative department of railroad construction and no promoter ever struggled with greater tenacity for his interests in the lobby at Washington than this financial and physical giant of the West.

Chicago Chronicle: It may be said that Huntington got little satisfaction out of his wealth. In the sense that he spent little of it, that is true. But to some men the joy of acquiring is far greater than the pleasure of dispensing. Mr. Huntington found his satisfaction in getting money, not in spending it.

Chicago Post: It is told of him that he once actually upbraided a certain other millionaire for his public-spiritedness and generosity. He held that it was foolish to give so freely. "Well, Collis," was the repdy, "you may leave more money when you die, but I will have the larger funeral," and there is a good deal of homely philosophy in that remark.

New York World: Mr. Huntington was the most truly imperial lobbyist ever known at Washington and some of his letters to his agents, directing their operations, displayed a knowledge of human nature and a cynical estimate of the politician's character that help to explain his success in promoting and defeating legislation to serve his interests.

Portland Oregonian: Few men in this country have been more zealously decried and more earnestly hated; few men have been stronger to resist attack and to wrest advantage from the most untoward situations. He practically won an empire by sticking everlastingly to his appointed work and his great transcontinental railway line will be for him an enduring monument.

Philadelphia North American: His weakness was his exclusive devotion to money. He could not understand that there are other objects worth aiming at as well as the achievement of wealth. For men who sought and won riches, but were something besides money spinners, he had a tolerant contempt. They seemed weaklings to him. He planned and worked at his trade as if he were to live forever in this world. There are few hearts made sore by his taking off.

### *Chances Improved.*

Nashville American (Dem.): It is yet too early to make predictions, but if the impression made by Bryan's speech has not already marked the Democrats' chances up about 50 per cent in the market we have read the signs of the times awry.

### *Far Too Costly.*

Hinckley Enterprise: Spain, with her 18,000,000 people, was brought to terms in three months and a half, and it took only about 30,000 men to do the trick; for eighteen months we have been fighting Filipinos; have had 65,000 in service—and the barbarians are still doing business at the old stand! The condition of affairs is ample evidence that there is gross mismanagement somewhere. Mismanagement and imperialism are too costly for the American people, and both will be remembered at the polls.

## RABBIT'S FOOT FOR BRYAN.

## Sent By Man Who Gave Cleveland His Emblem of Luck.

The efficacy of the rabbit's foot is being tried on William Jennings Bryan, one having been sent to him by registered mail by the same man who sent Grover Cleveland the left hind foot of a graveyard rabbit killed by a red-headed, cross-eyed negro with a sassafras stick in a country graveyard in the dark of the moon. The foot was sent to Mr. Cleveland immediately after his first nomination for the presidency, and he was told that there was no earthly power that could defeat him for chief executive. The rabbit's foot man believes that if Mr. Bryan receives the foot in good shape he will be a winner hands down, and in forwarding him the foot he sent the following letter:

"Hon. William Jennings Bryan, Democratic Nominee for the Presidency of the United States, Chicago, Ill.—Dear Sir: As proprietor of the Original Rabbit Foot incident in Mr. Cleveland's first campaign and consequently sole custodian of such quadrupedal potency as assures presidential success, I herewith present you with foot No. 2, which has the same invincible affinity for voters as was possessed by its predecessor.

"This anticipatory notification of your election follows so closely upon the notification of your nomination for the reason that it is desired to save the manufacturing trusts and other wealthy corporations the impotent campaign funds, which will be spared to continue in legitimate business and give employment to honest labor.

"The traditions of the mystic powers of the rabbit foot in certain affairs are too universally known to require recital here. Any colored man from the Dismal Swamp to the Dardanelles, or any poker player of any color, from Bunker kopje to Zacatecas, will lay down his hand on discovers that his opponent carries a rabbit foot. But it was left to recent years to demonstrate the futility of opposition to it in politics—vide our only Democratic president in thirty years—and as our poker player lays down his hand, so will the opposition voter pass when he hears that the candidate of the Democracy this year has the left hind foot of a graveyard rabbit, the king of hoodoodom, against which all machinations must fail—even those of Mark Hanna. Investing you then with all the impregnable efficacy of the party emblem of success, and congratulating you in advance. Respectfully,

"The Man Who Sent the Rabbit Foot to Cleveland (a farmer Gold, but a Platform Democrat Always.")

### *When Republicans Get Out.*

Duluth News Tribune: "It's pretty tough on John Lind to reflect that this is a presidential year and that Van Sant might run 40,000 votes behind McKinley and still have a nice snug majority. It's no fun running on a fusion ticket in Minnesota when the whole Republican ticket gets out."

Delano, Minn., Gazette: Haven't the News Tribune and other G. O. P. papers been for two years accusing the Republicans of electing John Lind governor. Suppose all the Republicans do turn out this year, isn't there danger of their electing him again, and the whole ticket, even to Bryan electors? What's to hinder?

### *They Fear Baldwin.*

St. Paul Globe: The Republicans fear the nomination of Baldwin more than anybody else, some of them even admitting quietly that he is a stronger man than Towne at this time, and this fact will no doubt make him stronger before the convention.

## THE LATEST AILMENT.

A brand-new hot weather ailment has whirled into existence.

It is electro-fanitis. Perhaps you have got it, as no class is immune.

It's a sneezing, coughing cold in the head caused by the germ-laden breezes of the electric fan.

It is almost epidemic in Philadelphia, says the Philadelphia North American. If you are a victim hurry to a physician or drug store and ask for a powerful antiphlogistic remedy. That is, something to relieve inflammation of the mucous membrane of the head, which is what electro-fanitis is.

This name, by the way, has been agreed upon by eminent medico-philologists. The affix "itis," meaning 'inflammation," was selected because it is the term which of late years has been applied to all new inflammatory ailments. It may be pronounced either e-tis, like e in each, or i-tis, like i in idol.

Unless promptly cured electro-fanitis may develop into the two other diseases of the same family—tonsilitis and bronchitis.

The victims of the new ailment include bankers, merchants, clerks, stenographers, barbers, and in fact every class of people who perform indoor work, where electric fans are in operation. Patrons of restaurants, upon whose heads the artificial breeze generators are played while they eat, also form a large proportion of the sufferers.

Physicians report that the majority of complaints come from barbers, who stand for hours at a time under the whirring fans. Many of their customers are also affected. Among the city officers dozens of cases exist.

The most distressing and annoying characteristic of electro-fanitis is that it is never contracted except in hot weather, and there is nothing more distressing than a summer cold. Being caused by artificial atmospheric conditions, it is much more difficult to cure than an ordinary cold.

Dr. P. R. Cleaver, of 1133 Spruce street, describes the causes and peculiarities of the complaint as follows:

"The principal reason why the air currents produced by electric fans so readily cause inflammation of the mucous membrane of the head is that the drafts are sudden and easily impress the system of the patient, whose vitality has already been lowered by the heat.

"Then these currents of air are not the fresh waves of ozone which are in circulation outdoors. The artificial breezes are nothing but impure air forced into motion. A steady blowing wind at the seashore would not affect the membrane, whereas the whirling electric breezes cause inflammation. The patient who is suffering from the latter cause ought to secure prompt treatment. The coal tar preparations are about the best remedy."

### CHAFING-DISH PARTIES.

The chafing-dish porch party is the latest. One's friends must be entertained in some fashion, and the average dining room is far too hot to be a pleasant place in which to spend several hours of a summer day. It was this fact which set two clever girls, with a wide-porched summer home, to thinking. The result was a chafing-dish luncheon on that porch, says an exchange.

In the first place, the whole porch was done up in blue and white. The rug from the blue bedroom was brought down, blue and white pillows were scattered in low chairs and on the cane sofa; blue and white umbrella jars were filled with masses of daisies, elder flowers and clematis. The table had a white cloth, a blue linen centerpiece, embroidered in white, and a ginger jar in the middle full of white sweet peas and blue corn flowers. The china, too, was blue and white, and both of the young hostesses were attired in blue and white. The entire effect was deliciously cool.

The household boasted of two chafing-dishes, and two of the guests brought their own. This placed one cook each at top and bottom and one on either side. The last course of the luncheon was fudges made by a Vassar girl in the chafing dish. The favors were little blue blankbooks, with tiny white pencils attached, in which the guests might, if they chose, and they did choose, copy the receipts from which the various items of the menu were made.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go;
Life's an all-around pleasure to me
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomachh troubles. Max Wirth.

**National Encampment G. A. R. Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.**

$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. $14---Detroit and Return---$14**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

*AMUSEMENTS.*

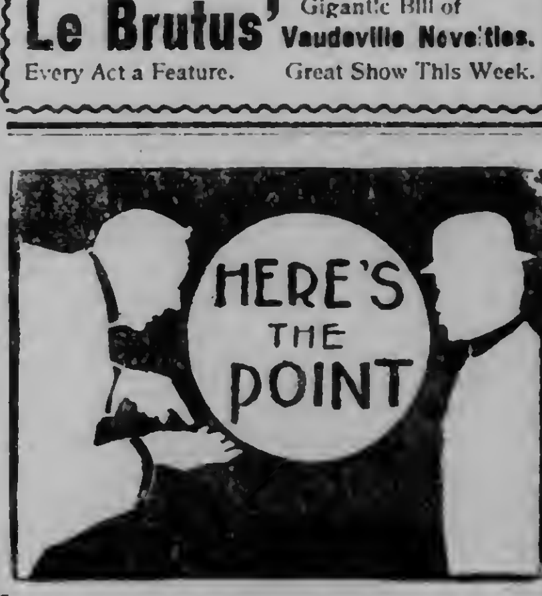
**PARLOR THEATER.**

Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.

*TONIGHT.*

**Le Brutus'** Gigantic Bill of Vaudeville Novelties.

Every Act a Feature. Great Show This Week.



We aim to win your confidence in our—

**POPULAR CLOTHING**

without being sensational or hysterical.

**Our Upper Grade Suits....**

—For Business Men—
and for
—Professional Men—

are a revelation to dress critics.

| | |
|---|---|
| $15. | $18. |
| $20. | $22. |
| $24. | $25. |
| $27. | $28. |

These equity values make tailors' estimates for good clothes appear ludicrous.

**C. W. Ericson,**

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

# LIFE AT CAPE NOME

### Spicy Letter From a Young Man to His Uucle Here.

## BEACH PLAYING OUT

### Wages Going Down and the Amount of Work Done Is Decreasing.

One of the peculiar things about life at Cape Nome is that it is possible to get a typewriter up there, but no pen and ink. This does not mean that Nome is so far in advance of the rest of the world that pen and ink have gone out of fashion, but it is in line with other conditions there, where the supply of necessaries is somewhat limited, and the supply of non-essentials, at least in the case of typewriters. This is shown by a letter received here by J. W. Harbeson, from his nephew, a Duluth boy, who is in the Nome country, and who writes as follows under date of July 8:

"You once said that you didn't care to hear from me on a typewriter, but as I have neither pen nor ink, guess you will have to put up with it this time. We have been feeling fine ever since leaving Seattle, barring the first four days out. Talk about being sick. Mark Twain says 'to be good is to be lonesome,' but I was not lonesome; rather felt down in the mouth and up in the mouth at the same time, and had more ups and downs every day than an elevator boy. When we reached the Bering sea we commenced to see ice, and were finally blocked by a large, solid pack of it. We saw a great many whales, some of them within a few hundred yards of the boat. Just before reaching Nome we saw two active volcanoes, one steaming and the other smoking. I got photographs of all these, and some other things at Dutch harbor, where we stopped a week to coal.

"We are renting tent space on Front street at $60 per month for a place large enough to pitch a tent 12 by 35, containing a stock of confectionery, cigars, coal oil and gasoline and bread. Today I got in a slot machine and have two fellows working for me at $2 per day. Am running a peanut roaster and lemonade stand through the boys, and all count up. When we landed the peanut roaster and a sack of nuts came off among the first freight, so I got it right out and started on the street with it myself. I got out at 8 p. m. and by midnight I had taken in over $10. The little 5-cent sacks were selling for a quarter, but another fellow got out and cut to two for a quarter and spoiled the business. We cut again and froze him out of business, and are running now without competition.

"Nome is very nearly like a city, with the exception of the streets, which are, of course, unpaved, but there are few cities that have the travel that we have here. There is the greatest collection of teams that you ever saw, and one has to be on the lookout all the time to keep from being run over. One of our Garonne stowaways who escaped from the boat with $500 in counterfeit money shot and killed two of his partners in a little row that arose over a loaf of bread. We shall probably be treated to a little necktie party soon, and if the function is a success I will be on hand with my camera. We are living high here and are getting fat. We have lots of good things to eat, and plenty of cigars that don't cost very much at wholesale. We brought a lot of evaporated eggs, and it is the greatest thing out. We can make a swell omelet with the egg and chipped beef.

"It seems very queer to have it light all night. I have done most of my writing after midnight, and have not had a light of any kind since I got here. Everything is very rough around town, and there are fights going on all of the time, and some of them very interesting. The other night a fellow cleaned out a saloon and the whole crowd was afraid to touch him. These incidents are getting so common there is no more excitement in them. I met two fine fellows from Seattle, and we have 'stacked up together,' as they express it here. Nearly all of the slang consists of gamblers' terms, as nearly half the business houses are saloons, with gambling equipments for such games as roulette, Black Jack, faro, the book-maker, craps and Klondike.

"We have a big prospect in sight now. A priest told a man where there was a very rich country, and there are not very many people there now. We intend to get a launch and build a barge and tow it about 60 miles to the place, and then knock the barge apart and use it for sluices, and the engine on the launch for a pump to feed the sluices. In that way we will economize in space considerably, as the lumber and engine are the heaviest and most unwieldy pieces. Father is organizing the party now, and we hope to close the business out here and start right out. We do not expect to stay in Nome this winter as things do not look very promising, but will stay somewhere in Alaska. We may go to Dawson. We are in quarantine at present and there is a good deal of typhoid, pneumonia and smallpox in the city. More die from suicides and shooting scrapes than from any other cause, however. * * I just stopped to see a big free-for-all fight that took place in the photograph gallery across the street. A woman and her charge went into the gallery to be photographed, and as they did not like the first view, they asked for another for the same money, but the artist said he only made one negative for that price. They came to blows over it, and when they came into the street the photographer was covered with blood. He said the other fellow hit him when he wasn't looking. They wanted to finish it there, but they couldn't keep the woman away, and finally her companion walked off.

"The beach is about played out, and men can scarcely get $10 a day at it, so won't work it much."

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You can be cured of alcoholism without sickness or suffering at the Keeley Institute, 625 10th St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

*"Better Be Wise Than Rich."*

*Wise people are also rich when they know a perfect remedy for all annoying diseases of the blood, kidneys, liver and bowels. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is perfect in its action — so regulates the entire system as to bring vigorous health.*

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**
Never Disappoints

LOOK OUT!
For your family's comfort and your own.
HIRES Rootbeer
will contribute more to it than tons of ice and a gross of fans.
5 gallons for 25 cents.
Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO.
Malvern, Pa.

## THE RELIGIOUS REVIVAL.

### Abner L. Frazer Writes Urging Active Work Among Church People.

Abner L. Frazer, of Ohio, father of S. L. Frazer, of this city, is working energetically in the interest of the great religious revival marking the close of the century and the dawn of the new, which he has originated and in which he has interested many of the leading clergymen of the country. At the time Mr. Frazer was here last year The Herald published an outline of his plan. The following address to the people interested in such a movement has been sent to The Herald by Mr. Frazer:

"If there ever was a great public movement in which the people generally should be interested, and into the confidence and working of which all people should have a part, that project is the 'National Religious Revival and Jubilee' which is now being talked about and worked up all over the United States. It should be a campaign of prayer, work and education in every church, by every pastor and every member—men and women—praying for the Holy Spirit to come into every church and revive and inspire every member with spiritual life and Christian zeal and activity, and working that all may be brought under the divine influence.

"The desire and design is to close up the nineteenth century with such a revival that the twentieth century will open with Christians more stalwart in every sense, with a higher and truer type of religious life, and broadened with the grander religious enterprises which will elevate and enoble mankind as children of God and as citizens of the kingdom of Christ on earth. After this, the grand jubilee.

"Now, grand and desirable as all of this is to think about, to pray and work for, and to have and enjoy, we must realize that it will not come of itself; if the joy is to be ours, so is the work for it ours. It must be carried on with vigor and system, and one of the first things is not only to begin the work, but also to organize a committee of management, to see that the work is begun and carried forward energetically in every church. No new church organization or expense of money will be required. Begin in the regular prayer meetings, and utilize Christian Endeavor, Young People's meetings, Epworth leagues and other church societies.

"These committees of management should be composed of members of different denominations, and there should be one, at least, in every city, town and village in the United States. Pastors and church members are requested to see the committees are organized at once. The very grandeur of this movement, when fully understood and appreciated, will help to infuse it with life; the sympathy and enthusiasm of concerted co-operation will be a strong incentive, and to realize that Christians of all names are united in prayer and work for a grand national religious revival in every church throughout our nation, for the upbuilding of church and individual Christian life, for the glory of God and the betterment of our country and mankind, should inspire Christian zeal and action more than we have ever had.

"Readers of this are requested to promptly organize the local committee in your city or town, and commence and carry forward the work of prayer and conference in every church. Talk up the grand project with your neighbors and write about it to your friends. Ministers are requested to preach about it. And as the whole movement is for the cause of Christ, our country and mankind, it should command our most earnest attention.

"For further information write to Abner L. Frazer, 2313 Nelson avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio."

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The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. Max Wirth.

## A DISTRICT CONVENTION.

### Christian Endeavor Societies of Four Counties to Meet Here.

A district convention of the Christian Endeavor societies will be held in this city on Sept. 14, 15 and 16. Full information as to the work of this convention is contained in a letter sent to the different societies in the district, which letter is as follows:

"Your society is most cordially invited to attend a district convention to be held in our city Sept. 14, 15 and 16, beginning Friday evening and closing Sunday with a roll call and consecration service.

"The objects of this convention will be to re-organize the district of Duluth, which consists of the four counties, St. Louis, Aitkin, Pine and Carlton, to aid all societies within these limits to a stronger growth and promote the mutual acquaintance of their members.

"All delegates will be entertained free during their stay of three days in our city, as guests of the Duluth Endeavorers. Receptions will be given in their honor, and a delightful boatride on the most majestic body of water in the world, grand old Lake Superior, will be given Saturday afternoon.

"You are entitled to as many delegates as you can send; we hope that you will make this number four at least. All Young People's societies, whether C. E. or not, are included in this invitation.

"Several outside speakers have been procured; among them, Dr. Curtiss, of Minneapolis, the president of the State C. E. union, and we can safely promise those who come a feast of good things. We have in prospect Dr. Meldrum, of St. Paul; Miss Harriet Plummer, state secretary; Miss Carrie A. Holbrook, former state secretary; also Dr. Smith of West Superior, and Rev. Sykes, of Cloquet. An array of city talent will also take part: Revs. Dr. Long, Dr. Cleland, Dr. Forbes, Montgomery, Ainsworth, Patrick, Milne, Knowles and Mr. Shuman, secretary of the Y. M. C. A.

"The finest musical talent at the head of the lakes will assist in the program, and all in our power will be done to make this convention a grand success. Will you not help us?

"Kindly reply at once, stating how many delegates you will send, and offering any suggestions you many see fit. Programs will follow."

Communications are to be addressed to J. M. Oldham, 28 East Superior street.

### George Lautenschlager's Funeral.

The funeral of George Lautenschlager was held from the residence of the deceased, at 213 East Second street, yesterday afternoon. Dr. A. W. Ryan of St. Paul's Episcopal church preached the funeral sermon. Mr. Lautenschlager was a pioneer resident of Duluth and has many friends, who turned out yesterday afternoon to pay the last token of respect. The pall bearers were Judge Ensign, Dr. E. E. Collins, N. J. Miller, Herman Berg, Luther Mendenhall and P. S. Anneke. Interment was made at Forest Hill.

# SAVED BY THE RAIN

### Duluth-Superior Might Have Been Defeated Sunday But For That.

## A HARD COMBINATION

### Big Duluth Finds Aitkin's Consolidated Team and Hot Weather Too Much.

The Duluth team won Saturday's scrappy game from Washburn and yesterday's game at West Superior was called in the first half of the fifth on account of rain. Washburn had a good lead in the second game and would probably have won out had the weather not interfered. Wiggs was pitching in splendid form and had the hard hitting "allies" completely at his mercy.

Saturday's game at Oneota park was uneventful. Thiery was pitching for Washburn and in the first inning gave six men transportation to first and had two wild pitches. Thirteen men faced him in this inning and eight of them scored. The game was slow and full of unnecessary scrapping and questionable umpiring. The score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Duluth | 8 0 0 0 0 3 0 1 *— | 12 | 8 | 3 |
| Washburn | 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 2 0— | 5 | 10 | 7 |

Batteries—Glenny and Lee; Thiery and Keefe.

Yesterday's game was fast and brilliant while it lasted. Cox was hit hard in the first two innings but was gradually settling down when the rain stopped the game. Jack Page, at short for the visitors, made several very sensational stops. The score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Washburn | 4 1 0 0 0— | 5 | 9 | 1 |
| Superior | 1 0 0 1 *— | 2 | 9 | 1 |

Batteries—Wiggs and Keefe; Cox and Lee.

At Aitkin yesterday the Big Duluth team was defeated in a very fast game, on account of costly errors in the first inning. The Aitkin team was made up partly of Brainerd and Carlisle Indian school players and the combination coupled with extremely sultry weather proved too much for the local players. A feature of the game was the stick work by Petty, a new man signed by the Big Duluth management. He played right field and hammered the ball in all directions. Randall played his usual heavy hitting game, having three long hits including a triple. The score was:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Big Duluth | 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0— | 3 | 12 | 3 |
| Aitkin | 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 * | 6 | 4 | 2 |

Batteries—Lovell and Randall; Krelwitz and Hornold.

The I. Freimuth team won from the Smith, Farwell & Steele team yesterday making the series between the two an even break. Carroll did the pitching for the Freimuths and the furniture men were unable to connect at any stage of the game. Twelve of them were struck out and only three managed to hit safely. The score:

| | | R | H | E |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Freimuth | 1 2 2 3 1 2 2 1 *— | 14 | 14 | 4 |
| S. F. & S. | 1 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 0— | 5 | 3 | 5 |

Batteries—Carroll and Medley; Sanby and Roiejoionez.

## THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

### First Meeting of the Board Created By the New Charter.

On Saturday afternoon the first meeting of the conference committee, the new board created by the charter to supervise an economical administration of city affairs, held its first meeting in the council chamber.

Mayor Hugo was elected chairman and the members of the committee present were: L. A. Barnes, president of the council; Charles Wilson, president of the board of public works; R. E. Denfeld, president of the library board; W. S. McCormick, city comptroller; James McDowell, president of the board of fire commissioners; Luther Mendenhall, president of the park board; Thomas F. McGilvray, city engineer; Fred Voss, city treasurer; C. A. Duncan, acting president of the board of water and light commissioners.

By the terms of the charter City Clerk Cheadle is clerk of the committee and City Attorney Mitchell is required to attend the meeting to offer legal advice.

The meeting discussed the charter somwhat and then adjourned till next Saturday. At the September meeting, which is held the first Saturday after the 15th, the estimates for running the various departments for the ensuing year will be made by the various heads of departments.

### Made Great Record.

The Northwestern Coal Railway company's big hydraulic dredge has just completed its work at the Allouez docks of the Omaha company. During the season the dredge has taken up a half million cubic yards of mud from the bottom of the bay, besides cutting out two slips, each 86 by 23 feet at the sides of the dock.

## DREAD DYSPEPSIA.

### The Digesting Element Left Out.

Bread dyspepsia is common. It affects the bowels, because white bread is nearly all starch, and starch is digested in the intestines, not in the stomach proper. Up under the shell of the wheat berry, nature has provided a curious deposit which is turned into diastase when it is subjected to the saliva and to the pancreatic juices in the human intestines.

This diastase is absolutely necessary to digest starch and turn it into grape sugar, which is the next form; but that part of the wheat berry makes dark flour, and the modern miller cannot readily sell dark flour, so nature's valuable digestor is thrown out and the human system must handle the starch as best it can without the help that nature intended.

Small wonder that appendicitis, peritonitis, constipation and all sorts of trouble exists, when we go so contrary to nature's law. The food experts that perfected Grape-Nuts Food, knowing these facts, made use, in their experiments, of the entire wheat and barley, including all the parts, and subjected them to moisture and long continued warmth, which allows time and the proper conditions for developing the diastase, outside of the human body.

In this way the starchy part is transformed into grape sugar in a perfectly natural manner, without the use of chemicals or any outside ingredients. The little sparkling crystals of grape sugar can be seen on the pieces of Grape-Nuts. This food, therefore, is naturally predigested, and its use in place of bread will quickly correct the troubles that have been brought about by the too free use of starch in the food, and that is very common in the human race today.

The effect of eating Grape-Nuts ten days or two weeks, and the discontinuance of ordinary white bread, is very marked. The user will gain rapidly in strength and physical and mental health.

# AWFUL FIZZLE.

### Crowd of Disgusted Sports Attend a Complete Fiasco On the Lake.

"Kid" Hancock, a colored man with pugilistic aspirations, wearing nothing but a glad smile and scant trunks, climbed into a roped arena on a scow yesterday afternoon, and after Referee Ed Hogan had finished telling all about the Chinese war, a gong sounded and Hancock strode up to the center of the ring, where he met one Napoleon Filian, better known as the "West Duluth Frenchman."

Mr. Filian glared ferociously at Hancock and the glad smile disappeared from the colored man's face. Mr. Filian also aimed a series of fierce swings at Mr. Hancock that made the air shriek. The latter was so astonished at the hostile attitude of his opponent that he stood about in a dazed sort of way, and then laid down with a dull impression that something was about to happen to him. This morbid idea grew on him when Referee Hogan assisted him to his feet and the Frenchman led with a left that caught the negro on the cheek, but did no especial damage. Simultaneously with the left lead Filian swung a vicious right that caught Hancock on the jaw, and he laid down again. He continued to get up and lay down again till the referee in the second round gave the fight to Filian.

The affair does not deserve to be called a fight. It was simply a little fake affair devised as a means of separating a bunch of easy sports from their ready money, and it worked like a charm. Hancock couldn't lick the indigent grandchild of a sick soubrette, and the people that lost money on him looked as sheepish as a farmer that had just mortgaged his farm and given up all his spare circulating medium for a "gold" brick.

It is a fact that some of the men supposed to be backing Hancock put all their money on the Frenchman, and the entire affair smells to high heaven.

The wierd fake happened on a scow down the bay near Old Superior at about 3:30 in the afternoon. Anywhere from 175 to 250 men with $1 to spare paid to see it and then got sore because they were buncoed. After the fight Filian claimed the lightweight championship of the Northwest, and nobody disputed the claim, but Billy Heffron, of West Superior, challenged the winner.

On the return trip every person on board got soaking wet, but the heavy rain seemed like a very appropriate ending of the afternoon's entertainment—in fact, the rain was the only genuine thing about the whole show.

### Cooper For Congress.

The Democrats of Douglas county, Wis., held their convention Saturday at Superior, and elected delegates to the state and congressional conventions. The delegation will favor D. W. Twohy, the well known wholesale grocer, for a place on the state ticket.

The delegates to the congressional convention were also selected, and it is probable that George C. Cooper will be the nominee for congress. James Bardon has been suggested, but declined. Mr. Cooper is the Superior man who seconded the nomination of Charles A. Towne for the vice presidency at Kansas City.

### Was Too Frisky.

Horace Andrews, of Two Harbors, was severely injured at Park Point yesterday afternoon in shooting the shutes. Andrews had made several trips down the toboggan slide, and is said to have attempted to stand up on the toboggan when it was part way down the shute. He was thrown over the side and struck his head a glancing blow on a plank beneath. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital and his wounds dressed. Andrews has several bad cuts and a bruised shoulder.

# IN MICHIGAN.

### Affairs of the Mines---Possible Trouble Over Calumet & Hecla.

Ishpeming—At the Tamarack mine, the lowest level in No. 2 shaft is richer in copper than at any point between that and surface. The level above the deepest is also wonderfully rich in the metal, and the management is feeling very good about it. The improvement in No. 2 suggests that better things will be had eventually at No. 3 shaft. At this opening the lode is steadily improving, and it is said that it is fast becoming one of the best points in the great mine. The lowest level opened being centered in the big new shaft, No. 5, which is expected to pierce the lode at a depth below surface of about 4630 feet. The shaft is now to a depth of about 4400 feet, and should get the desired point at about the same time the snows are flying freely next fall. Sinking is now being somewhat retarded by the cutting of plats where levels are to be opened. Three of these have already been cut out. Between the first and second the distance is 120 feet, but subsequent ones will be 100 feet apart. Excellent headway has been made in the task of sinking. There was much which had to be done before satisfactory work in the shaft could be carried on. The location was a swamp which had to be cleared of its underbrush, drained of its surface water. The rock taken from the shaft has been used to fill the surrounding depression, so that now it is neat and dry.

The Nordberg hoist at this station is working smoothly, and is pronounced a success. By the time the lode is reached the surface equipment will be ready in every detail. There will not be a moment of waiting to take care of the copper rock if the latter is found.

At the Mohawk, the work of opening the lode goes ahead slowly. There is no sign of haste, the work being most carefully and conservatively conducted. It is the Kearsarge vein, and shows the characteristics of this belt. With sufficient ground opened, and with its mill in operation, it will earn dividends and be valuable to its shareholders. The "Mohawkite," found some months ago a fissure vein, crossing the lode at nearly right angles, still holds out, and is from a foot to fifteen inches wide. It holds copper at the rate of 80 per cent to the ton of rock and helps to "sweeten" the rock in that particular locality. The combination is copper, arsenic and nickel, and at no other point in the world has such a combination been met with. The find is generally regarded as a freak, and it is not expected that it will continue downward for any great depth. The Kearsarge lode which has been opened for miles in length has seen no evidence of the mineral at any other place.

At the Tri-Mountain the openings are very rich in copper, and the company will probably soon take steps for the building of a mill, being convinced that they have plenty of rock to keep one going. They are pushing opening work vigorously, two shafts being down to the second level and a third shaft just started. The lode shows a width of 37 feet. At No. 1 shaft there has been 900 feet of drifting on the lode, and it shows fine ground. There is still considerable money in the treasury of the company, enough to give the mill a good start and still keep up the work of opening.

Houghton—A special dispatch from Lansing says: "Acting on the theory that its franchise will expire in May, 1901, the Calumet & Hecla Mining company has decided to reincorporate under a law which provides that this may be done by a vote of two-thirds of the stockholders. The state officials, however, contend that inasmuch as the company was formed by the consolidation of four companies, the latest of which was incorporated in 1868 for thirty years, its franchise expired two years ago, and it has since had no existence de jure, and a four-fifths vote is now necessary for reincorporation. This difference of opinion is likely to precipitate litigation."

At the Old Colony, the tunnel which is being driven across the property has just passed through a conglomerate lode 32 feet wide. After passing through 15 feet of trap the tunnel entered an amygdaloid lode, which is 22 feet wide.

At the Centennial, "A" shaft has reached the fifth level on the Kearsarge lode and the plat is now being cut. Twelve drills are being worked in the shaft and drifts, and the lode is looking well. The management of the mine states that it will soon be necessary to erect a stamp mill for the property.

---

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweetheart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

### Degree of Honer.

Zenith lodge No. 99 gives a dance at Lester Park tomorrow night. Tickets 25 cents.

### Lost.

Lady's umbrella, with painted china handle, on steamer Carrington, yesterday. Finder leave at Inman tug office or at Herald.

REFRESHING SLEEP.
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Taken just before retiring quiets the nerves, nourishes the tired and confused brain and induces refreshing sleep
Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Pittsburg, Aug. 20.—Mrs. C. Boyd, wife of the assistant superintendent of the New York and Cleveland Coal company at Oak Hill, was burned to death yesterday in a peculiar manner. She was cleaning a rusty saw and was using what she thought was kerosene oil as a cleanser. She placed the 5-gallon can on the floor about six feet from the stove and turned around to get a rag. Immediately there was an explosion. She ran from the house a mass of flames, and though her husband quickly wrapped her in a blanket and smothered the flames.

JURIST DEAD.

Amsterdam, N. Y., Aug. 20.—Judge John Beverly, late of the supreme court of the state of Washington, died at his home today, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. H. Bostwick, this city. He was born in Oppenheim, Fulton county, N. Y., June 18, 1823.

YOUTSEY VERY BAD.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 20.—It is announced that Harry Youtsey, whose trial for alleged complicity in the Goebel shooting was set for today, is physically unable to appear in court, and that his attorneys will file a physician's certificate to that effect.

### Democratic State Convention Milwaukee, Wis.

Aug. 21 and 22, the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway (North-Wesetrn Line) will sell round trip tickets to Milwaukee at one fare for the round trip ($11.30), good returning until Aug. 24. Secure tickets and reservations at 405 West Superior street.

### Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. $14---Detroit and Return---$14.

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup**
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

### K. P. Conclave Via Northwestern Line.

Time, only 27 hours and 20 minutes. Fare, only $19.85 for round trip, via Milwaukee, with delightful day trip across Lake Michigan. Special arrangements have been made for this service, and all can be accommodated. Do not miss the opportunity. Tickets on sale Aug. 25, 26 and 27, good returning until Sept. 5, with privilege of extension.

Tickets, via Chicago, $20.75.

Complete information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

---

The makers of the Gordon hat have but one end in view—the manufacture of a perfect hat.

Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,
321 West Superior Stree

Full Line Standard Patterns For Fall..

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT
PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Why Go to the Larger Cities?

You can buy as cheap here—and often cheaper. The Big Glass Block Store to the front. We ask you to come here because it pays to buy at The Big Store. These items and prices speak for themselves.

**Bargain Counter No. 1—**
**Great Special Sale of Fine Percale Shirt Waists, 35c each.**
All our fine Percale Shirt Waists, worth from 75c to 85c each, at one price, on Bargain Counter No. 1.
**35c each**

**Colored Dress Goods.**
**Special Showing for Tuesday.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 50-inch Tailor Checks | $1.00 |
| 52-inch Venetians, assorted colors | $1.00 |
| 52-inch Covert, all colors | $1.25 |
| 56-inch Covert, all colors | $1.50 |
| 56-inch Covert, special, all colors | $1.75 |
| 54-inch Pebble Cheviot, all colors | $1.50 |
| 54-inch Golf Cloth, special, all colors | $1.50 |

These goods are new and absolutely correct, up-to-date, and can not be duplicated elsewhere at these prices.

**Black Dress Goods**
To please everybody. All new goods for Monday. Nothing can surpass these goods for quality, design and price. If you want the newest materials, come to the Glass Block and see for yourself. We leave the decision to you, and are sure of the verdict. Just a few of the many makes:
Melrose, Armure, Irish Poplin, Mohair Crepe, Clay Worsted, Bengaline, Pierola, Venetian, Prunella, Tamese, Satin, and Soiel Cloths; prices vary from—
**$1.00 to $3.95**

**New Arrivals in Wash Fabrics.**

| | |
|---|---|
| New Wolverine Cloth—a handsome Wrapper and Shirt Waist Cloth, in printed designs, equal to higher price material; price | 19c |
| New Printed Cashmere Twills—a large assortment in beautiful patterns; price | 10c |
| New Percales—in New Blue, fast colors, and very pretty, at, a yard | 7c |
| New Comfort Cretonnes—large assortment to choose from, at, a yard | 7c |
| New Batts—25 bales of Snow White Batts, weighs a full pound; special, each | 12½c |
| New Prints—German Blue, Indigo Blue and light Shirting Prints, at, per yard— | 5c, 6c, 10c |

**Flannels and Blankets.**

| | |
|---|---|
| We have about 30 pieces of French Flannels for Wrappers and Shirt Waists, handsomely embroidered in silk; usually sold at $1.75 per yard; per yard | $1.35 |
| We have in a new line of White Flannels for underskirts, infants' skirts, and bought exceptionally cheap, they are worth 85c per yard; we shall sell them at, per yard | 65c |
| 50 pieces fine Outing Flannel, in checks and stripes, the 10c quality; we shall sell at, per yard | 7c |

**Blankets.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 pairs of Wool Blankets in plaids, light and dark, worth $4.00 per pair | $2.98 |
| 3 new lines of extra fine Wool Blankets worth up to $7.00 per pair; we will sell to close, at, per pair | $4.98 |

**Bargain Counter No. 2—**
**Swiss Ribbed Vests.**
On Bargain Counter No. 2, we will display about 50 dozen extra fine Swiss Ribbed Vests, in white and ecru, quality never worth less than 50c each, at—
**25c Each.**

**Umbrella Dept.**
*Get ready for more rain—bound to come you know, best be prepared, as follows:*

| | |
|---|---|
| UMBRELLAS—26-inch Steel Rods, natural and unnatural handles; best quality English Gloria; actual values 95c each; here tomorrow each | 79c |
| LADIES' UMBRELLAS—Best quality Twilled Gloria, with Twilled Gloria, with as- $1.75—tomorrow for | $1.25 |

**Special for the Gentlemen:**

| | |
|---|---|
| A 28-inch Gloria Silk Umbrella, really valued at $2—tomorrow on sale for each | $1.39 |

Ladies' $2.50 Umbrellas Reduced to $1.95.
Many styles of handles, sticks, Etc.

**Cloak Department.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies' Walking Skirts, made of heavy double-faced Golf Cloth, with the new inverted pleat back; go on sale tomorrow at | $11.00 |
| Ladies' Walking Skirts, made of heavy Black Kersey cloth, inverted pleat back and several rows of stitching around the bottom of skirt, regular $12 value; tomorrow | $9.98 |
| Ladies' Walking Skirts, made of a very heavy quality Cheviot and double-faced Covert Cloth, will go on sale tomorrow at | $7.50 |
| New Walking Skirts, in dark and light Gray, double faced cloth; equal to any $6 Skirt to be found; our price | $4.98 |

**Notion Department.**
*Little things for Every Day Use at Astonishingly Low Prices.*

| | |
|---|---|
| Black Brush Braid, 5c quality—per yard | 3c |
| Spool Cotton, in Black and White, usually sold 3 for 5c; six spools for | 8c |
| Hooks and Eyes that everybody sells for 5c per card; two cards for | 5c |
| Brilliant Crochet Cotton, the usual selling price of which is 5c; two spools for | 5c |
| Black Binding Braid, 3 yards in a roll; three rolls for | 5c |
| Anchor Hose Supporters that you pay 25c for, we will offer at—per pair | 20c |

**Drug Department.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Dent's Cholera Cure—A positive cure for all bowel complaints; regular price 25c—special | 16c |
| Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Regular price $1.00—special | 72c |
| Trommer's Malt Extract—Regular price $1.00—special | 72c |
| Wood's Sarsaparilla—Regular price $1.00—special | 59c |
| Kalamazoo Celery Compound—Regular price $1.00—special | 79c |
| Cuticura Resolvent—Regular price 50c—special | 39c |
| Cuticura Salve—Regular price 50c; special | 33c |

**Housekeeping Goods Department.**
Because of the foresight in making large purchases of goods in this line before the advance, we are enabled to give you unequalled values, as prices below will demonstrate.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 pieces plain bleached Crash that you usually pay 5c per yard for, we will sell for—per yard | 3c |
| Twilled Roller Toweling that every one knows the value of, in 25-yard bolts, at—per bolt | 90c |
| We have 50 dozen fine full bleached Dinner Napkins, ¾ size, of the best German make—which we shall offer—per dozen | $3.00 |
| 10 pieces, all we have, 72-inch Irish Cream Damask, considered good value at 85c per yard—for | 69c |
| One lot of fine Table Sets, German goods, full bleached, double Satin Damask Cloths, 2 yards by 3; Napkins, full dinner sizes, cheap at $12 a set—per set | $9.50 |
| 100 Genuine Marseilles Bed Spreads, that you pay $3.50 for, we will offer for each | $2.50 |

**Drapery Dept.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Ruffled Swiss Curtains, 3 yards long, well made, dots and plain; regular value $1.25—tomorrow at, per pair | $1.00 |
| Curtain Swiss—100 yards 36 inches wide, dots and stripes; perfect goods; tomorrow—per yard | 10c |
| Brass Extension Rods—5 gross ½x54 Extension Rods, worth 25c; tomorrow, each | 12½c |
| Sham Holders, regular 25c kind; tomorrow each | 12½c |

**Carpet Dept.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Anatolian Rugs—9x12 | $12.50 |
| Anatolian Rugs—7-6x10-6 | $8.75 |
| Anatolian Rugs—6x9 | $6.75 |
| Anatolian Rugs—30x60 inches | $1.00 |
| Linoleum Remnants—per square yard | 35c |
| Oilcloth Remnants, odd lengths, per yard | 16c |

**Bargain Counter No. 4—**
One great lot Books beautifully bound in cloth, all by best authors; publishers' price 35c—Bargain Counter price—
**15c each.**

# HOT GANG CAPTURED

### Police Round Up Eight Giddy Females, Living in Unseemly Style.

## ONE BADLY WANTED

### Is the Woman Who Gave the Police the Slip Last Winter.

A sizzling seltzer siphon was the indirect cause of a wavelet of reform which, swelling to a raging torrent, swept eight fluffy, frivolous, oxide-tressed damselettes into police court this morning; caused an "angel" to forfeit $125, and created a sad, palpitating sensation in the swift set.

Irene Smith, a vivacious little blonde, with large innocent-looking blue eyes, and a pale blue batiste gown to match, went to a place on the Bowery to live several weeks ago. She became so popular that the Bowery dubbed her "the kid," and she looked the part, though she hesitatingly confessed to having accumulated 21 years. She received many flowers, and one night a friend gave her some potted plants. His parting injunction was: "You'll have to water them morning and evening."

Morning to Miss Smith usually means bedtime—4 a. m. So the next morning, when she arrayed herself for sleep, she thought of her new responsibility, and her friend's injunction about "watering" the flowers. Then she was troubled, for the only real knowledge she had of water was that it was something they use in washing buggies and floating ships.

Suddenly she had an idea. She pressed a button and called for three bottles of seltzer water, one for each plant. The boy thought she wanted to take a shower bath, so asked no questions. Then Miss Smith, reclining easily in bed, emptied the siphons in the direction of an open window and the flowers on the ledge. This was working with such luxurious ease that she became infatuated with the idea, and it is reported that the next morning she used six siphons, but a policeman standing down below got most of the contents. He made hurried investigations, and discovered that the place would not be a proper one in which to hold a convention for the promotion of ethics and higher religious thought.

Without disturbing the seltzer squirting blonde, he confided his discoveries to the plain clothes men at headquarters, and their investigations revealed the location of two more disturbed houses. The result of it was that on Saturday night about 11 o'clock, when the moon was clouded, Police Capt. Resche and Detectives Troyer, Irvine and Mork, pushed steadily out into the ambient, dew damp atmosphere, and proceeded to the house of Nellie Lynch, at 24 East First street.

They arrested the Lynch woman, aged 34; Catherine Clements, aged 33, and Gertrude Jones, as old as an elderly person usually gets. They were locked up, and the officers set out for the other place about midnight.

They entered the front parlor in the midst of a scene of wild hilarity, in which Irene Smith, "Big Marie" Hutchinson and Maggie Clarke, a portly dame of 25 (?), were doing a distinctly startling stunt of aggressive impropriety, in which a display of physical assets and beribboned lingerie were prominent features. The three women were arrested, and about twenty men were allowed to go, as there was no evidence against them.

The raiding party then went to the home of Susie Jones, at 19 First avenue west, where they arrested the proprietress and a certain Anna Hanson. Now Miss Hanson is a young woman much desired by the police. Last November when a raid was made on the McIntyre house in a very fashionable neighborhood on East Second street, Miss Hanson was doing a pose at the head of the stairs, in which the curves of her Hogarth line of beauty had a better chance than police regulations permit. There was a new officer along on that occasion and he was entrusted with Miss Hanson's ample proportions, while that young lady was dressing to go to headquarters. She took him in a room and locked the door. Then the demure maiden, blushingly asked the "rookie" policeman to study the mottoes on the wall while she arrayed herself in a more suitable walking costume. He complied. She slipped into another room and turned the key, leaving the policeman locked in the room. Miss Hanson, scantily clad, dropped out a rear window and except for a few barefoot prints in the snow, there was no trace of her. The warrant kept, however, and she was arraigned on the old November document, this morning.

Of the other women, "Big Marie" Hutchinson, traveling under the name of Cecil Bertram, is the most notorious. She was mixed up in the Woollen house raid in First alley, early last fall, and since then was arrested in San Francisco, where she went with a man named Hall. It cost Hall in the neighborhood of $3000 to get out of the tangle. Another of the women arrested is the daughter of a rather prominent family.

Irene Smith and "Big Marie' Hutchinson, admitted their guilt and were fined $15 and costs or go to the county jail for fifteen days. At noon they had not paid, but it was thought that they would.

The case of Nellie Lynch, Gertrude Jones, and Katherine Clements, who entered pleas of not guilty were set for Wednesday morning. The Lynch woman is out on $100 bail and the other two on $25 each. The cases of Susie Jones and Anna Hanson were set for Friday morning, with bail fixed at $100 and $25 respectively.

You'll Have to—

Hurry!

If you get one of those $20, $18.00, $16.00 and $14.00 Men's Suits for—

$10

Or a $12.00, $10.00, and $8.00 Suits for—

$6.

They are going fast. If you want one better come in at once.

Cash or $1.00 Per Week.
Open Monday Evenings.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.,
8 East Superior Street.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Professor Ourat's last party at Lester Park takes place Wednesday, Aug. 22.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

Dance at Lseter Park tomorrow night by Zenith lodge No. 99 D. of H. Tickets, 25 cents.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Presbyterian church will meet in the church parlors Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

An effort is being made on the part of local druggists to induce the members of the North Dakota Retail Druggists' association to come on an excursion to Duluth at the time of their meeting in Grand Forks during the first part of next August.

A fine program is promised this evening and balance of week at the Parlor theatre. Among the new artists to appear will be found Paldo La Zara, character impersonator; Tony and Maggie Le Bertus, sketch duo; Lottie Langley, singing and dancing soubrette; Mlle. St. Armand, art pictures; the great Mexican duo "Zatzan and Mlle. Mowra, in their thrilling impalement act. The knife throwing feats of this duo are the very finest. Other members of the company, who will be seen in specialty acts are Charles F. Marston, Trease Kemp, Tim Ryan, Anna Parker, Trixie Harris, Lulu Jaxon.

John M. Maier, of Medford, Wis., father of Mrs. George Schmidt, of 2101 East First street, died Saturday at his home there.

The markets today opened without material change, and with business fair, considering the weather. For eggs, 12½c was the ruling price; spring chickens, 10c; hens, 9c; potatoes, 30@33c.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Frank Marshal and Mary Kruger, both of St. Louis county; Louis E. Baker, of St. Loius county, and Matilda Bentz, of Douglas county, Wis.; and to Joseph Beauchamp and Marie Potvin, both of St. Louis county.

It's a treat to smoke the "Bon Amie."

Maj. Sears was to receive bids for raising and removing the temporary protection pier outside the new south canal pier, but there was but one submitted. This was from William Osborne, and the amount was $4016.50, and it was rejected as being too high.

A considerable amount of mail matter was received here today that went through the railroad wreck on the Lake Shore railroad near Sandusky a few days ago. The letters had been watersoaked and were dirty and discolored. Many of them looked very bad.

THIRD WEEK!
La Pearl's Big Combination!
And still crowding houses—Why?
Because there are
15—ACTS—15c
Pure, clean, refined vaudeville.
Entire change of program. Go tonight.
PAVILION.

## SHOWING IS GOOD.

### The Amount of Delinquent Taxes Is Small.

According to a statement prepared in the office of the county auditor the delinquent taxes due June 1, 1900, amounted to $458,532.78, divided as follows: State taxes, $58,223.43; school taxes, $101,631.76; county taxes, $58,400.85; town and city, $242,086.01 is for 1899 taxes, and most of this will be cleaned up before Nov. 1, when the second half will be due in cases where property owners adopted the half-payment system. This is a very good showing, and it has been a long time since the amount of delinquent taxes was so small as this.

The report shows that the tax list as returned for last year amounted to $953,086.01. Subsequent additions were $4203.49, and $12,271.45 was abated and $13,294.84 refunded since May 31, 1899. Of the total delinquent taxes $189,747.87 is for taxes years prior to 1899.

## ITS THIRD WEEK.

### La Pearl Company Appears at Pavilion in an Entirely New Show.

The La Pearl company opened its third week at the Pavilion yesterday with an entirely new show. There were a number of new people and all those who had been retained and new acts. The attendance was very large and the outlook for a successful week is bright. Moroseo an acrobat and pantimimist gave a very comical act filled with funny things and creating much laughter. Later on he gave eccentricities on the slack wire assisted by Harry La Pearl. Little Ruby in her songs completely captured the crowd and received recalls. Ellet brothers gave a great exhibition of bar and trapeze work.

Mrs. Matt uKsell gave a beautiful act which she intends to give in vaudeville circuits this coming season. The scene in which she appeared represented the church of Notre Dame in Paris and Mrs. Kusell appeared in surplice and cassock and sank "In His Steps" a song written expressly for her by Raymond Brown, and the ever beautiful "Salve Marie."

## Large List of Passengers.

The steamer City of Traverse of the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior Transportation company came in last evening with the following passengers:

E. V. Paul, G. C. Garrone, wife and daughter, Pittsburg, Pa.; Mrs. T. L. Watson, Mrs. William Huff, of Chicago; S. Lattin and wife, Shabona Grove, Iowa; John Doorley, Chicago; G. R. Baldwin, Griggsville, Ill.; A. W. Wicke, T. Schnell, Dr. E. L. Moorehead, wife and son, Miss Mary Schnell, Miss Minnie Schnell, Chicago; J. L. Warden and wife, Terre Haute, Ind.; J. O. Schultz, wife and child, Indianapolis; George T. Kemp, Champaign, Ill.; C. E. Sparrett and wife, Chicago; A. W. Palmer, Champaign, Ill.; C. McAuliffe, wife and son, Chicago; F. R. Bunting, Quincy; J. Peake, S. H. Helm, Miss F. J. Conley, chicago; J. Ringland, Hackney, Pa.; Miss Kunnell, Miss Wallace, Marshaltown, Iowa; G. L. Farrell, Chicago; S. S. McMullen, wife and son, Miss McMullen, Miss Bogart, Evanston, Ill.; Miss D. Clifford, Miss M. Clifford, Chicago; F. H. Walcott and wife, Miss Trego, Mr. Gunther and wife, Chicago; Mrs. Hindee, and son, Miss Lunberg, C. Sandelbach, Miss D. L. Franke, Milwaukee; Hon. Charles Lewiston and wife, Madison, Wis.; Rev. Cyprian, Mr. Elgin and wife, Mr. Knack and wife, Miss McDonald, Chicago; Miss Teal, Grand Rapids, Mich.; M. Frelmuth, F. P. Robinson, Mr. Graves, wife and Child, Duluth; Dr. Lotcher, wife and son, Henderson, Ky.; Mrs. J. R. Simms, and daughter, Racine, Wis.; Mrs. Manners and son, Hancock, Mich.; Thomas Cullyford, Miss Howland, Miss Eckstrom, Mrs. Best, Duluth; C. A. Landin, Ashland, Wis.; Miss Parker and sister, Chicago; W. Armstrong, George Taylor, H. Brown, S. Martin, Duluth.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

# FINALLY CLOSED

### Receivership of Duluth Street Railway Is at An End.

## RECEIPTS ARE HEAVY

### Fares Collected In Four Months Aggregate Nearly $120,000.

Two steps in the consolidation of the street railway lines of the head of the lakes appeared of record here today. The first was the closing up of the receivership of the Duluth Street Railway company, and the discharge of Luther Mendenhall as receiver. The second step is the filing of a trust deed covering an issue of $2,500,000 in first mortgage bonds, made by the Duluth Street Railway company.

The trust deed runs to the Central Trust company, of New York, as trustee, and the bonds are to run thirty years, and to draw 5 per cent interest. They are to be used for the purpose of paying off the company's indebtedness, to extend existing lines, and to acquire new ones, and to further extend and improve the system. Of the total amount of bonds authorized, the trustee is to issue $2,000,000 at once and turn it over to the company, retaining the remaining $500,000, which is to be used only in acquiring new lines and making improvements, and is to be issued as needed.

The property covered by the mortgage includes the entire system in Duluth and Superior, except the Woodland line, and the rolling stock and equipment. The Duluth lines included are the West Duluth and Lake avenue lines, the Interstate line, the Incline railway, the Highland avenue line and the Lakeside line. The Superior lines are also included. The trust deed is signed by C. G. Goodrich, as president, and L. Mendenhall, as secretary, of the Duluth Street Railway company.

The order terminating the receivership was signed by Judge Dibell, Aug. 8, so it has been ended nearly two weeks, though the papers were not filed until this morning. Mr. Mendenhall was appointed receiver as the result of a suit brought by Thomas Lowry, who was a judgment creditor. Receiver Mendenhall's petition for his discharge states that he had money enough in his hands to pay off all the claims that were filed against the company and not yet settled. These amounted to about $37,000, besides a claim of $5200 for personal injuries that is still in litigation. He presented his final account, and Judge Dibell's order provided that upon the receiver's presenting receipts showing that the claims filed had been paid he was to be discharged. These receipts, together with a satisfaction of Lowry's judgment, were presented this morning, so the order has gone into effect.

Receiver Mendenhall presented two reports. One was for the three months ending June 30, and it showed the following figures: Balance April 1, $31,160.72; receipts, $78,310.01; disbursements, $78,162.82; balance, $31,308.11. The principal item of the receipts was $74,915.46 in cash fares, and the principal items of the disbursements were $28,603.01 for pay rolls and $23,825 in bond interest. The second report was from July 1 to Aug. 4, and its figures follow: Balance, $31,308.11; receipts, $35,214.21; disbursements, $13,141.31; balance, $53,381.01. The principal item of receipts was $33,885.95 in cash fares, and the principal item of disbursements was $10,761.40 for labor.

Judge Dibell's order discharging the receiver directs him to turn all of the assets in his hands over to the company except $8000, which he is to retain to pay any liabilities incurred during his administration, including personal injury suits now pending.

## Mission Conference.

The Swedish Baptist churches of Duluth and Superior held their quarterly mission conference at the Bethel church, Ninth avenue east and Third street, Friray and Saturday, and closed yesterday afternoon with a largely attended meeting. Beside the local ministers taking part at the sessions, there were present: Rev. D. Lofstrom, of Grantsburg, Wis.; A. A. Anderson, of Brainerd, and Sekerstrom, of Lake Nebegeman. The conference was inspiring and encouraging to all the churches. The committee appointed last fall to consider the formation of a Sunday School union for Duluth and vicinity reported in favor of uniting with the Northeastern Minnesota Sunday School union, the matter having been favorably acted upon by each church separately at its last meeting.

## The Re-organized Church

Of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints. If there are any members of this church in Duluth or vicinity, please call on or write to Elder James M. Baggerly, 1915 Hammond avenue, West Superior, Wis.

The shape of the Gordon hat is always correct.

FRENCH INFANTRYMAN.
Here is Johnny Crapaud, in a characteristic pose. It is upon such truly heroic men as this that the Esterhazys of the army of France build their often fictitious reputations for personal bravery.

## PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Marks, of Lawrence, Kan., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Harrington.

Rev. and Mrs. G. C. Campbell, of Ingleside seminary, of Berkville, Iowa, arrived in Duluth on Thursday and during their stay will be the guests of their sisters, Mrs. H. C. Helm and Mrs. B. F. Smith.

Rev. L. J. Grandchamp, of Crookston, Minn., is for a few days stopping at St. James' home, Twentieth avenue west and Third street.

Miss Anna Daoust and Miss Laura Daoust have returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Houghton, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Chisholm, Miss Adele Chisholm, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Clapp, of Cleveland, are stopping at the Spalding. The party came up on the City of Traverse this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nestor, of Baraga, are visiting in the city today.

Thomas M. Ring, of Saginaw, arrived in the city today.

Ed Hollinshead, of Fargo, N. D., is registered at the Spalding.

Henry Keller, the Sauk Center politician, stopped off in the city a few hours today.

F. E. Laird, a Minneapolis lumberman, is registered at the St. Louis.

A. E. McCartney, of St. Paul, was in town today.

L. C. Simons and wife, of Red Lake Falls, Minn., are visiting in the city.

L. J. Grandchamp, of Crookston, is a guest of the St. Louis.

Charles E. Scarrett and wife, of Chicago, are at the head of the lake on their wedding tour. The management of the St. Louis was forewarned of their arrival by cards from Chicago, asking that plenty of ice be prepared.

Charles Lewiston and wife, of Madison, Wis., called in the city today.

Miss Sophie St. Clair, of Ishpeming, Mich.: is visiting Mrs. eorge A. St. Clair, 1105 London road.

Martha S. Anderson, women's editor of the Minneapolis Journal, and Miss Potter, of Pittsburg, are in the city on their way to Rainy Lake. They will go out of the gold country by way of Rat Portage and Port Arthur.

Mr. and Mrs. C. McAuliffe and son, of Chicago, came upon the City of Traverse last evening. Mr. McAuliffe is managing editor of the Chicago Times-Herald.

F. S. Sleeper of the Fitzsimmons-Derrig company, has gone to Isle Royale for a week or ten days.

John Panton and family will return Wednesday from their European trip. They were to have been home today but stopped off at Montreal for a few days.

F. L. Seixas, of St. Paul, at one time a Duluth newspaper man, is in the city.

William Chalmers, M. H. Torinus and G. S. Welshius, of Stillwater, were at the St. Louis last evening.

N. H. Danforth, of Mora, is in the city.

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, is in the city.

F. Earl Crawford, of St. Paul, city editor of the St. Paul Daily News, was in the city yesterday.

T. T. Hudson returned today from Boston.

W. C. Agnew left yesterday for the iron ranges with Frank Hitchcock and several Youngstown, Ohio, people who are interested in the mining properties of the Mahoning company.

Jimmy Griffin was called to Amsterdam, New York, yesterday, on account of the serious illness of his wife.

L. Miller, M.D., and graduated doctor of Osteopathy, and Carrie B. Miller, D. O., formerly of Des Moines, Iowa, have located in Duluth and opened offices in the Burrows block.

## BANK BUILDING CHANGE.

### First Floor of First National to Be Entirely Remodeled.

The contract for the remodeling of the First National bank building has been let to C. F. Haglin, the man who is building the annex to the Peavey elevator. Work will be begun as soon as the material is on the ground. The banking room is to be materially enlarged, and the entire lower floor will, in fact, be completely changed. The present entrance to the building from the Superior street side will be dropped to the street level and the rise to the first floor will begin about sixteen feet in from the doorway. At that distance a marble stairway will lead up and the incline will be much easier than the present one. At the head of this stairway the main door into the banking room will be located. This will put the door several feet back from its present location. The banking room will be enlarged by taking in the side stairway space, the office now occupied by Mendenhall & Hoopes, and the office heretofore occupied by the St. Louis County Abstract company. Part of the latter office will be used for a corridor and entrance from the avenue side of the building. The vaults now in the bank will be taken out and new and larger vaults will be put in in the space now occupied by Mendenhall & Hoopes.

These changes will make the bank room much larger. The need of more room has been felt for some time, and this change will give the bank all it needs.

The present stairway, which will be torn out, will be replaced by a slate and iron one, which will be located where the light well beyond the elevators now is. The elevators will not be disturbed.

SOUTH AMERICAN WIVES.

The men in South America hold their women in highest respect. Not only do they accord them the polite distinction of outward deference, but they guard them with an earnest solicitude that protects them from every care, and they bear for them every burden that man can carry for woman. The chivalry of the olden time survives among these people, and this is doubtless one reason why the women are so contented with their lot. A charming senora assured me that the South American women make the best wives in the world, and I do not doubt it. After marriage the woman is as one lost to the world, says the Woman's Home Companion. Her career is finished so far as matters outside her domestic affairs are concerned. Her sphere of influence is henceforth inclosed within the triple courts of her husband's house, and consistsh in bringing up her children and in exercising a mild sovereignty in her domestic domain. There are no married flirts in South America, no scandals caused by unfaithful wives, no ambitious women pining in their secluded homes, so far as is known. There are no woman's rights conventions, no woman's temperance societies, no daughters', no mothers' meetings. There is not even a woman's whist club in the whole country. The wife knows nothing of the family finances, and she is not consulted in the consideration of her husband's serious affairs. The question may well be asked by the women of the United States, what in the world do these women do with their time? and the answer is that their days are quite as full of activities, mental and physical, as they wish them to be. South American women do not crave the freedom and the publicity of life they see enjoyed by their sisters in this country. They prefer the seclusion with the protection of their own method of life. They are very charitable, too, and are kindness itself to the poor people in their neighborhood, as they send portions of bread and meat every day to their poor neighbors.

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Fine building locations in East End for sale. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

# MISSOURI TRAGEDY

### Double Murder Results From a Quarrel Over a Line Fence.

## THE MURDERER SHOT

### By the Sheriff After He Had Fatally Wounded the Officer.

Leavenworth, Kas., Aug. 20.—Dr. Arrington, in Platte county, Mo., near East Leavenworth, today shot and killed James Wallace, a wealthy farmer, in a quarrel over a line fence. Arrington then went to the home of his mother-in-law, the widow of William Wallace, and deliberately shot her to death.

Arrington escaped in a wagon with his young daughter, but was pursued by Sheriff Dillingham and a posse. About 10 o'clock the posse came up with Arrington, in a road near Farley. The murderer opened fire, fatally wounding Sheriff Dillingham in the breast. As the sheriff fell he shot Arrington through the heart.

Wallace and Arrington, who were neighbors, had been enemies for some time. Wallace was greasing his buggy today, when Arrington approached and, without a word, fired two shots. One took effect in Wallace's head and the other in the breast, causing instant death.

Arrington then drove across the river to Leavenworth, taking his daughter with him. He purchased 250 cartridges and returned to the home of Mrs. William Wallace. Arrington entered the woman's house unbidden and shot her to death before she could make an outcry. Then he climbed into his wagon and drove off. A posse was formed quickly and, headed by Sheriff Dillingham, started after the murderer.

Arrington drove his wife away from their home Saturday night by threatening to kill her. She slept in a corn field, and is still in hiding.

## A SAILOR'S ORDEAL.

### Twenty Days on a Desolate Island Without Food.

Almost beyond belief is the tale of suffering told by William Warwick, a sailor, who was rescued from Isle du Morte, off the southern coast of Newfoundland, last Saturday, after he had spent twenty days without food on the desolate piece of rock. Warwick's feet have been amputated and it is hoped that he will survive his frightful experience, but his physical condition is very bad, says a St. John's, N. S., correspondent of the St. Louis Republic.

For the first time since his rescue Warwick is able to talk intelligently today. Like other marines who have been placed in similar straits, he kept close track of the flight of time and was able to tell of his experiences and sensations in reasonably consecutive order, as follows:

"On July 1, with two shipmates, Oliver Smithwick and Henry Winn, I deserted the British schooner Little Pet. We slid down the line by which the yawl was made fast astern and cut adrift. Smithwick had robbed the galley of stores enough to last for three days. We expected to reach the French lobster factories on the west coast of Newfoundland, where Winn said there was plenty of work at good wages.

"When we had been afloat about six hours, it blew a gale. The yawl upset, and the last I saw of Winn and Smithwick they were fighting in the water to get on the yawl. They were out of sight in a minute, and I fancy they were drowned.

"I kept afloat. When it got daylight my legs were swollen and cramped, and I had no feeling in my arms. I saw an island and swam for it. The surf rolled me up on the rocks and pounded me. I remember dragging myself out of the reach of the waters and going to sleep. I woke up about noon and the sun was frightfully hot. My skin was all puffed out in blisters. My legs were so swollen that I had to cut my trousers off with a sharp piece of stone. I could not get my knife out of my pocket. I lay there in the hot sun all the afternoon, too weak to move. When it got dark I went to sleep again for a while, and when I woke up it was raining. My tongue was swollen so that I could not keep it in my mouth. I rolled over and drank my fill from a hollow in the rocks and went to sleep again.

"On July 3, at daylight, I dragged myself to the top of some socks to get my bearings. I could see the mainland, about ten miles off to the north. My idea was that I was off Cape Race, and I was right, for after dark, I saw the Cape Rice light.

"It may sound strange, but up to July 4 I had not been hungry, although I had not had anything to eat since leaving the Little Pet. I guess I was suffering so much that I forgot to get hungry. There was plenty of water in the hollows of the rocks. I went off on a cruise around the island for something to eat and found that I was upon a rocky desert. There was not a weed, a bush nor a root on the whole island. On July 5, I became very hungry. The sun came up as hot as in the tropics and my skin began to peel off. I drank a quantity of water, but could not drag myself around much. A fishing schooner passed, but I could not attract its attention.

"On July 6, I tore up my trousers and made a sort of a hook out of the buckle. I tried to fish, but, having no bait, of course I did not catch anything. I was out of my head at times with pain and hunger.

"On July 7 I soaked the pocket of my trousers, in which I had carried tobacco, in water and chewed the wet cloth. It seemed to me that it stayed the hunger some.

"On July 8, I was in a kind of stupor. Several fishing boats passed during the afternoon, but they were a long way off. I could scarcely crawl, but I kept filled with water.

"On July 9, the sun was very hot and I suffered more than at any time since I had been cast ashore. I had lost all feeling in my legs from the knees down. My stomach hurt me so that I was bent up with frightful cramps.

"I drank about a barrel of water on July 10, and for the four succeeding days all hunger had left me and I lay without moving, at the side of a pool of water. I saw a steamer passing one day so close that I could see people on the deck looking at the island, but I could not make a move to call attention to myself.

"On July 15, the wind blew a gale through the night and it was frightfully cold. I managed to crawl to the side of a rock close to the water, where I was sheltered from the wind. My feet were beginning to turn blue. I remained there till the 17th, when I began to feel quite strong and, getting up, tried to walk on my swollen legs. They did not hurt, but I could not manage them. I had made up my mind that I was going to die, when a small yacht came along and appeared about to put off a boat. I jumped up and screamed, but my scream was a whisper. My throat seemed to close.

"On July 18 I knew I was going crazy. I could see hundreds of boats on the water. They all came to the beach and turned around and went back again. I thought there was a big band playing at Cape Rice, and that I could hear the music plainly. The idea got in my head that I had found a rich gold mine. I actually crawled around hunting for gold. Toward evening the wind blew up cool and fresh and I had frightful pains in my stomach. The last I remember was a dream of eating almost everything I had ever heard of.

"On July 19 I can remember for a short time in the morning after sunrise: I looked at my feet and wondered if they were there. They were bursting, but I did not feel pain. I don't remember drinking water."

James Currie, a telegraph repairer, while passing Isle du Morte last Saturday evening in his boat saw the body of a man on the beach, investigated, and found Warwick, who was unconscious. He was taken to Channel and put under the care of a surgeon. The poor fellow has suffered even more intense agony since his rescue than he did during his lonely vigil on the rocky islet. He has a remarkable constitution, which was all that carried him through his terrifying experience.

Warwick was asked if he had thought of suicide while he was cast off on the island.

"Never once," he replied, "and it's strange, too, for I had my knife by me all the time."

THE TATTOOED GIRL.

"No need to go to the dime museums or side shows of the circus these days to see the tattooed girls," said a man, according to an exchange. "All the summer resorts, but particularly the seaside resorts, teem with them. Evening dress reveals the tattooing. Why, half the necks and arms and shoulders displayed by the girls at the hotel hop the other evening were all criss-crossed and speckled, for all the world like a war map or a guide to a golf links, at least. It was what you might call a checkered career laid bare by these decollette bodices. My sister says it isn't tattooing at all, but sunburn, and she also says that it's all due to what she calls the diaphanous shirt waist. I think I know the kind of shirt waist she means—that very thin, fluffy sort, you know, that is patterned in plaids or dots or stripes a bit thicker than the goods itself, and I suppose that the girl wearing it is burned according to this pattern. Anyway, to the masculine eye it looks just like tattooing. I've paid to look at many a dime museum freak who couldn't hold a candle to some of the tattooed girls to be seen for nothing at any summer resort just now."

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

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## CLEVER CROOK

### Romantic Story of Emanuel Ninger, the Famous Counterfeiter.

### His Pen and Ink Bank Notes Readily Passed as Genuine.

The 6-year sentence imposed upon Emanuel Ninger, the "Jim the Penman" of the counterfeiting profession in 1896—allowing for "good time"—expires tomorrow at the Erie county (New York) prison, but he will probably be immediately rearrested and removed to New Jersey for trial upon an indictment pending there charging the mannufacture of counterfeit notes, says a New York special to the Cincinnati Enquirer. When arrested in New York city, in March, 1896, for passing spurious bills, evidence that he manufactured these counterfeits in New Jersey was secured, and an unsuccessful effort was made at the time to have him transferred to New Jersey for trial on the graver charge.

Here is a man who completely baffled the officers of the law for more than fifteen years. There is always a touch of the romantic about the story of a counterfeiter, but the case of Ninger is by far more like fiction than that of any other bogus note maker ever known to the secret service. Early in the year 1879 there was received at the redepmtion bureau of the treasury department, in a batch of notes from one of the sub-treasuries, a twenty-dollar legal tender note which the eye of the expert "examiner" detected as counterfeit, but unlike any previously discovered spurious production. Careful scrutiny under a magnifying glass disclosed a startling fact.

The note was a free hand drawing with pen and ink, and yet its likeness was so close to the genuine as to practically defy detection at the hands of any but the most expert. The secret service officials were immediately notified, but were unable to do anything because the tellers at the sub-treasury from which the note came were unable to say how the note came into their possession. From that time until Ninger's arrest, in March, 1896, these marvelous works of art turned up at more or less regular intervals, usually arriving at the treasury in remittances from banks where they had escaped detection. Nor did they come from any particular quarter, every section of the country contributing its share to the history of these now famous notes.

Try as hard as they would the secret service agents could get no clew to the maker. The "general appearance" of the notes was so good that no shopkeeper hesitated to accept them, and in the course of a few days, when they reached the banks, it was an even chance they would pass scrutiny, so that the officers were blocked at every turn in endeavoring to trace them from hand to hand. A theory was advanced by some that the author of these amazing counterfeits was a person of leisure, gifted with the faculty of imitation, who had developed this strange fad as an amusement. It pleased him to lead Uncle Sam's detectives a merry dance in pursuit of a will-o'-the-wisp.

Up to November, 1893, all of these pen-and-ink notes received at the treasury were twenties and fifties. Then, however, a fresh specimen of this man's handiwork was discovered, like the first, in a remittance from a sub-treasury. It was a $100 legal tender issue of the series of 1880, bearing the portrait of Lincoln. In all save the denomination it was like previous specimens by the same author.

Warnings of these counterfeits were repeatedly given widest publicity, and numerous points wherein they differed from the genuine as well as methods for detection were incorporated in these warnings. One of these methods was to pass a moistened finger across the serial number. Under this test the ink would blur. It was the unintentional application of this test which caused Ninger's downfall.

When he started out from Flagtown, N. J., on Saturday morning, March 28, 1896, Ninger had in his possession six twenty-dollar notes and one fifty-dollar note, which together were the product of fifteen weeks' work. He passed five of the twenties without any difficulty, the sixth nearly brought him to grief. Entering John Wyman's grocery store, No. 162 Third avenue, New York city, he called for a bottle of whisky and gave the twenty-dollar note in payment. Immediately after his departure the cashier, while taking an account of "cash," noticed the blurred condition of the number on the twenty as it passed from under her moistened thumb, and, quickly realizing that something was wrong with the note, clerks were sent in every direction to find the customer, but he had disappeared.

After leaving the grocery Ninger walked rapidly down town to the saloon, No. 87 Cortlandt street, where he obtained a glass of Rhine wine and a cigar and asked the bartender to give him change for a $50 bill, explaining that he wanted it to pay off his farm hands. He was accommodated, and hastily gathering up the change hurried out. His actions aroused the sus- [illegible] who escorted him to the Church street police station, where he gave his name as Joseph Gilbert, residence Wilkesbarre, Penn., said he was not married, as his wife had gone away and in his country it was not considered a marriage when a wife had left her husband. He explained the possession of the counterfeit bill by stating that he obtained it from a man in the corridor of the Union Trust company's building to whom he sold two $100 United States bonds.

The secret service officers were notified of the arrest, and upon seeing the counterfeit note, they were convinced that the man who had caused them so many sleepless nights was at last safely lodged behind the bars. Wrappers on the several bundles found in the prisoner's possession enabled the detectives to locate five of the $20 notes passed that day, yet the case, as it then stood, did not solve the problem in a manner satisfactory to the government officers. The charge of passing counterfeit notes would safely lie against the prisoner, but was he the maker? If so, proof of the fact must be secured at all hazards. After several hours "sweating," and becoming thoroughly convinced that there was on escape from the web of evidence the officers had succeeded in weaving about him, the man admitted that his true name was Emanuel Ninger and that he alone was responsible for the existence of the pen-and-ink counterfeits. On the strength of his statements the detectives proceeded to Ninger's home in Flagtown, N. J., and secured his outfit, which consisted only of a few pens and pencils, some green and black ink, several small blocks of water colors and two or three sheets of bond paper.

The arrest of Ninger and the unique features of the case caused a good deal of newspaper talk, and especially attracted the attention of handwriting experts, all of whom were incredulous, refusing to accept the explanation of the secret service men as to how the counterfeits were made, one of them going so far as to offer $100 for a pen and ink imitation of a $10 note that would deceive a newsboy.

A prominent New York newspaper accepted the challenge, with the result that the expert "crawfished," expressing his opinion of Ninger and his work in the following language: "The genius of Ninger, as I have intimated, and his great preeminence as an impressionist. In a former letter I called attention to the border of the obverse side of the ten-dollar greenback and said it could not be done in less time than one month. I revise that statement. It could not be done at all, and Ninger wouldn't attempt it. I confess to you that until I took up this note to examine it critically, in order to estimate the forger's labor, I never knew there was a border; least of all did I know what it contained. The astute forger trades on this mental peculiarity, and so doesn't get his foot in it by attempting what is both impossible and unnecessary. The same is true of the lathe work, upon which the government depends as a sure defense against imitation. I called attention to the impossibility of imitating the fine, white, geometrical lines of the lathe work, and confess that I had this work in mind when I offered $100 for an imitation of a ten-dollar greenback that would deceive a newsboy. The fact is, there is not a newsboy living who would examine the lathe work on the back of a ten-dollar greenback before pocketing it, and in that respect we are all newsboys—all except the government detectives."

The fact that Ninger made and passed all of the notes himself, having no confederates to share his secret, coupled with the skillful manner in which he did his work, made it possible for him to continue so long without detection. He worked in a little room on the second floor of the modest cottage in which he resided, with his wife and four children, at Flagtown, N. J. No one, not even his wife, was allowed to enter this room while he was at work. His method was substantially as follows: First, he procured bond paper of about the same quality as that upon which the genuine notes are printed, of course without silk threads. Cutting this the exact size of the genuine note, he immersed it in a weak solution of coffee. This imparted to the paper the appearance of age, or rather as though it had passed through several hands.

While the paper was still wet it was placed over the face of the genuine note, the edges being exactly together. The two were then placed flatly upon a pane of glass and every figure and letter, portrait and vinette, together with the signatures and seal, were brought out in bold relief, and could be plainly seen through the transparent bond paper. The pane of glass was then placed against the window frame at an angle of 45 degrees. The light, of course, shone through, rendering the tracery of the genuine engraving distinct. In this position the operator commenced work, first with and extremely hard and sharp-pointed pencil. With it he carefully traced all parts, even the most minute, of the genuine note.

After the bond paper had become thoroughly dry the same ground was gone over with pen and ink. It was here that the marvelous touch and skill of the penman were displayed, attesting the accuracy of his eye and the steadiness of his nerve. The colors on the note were applied with a camel's-hair brush, and these colors so perfectly imitated those of the genuine as to contribute materially to the excellent "general appearance" of the note. Red and blue ink marks were made to take the place of the silk threads which are worked into the pulp of the genuine paper. The treasury seal, which has a place on all of Uncle Sam's paper currency, is almost invariably placed over portions of the main design of the note, thus adding difficulties to the tracing of its intrinsic lines, but Ninger copied it with wonderful skill and fidelity.

The same care and attention were not devoted to the back of the note. It was almost entirely executed with the brush. Of course the general design was strictly adhered to, but the geometrical lines of the lathe work were not attempted with any degree of exactness. Here again the artist relied mainly upon the coloring to add to the deception.

The immersing of counterfeits in a weak solution of coffee is an old trick of counterfeiters, but it will probably be admitted that this is the only old thing about the producing of these pen, ink and brush notes.

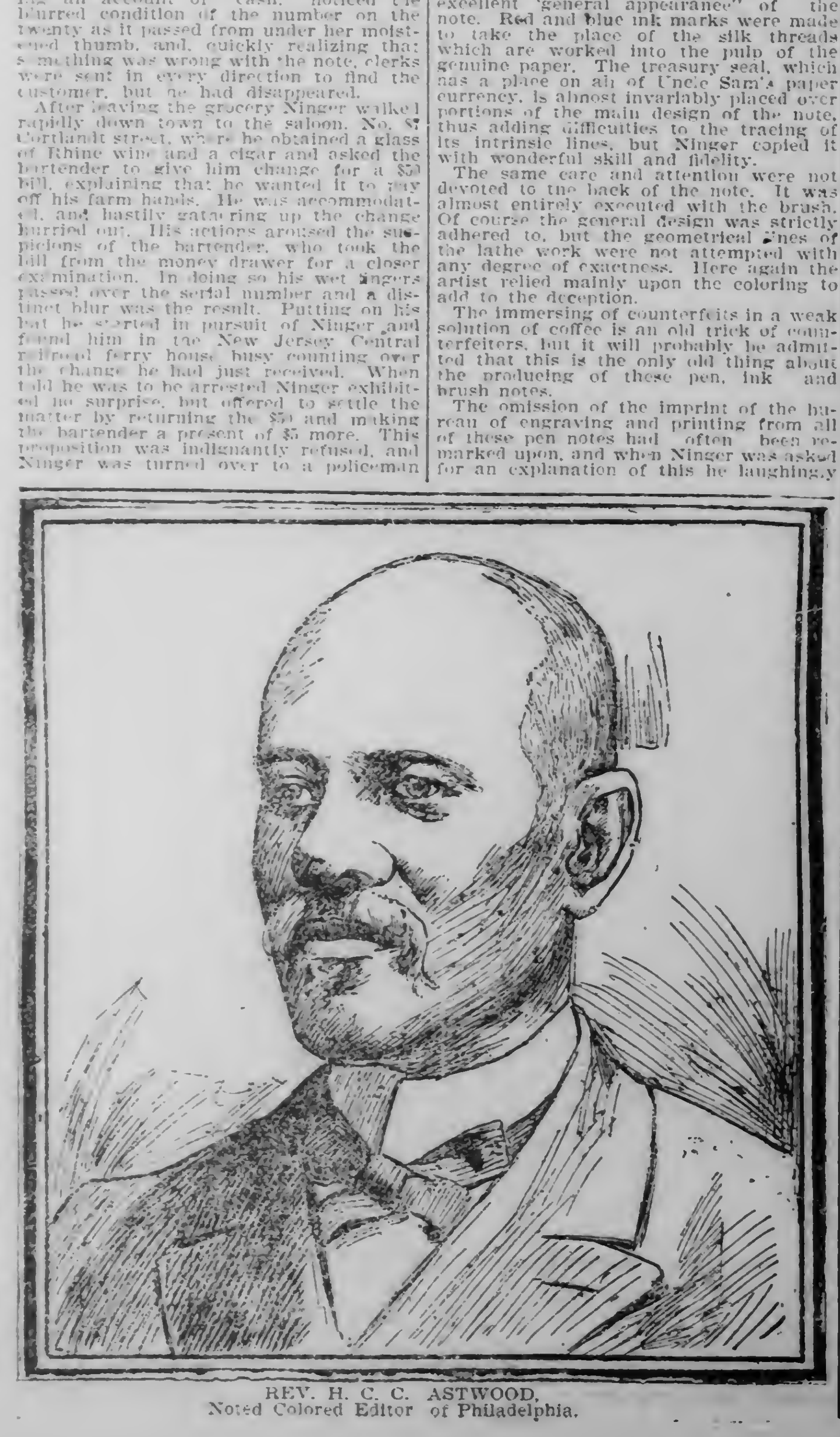
The omission of the imprint of the bureau of engraving and printing from all of these pen notes had often been remarked upon, and when Ninger was asked for an explanation of this he laughingly said: "They did not make them." He had purposely omitted the imprint.

Indictments were returned against Ninger both in New Jersey and New York, the former charged with the manufacture of counterfeit notes, while the latter was for passing them. It was endeavored to have New York surrender the prisoner to New Jersey in order that he might be tried on the more serious charge, but to this New York declined to accede. Ninger's defense was both novel and ingenious. It was contended that no one was defrauded through his operations, because each note was a work of art and as such was worth more than its face value. In support of this argument a witness was introduced who testified that he was in possession of one of the twenties which he would not part with for five times the amount it purported to represent. This defense, however, did not save him, as he was promptly convicted and sentenced to be confined in the Sing Sing prison for a term of six years.

The seizure of agents of the secret service of paintings representing currency has been frequently commented upon. In many instances it has been contended that these seizures were unwarranted in law and ridiculous because no possible harm could result from the execution or possession of such "works of art."

Recently an official of the secret service had this to say on the subject: "There is ample authority of law for the confiscation of paintings or anything else made to resemble the currency of the United States, but to be on the safe side agents of the service are instructed to in every instance seek the advice of the United States district attorney having jurisdiction and be governed by his decision. I venture to say that at some time during his incumbency every United States attorney has been called upon to construe the statutes in the matter of these paintings, and I have yet to learn of one who has refused to order the seizure.

"It was the intent of the lawmaker in drafting the statutes to keep the currency clean from imitation, and to effect this purpose to the statutes prescribe that it is unlawful to make anything in likeness or similitude to the obligations and securities of the United States or any part thereof. Now, as to the possible harm that might result from such paintings I can only refer you to the case of Emanuel Ninger, the pen and ink artist, and ask what is to prevent a man who begins by painting notes on canvas to be disposed of as 'works of art' from graduating into the Ninger class should adversity overtake him. The exhibition of these paintings in public barrooms (and that is the only possible use I see they can be put to) suggests to the rum-wrecked artist a possibility of employing his talent in the same direction, and after satisfying himself that he can make a fairly good imitation of a note it's an even chance that he will try his hand at making one on paper the exact size of the genuine, 'just to see how close he can come.' In an evil moment, while under the influence of liquor, he passes this imitation, and the prison doors open to receive him. So that even if the law did not compel us to seize these things we would do everything possible to discourage the industry, as our duty is to 'suppress counterfeiting.'"



REV. H. C. C. ASTWOOD, Noted Colored Editor of Philadelphia.

### TURKS' CHRISTIAN BRIDES.

Two noted Turks, both of them devout Mohammedans, have taken Christian brides. One bride was an American widow, who went with her father, American Vice Consul Tewey, to Constantinople; the other is a German dentist, who went to the same city to practice on Turkish teeth, says the Philadelphia Record. Both women, of course, became Mohammedans when they married, as it meant too much to the men to leave the country, and they could not retain their positions there with Christians for wives. But the men made some concessions, also. One of them settled $25,000 upon his bride as a guarantee against his future fickleness; the other made a solemn vow, before God and man, that he would never take an additional wife—which is quite a vow for a Turkish gentleman to make.

The second marriage was that of Miss Hornik and Abdul Rezzak Bey, master of ceremonies to his majesty at Yildiz. His excellency is a well-known character in Turkish and European society, and, it is said, much feared by the sultan, owing to his royal Kurdish descent. Probably, for this reason, he had the courage to choose a European wife, although for fear of an imperial veto from the palace, everything was kept a close secret till after the wedding. The ceremony was curious in its strict Turkish rites. The invited guests were separated to form Harem and Selamlik and while the ceremony took place, Miss Horaik's women friends were allowed only to stand behind the door and listen without being seen.

### ELECTRICITY USED.

The Kentucky and Kearsarge of the United States navy employ electrical auxiliaries more than any other warships afloat, says the New York Sun. On a battleship an enormous amount of power is used for purposes other than the propulsion of the ship. For many years, or since the introduction of steam in the navy, the auxiliary power apparatus has been worked by steam engines. With the growth of these power applications, however, the ships became virtually floating power houses, veined with steam pipes in all directions. In the elaborate system of piping rendered necessary by the numerous scattered auxiliaries there are much loss of power by condensation—so much that the cruising radius of such a ship as the Columbia or Brooklyn is actually diminished some hundreds of nautical miles by the coal wasted in the steam losses of her auxiliaries. In addition to this difficulty another even more serious exists in the danger and discomfort of live steam pipes in the narrow quarters of a ship of war. The electric system of distributing power about the ship has none of these disadvantages. It is safe, economical and its wires neither heat the compartments in which they are placed nor make large openings through the bulkheads they traverse. The Kearsarge and Kentucky are lighted electrically, and have four electric searchlights each. The Ardois electric night signalling system is installed on them, and all the communicating means within the ships are electrical, such as telephones, battle order and range indicators, helm-angle and engine room telegraphs, revolution counters, etc. The ships' running and truck lights as well as diving lanterns are electrical. The two enormous superposed turrets on each are rotated, and the 13-inch guns elevated by electric motors. Ammunition for all the guns is hoisted by electricity. Electric motors work the 13-inch rammers and fans to blow gasses out of the bores of the big guns. Each of the ships has ten endless chain hoists, two winch hoists, six deck winches and two compound geared winches, all operated by electricity. Every auxiliary on the ships, except the main capstans and the steering gear, is electrical.

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Account state Prohibition convention to be held at Madison, the C., St. P., M. & O. railway will sell round-trip tickets for one fare Aug. 21 and 22, good returning Aug. 24. Secure tickets at 405 West Superior street.

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FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOLDING bed and wardrobe. 209 West Third street.

GROCERY AND FIXTURES, NEW stock, well fitted up, in good location. Will sell cheap. Can be seen at 519 East Fourth street. For terms apply at 1202 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD furniture. Emil Carlson, 1926 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—NICELY FURNISHED modern boarding house in best location in the city, 34 rooms, with excellent class boarders and rooms. Paying well but selling out on account of poor health. Address R 64, Herald.

FOR SALE—25,000 BRICK, $5 THOUSAND. Downie.

FOR SALE—FOLDING COUCH BED, nicely upholstered, good spring mattress only in use short time. Apply 417 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FOR BIRDS, GOLD FISH, dogs. Zenith City bird store, West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 940 or 597.

FOR SALE—SHELVING TABLES AND showcase, cheap. Inquire at Union Depot barber shop.

**PIANO** CHICKERING UPRIGHT, elegant French walnut case; cost $900 six months ago. I will take $265. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

FOR SALE—BOARDINGHOUSE, DOING good business. R 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING RESTAURANT, with complete outfit. Owner selling on account of ill health. Good transient trade and steady boarders. Address R 52, Herald.

CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS to arrive Aug. 19. P. Sullivan, Twenty-eighth avenue west and Fourth street.

**$165** $165 BUYS ELEGANT UPRIGHT mahogany case piano. Knabe, cheap. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

**Barrett & Zimmerman,**

Largest Horse and Mule Dealers in the Northwest.

Will hold an auction sale Aug. 29. Private sales daily. Have 600 head drafters, farm mares, drivers and mules always on hand. Part time given if desired.

**$20** ORGAN, FINE TONE, WORTH $50; fine walnut case. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

**$475** WILL BUY A GOOD RESTAURANT. Inquire McLachlan, Trust building.

J. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIABLE sale stable, have moved to their new location in the Union rink, corner Third avenue east and First street; will also handle full line of carriages, wagons, etc.

### FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

### MEDICAL.

**Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator** Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

**MEN** NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Lyceum and other druggists; mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

### LOST.

LOST—A LADY'S BREAST PIN, ON West Duluth car, or between West Duluth and West Superior car on Garfield avenue, last Saturday afternoon, of great value to owner. Finder please return and get reward to Mrs. C. H. Glover, 2231 West Superior street, Duluth.

LOST—A WHITE AND YELLOW SETTER dog, answers to name of Sport, and wears tax tag No. 26. Reward if returned to R. Ruffin, 17 Fifteenth avenue east.

LADIES' POCKETBOOK, CONTAINING watch and money, on London road; finder return to this office for reward.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

**Furniture Moved and Stored....**

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

**DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.**

### WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in family of three. 1614 East South street.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED FOR general housework. Small family. Good wages. Inquire at No. 5 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL FOR A boarding house. 613 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO DINING ROOM girls. The Midland.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. Best wages. 1717 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 326 East Second street.

WANTED — WOMAN COOK FOR boarding house. 27 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 220 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; no washing. Apply quick, 1119 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 230 FOURTEENTH avenue east. Mrs. E. J. Duffies.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINING room girl. Colson house.

COMPETENT GIRL, AT ONCE, FOR housework; small family; good wages. 931 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. 513 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. No children. Good wages. Apply mornings or evenings, 330 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. R. L. Cochrane, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Driscoll street.

GIRL WANTED—FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street, Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3 Adams flats.

**STENOGRAPHERS.**

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

### WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—FLOOR MOULDERS AT the Duluth Foundry and Machinery company, Fiftieth avenue west and Ramsey street.

WANTED—SINGLE MAN TO WORK ON dairy. Call after 6 p. m. at 2107 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A BARBER, LYCEUM BARBER shop.

WANTED—JANITOR, MUST BE MARRIED man without children, with good references. No other need apply. No. 205 Lyceum.

WANTED—MACHINIST. ONE A NO. 1 all-around machinist, acquainted with general sawmill and repair work, must be an A No. 1 man. Best of wages paid. Steady job guaranteed. Parish Manufacturing company, Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—AT ONCE, ONE FIRST class pitch and gravel roofer and three first class tinners. Apply at Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company, 126 East Michigan street.

TWENTY MEN WANTED TO MIX CONCRETE on new power station, Hancock, Mich.

**R. R. Contractors**

WANTED—SUB-CONTRACTORS—WITH car outfits for new railroad contract on Northern Pacific at Bemidji. Call or write for particulars. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan St.

**MEN WANTED.**

100 men for North Dakota railroad work, $2 per day, ship every night. 50 men for Michigan, day or station work; free fare. 50 men near Virginia and Hibbing; free fare. Harvest tickets to Dakota.

**National Employment Co.,**
431 West Michigan Street.

### WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY ALL AROUND MAN, work of any kind. Driving or care of gentleman's place preferred. Address D 38, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE AS cook. D 40, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WORK BY the day; house cleaning, washing, ironing, or anything. D 39, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning. 1105 East Second street. Call evenings.

WANTED—PLACES TO DO WASHING and house cleaning, scrubbing or taking care of offices. 632 West First street.

WOULD LIKE PLACE AS CHAMBERMAID, between 8 and 11 a. m., and 2 and 5 p. m., so as to be home at meal time, or to take care of room or rooms, or any work that will come in between these hours. Address Mrs. I. M. Hugh, General Delivery.

STENOGRAPHIC WORK BY EXPERIENCED young woman stenographer. Railroad work preferred. Chicago and St. Louis references. Uses Remington, Smith, Caligraph or Yost machine. A 90, Herald.

WASHING AND IRONING IN FAMILIES. 315 West Fourth street.

WANTED — BY A WOMAN TRUSTY and experienced, care or full charge of furnished rooms or lodging house, for part payment two unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Call or address No. 1 West Superior street, third floor, room 14.

### PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

**MAGINNIS & SON,**
*Forest Reserve,*
*Soldiers' Additional,*
*Pine and Iron Lands*
*Bought and Sold.*
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

### FOR RENT—HOUSES.

**FOR RENT.**

TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES: ONE $4.50, and one $5.00 per month; neat, comfortable and 15 minutes from center of city. Ample yard around them.

**Chas. P. Craig & Co., Herald Bldg**

FOR RENT—CORNER HOUSE, ASHTABULA terace, Sept. 1. R. T. Lewis.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for couple light housekeeping. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND unfurnished basement. 230 West Second street.

### FOR RENT—FLATS.

TWO AND FOUR-ROOM FLATS, $3.50 and $10. Inquire 708 East Second.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATED flats; gas ranges; laundry. MacGregor, 6 Exchange building.

### WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED house for one month; small family. References given. Address D 55, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO FURNISHED rooms with steam or furnace heat, from now until May 1. R 75, Herald.

### BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND wife; two rooms with board; would prefer rooms unfurnished. B 60, Herald.

### OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

GOOD TABLE BOARD, AND A LARGE cheerful room with all modern conveniences. Two gentlemen preferred. No. 318 West Second street, Duluth.

### HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 2008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1526 East South street.

### SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month. 8:00. Next meeting Aug. 20, 1900. Work, Second degree, S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 27, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 12, 1900. Work, ———— Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Aug. 7, 1900. Work, ———— Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OFAMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Aug. 21, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree; in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G. W. Marquart, Sec'y.

SILVER LODGE NO. 200 I. O. O. F. Meets very Wednesday evening Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

### CLOTHES REPAIRING.

SPECIAL PRICES ON CLOTHES cleaning. Pants presed, 10c. Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c. We guarantee a first-class job. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

### WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

### OSTEOPATHY.

OSTEOPATHY IN 410 AND 411 BURROWS building. We treat successfully all curable diseases. Special attention to female diseases. Free consultation. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. L. Miller, M. D., D. O.; Carrie B. Miller, D. O.

### PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

## STEAMSHIP TIME TABLES.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**

EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS

NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2 p. m. for Sault Ste Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 9 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, September 18th. J. G. MOONEY Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

**ISLE ROYALE ROUTE**
*STEAMER BON AMI.*

Leave Singer's dock Monday and Thursday, 8 a. m. For Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Washington Harbor, (Isle Royale), Eagle Harbor, Houghton, Hancock and intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, 2 Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Lake Ave. and Canal.

EXCURSION AROUND THE HORN SUNDAYS
3 p. m. and 7 p. m.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

**DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar...... Wolf ......Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar.... Virginia ....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth ....Lv | 1:03 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta .....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar..... Biwabik ....Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar.... Mt. Iron ....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar.... Hibbing ....Lv | 12:25 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

**DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv...... Duluth ......Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 7:55 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar........ Ely ........Lv | 7:19 a.m. |

**EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.**

| Leave | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 30 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>...AND MINNEAPOLIS... | †1 20 pm<br>*7 00 am |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *7 55 am<br>†3 05 pm | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points | *6 43 pm<br>†11 50 am |

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY. Nor. Pass. Agent.

**NORTH-WESTERN LINE.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8:35 am | St. Paul, Mpls. | **8:05 pm |
| *4:20 pm | ...Twilight Limited... | *9:59 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago Milwaukee, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Appleton, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Oshkosh, Fond du Lac | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | .....FAST MAIL..... | *10 30 am |

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

**NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.**

| Leave— | | Arrive— |
|---|---|---|
| *4 00 p m | Ashland and East | *11 15 a m |
| *8 05 a m | North Coast Limited | *4 55 p m |
| *7 30 p m | Pacific Express | *7 55 a m |

**"DULUTH SHORT LINE"**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| †9 00 a m<br>*1 55 p m<br>*11 15 p m | St. Paul and Minneap'lis | *6 45 a m<br>†2 00 p m<br>*7 00 p m |

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

**DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.**
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave | **Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| **7 00 p m<br>*8 15 a m | BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS | [illegible] |

**Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table**

SHOULD TRY THE——

**WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.**

DINING CAR SERVICE.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points

*EAST AND SOUTH.*

Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1:00 p.m. | Lv.... Duluth .....Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv.... W. Superior ....Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 4:35 p.m. | Lv..... Superior .....Ar | 10:37 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland ......Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 4:14 a.m. | Ar..... Neenah .....Lv | 11:55 p.m. |
| 4:34 a.m. | Ar..... Oshkosh .....Lv | 11:31 p.m. |
| 5:09 a.m. | Ar....Fond du Lac ..Lv | 10:55 p.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar.... Milwaukee ....Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago .....Lv | 6:15 p.m. |

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or

*W. M. STEPHENSON,*
430 W. Superior Street General Agen

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

**The Pioneer Limited.**

Only Perfect Train in the World.

Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Genl. Pass Agent, St. Pau Minn.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Almost Every Department

In our establishment beams with autumn newness, and many important sales are in progress. The chief showings of new goods consist of

New Imported Dress Fabrics,
New Silks,
New Tailor-Made Suits
(over one hundred autumn styles)
New Walking Skirts,
New Dress Skirts,
New Golf Capes,
Kersey Capes and Neck Furs.

The Important Sales.......

Advance Autumn Sales of Blankets, Comfortables and Bedding.
The final clearance of Wash Fabrics at a fraction of former prices.
General Clean-ups of what remains of Summer Stuffs at prices that will clear our counters and shelves quickly.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

GROWTH OF ART.

The drop from the eighteenth story of a "skyscraper" gives time to inspect the elevator, and it may reward examination. For example, in what is frankly a cage of wrought iron, one may have the good luck to see, near the top of the paling, the iron bent off into a border of vigorous scrolls, while above the top crossbars, where the iron has finished its work of supporting the cage, the superfluous points fork into crisp acanthus leaves. The manufacturer who turns out such a product certainly employs at least one designer who makes his patterns, not arbitrarily, but for the case in hand, and he must have also many workmen who know and study and love the material in which they work. In no other way could he make the elevator keep all the spring and life of the iron, while still subordinating it to the pattern, says the New York Evening Post. The value of finely decorated public buildings in bringing art home to the people is fully recognized, but it is well to remember that all great art has begun at the bottom with the handicrafts. For some centuries before Phidias the Greeks liked to have their pots and pans shapely and well decorated; for some centuries before Giotto there was a demand for beautiful handwriting in manuscripts, and for some little fair carving on the humblest door-post. It is not the esoteric appreciation of a cultured few, it is this work-a-day sense of beauty and appropriateness, that is the sign of an art-loving nation.

It is less the habit of going to galleries and museums than the imperative need of living among beautiful things that shows love of art. One should distrust the man who talks glibly of Botticelli, but does not know whether the page of the book which he holds is well or illy-proportioned. It is out of a mass of people who discriminate that a great art finally springs. Fortunately, we have made a beginning, potters, jewelers, and paper-makers are coming to realize the dignity of their trades, and are reviving the former glories of their crafts. The various art organizations do something to give the artist-artisan the recognition which he craves and deserves. The growth of luxury in house furnishing, though by no means indicative of a like growth in taste, affords a field for the practice of these miscalled "minor" arts. The achievements of our sculptors, painters, and architects are not to be minimized, but the true support of a national art must come from a people trained first in the smaller and more intimate things.

## Dessert For Today.

You need not worry about it if you have Burnham's Hasty Jellycon in the cupboard. Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and stand away to cool to secure the most delicious jelly. Absolutely pure gelatine, sugar and fruit flavors. Flavors: Lemon, orange, raspberry, strawberry, wild cherry, peach; also unflavored "calfsfoot" for wine and coffee jelly. Your grocer sells it.

# STRANGE CASE.

## Man Who Was Beset By an Impulse to Hang Himself.

## Many People Are Under the Sway of An Imperative Idea.

The case of Frank Himes, of Sodus, Wayne county, who through his attorney, Harry G. Button, recently made formal application to Judge Sawyer, of Palmyra, to be committed as insane, has attracted a great deal of attention among the medical men of this part of the state, says a Rochester, N. Y., correspondent of the New York Sun. The instance is directly in line with the "imperative impulses" about which so much has been written of late years in connection with the study of crime from its psychological aspect, to which such writers as Lombroso, Dr. McKim and others have given special attention.

Himes apparently was entirely sane save on one subject. He was beset and had been for years with an all but overmastering impulse to hang himself. He himself attributed this suicidal mania to the fact that when he was 15 years of age his father took his own life in that way. His dead body was found hanging in a barn on his farm and the boy, Frank, naturally was shocked by the event. The memory of the tragedy with the spectacle of his father's body hanging in the barn haunted him constantly. It was not, however, until some years after that his own suicidal impulses developed. At times they were stronger than others, and it was all he could do to resist them. On these occasions the barn in which the tragedy had taken place had such a fascination for him that he had it torn down lest he go there and hang himself as his father had done. But even this did not check his periodical impulses to kill himself, and at last application was made for a regular commitment lest he do himself or others injury.

Dr. D. Hock Tuke in his book, "The Brain," published in 1894; Errico Ferri, in "Criminal Sociology," published in 1896; Dr. J. Milne Bramwell, in his book, "The Brain," published in 1895; Dr. W. W. Ireland, in his work, "The Blot on the Brain;" Lombroso and, most recently of all, Dr. W. Duncan McKin, in his work, "Heredity and Progress," published this year, all these writers dwell at considerable length in the form of degeneracy of which Hime's case is an instance. It is a distortion of the mind with which thousands of persons in a greater or less degree are afflicted. Indeed, it may be said from the surprising mass of evidence given, that there are comparatively few persons who are not more or less touched with it. Not, of course, that the "imperative impulse" takes the suicidal form except in instances that relatively are rare. The term "imperative impulse," is made by the scientists who have written on the subject to apply to all those impulses to do things that in themselves are not dictated by any healthy operation of the reasoning faculties—things which, from their trifling nature in the great majority of instances, would be branded with altogether too strong a word, in the popular acceptance of terms, if described as insane. The trifling disturbance of mental equilibrium involved, for instance, takes the form of all sorts of those petty superstitions from which comparatively few persons are wholly free. A perfect illustration of what is meant is afforded in the impulse which made the learned Dr. Samuel Johnson touch every lamp post that he passed in the street and gravely retrace his steps to perform this duty if by chance he missed a post. Indeed, the learned lexicographer was quite a mine of these "imperative impulses" in himself, for in addition to his lamp post habit and his magpie proclivites for possessing himself of orange peel and hoarding the same, he had a great number of Johnsonian eccentricities, as all readers of Boswell well know—eccentricities which had their origin in the same "imperative impulse" germ which, in the case of Himes bore the fuller fruit of a distinct suicidal mania.

Dr. J. Milne Bramwell in his study, "The Brain," cites many curious instances of this form of mental disturbance, among others the following:

"A man aged 40, of healthy constitution, has since childhood attached prophetic signification to puerile facts and events. To wear a certain necktie promises him happiness or unhappiness. If he does not touch a certain boundary he thinks evil will happen to him. If he does not reread a certain line or make a certain letter thicker in writing something horrible will befall him. At first his strange ideas were insignificant, or he was able to resist them, but as he grew older they filled his life and rendered it intolerable. For twenty years he made a pilgrimage every Sunday to the railway station in order to kick a certain post three times with each foot. If he did not do this his father would die. In order to rid himself entirely of these obsessions he makes vows and associates threats with them. He says for example: 'If I yield to one of my caprices in the course of an hour I shall have apoplexy before twenty-four hours have passed.' At first this succeeded, but soon the effect of the vows diminished, and he was compelled to make them stronger. The unhappy man now stands sometimes for a quarter of an hour muttering the most dreadful imprecations, in order to get the strength to go on an errand. If he omits them he is forced to obey the most absurd impulses. He must stop before a certain house, retrace his steps, touch certain boundaries, stop passers-by or touch their clothes; in a word he is obliged to act like a maniac. His intellect is perfectly normal and he attends to his business as if nothing were the matter."

Dr. W. W. Ireland in his study, "The Brain," cites the following:

"A merchant, 30 years of age, father of two children, intelligent and well educated, was diligent and successful in business. He says that his mind is absorbed by two things—whenever his attention is disengaged for a little, he falls to pondering on something connected with colors and numbers. He asks, for example, why colors are unequally different? Why the trees ar green? Why soldiers wear red trousers? Why women are married in white? Why black is the color of mourning? Why some papers are yellow, blue red or gray? Wherever he goes he counts the number of articles of furniture or clothes of such a color. If he travels by rail, he calculates how many bridges or rivers he passes, or how much braid, how many buttons, nails and nuts there are in the carriage. If he shuts his eyes to seek sleep he feels himslf forced to consider the question—why has the rainbow seven colors? He deplores his condition, professes himself ready to do anything for his memory and goes away saying: 'You have 44 books on that table, and have seven buttons on your waistcoat. Excuse me, but I can't help counting.'"

Speaking of the general subject of this form of obsession, Dr. W. Duncan McKim, in his work on "Heredity and Progress," in which are cited also the cases quoted above, says:

"A very common manifestation of degeneration is the presence of the so-called imperative ideas. There are many persons—of whose sanity there is never a question—who suffer from annoying or even torturing ideas, and although they fully recognize the absurd or horrible character of these, they find it difficult or impossible to expel them from their consciousness. These imperative ideas are the products of sub-conscious processes occurring in brains of a structure faulty through heredity or disordered by disease. Some hidden process of brain activity pertinaciously obtrudes its produce in the very focus of the working consciousness, to the perpetual torment of the victim. Of such mental tribulation we might cite instances innumerable. We are all, at least in a minor degree, subject to this tyranny. Thus, how common it is, after we have done some minor act, to have the idea arise that perhaps we have not done it; which idea, growing stronger and stronger, compels us finally to return and assure ourselves again of what we really know. For example, we lock a door, or turn off the gas, or give a message, and then can have re- [illegible] ready been done to our satisfaction. Far more annoying is the fear which many persons feel when upon a tower or a high window lest, through the imperious impulse which besets them, they should cast themselves to the ground; or the fear that they should suddenly use to their own or some other person's hurt any weapon which they may chance to handle. There are men who fear to shave themselves lest they should cut their own throats, and yet are of average self control and intelligence.

"Morel, the profound student of mental abnormality, has related of himself that once, in crossing a bridge in Paris, as he approached a man gazing at the water, he felt so strong an impulse to push him over into the river that he was obliged to hurry from the spot to master his homicidal desire. A lady suffered, for a number of years, in the following way: She was incapable of performing the simplest act without first counting—usually to ten or multiples of ten. She could not even turn over in bed—unless it were done with great rapidity—nor remove the watch from under her pillow without first counting. In coming down stairs she had to stop on each step and count before descending to the next. At breakfast she needed to count before venturing to take the teapot by the handle. Often she was obliged to count the rate of her breathing and her steps as she walked along the road. In saying her prayers, after the first few words, she was compelled to go back to the beginning. Even the blowing out of a candle was impossible until the process of counting had been duly accomplished. The victim of this wearisome tyranny was very intelligent and saw the absurdity of yielding to this masterful impulse, but was helpless.

"Bishop Butler, author of the 'Analogy,' was at times afflicted by an almost irresistible desire to utter profanity. A diplomatist used from time to time—when there seemed no special need for struggling against the morbid impulse—to open his window and imitate the crowing of a cock.

"Such imperious impulses, now known to be exceedingly common, have been tabulated into a long list of categories and are regarded as mental 'stigmata' of degeneration—from which opprobrious condition no man or woman in civilized society is entirely exempt, because of our motley inheritance. Some of these vexing conditions are: the tiresome and painful search for a name or a word; the dread of touching anything through a fear of defilement; the morbid fear of pins or broken glass in food; the dread of very large or very small spaces, of crowded assemblies, of the dark, of being buried alive; the desire, on the part of a person most careful in his language, to utter indecencies or blasphemies in a church or in polite society; the impulse to count, to buy for the sake of buying, to hoard, to steal, to kill, to take one's own life.

"Innumerable human minds are haunted by a phase of morbid ideation which consists of a tendency toward the almost constant anticipation of gloomy events, for the actual occurrence of which there is, perhaps, no ground, but mere possibility. When such persons—who are said to have an anxious disposition—suffer constantly and acutely, their abnormality constitutes a pronounced manifestation of degeneracy. Such was the case of a woman who anticipated bad news whenever the door bell rang; who, when she saw, upon approaching her house, two persons standing by the door, could never avoid thinking that one of her children had fallen from the window; who every time her husband coughed anticipated his having an attack of pneumonia, and, forthwith, pictured to herself his funeral. This form of abnormality is so common that, at least for the minor degrees, every reader might supply an abundance of examples. * * * In certain individuals, the whole of the conscious life seems to be little more than a tissue of unreasonable forces. Thus (as set forth in the American Journal of Psychology), a feeble boy of 10 enumerates fifty-seven objects of which he has great fear, and adds that there are others he fears somewhat. A girl of 10 feared the sun because it gave sunstroke, clouds because of cloud-bursts, the moon because it might burst and fly, the sun again lest it should get lost and burn up all, and cold weather lest fingers and ears should drop off. A girl of 13, thought not to be abnormal, dreaded big eyes and robbers because they were sneaky; all reptiles because they were creepy; northern lights because they were shivery. The same girl could not look at a picture of the crucifixion and was afraid to enter a certain room alone because in it there hung a picture of a fox and hounds. For still another girl, aged 17, all telegrams meant death; she dreaded to go out lest a comet should dash down, feared all women who wore big earrings and a mythical black man who was supposed to ride in a buggy with a sword."

This last group of queer mental distortions is, it should be said, taken from Professor G. Stanley Hall's "Study of Fear" in the American Journal of Psychology, Professor Hall's study being based on the responses to a series of questions as to the character and extension of human fears which were widely distributed, especially among educational institutions, which brought in no fewer than 4410 answers.

"But," continued Dr. McKim, "it is by no means only in childhood that such morbid fears dominate the life of the degenerate. A striking instance from mature age is supplied by the case of the late Lord Lytton (as related by his son in his "Life of Edward Bulwer, Lord Lytton," published in London in 1883.)

"'I have seen my father more than once,' says the biographer, 'under conditions of imminent danger, but never saw him evince the least symptoms of fear except in the presence of a wasp. His terror of wasps was constitutional and uncontrollable; he inherited it from his father and so did his elder brother. He frequently dreamt of these insects, and always reckoned such dreams as ominous of coming evil or trouble to him.'"

It seems a far cry from Himes tearing down his barn and cutting down the trees on his place up in Wayne county because he was afraid he would hang himself, to Lord Lytton's fear of wasps, but the scientists say the two forms of mental twist go back to the same germ—the "imperative impulse" that comes by inheritance and like all mental habits, becomes stronger and more imperative with each victory it gains over the victim's reason and common sense, with which it always struggles. As for Himes, after contending successfully for years with the imperative impulse to hang himself, he frankly confessed his fear that he was not strong enough to keep off the combat much longer without outside help, and that help he asked for through his attorney in the form of a commitment to the state hospital at Ovid, where it is hoped the course of treatment will cure him of his mania.

The Ladies' Guild of St Paul's Church

Will give a day excursion on steamer Suit Thursday, Aug. 23, leaving the foot of Lake avenue at 10 o'clock. Tickets, 50c. Children under 12, 25 cents.

TOO EXPENSIVE.

M. Monnier, the well-known French Asiatic traveler, vouches for the truth of the following story of how his friend, Hoon-Sing, a traveled Oriental man of means and refinement, was on one occasion sorely victimized, says the San Francisco Argonaut. Hop-Sing lived in the Street of the Roasted Corn, as unsavory and as ill-paved a street as in all Pekin. The local mandarin was an intimate friend of his, and Hop-Sing availed himself of this friendship to press the mandarin to have the street repaved. Certainly! At once. The men would be at work on it before Hop-Sing had returned home.

A week passed; then another visit, and so on, until, in despair, Hop-Sing determined to have the street repaved at his own expense. The work was satisfactorily completed. The surprise of Hop-Sing was only equaled by his indignation when, on awakening one morning, he found a gang of coolies upheaving the newly flagged street. His surprise grew when he heard from the mandarin's own lips that the men were there at his orders.

"You see, my dear friend," said the mandarin, "I am expecting the head inspector round here in a few days. Now, if he were to see the beautiful pavement you have laid down in your street he would come to the conclusion that there was money about, and he would assuredly bleed every vein in my body. This would mean my ruin. Don't you see why your pavement really must come up? It cost me one fortune to secure my post. I don't want to spend another to [illegible]

# NEW DANGER

## Movement For a Holy War Afoot in the Nile Valley.

## Millions of Fanatics Ready to Rise and Expel the Christians.

While the whole civilized world is watching with unabated interest the remarkable events now transpiring in China and prepares itself for news of stirring episode, and perhaps of sanguinary encounters that may set the whole Orient aflame, in the very heart of Africa has started a little movement, curiously analogous to, but vastly more formidable than the Boxer movement in China. The chief of the Senoussi society declares that he is about to declare a holy war against England in order to drive them forever from the Nile valley. The Senoussi society numbers over 9,000,000 armed members, and the new mahdi is able to put an army of 5,000,000 soldiers into the field. Guns and ammunition of the latest type are at his disposal, and the work of Kitchener may be undone at any moment. There is, however, but little reason to doubt that the matters are taking a serious turn, and as the following authentic account of the Society of the Senoussi and its aims will show, says the Toledo Blade, it is not the English dominion in Egypt and the Soudan which is threatened with the new danger, but the French expansion in Central Africa.

The Society of the Senoussi is one of the highest importance for the political future of Africa, as well as for the war that sooner or later will be waged between the Christian powers and the Mohammedan world. This society was founded in 1855 in the Oasis of Djerabub. Its founder was Mohammed Ben Ali el Senoussi, an Arab and direct descendant of the prophet, and a native of Algeria. In the early '30s he left his native land, breathing vengeance against the French invaders, and swearing for himself and his descendants eternal war against the infidels. For many years he preached and taught at Mecca and in Egypt, until in 1852 he settled down at Djerabub, surrounded by hundreds of pupils and adherents who had been attracted from every part of the Mohammedan world by the great reputation for piety and wisdom which the sage enjoyed. Here he founded the Society of the Senoussi, which has become the most influential and powerful Mohammedan secret society in the world. The aim of this society is to rid the Islam of all the later admixtures and impurities and restore it to the uncompromising simplicity of the time of the prophet. Every piece of territory where Islam had reigned supreme is to be reconquered under the dominion of Islam. The organization is an exceedingly strict one. Whatever else may have been the failings of the founder of this order he was an organizer of the very first rank. All brethren are bound to keep the strictest secrecy in all matters concerning the society. Unconditional obedience to the commands of the grand chief of the society, as well as religious veneration of his person as the representative of the prophet, mutual assistance in case of need, and the most devout piety are the chief rules of the society.

The brethren do not wear distinguishing garments, but they can easily make themselves known to each other by means of secret signs. They have renounced the use of tobacco and of coffee, and as good Mohammedans they do not touch any alcoholic liquors. The spread of Mohammedan culture is another of the duties and aims—and millions of dollars are spent by them annually in building little mosques and schools in distant and out-of-the-way villages, where they provide for elementary Mohammedan instruction through some zealous member of the fraternity. Agriculture and planting of palms and olive trees is greatly encouraged by them, and thus the grand chief has been enabled to spread his influence into every part of the Mohammedan world. In Asia Minor and Turkey, in Persia and India, in Algeria and Egypt, the mysterious and almost unknown regions of Central Africa and in distant China, yea, even in Java and Ceylon, his influence is felt by every Mohammedan community. In an immeasurably brief time he learns of anything that is worth learning, and he is kept au courant of all events of importance in the whole world. His orders are also transmitted in the shortest of time into the most distant regions.

After the death of the founder of this society, which occurred in 1858, his youthful son, Sidi el Mahdi, el Mohammed Ben Ali el Senoussi, became grand chief. He it is who has brought the society to its present formidable strength, and he is regarded by his followers as the real and genuine Mahdi-Messias, who will deliver the world of Islam from its present humiliating position. As soon as the proper time comes—in his own good time—he will aid Islam to regain its lost splendor. The story of his riches and of his power is familiar to every Mohammedan. Many a time a mere order issued by this powerful chief has sufficed to prevent a sanguinary conflict between two Mohammedan potentates in distant parts of Africa. There is not the least shadow of a doubt that when he sees fit to proclaim a holy war against the infidels the whole Mohammedan population between Egypt and Morocco, between Lake Tchad and the Mediterranean, will arise at his bidding. The Society of the Senoussi is a power which must be reckoned with by every state and country with colonial aspirations in the Mohammedan Africa. Germany, with her vast Mohammedan population; France, with her Mohammedan colonies; England, with Islamite dependencies, must reckon with this powerful chief, whose influence cannot be over-estimated. Like his father, Sidi el Mahdi is a man of exemplary piety and ascetic mode of life. His endeavors to promote peace between the various Mohammedan tribes of Africa, to further the interest in commerce, agriculture and industries of every kind have only served to strengthen his influence.

Above all he has inherited the indomitable courage of his father, his burning hatred of all things European and the sullen hostility to all endeavors to colonize the Mohammedan territory of Africa. He has no standing army beyond a few thousand camp followers. But his residence at Djerabub is one vast arsenal of modern weapons of destruction, sold him by European firms. All his adherents are bound by a solemn oath never to go unarmed, to practice the art of warfare whenever feasible, and to be ready to follow the chief's call. All possessions are to be sacrificed for the good of the cause. The Senoussi have singled out the French as their most bitter enemies, and it is only a matter of months or weeks when they will oppose the advance of the French against the Tuaregs and toward the Lake Tchad. The French are not blind to this danger. One colonial minister after another endeavored to conciliate the grim foe but failed. Presents of money have been spurned with contempt. Offers of the French government have been refused admission to the Grand Chief. The Sultan of Turkey met with better fortune. According to the rules of the society of Senoussi the Sultan of Turkey is not the lawful head of the Mohammedan world. Only an Arab, and only a member of the tribe of the Kurashi and a descendant of the prophet, is the rightful Commander of the Faithful. By dint of flattery and conciliatory endeavors the sultan and the mahdi are not at loggerheads.

In 1896 Sidi el Mahdin left Djerabub, where the mausoleum of the founder of the society had been built in the midst of beautiful groves and plantations, and repaired to the Oasis of Kufra, in the Lybian desert, about twelve days' journey from Djerabub. His principal pupils, teachers and adherents followed him thither with the immense library of the society. When the khalifa's power was broken he migrated into the territory of the Tibbu, Ben Soliman and Mahamid Arabs—strict followers of the Senoussi. Here he stayed at a place named Goru, twelve days' journey southwest of Kufra. In the beginning of March he shifted his camp once more, having selected a site amid the inaccessible Tibbu mountains for a new residence, whence he will rule the Society of the Senoussi without fear of foreign interference.

But one day the twentieth century will hear of him. He will give the signal to a sanguinary war against the hated French. Algeria will tremble and arise in revolt against the rule of the "Moussous" (Monsieur). After this, thus hope the Senoussi, the Turks will be attacked and forced to acknowledge the supreme power of the mahdi in things spiritual. The nearest future will witness unprecedeted wars in the north of Africa. The Mohammedan world is arming for final conflict, and Africa once more will prove the white man's grave. That finally Africa will be subjugated is undoubted, but many and many a thousand of European soldiers will fall in the desert, many and many a battle will be fought before, from Cape to Cairo and from Zanzibar to Monrevia, the white man will rule supreme.

There is a strange curse upon every European power that strives for a piece of Africa. The Dutch and the English, as well as the French and the Italians, have lost some of their best sons in the mad scramble for the diamonds and gold, gum and slaves. The Belgian, a man of culture and refinement, turns into a brutal beast and a human hyena in Africa. The English with their love of freedom sacrifice thousands of their best sons to subjugate the two South African republics. And these in their turn, having driven the black men from their habitations, now pay the penalty by losing their own independence. The French will one day awaken to find themselves with one of the most unpleasant wars imaginable on their hands, with the whole of Algeria and Tunis in revolt, while the Italians have already withdrawn defeated and disgraced by an army of black people.

Tonight and All Week.
Billy Bennett's Big Show
New Specialties.
"TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM."
Big tent rear Palladio Building—10c, 20c, 30c.

# West Duluth

The family of W. B. Hartley, of Sixty-third avenue West and Worden street, had a very narrow escape from burning to death between the hours of five and six o'clock this morning. The family retired last night leaving a gasoline lamp burning, and it is believed that the lamp exploded at the early morning hour, setting fire to the house. The alarm was turned in from the corner of Sixty-first avenue West and Green street and the fire department encountered all sorts of trouble in getting to the scene. The heavy rain last night had so softened the road that the engine was mired at the crossing of Sixty-first avenue and though but a short distance from the hydrant, all the available teams of the department could not get it nearer. The firemen had to return to headquarters for more hose as water was obtained from a hydrant about five blocks from the fire. There being no road to the house, the firemen carried the hose for three blocks, in their arms. Mr. Hartley's family became aware of the fire only a few minutes before the department got there, and so far had the flames spread that they got out with only their night clothes. An organ and a few articles in a front room, the only one not burning when the firemen got there, were saved, the house and remains of its contents being a total loss. The house was a 2-story frame building and with its contents was valued at about $1500. Mr. Hartley carried $800 on the house and about $200 on its contents. The family were cared for by the neighbors, after escaping from the house.

A PUGILISTIC MILL.

Two West Duluth young men, by the name of Jenson and Schultz, are said to have had a very interesting mill in the old woolen mill at West Duluth about 2:30 o'clock last Saturday afternoon, which was witnessed by a number of the friends of both parties. It is claimed that there has been some bad feeling between the two men and they agreed to settle it with the gloves. According to the report, Shultz was seconded by Filion and Jenson by Jim Hall, Jim Carey acting as timekeeper. Those that witnessed the bout say that the men fought seven fast rounds, Jenson's friends taking him out of the ring at the close of the seventh. Jenson is said to have received a black eye in the mix up. The authorities are next to the affair and it is quite likely that there will be some interesting developments later. The principles are employed at the saw mills here.

CAPT. MANN HAS A TUSSLE.

Capt. J. W. Mann, of the steamer Mary Mann, came up town this morning with his usually genial features somewhat disfigured by sundry scratches. Capt. Mann said he was after a warrant for a fellow that works in one of the mills, for assaulting him last night. According to the captain, the mill hand had been up to Zenith park and was returning on the steamer last night, when he refused to give up his ticket, threatening to throw the doughty captain in the bay. He is said to have started to carry his words into effect, when the captain not caring for a bath at that time of the evening, shoved his abstreperous passenger into the pilot house and choked him into submission. While the captain was standing at his dock unloading passenders, he says that the same passenger came up from behind and planted a bunch of fives in the captain's neck. The latter is said to have taken his assailant down and drove in whiskers till he cried enough.

FEATHERSTONE'S AFFAIR.

Matters have taken a turn in the Featherstone case at West Duluth, which indicate that the erring ex-ball player left a great many people here on the lurch for the payment of bills that he owed. Last Saturday an attachment was placed on the restaurant, but this was settled up by one of Featherstone's brothers and the business was turned over to Lieut. Briggs to get affairs straightened up. Today, the lieutenant has been served with several other writs. Mrs. Featherstone, and her mother, Mrs. Enright, returned last night from Biwabik, where they were when they received the bad news. The blow has been a terrible one to them and the young woman is nearly prostrated. Featherstone has two brothers at West Duluth, who contrary to a rumor that was circulated, were not aware of their brother's former alleged marriage. They condemn Featherstone's act most emphatically, and are as deeply grieved over the affair as any of Mrs. Featherstone's friends. In evidence of their sympathy the brothers are doing all in their power to get the business affairs straightened around to turn over to Mrs. Featherstone, and have offered her a home. One thing is certain, that if Featherstone ever shows up in these parts the friends of the woman he is said to have so cruelly deceived, will give him severe treatment.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The St. Louis mill is making a steady run now, having plenty of logs on hand. The company has previous to the last rain, had about 4,000,000 feet of logs up on the north and the south forks of the Nemadji river, but owing to the high water of the pasts few days, now has its consignment well down the river and on the way to the mill. Merrill & Ring are expected to start up a week from today.

John Cashin has opened an agent-commission wholesale lumber office in the Sun building.

The Maccabees of West Duluth are planning on an open meeting on the evening of August 27, in the Great Eastern hall. It is expected that there will be several noted speakers of the order will be present to take part in the program. Among the latter, Hon. D. P. Markey, of Saginaw; one of the supreme officers of the order, is one of the possibilities.

A daughter was born unto Mr. and Mrs. August Granthier, of Fifty-second avenue West and Ramsey, August 18.

Mrs. Ella H. Manton, who last Friday conducted the district convention of the Degree of Honor, at West Duluth, will leave this evening for Brainerd, where she will preside at a similar convention.

A fishing party comprised of Charles Iltis, Peter Gilley, Louis Fieddman and Hans Jubland, went out to Cloquet last Saturday night, returning last night. All they caught were several good showers, but lay their bad luck to the fact that they did not have enough bait.

Vincent McNally, the one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter McNally, of 1719 Piedmont avenue, formerly of West Duluth, died of cholera infantum, yesterday. Mr. McNally is visiting in Canada, but is expected back today, when the funeral arrangements will be made.

Fun and Frolic in Florida, is the subject of an illustrated lecture that Rev. J. W. Herad will deliver, in the Westminster Presbyterian church, Friday evening of this week.

The Murphy Brothers, J. B. Gilbert and Ira Dyser made up a fishing party on Lester river yesterday. They caught 150 fine trout.

## Craggencroft.

Office hours of the Rev. John Mason Duncan are every afternoon from 2 until 5, and from 7 in the evening until 9. The coaching school is in session—a busy, earnest, anxious group. Mrs. Duncan is at home the same hours after Wednesday of this week.

## CONNECTICUT INDIAN RELICS.

Among the collections of Indian relics owned in this state probably the finest, with one exception, is owned by Herbert Southmayd, who lives on the Haddam Quarter road in the town of Durham, says the Harford Courant. A large part of them was found by Mr. Southmayd himself, as he is a confirmed relic hunter and knows many of the caves and camping grounds used by the tribes of this state. White flint, black flint, rose quartz, red and yellow jasper, limestone and glasstone were the stones used in the manufacture of 3000 arrowheads, varying from the size of a thumb nail to those nearly as large as a hand. His axes include the fine-edged, highly polished tool to the rough, unfinished specimens. He has thirty of these, one of which weighs seven pounds, while the smallest turns the scales at sixteen ounces.

Of his eleven pestles the longest is fourteen and a half inches in length. Gouges used by the Indians in working out the inside of logs, which they had first charred, in making their canoes, number twenty. There are ten fine specimens of adze and twelve chisels. Of his three pipes the one he values most highly is short-stemmed, perfect bowled, and was found a few miles from his home. It looks much like a common clay pipe of today, excepting the color, which is that of red clay. The breastplates are notched around the edges, a notch for each battle the wearer was engaged in. On one of them can be counted sixty-five notches, denoting either a chieftain or one much given to fighting.

There are three war club heads, and a dozen hide scrapers used in cleaning the hides from which their clothing and tents were made. Among the most interesting specimens to the ordinary man, and which cause a peculiar sensation as their use is explained, are the three scalping knives. A string of wampum was taken from a skeleton found in Portland. A red clay kettle is absolutely perfect. A bone ornament found in a cove is considered very valuable, as but few of them are in existence. The drills used for making the holes for the leather thongs in their moccasins and skin canoes show great skill and patience, as they had nothing but stones with which they tapered these from about the size of a pencil down to a sharp point. Of these he has fifteen.

Brass arrowheads and a quiver divide honors with two iron tomahawks. During a rain storm a year or two ago, Walter Lane sought shelter under a shelving rock at North Guilford, and while stirring up the ground to ascertain what depth had been made by the decay of leaves he was surprised to find an arrowhead. Renewed effort brought out thirty-five of them. Returning the next day with spade and sieve he dug out 1200 specimens, and from evidences found it was doubtless a spot where they were made and laid away against the time of need. Over 2000 have been taken from that spot.

Fishing and Outing Rates.

Tickets on sale Saturday, returning following Monday. Round trip Duluth to Deerwood, $2.00; Sturgeon Lake, $1.50; also season round trip tickets at very low rates to numerous other charming Minnesota resorts on Northern Pacific railway. Full particulars at city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

Both 'Phones—199.

Masonic Temple Grocery

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|---|---|
| Fancy Crab Apples, per bushel | 80c |
| Good Cooking Apples, per bushel | 75c |
| Good Cooking Apples, per barrel | $1.75 |
| Wild Plums, per case | 95c |
| Ripe Tomatoes, per bushel | 50c |
| Potatoes, per bushel | 35c |

These prices are right. Send in your orders.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

HAIR and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25.00. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.
MME. BOYD, 216 W. Superior St., Duluth
1303 Tower Avenue, Superior.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

## ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
## —OF—
## Benjamin Investment Company.

We, the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of Title two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of the state of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, do hereby associate ourselves together and adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Benjamin Investment Company." Its principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota. The general nature of its business is to buy, own, let, sell, deal in and improve real estate in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, and at any other point or points as may be determined by a majority in interest of the stockholders; to loan money upon real estate, and to collect, foreclose and release mortgages and other obligations, and do and to do, perform and execute all and singular the acts and instruments necessary, proper or convenient in carrying on a general real estate, loan and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be August 15, 1900, and it shall continue for a period of thirty years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in, in cash or in property at such times and in such amounts, and in such manner as may be determined by board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Louis N. Benjamin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William B. Ardouin, Duluth, Minnesota.
Jay C. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.
Julius D. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and all management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors, composed of not less than three (3) persons nor more than five (5) persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder in said corporation.

Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard shall be and constitute the first board of directors, and shall serve as such until the first annual meeting of the stockholders hereinafter provided for, or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified. The first annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at ten (10) o'clock a. m., on the first Monday of August, 1901, and the regular annual meetings thereafter shall be held at the same hour on the first Monday of August in each year. At such meeting not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) directors shall be elected, who shall serve one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

There shall also be the following officers who shall perform such duties and exercise such power as may be prescribed by board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by board of directors at their annual meeting immediately following annual meeting of stockholders, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretry, a treasurer and a general manager; and any two or more of said offices may be held by the same person except those of president and vice president.

Until the first annual meeting of directors, the following persons shall act as officers of said corporation: Louis N. Benjamin, president; William B. Ardouin, vice president; Jay C. Howard, treasurer, and Julius D. Howard, secretary and general manager.

The board of directors shall have power to enact and adopt such by-laws for the government of the corporation as they see fit, and from time to time to revise and amend the same or any part thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred (500), and the amount or par of each of said shares shall be one hundred dollars ($100.00.)

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this third day of August, A. D. 1900.

LOUIS N. BENJAMIN. (Seal.)
WILLIAM B. ARDOUIN. (Seal.)
JAY C. HOWARD. (Seal.)
JULIUS D. HOWARD. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and executed in presence of—
W. W. Sanford,
S. T. Harrison.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—SS.

On this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. W. W. SANFORD,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 415.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 18, 1900, at 10:35 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 499.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Low Prices

Are only possible where a large volume of business is transacted, under favorable conditions. A low rent on First street lays the foundation for low prices. The large and rapidly growing sales of the house prove that the prices are low. We invite your patronage on that basis, and upon the basis of the unsurpassed variety of Furniture and House Furnishings carried in stock.

Minn Hist'l Society

These Rockers—Solid Hardwood Rocker, nicely finished with shaped wood seat, good design; such Rockers are sold in ordinary stores for $2.50 or more. $1.20

These Rockers—Solid Maple Rockers, large size, cane seat and wicker head rest; same style we had two weeks ago, but a smaller shipment this time. $1.65

OUR TERMS:
$25.00 worth of goods.............. $5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods.............. $6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods.............. $7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods.............. $8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods.............. $9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods.............. $10.00 a month
Special and liberal terms on larger amounts.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
First Street and Third Avenue West.
Complete House Furnishers.

We Represent the Following Companies:
AACHEN & MUNICH FIRE INSURANCE CO., GERMANY.
COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO., (Limited), LONDON.
GERMAN AMERICAN INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK.
HAMBURG-BREMEN FIRE INSURANCE CO., (Ltd.), GERMANY.
IMPERIAL INSURANCE CO., (Limited), LONDON.
LAW, UNION & CROWN FIRE & LIFE INS. CO., LONDON.
LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INS. CO., LIVERPOOL.
LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO., LIVERPOOL.
MANCHESTER ASSURANCE CO., MANCHESTER.
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., HARTFORD.
ROYAL INSURANCE CO., LIVERPOOL.
STATE FIRE INSURANCE CO., (Limited), LIVERPOOL.
SUN INSURANCE OFFICE, LONDON.
UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LONDON.
THE FIDELITY & CASUALTY CO., (Plate Glass), NEW YORK.
LLOYD'S PLATE GLASS INSURANCE CO., NEW YORK.
NATIONAL SURETY CO., NEW YORK.
THE EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ASSURANCE CORPORATION, (Limited), ENGLAND.
We aim to do our business in a manner worthy of the class of companies we represent. Your business solicited.
Graves-Manley Agency, 'Phone—Day, 165. Night, 200. Torrey Building, First Floor.

$3350 Will buy a seven-room house on Sixteenth avenue east with all modern improvements and in the very best of repair.

$3500 For a seven-room house on East Third street, near Twelfth avenue east. All modern improvements and in good repair.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate and Loans.
201 First National Bank Building.

A Good Lunch

can be indulged in at any time when you keep a case of our Moose Brand beer on hand. As a stimulant when doing housework, or for the delicate and debilitated, there is nothing like Moose Brand beer for restoring lost energy and recuperating your strength. As a night cap it is soothing and delicious, and a foe of insomnia.

Duluth Brewing and Malting Company.
Either Phone 241.

TWO MICHIGAN STRRET CORNERS
FOR SALE—THESE PROPERTIES ARE IMPROVED AND WELL RENTED—BOTH IN THE CENTER OF THE COMMISSION DISTRICT.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Bldg

IT'S THE BEST BON AMI 10c STRAIGHT CIGAR. TRY THIS SMOKE.

Northern Security Company
DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
HANSEN SMITH, President.
REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.
OFFICES: Banking Rooms, First Floor Palladio Bldg. West Duluth Bank Building.
See us before negotiating Securities.

# ENTERED THE SACRED CITY

## *Allies Were In the Forbidden City of Pekin on Friday.*

## *Chinese Claim That the Imperial Family Have Gone Inland.*

London, Aug. 21.—The following dispatch has been received from Rear Admiral Bruce:

"Taku, Aug. 19, Sunday.—The allies are reported to have entered the sacred city of Pekin, Aug. 17."

Washington, Aug. 21.—The government has received positive confirmation from official Chinese sources of the departure of the emperor and empress dowager from Pekin. They went westward, but the point at which they are now located was not given.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The state department makes public the following extracts from a cablegram received last night from Minister Conger:

"United States Legation (undated), via Che Foo, Aug. 21.—Secretary of State, Washington: Saved. Relief arrived today. Entered city with little trouble. Do not know yet where imperial family is. Except deaths already reported, all Americans alive and well. Desperate efforts made last night to exterminate us. Mitchell, American soldier, and a Russian and Japanese wounded, German killed. Advise Woodward, Chicago; Conger, Des Moines; Sims, Council Bluffs, Conger, Pasadena; Porter, Paris. CONGER.

"By FOWLER, Che Foo."

It will be observed that the portions given out are extracts from Minister Conger's message. It was stated that these portions cover such features as the government desires to make public at this time. The entire message was before the cabinet, and the portions not given out doubtless refer to questions of policy and to Chinese internal affairs.

London, Aug. 21.—Divers paragraphs as to the movements of the Chinese imperial family continue to be received at the treaty ports and are thence faithfully transmitted to the European capitals. Those representing the court as having left Pekin are of exclusive Chinese origin. According to them, their majesties are well on their way to Sianfu, about 500 miles inland. Fighting was going on in Pekin Saturday, according to one report, but according to a dispatch received by the admiralty from Rear Admiral Bruce, the allies entered the sacred city of Pekin Friday.

If the Chinese government is at Sianfu, there is no means of getting to them, according to the military men, without a prolonged campaign, and with an army as large as Lord Roberts' to secure the base of communications.

Advices from the provincial capitals show that the attitude of the Southern mandarins has been friendly since the allies reached Pekin. Some of the magistrates have been issuing proclamations commanding the Chinese to attend to business, to avoid sedition and acknowledge that the invasion of the foreigners is justified.

### WANT THEM RESPECTED.

### Viceroys Solicitous For Emperor and Empress.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The state department today received an appeal from the viceroys of Nankin and Hunan, asking that no personal indignities be shown the emperor and empress dowager, and renewing assurances of friendship and of maintaining quiet in the South of China if this was observed. The communication from the viceroys came through Minister Wu and was delivered by him to Mr. Adee this morning. It is understood that the powers have discussed this question, and there appears to be no disposition to give the emperor and empress dowager affront.

Earl Li Hung Chang has signified his intention of leaving Shanghai for Pekin as soon as he receives the reply of the powers to his request of yesterday for peace.

The application of the Chinese viceroys is, in effect, a request that the Chinese soverigns shall not be made prisoners of war. It is said that the powers are authorized, under the rules and practice of international law, to accept this request or not as they deem best. The request is not one of right, but its granting is dependent entirely upon what the powers may consider best for their own interest. It is an established principle of international law that "enemies of the royal family, his chief ministers of state and his diplomatic agents are liable to capture, even though they may not be actually engaged in hostile operations. Their positions makes them so important to the enemy in the conduct of his war that they cannot be treated as ordinary non-combatants."

In the present case there is well grounded belief that the sovereigns, especially the dowager empress, have been instrumental in directing hostile movements, and Minister Conger's advices have stated that the imperial forces were besieging the legations.

### A MILITANT PRIEST.

### Fights Off Boxer Army With a Few Converts.

New York, Aug. 21.—A dispatch to the Herald from Tien Tsin, via Shanghai, says: Father DeHets, a Lazarist missionary, has arrived here. At a village 40 miles to the northwest, he, with 6000 converts, held out for six weeks against Boxers armed with rifles and swords. They numbered 20,000. They intended blinding or killing the whole population.

The village officials sent Father DeHets word that he must leave China, but with a few rifles and a small cannon he held on till Gen. Sung sent word that the Christians would be spared, but that they must disarm and Father DeHets must leave for the coast. He was escorted to Gen. Ma at Pietsang and had been there for three days when Pietsang was taken.

The remaining converts were given one week's food by Gen. Sung, acting under orders from Pekin. The Boxers obeyed his orders.

### HEADS COME OFF.

### A Few Chinese Officials Lose Those Important Members.

Shanghai, Aug. 21.—Official Chinese advices from Pekin say that Hsu Tung and Yi Lien Yuan, of the anti-foreign party, and Li Shan, a pro-foreigner, have been decapitated, and that Yung Lu has been imprisoned by Prince Ching.

Hsu Tung was a member of the imperial secretariate and president of the civil board. Li Shan was a member of the ministry of the imperial household. The identity of Yi Lien Yuan cannot be traced.

### OFFICIALS NOT ADVISED.

### Of Urgent Need of More Troops For Allies.

Washington, Aug. 21—The war department has no information concerning the report from London that additional troops for the allied armies are urgently needed. If this was the case, nothing more could be done by the government at present. The troops now under orders for the far East will continue to go forward, and when they reach Nagasaki it will be determined whether they will go to China or to Manilla, the Philippines being the original destination of some of the troops under orders.

There are now in China the Ninth infantry, eight companies of the Fourteenth infantry, Battery F, Fifth artillery, eight troops of the Sixth cavalry and four companies of the Fifteenth infantry, the latter having recently arrived. There are at sea destined for China, four batteries of the Third artillery, Company E of the engineers, four troops of the Third cavalry, eight troops of the First cavalry, and eight troops of the Ninth cavalry. Besides, there sailed on the Sherman today four companies each of the Second, Fifth and Eighth infantry. Some of the troops at sea should reach Taku within a week or ten days. The latest arrivals were the four companies of the Fifteenth infantry, who arrived with Gen. Barry. When Gen. Barry reported from Taku, he announced that he could at once go to the front, and it was expected that the detachment of the Fifteenth infantry would accompany him toward Pekin. It is believed that this force will be able to restore the telegraph line, which seems to have been interrupted.

### CHINESE ARE MOVING.

### Large Forces Are Going Towards Peitsaug aud Tungchow.

Tien Tsin, Aug. 19.—About 5000 Chinese troops, which are reported to have been at Sungliu Ching, left today for Peitsang, and 2000 more Chinese troops have gone towards Tungchow.

### TIEN TSIN WIRE CUT.

### Activity of the Chinese Is Reported From Shanghai.

Shanghai, Aug. 21, 6:10 p. m.—The foreign officials here learn that the telegraph from Tien Tsin has been cut. The position of the allies is certain, and a large body of Chinese troops has taken the field.

GOVERNOR DEAD.

Shanghai, Aug. 21.—Yuan Shi Kai, the governor of Shantung, is dead.

FRANCE INVITED.

Paris, Aug. 21.—The French foreign office has received from Li Hung Chang a request similar to the one addressed to the United States government asking for the appointment of M. Pinchon, the French minister at Pekin, or another person, to represent France at the peace negotiations. It is said that all the powers have received a like message.

# TURNED IT DOWN

## Cabinet Decides to Reject China's Appeal For Cessation of Hostilities.

## HAS NOT MET TERMS

## Rejection Is Based on China's Non-Compliance With Our Declaration.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The cabinet meeting today was entirely devoted to a discussion of the situation in China. There were only four members of the cabinet present, Secretary Gage, Secretary Hitchcock, Secretary Wilson and Postmaster General Smith. The message received from Li Hung Chang was carefully considered, as also was the dispatch from the other viceroys, but replies have not yet been returned.

> It was decided, however, to reject the appeal of the Chinese government made through Li Hung Chang for the appointment of Minister Conger or some other minister to negotiate for the cessation of hostilities. Such a reply will be communicated to Li Hung Chang.

The rejection is based on the non-compliance of the Chinese government with the specific provisions of the declaration of the United States, under date of Aug. 12.

At present this government is very much in the dark as to who or what the government of China is, and until the atmosphere becomes clearer so that we may know whether there is a responsible head in Pekin who can treat with us, and whose guarantee to protect our people and interests in the empire would be worth considering, the whole matter of treaty-making will be held in abeyance.

> This government does not forget that at present it has a treaty with the imperial government which fully guarantees to protect the lives and property of our people. This treaty has been violated and its guarantees wholly disregarded. In view of this fact the president will hesitate before he consents to enter into another treaty.

Members of the cabinet, in discussing the matter today, stated that information at hand does not indicate that there is a government worthy of the name existing in China. It is an enormous, headless affair, without knowledge of what is for its best good, and without power to enforce its wishes. The probable flight of the emperor and the empress dowager has left the government in a condition of chaos, and no one seems to know who, if anyone, is directing its affairs. Under these conditions this government will act with extreme care on whatever steps are taken looking toward peace, and there is reason to believe that the United States, acting with the other great powers, does not intend to withdraw any of its troops until a stable government has been established whose guarantees will command respect.

### CHAPELS DESTROYED.

### Chinese Mobs at Work In Vicinity of Amoy.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The Japanese legation has received a dispatch from the Japanese consul at Amoy, saying that Chinese mobs continue to work devastation in that neighborhood and have destroyed several chapels.

MEDUCHEI OCCUPIED.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—Gen. Orloff, chief of staff to the Rusisan forces in China, reported to the Russian war office the defeat of 7000 Chinese, after a hard fight, the capture of Yukshi pass and the occupation of Meduchei. An imperial ukase has been issued prohibiting the exportation of arms or ammunition to China.

REPORTS RECEIVED.

Washington, Aug. 21.—It is understood that this government has received an extended communication from Minister Conger, giving much later and fuller advices than those thus far received. The text of the message will not be made public. The state department has also received a dispatch from Consul General Fowler at Che Foo, but it deals with technical features and it is stated that for this reason it will not be given out. It is said it sheds no light on the situation at Pekin.

# BLOODY DUEL.

## Four Men Pepper Each Other With Winchesters at Twenty Paces.

Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 21.—Gabe and Cicaro Copeland were instantly killed in a duel with John and Charles Baker, in Polk county. The men battled at twenty paces with Winchesters. Both of the Bakers were badly wounded in the shoulders and groin and may die. The origin of the trouble is due to family affairs.

ENDEAVORERS RETURNING.

Southampton, Aug. 21.—The North German Lloyd steamer Aller, which sailed from this port for New York this evening, has on board 500 returning Christian Endeavorers.

# TRIED TO BE FIRST

## Russians Attempt to Steal a March on Allies At Pekin.

## GRAND EFFORT MADE

## By the Chinese to Annihilate the Legationers on Allies' Approach.

New York, Aug. 21.—A dispatch to the Herald from Pekin, dated Friday, Aug. 17, via Shanghai, says: Contrary to the agreement of the allied commanders, the Russians advanced and occupied the first door of the east gate early in the morning of the 15th (Tuesday), but failed to force the second door. At 2 o'clock on the afternoon of the 14th the British and Americans entered the gate near the legations and met with only slight resistance. The Japanese met more serious opposition at the upper east gate all day. At midnight on the 14th they blew up the gate and entered the city. Many Chinese were killed.

The people in the legation were well but somewhat starved. Minister Conger said:

"They tried to annihilate us the day before you got in. Prince Ching, president of the tsung li yamen, sent word that his officers had received orders to cease firing on us under pain of death. At 7 o'clock in the evening of the same day the Chinese opened fire, and this continued all day. If the relieving column had not arrived when it did we should probably have succumbed. The Americans lost seven marines killed and fifteen wounded and one child died.

"The whole movement is purely a governmental one. The Boxers are only a pretense, having no guns. The confidential adviser of the empress was the leader of the imperial troops here.

"In eleven days over 2000 shells fell among us."

# TEN MILLIONS.

## The Estimate of Damage From Colorado and Washington Forest Fires.

Denver, Aug. 21.—Ten million dollars damage, it is estimated, will be the result of the forest fires now raging in Colorado and Wyoming. These figures are given by C. E. Wantland, general land agent of the Union Pacific railroad. The loss of timber, according to Mr. Wantland, is only a comparatively small item in the total amount of damage.

"In many places," he said, "the fires are spreading over almost bare country, land where there is nothing but young growth, which might have made the forests of ten and twenty years hence if it had not been for these fires. Lands which could have been sold for homes because of the pleasant surroundings will now for years not be worth much. The vicinity of Glenwood Springs and such places, where the tourists resort, will be much affected in a commercial way because the scenery will be impaired."

In Middle park, the fires are burning so fiercely that ranchmen are beginning to fear that their homes will be swept away and their properties ruined.

A dispatch from Saratoga, Wyo., says the fires in the Sierra Madre range have been checked by rain.

### STORM IN MICHIGAN.

### Entire Lower Peninsula Swept and Damage Is Immense.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 21.—The entire lower peninsula of Michigan was swept by a severe storm yesterday afternoon. The damage to crops is immense.

But one fatality has been reported. Ferdinand Holtz, a young farmer, was struck by lightning near Mount Clemens and instantly killed.

It is estimated that the damage in Detroit alone will reach $25,000.

### PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.

### It Will Consider a Bill For Municipal Organization.

Manilla, Aug. 21.—The Philippine commissioners, when installed on Sept. 1, will consider a bill for municipal organization. Gen. Otis's municipal scheme, as modified, included provisions for a bill for municipal organization. The scheme as modified, includes provisions regarding land taxation and a civil service bill empowering the commission to make appointment by system of civil service advancement by which it will be possble for the incumbents of the lowest offices, through efficient service and competitive examinations, to attain positions at the heads of departments and under secretaryship.

The heads of the civil service departments are empowered to discharge employes for cause, but are powerless to fill vacancies, except through the regular path of promotion.

The commissioner's executive session will be open to the public.

### HE BESTIRS HIMSELF.

### The Sultan Will Look Into the Armenian Massacre.

Constantinople, Aug. 21.—The sultan has ordered a committee to investigate the recent massacre of 200 Armenians in the Sassum districts of Asiatic Turkey. In the meantime his majesty has relieved Ali Paha of the command of Bitlis.

FLORISTS MEET.

New York, Aug. 21.—The sixteenth annual convention and trade exhibition of the Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturists opened here today. Acting Mayor Guggenheimer made an address of welcome, which was responded to by Edgar Saunders, of Chicago.

# BLOODY BATTLE

## Showmen Terrorize Prairie Du Chien and Several Men Fatally Wounded.

## BRAWL IN A SALOON

## Starts Trouble and a General Fight, Show Against Town, Ensues.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 21.—A crowd of Wild West showmen terrorized the small town of Prairie Du Chien, twenty-five miles south of here, late last night, and during the evening ran things to suit themselves, in spite of the efforts of the city police force, which was too small to cope with the Rough Riders. Before it was over two Rough Riders, Charles Freyaugle, formerly of the Fifth cavalry, and Harry Cinqunas, formerly of the Seventh cavalry, had been shot, probably fatally, and the city marshal, Charles Lindner, shot so seriously that his death is expected at any time, and John Merrill, night policeman, also probably fatally injured.

Finally the citizens formed a mob, intending to disperse the showmen, but were unable to, and the cowboys continued to run things with a high hand until the proprietor of the show had been summoned and appeared on the scene, who succeeded in dispersing his men. The row started between a Rough Rider and a citizen in a saloon.

Advices received here at noon today contain the information that all injured men are improving, but are not entirely out of danger as yet. During the thick of the fray the city marshal telegraphed Mayor Anderson of this city to send down the militia, armed and ready to fight, but as applications for such aid must be made to the governor, he was unable to assist them. The show went through here for Sparta, Wis., this morning.

# MINNE LEADS.

## Is a Little Ahead of St. Paul In Increase In Population.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The census bureau today announced the population of Minneapolis as 202,718 and St. Paul as 163,632. The following are the official bulletins:

The population of the city of Minneapolis, according to the official count of the returns of the twelfth census, is as follows:

Minneapolis city, 202,718 in 1900, against 164,738 in 1890.

These figures show, for the city as a whole, an increase in population of 37,980, or 23.05 per cent from 1890 to 1900. The population in 1880 was 46,887, showing an increase of 117,851 or 251.35 per cent from 1880 to 1890.

The population by wards in 1900 is as follows: Ward 1, 13,747; Ward 2, 11,860; Ward 3, 27,832; Ward 4, 25,400; Ward 5, 23,302; Ward 6, 14,457; Ward 7, 12,957; Ward 8, 19,141; Ward 9, 17,233; Ward 10, 9827; Ward 11, 15,962; Ward 12, 6655; Ward 13, 4245.

The population of the city of St. Paul is as follows: St. Paul city, 163,632 in 1900, against 133,156 in 1890. These figures show for the city, as a whole, an increase in population of 30,476, or 22.89 per cent from 1890 to 1900. The population in 1880 was 41,473, showing an increase of 91,683 or 221.07 per cent from 1880 to 1890.

The population by wards (1900) is as follows: Ward 1, 20,245; Ward 2, 14,860; Ward 3, 9138; Ward 4, 15,,2335; Ward 5, 17,338; Ward 6, 17,287; Ward 7, 15,382; Ward 8, 28,995; Ward 9, 14,745; Ward 10, 5360; Ward 11, 5047.

The next city whose census will be announced probably will be Philadelphia, the official figures of which will be made public by tomorrow. The census of the remainder of thirty largest cities in the country, including Boston, Baltimore, etc., is expected to be made public by the end of this week.

### RUCTION IN GERMANY.

### Rumor of a Conflict Over the Chinese Question.

New York, Aug. 21.—A dispatch to the Herald from Berlin says: For the last day or two, rumors have been current in the press of a conflict between Count Von Buelow and the kaiser and the military party regarding China. Dr. Theodore Barth a well known member of the reichstag, known to be in the confidence of the foreign secretary, publishes an article in "Die Nation," in which he declares that Count Von Buelow could not regard the appointment of Count Waldersee as a purely military question. He had probably given his consent to it but a premature announcement to the press before he had finished negotiations with foreign cabinets was sprung on him by the, military party, anxious to bring about a fait accompli.

Dr. Barth declares the treatment of the Waldersee question causes enxiety, as it looks as if military influences were at work on the foreign office.

### PENSIONS AND PATENTS.

### Two Sixth District Inventors Receive Their Patents.

Washington, Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension of $10 per month has been granted to Onesime Miller, of Aannandale.

The following patents have been issued: Thomas M. Crepar, of Swan River, lantern attachment; Alexander Generous, of Princeton, tray setting device.

SUGAR WAR.

Minneapolis, Aug. 21.—A sugar war has been inaugurated among the wholesalers of Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota and the Dakotas, who have been ordered to reduce the price 12 cents a hundred. This action is said to be the result of a break from the agreement by a Chicago jobber, who has been underquoting other jobbers by a fraction. The retail price has not yet been reduced.

# HAVING A HOT FIGHT

### Hill and Croker Struggle For Political Control In New York.

## IN WEST VIRGINIA

### Prospects For Democratic Success Good But Result Will Be Close.

**From The Herald Washington Bureau.**

Washington, Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Within a very short time it will be known whether or not Richard Croker and David B. Hill can control the New York Democracy. It is Mr. Hill's purpose, as is well known, to dominate the Democratic state convention. In other words, he is anxious, at least, to name the man who will head the state ticket in the campaign. His choice for the governorship, it is stated on the best of authority in Washington, is Bird S. Coler, the present comptroller of New York city. Mr. Croker prefers any other man to Coler for the head of the Democratic state ticket. He is using all of his powerful influence as the chief of Tammany Hall to prevent Coler's nomination. At this writing it is not known whether Mr. Hill or Mr. Croker will be able to designate the Democratic candidate for governor of New York. It is a fact, however, that no matter what may be the outcome, the Croker and Hill factions will get together after the convention is held and use every effort to bring about Democratic success in the Empire state not only for Bryan and Stevenson, but for the Democratic state ticket, and further to elect as many Democratic congressmen as possible, as well as members of the legislature. The prediction is made in Washington by shrewd New York Democratic leaders that the electoral votes will be cast for Bryan and Stevenson, that large gains in congressional districts will be made for the Democrats, and indications are favorable for a majority on the joint ballot of the legislature. There is no doubt whatever, say these New York politicians, whether or not Mr. Hill is successful, but that he will give the national, state and congressional tickets his earnest support, and this, with Crocker's influence in the city, means Democratic success in the Empire state in November, without doubt.

* * *

Reports from West Virginia just received at Democratic headquarters foreshadow Democratic success in that state this fall, although the correspondents admit that the outcome will be very close. There is a desire upon the part of national leaders, of course, to carry the state for the Democratic presidential ticket. They are also anxious that their state ticket shall be successful. Next in importance to carrying the state for Bryan and Stevenson, the West Virginia Democrats are determined to retire Senator Steven B. Elkins to private life at the close of his present term. They are therefore bending all their energies to the election of a Democratic legislature which will name Mr. Elkins' successor at Wheeling next winter.

* * *

The Republicans are endeavoring to console themselves with the idea that Senator Wellington, of Maryland, who deserted the Republicans, will not be able to influence enough votes to make his personality felt in the Maryland campaign this year. It is evident that the Republicans are not counting upon the great hold that Wellington has upon the Republican voters in certain portions of the state. Former Senator Gorman, however, is aware of the fact that Mr. Wellington will wield a great deal of influence, and is therefore doing all in his power to utilize Mr. Wellington's "pull" in the state for the benefit of the Democrats. Mr. Gorman, it is said, not only believes that Wellington can greatly assist in carrying the state for the presidential ticket, but that, further than this, his assistance will help to bring about the election of members of the legislature so that that legislative branch will be in a position at the proper time to elect a Democratic senator in place of Mr. Wellington, who, as is well known, was elected as a Republican. Mr. Gorman is anxious, of course, to be chosen Mr. Wellington's successor. This is one reason why he is holding secret consultations with Mr. Wellington, with the idea in view of bringing about his own success when the legislature assembles at Annapolis to name the man who will occupy the seat now held by the Cumberland statesman.

* * *

In its work of introducing valuable plants and seeds from foreign countries, the department of agriculture is now engaged, among other things, in securing good stocks of the best varieties of European and African macaroni wheats and Hungarian bread wheats. Formerly all the macaroni consumed in the United States was imported from Europe, but recently macaroni manufactories have been established in this country. The manufacturers have found, however, that consumers prefer the imported product, and it has developed that the European macaronies are made from a peculiarly hard-grained type of wheat which we have not heretofore produced in the United States. American farmers have been growing, of course, the wheats that they could market most advantageously, and these have been the wheats suitable for the manufacture of bread and pastry flours. The macaroni wheats which are now being imported by the department in experimental quantities will, it is expected, furnish the basis for a great extension of the macaroni-manufacturing industry in the United States, and will create a demand for the production of the macaroni wheats in those parts of the country to which the experiments now in progress show them to be adapted.

Hungary, it is well known, is the home of the roller process of grinding wheat, which has now been adopted in flour mills throughout the United States. Hungary is the country in which is also manufactured a flour of such shipping and bread-making qualities as to give it, in some of the markets of the world, the highest reputation and price of all export flours. The wheats from which this flour is manufactured are not grown in the United States commercially, but the experiments thus far made with them indicate that they will maintain their high bread-making qualities here. Now, a point of special interest regarding these wheats is that they are winter varieties, while the best bread wheats of the United States are spring varieties, the area of whose successful production is very limited and whose yield is comparatively light. The indications now are that the Hungarian winter wheats can be successfully grown over a many times larger area than our high grade spring wheats; that the yield per acre, while not at present so great as that of many of our ordinary winter wheats, is superior to the spring varieties, and that the peculiar qualities possessed by these foreign wheats in Hungary are maintained in the United States. The increasing trade of this country in export flour, the enormous possibilities of the increase, the high class of Hungarian wheats for this trade, and the great extension of the area of profitable cultivation need only to be mentioned to convey an idea of the importance and significance of a successful outcome of this work of introduction.

Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,
321 West Superior Street.

The amateur detective is as humorous a character as any of Shakespeare's clowns, or even old Dogberry himself. He finds the most astonishing clues, and generally follows them until he brings up about as far away from the solution of the mystery as mortal well may be. But the specialist in the detection of crime, Sherlock Holmes, is a man who reads clues, as the Indian reads a trail. Every step he takes is a step to success.

It's much the same way in the detection of disease. While the amateur is blundering along over misleading symptoms, the specialist goes right to the real cause and puts an arresting hand upon the disease. It is in such a way that Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., succeeds in hunting out and arresting diseases, where the less experienced practitioners fail. More than thirty years of special study and experience have enabled Dr. Pierce to read symptoms as easily and as truly as the Indian reads a trail which is without a hint for a less acute vision than his. Any sick person can consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely without charge. Each letter is read in private and answered in private. Its contents are held as sacredly confidential. It is answered with fatherly feeling as well as medical skill and the reply is sent sealed in a perfectly plain envelope, that there may be no third party to the correspondence. Thousands have taken the first step to health by writing to Dr. Pierce. No writer ever regretted writing. Ninety-eight in every hundred treated have been positively cured. If you are afflicted with any old obstinate ailment write to-day, you will be one day nearer health. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

* * *

An important measure, commonly known as the Lacey act, passed by congress last May, gives the department of agriculture jurisdiction over matters relating to the preservation and importation of birds. The duties thus created have been assigned to the secretary of the biological survey. Under this law persons desiring to import wild animals or birds from abroad must first obtain a special permit from the secretary of agriculture. State laws are supplemented by a provision prohibiting the shipment from one state to another of birds killed in violation of local laws, which will undoubtedly do much to aid the preservation of native birds by encouraging a stricter enforcement of local regulations, and thus diminish the excessive slaughter of quail, grouse, prairie chickens, ducks and other birds.

Farmers and land owners are directly interested in the enforcement of bird protective measures. Too often they fail to realize that game birds, like song birds, are useful insect and weed destroyers, and that in this and other ways they have a money value apart from that brought in the market. Those who by careful protection preserve a few coveys of quail or other game birds on their lands will receive a return through increased crops resulting from a decrease in insect pests, and in some instances can derive additional profit by letting the privilege of shooting during the open season, for which sportsmen are willing to pay if lands have been properly protected.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

## REWARDED HIS BENEFACTOR.

### Traveling Man Gets a Fortune From a Cape Nomer.

Sioux City, Iowa, Aug. 21.—Without shaking a cradleful of ore, without enduring any of the severer hardships of the Klondike or at Cape Nome, Joseph Dryfuss, a traveling man, who is now taking things easy at Mt. Clemens, Mich., and who makes Soux City his headquarters on his travels through Iowa and Minnesota, is now luxuriously spending the $25,000 which came to him from an investment of $25 in gold hunting. It is not the story of shrewd speculation, either.

Dryfuss was sent by his house to Dawson city to sell goods, and while on his way he fell in with a young fellow from Southern California. The latter gambled his money away before he reached Chilkoot pass, and was "up against it." Dryfuss liked him, thought well of his shrewdness, and in sheer generosity gave him $25 to hold him up temporarily. He found the young fellow very grateful, but never thought a second time of the promise of the latter if he managed to strike it rich Dryfuss should be counted in on his winnings.

Last week Dryfuss' astonishment was great when he received a draft for $25,000 from a California bank without further explanation. Later a letter came from the young Californian saying that he had had a hard time at Dawson and on the Yukon, but that when he reached Nome he had struck it very rich, and as he would have starved but for the $25 which Dryfuss gave him, he had counted Dryfuss his partner in all his undertakings and, therefore, split even on the profits of the Nome gold find, viz, $25,000. He hoped that would be satisfactory.

**Homeseekers Excursion August 21**

To points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia and many other Western and Southern states. One fare, plus $2, for round trip; tickets good twenty-one days, via Northern Pacific railway. Further particulars at City Ticket office, No. 332 West Superior St.

# EPOCH IN MEDICINE

### Wonderful Surgery Witnessed In Paris By Dr. Murphy of Chicago.

## DANGER IS REMOVED

### Effect of Local Anesthesia Which Renders Painless All Major Operations.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Dr. John B. Murphy, 3305 Michigan avenue, and Dr. Edward H. Ochsner, 528 Garfield avenue, have returned to Chicago from the triennial meeting of the international medical congress held in Paris. Dr. Murphy brings with him an interesting report of the discovery and demonstration of the effect of local anesthesia as applied in cases of major surgery. Local anesthesia heretofore has been applied only in cases of minor surgery, chloroform and ether having been the only known agents used in cases of major surgical operations.

The efficacy of local anesthesia in cases of amputations and other major surgical operations was discovered and demonstrated only a short time ago by Dr. Tuffier, of France, and has received notice only in the Parisian medical journals. Its demonstration by Dr. Tuffier before the surgeons attending the international medical congress awakened widespread interest, and the event was announced as epoch-making in the annals of medicine.

Cocaine was the agent used by Dr. Tuffier, it being injected hypodermically into the spinal cord and anesthetizing the entire region beyond the point of injection so perfectly that the most difficult surgical operations below that point were carried on without pain, and while the physician carried on conversation with the patient.

The event, Dr. Murphy says, marks a fourth epoch in medicine, the other three being, first, the pre-anesthetic period; second, the anesthetic period; third, the antiseptic period, and now the local anesthetic period.

"The demonstration of the practicability of local anesthesia in cases of major surgery was perfect," said Dr. Murphy. "Dr. Tuffier, the discoverer, operated on four cases, hypodermically injecting cocaine into the region occupied by the Cerebro-spinal fluid in the spine, and anesthetizing perfectly the entire body below the point of injection. This enabled him to perform the most painful operation without the patient experiencing the least sensibility.

"The discovery is a wonderful one in surgery, inasmuch as out of 130 cases operated upon by him he stated he had had no fatalities. The discovery of the practicability of anesthetizing the spinal cord by hypodermic injections of cocaine and producing insensibility below the point of injection was made by Dr. Tuffier in March last. The fact was commented upon at the time by French medical journals, but received little notice in the United States or throughout the continent and England. Like all discoveries of the kind that have been made, it may now be termed a simple thing, since it seems to be so easy, the wonder being that someone had not hit upon it before.

"The discovery removes chloroform and ether from their places as the great anesthetizing agents for use in cases of major surgery. These agents have been greatly feared by a great many people, owing to their effect upon the heart and lungs and the distressing nausea they often produced. There are no such ill effects from the use of cocaine, although, as is well known, the drug is not reliable, and has produced the most distressing results. So far, however, there has been no danger encountered in its application by Dr. Tuffier, and its use bids fair to become general rapidly among members of the profession.

"It has been popularly supposed that puncturing the spinal cord was fatal. This is not absolutely true, however, and especially so in the manner in which the injection is made by Dr. Tuffier. The needle is pushed into the region occupied by the spinal cord, its entrance being demonstrated by the appearance of the Cerebro-spinal fluid at the base of the needle. The injection is then forced home, its effect being to paralyze the region of the body before the point of entrance, the knife causing no pain in the region affected. I witnessed the excision of four abdominal tumors by Dr. Tuffier, he talking to the patient while plying the knife, the man feeling not the slightest sensation of pain."

Dr. Murphy refused to discuss what use he would make of the discovery, or whether he would attempt demonstrating its value himself. Among the Americans present at the congress were Dr. Morris Richardson, of Boston; Dr. Dennis, of New York; Dr. W. J. Mayo, of Rochester, Minn.; Dr. Robert Weir, of New York, and Dr. William Warren, of Boston.

## SHIRT WAIST QUESTION.

### It Has Assumed a Serious Aspect In Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Sol Bloom, a music publisher yesterday brought suit for $50,000 damages against the Union restaurant and hotel in Randolph street, for refusing to serve him while he was clad in a shirt waist and minus a coat. This is said to be the first time the shirt waist question has been brought before a court. Attorneys for the plaintiff contend that the defendant had no right to refuse Bloom merely because he wore the latest style in men's garments.

## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Mankato's chief of police, Nic Bruels, yesterday tendered his resignation to Mayor Currier. General criticism from the public, followed by censure from aldermen because of the manner in which the chief handled the Edith Watson assault case, caused the resignation.

A cloudburst struck Green Bay, Wis., yesterday afternoon, the fall of rain being over 1½ inches in half an hour. Much damage is reported to crops. Telephone and telegraph wire suffered greatly.

Thirty planing mills, including practically all the sash, door and blind concerns in Chicago, will pass into a combination this week, with a capital of $4,000,000.

VISIBLE SUPPLY.

New York, Aug. 21.—The statement of the visible supply of grain in store and afloat, on Saturday, Aug. 18, as compiled by the New York produce exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 49,761,000 bushels; increase, 1,543,000 bushels. Corn, 9,120,000 bushels; decrease 21,249,000 bushels. Oats, 7,074,000 bushels; increase, 1,167,000 bushels. Rye, 681,000 bushels; increase, 57,000 bushels. Barley, 385,000 bushels; increase, 39,000 bushels.

# Most Beyond Belief

### If It Were Not for Duluth Indorsement People Might Be Skeptical.

No wonder people doubt!
So many statements are made,
Statements indorsed by strangers,
From people living in distant towns.
Don't know them and can't see them.
Such indorsement has a hazy aspect.
Duluth people want local proof.
That's what we have here.

It's not beyond belief, because it can be proven.

Read a local citizen's testimony:

Mr. Josiah Collins, of 50, Third avenue east, employed at C. Coon's meat market, says: "I suffered severely from rheumatism for a long time, and during a year was so bad I could hardly get around at all and found it impossible to get up and down a hill. I felt like an old man, all worn out, my shoulders were so sore I could scarcely raise my arms, and the least exertion tired me out completely. I tried bottle after bottle of medicine, and spent lots of money treating for the trouble, but nothing did me any good. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company, and used it. I felt some better after the first box, and continued their use until I had completed my seventh box, when I had no signs or symptoms whatever of the trouble left."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

## NOTIFICATION PROGRAM.

### The Arrangements For the Populists' Exercises at Chicago.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 21.—The details of the Bryan notification committee have been arranged. A special committee composed of ex-Governors John W. Leedy, L. D. Lewelling and John P. St. John, Judge S. H. Allen, John W. Breidenthal, John Madde, Senator W. A. Harris, Col. E. C. Little, O. T. Boaz and Jerry Simpson, will meet Mr. Bryan in Atchison at 6:30 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 23 and accompany him to Topeka. The local reception committee will meet the party at the station and, with the Topeka City troop, will escort them to the National hotel, where Mr. Bryan will meet the notification committee.

The notification ceremonies will begin at 3 o'clock at the Crawford Opera house. Senator Marion Butler will take charge of the notification exercises.

T. M. Patterson, chairman of the notification committee, will deliver the notification address, which will be followed by the reply of Mr. Bryan.

An informal reception will be held at the speakers' stand after Mr. Bryan's address. Mr. Bryan will leave on the Union Pacific about 8 o'clock.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 21.—Mr. Bryan Practically completed his Topeka speech yesterday. The speech will only be half the length of the Indianapolis speech, and it will be a reply both to the Populist nomination and the Monetary league indorsement.

## PINE CITY TRAGEDY.

### A Bohemian Assaults a Girl, Kills Her and Suicides.

Pine City, Aug. 21.—Last Saturday night a Bohemian, named Paca, took a girl of 18, and her younger brother, children of the family with whom he boarded, to the river to fish. About 10 o'clock Paca drove the boy away by threatening to shoot him, and then committed an assault upon the girl. He then choked her into insensibility and threw her into the river, where she was drowned. After seeing the girl drown, Paca deliberately waded into the river and was himself drowned. The young boy hid himself in the bushes and was a witness of the whole tragedy.

## SITUATION IN INDIA.

### The Rainfall Continues and the Crops Promise Well.

London, Aug. 21—The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Keddleston, telegraphs that the heavy general rainfall has continued in most of the afflicted tracts. The crops promise well in the central provinces and Bera, sowing is active elsewhere, and the necessity for free kitchens will shortly disappear. Prices, however, are still very high everywhere. Cholera is prevalent throughout Hydrabad and in Bombay. There are 5,688,000 people receiving relief.

## NEW HOIST FOR HANDLING ORE.

### Illinois Steel Company Makes Addition to Its Work.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—The new Mason & Hoover ore hoist at the south dock of the Illinois Steel company in South Chicago was put in operation for the first time yesterday forenoon. The completion of this new hoist marks another great advance in the facilities of the Illinois Steel company for the handling of ore at a great saving in labor and time and with consequent economy.

The new hoist will transfer the ore cargo from a steamer of ordinary size to the cars in a single day with the work of about a dozen men, where formerly the same task required the work of from 40 to 60 men for three days.

The construction of the new hoist was commenced in March, and when fully completed will have six "clams," although there are but two in actual operation yet. The first ore was lifted from the hold of the steamer Hadley yesterday forenoon between 8 and 9 o'clock, and those in charge of the new apparatus expressed themselves as highly pleased with the manner in which the work was done.

The scoops or "clams" of the new hoist are lowered into the hold of an ore vessel, and there scoop up the ore, raising it, and transferring it along tracks. The purpose for which the hoist was erected was to handle the ore intended for the Elgin, Joliet and other plants. It is probable that with the increased facilities for the rapid handling of this ore the forces at these outside plants will have to be somewhat increased.

**G. A. R. Annual Encampment.**

Aug. 25 to 29 inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell tickets, Duluth to Chicago and return, at one fare ($13.55) for the round trip, account thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. These tickets will be good for return passage until Sept. 1, and can be extended until Sept. 30, if they are deposited with joint agent between Aug. 27 and noon Sept. 2, accompanied with fee of 50 cents.

Members of the G. A. R. and their friends are invited to call at the city office, No. 405 West Superior street, of the "North-Western Line" and obtain free a handsome program and souvenir of Chicago.

# WISCONSIN POLITICS

### Bohmrich of Kenosha, Very Likely to Head the Democratic Ticket.

## ARE NOT SATISFIED

### Populist Leaders Against Bohmrich and May Nominate An Independent Ticket.

Milwaukee, Aug. 21.—Democrats of Wisconsin meet in state convention tomorrow at the Pabst theater to nominate a state ticket. The work will be done by 663 delegates. Clark L. Hood, of La Crosse, will be the temporary presiding officer.

It seems to be a foregone conclusion that Louis G. Bohmrich, of Kenosha, will be chosen to head the ticket, unless a radical change takes place during the proceedings.

The Populists meet on the same day, and some talk of fusion between the two parties has been indulged in. Populist leaders, however, express themselves against the nomination of Bohmrich, and in case the Kenosha man heads the ticket, it is likely the Populists will nominate an independent ticket, with A. A. Worsley, of Racine, at the head.

For other places on the Democratic ticket are mentioned F. B. Hoskins, of Fond du Lac, for lieutenant governor; Judge Amos Holgate of Marinette, for secretary of state, and John Bodden, of Horicon, and W. H. Frawley, of Eau Claire, for state treasurer and attorney general respectively. R. B. McCoy, of Sparta, seems to be the choice for insurance commissioner, and B. S. Potter, of West Bend, for railway commissioner. For chairman of the state central committee the name of James W. Murphy, of Milwaukee, is most prominently mentioned.

The Kansas City platform will be endorsed, and the primary election law plank, offered two years ago, will likely be repeated in the resolutions.

## TIDED OVER BY GOLD WAVE.

### American Aid Pulls British Market Past Bad Spot.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—A London cablegram to the Tribune says: Just in the nick of time your gold became available to save our market from a nasty jar. The stock brokers and others still grumble at the smart stroke played by the chancellor of the exchequer, but had he left the money market to its own devices this week must have seen the Bank of England forced to put the rate at 5 per cent. As it is, thanks to the lending credit on the promptly shipped gold, we have been able to carry through the mid-monthly stock exchange settlement, pay up the major part of our share of the exchequer bond issue, and meet other capital calls not only without any advance in the market rates, but with ever increasing ease. To further help to make things comfortable, the treasury paid off £1,000,000 of floating debt in short bills falling due on Wednesday, and now we find ourselves at the end of an anxious week with the loan rates barely more than 3 per cent and the discount slipping back towards 3½ per cent.

How long will this cheapening tendency last? I think for some weeks, but in it there is ease without comfort, because we have not yet received nearly enough gold to enable us to cope with the demands sure to arise in October and November.

Presently, therefore, the market must begin to harden again, and even now more than one leading bill broker works reluctantly at prevailing rates, fearing lest he should get caught suddenly later in the year.

But the day to day money, as usual, controls the discount market, and as other centers' credit is in the same condition in slack time, the stickler for firm rates stands without leverage to aid him in enforcing his ideas.

No further advance has taken place in the rates in German markets, nor is any expected this side of mid-September. The Bank of France continues to accumulate gold until now it possesses £12,000,000 more than at this date last year and the highest total ever seen. The discount is not likely to advance in Paris in such circumstances, nor is the rise to be expected in other capitals. All this signifies that if we had no war outlays to provide for indefinite in their extent we would not have sad faces and would end the year with equanimity.

Even our stock markets begin to pluck up heart and talk of business. But the only interesting episode they have given us this week is a bear squeeze in tintos. Arbitragists estimate that there are still 30,000 shares oversold on the British markets alone, so the weaker statistical position of the metal may do nothing whatever to prevent a further rise in the price of shares. All else is languid enough, and the railway stocks continue to dwindle on hints that trade has begun to decline and on the high working charges and onerous capital commitments.

But we have got consols once more on the up grade in a feeble way, and next week the jobbers tell me the discount on khakis will be obliterated. All this is quite cheering, but the operators on your side need not count just yet on a brisk market here for American railroad stocks.

Not even the engaging eloquence of Chauncey Depew, who has been discoursing to us this week through the financial press, can succeed in persuading our speculators to join in a developing boom. It is not your presidential campaign nor anything at all in the circumstances of your roads that keep us quiet. It is apathy and poverty. Until we have sold our Kaffirs to the French we cannot afford to open a new book.

When are you coming to conquer the European markets with your coal? From what I hear among the insiders the sole obstacle now is freight.

Not only are ships scarce, but the tonnage rates they ask are shockingly high.

Many men of many minds,
Wear the hat of many kinds—
The Gordon.

**Wisconsin State Democratic Convention**

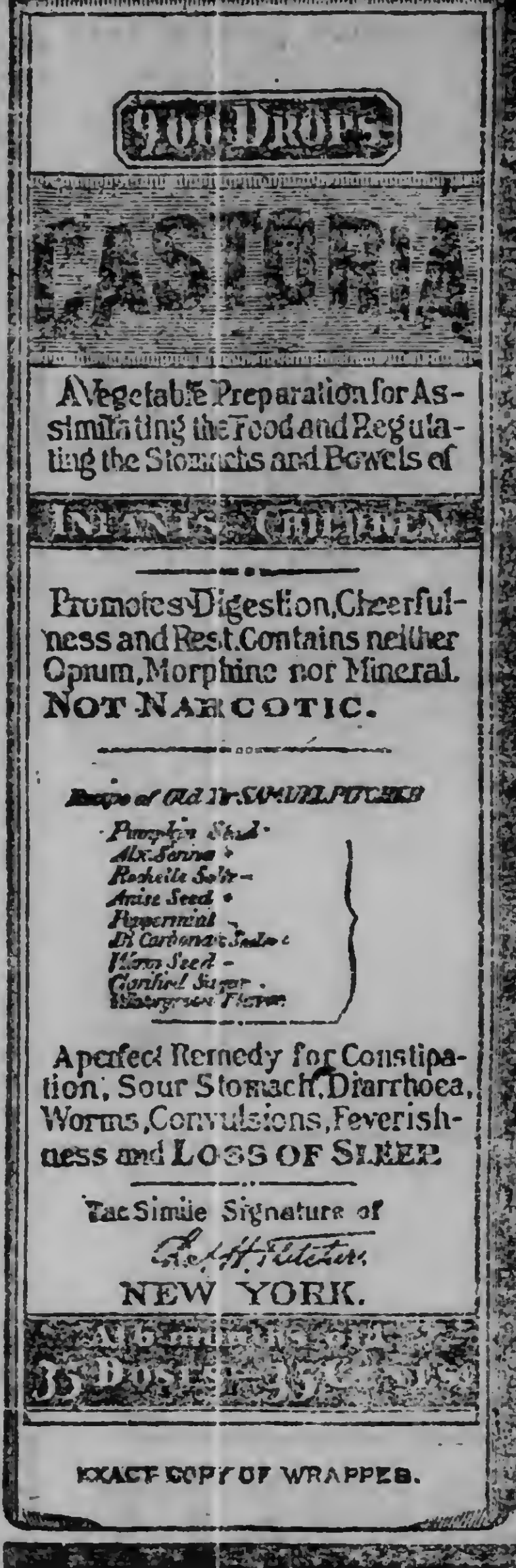
Milwaukee, Aug. 22.—$11.30 for round trip, from Duluth or West Superior. Choice of routes, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 21-22, return Aug. 24. Full particulars city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
**$14—Detroit and Return—$14.**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

**Woman's Nature** is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass is usually so full of suffering and danger that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. MOTHER'S FRIEND, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system that she passes through the event safely with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." It is sold by all druggists. Book containing valuable information to all, mailed free, upon application to the BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY, Atlanta, Georgia.

**Mother's Friend**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CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
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Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**CASTORIA**
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
In Use For Over Thirty Years
**CASTORIA**
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

**MANHOOD RESTORED** "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY
**SAPOLIO**
'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

—GREATEST—
**FAIR**
In the United States will be held at
St. Paul, Sept. 3 to 8 inclusive 1900.
$40,000 IN PREMIUMS.
Special Features of all kinds.

**Great Cattle Exhibit.**

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
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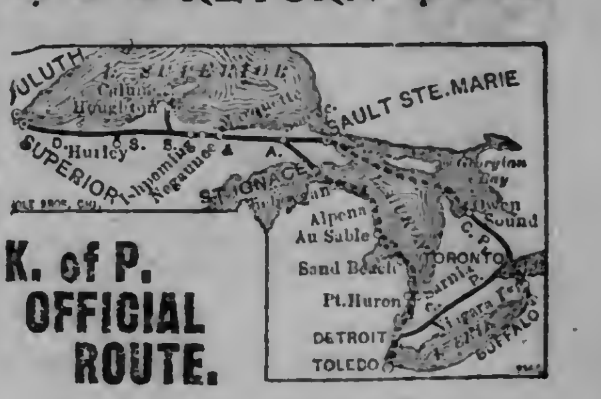
**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
$14 DETROIT AND RETURN $14

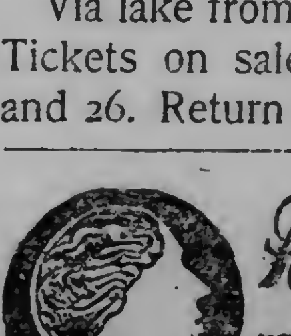


K. of P. OFFICIAL ROUTE.
Via lake from St. Ignace.
Tickets on sale Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14

**Hard to Humbug Workmen**
**When They Take Time to Ask Questions.**

Few people realize the sum spent monthly by working men for tobacco, one of their greatest pleasures. The sum is from $6,000,000 to $8,000,000. Too large a proportion of this sum goes to manufacturers who do not hesitate to misrepresent their goods. Some of it goes to trusts. It behooves us to ask questions. You will run no risk of buying inferior or trust tobacco when buying any of the following brands: Kingbolt, Gold Rope, Thrasher or Rise and Shine, made by the Wilson-McCallay company, of Middletown, Ohio. This company is independent of any trust. Buy these brands from your dealers and you will be sure of a pure, wholesome plug of tobacco and honest weight. No workman who uses tobacco should be without it. Remember it is made by union labor. Keep the list of brands in your pocket.

**MADE ME A MAN**
AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by over work and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.
AJAX REMEDY CO., 325 Dearborn St. Chicago, Ill.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.



TRADE MARK **Palmo Tablets** CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.
(Old Age Postponed.)
The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. **50c.** Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.
HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 225 West Superior street, druggists.

1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

Photographed from Life.
**REVIVO** RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

# ADVANCE IN WHEAT

## Market Started Out Steady, Declined But Firmed Up During Morning.

## THE CABLES LOWER

## Buying By Foreigners at Chicago the Cause of the Rally.

Duluth Board of Trade, Aug. 21.—The wheat market opened steady this morning but the sentiment was bearish and prices soon declined under the influence of lower quotations from Liverpool. There was some buying by foreigners at Chicago and this caused a rally. The market ruled firm and fairly active during the remainder of the session, and closed ⅝c higher than yesterday here and ⅞c higher at Chicago for the September option.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ¼c off at 74c, sold up to 74⅝c at 10:35 and held steady, closing at 74⅞c, a net gain of ⅝c. December wheat opened ¼c lower, at 74⅜c, sold up to 75½c at 10:46, reacted to 75c at 12, but recovered and closed at 75⅛c, or ⅝c higher than yesterday. Cash sales were 25,000 bus, at the September price. Corn advanced ⅜c. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Cash, November and May flax each advanced 1c, flax to arrive declined ½c. September flax rose ½c and October flax showed no change. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 77⅜c; to arrive, old, 77⅜c; new, 77⅜c; September, 76c; December, 77⅛c. No. 1 northern, cash, 75⅛c; to arrive, old, 75⅛c; new, 74⅞c; September, 74⅞c; December, 75⅛c. No. 2 northern, 72⅞c. No. 3 spring, 69⅛c. Oats, 22⅜@22½c. Rye, 48½c. Barley, 37@45c. Flax, cash, $1.38; to arrive, $1.37; September, $1.38; October, $1.32½; November, $1.31; May, $1.37. Corn, 39c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 43; corn, 7; oats, 3; barley, 8; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 21,583; corn, 14,079; rye, 1465; barley, 6666; flax, 967. Shipments—Oats, 1000.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars | $0.74⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 2100 bus | 74½ |
| No. 1 northern, 4000 bus | 74½ |
| No. 1 northern, 7 cars | 74⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 74¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car | 74⅞ |
| No. 1 northern, 1000 bus | 74¼ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car, new | 72 |
| Flax, 800 bus, September | 1.35½ |
| Flax, 100 bus, September | 1.36 |
| Flax, 2500 bus, October | 1.32½ |

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended, Aug. 18, 1900:

| | Barrels. |
|---|---|
| Production by local mills | 9,360 |
| Receipts by rail | 114,000 |
| Exports | 2,670 |
| Total shipments | 111,370 |
| Stocks in store | 205,850 |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### All Lines Were Steady, With Trade Generally Dull.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Wheat opened steady today, September unchanged at 72@⅛c. Liverpool showed a decline and traders were rather bearish. September sold to 72⅛@¼c and then eased to 71⅞c. Buying credited to foreigners at this point began to be felt and September rallied to 72⅜c. Local receipts were 670 cars, 33 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 274 cars, against 309 last week and 306 a year ago.

The export trade proved the feature of the day. New York reported 60 loads taken for the other side. September later in the session, touched 72⅝c, dropped back to 72⅛@¼c, and then rallied to 73c, closing strong, ⅞@⅞c higher at 72⅞@73c.

Corn gave good evidences of firmness. Trade started light but soon improved. Light country acceptances and the small stocks and the hot weather West were factors. Contract stocks are only 363,000 bus and the total of all grades in public and private houses 2,020,000 bus, probably the smallest on record. September opened ¼c higher at 39⅛@39¼c, touched 39¼c, dropped to 37¾c and then rallied to 38⅝c. Receipts here were 306 cars.

The close was firm. September ⅝@¾c higher at 39½c.

Oats were quiet but steady. September opened a shade lower at 21⅞@22c and advanced to 22⅛@¼c. Receipts were 319 cars.

Hog receipts under the estimate and a fair amount of outside buying caused a steady opening in provisions. The market turned a bit easier later. Trade was dull. September pork opened 2½c higher at $11.10, dropped to $11 and then reacted to $11.07½; September lard opened 5c up at $6.72½ and September ribs 2½c improved at $7.02½.

Close: Wheat—August, 72⅝c; September, 72⅞@73c; October, 73⅞@74c. Corn—August, 39c; September, 39½c; October, 38⅞@½c. Oats—August, 21⅜c; September, 22c; October, 22⅜@⅛c. Pork—August, $10.92½; September, $10.92½@$10.95; October, $11.00; January, $10.97½. Lard—August, $6.70; September, $6.70@$6.72½; October, $6.75@$6.77½; November, $6.67½; December, $6.50; January, $6.47½. Ribs—August and September, $6.95; October, $6.90; January, $5.82½. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 73½@74c; No. 3 red, 69@73½c; No. 2 hard winter, 67@69c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 72@74; No. 2 northern spring, 71½@74; No. 3 spring, 67@74c. Corn—No. 2 and No. 3, 40½c. Oats—No. 2, 22¼@½c; No. 3, 22¼c. Flax—Cash and Northwestern, $1.39½; Southwestern and August, $1.38; September, $1.35½; October, $1.31½.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—The wheat market has been decidedly strong, closing about 1c over the opening price. Foreign buying has been a feature. Another has been the development of very heavy cash business, especially at Duluth, which reports 700,000 bus sold from there, 300,000 bus also at Kansas City. Cash sales here were 80,000. New York exports from sixty to seventy-five loads. Acceptances Southwest small. Lower cables were influential in breaking the market early, but a steady undertone was apparent with most influential buying and coming up on a market which is proverbially short had its natural effect. The world's visible decreased 2,877,000 bus. primary receipts were 1,044,000 bus, clearances 781,000 bus, charters 200,000 bus. Estimates for tomorrow 420 cars. The wheat market has the appearance of being decidedly oversold. The September liquidation, which was expected from the bull side may possibly materialize from the bear instead. We would not be surprised to see a good strong upturn, if this cash business is confirmed and continued we may have nothing of a radical or permanent nature on such advances for the present, but we believe they will come later on radical enough for the most extreme bull.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston

The corn market has been strong, quite nervous, with October showing the most feature in its strength. Local stocks in public and private houses are very light indeed, only 2,020,000 bus. The total contract stocks only 363,000 bus. Kansas weather hot and dry and no rains in sight. Receipts 306 cars, 129 estimated. Clearances 292,000 bus. Cash demand, however, is not particularly good, the advance and nervousness felt over the September situation being restrictive influence. Local sales 100,000 bus with New York reporting from 10 to 40 loads taken from there. There is a general impression around that there are immense possibilities for a trying time in corn for the shorts. It may be policy to keep the September option from advancing too readily between now and the middle of next month. If that can be done and receipts kept as light as they are the bull will have things pretty much his own way.

The oat market has been a small one, range ¼c, prices unchanged. Receipts 319 cars with 205 estimated. Shipping sales 90,000 bus, 50,000 bus at New York. There seems to be a good deal of quiet persistent buying in the oat market. This is rather puzzling the trade, as the crowd generally does not feel particularly bullish as to the future. There is a feeling, however, that the prices of feed stuffs and the absence of adequate supplies in certain sections will do a great deal to increase the consumption in oats and banking on that there is considerable long stuff being held.

The provision market has been disappointing, not showing the relative strength of other markets. Hog receipts were very small, only 13,000, with 25,000 estimated for tomorrow. The market opened strong but did not hold. The cash demand continues good. Speculative inactivity is responsible more than anything else for a featureless provision market. We don't anticipate that this will continue for long and the weaker the day the better the purchase.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Wheat has shown a much healthier tone today. The market opened only fairly steady as cable advices contained lower quotations. The speculative buying was of good character, however, from the very outset. Great Britain and the continent were both free buyers of futures. This encouraged some free purchases by several of the prominent local operators and the market gradually worked into a higher level. An enormous export business was consummated in all positions. Liberal sales were effected in New York and Duluth, Kansas City, also wheat for export to go out via the gulf, the first business of the kind done in some time. The situation seems rapidly growing stronger. The market looks very healthy and we strongly advise liberal purchases on every recession.

Corn was fairly active within a narrow range. There was some very good speculative buying of the October future. Cash inquiry was good, but little business transacted on account of the light stocks. The market closed dull but firm.

Puts, September wheat, 71½-⅝@71⅝c.

Calls, September wheat, 72⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September— | | | | |
| Open | 74 | 71¼ | 72@72⅛ | 77⅝ |
| High | 74⅝B | 72⅜ | 73 | 77⅞-78 |
| Low | 74 | 71 | 71⅞ | 77 |
| Close | 74⅞B | 72½ | 72⅞-73B | 78A |
| *October. | | | | |
| Open | 74⅜N | 72¼A | *72¾-72⅞ | 79⅛ |
| High | 75½ | 73⅜ | 73¾-⅞ | 79⅝ |
| Low | 74⅜N | 72½ | 72@ | 79-⅛ |
| Close | 75⅛B | 73⅜ | 73¾-⅞A | 79⅞A |

* October.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Sept. | Corn. Sept. | Pork. July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 21¾@22 | 39¾@39¼ | $11.10 |
| High | 21⅞-⅛ | 39⅞ | $11.10 |
| Low | 21⅞ | 39 | $10.92 |
| Close | 22B | 39⅛A | $10.92@10.95 |

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

| | Receipts. Bushels. | Shipments. Bushels. |
|---|---|---|
| Boston | 37,367 | 153,901 |
| Chicago | 364,410 | 9,000 |
| Detroit | 20,537 | ...... |
| Duluth | 24,538 | ...... |
| Kansas City | 173,600 | 192,000 |
| Milwaukee | 44,800 | 3,500 |
| Minneapolis | 169,600 | 26,520 |
| New York | 115,625 | ...... |
| Philadelphia | 72,773 | 83,590 |
| St. Louis | 163,000 | 94,000 |
| Toledo | 77,177 | 4,000 |

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Aug. 21.—Wheat quiet, ¼@⅜d lower. September, 5s 10⅝d; December, 6s ⅜d. Corn, firm, ⅛@¼d higher. September, 4s ⅞d; October, 4s ⅜d; November, 4s ½d.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Tuesday, Aug. 21.

| STATIONS OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT. | State of weather. | Tmp'ture. *Max. | Tmp'ture. **Min. | Rainfall inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria | Cloudy | 86 | 66 | .0 |
| Campbell | Cloudy | 92 | 62 | .0 |
| Crookston | Cloudy | 82 | 58 | .0 |
| Detroit City | Clear | 82 | 60 | .0 |
| Grand Meadow | Pt cldy | 94 | 66 | .0 |
| Granite Falls | Clear | 92 | 66 | .0 |
| Minneapolis | Cloudy | 90 | 68 | .0 |
| New Ulm | Cloudy | 90 | 68 | .0 |
| Park Rapids | Cloudy | 82 | 64 | .0 |
| Winnebago City | ........ | .. | .. | .. |
| Worthington | Foggy | 90 | 60 | .0 |
| Devils Lake, N.D. | Clear | 81 | 60 | .24 |
| Langdon, N. D. | Cloudy | 74 | 56 | .90 |
| Larimore, N. D. | Clear | 72 | 52 | .66 |
| Lisbon, N. D. | Cloudy | 84 | 62 | .0 |
| Pembina, N. D. | Cloudy | 72 | 54 | .30 |
| Aberdeen, S. D. | Cloudy | 94 | 64 | .04 |
| Millbank, S. D. | Pt cldy | 90 | 66 | .0 |
| Mitchell, S. D. | Cloudy | 96 | 64 | .74 |
| Redfield, S. D. | Pt cldy | 92 | 66 | .06 |
| Bismarck, N. D. | Clear | 84 | 64 | .0 |
| Duluth | Pt cldy | 70 | 60 | .08 |
| Huron, S. D. | Cloudy | 88 | 70 | .14 |
| La Crosse, Wis. | Cloudy | 94 | 68 | .0 |
| Moorhead | Cloudy | 84 | 62 | .0 |
| St. Paul | Cloudy | 90 | 70 | .0 |
| Winnipeg, Can. | Clear | 76 | 54 | .04 |

District averages.

| CENTRAL STATION. | Number of stations reporting. | Temperature. *Max. | Temperature. **Min. | Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 24 | 92 | 68 | .28 |
| Columbus | 18 | 90 | 68 | .36 |
| Des Moines | 13 | 94 | 70 | .0 |
| Indianapolis | 10 | 94 | 70 | .12 |
| Kansas City | 20 | 100 | 72 | T |
| Louisville | 16 | 96 | 74 | .0 |
| Minneapolis | 19 | 86 | 62 | .16 |
| Omaha | 13 | 96 | 70 | .06 |
| St. Louis | 10 | 98 | 74 | .0 |

Warm weather prevailed generally. Showers fell over the Dakotas, Illinois, Ohio, Indiana and Eastern Nebraska.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *Maximum for yesterday. **Minimum for twenty-four hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3500, including 800 Westerns and 800 Texans; generally steady; good to prime steers, $5.50@$6.00; poor to medium, $4.70@$5.45; stockers and feeders steady to strong, $3.25@$4.75; cows, $2.75@$4.25; heifers, $3.00@$4.75; canners, $2.00@$2.60; bulls $2.50@$4.50; calves, 25c lower, $4.40@$6.50; Texas-fed steers, $4.25@$5.00; Texas grass-fed, $3.25@$4.10; Texas bulls, $2.50@$3.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 313,000; tomorrow, 23,000; left over, 2998; steady to strong, top, $5.50; mixed and butchers, $4.95@$5.42½; good to choice heavy, $5.05@$5.15 to $5.35. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; slow to 10c lower; lambs, good to choice wethers, $3.90@$4.10; fair to choice mixed, $3.25@$3.80; Western sheep, $3.30@$4.00; Texas, $2.75@$3.75; native lambs, $4.00@$5.50; Western lambs, $4.75@$5.40. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 17,811; hogs, 27,823; sheep, 29,077. Shipments—Cattle, 5899; hogs, 6197; sheep, 3652.

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MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report trade moderate. The intense heat effected a dull and slow opening of the market. A few buyers were present but were inactive and in no spirit to transact their buying. Supplies were fair with prices holding last week's quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice | $125@160 |
| Drafters, common to good | 90@125 |
| Farm mares, choice | 100@120 |
| Farm mares, common to good | 60@ 80 |
| Mules | 100@120 |

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 21.—Close: Wheat, in store, No. 1 northern, September, 72@72⅛c; December, 73⅝c. On track, No. 1 hard, 74⅞c; No. 1 northern, 72⅞c; No. 2 northern, 71⅞c.

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| BUTTER. | | | |
| Creamery, extra | 20 | @ | 22 |
| Creamery, choice | 18 | @ | 20 |
| Dairies, fancy | 17 | @ | 17½ |
| Dairy, fair | 13 | @ | 15 |
| Packing stock | 12 | @ | 13 |
| EGGS. | | | |
| Country, strictly fresh | 13 | | |
| CHEESE. | | | |
| Twins, flat, full cream, new. | 11 | @ | 11½ |
| Full cream, Young America | 12 | | |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Brick cheese, No. 1 | 11 | @ | 12 |
| Limberger, full c'rm, choice | 13 | | |
| Primos | 6 | @ | 6½ |
| MAPLE SUGAR. | | | |
| Vermont, per lb | 12 | | |
| Ohio, per lb | 11 | | |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 1 10 | | |
| HONEY. | | | |
| Fancy white clover | 16 | @ | 17 |
| Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb | 12½ | @ | 13 |
| Golden rod | 14 | @ | 15 |
| Dark honey | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Buckwheat, dark | 13 | @ | 14 |
| PEAS AND BEANS. | | | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 2 40 | @ | 2 50 |
| Medium, hand-picked, bus. | 2 00 | @ | 2 15 |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus. | 1 90 | @ | 2 10 |
| Green and yellow peas | 1 40 | | |
| FRUITS. | | | |
| Apples, new, bus boxes | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Apples, per bbl | 2 25 | @ | 2 50 |
| Valencias | 4 75 | @ | 5 00 |
| Seedlings, California oranges | 3 25 | @ | 3 50 |
| California lemons | 4 75 | @ | 5 00 |
| Bananas | 1 50 | @ | 2 50 |
| California peaches | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| Messina lemons, per box | 6 50 | @ | 6 75 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Currants | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Gooseberries | 1 00 | @ | 1 25 |
| Raspberries, 24 pints | 1 50 | @ | 2 00 |
| Dates, Fard, per box | 1 25 | @ | 1 35 |
| California plums | 1 25 | @ | 1 40 |
| California peaches | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Blackberries | 1 50 | @ | 1 60 |
| Watermelons | 18 | @ | 20 |
| California pears | 1 50 | @ | 1 75 |
| Washington plums | 1 00 | @ | 1 10 |
| Osage melons | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| Osage melons, per bus | 85 | @ | 1 00 |
| LIVE POULTRY. | | | |
| Hens, old | 10 | | |
| Springs | 11 | @ | 12 |
| Old roosters | 6 | @ | 7 |
| Turkeys | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Ducks | 9 | | |
| Geese | 8 | @ | 9 |
| NUTS. | | | |
| Hickory nuts, large, per bus | 1 50 | | |
| Filberts, per lb | 13 | @ | 14 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 12 | @ | 13 |
| Soft shell walnuts, per lb | 14 | | |
| Solft shell almonds, per lb | 17 | | |
| Brazils, per lb | 8 | @ | 9 |
| Pecans, per lb | 10 | @ | 11 |
| Peanuts, roasted, per lb | 5½ | @ | 6 |
| POPCORN. | | | |
| Rice corn, shelled | 3½ | @ | 4 |
| Choice, per lb | 3 | @ | 3½ |
| VEGETABLES. | | | |
| Turnips, rutabaga | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Turnips, white | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Beets | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Cucumbers | 60 | @ | 65 |
| Potatoes, per bus | 35 | @ | 36 |
| Pickling cucumbers | 75 | @ | 2 00 |
| Parsley, per doz | 25 | @ | 30 |
| Cauliflower, basket | 75 | @ | 1 00 |
| Cabbage, new, crates | 1 25 | @ | 1 40 |
| Green corn, doz | 8 | | |
| Lettuce, per bus | 50 | @ | 60 |
| Beets, per doz | 35 | @ | 40 |
| Onions, green, doz bunches | 12 | @ | 15 |
| Carrots | 30 | @ | 35 |
| Oyster plant, per doz | 26 | @ | 30 |
| Horse Radish, per lb | 10 | | |
| Mint, per doz | 30 | @ | 50 |
| Tomatoes | 90 | @ | 1 00 |
| MEATS. | | | |
| Mutton | 7 | @ | 7½ |
| Lamb | 7½ | @ | 8 |
| Veal, good | 8 | | |
| Veal, fancy | 9 | | |
| Beef, dressed | 6½ | @ | 7½ |
| Hogs | 7 | | |
| BRAN AND SHORTS. | | | |
| Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 15 00 | | |
| Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 14 50 | | |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 15 50 | | |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 15 00 | | |
| GRAIN, HAY AND FEED. | | | |
| Corn, car lots sacked | 45 | | |
| Oats, car lots, sacked | 27 | | |
| Hay, Minn. upland | 12 00 | @ | 14 00 |
| Hay, timothy | 15 00 | | |
| Feed, No. 1 | 17 00 | | |
| Cracked corn | 16 50 | | |

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Butter, firm; creameries, 16@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 12½c. Iced poultry, slow; turkeys, 7½@8c; chickens, 9@10c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 21.—Butter receipts, 11,305 packages; strong; creamery, 18@21½c; current packed factory, 15@16c. Cheese receipts, 11,646 packages; barely steady; large colored, 10¼@⅝c; small white, 10⅝@¾c; small colored, 10½c; small white, 10¼@⅝c. Eggs receipts, 10,728 packages; firm; Western regular packing at mark, 10@11½c; Western, loss off, 16@17c.

## THEY ARE RESERVED.

### Rivers and Harbors Committee Reticent Regarding Chicago Canal.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Members of the house river and harbor committee, accompanied by their wives and several distinguished guests, were today taken on a trip of inspection down the drainage canal. None of the party would express himself regarding the practicability of the deep waterway scheme. Congressman Burton, chairman of the committee, said that, in the abstract, the committeemen favored the plan and have acknowledged that the canal would be of great benefit to the country.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.
$14—Detroit and Return—$14
Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.
Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

# CHANGES IN STOCKS

## Were Fractionally Irregular With Exception of a Few Stocks.

## CLOSING WAS EASY

## Weakness at Opening Followed By a Rally Which Was Lost.

New York, Aug. 21.—American securities at London showed weakness which was reflected at the opening of the market here. Losses in the international group, however, were not pronounced. Free offerings of Sugar depressed it 1¼ and People's Gas and Tobacco lost ½ per cent and ¾ respectively. Trading became irregular but the price movement was very narrow in railroad stocks. People's Gas yielded to 95 and then rallied ¾. Sugar recovered a similar fraction. Tennessee Coal and Chicago Great Western preferred D each lost 1⅛. At 11 o'clock the tendency was slightly upwards under the leadership of Brooklyn Rapid Transit, which advanced to 57. Room traders bid up prices of the high priced specialties a point from the lowest. Some improvement followed in railroad stocks, but changes were of the merest fraction outside of Burlington, which rose ¾. The bond market was firm and dull.

There was a pretty general shading of prices in the final hour, but the concessions were mainly trivial. St. Joseph & Grand Island, first preferred, was a notable exception, rising 3 points. The closing was easy in tone, with the net changes fractionally irregular outside of a few stocks.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 122⅝ | 123 | 121¾ | 122⅞ |
| Am. Steel Wire, com | 35½ | 35⅝ | 35¼ | 35⅜ |
| Am. Tobacco | 92⅝ | 93⅜ | 92¾ | 93⅜ |
| Atchison, com. | 27¼ | 27½ | 27¼ | 27⅜ |
| Atchison, pfd. | 70½ | 70½ | 70⅛ | 70⅜ |
| Brooklyn Rap. Tran | 56⅝ | 57⅜ | 56⅝ | 57 |
| C., M. & St. P. | 113⅝ | 113¾ | 113⅝ | 113¾ |
| C., B. & Q. | 125⅛ | 126 | 125⅛ | 125⅞ |
| Fed. Steel, com. | 34½ | 34½ | 34⅜ | 34½ |
| Fed. Steel, pfd. | 66⅜ | 66⅜ | 66⅜ | 66⅜ |
| L. & N. | 71⅝ | 72 | 71⅝ | 72 |
| Manhattan | 91¾ | 92¼ | 91¾ | 92 |
| Mo. Pacific | 50¾ | 51⅛ | 50⅝ | 51 |
| No. Pacific, com. | 51⅜ | 51½ | 51⅛ | 51½ |
| Nor. Pacific, pfd. | 71½ | 71½ | 71⅜ | 71⅜ |
| People's Gas | 95⅝ | 96 | 95 | 96 |
| Rock Island | 106⅜ | 106⅞ | 106½ | 106½ |
| So. Pacific | 33¼ | 33½ | 33¼ | 33½ |
| Tenn. & C. I. | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ | 69½ |
| U. S. Leather, pfd. | 68¼ | 68¼ | 68¼ | 68¼ |
| Union Pacific, com. | 76⅜ | 76½ | 76⅜ | 76⅜ |
| Union Pacific, com. | 58⅞ | 59¼ | 58⅞ | 59 |
| Illinois Central | 117¼ | 117¼ | 117¼ | 117¼ |
| B. & O. | 71¼ | 71⅜ | 71¼ | 71⅜ |

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 21.—Money on call nominally 1¼@1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.84@4.84¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@4.85½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.83¼@4.83¾. Silver certificates, 62½c; bar silver, 61¼c; Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds irregular. Refunding 2s, when issued, registered and coupon, $1.03¾; 2s registered and coupon, $1.03¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.33; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.15; 5s registered and coupon, $1.12½.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Clearings, $21,151,651; balances, $2,510,656; posted exchange, $4.85@4.88½; New York exchange, 5c discount.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Aug. 21.—Consols for money, 98½; for the account, 98 11-16.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 21.—Cotton futures opened steady with prices 4 points higher to 2 points lower, and for a long time after the opening did not vary materially, following a general readjustment to last night's closing figures. The cause for the better prices in near months on the call was an unexpected advance in Liverpool this morning. Public cables were closely followed by liberal buying orders from Europe, and room shorts here hastily covered, but as the opening preliminaries drew towards a close, the late months displayed weakness under pressure from leading bears.

Spot cotton closed quiet; middling uplands, 10c; middling gulf, 10¼c; sales, 488 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; August, $9.65; September, $8.79; October, $8.66; November, $8.54; December, $8.51; January, $8.52; February, $8.53; March, $8.55; April, $8.56; May, $8.57; June, $8.58.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Aug. 21.—Close: Adventure, 2¼@2½; Allouez, 1⅛@1½; Anaconda, 45@½; Arcadian, 20@½; Arnold, 3¾@4; Amalgamated, 88@¾; Atlantic, 23 bid; Baltic, 20@22½; Bingham, 9½@11; Bonanza, 75c asked; Boston and Montana, 315½@317; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 61@63; Calumet and Hecla, 745@750; Centennial, 17¼@¾; Cochita, 7⅜@8; Copper Range, 19@20; Dominion Coal, 42@½; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 14 bid; Humboldt, 25c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 20@¼; Mass, 6@½; Michigan, 3½ bid; Mohawk, 17¼@½; Old Colony, 2¾@3½; Old Dominion, 19 asked; Osceola, 61@½; Oil, 18@19; Parrott, 41¾@42; Pioneer, 25c asked; Quincy, 140@142; Rhode Island, 2¼ bid; Santa Fe, 4½@5; Tamarack, 200@201; Tecumseh, 2@3; Tri-Mountain, 8¼@¾; Union Land, 2 asked; Utah, 30½@¾; Victoria, 2 bid; Winona, 3 bid; Wolverine, 40@¼; Wyandotte, 1@2; Zinc, 9@10.

## DUPONT'S CROWD MEETS.

### "Regular" Republicans of Delaware Hold Their State Convention.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 21.—The "regular" or Dupont Republicans held their state convention in this city today. After electing former Congressman Jonathan S. Willis temporary chairman, the convention took a recess until 2 p. m. The convention endorses the administration for President McKinley, favors independent government for Cuba, denounces the Democratic cry of "imperialism" as false and unsound, denounces legislation in the South destined to disenfranchise negroes, denounces the Democratic national platform for free silver coinage and favors any honorable compromise looking to a union of the two Republican factions in support of the common ticket.

## SHANGHAI TELLS IT.

### Says Empress Took a Roll and Is Surrounded.

Paris, Aug. 21.—The Temps publishes a dispatch from Shanghai, dated Aug. 21, saying it is reported that the dowager empress fled from Pekin with treasure amounting to 50,000,000 taels, and that she is "surrounded by Japanese cavalry."

### Lost.

Lady's umbrella, with painted china handle, on steamer Carrington, yesterday. Finder leave at Inman tug office or at Herald.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Professor Ourat's last party at Lester Park takes place Wednesday, Aug. 22.

The Pantonrium open all night. Phone 653.

A default judgment was entered in district court this morning in favor of the Wells-Stone Mercantile company and against Morris Thomas for $827.50 on a balance of $660 due on a note made Jan. 15, 1896, together with interest and costs. Crassweller & Crassweller are the attorneys.

You'll enjoy a "Bon Amie," 10c cigar.

A marriage license has been issued to Frederick Knight and Lillian Ridge.

Charles Stai has begun a suit in district court to clear title to lot 10, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth, to which Annabelle McGowan and others claim title. Francis W. Sullivan is the attorney.

Patents have been received at the United States land office for Martin Sorenson, John Connors, Nels Jensen, Edward Olson, Jessie J. Parks, Stephen B. Hill, Luella E. Murphy, John Renfrew, David Hites, Fred B. Rossom, Robert Richmond, John Kruger.

Horace Andrews, of Two Harbors, who was injured at the O-at-ka beach toboggan slide, has recovered sufficiently to return home.

The ladies of Pilgrim Congregational church give a musical and ice cream social tomorrow evening.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Briggs, of 2716 West Second street.

James J. Hill and family, including members of his family, President Upham of the First National bank of St. Paul, and J. W. Blabon, general western traffic manager of the Great Northern railroad, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and left on the Wacouta for a trip along the north and south shores of Lake Superior. They will be away a week.

The Modern Woodmen of America will hold their annual picnic at O-at-ka beach next Thursday.

Zenith lodge No. 99 Degree of Honor of the A. O. U. W., will give a dance at Lester Park pavilion this evening.

The "Bon Amie" Cigar is unexcelled.

### The Wednesday Herald

Is the one medium that always contains the Thursday bargain lists of Duluth's progressive merchants.

## PERSONALS.

Miss Edna Kelly, of Sault Ste. Marie, is here to make an extended visit to her aunt, Mrs. A. G. Kelly, of 308 Eighth avenue east.

Sir William P. Howland, of Toronto, Canada, is in the city, the guest of his niece, Mrs. John M. Barnes, of Lester Park. Mr. Howland has visited here before.

Mrs. W. E. Richardson and family returned from Deerwood last evening after a three weeks' outing.

Mrs. D. A. Montfort and F. D. S. Montfort, of St. Paul, were at the Spalding this morning.

Pierce Butler, one of St. Paul's well known lawyers, and J. J. Watson, of the same city, were here today.

H. Nolte and family, his mother and sister, have gone to Deerwood for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Weiss, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Giddings, and Mrs. A. Bondy left on the North West today for Detroit.

J. M. Giddings, of the Silberstein & Bondy company, will leave for the East this afternoon.

Miss Mamie Haller and sister, Mrs. H. E. Krantz, have returned home from their trip down the lakes to the copper country.

J. W. Crockett and wife of Biwabik, visited in the city today.

J. W. Willis, of Eveleth, was a caller in the city today.

E. L. Goodison and wife, of Sarnia, were in the city today to take the North West for a trip down the lakes.

Howard C. Rush and wife, of Salina, Kan., are stopping at the Spalding.

Miss Edna Jennings, of Nashville, Tenn., visited in the city today.

W. C. Smith, of Brainerd, was a business caller here today.

Charles H. Strong and wife and the Misses Strong were among the tourists at the Spalding today.

Bayard Dominick and wife and the Misses Dominick, of New York, came up on the North West this morning.

A Morristown, N. J., party comprised of James Chambers, Miss Chambers and Miss K. Chambers left on the North West this afternoon.

William Fletcher, of Cloquet, was in the city on business today.

Arthur Ely, wife and son were registered at the St. Louis this morning. They left this afternoon with a full equipment for a trip into Northern Canada.

Robert Thompson and wife, of Columbus, Ohio, were among the tourists in the city today.

H. F. Fisher and wife, of Omaha, were in the city today.

Gen. Russell A. Alger, of Detroit, is expected to arrive in Duluth in a few days on his annual visit to his interests in this vicinity. He will probably remain here several days as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Millen, of East Superior street.

## DENOUNCES ANTI-QUAYITES.

### Pennsylvania Republican Committee Gets Into Their Hair.

Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—The Republican state committee held a special meeting in this city today and adopted resolutions denouncing the action of the anti-Quay section of the party in advocating fusion with the Democratic party in certain legislative districts. The preamble to the resolution sets forth that "it is openly charged that certain persons claiming to be Republicans are engaged in an effort to form a fusion with the Democratic party even to the extent of voting for Democrats when necessary, whereby the success of Republican candidates in congressional, senatorial and representative districts may be imperiled."

The resolution provides for a committee of seven to investigate and report to the state committee "the names of any person or persons claiming to be Republicans and guilty of the dishonorable practices aforesaid, and the counties or districts in which such efforts at fusion may exist, so that the state committee may take prompt and effective action."

## HUNG LU UNDISMAYED.

### Evident to Him That Foreign Devils Are Cowards.

Hong Kong, Aug. 21.—A prominent reformer has obtained from the Yamen runners a letter from Gen. Hung Lu, commander-in-chief of the northern army, to Gen. Tung Fu Sian, commanding the Kansu troops, saying:

"It is not convenient to accomplish my secret orders," and proceeding: "The foreign devils, counting their superior strength in warships and guns, have dared to exert all their power to rob and insult us, but their populations are small and entirely dependent on the Chinese productions. China now posseses cannon and rifles and plenty of well trained troops.

"I don't fear the foreigners. In the case of Sanmun, I refused Italy, with the result that nothing was taken. It is evident the foreign devils are cowards. I and Prince Tuang recently obtained the help of millions of Boxers possessing magic boldness. I swear to murder all the foreigners, with the assistance of the Boxers, who are supplied with arms."

KENTUCKY PROHIBS.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 21.—The state Prohibition convention was held here today, with about fifty delegates in attendance. Many of them were women. John D. White, former Republican congressman from the Eleventh district, said he could not support McKinley, and declared that the canteen is a greater curse to the country than the Goebel law is to Kentucky.

BOTH HELD.

New York, Aug. 21.—Frederick Scharn, brother of Kate Scharn, the young woman who was strangled in her apartments last Saturday, was committed to the Tombs today to await the result of the coroner's inquest. Louis L. Price, who had been paying the girl attention, was released in $1500 bail.

# MITCHELL IS DEAD

## Former Associate Justice of of State Supreme Court Dies Suddenly.

## VICTIM OF APOPLEXY

## His Death Occured at Alexandria at Early Hour This Morning.

St. Paul, Aug. 21.—Former Associate Justice William Mitchell of the Minnesota supreme court died suddenly at Alexandria, Minn., at an early hour this morning, of apoplexy.

Justice Mitchell was born in Welland county, Ont., Nov. 19, 1832. He graduated from Jefferson college, Pennsylvania, in 1853, and was admitted to the bar in Virginia in 1857. In that year he settled at Winona, Minn., and practiced law up to 1873, when he was elected judge of the Third judicial district, which office he held until he went on the state supreme bench in March, 1881. He was one of the ablest jurists in the country and his decisions were held in high respect by the members of the legal profession and the courts of other states. He was defeated for re-election in November, 1898, and retired from the bench with the beginning of the present year. He resumed the practice of law at St. Paul. He was at Alexandria on a fishing trip.

### Hot Wrestling Match.

This is interesting. "The Pacific Coast Stranger" is going to meet "The Terrible Swede" in a catch-as-catch-can wrestling match for a purse of $100, at the Parlor theater, Friday evening. The "Stranger" pleads guilty to the name of Charles Halberg and the management says he is the undefeated champion of the West. "The Terrible Swede" claims the innocent appearing name of Jack Anderson, and says he will make matters swift and furious for the Pacific coast man.

### He Now Repents.

For using abusive language to former Court Officer Marshall, it will cost Samuel Jamieson either $25 or 20 days in jail. When Mr. Marshall was a member of the police force he had occasion to serve papers on Jamieson. Recently the latter while intoxicated, made references to Mr. Marshall, which he now says he didn't mean and attributes it to too much bad beer.

On Thursday afternoon Saul Rooney will be examined in police court on a charge of stealing about $19 worth of jewelery from Blanch McKleoid. He was arrested this afternoon and denied the charges.

SKIRMISHERS APPEAR.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—The skirmish line of the G. A. R., which will hold its annual encampment here next week, has made its appearance here. It is a very thin line, however, made up principally of agents of various posts who wanted a man on the ground early to see to the accommodations. Chief of Police Kipley has detailed a guard of 75 men, for the presidential party. There will be a body guard of detectives in plain clothes whose duty it will be to remain always close to President McKinley and, so far as possible, near his carriage. Details of uniformed mounted police will also be on hand.

EXPECTED SOON.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 21.—Governor Shaw is expected to arrive in the city before nightfall and announce his appointment of United States senator to succeed Gear.

STORM DAMAGE.

Cleveland, Aug. 21.—Telegrams from various points in Northern Ohio indicate that last night's storm was by far the most destructive of the season. Many thousands of acres were flooded throughout Wood, Ottawa, Sandusky, Erie, Seneca, Lorain, Richland and Wyandotte counties, and the loss to crops will be heavy.

CAMPAIGN OPENS.

Sedalia, Mo., Aug. 21.—The Democratic campaign in Missouri was opened here today, in the presence of nearly 40,000 persons. A parade through the streets of clubs from different parts of the state was followed by speechmaking. The principal addresses were made by Hon. Adlai Stevenson, the vice presidential candidate, and A. M. Dockery, Democratic candidate for governor of Missouri.

## THAT ASK-ME BUTTON.

She was fair of face and—well, say, 25. Her clothes were neat and cool. Pinned to the bosom of her shirt waist was one of the large buttons now being distributed by the bureau of information for the accommodation of strangers visiting the city during the session of the Democratic national convention, says the Kansas City Star. This large button bore the talismanic words, "Ask Me."

When she tripped into the car and took a seat the men stared at her. The women did likewise. Opposite sat a middle-aged woman with her 7-year-old daughter.

The child stared at the large button on the shirt waist, then, pointing to it, asked, "What is that, Mamma?"

"It's very rude to point, don't you know, my dear?" quoth mamma.

"Well, what is it?" she again inquired.

The young woman heard the inquiry and reprimand and smiled at the perverseness of the child; then, holding out her hands, said, "Come here, little sweetheart, and I'll explain it to you."

The child looked at her mother, who nodded assent. She went over and was lifted to a seat in the young woman's lap.

"Now, I'll tell you all about it. These buttons were designed for the purpose of furnishing information to the many visitors who will come to Kansas City next week. If they are seeking a hotel or street or store, all they need do is ask the wearer of a button like this. In other words, the wearer of a button like this will answer questions asked. Do you understand now?" she asked. The child nodded her head.

"Are you going to answer questions?" queried the child.

"Just try me and see," replied the young woman.

The child fingered the button in silence for a few moments, then she suddenly asked:

"How old are you?"

"I'm ——"

"Are you as old as my mamma?" persisted the child. Mamma frowned. The young woman smiled.

"Are you married?" was the next question.

"No, dear, I am not."

"Why don't you get married?"

The young woman showed signs of embarrassment.

"I expect to—some time," she replied.

A Chinaman came into the car. The child took her eyes off the young woman long enough to see who was the new passenger.

"Would you marry that Chinaman?" she asked, pointing to where he sat. Mamma smiled. The men laughed and the young woman blushed furiously. Putting the child down, she signalled the conductor to stop and she stepped from the car.

"Before the car was out of sight she threw that "ask-me" button as far as she could send it.

LEMON BUTTER.

Beat well together three eggs, butter half the size of an egg and a teaspoonful of white sugar; add the juice and grated rind of one large lemon, place in a pan set in a dish of hot water and stir until it thickens. This may also be made in larger quantities, as it will keep a long time in bottles or jars and used as needed for tarts or other dainties.

### Fishing and Outing Rates.

Tickets on sale Saturday, returning following Monday. Round trip Duluth to Deerwood, $2.00; Sturgeon Lake, $1.50; also season round trip tickets at very low rates to numerous other charming Minnesota resorts on Northern Pacific railway. Full particulars at city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

No Get-Rich-Quick Scheme
but honest execution guaranteed of orders in large or small amounts.
Wheat, Grain and Provisions.
Our "Blue Book" to date furnished free on application. We solicit your correspondence.
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Big G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.
Sold by Druggists,
or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.
Circular sent on request.

## ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION —OF— Benjamin Investment Company.

We, the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of Title two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of the state of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, do hereby associate ourselves together and adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Benjamin Investment Company." Its principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota. The general nature of its business is to buy, own, let, sell, deal in and improve real estate in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, and at any other point or points as may be determined by a majority in interest of the stockholders; to loan money upon real estate, and to collect, foreclose and release mortgages and other obligations, and do and to do, perform and execute all and singular the acts and instruments necessary, proper or convenient in carrying on a general real estate, loan and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be August 15, 1900, and it shall continue for a period of thirty years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in, in cash or in property at such times and in such amounts, and in such manner as may be determined by board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Louis N. Benjamin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William B. Ardouin, Duluth, Minnesota.
Jay C. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.
Julius D. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and all management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors, composed of not less than three (3) persons nor more than five (5) persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder in said corporation.

Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard shall be and constitute the first board of directors, and shall serve as such until the first annual meeting of the stockholders hereinafter provided for, or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified. The first annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at ten (10) o'clock a. m., on the first Monday of August, 1901, and the regular annual meetings thereafter shall be held at the same hour on the first Monday of August in each year. At such meeting not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) directors shall be elected, who shall serve one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

There shall also be the following officers who shall perform such duties and exercise such power as may be prescribed by board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by board of directors at their annual meeting immediately following annual meeting of stockholders, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretary, a treasurer and a general manager; and any two or more of said offices may be held by the same person except those of president and vice president.

Until the first annual meeting of directors, the following persons shall act as officers of said corporation: Louis N. Benjamin, president; William B. Ardouin, vice president; Jay C. Howard, treasurer, and Julius D. Howard, secretary and general manager.

The board of directors shall have power to enact and adopt such by-laws for the government of the corporation as they see fit, and from time to time to revise and amend the same or any part thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred (500), and the amount or par of each of said shares shall be one hundred dollars ($100.00.)

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this third day of August, A. D. 1900.

LOUIS N. BENJAMIN, (Seal.)
WILLIAM B. ARDOUIN, (Seal.)
JAY C. HOWARD, (Seal.)
JULIUS D. HOWARD, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and executed in presence of—
W. W. Sanford,
S. T. Harrison,

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—SS.

On this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

W. W. SANFORD,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 415.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 18, 1900, at 10:35 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 199.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

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**AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.**

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**17,148**

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 21.—The barometer is low over the southern half of the lake region and in districts north of Montana, and high over Pacific and Gulf states and Manitoba. Cooler weather prevails in the Red River valley, but temperatures are rising again in localities further northwest. Rather warm weather is the rule in Middle states. Light to copious showers have fallen over the lake region, North Atlantic states and in districts bordering the 105th meridian. The weather in the lake region is unsettled and showery with fog on Western Superior; the winds are generally light, southerly on Superior and northerly on the other lakes.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 90 | Miles City | 80 |
| Bismarck | 80 | Milwaukee | 92 |
| Buffalo | 74 | Minnedosa | 78 |
| Calgary | 78 | Montgomery | 98 |
| Cedar City | 74 | Moorhead | 84 |
| Charleston | 96 | New Orleans | 92 |
| Chicago | 92 | North Platte | 91 |
| Davenport | 94 | New York | 72 |
| Denver | 88 | Oklahoma | 92 |
| Detroit | 92 | Omaha | 94 |
| Dodge City | 98 | Pittsburg | 84 |
| Duluth | 70 | Port Arthur | 70 |
| Edmonton | 71 | Portland | 78 |
| El Paso | 92 | Prince Albert | 64 |
| Escanaba | 72 | QuAppelle | 72 |
| Galveston | 88 | Rapid City | 90 |
| Green Bay | 86 | San Francisco | 66 |
| Havre | 82 | Santa Fe | 96 |
| Helena | 82 | Shreveport | 94 |
| Huron | 88 | Spokane | 88 |
| Jacksonville | 100 | St. Louis | 96 |
| Kamloops | 74 | St. Paul | 90 |
| Kansas City | 98 | Sault Ste. Marie | 70 |
| Knoxville | 96 | Swift Current | 78 |
| La Crosse | 94 | Washington | 81 |
| Lander | 84 | Williston | 82 |
| Los Angeles | 74 | Winnemucca | 89 |
| Memphis | 92 | Winnipeg | 76 |
| Medicine Hat | 84 | | |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair weather tonight and Wednesday. Fresh northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight, with cooler south portion; Wednesday, generally fair.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and cooler tonight with showers in south portion; Wednesday, generally fair.

North and South Dakota—Generally fair weather and moderate temperature tonight and Wednesday.

Upper Lakes—Winds mostly fresh northeasterly. Showers tonight on Michigan and Huron, partly cloudy on Superior; Wednesday generally fair.

***The Plight of the Porto Ricans.***

The tariff law which the Republican majority in congress, including Page Morris, foisted upon the unfortunate island, despite President McKinley's remarks on "our plain duty," has not made its inhabitants prosperous. A few days ago 200 starving natives came in from the country to San Juan and appeared before the American governor to plead for a means to make a living. To relieve their urgent needs the governor promised them employment on the public highways, but that can be but a temporary measure. Something more must be done to avert want and privation from these poor people, who seldom felt the pangs of hunger when under Spanish rule. They then had a market for their products unlimited by any tariff. They could sell in nearby Cuba or ship to Spain, and the value of their products was not impaired by an import duty. They have become poor, indeed, since their market is confined to the sugar and tobacco trusts, whose prices they are forced to accept because of the legislation of congress made in favor of these trusts. Porto Rico is a most densely populated country, having an average of about 250 persons to the square mile. As much of the island is not available for agricultural purposes the real population average is much larger. Not only should these people have been given a chance from the very beginning to bring their products to American markets unincumbered by any import duty, but the government, if it was deemed necessary, should have assisted them in finding these markets by providing them with the necessary tonnage. Instead of that congress, at the demand of the sugar and tobacco trusts, imposed duties on these products and to that extent reduced their value to the producer.

***The Silence of Ex-Speaker Reed.***

Early last June it was stated in the Associated Press dispatches that ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed would not be invited by the Republican national committee to take the stump this fall for President McKinley. It was stated at the time that Mr. Reed's sarcasm had made several well known party leaders in New York weary and that his flings at the president were doing more harm than all the Democratic speakers put together. Another paper, high up in administration circles, gave it out that the man from Maine was on Mr. Hanna's "black list." For just what reason is not stated. It should be remembered that Mr. Reed has a long memory and has a "black list" of his own and high up at the top of the column is emblazoned the name of the senator from Ohio, Marcus A. Hanna. But this is not the reason that Mr. Reed will not enter the stump. He refuses to plead in this campaign for the hardening of the lines of conquest which have been laid out for the United States and are being so relentlessly pursued in the Philippines. He believes this new departure of President McKinley to be utterly un-American and subversive of the principles of the republic, and, so believing, he cannot speak in its defense. That he has refused there is no doubt. Mr. Hanna had at first decided not to ask the ex-speaker to take the stump, but there was so much adverse comment on this procedure that the Republican chairman sent an invitation to the ex-speaker. That it was declined is evident from Mr. Hanna's recent statement that Mr. Reed is a very busy man, and so cannot be expected to do any campaign speaking this fall. And now there has come direct confirmation from Maine. The Republican state committee has also failed to persuade Mr. Reed. A Portland dispatch says: "Hon. George M. Seiders and Collector Charles M. Moses, the two First district representatives on the state committee, were delegated to interview Mr. Reed, and extend to him the committee's invitation. Both of these gentlemen have attended to the duty assigned them, but have been unable to impress on Mr. Reed the need of his participation in the campaign. He is taking life easily at his summer cottage at Grand Beach and shows no inclination to plunge into the thick of a campaign in which he has no particular interest at stake." Mr. Reed was asked to compromise on one speech, to be made at the Old Orchard mass-meeting on Aug. 23, but even this is not to be. The people of Maine, said Mr. Reed in his "Old Home week" speech in Portland, have "always preferred liberty to ancestry." Mr. Reed has done as much for his party as his party has done for him, and he is under no obligations to herald publicly from the stump the very political doctrines which he is known to disavow, being opposed to the administration on the paramount issue of the campaign.

### *THE GROWTH OF CITIES.*

The Chicago boomers who have been claiming a population of 2,000,000 for the Windy City will be awfully disappointed by the census returns. The official figures given out by Director Merriam assign Chicago a population of 1,698,515. The census of 1890 showed a population of 1,099,850, so that there is an increase of 598,725 for the decade. This is 54.44 per cent and should be satisfactory to the Chicago people even if it does not come up to the expectations of some of their enthusiasts of the Two-Million club. It was rather absurd to expect that there ever would be an increase of 100 per cent in ten years—that the population would double itself in that time.

The percentage of increase in Chicago's case is larger than that of any other city reported to date by the census bureau. The actual increase of population in the other cities officially reported averages from 20 to 35 per cent for the decade since 1890. In not one case has the census report confirmed the "conservative estimates" of population previous to the official count. For instance, Washington expected 350,000; the census figures are 278,178. Cincinnati expected 380,000 and must be content with 325,902. Milwaukee boasted of having 320,000 people, but the official figures show only 285,315. Buffalo figured on 400,000, and the census gives 352,219. Louisville's estimate was 250,000, and the actual population is shown to be 204,731. Providence thought 210,000 was a fair estimate; the census bureau's figures are 210,000. New York also has fallen short of the estimates before the census was taken. The population of old New York, including the present boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, is officially announced at 2,050,600 when 2,500,000 was confidently expected. Yet it shows an increase of 535,299, or over 35 per cent since 1890, when the census figures were 1,515,201. "Greater" New York, which includes Brooklyn and other annexed territory, will probably be given a population of about 3,200,000, although conservative estimates had claimed 3,600,000.

Thus it will be seen that Chicago has made the greatest growth, in comparison with the other cities officially reported. Of course, even with this phenomenal growth, it will take the Western metropolis many years to get even with New York's population, but in the meantime it is assured of being the second largest city in the country.

### *ROOSEVELTISMS.*

In his speech at St. Paul, Governor Roosevelt said: "Study the Kansas City platform and you can't help realizing that their policy is the policy of infamy; that their triumph would mean misery so widespread that it is almost unthinkable and a disgrace so lasting that more than a generation would have to pass before it would be wiped out. They stand for lawlessness and disorder, for rishonesty and dishonor, for license and disaster at home and cowardly shrinking from duty abroad."

In other words Mr. Roosevelt charged every member of the Democratic party with being lawless, dishonest and a coward. The News Tribune claims that all the New York governor meant to do was to denounce "the policies formulated in the Kansas City platform" and that he did not make "the charge of cowardice, personally, against every Democratic in the land." Unfortunately for the News Tribune's contention, it is not supported by Governor Roosevelt himself. In a letter to Gen. John W. Palmer of Illinois, written on Aug. 9 he admits that the epithets used in his St. Paul speech were intended for "the men who support and ask support for the Kansas City platform." All the Democrats support the Kansas City platform. The man who does not support it is not a Democrat. Consequently "Teddy" Roosevelt made the charge of cowardice and dishonesty and lawlessness, personally, against every Democrat in the land.

Mr. Roosevelt's insulting language towards the Democrats is characteristic of the man. He has a habit of indulging in insulting language in dealing with those who differ from him. In 1896, he thus referred to the Silver Republicans whom the McKinleyites are endeavoring to coax back to the party of McKinley and Hanna: "There are many advocates of clipped or depreciated money who are rather sorry to see the demand for such currency coupled with a demand for more lawlessness and an abandonment by the government of the police functions which are the essential attributes of civilization; but they have overcome their reluctance, feeling on the whole it is more important that the money of the nation should be unsound than that its laws should be obeyed."

Mr. Roosevelt has also been guilty of a gross insult to the American volunteer, than whom no braver or more courageous soldier ever carried a gun.

At the time the war department was about to select troops for Porto Rico, Mr. Roosevelt sent to the secretary of war this letter:

"Santiago, July 23, 1898.—My Dear Mr. Secretary: I am writing with the knowledge and approval of Gen. Wheeler. We earnestly hope that you will send most of the regulars, and at any rate the cavalry division, including the Rough Riders, who are as good as any regulars and three times as good as any state troops, to Porto Rico. There are 1800 effective men in this division. If those who were left behind were joined to them we could land at Porto Rico, in this cavalry division, close to 4000 men, who would be worth, easily, any 10,000 National guards, armed with black-powder Springfields or other archaic weapons. * * * Very respectfully,

THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

The secretary of war did not do Mr. Roosevelt the favor to "burn this letter." Instead of destroying the letter and concealing from the public the gratuitous insult which Mr. Roosevelt had given the American volunteer, the secretary of war on Aug. 4 sent the following cable:

"Washington, D. C., Aug 4, 1898.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Santiago: Your letter of the 23rd is received. The regular army, the volunteer army and the Rough Riders have done well, but I suggest that unless you want to spoil the effects and glory of your victory you make no invidious comparisons. The Rough Riders are no better than other volunteers. They had an advantage in their arms, for which they ought to be very grateful. R. A. ALGER,

Secretary of War."

Mr. Roosevelt is now proclaiming on the stump how he whipped Spain and is seeking support from the voters because of his military record. It is hardly likely he will get very enthusiastic support from the members of the National guard for whom he showed a fine contempt two years ago.

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A good retort was quoted by Mr. Byan in his speech at Lincoln the othe day. "Not long ago," he said, "a Republican was chiding one of our people with the fact that the Filipinos were looking to a Democratic election for the securing of their rights, and the Republican said, 'Are you not ashamed that the Filipinos are expecting aid from the Democrats?' and this man replied to the Republican, 'Do you know of any people in all of the world who are fighting for liberty who are looking to the Republican party for help at this time?' " The party which once "shouted the battle cry of freedom" now withholds sympathy from every people that is fighting for liberty.

Count von Waldersee occupies technically the most distinguished military position of any commander in the world, though Lord Roberts is a more noted general, and there are several commanding general who have held higher commands in actual warfare. In 1870 Gen. Miles outranked Waldersee, though the latter now occupies the very highest military position, as the successor of Count von Moltke. This promotion has been due not to extraordinary military services, but to the death during the past thirty years of all the old German commanders of high rank.

The suffering from heat at this season of the year in what are known as the Ghetto districts of Chicago is described by the papers of that city as so deplorable and horrible that it is a shame to the alleged civilization of a great and immensely wealthy city. No escape from the stifling heat is possible to the wretched poor; they breathe no fresh air; cool, pure water is unattainable; and so, they died, specially the infants, and even larger children, by scores and hundreds. It is only by comparison with such conditions as these that the people of a city like Duluth can begin to appreciate their summer blessings.

In an article dealing with the career of ex-Senator Ingalls, the New York Sun says: "His hatred of humbug and cant, except when it was his own humbug and his own cant, was so fervid, and his powers of verbal excoriation were so remarkable, that his tongue kept him in hot water during much of his variegated career." The Sun might have added that in this respect Mr. Ingalls' tongue resembled the pen of its late editor, Charles A. Dana.

The Topeka State Journal has the temerity to say: "Wouldn't it be a pretty good idea for American missionaries to confine their labors to the local field and keep away from China in the future. There is plenty of work in the United States for active Christian laborers. The present war in the Orient is an object lesson for those who care to read."

The price of refined petroleum in Russia at the last account was 1½ cents a gallon to the dealers, and but little more to the consumer. Oil wells in Russia do not yield us freely as those in America, where kerosene sells at 10 and 15 cents a gallon, and the Slavs are also minus the luxury of a Standard Oil trust.

The German government systematically and shrewdly encourages the consumption of fruit—for several reasons: It is a sanitary food; it stimulates fruit production; and it increases the consumption of sugar.

A Kansas convict who escaped from prison eleven years ago has given himself up because he could not survive the remainder of his term. His only explanation is that he has married since his escape.

It is now being found that many if not most of the reports of massacres of missionaries and others in China were gross exaggerations—invented by the lying correspondents at Shanghai.

And now it is denied that President Harper of Chicago university, ever proposed to live on 15 cents a day for two weeks. Dr. Harper can afford to spend 15 cents on each meal.

Some of the newspapers still persist in spelling the name of the Chinese capital Peking, but their news therefrom is not more reliable than that published by other newspapers.

If Mark Hanna is trying to get wheat to a dollar, he is making slow progress.

Every Duluthian can do something to help build up Duluth, if it is nothing else but to talk well of Duluth and point out its advantages on all possible occasions.

A New York judge has handed down a decision that a woman has a right to bet on horse races. But she will be wise if she fails to exercise the right.

A Washington paper says the president suffers a great deal from insomnia. Uneasy lies the head upon which the presidential burden lies.

Two men have just won a bet by rolling a tub all the way from Paris to Vienna. They have also won the title of champion idiots.

"He is not flighty," says John M. Palmer of President McKinley. Has Uncle John never heard about "plain duty."

Three British armies are chasing Gen. Dewet in the Transvaal but he seems to be as nimble as the proverbiol flea.

Another point in favor of the man's shirt waist is the report that 2500 vest-makers in New York have struck.

Certainly no people struggling for freedom have offered Mr. Hanna a large sum to speak in their behalf.

The Japanese have won bright laurels in China as the equals of any European troops.

Another massacre of Armenians by Kurds is reported. Probably another fake.

## The Rounder

"I saw a funny thing once during my career on the lakes," said Capt. John Flynn, agent of the Chicago vessel line, the other day. "We had aboard a party of women from the East, who were botanists. At one place we had a stop to take on some freight, and the women went ashore and rambled through the woods. When they came back they had their arms full of weeds, and they placed them on the cabin table and went at them, analyzing them and naming them one after the other. They got all of them but one, and they puzzled over that for a long time. While they were working over it a young man, who was also a passenger, strolled in and watched them. He seemed interested in the proceedings, and finally one of the women turned to him, and explained their difficulty. He was asked if he knew what the plant was.

"He looked at it again, and then looked at the botanists in a quizzical manner.

" 'I don't know much about botany,' he said, 'and you might stick me on some of these other things there, but you can't stick me on that. That's poison ivy.'

"It took those women about three seconds to roll the whole mass up in the table cloth and dump them overboard, and they spent the rest of the time while they were on board watching for symptoms of poisoning. None developed while they were with us, however."

## AIRY NOTHINGS.

Indianapolis Journal: Fidelia—Well, I don't envy the empress dowager her meditations.

Flossy—You don't? Oh, Fidelia, they say she has 2000 silk frocks and 500 of them are embroidered with real seed pearls!

Chicago Tribune: "I have two objections to that ambitious young Demonsthenes as an orator," remarked Isocrates. "He is too egotistical, and he appears to chew his words."

"Uses his I-teeth on them, probably," suggested Aphobus.

Philadelphia Press: "This," said the modest young author, "is my idea of the perfect short story. I submit it for publication."

"H'm!" replied the editor, glancing at the fraction of a minute and handing it back, "your idea is decidedly original. Good morning."

Chicago Record: "Mr. Jibbs, when will be the best time for me to speak about raising my salary?"

"Oh, one time is as good as another. You won't get any raise."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Maid—Will you give me your name, sir?

Cautious Individual—Not much I won't. I know something about the loosely drawn marriage laws of your state. If I gave you my name you might claim to be my wife.

Detroit Journal: "He has written a great many successful novels, I believe."

"Yes, so many that it is said he can now afford to write a good novel, should he choose."

Judge: Farmer Greene—So the teacher said you was a chip of the old block, eh? The impudent cirago! What had you been doing?

Bobby Greene—Why, I had been standing at the head of my class in everything, and———.

Farmer Greene—Just as I thought, my boy! Miss Jones is a most estimable and discerning young lady, and I shall recommend her to the trustees for a raise of salary.

THE COMING SENSATION.

There will be a great sensation at a not
far distant day.
Be a startling innovation that will take
our breath away!
All the ladies will be speechless from the
shock of the surprise,
And the sockets be incapable of 'prisoning
their eyes!
It is coming, it is coming, and we cannot
bluff it back,
Coming, too, in every color from the softest cream to black!
They will paralyze we humans and will
frighten all the "bastes"
When the chappies burst upon us in their
men's
shirt
waists!

—Denver Post.

***The Calamity Talkers.***

Baltimore Sun (Ind.-Dem.): Having denounced the calamity-mongers of 1896 in unmeasured terms, the Republican party now deliberately adopts the tactics which it then discredited. It is undertaking by every means to disturb the business of the country, to undermine confidence and to create a state of public sentiment which might, under certain conditions, lead to panic. It is doing this without sufficient cause, simply to gain a party advantage and without regard to the consequences which may follow.

***To Humane Merchants.***

Boston Transcript: A few days ago Mr. Angell sent to all the Boston papers a request that their readers would, during the coming hot weather, hire those herdics and other carriages which have the best-looking horses. Also, that those leaving their city houses for the country would see that their family cats are humanely provided for. Shortly after, Mr. Angell received the following letter from a Boston merchant: "Dear Sir—Why not enlarge a little on the clipping that I enclose, taken from a Boston daily, and ask merchants who employ teamsters to carry out the same principle, by patronizing those men who have the best horses and most careful drivers, and who do not overload or abuse their animals?"

***That's the Question.***

Kansas City Times: If Hay and McKinley were so anxious to give John Bull a strip of land, why didn't they give it to him in the Philippines where our title is disputed instead of in Alaska, where it is absolutely clear?

***Will Retain the Check Book.***

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: Senator Hanna may retire, but he will not let go of anything essential. He is not the man voluntarily to abandon authority once gained.

***They Won't Get Him Anything.***

Philadelphia Public Ledger: Wharton Baker is to be congratulated on the vigorous protests which his candidacy has aroused at this early stage of the campaign.

## BRYAN'S IMPROVED PROSPECTS.

New York World (Ind.): The action of the Indianapolis convention is one of the signs of an intellectual and moral movement which is to the advantage of the Democratic candidate.

There is a great contrast between the situation today and that of four years ago. In 1896 the independents were practically all for Mr. McKinley; this year many of them are for Mr. Bryan. Any change indeed must have been favorable to the Democratic candidate. The mere allayment of excitement, the indecision of some conservative men in choosing their candidate, the willingness of many more who supported Mr. McKinley in 1896 to consider calmly the issues and the candidates of this year, show that something has driven from Mr. McKinley some of the most intelligent, the most unselfish and the most patriotic of his supporters of four years ago.

The men who have turned away from him are intellectually among the strongest men of an exceptional class of citizens. They are the leaders of those who put their country above their party. Some of them were the glory and strength of the Republican cause in 1896. They are now to be the glory and strength of the Bryan cause.

Call the roll of the Indianapolis convention and mark the striking loss in intellect and character which Mr. McKinley has sustained and the resultant gain to Mr. Bryan. Mr. Schurz is now against the Republican candidate, and no one knows better than Mr. McKinley himself that here he has lost and Mr. Bryan has gained the most eloquent and potent orator who spoke for the Republican candidate in 1896. If any other speaker approached Mr. Schurz in interest and effectiveness it was Bourke Cockran. He is for Mr. Bryan because, as he says in his letter to the Indianapolis convention, he believes that Mr. Bryan's election of itself would put a quietus on the imperialistic adventure, while if the Republican party succeeds, "at the end of four years imperialism will be so firmly imbedded in our political life that it can never be expelled." The venerable George S. Boutwell, ex-senator and ex-secretary, says: "In my age I leave the Republican party now that it has surrendered itself to despotic and tyrannical motives." Moorfield Storey, Charles Sumner's private secretary and biographer, declares against Mr. McKinley. Edward M. Shepard, one of the ablest of the Gold Democrats of New York, and one of Mr. McKinley's ardent supporters four years ago, announces that the will work and vote for Mr. Bryan. John B. Henderson, one of the oldest of the Republican senators who in the Johnson impeachment honorably and courageously preferred retirement to private life rather than to violate their consciences at the behest of their party, is another of the commanding figures whom Mr. McKinley has lost and Mr. Bryan has gained.

These are but the names of some of the leaders. They are not isolated thinkers. They stand for many thousands of the best citizens of the Republic whose thoughts and purpose they are expressing.

What is the meaning of the change? Primarily it is due to Mr. McKinley himself. He has deceived and disappointed and angered many of the men who four years ago deemed it the duty of all patriotic and honest men to vote for him. Now they regard him as a menace to Republican institutions. They are still gold-standard men. They have not changed their principles. They have counted the cost of electing Mr. Bryan. They are willing to pay it, whatever it may be, in order to rid the country of McKinleyism and its dangers. They are against imperialism, against the denial of the principles of the Declaration of Independence, against executive or legislative rule outside of the constitution, against the greed which surrounds the country with that atmosphere of corruption which is inseparable from money-seeking politics.

But while Mr. McKinley's conduct explains the change which has taken place during the four years, Mr. Bryan himself has grown since his nomination six weeks ago—first by reason of his wise silence on the silver question, and second by his remarkable speech accepting the Democratic nomination. The speech will go down in history as one of the most effective utterances ever made by a candidate. Besides its thoughtfulness, its eloquence, its able marshalling of arguments, we must recognize the fine sagacity which caught the public imagination and satisfied the public mind by full acceptance of its uppermost thought. His silence on the silver question has the same quality of sagacity. If he had not maintained it so studiously and steadfastly since his nomination at Kansas City the action of the Indianapolis convention might have been different, and he would undoubtedly have driven off much support that he has now attracted. He has thus far kept the issue of imperialism the one issue, and he has thus also prevented the Republicans from accomplishing their design to force the silver issue to the front. If he maintains the attitude of his speech and his silence he will not only retain what he has gained but will continue to grow in strength. Let us hope that the manifest causes which have so obviously operated in favor of Mr. Bryan will not be interrupted.

## INGALLS' FAMOUS EULOGY.

Ex-Senator Gilbert A. Pierce, in Chicago Times-Herald: The death of Senator Ingalls recalls a speech made by him in the senate in August, 1890, on the death of Senator Beck of Kentucky. It was probably the strangest eulogy ever delivered in that body. Rich, almost faultless in rhetoric, as his speeches always were, it also revealed some of the inner workings of his mind—thoughts, speculations, vagaries, if you will—which men seldom express, even if entertained. Senator Ingalls never indulged in long prefaces, and he plunged into this subject with almost startling abruptness. He said:

"Mr. President, rugged, robust and indomitable, the incarnation of physical force and intellecual energy, Senator Beck seemed a part of nature, inseparable from life, and exempt from infirmity. I recall the emotion with which I saw him stand painfully in his place and announce with strange pathos that for the first time in twenty years he found himself unable to participate in debate. He lingered a while, as the prostrate oak retains its verdure for a brief interval after its fall, or as the flame flickers when the candle is burned out; but his work was done. It was the end.

"The right to live is, in human estimation, the most sacred, the most inviolable, the most inalienable. The joy of living in such a splendid and luminous day as this is inconceivable. To exist is exultation. To live forever is our sublimest hope. To know, to love, to achieve, to triumph is rapture; and yet we are all under sentence of death. Without trial or opportunity for defense, with no knowledge of the accuser or the nature and cause of the accusation; without being confronted with the witnesses against us, we have been summoned to the bar of life and condemned to death. There is no writ of error or review. There is neither exculpation nor appeal. The tender mother cries passionately for mercy for her first-born, but there is no clemency. The craven felon sullenly prays for a moment in which to be aneled, but there is no reprieve. The soul helplessly beats its wings against the bars, shudders and disappears.

"Humanity itself is destined to extinction. Sooner or later it is the instruction of science that the energy of the earth will be expended, and it will become incapable of supporting life. A group of feeble and pallid survivors in some sheltered valley in the tropics will behold the sun sink below the horizon, and the pitiless stars glitter in the midnight sky. The last man will perish, and the sun will rise upon an earth [illegible]

"If the only object of creation is destruction, if infinity is the theater of [illegible] series of irreparable calamities, if the final cause of life is death, then [illegible]

"But no, Mr. President, this eulogy is for the quick and not for the dead. [illegible]

"Of course, I have only quoted a part of the speech. Though in its entirety it was very brief. Being called from the chamber, I did not see Senator Ingalls until the next day, but then I went around to his seat and congratulated him, telling him that in many respects I thought the speech remarkable. He seemed pleased, thanked me and then as I was about going he turned and said in what I thought a disaffronted tone: "Do you know, Pierce, that you are the only man in this chamber that has said a blamed word to me about it?"

***Not a Candidate.***

I'm glad I ain't a candidate,
To worry day by day,
A-watchin' voters, small an' great,
Fur fear they'll git away.
An' shakin' hands with every one
You're happenin' to meet,
An' never havin' any fun
Excep' to talk an' eat.

When 'Mandy scolds me now and then,
I murmur, "What's the use?
'Tain't much compared to what those men
Receive in round abuse."
If they should print sech things of me,
Before the public eye,
I'd git so mad I couldn't see,
An' go somewhere an' die.

I love my country strong an' true,
But I am blest if I
Could ever see a campaign through,
No matter how I'd try;
An' when their eager work I scan
I say, an' mean it straight,
It takes a mighty nervy man
To be a candidate.

—Washington Star.

***Irony of Events in China.***

Indianapolis News: There is a strange irony about events in China. By means of gunpowder, their own discovery, the Chinese are being defeated by the allied troops, and now they complain of the "poison" which the British are hurling at them, meaning the lyddite shells. These shells, again, are but an improvement on the old-fashioned Chinese "stink-pots" which they used to hurl at their foes.

***Sympathy for Illiteracy.***

Philadelphia Record: Much sympathy is expressed by the Republican organs in Pennsylvania for the illiterate negroes who are about to lose the elective suffrage in North Carolina. The Republican leaders in Pennsylvania are, in fact, so partial to illiteracy that they have provided by law for an assistant to accompany the ignorant voter into the election booth in order to facilitate the deposit of his ballot and witness its sale.

***Just Like Those Nearer Home.***

Honolulu Republican: It is the clearly defined idea of the average Hawaiian politician engaged in multiplying offices that one of his cardinal duties is to have an inspector appointed for everything that is liable to be inspected before it is used. This is a snap for office-chasing fellows, but a little hard on the taxpayers.

***What Imperialism Does.***

Columbus, Ohio, Press-Post: Imperialism cannot endure a free and honest vote. Its hope lies in coercion and venality. Without scruple it corrupts electors, buys senatorships and terrorizes labor.

***Too Big for Rabbit-Hunting.***

Cincinnati Enquirer: A dispatch from Chicago reports that Charles A. Towne will be sent on the track of Governor Roosevelt when the speaking campaign opens. Hardly believe it. Towne is too big a man to be sent rabbit-hunting.

## WAS NOT SO BAD.

### Storm Damage at Sheboygan Dwindles on Second Estimate.

Sheboygan, Wis., Aug. 21.—With the fever of excitement abated today and a recount made, the list of buildings destroyed or partially wrecked shows not to have been over half the number originally stated, and the money loss is shown to have been [illegible]

The following suffered heavy losses: Henry Tillman, Herman Dohne, Otto Zerns, Thomas Atkins, Gustav Rocheorn, William Gold.

300,000 homes made happy by the Keeley Cure. Drunkenness cured absolutely at the Keeley Institute, 625 10 St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

**LYCEUM THEATER.**
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

The Entire Nation Has Acknowledged Its Superiority.

One Night, Friday, Aug. 24.

**Hoyt's**

Masterpiece. His Best Work and Most Phenomenal Success.

**A Texas Steer.**

From Hoyt's Madison Square Theater, New York.

NOT ONE DULL MOMENT. WATCH AND WAIT FOR IT.

Brought Direct to Your Homes, Intact and Presented Exactly as Seen

Over 400 Nights in New York. Over 100 Nights in Philadelphia.
Over 200 Nights in Boston. Over 50 Nights in St. Louis.
Over 150 Nights in Chicago. Over 40 Nights in San Francisco.
2000 Times Throughout the United States.

Prices: Dress Circle, $1; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c.

**LYCEUM THEATER.**
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, AUG. 25.

Jacob Litt's magnificent new production of the perennial success

**IN OLD KENTUCKY!**

THE ORIGINAL PICKANINNY BRASS BAND.
THE GREAT HORSE RACE.

The Strongest Cast Ever Employed in the Play.

An Entirely New Production This Season.

Prices: Dress Circle, $1; Parquette, $1 and 75c, Family Circle, 50c; Balcony, 50c

**PAVILION.**
Uninterrupted success—Third week
The La Pearl Big Combination
Pleases everybody—All acts refined—Vaudeville—Sketches—Pantomime—Moving Pictures.
All Week—Matinees Thursday & Saturday

**PARLOR THEATER.**
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT.
Le Bertus' Gigantic Bill of Vaudeville Novelties.
Every Act a Feature. Great Show This Week.

## LOOKS LIKE WAR.

### Bulgaria's Reply to Roumania Is In Aggressive Terms.

London, Aug. 21.—Referring to the tension between Roumania and Bulgaria, the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Express says:

"The Bulgaria reply to the note of Roumania has been received at Bucharest. It is couched in aggressive terms.

"Bulgarian troops are being continually moved to the frontier. The Macedonian revolutionary committee has called 1000 volunteers under the command of Bulgarian regular officers and will raid Roumanian territory.

"Three Roumanian army corps are mobilizing. King Charles, speaking to his officers Sunday said:

" 'Gentlemen, be ready for war. It can happen at any moment. You will prove yourselves worthy successors of the heroes of 1877.'

"Addressing the minister of foreign affairs, M. Lavorhy, he said:

" 'Thus do the ungrateful Bulgarians repay all the blood we shed for them in 1877.'

"The Roumanian minister at Sofia will immediately be recalled."

SPORT KILLED.

Hedrick, Iowa, Aug. 21.—It is announced that no more race meetings will be held on the kite track here, owing to the local opposition. The buildings will be removed.

MRS. MONETT SHOT.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 21.—Mrs. F. S. Monett, wife of the former attorney general of Ohio, yesterday afternoon was struck in the breast by a bullet from a Flobert rifle in the hands of boys shooting sparrows. The bullet penetrated the lungs, inflicting a possibly fatal wound.

FAIRMONT SUICIDE.

Fairmont, Minn., Aug. 21.—Maud Cutting, who has been head dining room girl at the Bullard house since last March, committed suicide by shooting herself in the right temple with a 22-caliber revolver. A lover's quarrel is supposed to be the cause, although very few of the particulars are yet known. She purchased the revolver about a week ago, and has been practicing with it since. She at one time remarked to a companion that it would kill a person. The coroner is holding an inquest.

ASKS TIME.

Rome, Aug. 21.—Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, has asked for a postponement of his trial until witnesses can arrive from the United States.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go;
Life's an all-around pleasure to me
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.

**National Encampment G. A. R. Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.**
$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. $14—Detroit and Return—$14**
Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.
Sleeping car and stateroom diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

**To Talk Pianos As They Should Be Talked....**

*THE SHORT STORY.*

*Must be a Good Story.* We have about 100 instruments to select from. We try to suit you, not ourselves. We want to make and keep you happy. Does this strike a responsive echo in your piano ear?

*THE "QUID PRO QUO."*

*And Attractive Prices.* If you select a Piano at $175.00, you get your money's worth. If you want to invest $1,000, its the same way. A government bond is no safer investment.

*GOLD DOLLARS.*

*With Solid Backing.* Gold dollars are not for sale at 50c—by us. If you buy a high-grade Piano it will cost more than a low-priced one, but whatever you buy will have a solid guaranty behind it.

*TOMORROW.*

*Something Tomorrow.* $175 to interest you for a handsome new Upright. Elsewhere you might see a poorer piano priced at $250 and not surprise you.

New Pianos for Rent. Send for Bargain List.

**Duluth Music Co.**

*Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.*

*Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos.*

**LAKE AVENUE AND SUPERIOR STREET.**

# ENCAMPMENT.

## National Association of Spanish-American War Veterans to Meet In October.

Circular invitations were received in Duluth today, for the first annual reunion and encampment of the National Association of Spanish-American War Veterans, of which Maj. F. H. Bidwell is the Minnesota department commander, and with which Camp McEwen is affiliated. It will be held October 8 to 12.

The invitations are sent out by Gen. Willis J. Hulings, of Pennsylvania, now commander-in-chief of the S. A. W. V., and who will be remembered by Duluth volunteers, as the genial commander of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania infantry, at Chickamauga.

The object of the encampment like the inspiration which resulted in the organization of the Spanish-American War Veterans shall be to strengthen the spirit of fraternity engendered among those that served honorably in the military and naval service of the United States during the war with Spain, or in the insurrection in the Philippines; to promote loyalty and patriotism, and to inculcate the principles of equal rights and free government.

There are 150 camps in the United States and each camp is entitled to one delegate, with an additional delegate for every fifty comrades.

The following is a list of the general officers and department commanders:

Commander-in-chief, Gen. Willis J. Hulings, Oil City, Pa.; senior vice-commander-in-chief, Gen. William J. McKee, Indianapolis, Ind.; junior vice-commander-in-chief, Col. James B. Coryell, Philadelphia, Pa.; adjutant general, William C. Lider, Chattanooga, Tenn.; quartermaster general, Col. Edwin W. Hine, Orange, N. J.; inspector general, Col. George W. Taylor, Norfolk, Va.; surgeon general, Col. Victor C. Vaughan, Ann Arbor, Mich.; judge advocate general, Col. Rufus M. Townsend, Troy, N. Y.; chief signal officer, Col. James P. Fyffe, Chattanooga, Tenn.; chaplain general, Capt. Charles H. Jones, Newark, N. J.

# BOAT WAS LATE

## North West Loses a Screw On This Trip---List of Passengers.

The North West did not arrive until nearly 9 o'clock this morning. She lost a screw on the way up and was delayed, having but one to use. She proceeded immediately to the dry dock and was to leave about 4 o'clock this afternoon. The list of passengers who came up is as follows:

From Buffalo—F. M. Clark, New York city; J. T. McCleary, St. Paul; E. W. [illegible], St. Louis; F. E. Rowland, Philadelphia, Pa.; H. F. Lane, Boston, Mass.; James Dennison, Macedon, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Murphy, New York city; R. F. Strong, Erie, Pa.; Fred A. Ross, Olean, N. Y.; J. E. King, Philadelphia, Pa.; M. Habeland, New York city; W. B. Frask, Erie, Pa.; Raymond E. Streit, Amityville, L. I.; J. A. Cunningham, Bal- [illegible]

**Hood's Pills**

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. [illegible]

**Give Comfort**

[illegible]

## ANNUAL RETREAT.

### Priests of Duluth Diocese Now Holding Their Week of Prayer.

The annual spiritual retreat of the Catholic clergy of the diocese of Duluth began at 9 o'clock last night, with about forty priests in attendance. It is being held at the old St. Mary's hospital, now the Orphan's asylum, in the West End. The retreat consists of a week of prayer, when the clergymen offer up supplications that they may be led to see the light of truth more clearly. The retreat was not held last year, though it is a very ancient custom, owing to the absence of Bishop McGolrick. Two other retreats are being held in the state, one at St. Paul and one at Winona. Very Rev. J. J. Keane, of Detroit, has charge of the retreat.

Those in attendance are: Rt. Rev. McGolrick, Mgr. J. F. Buh, Tower; Rev. C. V. Gamache, Grand Rapids; Very Rev. E. Fayelle, Red Lake Falls; Rev. W. T. Rorg, Turbon; Rev. E. Thiellon, Gentelley; Rev. D. D. Lynch, Brainerd; Very Rev. T. Corbett, Duluth; Rev. Charles Giraux, Cloquet; Rev. J. Sroka, Duluth; Rev. J. Walsh, Park Rapids; Rev. F. L. Kosmerl, Duluth; Rev. T. J. Mackay, Detroit; Rev. M. Bilban, Virginia; Rev. M. Senger, Sturgeon Lake; Rev. L. J. Grandchamp, Crookston; Rev. P. Murphy, Bemidji; Rev. J. F. Greene, East Grand Forks; Rev. T. Archambault, Lambert; Rev. A. Lauret, Duluth; Rev. A. Smerker, Ely; Rev. J. W. Sniers, Pine City; Rev. J. Feehely, West Duluth; Rev. M. Barras, Argyle; Rev. J. O'Mahoney, Duluth; Rev. L. Naturski, Barto; Rev. J. B. Rech, Teerbonne, and Rev. B. Pugos, Two Harbors.

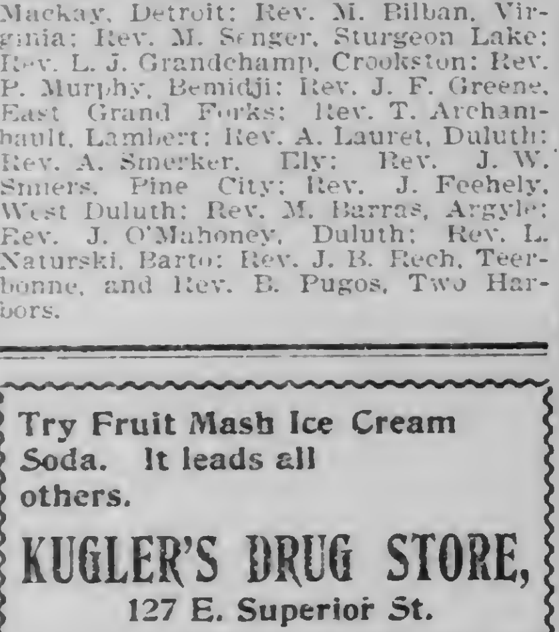
**Try Fruit Mash Ice Cream Soda. It leads all others.**

**KUGLER'S DRUG STORE,**
127 E. Superior St.

## AMUSEMENTS.

HOYT'S "A TEXAS STEER."

Fantastic as the title is, suggestive of a riot of nonsense and frolic, "A Texas Steer," which will be seen here at the Lyceum Friday presents an interesting story in a legitimate, dramatic way, bringing out human character consistently and following carefully a distinct and ingeniously constructed plot. Mirth, gaiety and absurdity is but a reasonable



"ELECTED."
SCENE FROM "A TEXAS STEER."

[illegible]

"IN OLD KENTUCKY."

[illegible]

**The Grand Trunk Railway System.**

Will serve you well to the choicest resorts of Canada and the East.

For rates, descriptive literature, and general information, apply to J. H. Burgis, city passenger and ticket agent, 249 Clark street, corner Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.

# IS STILL PUZZLED

## Council Authorizes Suit to Find When New Charter Is Effective.

## TO TEST THE BLOCKS

### Creosote Blocks to Be Laid on Sixth Avenue West Viaduct.

Until the courts dally with the brain-fatiguing question of when the new charter is or was first operative, council proceedings will be strictly routine. Last evening the alderman instructed City Attorney Mitchell to institute a test suit to determine whether the city's new constitution has been in effect since March, 8—thirty days after the election, —or whether it will not be in effect till 30 days after the filing of the judgment.

This case is likely to be brought through a city officer seeking back pay. For instance, Mayor Hugo will have back pay amounting to about $540 if the courts decide that the charter went into effect on March 8 last. Other city officers have smaller amounts due them and City Clerk Cheadle, would probably have to give back about $400 in fees which he has received, as the new charter provides him with a specific salary without fees.

The supreme court's judgment will be entered tomorrow and if the suit results in a declaration that the charter becomes operative 30 days from the filing of the court's judgment, as every alderman at last night's meeting hoped it would, the new fundamental law of city government would be in effect about Sept. 20.

A few weeks ago creosoted block pavement was almost entirely unknown to Duluthians and yet this is to be the first of the new paving to be laid in the city. About 1800 square yards of it will be used in paving the Sixth avenue West viaduct. Heavy traffic on this bridge has worn out a heavy 1-inch plank roadway in less than a year and a half. The Western Creosoting company of Indianapolis will guarantee the new paving for 10 years and the aldermen say it will be given a thorough test on the viaduct. This creosoting comes in blocks about the size of the granite blocks now between the street car tracks on Superior street. Tamarack is used mostly and is subjected to a scorching treatment in chemicals that takes all the sugar and other detrimental substances encouraging decay, from the wood. Then the creosoting oil is injected into the blocks, and the Western Creosoting company claims that it is far superior to asphalt. The cost is about $1.60 a yard.

It was deemed necessary to again begin the proceedings in regard to the sanitary sewer on London road, which was authorized sometime ago. At first it was only thought necessary to make a few changes in the petition, and then the improvement would conform to the requirements of the new charter. City Attorney Mitchell, however, held that the improvement could not begin till there was sufficient money in the permanent improvement revolving fund to pay for it. As the permanent improvement revolving fund will not be in existence till the council succeeds in selling $100,000 worth of bonds. The improvement was postponed indefinitely and may result in London road's loosing one of the finest new dwellings of the East End.

Some months ago for reasons largely political, the council granted Joe Sheehy a license to conduct an employment bureau notwithstanding the fact that he has a district court judgment against him for $7000 for the malicious prosecution of an 18-year-old girl. Last evening City Attorney Holmes sent the council a communication, saying that in his judgment the license should be revoked. Numerous complaints have been made against the pugilist-employment agent, by men that claim they paid him honest coin of the realm to secure them work, and he failed to deliver the employment or return the money. Several mornings ago a complaint was made to the assistant city attorney, by a man claiming that he had paid Sheehy money for work and found that he had no authority to hire for the company in [illegible]

### Arranges An Exhibit.

J. E. Cooley, who is working up St. Louis county's exhibits in the state fair, [illegible]

### The Lautenschlager Estate.

Katrina Lautenschlager, widow of George Lautenschlager, was appointed administratrix of the estate in probate court yesterday. [illegible]

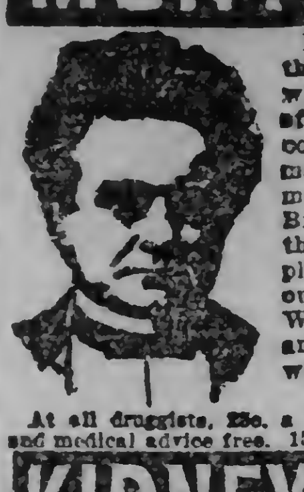
### Mining Lease Filed.

A mining lease on the sw¼ of the sw¼ and the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 32-58-20, was filed in the office of the register of deeds yesterday, running from Leonard A. Day to G. F. Long. The lease runs twenty years, and it carries a minimum annual output of 50,000 tons and a royalty of 25 cents per ton.

### Were Badly Crushed.

Two tramps climbed into a car loaded with lumber [illegible]

**MUNYON'S**



I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

**KIDNEY CURE**

# FUSIONISTS.

## Attorney General's Ruling as to Nominating Conventions By Two Parties.

The attorney general of the state last week made a ruling about which the politicians are considerably in doubt. A county attorney in one of the lower counties of the state applied for an opinion as to whether the Populists and Democrats were entitled to hold separate nominating conventions for selecting candidates for county offices in that county this fall. At the last election in the county separate nominating conventions were held and then the two parties fused on the offices. Each party had separate nominees for congress, however.

The opinion of the attorney general's department was that each party is entitled to nominate its respective candidates for the county offices provided that in each case the party had at the last general election polled at least 5 per cent of the entire vote cast in the county upon the basis of the county vote for the party's leading candidates, fusion candidates not included. If such is the case, the opinion holds, it is not necessary for the candidates selected by conventions properly called and held, to secure petitions.

The point that presents itself to the politicians here is as to how that ruling applies to this county. The two parties fused completely in this county and there is no way to tell whether 5 per cent of the vote was cast by the Populists or not, or for that matter, whether 5 per cent of the vots was cast by the Democrats. To contend that the Democrats did not cast 5 per cent would be an absurdity, of course, but there is nothing to show just what the Democrats cast or what the Populists cast.

The secretary of state, however, two years ago made a ruling on a point very similar to this. The certificates of nomination were filed by both parties and the question came up as to whether the nominations were entitled to go on the ballot as made by the Democratic and People's parties. The secretary of state allowed this to be done.

The calls for the legislative conventions of the fusion parties have not yet been called and the date upon which they will be held has not been decided upon, but it is expected that the calls will be out very soon. They will probably be held about the middle of next month. This will allow about seven weeks for the campaign and the members of the party think that is enough for a legislative canvass.

**DULUTH CITY BAND DANCE**

O-at-ka Beach.
Tuesday, Aug. 21. Tickets, 50c.

### A Fine Musical.

The musicale which was given Saturday evening at French & Bassett's was a delightful one and a large number of people were in attendance. The program consisted entirely of selections on the Crown piano and Angelus orchestral by Eugene Stein, a noted pianist, and M. L. Barber, representing the piano company and orchestral. The numbers were of a great variety and included some of a decidedly classical order. The work of the orchestral made a great impression and the piano selections by Mr. Stein were very fine. There were ten numbers on the program.

### Charged With Robbery.

Eight men are in the county jail over in Superior, charged with assaulting and robbing Patrolman Christopherson, at the Steel plant early Sunday morning. The men were creating a disturbance and the officer interfered, when they turned on him, pounding him with clubs and bottles until he was rendered unfit for duty for some days. They also stole his star and effects. Christopherson managed to telephone to headquarters and a squad of policemen intercepted the whole gang. The authorities are pretty hot over the dastardly assault on the officer and Judge Hailey [illegible]

**Woman's Kidney Troubles**

*Why trifle with health when the easiest and surest help is the best known medicine in the world?*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

*is known everywhere and thousands of women have been cured of serious kidney derangements by it.*

*Mrs. Pinkham's methods have the endorsement of the mayor, the postmaster and others of her own city.*

*Her medicine has the endorsement of an unnumbered multitude of grateful women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper. Every woman should read these letters.*

*Mrs. Pinkham advises suffering women free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass.*

# THE WEED NUISANCE

## Laws Galore on the Subject But Nobody Gives Them Any Attention.

## ARE GOING TO SEED

### The Number Increases Every Year---Large Fines For Delinquent Officials.

There are a great many more lawbreakers going free about the streets of Duluth than anyone has any idea of. With a mask of cheerfulness and innocence on their faces, they are proceeding along their daily walks of life as blithely as though they were not breaking a law of the sovereign state of Minnesota constantly and unblushingly. There are officers, also, who are sworn to support the law, but who are permitting this open violation of it, and they also are guilty, and there is a punishment fixed by the laws of the state for their offense.

This is not an article on Sunday closing, however. The lawbreakers referred to are those who are letting a number of noxious weeds that are under the ban of state law go to seed on their property, and thus laying themselves open to a fine fixed by a law that has never been enforced and that probably never will be, unless as the result of a great wave of public sentiment in that direction, for the law has been on the statute books for some time and it has never been operative in the slightest degree, at least in this vicinity.

It should read "laws," however, instead of "law." There are a multitude of laws on the subject, more, probably, than there are for anyother crimeagainst the public comfort and convenience, or whatever amenity the regulations against weeds are designed to protect. The general statutes of 1894 contained a law declaring Canada thistle, burdock and wild mustard to be common nuisances, and providing a penalty of a fine of $5 to $50 for permitting any of them to go to seed on one's land. It was declared to be the duty of local officers of whatever sort having control of the highways to destroy the weeds if the owners did not, and charge the cost up to the owner.

The law of 1895 added the Russian thistle, the white or ox-eye daisy, the sow thistle, sourdock, yellow dock, and "all other noxious weeds" to the list, raised the fine from $10 to $100, and provided a fine of $25 to $100 for officers who failed to enforce the provisions of these laws.

The offense consists of permitting these weeds to go to seed, and there is hardly a piece of property in Duluth where the law is not being violated, with never a hint of prosecution. This condition creates a whole townful of lawbreakers, who are going about as freely and as unconcerned as though the law did not exist. Just at this time most of these weeds are going to seed, and the bountiful crops of this year are preparing greatly increased ones for next year. In some instances the Canada thistle has been cut down, but not before the pappus wings have been set afloat to find a lodging place for the embryo of next year's plant. This plant also propogates itself by running root stocks, so cutting is only a temporary discouragement.

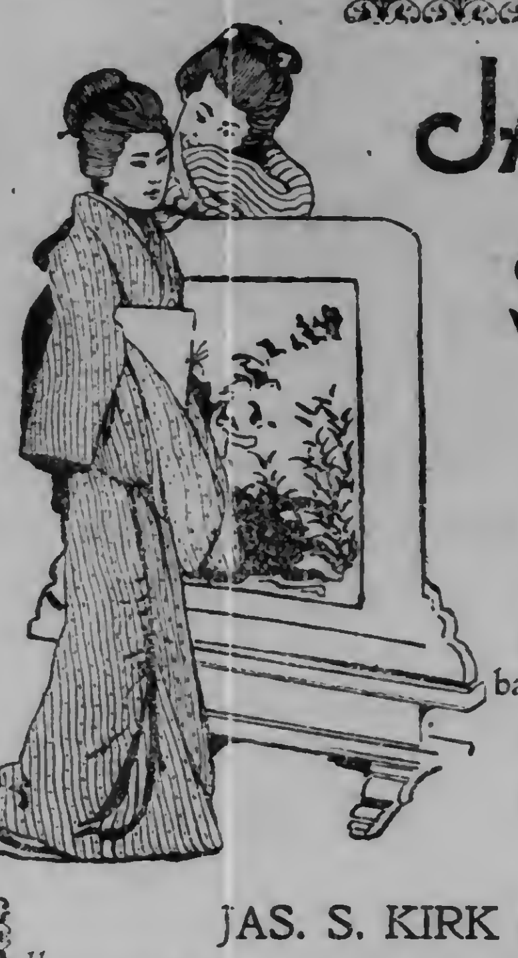
## A QUICK REVERSAL.

### Recent Decisions of the Supreme Court Do Not Agree.

Minneapolis, Aug. 21.—The Journal says: June 1 of the present year the Minnesota supreme court handed down a decision in a case in which the parties were the city of St. Paul and the Minnesota Transfer Railway company, involving the point as to which of the two was responsible for the repair of the bridge over the transfer tracks at University avenue. The case was brought up on an appeal from an order of the Ramsey district court directing that a peremptory writ of mandamus issue compelling the company to proceed forthwith to repair the bridge. The supreme court decided adversely to the [illegible]

### That Trobbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.



**JAP ROSE SOAP.**

TRADE-MARK

A NEW CREATION.

A Transparent Glycerin Soap.
Designed especially for toilet and bath.
A large size cake.
Delicately perfumed.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

# THE DAKOTAS.

## Suicide at Harvey---Fargo Inventor Effects a Compressed Air Engine.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Harvey—Mrs. Bruce Scott committed suicide by shooting herself through the left lung with a revolver. She lived only a few minutes and made no explanation. It appears she was temporarily insane. Mr. Scott, who is conductor of a freight train on the Soo line, was not at home when his wife died. He is a trusted employe of the road and is highly respected. The mother of Mrs. Scott is here from Oregon.

Fargo—Luke Hancock has been at work for a number of years on a compressed air engine, and it is asserted that he has at last perfected an engine that promises to revolutionize the power of the world. The tests made up to date have been successful even beyond his most sanguine expectations.

Mandan—James Sanders is in jail on the charge of making a murderous assault on Sheriff Weekes. Sanders claimed he had an unsatisfactory horse deal with Weekes and after threatening that he would kill him shot three times at short range, and the fourth time the revolver would not go off. The bullets grazed Weekes' neck. Weekes then knocked Sanders down.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The assessment returns on live stock show a decided increase in the number returned for last year. The total number of cattle returned is 355,577 head, which is an increase of over 143,512 over last year. The total number of sheep returned from west of the river, Stanley county leading in number with 59,693, and Butte next, with 27,226.

The total number of horses returned is 351,596, an increase of 14,500. The west river counties return 56,652, but counties east of the river return a greater number than any of the west river counties, Brown leading with 12,692. The total number of hogs returned was 275,734, which is an increase of 26,358. Clay county leads with 24,120, and Hutchinson county is next with 21,073.

Milbank—O. W. Hoyt, of this county, has received word that his oats, the German variety, sent to the Paris exposition through H. W. Dailey for the agricultural department, Washington, took first premium.

## IN DEFENSE OF NEWPORT.

### Divorced People Do Not Lead In Newport Society.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 21.—Rev. Dr. Braddin Hamilton, in commenting on Thomas Nelson Page's ideas of what he thinks constitutes New York and Newport society news, says:

"I do not agree with him. I do not preach to flatter anyone. I have no time to devote to that. I am not, as he says, a rector of a New York church, and have no particular parishioners to please.

"Mr. Page seems to think that divorced and doubly divorced people lead New York and Newport society. This is a grave delusion. I admit that there are many divorced persons in society in every city. But I have made a study of this subject to some degree and know that New York and Newport society contains no more divorced persons proportionately than that of any of the other large cities.

"And these divorced people in New York and Newport do not by any means lead or control; in fact, they are only tolerated [illegible]

### BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6; Milwaukee, 3.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 3; Detroit, 2.
At Chicago—Chicago, 8; Minneapolis, 4.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 7; Indianapolis, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—Cincinnati, 15; St. Louis, 1.
At Pittsburg—New York, 4; Pittsburg, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Indianapolis | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Detroit | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Milwaukee | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Kansas City | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cleveland | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Buffalo | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Minneapolis | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Pittsburg | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Philadelphia | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Chicago | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Boston | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| Cincinnati | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| St. Louis | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |
| New York | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] | [illegible] |

If you win a hat on the election insist that it be a Gordon.

# IN MICHIGAN.

## Hancock Warm Over Slight By the Milwaukee Excursionists---Range Notes.

Houghton—The fact that the party of Milwaukee merchants failed to take cognizance of the location of a settlement containing several thousand people on the north shore of Portage lake and within sight of the town they first visited in the copper country was the subject of much comment in Hancock. The business men of that village expected to receive them heartily and were anxious to show them the extent of their town and growing trade. They even went so far as to raise quite a sum of money for a public demonstration in honor of Milwaukee's wholesale merchants, but the opportunity was not given them to display their hospitality.

Hancock got the "cold shoulder," but it is a long road that has no turning and it is probable that it will take considerable to make amends for the slight unless a change of front is evidenced by the merchants of the village. It is true that the copper country is large and Hancock lays no claim to being the metropolis, but as it is still on the map it does not desire to be overlooked entirely.

Negaunee—The Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company has three diamond drills in operation on lands of the Pioneer Iron company near the city, toward the Palmer road. It is generally believed that good ore will some day be found down there, as indications point to an extension of the big deposits in the Buffalo valley in that direction.

Last spring the Cleveland-Cliffs company did some sinking on the land where it was thought ore might be encountered, but all of the explorations then in progress have been abandoned and the exploratory work is confined to drilling.

The Richmond mine on the Cascade range is now the only property out there from which ore is being shipped. The last carloads to be sent from the other mines, so far as at present known, left the range Saturday and the locomotive and crew in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern company stationed out there since the shipping season opened has been withdrawn. The shipments from the Richmond consist of about twenty carloads daily, or about some 400 tons. This will be handled by an engine and crew from the city yards.

Escanaba—The Pittsburg & Lake Superior Iron company is preparing to put in a big season's logging work. Last winter's work was most satisfactory, and a little larger than that of any previous season, but that even record will be beaten next winter.

Some of the camps on Ford river have already been opened, and it will not be long before there will be a good-sized force at work, with several new camps in operation. There is considerable good timber along the Ford and it will take some years to clear it out. The pittsburg people own a great deal of the timber and that concern will operate there several years before the supply is exhausted.

The North Star society of this city entertained the Scandinavian society of Marinette, who came on a Hart boat, 500 strong. The Escanabas defeated Marinette at ball by 9 to 3. The affair was a great success.

Marquette—Thomas Trythall had a miraculous escape from death at the Chapin mine. He fell thirty feet down a blind shaft, landing on his left side. His injuries were very slight and he will be about again soon.

# DROP IN STEEL.

## Warring Interests Have Cut the Price Eight Dollars a Ton.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—Acting on what is said to have been a selfish motive—to prevent the American Steel and Wire company and the American Steel Hoop company [illegible]

**Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,**

321 West Superior Stree

# RAILROAD PASSES

### Aldermen Said to Be Prevented By New Charter From Accepting Them.

## AMOUNT OF INCREASE

### Figures Showing the Raises Granted to Some of the City Officials.

City officers and employes were looking mysterious again today as they passed each other on their way to lunch. For over a week they have pronounced the new charter a snare and a delusion, a vanity and a disturber of tranquility, and they count that day lost, whose low descending sun views from its pages no new nerve-shattering problem begun.

Today it is the chapter on city officers and franchises, tomorrow it may be the chapter on street sprinkling or actions and evidence. No person about the city hall pretends to know where the next day's trouble is coming from, believing in the old proverb that sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof.

One officer today remarked that if he expected to hold his job under the new charter he would have to take the veil, for whether he accepts a pass out to Lakeside on the street car line or sells the city some of his worldly goods, even at a price below cost with a cash discount at that, he will be guilty of misconduct in office and either two-thirds of the council or 100 free holders can bring about his downfall and have him ousted from office.

Section 18 of the charter says that no officer shall vote or make a contract for the city with himself, or firm or corporation with which he may be connected in any way on penalty of forfeiting the office. Even then the contract would be absolutely void.

The section which provides that no city officer can leave town without paying railroad fare, unless he takes the all air route or walks, has been gone over so often that the officers have now ceased running about from office to office and wildly pointing to it with the air of a man that his discovered something new. Now they simply give vent to a marvelous flow of picturesque adjectives, and let it go at that.

One alderman who is regarded as one of the peerless strategists of the council thinks he has discovered a way to hold his office and still go to St. Paul on transportation as cheap as that allowed for babies and other excess baggage, providing outside roads look on the proposition with kindness. It is simply to work some transportation company for the trip across the lake to Ashland, take the Wisconsin Central down to a point of junction with the Milwaukee and then over to the Twin Cities.

The charter provision is that no officer or employe, shall directly or indirectly receive any gift, commission or gratuity, or any other valuable thing whatever, except his salary—not even a witness fee—or receive any pass of free transportation from any person, co-partnership, or corporation holding a franchise from the city of Duluth, except policemen and firemen, while on duty. Railroad companies having right-of-way in the city are construed to have franchises.

There has been much talk recently about the increase of salaries made under the new charter. Some of the rumors about the streets give triple increases, but this is absolutely without foundation as the following comparison will show the exact increase:

| | Old Salary. | New Salary. | Increase. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mayor | $1,200 | $2,500 | $1,300 |
| Treasurer | 2,100 | 2,400 | 300 |
| Controller | 1,900 | 2,000 | 100 |
| Aldermen | 300 | 300 | ...... |
| City clerk | 950 and fees. | 1,900 | About same |
| City Att'y | 3,000 | 3,000 and fees. | 300 |
| Asst. Att'y | 1,500 | 1,500 | ...... |
| Assessor | 1,500 | 1,800 | 300 |
| Engineer | 2,200 | 2,700 | 500 |
| Commissioner of public works | 900 | 1,000 | 100 |
| Health officer | 850 | 1,200 in fees. | 350 |
| Building inspector | fees | 1,400 | ...... |
| Fire commissioner | 200 | 200 | ...... |
| Secretary of civic service | ..... | 1,200 | ...... |

The members of the water and light and civil service and park boards receive no compensation but shall be paid all necessary expenses. The salaries of all employes is fixed by a two-thirds vote of the council.

### Order of Eagles.

Duluth has a new fraternal order. It is the Order of Eagles, and was organized last evening in Kalamazoo hall by Dr. Horace E. Merkel, of Seattle. There are about fifty-seven charter members, and judging from the name and the organization meeting last evening the new lodge will be a very high flyer, socially. The following officers have been elected: T. J. Madden, past president; S. H. Boyer, president; E. W. Prophet, vice president; F. P. French, chaplain; E. M. Van Doren, secretary; William J. Kelly, treasurer; Edward Hogan, conductor; C. E. Avery, inside guard; O. W. Nelson, outside guard; E. J. Morrison, W. J. Wells and W. H. Carey, trustees, and Dr. Boyer, physician.

### Enters Two Objections.

The Shevlin-Carpenter company has entered an answer to the proceedings for the collection of personal property taxes for 1899, in which it interposes two defenses. The first is somewhat technical. The assessment was made in the name of Shevlin & Carpenter, and the proceedings are against "Shevlin-Carpenter." The company alleges that it is neither of these concerns, and that the tax has not been levied against it properly. The second defense is that the property of the company is assessed at Minneapolis, and it is therefore not subject to taxation in this county.

AN EASY
WAY TO GET A
HOME!

Make your choice of a lot at Lakeside or Lester Park. Give us one-quarter in cash of the price of house and lot—we will furnish the rest of the money required at 6 per cent per annum. Principal and interest to be returned to us in monthly payments lasting a series of years.

Lakeside Land Company,
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

DR. BRUESS' POWERFUL PENETRATING PEERLESS REMEDY
INSTANTLY RELIEVES
AND
CURES
NEURALGIA.

FOR SALE BY
S. F. BOYCE.

## THE GREAT HEALTH RESORT.

### Duluth Cool While the Twin Cities Are Sweltering.

The following appeared in the Minneapolis Tribune yesterday:

"Yes, sir, I walked around all day Saturday and Sunday in Duluth with an overcoat on, and I was not the only one, either."

This seems quite cool. It seems improbable, too, but it is just as related by C. A. Merrill, proprietor of the Windsor hotel, who has just returned from a trip down the lakes to Niagara Falls and return.

"It is surprising to me," said Mr. Merrill, how there can be such a contrast in weather within such short distance, and if I did not speak from actual experience I would not believe it. Wherever you might appear on the streets of Duluth last Saturday you could see light spring overcoats, and a number of women had gone as far as to apply their furs and collarettes.

"The summer on the lakes has been one of the coolest ever known, and from the reports of the different steamship companies it would appear that the great lakes and Niagara Falls are receiving a more extensive patronage than ever before.

"There are more invalids and people suffering from hay fever and asthma on the lakes this year than has ever been known, and from present indications it would seem that the lakes are rapidly turning into health resorts."

On the day Mr. Merrill was talking thus, the heat in Minneapolis was also unbearable. At 3 p. m. Sunday the thermometers there registered 99 degrees in the shade, and at midnight the temperature was still 85. In St. Paul the maximum temperature was 2 degrees greater.

Special Excursion
Toronto Exhibition.

Fare only $27 return, meals and berth included. Going via Collingwood, or Sarnia line of steamers. Sailings Aug. 21, 27, 28 and Sept. 1 and 3. Good returning Sept. 30. For further information call on H. HURDON, Agent, No. 1 Lyceum Building.

### Attendance Keeps Up.

Last night there was another large attendance at the Pavilion. The long and varied performance given by the La Pearl company is a good one and certainly deserving the best of patronage, and is getting it. There is not a moment when the interest flags from the rise of the curtain to the finish. The pantomime by Charles Morosco and company is the opening act and is more than funny. The knife-throwing by the Asbeys is a very good act, showing nerve and skill. Ellet on the trapeze in mid-air and the sisters La Pearl on their trapeze work are experts at that line of business. Little Ruby sings some pleasing songs. Mrs. Matt Kusell's singing is always a treat and something that always takes with the better-class audience. The Asbeys statuary act is a very neat and refined piece of work and deserves a loud mead of praise. The dissolving views presented by Mr. La Pearl are grand and have been pronounced the finest ever seen. The scenes from the Paris exposition are remarkably fine. United States buildings looming up way over the other buildings. All the moving pictures presented by Mr. La Pearl are new and all very good. There will be a matinee tomorrow at 2:30. The pantomime will be added to tomorrow in order to give the children an extra laugh.

### Clearing Out the Slips.

The C. S. Barker dredge Port Huron is at work today in the St. Paul & Duluth slip clearing out parts of the slip that have been filled up somewhat. From there it will go to the Lake avenue slip and clear that out. The latter has been filled up considerably in places, especially where the ferries land. The churning of the water as the boats swing around causes a bar to form at the spot, and this has grown so that some vessels have been forced to leave the slip without loading within fifteen inches of what they ought to.

Social Dance
Given by the Original Midnight Stars at Lester Park, Thursday evening August 23rd. LaBrosse's Orchestra. J. McLaughlin, Prompter.
Tickets, 50c.

### Tremendous Dog Population.

The dog license season for the year 1900 is just about over and the crop this year is the largest on record. The police department has collected $1925 in license money and may yet make it an even $2000. According to the returns there are 1565 male and only 75 female dogs in the city. The license in the first instance is $1 and in the second $5. Out of the 1925 collected thus far, $1500 goes to the police department fund for the increase in policemen's pay and the balance goes into the treasury of the Police Relief association.

### Flower Show Prizes.

The following is a partial list of the prizes that will be given for exhibits at the flower show, Aug. 28 and 29:

Best, largest and most artistic collection of wild flowers, together with a list of the flowers, open to students only—first prize, one ton of hard coal; second prize, sweater.

Best collection of house plants—first prize, one ton of coal; second prize, $5.

Oleander having most blossoms—first prize, $2; second prize, $1.

Largest and best display of cut flowers—first prize, $5; second prize, lawn mower.

For the best floral design a bicycle will be given, instead of the $25, as at first stated. Open to any society or individual. Glen Avon society will not compete.

Prizes will be given for collections of begonias, geraniums and coleus, none of which shall have less than twelve varieties, and also for meritorious displays of sweet peas, pansies, nasturtiums, phlox, gladioli, sunflowers, dahlias, stocks, asters, mixed bouquets, hanging baskets and other exhibits.

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweetheart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

# MR. ECKELS IS HERE

### Ex-Comptroller and Chicago Bank President Pays Duluth a Visit.

## THE RECENT ROBBERY

### Tells the Story as Written to Him Here By His Cashier.

Among the passengers on the steamship North West, from Mackinac, this morning was ex-Comptroller of Currency James H. Eckels and Mrs. Eckels, of Chicago, Ill. Mr. Eckels is not in the best of health and is on a few weeks vacation. They left this afternoon on the North West for a trip down the lakes.

Several days ago, the Commercial National bank, of Chicago, of which Mr. Eckels is the president, forwarded to Burlington agent of the C. B. & Q. railway company, a package supposed to contain $20,000. When the package was opened in Burlington by the railway company's agent, it was found to contain only brown paper.

Mr. Eckels was out of the city when the incident occurred and received his first intelligence of the loss, by a letter from the cashier of his bank this morning.

To The Herald representative, Mr. Eckels said:

"I did not know of the loss until I received a letter from Joseph T. Talbert, the cashier of the bank, this morning. He wrote telling me that the package of money was taken from the bank and forwarded to Burlington in the usual manner by the Adams Express company.

"As soon as it was learned that something was wrong, the case was put in the hands of the Pinkerton detectives and they are working on it now. The cashier says that the package that was opened in Burlington was not the one that was sent from the bank. He says the wrapper is much different in color than that of the original package, the twine wrapping is not the same, the sealing wax, while it somewhat resembles the shade of that on the original package, is not the same color. The cashier says that the dummy package had a seal of the bank, or rather an imitation that was very poor indeed, also that the signature of the paying teller was a very crude piece of forgery. The bogus package was stamped in red ink, a color not used on the original package. He further states that the detectives, taking these things in consideration, believe that the dummy package was substituted for the original package sometime after the latter left the bank. Of course I am not in a position to say just where that was done and do not know if the detectives have any clue.

"The loss of the package will not fall on the bank for the reason that when it was turned over to the express company, the bank's liability ceased."

This is Mr. Eckel's third visit to Duluth, his last trip up here being made in 1897. In speaking of business conditions as he found them here, Mr. Eckels said:

"The condition of business in Duluth strikes me as being bery favorable. The city seems to be in a healthy state financially. I see Duluth is getting to be a great wheat center. We hear a great deal about the city in Chicago.

"I believe that Chicago is in a better condition financially than it has been since the World's fair. Of course there is not the boom there was a year ago, but I believe the conditions are far healthier. There seems to be a general era of prosprity in Chicago as well as here, a most favorable outlook, indeed."

Duluth City Band Dance
O-at-ka Beach, Tuesday, Aug. 21.
Tickets 50c.

## WHEAT SHOWS DAMPNESS.

### Cars Received Here Lowered In Grade Because of That.

A number of cars of new wheat were received on track in Duluth this morning, but the inspection was disappointing to the receivers. Most of the new wheat received thus far, which has been but a small amount, has graded 1 hard and 1 northern. This wheat graded about half 1 northern and half 2 northern. The wheat that went into the 2 northern grade was put there because of dampness. It was of fine quality and very pretty wheat, but the dampness was held to be sufficient to reduce its grade. The Dalrymple farm sent in nineteen cars, and of this ten cars went 1 northern and nine 2 northern. It is probable that the 2 northern will be carried to the board of appeals and possible the 1 northern also.

The dampness is due, of course, to the very wet weather that has been the rule in North Dakota for two or three weeks past. It is retarding threshing greatly.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

GRAIN-O
THE FOOD DRINK

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers · 15c. and 25c.

# FRUIT MARKET.

### Now Well Stocked and California and Washington Stuff Is Coming Lively.

The fruit market is now plentifully stocked, the supply being as plentiful, perhaps, as it will be any time during the balance of the season. California and Washington fruit is arriving in great abundance, as are crab apples and apples from sections nearer home. The apples now coming have slightly better staying qualities, so far as keeping goes, than those coming earlier in the season. The fruit is a little firmer in tone as well as in quality, too, at $2.25@$2.50. The "Wealthy" variety will be a leader in the market for a week or two from now on. Crab apples are down to $2@$2.25 per barrel, to the trade, as the ruling figures, with $2.50 for extra fancy stocks.

Pears were a little uppish, $1.75 being about the lowest figures that would attract their attention at all, the prices ranging to $1.85.

Michigan peaches are expected in fair quantity by the last of the week.

Blueberries are reported to be very scarce in the upper peninsula, and the price has jumped to $2.25 per bushel in the woods, or $2.50 in the shipping town at the buyer's door. This is the best price paid the pickers in four years, $1.30 being about the best figure paid them last year. However, (with a big "H"), there will, in the opinion of experts, be an excellent second crop early in September.

Potatoes ruled 32@33 cents.

In other lines the tone was steady to firm.

# IS A WRECKER.

### George Wales Tries to Do Up Whole of Paradise Alley.

Even life on Paradise alley has its little tragedies. Two disturbed colored damsels, a white woman and a white man reeled about that glistening tow path, last evening, like persons that had just arrived from a dynamite explosion. It was just a little slam-bang party gotten up by George Wales, who added to the discomforture of the others present by handing out sundry thumps on various vulnerable portions of their anatomy.

Wales started in to thrash two highly cultured colored soubrettes and he derived his inspiration from absorbing much riot promoting liquid. He was fast putting one of the colored ladies to the land of jerky dreams, when a big Finlander citizen noticed what was happening. He rushed in and mingled with the fight but the colored man had struck a tremenduous pace, and the white man was soon covered with bumps, pastel colors and felt a little wabbly. His wife then took up the fight and the colored man laid her out with a couple of swings. The two colored people chased into a neighboring house, under the impression that they were in a hurry. Then Wales worked out a brilliant idea whereby he could wreck Paradise alley from Railroad street to the canal, but before he could put it in execution he was placed under arrest. He was released on $20 bail for appearance in court late this afternoon to answer to two charges of assault in the third degree.

William Connors and D. Campbell, were arrested on the Bowery last night for fighting and this morning Connors went to jail for 20 days hard work and Campbell paid a fine of $22. Charles Carlson, and Martin Joice, each got ten days for drunkenness and Pat Madden, caught in one of Saturday's night raids, forfeited $10 by not appearing in court.

### Lakesiders to Meet.

This evening the Lakeside residents are to have a meeting at Gunderson's pavilion at 7:30 o'clock, and every citizen of that part of the city is wanted to be in attendance. The meeting is for the purpose of having a heart-to-heart talk about methods for improving Lakeside in different ways. The discussion will run along several lines and is certain to be interesting to all.

### Congressman McCleary Here.

Congressman J. T. McCleary, of Mankato, arrived in the city today on the steamer North West and left for St. Paul this afternoon. Mr. McCleary has been down the lakes for a trip and has escaped the hot weather which his part of the state has been having the past week. He was not particularly communicative, but said that he expects to open his political campaign before long and has pretty good reason to believe that he will be elected.

Excursion to Fond du Lac!

Steamer J. C. Suit will leave Fifth Ave. West, Wednesday, Aug. 22nd, at 10 a. m.
*Round Trip, 50c.*

TENNIS CONTEST.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 21.—The best week of tennis that Newport has seen in years ended today with the championship challenge match between W. A. Larned and M. D. Whitman. Great interest was shown in the meeting of these two men, many people going to the Casino grounds long before the hour for play to secure good seats. The sky was clear and the air calm and warm. M. D. Whitman, holder of the championship, beat W. A. Larned, challenger, 6-4, 1-6, 6-2, 6-2.

MURDER FOR HONOR.

Port Gibson, Miss., Aug. 21.—At Grand Gulf, a village eight miles from Port Gibson, Charles F. Wheeless, a leading merchant, today shot and killed W. C. Williams, a fisherman, and William's 7-year-old son. A negro boy standing near by was mortally wounded. Wheeless said the shooting was done to protect his honor.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. It is a godsend to weak, sickly, run-down people. Cure guaranteed. Only 50c. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

# NEWS OF THE LAKES

### Steamer Inter-Ocean Seized For Causing Sinking of the Fontana.

## DELAY TO VESSELS

### Caused By Fog and Thunder Storms, Especially on Lake Huron.

Port Huron, Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Inter-Ocean, bound down, was seized by United States Marshal Lomasney today on a writ issued by the St. Clair Steamship company, owners of the schooner Fontana. It is claimed that the Inter-Ocean passed the schooner Santiago in the rapids above Port Huron, causing that vessel to shear into the Fontana and sinking her. The Inter-Ocean will be appraised, bonded and released, pending a suit to locate the blame for the loss of the Fontana.

DELAYED BY FOG.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fog and thunderstorms are causing great delays to lake vessels, particularly on Lake Huron. The number of boats passing Detroit and Sault Ste. Marie today is the lightest of the season.

BETTER DEMAND FOR TONNAGE.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was a marked improvement in the call for tonnage in the grain trade, and rates held stead at 1¼c to Lake Erie.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Maytham, 2:20 a. m.; Murphy, 4:40; Lansing, 6; McGregor, Angus Smith, 8:30; John Hill, 9:40; Black, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Venice, 1 p. m.; Montana, 4:40; Chicago, 7:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Turner, Maxwell, Oneonta, 2 a. m.; Quito, Foster, 7; Pahlow, City of Chicago, Delta, 8. Down: Schooner Filmore, 11 last night; Chisholm, 12:30 a. m.; Osceola, 1; John Mitchell, 3; Lyon, Gilchrist, 4:30; Iosco, Jeanette, 5:30; Griffin, Hanna, 11:30.

Up yesterday: Northern Light, 12; Centurion, 12:40 p. m.; Niko, Peterson, Blaine, Scranton, Matoa, 1; Hurd, 1:10; Charles Eddy, 2; Abercorn, Montpelier, Ferguson, 2:30; Mahoning, Jay Gould, 3:30; Monkshaven, 4:40. Down: United Empire, 1 p. m.; McDougall, Whitaker, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, Avon, 2; Pease, Planet, Tampico, Wyoming, 3; Harvard, 4:20; Madagascar, Stephenson, Nelll, 6; barge Filmore, 11.

SHIPBUILDING GOSSIP.

The Union Drydock company, which began its season's work very late on account of the long strike of the ironworkers, now has the two steamers for which it contracted last winter well under way. Both are in frame and about half plated. The one for John L. Crosthwaite and others, intended for salt water, will be finished first and ought to be in the water before the end of September. It does not now look as if the Lehigh Valley liner would be ready for business this fall. Capt. Charles Maytham will not close contracts for his steel tugs right away, according to good information, as he thinks steel will go still lower; and besides, by distributing his contracts well over the lakes, he can make sure to get the work done the coming winter anyhow.

PASSING OF SMALL TONNAGE.

Cleveland marine men figure that the Rockefeller-Carnegie deal portends the passing of the smaller vessels from the ore-carrying trade, and say that it will drive them into other business. That the era of small vessels and wooden craft has passed has been apparent for some time, but it ws not believed that they would be so summarily pushed aside. aMrine men say that the small vessels will not go out altogether, for there will be for years the small ports to which they must go, and other lines of trade which will demand craft of their size, but that in a general way their term of full usefulness on the lakes has been served.

AN OUTRAGEOUS CHARGE.

At Cleveland the orehandlers on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railway company's dock refused to unload the steamer Simon J. Murphy unless they were paid 28 cents per ton instead of 22, on account of the ore being wet. The increased cost of unloading this cargo was $1800. Capt. John Mitchell, the managing owner of the steamer, now declares that he will not carry ore to any dock where the increased charge is made. Vesselowners fear that the demand of the orehandlers will spread, as nearly all the ore has been wet by heavy rains and will continue wet until winter.

SHIPWRECK BENEFITS.

Shipwreck benefits have been paid all of the survivors of the barge H. W. Sage, which went down off Algonac. Each man got $30 from the Lake Seamen's union, and this will enable him to replace his outfit. The indemnity paid the Sage's crew is the first ever paid by the association. It is the first time any such claim has been made to the organization.

THE TOLEDO INSPECTORSHIP.

The Cleveland Leader explains the row at Toledo over the inspectorship of steam vessels in this wise:

"A great deal of talk has been occasioned recently, and especially in Toledo, over the appointment of Messrs. Pleitz and Judson, of Cleveland, as inspectors of vessels in a new district recently created, of which Toledo is the center. Until July 1 this year Toledo was a part of this district, but the vesselmen there commenced to complain that they were too far away from Cleveland, and had to wait to get results when they wanted a boat inspected. They petitioned the supervising inspector and the secretary of the treasury for the location of a station there. In answer to their prayer it was decided to open that office, in consequence of which the office force here was cut in two and those who had been deputies in Cleveland were made the inspectors at Toledo. The Toledo marine men had an eye to obtaining a good fat position for a couple of gentlemen from their own city, and when the supervising inspector placed the two men, who had a practical knowledge of steamboat inspection, they at once commenced to fight. The protest has been based on the appointment of two men outside of Toledo. The inspectors in this port have some complaint to make also. When the office was divided a cut in the salaries of all of the officials was made, each man being cut $250 a year."

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Vulcan. Cleared: Lumber—Mautenee, Buffalo; Italia, Amazon, Hanna, Conneaut; Naples, Corona, Ashtabula; Alcona, Alta, Cleveland.

Marquette—Cleared: Griffin, Conneaut; Swain, Toledo; Ionia, Cleveland.

BOATS FOR SALT WATER.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—A contract for four steel steamers to ply on the coast trade was yesterday given the American Ship Building company by a syndicate of Eastern capitalists. The steamers will be built during the winter at the yards of the company at South Chicago and will be ready for delivery to their owners on salt water with the opening of navigation next spring. The cost of each boat will be $200,000, or a total of $800,000 for the entire order.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Bulgaria, Algeria, Vega, Lake Erie, coal; Pratt, Athens, Neshoto, Lake Erie, light for ore; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and merchandise; North West, Buffalo, passengers; Kalkaska, Fryer, Oakleaf, Strong, Commodore, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Leland, Dobbins, Two Harbors, light; Wacouta, north shore, cruising, India, Buffalo, passengers and flour; Northern Wave, Troy, Buffalo, flour; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and merchandise; North West, Buffalo, passengers; Viking, Vinland, Marshall, Tilden, Lake Erie, lumber; Linn, Gladstone, Palmer, Queen City, Johnson, Siemens, McWilliams, Ericsson, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Spaarndam, from Rotterdam; Sardinian, from Glasgow.

Half smoked but the best half left!
SEAL OF MINNESOTA
The seal of Enjoyment!
KUHLES & STOCK, MAKERS, ST. PAUL.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

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When you want a job done in a hurry fetch it here.
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Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BLOCK.
Telephone 755, Call 4.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

# GREAT PICNIC.

### Modern Woodmen to Have a Big Time at O-at-ka Beach.

Tomorrow the Modern Woodmen will hold their picnic at O-at-ka beach, and members of the order expect to turn out in large numbers and make the event one of the banner picnics of the season. The program committee has prepared a fine list of athletic events for the afternoon. The sports will follow an address by Rev. Saunderson, of West Duluth, at 2:30 o'clock. The program follows:

Log rolling contest—first prize, $6 cash; second prize, $4 cash.

Tug-of-war between teams of five from Duluth camp, No. 2341, and Imperial camp, No. 2206.

Prize, a box of cigars.

Fat ladies' race, 50-yard dash—first prize, newspaper holder; second prize, one bottle of perfume.

100-yard dash (Woodmen only)—first prize, Woodman watch charm; second prize, Woodman pin; third prize, walking cane.

100-yard dash for boys under 12 years—first prize, jack knife; second prize, baseball.

Fatman's race, 50-yard dash—first prize, one pair embroidered slippers; second prize, briar pipe.

100-yard dash for girls under 12 years—first prize, toilet set; second prize, box candy.

Running hop, step and jump—first prize, gold cuff links; second prize, one razor strop.

100-yard dash for members of the Royal Neighbors only—first prize, center table with brass legs; second prize, ladies' pocketbook.

# IT IS REFUSED.

### Board of Public Works Declines to Grant Permit to Butler-Ryan Company.

The board of public works has refused the permit, applied for by the Butler-Ryan company, to take gravel from Minnesota Point. After hearing much testimony, expert and otherwise, Commissioners Wilson, Flood and Butchart came to the conclusion any excavations would injure, weaken and impair the point as a natural breakwater, and this afternoon filed in the district court a concise statement of the manner in which this conclusion was reached, after giving an exhaustive hearing to the Butler-Ryan application, in accordance with the instructions of the court in the mandamus suit brought by the contracting firm to show why excavations should not be made.

Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her; and she writes, this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of its power to cure all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1. Guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.
$14—Detroit and Return—$14.
Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

Northwestern University,
At EVANSTON and CHICAGO, ILL.
Comprises College of Liberal Arts, Medical School, Law School, School of Pharmacy, Dental School, Woman's Medical School, School of Music and School of Oratory. Also it conducts an Academy of the highest grade. The Garrett Biblical Institute is located on the College Campus. College year begins September 25th. For information, address,
THE REGISTRAR, Evanston, Ill.

### Railway Men Here.

Various railway lines of the country were well represented in Duluth today. Among those that called at the local railway offices were E. W. La Beaume, general passenger and ticket agent of the Cotton Belt line; J. C. Edon, general freight agent of the Eastern Minnesota; S. C. Stickney, general manager of the Chicago & Great Western road, and H. J. Hayden, second vice president of the New York Central road. Mr. Hayden has been touring in the West, going out to the Pacific coast over the Canadian Pacific, returning by way of Yellowstone park, over the Northern Pacific. He left this afternoon over the South Shore for Montreal.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Moved Their Business
*Burrell & Harmon*
Have moved their business from No. 18 West First street to the Hayes Block, corner First avenue east and Superior street, or No. 3 South First avenue east, where they will continue to do Furnace Heating and Ventilating, Cornice, Skylight, Sheet Metal Ceilings and general sheet metal work, and all kinds of roofing, and where they will be pleased to see all of their friends and customers.
Now is the time to get your Furnaces fixed up for winter.

Painless Dentistry
We guarantee to fill or extract your teeth without pain and furnish teeth with or without plates, at lowest prices for first-class work.
Examination Free.
F. H. Burnett, D. D. S.
Top Floor Burrows Block.
TAKE ELEVATOR.

Souvenirs of Duluth
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store.

Scalp and Complexion Treatment
Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.
KNAUF SISTERS, 101 West Superior St.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

HAIR and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25.00. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.
MME. BOYD, 218 W. Superior St., Duluth. 1503 Tower Avenue, Superior.

LUMBER SASH DOORS, MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

# Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

## FEAR FLOOD OF CHINESE

### The Western Canadians Ask the Government to Protect Them.

### ARE MUCH ALARMED

### At the Prospect of Hordes of Yellow Emmigrants Coming.

Quebec, Aug. 21.—Since the outbreak of the present trouble in China the press and people of Canada have grown more than usually alarmed at the prospect of an inundation of Chinese immigrants, and loud demands are being made upon the government, especially in British Columbia, for an increase of the poll tax upon Chinese immigrants. At present the tax is but $100, and the people of Western Canada are anxious to have it increased to $500.

Before he was placed in power Sir Wilfrid Laurier promised the people of British Columbia that he would be guided by their wishes in the matter, and they are now very indignant at his refusal to keep his promise. Sir Wilfrid claims that the people of Eastern Canada are not prepared to go as far as the British Columbians in the matter, and he cites the protest against any poll tax made some time ago by a Presbyterian assembly at Halifax at the instance of its moderator, Rev. Dr. Mackay, a Canadian missionary from Formosa, who paid a tax of $100 at Victoria for the right to bring with him into Canada the wife whom he had married on the other side of the Pacific ocean.

It is reported, too, that Li Hung Chang, when he was the guest of the Canadian government, was clever enough to extort from it a promise not to increase the poll tax on his countrymen. At all events, Sir Henri Jolyde Lottrinere, the present lieutenant governor of British Columbia, who escorted Li Hung Chang through the Dominion on behalf of Mr. Laurier's government, has always strongly opposed the increase of the tax.

Not only is Western Canada now in danger of being swamped by Chinese immigrants, being nearer to China than is any other civilized country, but the cheapness of its poll tax encourages thousands of Chinamen to land in British Columbia with the ultimate purpose of being smuggled over the international boundary line into the United States. It is claimed that, cheaply as the Chinese live at home, it would take them a very long time to save the equivalent of $500 each and their passage money across the Pacific, and that consequently the imposition of a poll tax of that amount would rid both Canada and the United States of a great deal of trouble.

There is certainly no demand for Chinamen in Eastern Canada, and Western Canadians insist that if the yellow foreigners were as numerous in proportion to the population in the East as they are in the West there would be a very loud demand for their entire exclusion. It is considered quite remarkable, in view of all these facts, that the government refuses to act, unless it be true that it has bound itself by some promise to Li Hung Chang.

So far as the Japanese immigration into Canada is concerned, the question is in a fair way to settlement, the government of Japan appearing to be quite willing to co-operate with the Canadian government in this matter and to restrict the emigration from Japan to Canada. The Japanese consul at Vancouver has received word from his government that the emigration of Japanese laborers to Canada will be prohibited, and it has recently been officially announced that not more than five Japanese a month would be allowed to leave their country for Canada. A proposition is also pending for the establishment of a system of passports providing for only a temporary stay in Canada of Japanese commercial travelers and others coming here on business, while Canadians visiting Japan would be satisfied with similar passports.

### Where Pearl Comes From.

The pearl fisheries of the Red sea extend the whole length of that water. About 300 boats are employed by the Arab tribes, manned by crews of from five to twelve men, each provided with a number of small canoes. There are two fishing seasons of the year, and this treasure is said to be oftentimes as elusive as a far more precious treasure—health, for which so many search uselessly. The surest guide to health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invaluable remedy for stomach disorders, recommended by the best physicians for the past fifty years. It should be taken for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver trouble, kidney weakness or any disorder resulting from impure blood or an overworked stomach.

## FIRES IN PEORIA.

### Two Blazes Occur---Fireman Killed and Five Hurt.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 21.—Two fires here today practically destroyed the plant of the Peoria Lounge and Mattress company and Carrol's ice house. One fireman was killed by falling walls. Five were severely injured.

The dead: Capt. Barney Manning. Injured: Hiram Disster, Brodbeck, Gibbens and Ladderman Lynch.

The loss was about $30,000; partially insured.

### HAD A PILE.

Greensburg, Pa., Aug. 21.—Executors of the estate of Mrs. Sabina Beer, who recently died at Madison, this state, found $16,000 in a chest in a house, $500 of it in gold. The house had been vacated some weeks.

### NEW FURNACE.

Knoxville, Tenn., Aug. 21.—A massive iron furnace is to be built at Rose Hill, Va., near Middlesboro, Ky. The enterprise is backed by New York bankers who own about 6000 acres of iron lands at Rosehill. The Illinois Steel company is also said to be interested in the enterprise.

### THREE KILLED.

Glenford, Ohio, Aug. 21.—By the explosion of the boiler of Helser's sawmill today, Laviga Dupler, Elsa Winegartner and John McLaughlin were killed. Manna Helser, owner of the mill, was seriously injured.

## ADDRESS TO FARMERS' CONGRESS.

### President Candage Discusses Many Subjects of Interest.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 21.—At the National Farmers' congress, which convened here today, the following address was delivered by President Candage:

You are gathered here under favorable conditions, after a year of prosperity, with bountiful crops, which have brought satisfactory returns for the outlay, care and toil spent upon them. While other lands have suffered from crop failures, famine, war and pestilence, the cultivators of the soil of the United States have been free from those devastating influences. Their products have not only been sufficient for all domestic needs, but of their abundance they have sent large stores to Europe, Africa, famine-stricken India, to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, the Philippines and to China. In a survey of the world's great agricultural field, the prospect for the present and the future is centered on this continent as giving the promise of the best return to the tiller of the soil to be found anywhere on our globe.

It is estimated that at the present time—and there are yet many million acres of rich unimproved farming lands to be occupied—that the United States produce one-fourth of the world's wheat, 60 per cent of its cotton, 75 per cent of its corn, beside large crops of oats, barley, rye and other farm products, and that the exports of them, with the products of forests, manufactures and of mines, amount in the aggregate to more than a thousand million of dollars annually.

It is not my purpose to here enumerate them, as only estimates and not reliable statistics are at hand to enable me to do so, but we shall look forward with interest for the reports of the United States census of 1900, which will doubtless give us a clear idea of the value and wonderful growth of the agricultural interests of our great and prosperous country. I have been greatly impressed, however, by the magnitude and value of one of the minor branches of agricultural industry—that of eggs and poultry. The value of eggs laid in this country in a single year is estimated at $100,000,000, and the increase in fowls at $30,000,000 to $40,000,000 more! And we enjoy the golden-voiced cackle of the farm-yard fowl as she makes known the fact that she is a national wealth-producer to the annual amount of $140,000,000!

To the railroads the farmers of a large portion of our land are indebted, not only for the convenience of transportation to their places of abode, but for the value of their farms and crops they produce. Without their aid, farm and crop beyond home consumption would be worthless; with their aid both are valuable. In this connection, river and harbor improvements by the general government are of interest to the farmer, for they tend to lower the cost of transportation by competition with the railroads; therefore, farmers should favor liberal appropriations for that purpose. Whatever conduces to lower freight rates, better security of life and property on land and sea, the farmer should be interested in, and advocate, on the score of economy, and for the sake of humanity.

The time has come for the farmers, manufacturers and commercial men to unite and demand from our national government an American mail service to South America, and to other foreign countries in steamships under our own flag. It is well known that trade follows the flag of the nation which floats and upholds it. South American countries are our neighbors and natural allies in trade and commerce, and yet, for lack of direct mail and shipping facilities Europeans supply them with the bulk of their imported commodities.

An American merchant marine, which is needed by every industry of our country for the extension of our foreign markets, and as an aid to our navy, should be urged by this congress to the consideration of the United States congress.

And there should be a canal constructed and controlled by the United States to connect the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, for the benefit of our commerce in time of peace, and for the benefit of our navy in time of war. This congress can, if it be deemed wise, by well-worded resolutions, aid in bringing about this desirable connection between the eastern and western coasts of our country by a canal uniting the two oceans.

It has been suggested by able writers on farm education, and by the president of this congress in his annual addresses in 1899, that a system of rudimentary agricultural teachings should be introduced and taught in the public schools. This is a subject of great interest, and worthy of the careful consideration of this body. Let the farmers of the country study the subject, and when the right course has been determined, let them lead in a measure of such importance to themselves and to their children.

Is it not time that the holders of United States government bonds should pay a just proportion of taxes? The law exempting them was a war measure, and was justifiable at the time, but nearly forty years have passed, the credit of the government is beyond question, and yet the exemption remains.

The middling classes seldom do and the poorer classes cannot invest in them. They are taken by the well to do and those who may desire to evade taxation. Some men, and some families are said to have $50,000,000 or more invested in that manner, and all the government bond issues are free of taxation, which other property must make good.

Why, in the equity and justice of the case should one be exempt from the payment of a tax on $1,500,000 received from the United States government as interest on $50,000,000 of 3 per cent bonds, when the farmer from "the sweat of his face" pays on all he possesses, whether he makes a profit or a loss by the tillage of the soil?

The farmer's patriotism, bravery and willingness to take up arms in defense of his country are unquestioned, and yet his chosen occupation is one necessarily of peace. His interests and prosperity are best served when peace reigns and grim-visaged war hinders not a fair exchange of the products of the soil and of commerce.

Such being the case why should he not join his efforts to those who seek to despoil war of its devastating influences and bloody horrors, by leaving to arbitration all questions arising between Christian nations not involving national honor? and thereby hasten the time when "swords shall be beaten into plough shares and spears into pruning hooks," and "nation shall not lift up sword against nation, and neither shall learn war any more."

### Are You Going

To Chicago with the crowd to the thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic?

Now is the opportunity to make all your arrangements. "The North-Western Line" will sell you tickets at one fare for the round trip and furnish you with an encampment program and souvenir. The only solid through train to Chicago, with no change of cars for passengers of any class. Unexcelled dining car service. Luxurious sleeping car accommodations. Free reclining chair cars, safety wide vestibuled trains, smooth, easy-riding roadbed.

Call at the city office of "The North-Western Line," 405 West Superior street.

### REGATTA LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

Aug. 21, 22 and 23 Northern Pacific will sell for above occasion tickets at one fare and third for round trip, good returning up to and including Aug. 27. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

### $9.65--Madison, Wis--$9.65. Via Northwestern Line.

Account state Prohibition convention to be held at Madison, the C., St. P., M. & O. railway will sell round-trip tickets for one fare Aug. 21 and 22, good returning Aug. 24. Secure tickets at 405 West Superior street.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

WHEN IN DULUTH, STOP AT THE Scandia Hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

### MEDICAL.

**GONOVA** French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth**; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

**WOMEN** FEMALE BEANS Great monthly regulator for women; not one failure; most stubborn cases relieved in few days; $2 at Boyce's, Lyceum and other druggists; mailed by Lion Drug Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

### FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

### PERSONAL.

WANTED—LADY HAVING A PLEASANT front room, very centrally located would like a neat and respectable lady roommate. D 59, Herald.

### MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

### WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION as clerk, well acquainted with office routine, or clerkship in store. Can take dictation if necessary. D 62, Herald.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WITH GOOD reference would like a home with an elderly couple or lady. D 69, Herald.

WANTED—BY ALL AROUND MAN, work of any kind. Driving or care of gentleman's place preferred. Address D 38, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE AS cook. D 40, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WORK BY the day; house cleaning, washing, ironing, or anything. D 39, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning. 1103 East Second street. Call evenings.

WANTED—PLACES TO DO WASHING and house cleaning, scrubbing or taking care of offices. 632 West First street.

WOULD LIKE PLACE AS CHAMBERMAID, between 8 and 11 a. m., and 2 and 5 p. m., so as to be home at meal time, or to take care of room or rooms, or any work that will come in between these hours. Address Mrs. I. M. Hugh, General Delivery.

STENOGRAPHIC WORK BY EXPERIENCED young woman stenographer. Railroad work preferred. Chicago and St. Louis references. Uses Remington, Smith, Caligraph or Yost machine. A 90, Herald.

### Monarch's Passengers.

The steamer Monarch left this afternoon for the lower lake ports with the following passengers:

M. A. Forbes and wife, Miss Sadie Woods, Duluth; George A. McDougall and party, Cleveland; John Long, Mr. Goodsin, Detroit; Mr. Powers and family, Grand Rapids; Mrs. Gunn, Grand Rapids; Miss Bessie Morton, Duluth; O. C. Hartman, J. C. Hunter, Duluth; Mrs. J. Bagley, Cleveland; William Bradley, W. H. Stilson, William Shepard, George Coleman, Duluth; Mrs. B. Campbell and child, Miss Fawcett, Mr. Neil and family, Miss Neil, William Lauden, Detroit; Miss N. E. Young, Miss A. Young, Charles Carter, T. Keegan and wife, Mrs. H. Haws, Miss Agnes Anderson, St. Paul; T. A. Gall, J. A. Munger, Duluth; Mrs. Eggleston and daughter, St. Paul; H. Wilson, Duluth; J. B. Cleghorn, Helena, Mont.; Dr. F. W. Gordon and wife, West Superior; Miss Wright, West Superior; Mrs. Black, Duluth; G. A. Bowdish, Chicago.

### Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

**Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.**

### REGATTA LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

Aug. 21, 22 and 23 Northern Pacific will sell for above occasion tickets at one fare and third for round trip, good returning up to and including Aug. 27. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

### Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. $14---Detroit and Return---$14

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

### Democratic State Convention Milwaukee, Wis.

Aug. 21 and 22, the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway (North-Western Line) will sell round trip tickets to Milwaukee at one fare for the round trip ($11.20), good returning until Aug. 24. Secure tickets and reservations at 405 West Superior street.

**When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.**

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### It Is Your Own Mistake

To throw away your money for high rent, when you can buy a good and comfortable

***5-Room House***

in splendid condition, on Duluth Heights,

***For $450, $50 Cash***

and balance $8 per month at 6 per cent interest. The home will not cost you over

***$2.75 Per Month***

and for which you had to pay from $12 to $20 down town. We have 15 buildings, from a 4-room Cottage to an 8-room dwelling house, which we will sell remarkably cheap, or to say, a little more than half of what it would cost to build the building. If you wish to secure a home cheap and save money, here is your chance, and you cannot afford to loose this opportunity.

**ALFRED KJELLIN,**
**Agent.**
**306 Burrows Building.**

**HARRIS BROS.,**
**Real Estate,**
**712 PALLADIO.**

Property on
East Second Street.
A Snap.

### FOR SALE.

217 Pittsburg Avenue—between Second and Third Avenues W., just above 5th Street. Make us a bid.

**R. B. KNOX & CO.**
**No. 1 Exchange Bldg.**

### FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

**A Bargain For 10 Days.**

We will offer 1602 Jefferson street. This house was built just as men build who spare no expense for a permanent home.

**Interstate Land and Investment Company,**
**No. 605 Palladio Building.**

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP, LEAVING city. Household furniture, including fine piano, all in good condition. Inquire 214 Palladio.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. 1107 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—FOUR NICE FURNISHED rooms, all complete for housekeeping. Address R 77, Herald.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE—ONLY used a few months. Cheap for cash. Address A, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR LIGHT housekeeping, cheap. Call at 308 Fourteenth avenue east, forenoons.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOLDING bed and wardrobe. 209 West Third street.

GROCERY AND FIXTURES, NEW stock, well fitted up, in good location. Will sell cheap. Can be seen at 519 East Fourth street. For terms apply at 1202 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD furniture. Emil Carlson, 1926 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—25,000 BRICK, $5 THOUSAND. Downie.

FOR SALE—FOLDING COUCH BED, nicely upholstered, good spring mattress only in use short time. Apply 117 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—FOR BIRDS, GOLD FISH, dogs. Zenith City bird store, West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 340 or 597.

**PIANO** CHICKERING UPRIGHT, elegant French walnut case; cost $500 six months ago. I will take $265. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

FOR SALE—BOARDINGHOUSE, DOING good business. R 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING RESTAURANT, with complete outfit. Owner selling on account of ill health. Good transient trade and steady boarders. Address R 52, Herald.

**$165** $165 BUYS ELEGANT UPRIGHT mahogany case piano. Knabe, cheap. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

**Barrett & Zimmerman,**

Largest Horse and Mule Dealers in the Northwest.

Will hold an auction sale Aug. 29. Private sales daily. Have 600 head drafters, farm mares, drivers and mules always on hand. Part time given if desired.

**$20** ORGAN, FINE TONE, WORTH $50; fine walnut case. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

J. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIABLE sale stable, have moved to their new location in the Union rink, corner Third avenue east and First street; will also handle full line of carriages, wagons, etc.

### PAPER HANGING AND PAINTING.

IF YOU HAVE PAPER HANGING OR painting to do in your house, artistic or plain, deal direct with skilled workmen at a reasonable price. Ring up Tel. 659, and we will call at your house, see your work and give you our figures.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

YOUNG LADY ATTENDING HIGH school or Business college, willing to assist with housework for board, can have good home short walk from high school. D 56, Herald.

LEWIS EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 131 West Superior street. Four No A1 waitresses, $18, to go to Ashland, Wis.; one Grand Rapids and laundry girl; two cooks, $30; three dining room girls for city. Leave city Thursday morning, fare waiting. Over Suffel's.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FIRST grade teacher for school district No. 10, Canosia (Pike Lake); lady preferred; one who has taught in this state. H. Hanson, clerk, Canosia, Minn.

SECOND GIRL. APPLY 129 FIRST AVENUE west.

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER AT 6130 Grand avenue east, Lester Park.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 1010 East Second street.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO IS A GOOD cook, washer and ironer. A man is employed and there are two in family. Call before 11, and between 2 and 4, or in the evening, 1201 London road.

WANTED—LADIES TO WORK FOR the Standard Dress Cutting company, 1502 Belknap avenue, two blocks east of West Superior hotel, West Superior, Wis. Miss S. E. McKun, manager.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in family of three. 1614 East South street.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED FOR general housework. Small family. Good wages. Inquire at No. 5 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL FOR A boarding house. 613 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO DINING ROOM girls. The Midland.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. Best wages. 1717 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 326 East Second street.

WANTED — WOMAN COOK FOR boarding house. 27 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 220 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 230 FOURTEENTH avenue east. Mrs. E. J. Duflies.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AND DINING room girl. Colson house.

COMPETENT GIRL, AT ONCE, FOR housework; small family; good wages. 931 East Fourth street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. 513 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. No children. Good wages. Apply mornings or evenings, 330 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. R. L. Cochrane, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Driscoll street.

GIRL WANTED—FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street, Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3 Adams flats.

### WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY AT Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COATMAKERS. Mies.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN BARBER trade. 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—FLOOR MOULDERS AT the Duluth Foundry and Machinery company. Fiftieth avenue west and Ramsey street.

WANTED—JANITOR. MUST BE MARRIED man without children, with good references. No other need apply. No. 205 Lyceum.

WANTED—MACHINIST. ONE A NO. 1 all-around machinist, acquainted with general sawmill and repair work, must be an A No. 1 man. Best of wages paid. Steady job guaranteed. Parish Manufacturing company, Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—AT ONCE, ONE FIRST class pitch and gravel roofer and three first class tinners. Apply at Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company, 126 East Michigan street.

TWENTY MEN WANTED TO MIX CONCRETE on new power station, Hancock, Mich.

**R. R. Contractors**

WANTED—SUB-CONTRACTORS—WITH car outfits for new railroad contract on Northern Pacific at Bemidji. Call or write for particulars. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan St.

***MEN WANTED.***

100 men for North Dakota railroad work, $2 per day, ship every night. 50 men for Michigan, day or station work; free fare. 50 men near Virginia and Hibbing; free fare. Harvest tickets to Dakota.

**National Employment Co.,**
431 West Michigan Street.

**Business Men**

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

### LOST.

LOST—BRINDLE COW, ROPE AROUND horns. Return to 1107 West Fifth street.

LOST AMETHYST RING, THURSDAY evening on London road. Finder please leave at Herald office.

LOST—A WHITE AND YELLOW SETTER dog, answers to name of Sport, and wears tax tag No. 26. Reward if returned to R. Ruffin, 17 Fifteenth avenue east.

LADIES' POCKETBOOK, CONTAINING watch and money, on London road; finder return to this office for reward.

### WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—SMALL HOUSE or cottage. Address 2505 West First street.

### CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.

A WONDERFUL EUROPEAN TRANCE medium, gives names and truthful advice on all business affairs of life. Will stay only two days more at Spalding hotel. Hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Readings $2 to $5. Room No. 310.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### FOR RENT—HOUSES.

***FOR RENT.***

TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES; ONE $4.50, and one $5.00 per month; neat, comfortable and 15 minutes from center of city. Ample yard around them.

**Chas. P. Craig & Co., Herald Bldg**

FOR RENT—CORNER HOUSE, ASHTABULA terace, Sept. 1. R. T. Lewis.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, also one furnished room. 925 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, heat, bath. No. 7, Mason flat.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for couple light housekeeping. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND unfurnished basement. 230 West Second street.

### FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATED flats; gas ranges; laundry. MacGregor, 6 Exchange building.

### WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED house for one month; small family. References given. Address D 55, Herald.

### BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN AND wife; two rooms with board; would prefer rooms unfurnished. B 60, Herald.

### OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

GOOD TABLE BOARD, AND A LARGE cheerful room with all modern conveniences. Two gentlemen preferred. No. 318 West Second street, Duluth.

### HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

### SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month. 8:00. Next meeting Aug. 20, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 27, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 12, 1900. Work, ——— Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Aug. 7, 1900. Work, Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Aug. 21, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree; in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G. W. Marquart, Sec'y.

SILVER LODGE, NO. 200, I. O. O. F. meets Wednesday evening, Aug. 22. Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Work in initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

### CLOTHES REPAIRING.

SPECIAL PRICES ON CLOTHES cleaning. Pants pressed, 10c. Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c. We guarantee a first-class job. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

### WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

### PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

### PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRVOYANT, 701 East Second.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

### OSTEOPATHY.

OSTEOPATHY IN 410 AND 411 BURROWS building. We treat successfully all curable diseases. Special attention to female diseases. Free consultation. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. L. Miller, M. D., D. O.; Carrie B. Miller, D. O.

### PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

## STEAMSHIP TIME TABLES.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**
EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2 p. m. for Sault Ste Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 2 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, September 18th. J. C. MOONEY Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

### ISLE ROYALE ROUTE

***STEAMER BON AMI.***

Leave Singer's dock Monday and Thursday, 8 a. m. For Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Washington Harbor, (Isle Royale), Eagle Harbor, Houghton, Hancock and intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, 2 Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Lake Ave. and Canal.

**EXCURSION AROUND THE HORN SUNDAYS**

3 p. m. and 7 p. m.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

### DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar..... Wolf .....Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta .....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar..... Biwabik .....Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar..... Mt. Iron .....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar..... Hibbing .....Lv | 12:25 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

### DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv...... Duluth ......Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia ......Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar..... Eveleth ......Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar...... Ely ......Lv | 7:19 a.m. |

### EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

| Leave | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 30 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>... AND MINNEAPOLIS ... | †1 20 pm<br>*7 00 am |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday | | |
| *7 55 am<br>†3 05 pm | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points | *6 43 pm<br>†11 50 am |

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

### NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8:35 am<br>*4:30 pm | St. Paul, Mpls.<br>...Twilight Limited... | **3:05 pm<br>*9:59 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago Milwaukee, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Appleton, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Oshkosh, Fond du Lac | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | .....FAST MAIL..... | *10 30 am |

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

### NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

| Leave— | | Arrive— |
|---|---|---|
| *4 00 p m | Ashland and East | *11 15 a m |
| *8 05 a m | North Coast Limited | *4 55 p m |
| *7 30 p m | Pacific Express. | *7 55 a m |

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| †9 00 a m<br>*1 55 p m<br>*11 15 p m | **St. Paul and Minneap'lis** | *6 45 a m<br>†2 00 p m<br>*7 00 p m |

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave | **Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| **7 00 p m<br>*8 15 a m | BOSTON LIMITED<br>EXPRESS | *8 a m<br>*7 p m |

### Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table

SHOULD TRY THE——

**WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.**

DINING CAR SERVICE.

**Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.**

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points

***EAST AND SOUTH.***

**Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.**

DAILY SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv.... Duluth .....Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv... W. Superior ...Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 4:35 p.m. | Lv.... Superior .....Ar | 10:37 a.m. |
| 7:23 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland .....Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 4:14 a.m. | Ar..... Neenah .....Lv | 11:55 p.m. |
| 4:34 a.m. | Ar..... Oshkosh .....Lv | 11:31 p.m. |
| 5:09 a.m. | Ar...Fond du Lac ..Lv | 10:55 p.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar.... Milwaukee ...Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago .....Lv | 6:15 p.m. |

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or

***W. M. STEPHENSON,***
430 W. Superior Street. General Agent.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited.

**Only Perfect Train in the World.**

Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,

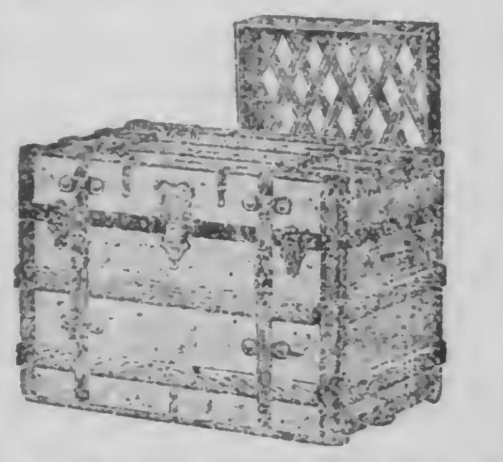
J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Genl. Pass Agent, St. Paul Minn

The new Fall Goods are arriving daily.
Hanan's new Fall Shoes are already on sale.
We expect to show "Knox" Fall Hats Monday.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE

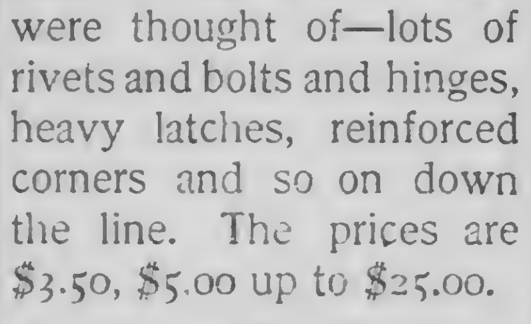
**Trunks and Traveling Bags.**

The spirit of vacation time is now on. Nearly everybody will do more or less traveling this summer, and what gives one a more contented feeling than to know their belongings are properly housed in a good serviceable, sightly Traveling Bag or Trunk.



A Trunk that's built for looks only isn't the kind of traveling companion you want.

Now, the "Burrows Special" Trunks are good looking Trunks, but they were made strong before looks were thought of—lots of rivets and bolts and hinges, heavy latches, reinforced corners and so on down the line. The prices are $3.50, $5.00 up to $25.00.



**Traveling Bags.**

It makes no difference what style Bag you want or what price you want to pay, we can suit you. Everything that is new. Ranging in prices from 50c, 75c, $1.00, $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00 up to $15.00.

**Something special in Ladies' Bureau Trunks.**

We put the name on each Trunk and deliver free to any part of the city.

**Fashion and Common Sense.**

One of the most popular of

**Queen Quality**

styles is the one here illustrated. A great wearer, very comfortable, yet snug fitting, trim looking and right in the fashion. **A perfect walking boot**, and very popular with those who wish to combine fashion and common-sense features in footwear. The Queen Quality price, $3.00. Oxfords, $2.50.

**A Favorite Style.**

SEE THAT THIS

Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK

IS BRANDED ON EVERY SHOE.

59 Other Styles.

**SUFFEL & CO.**
129-131 W. Superior St.

## FIGURES FROM FACTORIES.

### Garnered By the State Labor Commissioner's Bureau.

St. Paul, Aug. 21.—Labor Commissioner McHale has made a tabulation of the reports of 311 factories inspected since Jan. 1, with particular regard to the sex and ages of employes.

The striking thing about these statistics is that the largest proportion of women and children under 16 years of age is employed in St. Paul, while Minneapolis comes next in both respects, and the rest of the state reports nearly all the factory work done by men.

In 612 factories in this city, 15,942 persons work, and of those 14,659 are males and 921 females, all over 16 years. There are 216 boys and 146 girls under that age.

In Minneapolis, 945 factories were reported upon, and there were employed 25,880 all told. There were 21,567 men, 4,016 women, 188 boys under 16 and 109 girls below that age.

Of the 25,565 persons employed in the rest of the state, only 527 were women, only 193 were boys under 16 and 39 young girls.

REGATTA LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

Aug. 21, 22 and 23 Northern Pacific will sell for above occasion tickets at one fare and third for round trip, good returning up to and including Aug. 27. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

**Milwaukee and Return $11.30**

Aug. 21 and 22, good to return Aug. 24, via Northern Pacific railway. City ticket office No. 332 West Superior street.

## MAY OPEN IN LONDON.

### Siegel, Cooper & Co. Offer Capital For a Department Store.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—A London cablegram to the Record says: London is desirous of an American department store, and offers the site for it. The capital has already been tendered by Siegel, Cooper & Co., of Chicago and New York, through F. H. Cooper, of Chicago, who is now in London. The details of the project will be discussed at a meeting tomorrow between Mr. Cooper and the representatives of the syndicate which wants the co-operation of the American firm. An option has already been secured on a centrally located property, having a frontage on three streets in a populous district of the West End. Local capitalists are said to be ready to finance the scheme to any extent necessary. Among them is Sir Thomas Lipton.

In an interview with the Record correspondent, Mr. Cooper said: "It is a fact that I have come to London to receive a proposition to establish a department store, to be constructed and managed on American lines. For some years our attention has been called to the inviting field which this city offers for such an enterprise. Sir Thomas Lipton has personally urged us to locate here, and has even given us the assurance that the required capital can be raised in England. When our firm went from Chicago to New York, we decided that we would open no more stores except in cities larger than these, and that, of course, meant that if we expanded we should have to go outside of the United States.

"London has an unmistakable need of an up-to-date system of retail merchandising, particularly of a system which will afford her immense population the opportunity to get the maximum value for a minimum cost. English merchants have yet to learn the soundness of the economic principle of large volume and small profits. The few department stores here are hopelessly antiquated from the American point of view. I am informed that the largest one in the city does an annual business of only $15,000,000, which is altogether disproportionate to the possibilities of the situation.

"The chief requisite to insure success of a great department store in London is a proper location, one which will be central for the city's widely distributed traffic and populaton. If such a location is available, I believe that the enterprise will prove an immediate and substantial success."

## TORNADO REPORTED.

### Cut a Swath North of Two Rivers, Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Aug. 21.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Two Rivers, Wis., says a tornado swept through that section inflicting incalculable damage. The path was about four miles north of there. The granary and barn of Mrs. Henry Heinecke were unroofed and the debris scattered over ten acres of ground. A daughter of Mrs. Heinecke was severely injured by flying timber. Other barns were damaged. Crops were damaged and orchards uprooted. The lightning and hail were terrific.

## TREATY IS SIGNED.

### Spain and the United States Formally Make Up.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Minister Storer at Madrid, informs the state department that a treaty of amity, commerce and navigation and general intercourse has been signed provisionally by the minister of state and himself. This practically marks the last step in the complete restoration of relations between Spain and the United States.

**Several**

Fine building locations in East End for sale. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

**Fall Goods Now Ready.**

Latest Novelty in Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings.

Suits, **$30 and up.** Overcoats, **$30 and up.**

**J. S. LANE, Merchant Tailor,**
328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

# IT MAY BE PEPPERY

### Populist National Committee Meeting May Possibly Be a Warm One.

## SOME STANDING OUT

### Are Firmly In Favor of an Independent Vice Presidential Candidate.

Chicago, Aug. 21.—The latest reports received here indicate that the Populist national committee, which is to meet in this city on the 28th, may not be as harmonious as was predicted when the executive committee was in session here early in the month. The meeting is called for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the vice presidency. When Mr. Towne declined the nomination of the Populists, it was generally supposed that Mr. Stevenson would receive the Populist endorsement by general consent. The correspondence circulated among the members of that party since the executive meeting in this city, ten days ago, makes it plain that this result, while apparently still probable, will not be accomplished without a struggle. Indeed, it is understood that many leaders of the party are strongly urging that the committee shall name an independent candidate. Those who take this position include a majority of officers of the national committee, among them being Chairman Butler and Treasurer Washburn, who are pronounced in their views. Vice Chairman Edmiston is also said to incline towards the opinion that wisdom demands that the Populists have a candidate of their own in the field.

Secretary Edgerton is credited with being the only officer of the organization who is friendly to the endorsement of Mr. Stevenson's candidacy. Mr. Stevenson's friends claim that Edgerton is working effectively in their behalf. The best canvass of the committee they have been able to make causes them to feel hopeful of the result. Still, those committed to this course are below a majority in numbers.

Senator Butler and others who agree with him contend that it would be suicidal for their party not to have a candidate of their own political faith in the field. They also hold that unless there is a Populist candidate for second place, many Populists' votes will be driven from Mr. Bryan.

The national committee has full power to act, in accordance with the instructions of the Sioux Falls convention, and it is presumed when its decision is made it will be final.

## KEENE ENGAGES SLOAN.

### Tod May Ride Noonday In the Futurity Saturday.

Saratoga, Aug. 21.—Unless something unexpected intervenes "Tod" Sloan will sport the white and blue spots of James R. Keene in the Futurity next Saturday. He was engaged to ride in the race by Mr. Keene at the time the great Wall street speculator and the jockey were in England. Sloan will probably ride Noonday.

Mr. Keene has always considered "Tod" Sloan a great jockey. He has engaged him frequently both in this country and abroad. In this year's Derby Sloan rode Disguise for Mr. Keene. He finished third on the colt. Spencer, the regular jockey for the stable, will be given the preference as to which horse he will ride. It will all depend on the trial for the race that will take place on Wednesday or Thursday at Sheepshead Bay. If Noonday is all that report says, Spencer may pilot her, but it is the consensus of opinion here that he will ride Olympian instead. This will give Sloan the chance to ride Noonday.

Mr. Keene will play a strong hand in the Futurity. O'Connor has been engaged to ride Cap and Bells and Clawson has accepted an engagement to steer Tommy Atkins. With Sloan, Spencer, O'Connor and Clawson in the saddles of his four horses, Mr. Keene will not lack talent to get all the speed and stamina possible out of them.

John Madden, trainer of Ballyhoo Boy, Elkhorn and Holstein, is confident that the best one of his trio has a chance second to none to win the big event. The best one in private trials is Ballyhoo Boy. His fast trial of five furlongs in 1:00 flat is familiar to all. But it may be added that some trainers made the time of the trial in 59½ seconds. Should Ballyhoo Boy repeat this performance on Saturday his number will be the first to go up after the finish. Turner will probably ride him.

The race on paper appears to be between maidens. Never before has the race looked at the mercy of horses that have never won a race. The last race Chacornac showed a fast trial at this place, which he subsequently proved was not an airy bubble, by winning a race in a gallop. He further strengthened the good opinion of his admirers by working the Futurity distance in fast time a couple of days before the race. The trial was such a good one that the Keene entry—Mr. Keene had purchased him from Jimmy Rowe after his fast move—was made a strong favorite. Olympian's one race stamped him as a colt of high quality, and the private trials of Noonday, who beat Cap and Bells at work, and Ballyhoo Boy have caused a number of trainers to predict that they would be in the first flight passing the post.

## WALLERT IS FOUND.

### The Arlington Murderer Is In Custody and Confesses.

St. Paul, Aug. 21.—An Arlington, Minn., special to the Dispatch, says: Theodore Wallert was discovered this morning, at 10:30, in a barn on the place of his sister, Mrs. Steinborn, about two miles from the scene of the crime. He was hidden under a manger, and had tramped about in the woods all the day before. He came there at night, and had breakfast with his sister. He confesses everything, but is now so confused that he can tell but little about it. He will be taken to Henderson at once.

The crowd who had him passed the house where the five bodies of the murdered family were lying this morning, and a number started in pursuit, intending to lynch him, but the prisoner was taken away to safety by the officers. The funeral of the dead occurs this afternoon.

## IMPERIALISM PARAMOUNT.

### Bryan Will So Present the Issue at Topeka.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 21.—W. J. Bryan today put the finishing touches on his speech to be made in Topeka Thursday, in response to the notification of the Populist nomination. The speech is about 4000 words in length. It deals largely with the trust question and business conditions. Mr. Bryan will, however, present imperialism as the paramount issue.

## West Duluth

Rev. Arthur Hoag, pastor of the First Baptist church was tendered a very pleasant reception at the church last evening by his parishoners and friends. Mr. Hoag has been on a month's vacation, during which time he visited in Minneapolis returning to West Duluth last Saturday. The attendance at the church at the corner of Sixty-first and Grand, was very large, many being present from the Second Baptist church at Twentieth avenue West. A pleasing literary and musical program was carried out, after which refreshments were served to all present. The church was nicely decorated for the occasion.

THE CHICKEN SCRAP.

In a recent issue of The Herald it was stated that the case of Mrs. J. Wooding against G. Gunther for alleged chicken stealing was settled in municipal court by the jury acquitting the defendant. It was also hinted that the matter was the result of a little neighborly spite. In fairness to Mrs. Wooding it should be stated that the parties are not neighbors. She says she did not know Gunther, hence there could be no spite work. Mrs. Wooding says the evidence in the defendant's favor was the fact that all hens look alike sometimes.

NEW DULUTH BRANCH.

The New Duluth branch of the West Duluth Bryan club will be organized this evening by S. C. Murphy and W. E. Kern, both of whom went to New Duluth this afternoon. Mr. Murphy says they are not going for the particular purpose of talking politics, though that seems to be in order just now, but if they have an opportunity of getting in a good word for their favorites they will do so.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Erasmus Kreidler, of the City Drug store, who has been on the sick list for several days past has recovered sufficiently to get out a little.

The K. of P. Minnesota state band of West Duluth, will leave on the special train over the South Sh [illegible] night, for Detroit to attend the biennial conclave of the Knights of Pythias. A number of the West Duluth members of the West Duluth members of the order expect to take advantage of the low rate offered.

Henry Breen is visiting friends in Biwabik.

Frank Hunter of Biwabik was in the city on business today.

The Misses Wakefield of Stevens Point Wis., are visiting their brother, George Wakefield, Jr., at the Murray hotel.

The board of public works were out to West Duluth this morning and examined the Central avenue bridge between Main and Raleigh streets. This bridge has been in a deplorable condition for travel, particularly of heavy loads for some time, the ends being broken down and repaired with old timber or any thing else that was handy. New abutments will be built very soon, it is understood.

The marriage of Joseph Casidy, chief engineer of the Lesure mill, to Miss Ida Dunleavy, a popular young lady of West Duluth, will take place in the St. James church at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, Father Feehely performing the ceremony.

The ball team will play ball in Ashland next Saturday and Sunday. The following Monday they will cross bats with the Bayfield team and on Tuesday they will encounter the Washburn team. It it likely that a game will be arranged with the Hayward team before the local players return to this city. On Sept. 8, 9, 10 and 11, the Chicago Unions, the famous colored team will be in Duluth. This team is the original Page Fence team and is a great attraction.

Miss Beda Carlson of Hendrick's dry good store, is on a vacation.

Harry Randall of the West Duluth fire department is back on duty after a week's vacation.

Mrs. D. P. McCarthy of Marquette, has been visiting her son, Dennis McCarthy, of the ball team.

Martin Matson is back from St. Paul.

Miss Olga Nelson of Two Harbors, visited friends in West Duluth Saturday.

J. Dute had a couple of fingers cut off at Mitchell & McClure's mill Monday.

Frank Lauermann and party are home from a several day's outing at Spirit Lake.

Freddie Whymen, the 13-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Whymen, of Proctorknott, died yesterday of cholera infantum. The funeral will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the family residence. Interment at Oneota cemetery.

A. J. Filiatrault, undertaker, office Patterson livery. Telephone No. 3070.

## IS HOPEFUL.

### Mrs. Maybrick's Hope of an Ultimate Release Is Still Strong.

London, Aug. 21.—For the first time since her life sentence was imposed, eleven years ago, Mrs. Florence Maybrick had a private interview with her counsel, Dr. Clark Bell, of New York, at Aylesbury prison today. A portion of the time counsel gave up to a representative of the Associated Press, who, through the courtesy of the head office, was granted an opportunity to talk to the prisoner. Mrs. Maybrick is indignant at the attacks made by the Liverpool Post on the late chief justice of England, Lord Russell of Killowen, former counsel of the prisoner.

"The only person up to the present who ever saw me alone," she said to the Associated Press representative, "was the chief justice. When the assizes were held last February Lord Russell came to the prison and asked to see me, as was his official right, irrespective of the home office or anyone. When he was starting to go he said:

"'Mrs. Maybrick, I am doing all in my power for your release. Whatever happens, remember this, that if there is one man in England who believes in your innocence, I am that man.'

"It was only accident that I heard of Lord Russell's death, for I have not seen a newspaper for a decade. But I cannot help but feel that in his death I have lost my best friend. It is an outrage, in view of his constant and untiring efforts for me, that he should be attcked now that he is dead.

"I fully appreciate and am glad of the chance to express my gratitude to the officials in Washington and to my friends throughout America, and especially the ladies, for what they are doing. It is that alone which has upheld me all these years. I have many friends in England, too, and believe that the time will soon come when these long years of captivity will cease and I shall be restored to my mother and my country."

For the last few days Mrs. Maybrick has been in a hospital ward owing to a slight illness, but she says her health is generally good.

The recent United States memorial is still in the hands of the home secretary, Sir Matthew White Ridley, and Mrs. Maybrick's friends are hopeful that when the answer comes it will be a pardon.

**Freimuth's**

**The Big Shirt Waist Sale Continues**

**Hundreds of customers came yesterday and today, and went away happy.**

Printer's ink cannot do any measure of justice to the values—Think of it—stylish up-to-date Waists for actually less than half what you would have to pay for the materials alone.

**39 cents** For White Lawn and every conceivable color, Percale and Gingham Waists—Every popular 1900 Fashion—**Waists worth 75c, $1, $1.25.**

**69 cents** For the cream of the season's styles—fine White Lawns—fine Imported French and Scotch Ginghams, etc.—every style back, sleeve, cuff, etc. **Waists worth $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 each.**

A chance of chances. Don't Miss It.

**Sale Fine Table Linens.**

**Tomorrow will be a rare Bargain Day for Linen Buyers. Read the Savings Offered.**

Six pieces 64-inch Half Bleached German Table Damask, every thread pure linen, worth every cent of 75c a yard; a big special tomorrow at—a yard ........ 49c

72-inch full Bleached genuine Irish Linen and Table Damask, exquisite patterns; regular $1.25 quality; special tomorrow—a yard ........ 89c

Three pieces extra quality fine double Satin Damask. 72 inches wide, pure Irish Linen, dainty designs, made to sell at $1.50; on sale tomorrow—per yard ........ $1.15

3-4 Napkins to match, at—per doz ........ $3.50

100 dozen pure Irish Linen Bleached Napkins, full ¾ size, newest patterns out, splendid value at $4.50 per dozen; on sale tomorrow—per dozen ........ $2.98

**Sheetings.** **Monday Sale of Sheetings at Actually Mill Prices. Supply Your Wants Tomorrow.**

45-inch bleached Pillow Cotton, soft standard make—15c quality on sale tomorrow at yard ........ 11½c

8-4 Bleached Sheeting, best standard make, regular 25c quality; special tomorrow—yard ........ 19c

9-4 Bleached Sheeting, same grade as one above; 27c is regular price; tomorrow—per yard ........ 21c

**Towel Sale.** **One No Housewife Should Miss.**

100 doz. pure linen Damask Towels, knotted fringe ends, white or colored borders—towels that have been selling at 28c, 30c and 35c each, on sale tomorrow at, each ........ 20c

You always need towels.

**Bed Spreads.** **An Unusual Opportunity Tomorrow.**

50 real Marseilles white Bed Spreads, extra large size, pearl hemmed, newest designs, regular price $1.50. A rare bargain. On sale tomorrow at, each ........ $1.00

**White Goods.**

**Tuesday's Bargains Intended to Clear the Stock. Come Early.**

An immense lot of checked and striped White Goods, regular value 10c yard; tomorrow at just half ........ 5c

10 pieces fine and sheer India Linons, plump 40 inches wide, on which the price was 25c; tomorrow—yard ........ 15c

One lot fine Persian Lawns and Batiste Mulls, 32 inches wide, regular price 30c a yard; on sale tomorrow at—a yard ........ 19c

**Special Extra.**

Our entire stock of this season's fancy Piques—all the newest patterns add effects; that sold at 25c and 30c a yard; special closing price tomorrow ........ 12½c

**Wednesday's Basement Attractions.**

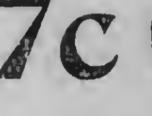
**Housekeepers Bargains On Daily Necessities.**

**Yellow Mixing Bowls.**

| 42s | 36s | 30s | 24s | 18s | 12s | 9s | 6s |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2½c | 3c | 4c | 5c | 7c | 10c | 15c | 18c |

300 dozen English Porcelain Cups and Saucers, dark flow-blue decoration; regular value 15c, for this sale only ........ 5c a pair

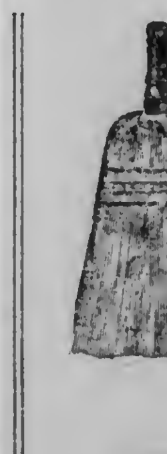
50 dozen plain thin blown Sherbets, assorted styles; regular value $1.50 a dozen, choice—each only ........ 7c



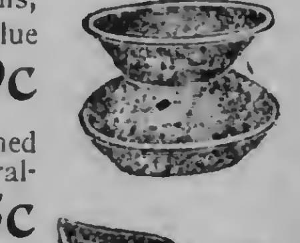
15 dozen decorated China Cream Pitchers, assorted styles and decorations; regular value 15c. Choice only ........ 7c

**Hat and Coat Racks—**

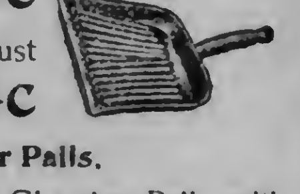
100 Hat and Coat Racks, 5 nickel plated hooks, real value 18c; special ........ 10c



19 doz Parlor Brooms, 4 sewed; regular value 39c, special each ........ 19c



40 doz heavy Japanned Cuspidors, regular value 10c; one day only ........ 5c



10 doz Japanned Dust Pans, like cut; special, only ........ 4c

**Chamber and Water Pails.**

300 Japanned Chamber Pails, with cover, regular price 29c; special, only ........ 15c

Fiber Water Pails, regular price 35c—special ........ 19c

**House Numbers—**

500 Aluminum House Numbers, never tarnish, regular value 15c—special only ........ 9c

## TO PROTECT FRUIT.

### Inspection of Mail Packages From Hawaii and Philippines.

Washington, Aug. 21.—In response to a letter of inquiry from the postmaster general, Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has approved the request of the California state board of horticulture that postmasters at Pacific coast points of entry shall submit all mail matter from Hawaii and the Philippines containing fruit or plants to the horticultural officials of the Pacific coast states for their inspection before their delivery to addresses. A large number of pests are carried in the horticultural products from these islands. Secretary Wilson says, in his reply, that the quarantine service which California has been carrying on for some years to protect the state from injurious insects, especially from Asiatic and Australia ports, has done admirabe work and has saved the agricultural and horticultural industries on the Pacific coast from great loss. The instructions to postmasters suggested can be issued, he says, the protection of the fruit growing interests in that part of the country will be complete.

NEWPORT DERANGED.

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 21.—Private telegrams received in this city last night state that Luther E. Newport, a prominent young business man of St. Paul, had been found wandering about the streets of New York in an insane condition and had been taken to Bellevue hospital. Mr. Newport is a member of the banking and brokerage firm of R. M. Newport & Son, and is interested in other business enterprises. He is better today and the physicians think he will recover.

## STORMS INJURE STOCK.

### Much Damage Done In South Dakota By Hail.

St. Paul, Aug. 21.—A Pierre, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: Parties from the ranges report severe storms southwest and west of here during the past week. A cloudburst on the Bad river, about ninety miles west, sent that stream up fourteen feet and compelled the suspension of round-up work in that section. Nearly every dam in the vicinity of White Clay Buttes has been washed out and stock severely injured by hail.

## TEDDY SEES McKINLEY.

### Consults the President As to His Western Speeches.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Governor Roosevelt left for New York this morning on the 10 o'clock train. When asked for information as to his visit the governor stated that he came especially to see the president, desiring to talk over matters concerning the campaign and also regarding his itinerary. The president and Governor Roosevelt discussed various campaign policies together with the features of the letters of acceptances, which are soon to be made public. It is the desire of Governor Roosevelt, as a vice presidential candidate, to have his utterances during the coming Western tour thoroughly in accord with the views of the presidential candidate and he also desires to give expression to and make features of the issues which the president deems most important.

Governor Roosevelt will be in Chicago a week from next Monday.

ST. LOUIS HOT.

St. Louis, Aug. 21.—The intense heat that has prevailed here for several weeks continued with apparently no prospect of cessation. Until yesterday there have been few prostrations, owing to the dryness of the atmosphere. Then there were two deaths and eleven prostrations. The dead are: Louis Brune, William Green (colored.)

BUILDING WRECKED.

Medina, Ohio, Aug. 21.—The county court house here was wrecked today by dynamite, a large box of which was stored in the basement of the building. The janitor was injured and several county officials were badly shaken up. The dynamite had been placed in the basement to be used as evidence in a criminal trial. Some waste paper near it caught fire and resulted in the explosion.

## DANCE INTERRUPTED.

### Flooring Gives Way and the Crowd Is Ducked.

Carthagena, Spain, Aug. 21.—While a dance was in progress in a floating bath house here yesterday, the flooring gave way and 150 persons, mostly children, were precipitated into the sea. Many of them were wounded and bruised, but no one was drowned. It is believed the catastrophe was the work of a miscreant, as the screws of the flooring were found to be missing.

**It Helped Win Battles.**

Twenty-nine officers and men wrote from the front to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Feet and Stiff Joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

**National Encampment G. A. R. Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.**

$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

Mackintoshes at 25% off......

For Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

This is the kind of weather when [illegible] Mackintosh Coat is needed. We bought too many [illegible]d to close them out quickly you can take any in the ho[illegible]se at 25 per cent less than the regular price.

For $ 8.00 Mackintoshes you pay $ 6.00
For $10.00 Mackintoshes you pay $ [illegible]50
For $12.00 Mackintoshes you pay $ [illegible].00
For $15.00 Mackintoshes you pay $ [illegible]1.25
For $20.00 Mackintoshes you pay $15.00

A clean discount of 25 per cent on each and every Mackintosh in the house.

**Rubber Coats, Rubber Boots, Rubber Hats, Rubber Blankets, Oil Clothing** and all sorts of wet weather clothing at The Big Duluth popular prices.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Minn Hist'l Society

Four brick houses, East End, in best locality and repair, hardwood finish; all conveniences. Can sell at a price to net 12 per cent.

118 and 120 Seventh avenue east.—Brick, rented to net 10 per cent, on cash payment of $4800. $5800

131 and 136 Mesaba avenue.—$5000 cash, balance 6 per cent. Rentals $64 per month; will pay nearly 20 per cent net on cash payment. $5500

Make an offer on 811 East Third street, two houses and fifty feet of land, rentals $27 per month. Can sell cheap.

WEST DULUTH.

Seventy houses for sale almost at your own price

1909 West Superior street, rents for $65 per month, at $6500

Business property and acres a specialty.

*5 per cent money ready for any good loan.*

*Stryker, Manley & Buck.*

Your Health

Will be much improved by drinking our pure and wholesome Moose Brand Beer. It is food, drink and medicine at the same time, and tones up the system as nothing else will. For delicate women and those who suffer from insomnia and dyspepsia there is nothing that will cheer you up and banish sleeplessness like Moose Brand Beer. Delivered for $2.25 per case.

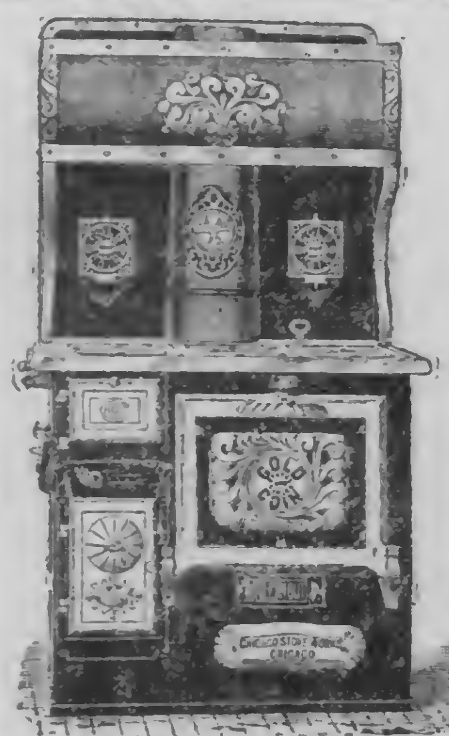
Duluth Brewing and Malting Company.

Either Phone 241.

BON AMIE. BON AMIE.

AN EXCELLENT SMOKE.

BON AMIE. BON AMIE.



*The best Steel Range made.*

*"Gold Coin,"*

Same as cut, with high closet, range weighs 380 pounds, fire box alone weighs 54 lbs, has six holes, oven 21 inches by 16 inches. Every range guaranteed—our sale price only—

$27.95

*Our Perfection Range*

With high closet, has 6 9-inch holes, oven 19 inches by 21 inches, sale price only

$22.95

We do all kinds of Bicycle Repairing.
Fall Stock of Guns Received—Prices Right.

Get our prices on Hardware and Furniture before you buy.

R. R. FORWARD & CO.,

2021-2023 West Superior St., Duluth.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price

Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BLOCK.
Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Sup. St.

# AMERICANS IN THE LEAD

## *Have Penetrated to the Gates of the Palace at Pekin.*

## *The Allies Are Fighting the Chinese Outside of Tien Tsin.*

Washington, Aug. 22.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Seymour:

"Che Foo, Aug. 21.—Taku 20.—Dickens' command is leading today. Pekin 16. All except imperial city, cleared of Chinese troops. American troops first to enter imperial city, have penetrated to the gates of the palace. Capt. Reilly, Eeventh artillery killed on 15th. Morning 19th Sixth cavalry and about 400 English and Japanese dispersed about 1000 Boxers outside of Tien Tsin. About 100 Chinese killed, five Americans wounded. Chaffee's losses six killed, thirty wounded, two days fighting.

"REMEY."

The navy department understands from the reference to the palace that the American troops penetrating the imperial city were, when the dispatch was sent, attacking the forbidden city. This is the inner inclosure of the imperial city.

London, Aug. 22—"The allies are fighting the Chinese outside of Tien Tsin, Aug. 19," so Rear Admiral Bruce wires to the British admiralty from Taku, under date of Aug. 20, adding that the engagement was reported to have occurred six miles south of Tien Tsin. Admiral Bruce also sent a dispatch, dated Pekin, Aug. 17, from the general officer commanding there, in which nothing is said as to the situation at Pekin. It gives a partial list of the British casualties during a part of the seige of the legations, the death of Bernard Strouts, and rgerets that "owing to the heavy road and forced march the naval brigade was unable to participate in the entry," adding that "the way they brought their guns by boat and road from Tien Tsin is an achievement of which they may be proud."

An official dispatch from Tien Tsin, dated Aug. 20, and received at Tokio, repeats that the Japanese occupied the imperial palace at Pekin, Aug. 16, and says that about Aug. 12 the dowager empress and the emperor and ministers left Pekin with 3000 troops, their destination, it is supposed, being Sianfu.

Pekin, being in great confusion, was divided into several districts. Half of the Tartar city was placed under charge of the Japanese. American, Russian and French officers were appointed to maintain order.

A detachment of Japanese troops rescued the foreign ministers and Christian converts who had been imprisoned in the palace. Two hundred Japanese were killed.

### ALLIES USED DYNAMITE.

#### Walls of the Chinese Capital Were Blown Up.

New York, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: Some more particulars are published of the attack on Pekin by the allies. The Shanghai correspondent of the Mail says that the walls were blown up with dynamite.

Fears are entertained lest the communications of the allies in Pekin with Tien Tsin should have been cut, as Chinese forces are reported in the neighborhood of Peitsang.

Statements are made in Paris to the effect that French troops now on their way to the far East will not go to Taku, but will be disembarked in Tonkin.

The reply of the United States government to the offer of Li Hung Chang to negotiate undoubtedly, says the Times, represents the position which all the powers concerned have agreed to take up.

### IN CHAFFEE'S HANDS.

#### Responsibility For American Interests Is Placed With Him.

New York, Aug. 22.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: The war department sent Gen. Chaffee a cablegram of four words, late this afternoon, which practically takes things out of Minister Conger's hands and puts Gen. Chaffee in the position of the utmost responsibility. The message said:

'Report operations, situation, requirements."

There is no intention of deprecating Minister Conger; the government has the liveliest sense of gratitude for him; but it is not deemed expedient to act on his dispatches, because, after his terrible experience, he is naturally embittered and possibly unconsciously biased, and because he needs and deserves a rest.

It is proposed to have Mr. Conger come home at the first opportunity and enjoy a long period of rest and recuperation.

### BARRY ACTS PROMPTLY.

#### Troops, Horses and Material Hurried Forward From Taku.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The war department has received the following cablegram:

"Tien Tsin, Aug. 19.—Adjutant General, Washington: With reference to your telegram of Aug. 16, horses, materials and troops promptly landed at Taku and forwarded to front. Sixth cavalry mounted. Grant (transport) due in Manilla now. Hospitals excellent, ample for present army, well supplied and in fine condition, everything satisfactory. Go to Pekin tomorrow. Sick and wounded doing well.

"BARRY."

### THE BATTLE OVER.

#### The Allies Reported In Complete Control of Pekin.

Rome, Aug. 22.—Dispatches received here from Taku, under date of Aug. 20, say that according to advices from a Japanese source, dated Aug. 17, the battle of Pekin was then finished; the Japanese had entered the imperial palace. The foreign ministers, with detachments of the allied troops, were then occupying the imperial city, the Chinese princes and ministers having returned to Sean (Sian Fu), west of Pekin.

### MISSIONARIES AT PEKIN.

#### Those of Pekin and Tungchow Are Reported Safe.

Boston, Aug. 22.—The American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions has received today a cablegram from Che Foo, as follows:

"Psalm 1247; Pekin and Tunchow missionaries; also Chapins, Smiths, Wyekoffs saved."

The passage of Scripture alluded to is:

"Our soul is escaped as a bird out of the snare of the fowlers; the snare is broken and we are escaped."

The Pekin missionaries are: Rev. W. S. Ament, Rev. C. E. Ewing, wife and two children; Miss Ada Haven, Miss Nellie Russell, Mrs. J. L. Mater.

The Tungchow missionaries who had taken refuge at Pekin are: Miss Mary E. Andrews, Miss Jane G. Evans, Miss Abbie Chapin, Rev. Chauncey Goodrich, D.D., wife and three children; James H. Ingram, M. D., wife and two children; Miss Luella Miner, Rev. E. G. Tewksbury, wife and two children; Rev. Howard S. Galt and wife.

The Pangchuang missionaries who were at the annual meeting and took refuge at Pekin are: Rev. Arthur H. Smith, D.D., and wife; the Misses Gertrude and H. Grace Wyckoff.

Linching missionaries under the same conditions are: Rev. F. M. Chapin, wife and two children.

### CHAFFEE'S CASUALTIES.

#### Americans Killed and Wounded In Action at Pekin.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The following casualty report was today received at the war department from Gen. Chaffee:

"Che Foo—Adjutant General Washington: Pekin, Aug. 17.—Casualties in action, Aug. 14—Fourteenth infantry, Company E, William Parle, wounded in hand, slight, (see foot note); Company G, John Hauser, sergeant, wounded in buttock, moderate; Thomas H. Higgin, wounded in foot, slight; August P. Troutman, wounded in leg below knee, moderate; Rufus Lawyers, wounded in leg, below knee, slight.

Company H, Henry Hopkins, first sergeant, wounded in leg, slight; Company K, Frank L. Whitehead, first sergeant, wounded in leg below knee, slight; Jesse A. Foulkes, wounded in leg above knee, slight. Battery F, Fifth artillery, W. P. Nanney, wounded in chest, serious. Marines, Capt. Smedley D. Butler, wounded in chest, slight. Company A, George P. Farral, wounded in head, moderate; Company C, Frank W. Green, wounded in hands, moderate.

Casualties in action, Aug. 15.—The following officers and men were killed: Battery F, Fifth artillery, Capt. Henry J. Reilly, morning of 17th. Company C, Ninth infantry, Robert E. Walsh. Company E, Ninth infantry, James O. Hall, Daniel W. Simpkins. Company K, Fourteenth infantry, Russell T. Elliott. Company M, Fourteenth infantry, James C. Wiber.

Wounded: Ninth infantry, Company F, Martin Silk, wounded in head, serious; Company D, George D. Bailey, first sergeant, wounded in arm, slight; Company K, George H. Siemens, wounded in leg below knee, serious; Company M, William F. Norton, wounded in leg below knee, slight.

Fourteenth infantry, Company E, George O. Fox, sergeant, wounded in hand, slight; Harvey Baker, musician, wounded in thigh, moderate; Calvin P. Titus, musician, wounded in neck, slight; George C. Kuffman, wounded in buttox; Company G, Henry J. Kysel, wounded in chest, serious; Company F, Charles H. Morgan, corporal, wounded in leg below knee, moderate; Ora F. Tiler, George King, John L. Lynch, wounded in thigh, slight; Company I, Carrol Durbin, wounded in leg below knee, slight.

Company L, Thomas A. Lanker, wounded in chest, serious; Thomas King, wounded in arm, serious; Company M, William B. Hoffman, cook, wounded in thigh, moderate; Henry G. Davis, wounded in leg below knee, serious. Battery F, Fifth artillery, Lee Doyle, wounded in hand, slight.

Aug. 16, died of wounds received in action, Edward R. Mitchell, Company L, Fourteenth infantry. CHAFFEE.

Note—Name William Harle not found on roll of A. G. O., possibly intended for William W. Earle.

### CABLE OPEN.

New York, Aug. 22.—Announcement was made by cable companies here today that the Che Foo-Taku cable is now open, but that telegrams are taken at senders' risk. Taku is now joined to Tien Tsin by a military telegraph, but an international line is in the way of construction and will be open soon. Service between Pekin and Sianfu is suspended.

# FIGHTING NOT OVER

## More Work For the Allies Between Pekin and the Coast.

## A FIERCE STRUGGLE

## Took Place In Pekin's Streets According to Advices From Remey.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The war department announced early in the day that it was in receipt of a casualty list from Gen. Chaffee and this was made public about noon It was learned however, that the Chaffee dispatch contained a considerable amount of matter besides the list of killed and wounded, and it was the subject of an extended White House conference between the president, Secretary Root and Acting Secretary Adee. It was hopedby the officials that the receipt of detailed news from Gen. Chaffee would simplify the situation considerably, and enable this government to map out, in a large degree, its future line of action in China. This was not the case, however, Gen. Chaffee's telegram indicated that there may yet be considerable heavy fighting around Pekin and between that city and the coast. It was impossible to make any prediction as to the date of the pacification on the information thus furnished, and the administration is not able to fix even an approximate date for the withdrawl of our troops from Chinese territory.

While the White House conference was in progress, the Chinese minister arrived at the state department. Mr. Adee was absent, but the minister waited patiently for two hours, the expectation being that the reply of the United States government to Li Hung Chang's pecae application would be handed to him. At 12 o'clock Minister Wu had heard nothing as to the return of the acting secretary of state and he returned to the Chinese legation, expecting to call tomorrow unless advised before then that his presence was desired.

Bloody work has been going on in Pekin, according to a dispatch received today by the navy department form Admiral Remey, dated Taku, the 20th and Pekin the 16th. The message shows that the American forces were then fighting, along with the allies, and that progress had been made which could only have been accomplished after military efforts of a severe character.

Officials of the war department, who are familiar with the physical conditions of the defenses of Pekin say the fact that all but the imperial city had been cleared of Chinese troops is evidence enough of the severe fighting which must have occurred. In order for the American troops to penetrate to the gates of the palace, they must have stormed a wall about thirty feet high, which, no doubt, was stubbornly defended.

It is a source of satisfaction to the military officials here that the allied commanders succeeded in clearing the region outside of the imperial city of Chinese troops, as thereby the danger of attacks in the flank and in the rear, while the invaders were storming the imperial city, would be obviated. Every one is glad, of course, that the Americans were the first to enter the imperial city, another testimony to the gallantry and industry of the American forces.

Admiral Remey's dispatch, in stating that all but the imperial city had been cleared of the Chinese soldiery, left the impression that a force of defenders was still intrenched in that section of Pekin, and would have to be routed out. Undoubtedly there have been brisk engagements since the Remey dispatch was sent, but the officials of the department here are in no way concerned about the result of the fighting.

Gen. Chaffee's brief report stated that he entered the legation grounds at 5 o'clock on the evening of the 14th, and that eight of his men were wounded in the day's fighting. Admiral Remey's dispatch shows that within the next two days Gen. Chaffee lost six men killed, including Capt. Relly of the Fifth artillery and thirty men wounded. To all appearances, therefore, the fighting in Pekin was more severe after the entry into the city than during the movements which brought the Americans to the legation gates. This may be explained by the evident fact that the rescuing parties were engaged in clearing the outer city of the Chinese soldiery. Such a task, it is said, could not have been a light one, owing to the presence of large forces of Chinese troops in the city and behind the wall of the imperial city. Admiral Remey's dispatch also shows that there is further fighting outside of Pekin, and that Boxers have not been dispersed, but are still inclined to hang on the otuskirts of the invaders and harrass them as much as possible. It also would seem to presage more fighting for the allies if they should attempt to return from Pekin, and for the reinforcements which will be sent forward to Tien Tsin and Pekin. Evidently, according to the military authorities, the country about Tien Tsin, and between that city and Pekin, still harbors hostile forces, which will have to be overcome by the allied forces before the road can be opened from Pekin to the sea.

### GERMAN REINFORCEMENTS.

#### Battalion Delayed But Reaches Pekin ---Yangtsun Is Threatened.

Berlin, Aug. 22.—The German war office has received a dispatch from Taku, dated Aug. 19, saying the advance of the German battalion was delayed by violent rains. It reached Pekin Aug. 17. Yangtsun, it is added, was still threatened by the Chinese troops on the imperial canal.

### BREAKFAST WITH EMMANUEL.

Rome, Aug. 22.—Field Marshal Count von Waldersee, the German officer who is going to the far East in order to take command of the allied forces in China, with the three officers accompanying him, breakfasted with King Victor Emmanuel this morning, after which the field marshal went to the Pantheon and deposited a wreath on the tomb of King Humbert. The field marshel left Rome at 2:30 p. m., for Naples, where he will embark for China.

# HOT SHOT BY BRYAN

## Presents the Issues In a Telling Way at Auburn, Neb.

## HE ASKS QUESTIONS

## Propounds a Few Posers For the Apologists For the Administration.

Auburn, Neb., Aug. 22.—W. J. Bryan began at an early hour what he evidently expected to be a busy day. His first meeting began here at 8:30, in the court house grounds. A light rain was falling when the meeting began, but nevertheless there was a good crowd present. Many of them were ladies. All the speeches of the day were planned to be made in this congressional district, which is represented by Mr. Bryan in congress, and which, since his retirement, has been represented by a Republican member. He, therefore, devoted the first part of his speech to an appeal for the election of Hon. G. W. Berger, the Democratic candidate for the office of national representative. Following this, he made an appeal for the support of the whole Democratic ticket. Comparing the government to a corporation, he said that all citizens were stockholders; as such, they owed it to themselves to look well after the conduct of the directors of the corporation. He charged the Republican administration—the government directors—with deceit in all its policies. This deception had, he said, been practiced in regard to the financial system, the trusts and foreign policy of the country. He charged the Republican party with the intention of fastening a national debt upon the people. He devoted himself especially to the enlargement of the army, saying that if "we could take the Philippine islands, we could subject any weak people."

The Republican party was building its policy upon the plea that "might makes right." They were asserting that the financial question was this year the paramount issue, only because the Republican party regarded the dollar of mere consequence than the man. He dwelt upon liberty as a God-given right, saying that the Filipinos were as much entitled to it as we are. In promising them a good government we are only promising what kings promised under similar circumstances. We have, he asserted, no title to the Philippine islands, according to the Declaration of Independence. In the first place, Spain had no title, and, in the second place, we cannot buy people. Already, more has been spent in the way of treasure in the Philippines, to say nothing of blood, than the profits of trade with those islands would bring for many years. The flag had been hauled down in Mexico, and the Mexican people were better off with their own government than they would be with an American carpet bag government in that country.

Mr. Bryan said in part:

"You Republicans who were shouting yourselves hoarse when McKniley said, in 1891, that Mr. Cleveland was trying to make money the master and all things else the servant, did it not take you several days to come around and hurrah for McKinley when he followed in the footsteps and did the same things that Cleveland had done?

"You Republicans who said that the greenbacks saved the country when both gold and silver left it, didn't it take you several days to turn around and advocate the retirement of the greenbacks.

"You Republicans who were boasting that the party was paying off the national debt, didn't it take you some time to turn around to that position, where you could say that a permanent debt is a good thing?

"You Republicans that used to denounce the trusts in the most vigorous language, didn't it take you some time to turn around where you could say that there are good and bad trusts, and that the good trusts are those which contribute most liberally to the campaign?

And don't you think that some of you Republicans are in a position where you are not going to turn any more?

You Republicans, who for years have been boasting on the Fourth of July that we had a country which did not need a large standing army and did not have to have a large military establishment here as they have in Europe, don't you think you will refuse to turn when the Republican party wants an army which is four times as large as it was when this Republican administration was elected in 1896? You Republicans, who used to brag of this, are you not a little afraid that now you cannot turn over and make your opinions conform to the Republican policy? When you find that the expense of the army in a single year is half as much as the entire amount spent on the education of all the children in the United States, are you willing to enter upon this career of militarism.

When we talk about increasing the size of the army, they say it is all buncombe and say. What is 100,000 men in a country like this? I will tell you that 100 000 men compared with the situation when the Republican party got into power is four times as big an army, and when you defend the increase of four times the size of the army in the last four years, four years from now, you can with propriety say that we will have an army of 400,000 if you have an imperial policy. The same spirit that carried you to the Philippine islands will lead you into other places and make you hold their people and make them subjects against their will. The same spirit of militarism and imperialism that carried you to the Philippine islndas will carry you wherever you can find a people weak enough to be whipped by the United States.

The doctrine of imperialism is the doctrine of the bully and the coward. It is the doctrine which takes people under the pretense that you are taking them for their good, and you reach your hands in their pockets and rob them, while you are taking them.

Republicans, your papers tell you that the Filipinos are savages—you dare not say it, because you do not arm savages and turn them out to fight people.

They say that we cannot haul down the flag in the Philippines once it is raised there. Even this administration does not find any trouble or difficulty in hauling down the flag in Alaska. I suppose they contend that because it is a cold climate you can haul it down, but that you cannot in a hot climate. The American flag represents the purpose of

(Continued on Page 7.)

# HE PRICKS TWO FAKES

## Chairman Jones Punctures Canard That Jones and Teller Have Shifted.

## PLANS OF CARNEGIE

## Report That He Intends to Return and Speak For Bryan.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—At Democratic national headquarters today, Senator Jones, chairman of the national committee said:

"I see a story printed in the newspapers this morning to the effect that Senator John P. Jones has followed Senator Stewart into the Republican camp, and that Senator Teller, of Colorado, is showing the greatest indifference to the Bryan cause. I happened to have some definite information concerning this matter and I pronounce both reports absolutely without any foundation.

"Senator J. P. Jones has been entirely consistent in his views and actions for twenty-five years, and he is heartily interested in the fight for the Democratic party and for Mr. Bryan this year We rely upon him implicity.

"As for Senator Teller, we are in constant correspondence with him. I can say that there is not a man at national headquarters or in the Democratic party who manifests greater solicitude for Mr. Bryan's election and who has worked harder to accomplish it than has Senator Teller.

"Those stories undoubtedly emanate from Republican sources, but I am at a loss to understand why the Republicans should, at one and the same time declare that the one great issue in this campaign is the silver question and also give out that all the old silver leaders are coming over to the Republican party because there is no silver issue."

Senator Jones also said:

"I notice a report that Mr. Carnegie is going to return from Scotland and make some speeches for Bryan and Stevenson. This information was given out by the Anti-Imperialist league, at Boston. I have no personal knowledge of the matter whatsoever. It may or not be true. There has been no communication with Mr. Carnegie on this subject on the part of the Democratic national committee.

# DOLLIVER IT.

## A Foregone Conclusion That He Will Succeed to Gear's Shoes.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 22.—At the close of the session of the state executive council this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, Governor Shaw will make known his selection for a successor to the late Senator Gear. It is a foregone conclusion that Congressman J. P. Dolliver, of the Tenth district, will be named.

### ELECTIC CAR SMASH.

#### Five Persons Seriously Hurt On a Cleveland Line.

Cleveland, Aug. 22.—An electric car on the Cleveland & Chagrin Falls suburban line was wrecked early today near Chagrin Falls, the crew and twelve passengers being cut and badly bruised. Five persons were seriously injured. The accident was caused by a broken brake rod. The car jumped the track on a sharp curve while running at a high rate of speed. the trucks broke and the car plunged over on its side.

Those most seriously injured are: John Young, conductor, Chagrin Falls; Miss Rathburn, Newburg, Ohio; Mrs. M. G. Melce, Chagrin Falls; Mrs. Walter Barrows, Chagrin Falls; C. H. Hubbell, Chagrin Falls.

Fortunately the car struck a trolley pole when it left the track, otherwise it would gone down a steep embankment. Had this occurred, a number of lives would have undoubtedly been lost.

### PECK IS WAITING.

#### Deferred Accepting French Decoration Pending Washington Advice.

Paris, Aug. 22.—Regarding the accusation that he violated the constitution in accepting the decoration of grand officer of the Legion of Honor, tendered him in behalf of the French nation, Ferdinand W. Peck, the commissioner general of the United States at the Paris exposition, said today:

"I was especially careful not to make a formal acceptance when it was presented to me by M. Delauney Bellville (director general of the exposition), in behalf of President Loubet. I stated to him that I had examined the laws of the United States on the subject, and that while greatly appreciating the honor, I could not make a formal acceptance at the present time."

Mr. Peck still holds the decoration, possession of which he still holds pending advices from Washington.

### KANSAS GETS RAIN.

#### The Long Drought Is Ended With a Vengeance.

Kansas City, Aug. 22.—The hot spell in Kansas was broken last night by a severe rain, wind and hail storm. About two inches of rain fell, effectually ending the drought that had threatened the corn crop. In the vicinity of Scandia everal barns, windmills, hay and grain were destroyed by the wind.

### EYRES ARRIVE.

New York, Aug. 22.—Among the arrivals on the White Star line steamship Majestic today were R. M. Eyre and Miss Eyre, who brought with them the body of their mother, Mrs. Mary Tutt P. Eyre, who died in Paris in July last. Mrs. Eyre was the widow of Col. E. E. Eyre, for many years a resident of San Francisco. hTe body was taken to San Francisco for interment.

# CROAKERS' TIME UP

## Resume Their Chorus After the Shouting Over Pekin's Capture Subsides.

## ALL KINDS OF GRIEF

## For the Allied Forces Is Conjured Up In Their Minds.

New York, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: There is again a revival of something like pessimism in official and political circles, or in the scanty remnants of them left in London by the ravages of the holiday season. After the exhiliration caused by the first news of the entry of the allies into Pekin, there has come a rebound. The cessation of direct communication with allied commanders at the front is not at all liked, nor does Admiral Bruce's telegram, stating that the forbidden city was entered on the 17th do much to console the doubters. In the first place, it is pointed out that the admiral does not profess to have heard his news officially from Gen. Gaselee, but only says it on the authority of reports current at Taku, and we know by this time what reports in Chinese towns are worth, even if the authentic news is four days' old—and much may have happened since then. The silence of the generals lends color to a Shanghai statement that the wires to Tien Tsin are cut, and may also help to explain the hurried march of the German and Italian reinforcements to Pekin.

Assuming even that the sacred city and the palace are captured, the difficulties of the allies are by no means at an end. Their force is, of course, more than sufficient to repel any attack which might be made on them, whether by Boxers or by imperial troops, but when it is remembered that they have to police the great straggling city of Pekin, with its 1,000,000 inhabitants, and to keep open the line of communication to the coast, their strength is by no means excessive, even if it is sufficient for the work in hand. Besides, the allied generals, like Lord Roberts in South Africa, may have advanced too fast effectively to occupy the country behind them. The speed of their march was rendered necessary by the position of the legations, for if the relief column had taken three or four days longer on the journey it might have come too late. Still, if the Chinese troops, defeated at Peitsang and Tsantsun should form up again, the allies will either have to march back to disperse them, or to wait till that task is performed by reinforcements from the coast, and, meanwhile, may find themselves virtually besieged in Pekin.

### EXPORTS FROM CUBA.

#### A Decrease For the Month of July Shown.

Washington, Aug. 22.—According to a statement today by the divisions of custome and insular affairs of the war department, the total exportation of the island of Cuba through the port of Havana for the seven months ended July 21, 1900, was $16,698,605, as against $16,796,971 for the same period last year, a decrease of $98,366. The total exports from Havana for the month of July alone was $2,237,864. The exports for this month by countries show: To the United States, $792,327; France, $581,963; Germany, $381,677; England, $247,841; Spain, $63,722.

### FLOUR RATE WAR.

#### St. Paul Roads Slash Eastern Tariff Via Duluth.

St. Paul, Aug. 22.—A flour rate war has broken out on all St. Paul roads on Eastern consignments via Duluth, and by the all rail route. The rates are made to suit the shipper, and are the outcome of secret cutting. The bidding for flour shipments is lively and it is believed the reductions will hold for some time.

### WALL STREET AGOG.

#### Looking For a Renewal of the Coffee War.

New York, Aug. 22.—Considerable surprise was shown in lower Wall street as a result of the announcement of the Arbuckles that they would pay their customers a ½ cent per pound additional rebate on all roasted package coffee purchased from them that shall be 10 per cent or more in excess in pounds of the amount purchased in the year ended July 1, 1900. This is believed to indicate that the trouble over the coffee is likely to be renewed at any time. The American Sugar Refining company recently began allowing an extra 1 per cent discount to their customers who have increased their purchases. This is said to be done to offset the extra 1 per cent allowed by the Arbuckles to wholesalers on sugar, and in retaliation the Arbuckles have made the announcement regarding purchases of coffee. Arbuckle Bros. and the Woolson Spice company have both reduced their quotation on packing coffee ½ cent per pound.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

SPARKLING... In Purity and Goodness

BLATZ BEER

The Star Milwaukee—

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(Non-intoxicant)
Invaluable Summer Tonic.

All Druggists.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

# MORE TROUBLE.

## Another General Building Trades Strike In Chicago Is Being Planned.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Unless the plans of the leaders miscarry, every union man with the Building Trades council will be called out on strike before Labor Day. The plumbers have already been ordered out, and it is the intention that all other unions whose men are working shall follow suit. Owing to increased activity in the building trades within the last few days, many union men have been put to work in some places with the consent of the business agents, and it is the purpose of the unions to stop the work wherever the bosses believed they had won a victory and show them that the labor organizations are still in the fight.

The business agents of one of the largest unions in the building trades said: "The contractors have come to believe that it is comparaitvely easy sailing for them now, and accordingly have been undertaking some large jobs with the idea there would be no further trouble from the unions. They will find that many of them whom they supposed to be non-union men have become members of the unions and they will simply be unable to do any work. It is the only thing that is left the unions unless they propose to give up their fight. The idea of helping the contractors along in their jobs has been a mistake, which is generally recognized now, and they will find there is a lot of fight among the men."

### VON BUELOW WOBBLING.

#### German Foreign Minister's Downfall Regarded as Imminent.

New York, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser says: Count von Buelow's position as minister of foreign affairs for the empire has been so seriously shaken by his differences with the kaiser on the subject of the latter's China speeches—differences which have led the emperor to take the direction of the Chinese matters out of the count's hands and to assume practical control thereof himself—that the downfall of the statesman is regarded here as imminent.

### ARCTIC HERO DEAD.

#### Capt. John Wilson, a Navigator of Northern Seas.

New York, Aug. 22.—Capt. John Wall Wilson, who was one of the two survivors of the second Grinnell Arctic expedition, is dead at St. John's hospital, Brooklyn, from the effects of an operation for appendicitis performed eight months ago. The operation at the time was believed to have been successful and Capt. Wilson appeared to be recovering, until three days ago, when a relapse came, resulting in his death. Capt. Wilson was 69 years old. He won fame as the navigator of Dr. Kane's expedition into the far North. The object of the expediton was the relief of Sir John Franklin.

### ANTI-ANARCHIST CRUSADE.

#### A Staff of Italian Detectives Coming to America.

New York, Aug. 22.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Rome says: A staff of Italian detectives will be sent to this country With the assent of the American authorities, a special body of thirty secret police agents, all picked men, will be dispatched to operate in the centers here where Italians abound. They will be under the command of an inspector, who will have his headquarters in New York. The foreign Budget appropriates $50,000 for this secret service.

### TROUBLE IN KOREA.

#### Rebels Attack Songching and Burn the Government Buildings.

Yokahama, Aug. 22.—An official dispatch from Korea says that 1000 rebels have attacked Songching, burninb the government buildings located there.

The standard hat in soft and stiff—the Gordon.

### BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 3; Detroit, 2.
At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Minneapolis, 1.
At Kansas City—Milwaukee, 11; Kansas City, 4.
At Cleveland—Indianapolis, 4; Cleveland, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 9; Cincinnati, 8.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 5; New York, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 102 | 62 | 40 | .608 |
| Indianapolis | 102 | 55 | 47 | .539 |
| Milwaukee | 109 | 58 | 51 | .532 |
| Detroit | 108 | 57 | 51 | .528 |
| Kansas City | 110 | 54 | 56 | .509 |
| Cleveland | 103 | 50 | 53 | .491 |
| Buffalo | 109 | 47 | 62 | .431 |
| Minneapolis | 109 | 43 | 66 | .394 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 91 | 56 | 35 | .615 |
| Pittsburg | 98 | 54 | 44 | .551 |
| Philadelphia | 93 | 47 | 46 | .505 |
| Chicago | 96 | 48 | 48 | .500 |
| Boston | 95 | 47 | 48 | .495 |
| Cincinnati | 97 | 46 | 51 | .474 |
| St. Louis | 94 | 43 | 51 | .437 |
| New York | 92 | 37 | 55 | .402 |

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomachh troubles. Max Wirth.

# BOERS ARE GATHERING

## Big Force at Machadodorp, With the Whole of Their Artillery.

## LEADERS ARE THERE

## Commandants of Boer and Orange Free State Forces Are Present.

Twyfellaar, Monday, Aug. 20.—Through secret intelligence agents, the British authorities learn that Gen. Louis Botha, commander-in-chief of the Boer forces; Gen. Lucas Myer, the commander of the Orange Free State forces, and Gen. Schalburger, vice president of the Transvaal republic, with 8000 Boers, have assembled at Machadodorp, generally understood to be the headquarters of President Kruger, on the Pretoria-Delagoa Bay railway, with the Boer artillery, including the heavy pieces formerly at Pretoria.

### LABBY AND JOSEPH.

#### They Begin Pelting Each Other With Old Letters.

London, Aug. 22.—Henry Labouchere's publication of the correspondence advising him of the seizure at Pretoria of compromising letters to Secretary Reitz, is to be followed by the publication of the whole correspondence, which, the colonial office says, will be issued tonight or tomorrow, all the members of parliament involved having answered the official communication sent to them on the subject.

Truth today publishes correspondence advising that paper of the seizure at Pretoria of a compromising letter from Montague White, former consul general of the South African republic in London, to Secretary of State Reitz, dated Aug. 4, 1899, and two letters from Henry Labouchere to Mr. White, dated respectively Aug. 2, 1899, and Aug. 4, 1899, which Mr. White appears to have enclosed to Secretary Reitz, and a letter of Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, inviting Mr. Labouchere to offer explanations or observations thereon, and Mr. Labouchere's reply. Mr. Labouchere's letters are brief and amount to advice to the Transvaal to gain time by acceptance of the proposed commission to settle the franchise questions, etc., together with an expression of opinion from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader in the house of commons, and the Liberals generally, that the British cabinet proposed the appointment of the commission with the view of giving Mr. Chamberlain a chance to "climb down" and that the cabinet was determined to have no war. He said: "The president has a great opportunity to give Joe another fall. The great thing is to gain time. In a few months we shall be howling about something in another part of the world." Mr. Labouchere's reply to Mr. Chamberlain admits the letters are genuine, but declines to recognize Mr. Chamberlain's pretension to ask for an explanation on a matter concerning which he is only responsible to parliament and his constituents, and invites Mr. Chamberlain, in the pursuance of his "new diplomacy," to publish all the correspondence between the colonial office and the governors of Natal and Cape Colony and between the governors and military commanders in South Africa," so that the public may be able to form a sound opinion of the whole business, including the inadequate condition and reverses, and also and especially the Hawksley correspondence."

### CHARLES H. BERRY DEAD.

#### Pioneer Democrat of Minnesota and Former Attorney General.

Winona, Minn., Aug. 22.—Charles H. Berry, at one time one of the most prominent Democrats in the state, died yesterday at the ge of 77. He was born in Westerly, R. I., in 1823. In 1857 he was elected attorney general of the state of Minnesota and during President Cleveland's first term was appointed an associate justice of the supreme court of Idaho which position he held until Idaho was admitted as a state.

#### KERST APPOINTED.

St. Paul, Aug. 22.—Peter M. Kerst, of St. Paul, formerly cashier of the Germania bank, was yesterday appointed by Gen. E. M. Pope to the position of assistant state bank examiner, made vacant by the resignation of Capt. Compton, recently appointed commandant at the state soldiers' home at Minnehaha Falls.

#### THREE KILLED.

New York, Aug. 22.—Last evening's wreck on the New York & Harlem railroad at Kensico caused the death of three trainmen, William Lauterback, engineer; Henry Cassidy, fireman, and William Abriel, brakeman. Several persons reported as missing have been found. A coroner's investigation will be made to determine the cause of the wreck.

#### THE ALABAMA.

Delaware Breakwater, Del., Aug. 22.—The battleship Alabama, which left Cramp's shipyards, Philadelphia, on Monday, for the Brooklyn navy yard, where she will have her bottom cleaned and painted preparatory to her official trial off the Maine coast, passed out to sea at 6:30 a. m. today.

#### TAMS RESIGNS.

Muskogee, I. T., Aug. 22.—Hon. Tams Bixby, who for three years has been acting chairman of the Dawes commission, yesterday forwarded his resignation to the secretary of the interior. Mr. Bixby has been selected as chairman of the Republican state central committee of Minnesota and resigns to take part in the campaign.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. Max Wirth.

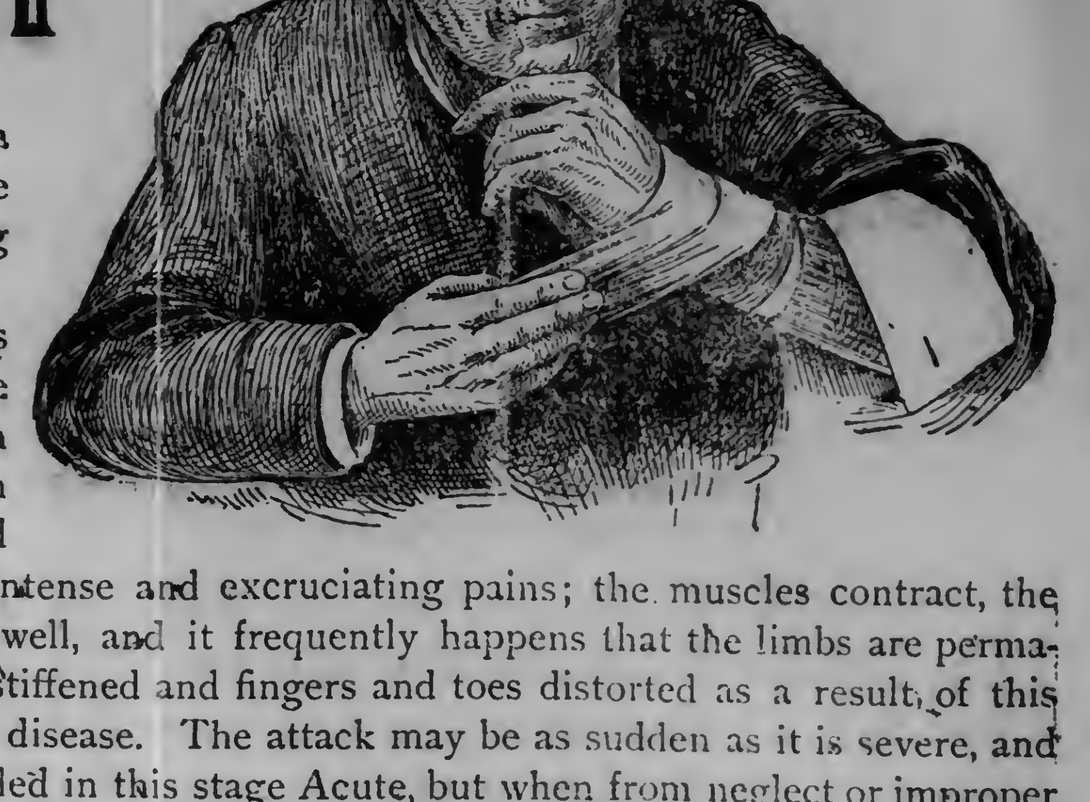
SICK HEADACHE

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Sooths and strengthens the nerves; relieves pain in the temples, depression and nausea.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

Summer Rheumatism



The general opinion is that Rheumatism is strictly a winter disease, and that as the warm weather comes on the pains vanish, but those who have experienced its tortures during mid-summer know better.

Rheumatism is caused by the absorption of acid poisons into the blood, which when eliminated through the skin cause Eczema and many other irritating, itching troubles. But when from any cause the pores of the skin are suddenly closed, then these acid poisons are forced back into the circulation and penetrate the joints, muscles and nerves, causing the most intense and excruciating pains; the muscles contract, the joints swell, and it frequently happens that the limbs are permanently stiffened and fingers and toes distorted as a result of this terrible disease. The attack may be as sudden as it is severe, and it is called in this stage Acute, but when from neglect or improper treatment it becomes chronic, then the pains, while not so severe or sharp, are continuous, often shifting from one part of the body to another; they become worse as you grow older, and will eventually render you helpless and miserable.

EVERY BONE ACHES— EVERY NERVE STINGS.

In the summer, when the circulation is more rapid and the skin most active is the best time to get rid of Rheumatism, for S. S. S. can then more quickly and effectively reach all affected parts and dislodge the irritating substances from the joints and muscles and dissolve and expel the acid poisons still floating in the blood.

S. S. S. at the same time builds up the general health, tones up the nerves, purifies the blood, stimulates the skin, keeps the system clear of all poisonous accumulations, and thus makes a lasting, permanent cure of Rheumatism. Many of the medicines advertised or prescribed contain potash, mercury and other minerals. These do not cure, but ruin the digestion, destroy the bones and cause the most offensive sores. Other so-called cures contain large quantities of opium in some form, which afford only temporary relief and lead to ruinous habits, and you soon find that when not full of opiates the body is full of pains.

FULL OF OPIATES OR FULL OF PAIN.

S. S. S. is made exclusively of roots and herbs, and is safe and harmless for old and young.

Don't temporize with Rheumatism; get it out of your blood now. Don't be satisfied with a partial cure; every atom of the poison must be expelled, or the little particles left will reunite and the same influences that brought on the first attack will do so again.

SSS

In Rheumatism the inflammation is internal, deep-seated and far beyond the reach of liniments and external applications. We have prepared a complete and most interesting book on Rheumatism, which every sufferer can have free on application. Send for this book and write our physicians fully and freely about your case. We make no charge whatever for medical advice. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM.

"A few years ago I had a severe attack of Rheumatism, and for several weeks I was unable to walk. Physicians treated me and I took their medicines faithfully, but received no benefit, my condition growing worse all the time. A friend advised S. S. S. I felt so much better after taking two bottles that I continued it, and in a short while was cured completely, and have never felt the slightest rheumatic pain since.

CHAS. J. SMITH,
2928 Smallman St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NO USE FOR CRUTCHES.

Mrs. James Kell, of 633 Tenth street, N. E., Washington, D. C., writes in a letter of recent date, as follows:

"A few months ago I had an attack of Sciatic Rheumatism in its worst form. The pain was so intense that I became completely prostrated, and was for a long time perfectly helpless. The attack was an unusually severe one and my condition was regarded as being very dangerous. I was attended by one of the most able doctors in Washington City, who is also a member of the faculty of a leading medical college here. He told me to continue his prescription and I would get well. After having it filled twelve times without receiving the slightest benefit, I declined to continue his treatment any longer. Having heard S. S. S. (Swift's Specific) recommended for Rheumatism, I decided, almost in despair, however, to give the medicine a trial, and after I had taken a few bottles I was able to hobble around on crutches, and very soon thereafter had no use for them at all, S. S. S. having cured me sound and well. All the distressing pains have left me, my appetite has returned, and I am happy to be again restored to perfect health."

### BRYAN AT WABOO.

#### He Gives the Republicans Something to Think About.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 22.—Mr. Bryan addressed a large audience of Saunders county people at Wahoo, the county seat, yesterday. The speech was an appeal to Republicans to vote the Democratic ticket. Giving his reason for this appeal, Mr. Bryan said:

"I want to talk to you Republicans, believing that you are just as anxious to help your country and help your fellows by your vote as the Democrats, the Populists and the Silver Republicans are. Now, if you were with us in 1896, there is no reason why you should be against us now, unless the new questions have changed your opinion or unless you have changed your opinion on the old questions. But I do not believe you can find in this country any man who voted with us in 1896 who has changed his mind on those issues and now believes that the Republican party was right in 1896. I believe you will find many people who were against us on the old issues who are with us on the new ones."

At one point in his speech someone in the rear of the crowd shouted: "Hurrah for McKinley," to which Mr. Bryan promptly responded:

"Now, I don't know whether that man is hurrahing for the McKinley that denounced Grover Cleveland or the one following in Cleveland's footsteps. I want to assure you that I don't object to any one cheering for McKinley, but I think that you owe it to the audience to describe which McKinley you are cheering for when you are cheering." (Applause.)

### CABLE FLASHES.

It is reported in Odessa, according to a dispatch to the Daily Express of London, that, in consequence of the strain upon Russia's financial resources, owing to the Chinese campaign, a specially accredited representative of the Russian minister of finance, M. Dewittee, has concluded, or is about to conclude, an arrangement with a syndicate of all the great insurance companies in the United States for a loan of 300,000,000 roubles.

A Rome dispatch says, the pope has addressed a letter to the cardinal vicar in which he sets forth the danger of the free propaganda of Protestantism in Italy, and especially in Rome. He observes that this propaganda is permissible by law, but goes on to show how painful to him is the situation resulting from it since he cannot oppose the propaganda.

The women of Victoria, Australia, have started a movement against woman suffrage, similar, according to the Melbourne correspondent of the London Times, to the American women's anti-suffrage movement. Fifteen thousand women have signed a petition against the woman suffrage bill.

The Lokal Anzeiger, of Berlin, announces the engagement of Queen Wilhelmina to Prince Frederick Adolf, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Gen. Randall has received authority to send back the indigent sick and the destitute from Cape Nome at the expense of the government. He had received over 3000 applications for passage and there are still several thousand who are broke and who will eventually be compelled to ask the government to assist them home.

The United States dispatch boat Mayflower, having on board the governor of Porto Rico, Charles H. Allen, and his family, has arrived at San Juan from Boston. A meeting of the executive council has been called for Aug. 27, when plans for the elections to be held in November will be formulated.

The United Christian, published at Rock Island, the official organ of the United Christian party, makes the statement that J. F. R. Leonard, of Ainsworth, Iowa, has been nominated by the national committee of that party for president of the United States.

At the session of the North American Kriegerhund at Akron, Ohio, yesterday the following officers were elected: President, W. E. Vach, of St. Louis; vice president, Frank Erling, St. Paul; secretary, Meylus Langehan, Cleveland; treasurer, Martin Goss, Chicago. The next convention will be held at San Antonio, Tex.

Crazy with typhoid fever and suffering from excessive heat, Mrs. John Supplee last night at Owensboro, Ky., killed her baby and cut her own throat with a razor.

At the meeting in New York of the Society of American Florists yesterday J. C. Vaughn, of Chicago, was elected president; E. G. Hill, of Richmond, Va., vice president; John C. Esler, of Saddle Rock, N. J., secretary.

Edward L. Luckow, of Baraboo, was nominated for congress yesterday by the Third congressional district Democratic convention, at Madison, on the first ballot.

Gen. MacArthur has informed the war department of the arrival of the transport Sumner at Manilla yesterday.

### KATE SHARN'S DEATH.

#### Detectives Claim That Her Brother's Alibi Is Defective.

New York, Aug. 22.—The police continue actively at work trying to clear up the mystery of the murder of Kate Scharn in her apartments last Saturday night. The detectives declare today that there is half an hour unaccounted for in the alibi set up by the girl's brother, Frederick, to clear himself. Young Scharn is now in the Tombs, where he is held without bail. Police Inspector Harley, who has charge of the case, said today, speaking of young Scharn:

"He was out of work for two months. He was dependent upon his sister for his support. He was continually asking her for money. We know that a suit of clothes he had bought for $12, had only $3 paid on it. We know that the tailor had asked her to pay the balance on it and which she refused to do."

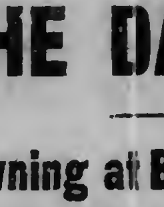
### A DEADLY FEUD.

#### Montana Sheep-Herder Killed In a Qurrel With Ranchers.

St. Paul, Aug. 22.—A Deer Lodge, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: As a result of a feud between ranchers and sheepmen near Pioneer, on Blume creek, a sheep-herder named Tom English is dead. He was in charge of a band of sheep belonging to Peter Marron, and is reported to have been shot by an old and respected citizen, William Funk. At present no details have been received that are authentic. Other sheep owners in the vicinity are on the anxious seat.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, [illegible], Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Dont get despondent, a cure is at hand. [illegible] developed organs, Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written [illegible] or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

### THE DAKOTAS.

#### Drowning at Bottineau—Kulm Liquor Fountains Dried Up By Injunction.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bottineau—Frank Hall, the 12-year-old son of William Hall, a prominent citizen of Bottineau, was drowned here while swimming.

Kulm—The State Enforcement league detectives served injunctions on three drug store keepers and three blindpiggers, enjoining them from selling liquor in violation of the state prohibition law. The evidence was obtained by State's Attorney Blackwell. This is the first time in the history of the place that it has been dry.

Bismarck—A petition containing several hundred names signed by business men and residents of the city, has been filed with Governor Fancher asking commutation of the sentence of Ira O. Jenkins, sentenced to hang in the Burleigh county jail on Sept. 14, to life imprisonment. The petition states that Jenkins was found guilty of murder upon the testimony of his father, who was also suspected of complicity in the crime. Governor Fancher has a complete transcript of the evidence in the case to review in passing up the petition. State Attorney Allen refused to sign the petition.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—A heavy rain, wind and hail storm has swept over the country north of here, wrecking numerous barns, small buildings and windmills. Okobojo creek is running too high to cross the first time there has been sufficient moisture to start the stream running since June of last year. While the rain is too late to benefit crops, it has filled all the ponds and small streams and relieves a water famine which was becoming serious.

Millbank—Field Merritt, of Redfield, a boy of about 12 years, accidentally shot himself through the heart, and died in a few moments. He was spending his vacation with his aunt, Miss Edith Chase.

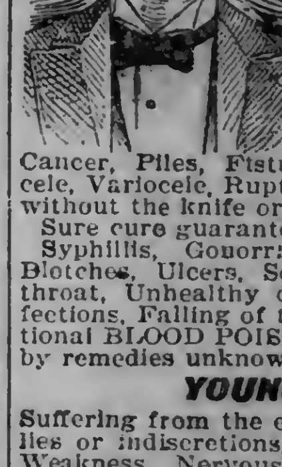
THERE IS A CLASS OF PEOPLE

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,

321 West Superior Street.

DR. PIERCE



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Leading Specialist for the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

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Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Gento-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the gento-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required.

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Valuable book on patents FREE.
Send for it.
301 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

# ONE CENT ADVANCE

## Wheat Started Out Firmer, Eased Off But Turned Strong Again.

## THE CABLES HIGHER

## Harvest In the Northwest Is Further Delayed By Heavy Rains.

Duluth Board of Trade, Aug. 22.—The wheat market was quite firm at the opening this morning, the news being of a bullish character. The cables reported an advance of ¼@⅜d at Liverpool and there was some buying for foreigners at Chicago, while there were more rains in the Northwest to delay the harvest. A heavy falling off in the receipts at Kansas City proved a strengthening factor. Prices eased off after the early advance on profit-taking, but the market became strong again during the last hour and the best figures of the day were recorded. The close was 1@1⅛c higher than yesterday here and ¾@⅞c higher at Chicago for the September option.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅛c up at 75c, sold up to 75½c at 9:43, reacted to 75c at 11 and held steady until afternoon. It advanced to 75¾c at 1:12 and closed at 75⅞-76c, being a net gain of 1@1⅛c. December wheat opened unchanged at 75½c, advanced to 76c at 9:42, eased off to 75¼-⅜c at 11:30 and closed at 76⅜c, a net gain of ⅞c for the day. Cash sales aggregated about 20,000 bus at the September price. Corn, oats and barley were unchanged. Rye advanced ½c. September, November and May flax each rose 1c. October flax advanced 1½c and flax to arrive was unchanged. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 78⅜c; to arrive, old, 78⅜c; new, 78⅜c; September, 77⅜c; December, 78⅜c. No. 1 northern, cash, 76⅛c; to arrive, old, 76⅛c; new, 76⅝c; September, 76⅞-76c; December, 76⅜c. No. 2 northern, 73⅜c. No. 3 spring, 70⅛c. Oats, 23¼@23½c. Rye, 49c. Barley, 37-45c. Flax, cash, $1.38; to arrive, $1.37; September, $1.37; October, $1.34; November, $1.32; May, $1.38. Corn, 39⅞c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 64; corn, 5; oats, 2; barley, 7. Receipts—Wheat, 16,788 bus; corn, 5184 bus; rye, 745 bus; flax, 350 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 4130 bus; oats, 2300 bus; flax, 1764 bus.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 northern wheat, 5000 bus | $0.75 |
| No. 1 northern, 1000 bus | 75¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 3 cars | 75⅛ |
| No. 1 northern, 6 cars | 75½ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | 73 |
| Flax, 4000 bus, September | 1.36¾ |
| Flax, 3000 bus, September | 1.36½ |
| Flax, 3000 bus, October | 1.34 |
| Flax, 1000 bus, October | 1.33½ |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Wheat Firm---Corn Easier---Oats and Provisions Steady.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Early trading in wheat today was marked by firmness, but with only a very moderate amount of activity. Liverpool was ¼@⅜d higher. Cash bids were a shade better than yesterday, and foreigners continued to buy in a modest way. The Northwest had rains in sufficient quantities to interfere with harvesting. Kansas City receipts showed a heavy falling off. September opened ⅛c higher, at 72⅝@72⅞c, and sold to 73⅛c, easing from the bulge to 72⅞@73c on profit taking. Local receipts were 402 cars, 15 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 252 cars, against 213 last week and 175 a year ago.

Near the end of the session, the market advanced sharply on covering and closed strong at the top, September ¾c higher at 73¾c.

September corn opened ⅛@¼c up at 39¾@39⅝c, on buying by shorts. There were rains West, however, and elevator people sold moderately on increased country acceptances. September dropping to 39¼c. Receipts were 157 cars. The rain in Kansas was heavy, but no heavier than was needed after the long spell of dry, hot weather.

The close was easy, September ⅛c lower at 39⅜c.

Oats were dull and featureless, with the trade local. September opened ⅛c higher, at 22⅛c and sold to 22c. Receipts were 148 cars.

Pork opened easy, September 2½@5c to 12½@15c lower, at $10.80@$10.90, but lard and ribs were steady. The whole list steadied almost immediately as the foreign buying of lard continued, there was a good cash inquiry from the outside, and packers were friendly. September lard opened unchanged at $6.70, and sold to $6.72½, and September ribs unchanged at $6.95, selling to $6.97½.

Close: Wheat, August, 73¼c; September, 73⅜c; October, 74⅜c. Corn—August, 38⅞c; September, 39⅜c; October, 38⅞@½c. Oats—August, 21⅝c; September, 21⅞c. October, 22¼c. Pork—August, $10.90; September, $10.90; October, $10.97½; January, $11.05. Lard—August and September, $6.70; October, $6.75; November, $6.70; December, $6.50; January, $6.47½. Ribs—August and September, $7.00; October, $6.95; January, $5.65. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 74½@75c; No. 3 red, 70¾@71¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 68¼@70c; No. 3 hard winter, 67¼@69c, No. 1 northern spring, 72¾@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 72@75c; No. 3 spring, 67¾@74c. Corn—No. 2, 40¼c; No. 3, 40@1¼c. Oats, No. 2, 22c; No. 3, 21¾. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, Southwestern and August, $1.40; September, $1.37; October, $1.33. Rye—August, 49½c; September, 49½c; October, 50½c. Barley, cash, 36@48c. Timothy—October and September, $4.05. Clover—October, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Wheat has shown unexpected strength today. Cable advices did not respond to our advance of yesterday and the local scalping crowd were free sellers at the opening. There was no pressure of long wheat, however, the forced liquidation being evidently over, and the market soon showed strength. The weather in the Northwest continued very unfavorable for harvesting operations. Foreigners were buyers of futures here and at the seaboard. The Northwest bought freely here, both early and late in the session. Towards the close another export demand developed aggregating nearly as large as yesterday's business. The Southwest and Kentucky reported the best inquiry yet at bes; prices for both wheat and flour, and Minneapolis said the flour demand was slack early but much improved later in the day. The result of all this bullish news was a sharp advance to outside quotations at the close. Buy wheat on every soft spot.

Corn hung around within a narrow range today and exhibited no especially new features. The local crowd were against higher prices and worked hard on the short side. The cash demand for shipments east and for export was somewhat improved. The market would have sold lower had it not been for the strength in wheat.

Puts, September wheat, 72⅝@72¾c.
Calls, September wheat, 74⅜@74¾c.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September— | | | | |
| Open | 75B | 72 | 72⅝ | 78⅛-¼ |
| High | 75⅝-76 | 73⅜ | 73¾-⅞ | 78½ |
| Low | 75 | 72 | 72⅝ | 77¾ |
| Close | 75⅞-76 | 73⅜ | 73¾ | 78½B |
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 75½B | 73⅝ | *74 | 80⅛ |
| High | 76⅛B | 74⅜-½ | 74⅝ | 80½ |
| Low | 75⅝ | 73½ | 73½ | 79¾ |
| Close | 76⅜B | 74⅜-¾ | 74⅝A | 80½A |

* October.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Sept. | Corn. Sept. | Pork. July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 22-⅛ | 39¾@39⅝ | $10.82½@10.90 |
| High | 22-⅛ | 39¾ | $10.90 |
| Low | 21⅝ | 39⅛ | $10.82 |
| Close | 21⅞ | 39⅜ | $10.90 |

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

| | Receipts. Bushels. | Shipments. Bushels. |
|---|---|---|
| New York | 97,125 | 40,119 |
| Philadelphia | 116,671 | 38,492 |
| Baltimore | 35,816 | ...... |
| Toledo | 94,724 | 4,000 |
| Detroit | 23,873 | |
| St. Louis | 128,000 | 139,600 |
| Boston | ...... | 56,700 |
| Chicago | 567,350 | 142,452 |
| Milwaukee | 14,700 | 4,900 |
| Minneapolis | 150,400 | 29,050 |
| Kansas City | 199,200 | 330,300 |
| Duluth | 167,788 | 4,130 |

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 22.—Close: Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, August, 73⅜c; September, 73⅜c; December, 74⅜c. On track, No. 1 hard, 76⅛c; No. 1 northern, 74⅛c; No. 2 northern, 72⅝c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Wednesday, Aug. 22:

| STATIONS OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT. | State of weather. | T'mp'ture. *Max. | T'mp'ture. **Min. | Rainfall inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria | Cloudy | 84 | 62 | 1.14 |
| Campbell | Cloudy | 90 | 60 | .10 |
| Crookston | Cloudy | 82 | 64 | .08 |
| Detroit City | Clear | 86 | 64 | .22 |
| Grand Meadow | Cloudy | 90 | 64 | 0 |
| Granite Falls | Pt cldy | 92 | 68 | 0 |
| Minneapolis | Cloudy | 84 | 68 | 0 |
| New Ulm | Cloudy | 90 | 70 | 0 |
| Park Rapids | Cloudy | 82 | 58 | .44 |
| Winnebago City | Cloudy | 86 | 66 | 0 |
| Worthington | Cloudy | 82 | 64 | 0 |
| Devil's Lake | Clear | 82 | 60 | .20 |
| Langdon | Clear | 76 | 56 | .72 |
| Larimore | Clear | 82 | 60 | .02 |
| Lisbon | Pt cldy | 84 | 58 | 1.38 |
| Pembina | Pt cldy | 82 | 56 | 0 |
| Aberdeen | Cloudy | 92 | 62 | .04 |
| Millbank | Cloudy | 88 | 64 | .08 |
| Mitchell | Cloudy | 90 | 66 | 0 |
| Redfield | Clear | 86 | 64 | .10 |
| Bismarck | Pt cldy | 84 | 64 | .04 |
| Duluth | Raining | 71 | 58 | T |
| Huron | Pt cldy | 84 | 68 | .01 |
| La Crosse | Pt cldy | 86 | 68 | 0 |
| Moorhead | Cloudy | 86 | 64 | .60 |
| St. Paul | Cloudy | 86 | 70 | 0 |
| Winnipeg | Cloudy | 76 | 58 | .04 |

| CENTRAL STATION. | Number of stations reporting. | District averages. Temperature. *Max. | District averages. Temperature. **Min. | Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 25 | 84 | 64 | .04 |
| Columbus, O. | 17 | 88 | 68 | .01 |
| Des Moines | 13 | 90 | 68 | T |
| Indianapolis | 10 | 92 | 72 | T |
| Kansas City | 19 | 100 | 68 | .48 |
| Louisville | 17 | 98 | 72 | .08 |
| Minneapolis | 20 | 86 | 62 | .22 |
| Omaha | 18 | 88 | 66 | .38 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 100 | 70 | .22 |

Warm weather prevailed, especially over Kansas and Missouri, where temperatures of 100 degrees were recorded. Showers occurring in all district, heavy as follows: Alexandria, Minn., 1.14 inches; Lisbon, N. D., 1.38; Columbus, Ohio, 2:12; Ashland, Ohio, 1.60; Baker, Kan., 2:50; Hays City, Kan., 1.62.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *Maximum for yesterday. **Minimum for twenty-four hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—After a dull market this morning, with only small spurts of strength, within the last half hour, wheat imbibed a degree of activity which has been missing for some time and prices show a very substantial gain of ¾c over yesterday's close. The legitimate situation is cutting the most figure. Demand for our wheat from the foreigners being such as it is impossible to longer ignore. Our local sales today aggregate 500,000 bus. New York reports 83 loads taken for export and Duluth over 500,000 bus sold there for shipment. Kansas offerings were lighter. Primary receipts 1,203,000 bus against 1,027,000 bus last week and 505,000 bus last year. Clearances, 484,000 bus. Liverpool cables ¼@⅜d higher. Charters, 70,000 bus. There are just two things that are militating against a continuance and increasing large cash business, one is the rate of ocean freights which are at present a considerable drawback to the working of American wheat. The Northwestern shipping people claim on the other hand that scarcity is cutting considerable figure against large cash business here. Higher premiums are asked for old wheat. The wheat market is begining to take upon itself the strength which has been lying latent for some time and only requiring the creation of a good demand to show up the shortage which we have talked for some time past in spring wheat. It may be little premature yet to look for permanency in such advances, but they are indicative of what we may expect later on when the situation becomes more pronounced than it is today. Holders of wheat will lose no money this year.

The corn market started higher and lost fractionally only. Heavy rains in certain parts of the corn belt were weakening influences. Receipts 157 cars with 155 estimated. Clearances, 499,000 bus. Cablse ¼@⅜d higher. Local sales 200,000. New York exports 42 loads. The improvement in crop conditions may have its effect upon deferred futures but the strength which we have been advocating is due to nearby options and must gorw as suppiles continue to diminish. A good demand felt and no increase in the selling spirit of those who are the best holders of the real article.

The oat market has been quite active. There was a raid made early, creating quite a little excitement and breaking the market ½c. Harvesting reports and threshing returns were the bearish factors. Local cash sales 150,000 bus. New York exports 184,000 bus. Clearances 64,000 bus.

The provision market has been heavy. Commission house liquidating of the September option the factor. Outside speculation being small and a heavy run of hogs were both helpful to hte bear side. Hogs today 25,000, with 22,000 estimated for tomorrow. Cash inquiry is good. Packers the best buyers. Look out for weak days on which to buy provisions and they will make you money on that side.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report retail trade fair, and showed a large improvement over yesterday. Good heavy horses brought the top prices of the season. The strong demand for that class of horses is making them scarce and prices higher. The common and between grades sold satisfactory. Receipts of horses were liberal. The market was well represented by buyers, especially of Wisconsin men. Mules had active inquirers. Supplies low and few sales were consummated. Western horses plentiful and sold at low prices. Quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice | $125@$165 |
| Drafters, common to good | 90@ 125 |
| Farm mares, choice | 100@ 130 |
| Farm mares, common to good | 60@ 90 |
| Mules | 75@ 119 |
| Western horses | 15@ 30 |

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Representing
Weare Commission Co.
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LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Aug. 22.—Wheat quiet, ⅛@⅜d higher; September, 5s 10¾d; December, 6s ⅝d. Corn quiet, ⅛@¼d higher; September, 4s ½d; October, 4s ⅝d; November, 4s ¾d.

## THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

| | |
|---|---|
| BUTTER. | |
| Creamery, extra | 23 @ 23½ |
| Creamery, choice | 21 @ 22½ |
| Dairies, fancy | 17½@ 19 |
| Dairy, fair | 16 @ 16½ |
| Packing stock | 12 @ 13 |
| EGGS. | |
| Country, strictly fresh | 13½ |
| CHEESE. | |
| Twins, flat, full cream, new | 12 @ 12½ |
| Full cream, Young America | 13 |
| Swiss cheese, No. 1 | 14 @ 14½ |
| Brick cheese, No. 1 | 11½@ 12½ |
| Limberber, full c'rm, choice | 13 |
| Primos | 6 @ 6½ |
| MAPLE SUGAR. | |
| Vermont, per lb | 12 |
| Ohio, per lb | 11 |
| Maple syrup, per gal | 1 10 |
| HONEY. | |
| Fancy white clover | 16 @ 17 |
| Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb | 12½@ 13 |
| Golden rod | 14 @ 15 |
| Dark honey | 13 @ 14 |
| Buckwheat, dark | 13 @ 14 |
| PEAS AND BEANS. | |
| Fancy navy, per bus | 2 40 @ 2 50 |
| Medium, hand-picked, bus | 2 00 @ 2 15 |
| Brown beans, fancy, bus | 1 90 @ 2 10 |
| Green and yellow peas | 1 40 |
| FRUITS. | |
| Apples, new, bus boxes | 1 00 @ 1 25 |
| Apples, per bbl | 2 25 @ 2 50 |
| Valencias | 4 75 @ 5 00 |
| Seedlings, California oranges | 3 25 @ 3 50 |
| California lemons | 4 75 @ 5 00 |
| Bananas | 1 50 @ 2 50 |
| California peaches | 1 00 @ 1 10 |
| Messina lemons, per box | 6 75 @ 7 00 |
| Cocoanuts, per doz | 60 @ 65 |
| Currants | 1 00 @ 1 25 |
| Gooseberries | 1 00 @ 1 25 |
| Raspberries, 24 pints | 1 50 @ 2 00 |
| Dates, Fard, per box | 1 25 @ 1 35 |
| California plums | 1 25 @ 1 40 |
| California peaches | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Blackberries | 1 50 @ 1 60 |
| Watermelons | 18 @ 20 |
| California pears | 1 50 @ 1 75 |
| Washington plums | 70 @ 80 |
| Osage melons | 90 @ 1 00 |
| Osage melons, per bus | 85 @ 1 00 |
| LIVE POULTRY. | |
| Hens, old | 10 |
| Springs | 11 @ 12 |
| Old roosters | 6 @ 7 |
| Turkeys | 8 @ 9 |
| Ducks | 9 |
| Geese | 8 @ 9 |
| NUTS. | |
| Hickory nuts, large, per bus | 1 50 |
| Filberts, per lb | 13 @ 14 |
| Chestnuts, per lb | 12 @ 13 |
| Soft shell walnuts, per lb | 14 |
| Solft shell almonds, per lb | 17 |
| Brazils, per lb | 8 @ 9 |
| Pecans, per lb | 10 @ 11 |
| Peanuts, roasted, per lb | 5½@ 6 |
| POPCORN. | |
| Rice corn, shelled | 3½@ 4 |
| Choice, per lb | 3 @ 3½ |
| VEGETABLES. | |
| Turnips, rutabaga | 50 @ 60 |
| Turnips, white | 60 @ 65 |
| Beets | 60 @ 65 |
| Cucumbers | 50 @ 60 |
| Potatoes, per bus | 35 @ 36 |
| Pickling cucumbers | 75 @ 2 00 |
| Parsley, per doz | 25 @ 30 |
| Cauliflower, basket | 75 @ 1 00 |
| Cabbage, new, crates | 1 25 @ 1 40 |
| Green corn, doz | 8 |
| Lettuce, per bus | 50 @ 60 |
| Beets, per doz | 35 @ 40 |
| Onions, green, doz bunches | 12 @ 15 |
| Carrots | 30 @ 35 |
| Oyster plant, per doz | 25 @ 30 |
| Horse Radish, per lb | 10 |
| Mint, per doz | 30 @ 50 |
| Tomatoes | 90 @ 1 00 |
| MEATS. | |
| Mutton | 8 @ 8½ |
| Lamb | 8 @ 9 |
| Veal, good | 8 |
| Veal, fancy | 9 |
| Beef, dressed | 6½@ 8 |
| Hogs | 7½ |
| BRAN AND SHORTS. | |
| Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 15 00 |
| Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 14 50 |
| Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc | 15 50 |
| Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc | 15 00 |
| GRAIN, HAY AND FEED. | |
| Corn, car lots sacked | 45 |
| Oats, car lots, sacked | 27 |
| Hay, Minn, upland | 12 00 @14 00 |
| Hay, timothy | 15 00 |
| Feed, No. 1 | 17 00 |
| Cracked corn | 16 50 |

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 22.—Butter receipts, 5790 packages; strong; country packed factory, 15@16c. Cheese receipts, 5386 packages; large colored, 10¼c; small colored, 10¼c; large white, 10⅜@10¼c; small white, 10¼@⅜c. Eggs receipts, 8233 packages; firm; state and Pennsylvania at mark, 17@18c; Western, regular packing at mark, 10@14½c; Western, loss off, 16@17c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Butter, firm; creameries, 16@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 12½c. Iced poultry, firm; turkeys, 7½@8c; chickens, 9@11c.

# DOWNWARD TENDENCY

## In Stocks During Early Hours Was Followed By a Rally.

## CLOSING WAS DULL

## With Prices About On a Level With Tuesday Night's Close.

New York, Aug. 22.—Business was very small in the opening dealings of the stock market today, and the tendency was mainly downward. Losses were not large and there were a few exceptions, including Consolidated Gas and Jersey Central, which rose ½. St. Paul and Union Pacific were a shade higher in contrast to the London heaviness. General bidding up of high-priced specialties occurred, Consolidated Gas leading with a gain of 1¾. There was no movement of importance in the railroad list outside of an equal amount in Canadian Pacific. The latter was affected by reports of possible labor complications. Bear pressure against People's Gas commenced before 11 o'clock and the stock reacted 1⅛. Other stocks fell away sympathetically, Western Union losing a point. Speculation was almost at a standstill during the second hour's trading. The drive against special stocks earlier failed to dislodge much stock in the general list and the attack was abandoned. Prices then hardened slightly. Irregularity prevailed in the bond market.

Covering by shorts of small lines put out earlier in the day caused a slight rise in prices in the closing hour. St. Louis, Southwestern, pfd., was conspicuous for a point rise. General Electric, on the other hand fell 2 points. The closing was dull and firm with prices about on a level with last night's close.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 122⅝ | 123½ | 122⅜ | 123¼ |
| Am. Steel Wire, com | 35½ | 35½ | 35¼ | 35½ |
| Am. Tobacco | 93 | 93½ | 93 | 93¼ |
| Atchison, com | 27⅛ | 27½ | 27⅛ | 27½ |
| Atchison, pfd | 70½ | 70½ | 70¼ | 70⅞ |
| Brook. Rap. Tran | 56¾ | 57¼ | 56¾ | 57⅛ |
| C., M. & St. P. | 113⅞ | 113⅞ | 113⅜ | 113⅞ |
| C., B. & Q. | 125⅜ | 126 | 125⅜ | 125⅝ |
| C. & N. W. | 162¼ | 163 | 162⅛ | 163 |
| Fed. Steel, com | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | 34¼ | 34⅜ |
| Fed. Steel, pfd | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| Great Western | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Manhattan | 92¼ | 92¼ | 91¾ | 91¾ |
| Mo. Pacific | 50¾ | 51⅜ | 50⅝ | 51⅛ |
| Nor. Pacific, com | 51⅜ | 51⅝ | 51⅛ | 51⅝ |
| Nor. Pacific, pfd | 71⅝ | 71⅝ | 71⅝ | 71⅝ |
| People's Gas | 95⅞ | 96 | 95⅛ | 96 |
| Rock Island | 106½ | 106⅞ | 106½ | 106⅞ |
| So. Pacific | 33⅜ | 33⅞ | 33¼ | 33⅞ |
| Tenn. & C. I. | 69⅜ | 69⅝ | 69⅜ | 69⅝ |
| U. S. Leather, pfd | 68⅝ | 69¼ | 68⅞ | 68¾ |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 76¼ | 76¼ | 76¼ | 76¼ |
| Union Pacific, com | 59 | 59 | 58⅞ | 59 |
| Western Union | 79¾ | 79¾ | 79¾ | 79¾ |
| Illinois Central | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 |
| B. & O. | 71⅝ | 71⅞ | 71⅝ | 71⅞ |

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 22.—Money on call nominally at ¼@½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@¾ for demand, and at $4.84¼@½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.83¼@4.84; silver certificates 61½@62½c; bar silver, 61⅝c; Mexican dollars, 48½c; government bonds, strong; refunding 2s, when issued, $1.03¾; coupon, $1.03¾; 2s, registered; 3s, registered, $1.09; coupon, $1.09¾; new 4s, registered, $1.33¼; coupon, $1.33¼; old 4s, registered, $1.15; coupon, $1.15; 5s registered, $1.12½; coupon, $1.12½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 22.—Cotton futures opened barely steady with prices 5 points higher to 2 points lower, and displayed exceptional nervousness during the forenoon owing to spasms of buying and selling from both sides alternately. The cables were poorer than looked for and selling orders from Europe combined to give the market a bad start. But later advices from Liverpool were rather better, and in connection with conflicting crop reports created a scare in bear circles. A rush to cover led bulls to support the market with a fair show of confidence, all of which buying sent prices up 5 to 6 points. From then on, it was anybody's market, with the trade showing a lack of decision and an indisposition to follow aggressive methods. The South sent comparatively few orders and reports of Western connections furnished a few scattered orders only.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands and middling gulf, 10¾c; sales, 32 bales. Cotton futures closed steady at the decline; August, $9.10; September, $8.71; October, $8.57; November, $8.44; December, $8.42; January, $8.43; February, $8.44; March, $8.46; April, $8.46; April, $8.47; May, $8.48; June, $8.49.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Aug. 22.—Consols for money, 98⅜; for account, 98½.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Clearings, $20,538,621; balances, $2,471,505. Posted exchange, $4.85@$1.88½; New York exchange, 15c discount.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—Cattle receipts, 25,000, including 5000 Texans and 1000 Westerns; generally 10c lower; butchers' stock, 5@10c lower; good to prime steers, $5.40@6.00; poor to medium, $4.60@5.35; stockers and feeders, $3.25@4.75; cows, $2.60@4.15; heifers, $3.00@4.60; canners, $2.10@2.60; bulls, $2.40@4.40; calves, $4.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.15@5.00; Texas grass steers, $3.15@4.00; Texas bulls, $2.50@3.25. Hogs receipts today, 25,000; tomorrow, 21,000; left over, 3199; light, strong; heay, steady, top, $5.50; mixed and butchers, $4.95@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.00@5.40; rough heavy, $4.85@4.95; light, $5.10@5.50; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.30. Sheep receipts, 25,000; sheep and lambs, choice, steady, others weak to 10c lower; good to choice wethers, $3.75@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $3.35@3.60; Western sheep, $3.20@3.80; yearling Texans, $2.50@3.50; native lambs, $4.25@5.35; Western lambs, $4.75@5.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 4287; hogs, 12,571; sheep, 22,162. Shipments—Cattle, 1419; hogs, 1834; sheep, 40,817.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Aug. 22.—Close: Adventure, 2½@3; Allouez, 1¼@1½; Anaconda, 44½@45½; Arcadian, 20¼@21; Arnold, 3¾@4; Amalgamated, 88½@89½; Atlantic, 23 bid; Baltic, 21½@22½; Bingham, 10@11; Bonanza, 75c asked; Boston and Montana, 321@323; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 62@63½; Calumet and Hecla, 755@760; Centennial, 17; Cochita, 7¾@8; Copper Range, 19@20; Dominion Coal, 42@½; Elm River, 3¼@4; Franklin, 14 bid; Humboldt, 25c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 29 bid; Mass, 6@½; Michigan, 3½ bid; Mohawk, 17½@18; Old Colony, 3@4; Old Dominion, 18½@18¾; Osceola, 67¾@68¾; Oil, 18@19; Parrott, 42@½; Pioneer, 25c asked; Quincy, 145@½; Rhode Island, 2¼ bid; Santa Fe, 4¾@5; Tamarack, 208@210; Tecumseh, 2@3; Tri-Mountain, 8¼@¾; Union Land, 2 asked; Utah, 31¼@½; Victoria, 2 bid; Winona, 3@½; Wolverine, 40½@41; Wyandotte, 1@2; Zinc, 9@10.

Fishing and Outing Rates.

Tickets on sale Saturday, returning following Monday. Round trip Duluth to Deerwood, $2.00; Sturgeon Lake, $1.50; also season round trip tickets at very low rates to numerous other charming Minnesota resorts on Northern Pacific railway. Full particulars at city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

## PECK IS NOT MODEST.

### Wants Everyone Decorated With Legion of Honor.

Paris, Aug. 22.—The Paris edition of the New York Times says over ninety applications for the decoration of the Legion of Honor have been made by the American commission, which is twice as many as made by any other foreign commission. A list was furnished to the French authorities, on their invitation, for each foreign commissioner to recommend such members of his staff as he deemed worthy of the cross. Mr. Peck's list included Mrs. Potter Palmer, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Michael H. De Young, proprietor of the San Francisco Chronicle, from the national commissioners; the directors of the various United States sections and their assistants and most of the important American exhibitors.

The applications for Mesdames Palmer and Manning were refused. In this connection the Paris edition of the New York Times says:

"Either this is a measure of precaution in view of the jealous uproar which it would create among Frenchwomen of note who have been denied the honor, or, perhaps, it is owing to certain social rivalries."

BORALMA WINS.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 22.—The Massachusetts stake, worth $10,000, at the Readville track today, was won by Boralma, owned by Thomas W. Lawson, of Boston, in straight heats. Best time, 2:09½.

BIDS FOR ST. CLOUD BUILDING.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Bids for the construction of the St. Cloud public building were opened yesterday as follows: McLeod & Smith, Duluth, $32,300; Carl Kropp, St. Paul, $32,105; Foster & Smith, Minneapolis $31,500; Butler Ryan, St. Paul, $28,975; Hennessy & Co., St. Paul, $31,797; L. D. Campbell Duluth, $34,818; Congress Construction company, Chicago, $32,700; Leck & Prince, Minneapolis, $32,375; H. N. Leighton company, Minneapolis, $38,185.56; J. W. Miller, St. Paul, $35,994; Newman & Hay, St. Paul, $31,550; H. W. Schlueter, Chicago, $35,437.

TRIMBLE NOMINATED.

Owenton, Ky., Aug. 22.—South Trimble was today declared the Democratic nominee for congress from the Seventh district. A primary had been called, but as Mr. Trimble was the only candidate who paid his assessement, he was declared the nominee and the primary called off.

HOT IN MINNEAPOLIS.

Minneapolis, Aug. 22.—Although yesterday was several degrees cooler than Monday, the weather observer announced that he looked for no immediate break in the hot spell, despite Monday's intimation that cooler weather might possibly be expected. Throughout the northwest yesterday temperatures were higher, although at Manitoba and south there was a slight fall. A temperature of 87 degrees in the shade was recorded at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the lowest point of the twenty-four hours was 72.5 degrees at 6 o'clock last night the thermometer still registered 84 degrees, with a slight tendency to rise.

COMPLAIN TO BRITAIN.

New York, Aug. 22.—The British consul in this city stated today that he has received sixteen complaints from colored men claiming to be British subjects who state they were injured in the recent race rioting in New York. The men claim to be natives of the British possessions in the West Indies.

GRAVES OF CONQUERORS.

The funerals of military heroes are always peculiarly impressive. It is said that the conqueror Alaric, after having captured Rome, died while on the march for Sicily. His army buried their chieftain by turning the river Basento from its bed, in which the grave was dug. After placing the king and his treasures there the water was turned upon its former course, this having been done in order that the Romans should never find the grave of their conqueror. The task was performed by the captives taken in war, who were afterward slain in order to prevent disclosure of so important a secret.

Attila, who led the Huns to many a field of slaughter, reached at last the most murderous one known in European history, a place near Chalons, A. D. 451.

This was Attila's last battle, and two years afterward he died in his own capital of apoplexy. Three coffins, it is said, were made, one being of iron to inclose the corpse; this was placed in another of silver, while the outside coffin was of gold. He was buried at midnight, in secret, with much treasure, and, as at the funeral of Alaric, the prisoners who dug the grave were slain. This took place near Buda, in Hungary.

Charlemagne was buried at Aix-la-Chapelle, where his throne may still be seen in the cathedral. It is one of the oldest in Europe, having stood for ten centuries. Many years after his death, when the cathedral was built, the tomb was opened and his body was found seated on the throne and clothed in imperial robes. The latter are still preserved at Vienna, and are said to be the oldest garments in the world.

NOT MILITANT.

Military glory is neither an ambition nor a realized fact with the Chinese. China is the one nation in the world whose policy has up to the present, been opposed to the conflict of arms, and the result has not been at all attractive from many points of view, says the Baltimore News. With no military glory to quicken the pulse of the young element, it would seem that in at least one respect the nation has become lethargic, with the consequences that it has now got out of hand and is a source of menace to all the civilized world.

REGATTA LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

Aug. 21, 22 and 23 Northern Pacific will sell for above occasion tickets at one fare and third for round trip, good returning up to and including Aug. 27. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Democratic State Convention Milwaukee, Wis.

Aug. 21 and 22, the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway (North-Wesetrn Line) will sell round trip tickets to Milwaukee at one fare for the round trip ($11.30), good returning until Aug. 24. Secure tickets and reservations at 405 West Superior street.

National Encampment G. A. R. Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.

$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

$9.65--Madison, Wis--$9.65. Via Northwestern Line.

Account state Prohibition convention to be held at Madison, the C., St. P., M. & O. railway will sell round-trip tickets for one fare Aug. 21 and 22, good returning Aug. 24. Secure tickets at 405 West Superior street.

REGATTA LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

Aug. 21, 22 and 23 Northern Pacific will sell for above occasion tickets at one fare and third for round trip, good returning up to and including Aug. 27. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.
$14---Detroit and Return---$14.

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

# NEWS OF THE LAKES

## The Steamer Specular Sunk By a Collision Off Point Pelee.

## THE CREW ESCAPED

## The Empire State Tied Up By An Accident and a Strike.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Specular, bound from Marquette to Cleveland with iron ore, was sunk off Point Pelee, Lake Erie, at 3 a. m. today, the result of colliding with an unknown vessel, described as a large black freighter. The latter passed on up in the darkness after the collission. Thirteen men of the Specular's crew of eighteen escaped in their small boat. The other five perched in the topmast rigging, which protruded above water. Later they were picked up by the steamer Maritana and brought to Detroit.

STEAMER TIED UP.

Escanaba, Mich., Aug. 22.—The steamer Empire State of the Lackawanna, Green Bay & Western line has been tied up here for twenty-four hours on account of an accident which happened to her boilers, though the dock hands, firemen and waiters went out on a strike, giving as a reason that the food supplied was insufficient and of inferior quality.

SCHOONER SPRINGS A LEAK.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—The schooner Ashland sprung a leak while unloading iron ore at the Illinois Steel company's plant on the Calumet yesterday afternoon. The vessel had cleared for Superior, but will be taken to dry dock for repairs.

SOUTHEAST SHOAL BUOY GONE.

Capt. McKay of the steamer City of Detroit, reports that the Southeast shoal buoy in Pelee passage, Lake Erie, has been swept away. The absence of the light is not especially dangerous to light-draught vessels, but might make trouble for heavily-loaded freighters.

THE SWEETHEART REPAIRED.

Detour, Mich., Aug. 22.—Divers patched up the leak in the Sweetheart and she left in tow of the Pringle at 4:40 yesterday afternoon. The vessel is not leaking.

THE MAIDA'S DAMAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 22.—The wrecking operations of the Maida which recently blocked the channel at Sailor's Encampment, have been completed, and she will leave for Lake Erie in tow of the steamer Matoa as soon as the steamer arrives down. The Maida is badly crushed in around the bow and has a leak twenty feet long in her cargo hold. About 1000 tons of ore were taken out and this will not be reloaded. A bulkhead will be built aft of the damaged part to make her secure on her way to drydock.

FREIGHT SITUATION.

Cleveland, Aug. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is a fact that the sale of manufactured products by some of the large steel and iron concerns within the past ten days have exceeded the aggregate for months previously. In this vesselmen see some hope of an improved movement of freight during the fall, but there is nothing in the present situation to give them encouragement. Rates are unchanged with the demand for vessels very light.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain freights were without change in conditions or rates.

THE WALDO LED THE FLEET.

Capt. John W. Duddleson of the steamer L. C. Waldo receives the credit of being the first of the blockaded fleet to pass down through the detroit river. Capt. Duddleson was not the first to start down with the big fleet, but he was near the head of the procession and after passing Detour at 11 o'clock Saturday morning he wasted no time. He passed Detroit at the head of the parade at 8:10 Sunday morning and easily distanced the bunch, arriving at Ashtabula at 8 o'clock the same evening. The run down from Sailors' Encampment was a fine performance for the Waldo, the course of 466 miles being vovered in less than 36 hours, an average of about 13 miles an hour.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Nestor, Redfern, Portage. Light—Castalia, Marquette.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—John Hill, Jackfish; Farwell, Marquette; S. H. Foster, Ashland. Light—Wolvin, Maia, Australia, Duluth.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—La Salle, Joliet, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Pontiac, Presque Isle; Frick, Cornell, Duluth.

Marquette—Cleared: Centurion, Cleveland; Pioneer, Buffalo; Chattanooga, Forest City, Saveland, Ashtabula, Abysinia, Conneaut.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Aug. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Merida, 10 last night; Cumberland, 11:30; Buffalo, midnight; German, 12:30 a. m.; Gratwick, Moravia, 1; Pope, Langell and barges, 1:15; Stephenson, 1:40; Avon, Glasgow, 3; Cornell, 4; Crescent City, 4:15; Fayette Brown, 5:40; Reis, 6:20; Shenandoah, Crete, 6:30; Frick, 6:40; Harvey Brown, 9:30; Rugee, 10:40; Maritana, La Salle, 11.

Up yesterday: Fisk, 1 p. m.; John Mills, 5:10; Stimson and consort, 8:30; Coralia, 8:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Monahansat, 11 last night; Murphy, 10 a. m. Down: Naples, 6:30 a. m.; Northern Wave, William Palmer, Stevens, 7; Spry, Johnson, 7:20; Chili, Centurion, 8; Nipigon, Melbourne, 8:30; Troy, Forest City, Saveland, 9; Manitoba, 11.

Up yesterday: Majestic, 1 p. m.; Algonquin, Winslow, Jackson, Ketcham, Amaranth, Hesper, Martin, Outhwaite, Barr, 4:30; Grover, 6; Fay, Rhodes, Orinoco, Granada, 8; Monchansett, 11. Down: Griffin, Hanna, 11:30 a. m.; Fairbairn, Nimick, Tyrone, 1 p. m.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived — Pennington, John Eddy, Charles Eddy, Lake Erie, coal; Northern Light, Colorus, Mahoning, Buffalo, mdse; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Chian, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Street, Lozen, Godfrey, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Iron Duke, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Monarch, Sarnia, pass and flour; City of Traverse, Chicago, pass and flour; Nicol, Auburn, Buffalo, flour; Poe, Brazil, Eureka, Neshoto, Morse, Tom Adams, Oades, Kirby, Lake Erie, ore; Morley, Sheldon, Negaunee, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Southampton—Arrived: Lahn, from New York for Bremen.

New York—Arrived: Majestic from Liverpool.

Queenstown—Arrived: Teutonic from New York for Liverpool.

Southampton—Arrived: St. Paul from New York.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Graf Walderse from New York for Hamburg.

BLACKBERRY MUFFINS.

Two cups flour, four teaspoonfuls baking powder, half a cup of sugar, one egg, two-thirds of a cup of milk and one cup of berries dusted with flour. Mix and sift together the flour, baking powder and sugar. Work in the butter with the tips of fingers; beat the egg, add the milk and then mix all together and stir in the fruit. Bake in a buttered gem and serve hot.

**When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.**

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.
$14---Detroit and Return---$14

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

$22--Toronto and Return--$22.

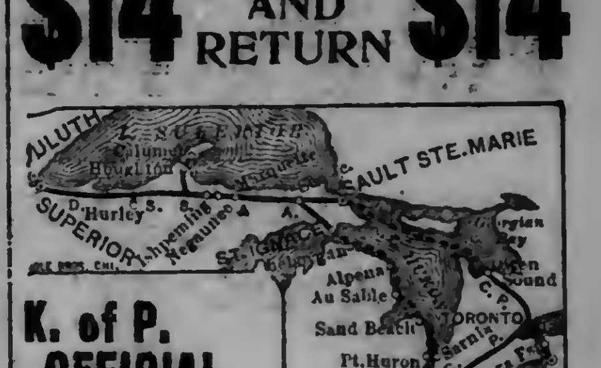
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

REGATTA LAKE GENEVA, WIS.

Aug. 21, 22 and 23 Northern Pacific will sell for above occasion tickets at one fare and third for round trip, good returning up to and including Aug. 27. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

$14 DETROIT AND RETURN $14



K. of P. OFFICIAL ROUTE.

Via lake from St. Ignace. Tickets on sale Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14

## ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION —OF— Benjamin Investment Company.

We, the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of Title two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of the state of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, do hereby associate ourselves together and adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Benjamin Investment Company." Its principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota. The general nature of its business is to buy, own, let, sell, deal in and improve real estate in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, and at any other point or points as may be determined by a majority in interest of the stockholders; to loan money upon real estate, and to collect, foreclose and release mortgages and other obligations, and do and to do, perform and execute all and singular the acts and instruments necessary, proper or convenient in carrying on a general real estate, loan and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be August 15, 1900, and it shall continue for a period of thirty years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in, in cash or in property at such times and in such amounts, and in such manner as may be determined by board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Louis N. Benjamin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William B. Ardouin, Duluth, Minnesota.
Jay C. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.
Julius D. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and all management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors, composed of not less than three (3) persons nor more than five (5) persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder in said corporation.

Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard shall be and constitute the first board of directors, and shall serve as such until the first annual meeting of the stockholders hereinafter provided for, or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified. The first annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at ten (10) o'clock a. m., on the first Monday of August, 1901, and the regular annual meetings thereafter shall be held at the same hour on the first Monday of August in each year. At such meeting not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) directors shall be elected, who shall serve one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

There shall also be the following officers who shall perform such duties and exercise such power as may be prescribed by board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by board of directors at their annual meeting immediately following annual meeting of stockholders, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretry, a treasurer and a general manager; and any two or more of said offices may be held by the same person except those of president and vice president.

Until the first annual meeting of directors, the following persons shall act as officers of said corporation: Louis N. Benjamin, president; William B. Ardouin, vice president; Jay C. Howard, treasurer, and Julius D. Howard, secretary and general manager.

The board of directors shall have power to enact and adopt such by-laws for the government of the corporation as they see fit, and from time to time to revise and amend the same or any part thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred (500), and the amount or par of each of said shares shall be one hundred dollars ($100.00.)

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this third day of August, A. D. 1900.

LOUIS N. BENJAMIN, (Seal.)
WILLIAM B. ARDOUIN, (Seal.)
JAY C. HOWARD, (Seal.)
JULIUS D. HOWARD, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and executed in presence of—
W. W. Sanford,
S. T. Harrison,

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—SS.

On this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. W. W. SANFORD,

Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 415.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 18, 1900, at 10:35 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 190.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 22.—The area of low pressure central Tuesday morning in districts north of Montana has moved southeast to the Red River valley; barometric pressures are high over Pacific coast and Gulf states, Alberta and Eastern Lake Superior. Light to copious showers have fallen throughout the Northwest, Lake Superior, Eastern Tennessee and the District of Columbia. Cooler weather prevails in Rocky mountain and North Pacific districts. The winds in the lake region are generally light easterly, with mostly cloudy weather—foggy and rainy on Western Lake Superior.

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair Thursday. Continued cool tonight and Thursday, with fresh and possibly brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with showers and thunderstorms tonight or Thursday.

Minnesota—Showers and probably thunderstorms this afternoon or tonight, with cooler west portion. Thursday generally fair with cooler southeast portion.

North and South Dakota—Showers and cooler tonight. Thursday fair with moderate temperature.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh southeast winds becoming variable. Partly cloudy with thunderstorms beginning on Michigan and Superior tonight and on Huron Thursday.

### *HOW TO GET RICH.*

The secret of obtaining wealth is not a mystery. Persevering labor and economy will produce it. Spend less than you earn and you will acquire riches. Everyone knows this, but there are few who possess the strength of character to follow the plan without deviation.

Collis P. Huntington, the railroad king, whose death occurred a few days ago, was keen in the pursuit of wealth to the end. He amassed many millions of dollars, and his methods were simple. He learned them in his boyhood and never departed from them, even when great wealth came in response to his efforts. They included persistence, perseverance and economy as primary principles. The maxims by which he guided his life have been arranged by someone as follows:

"When you can't go on horseback, go on foot."

"I never work hard. I work easy."

"All honest work is honorable work."

"Work at anything to get enough money with which to buy a meal. If you earn 3 cents only spend one of them, then see to it that they are never without money afterward."

"Stand in a porch at night; sleep in a package box, but never become a pauper."

"Run after work; it won't run after you."

"The vast majority of young men spend too many years of their youth in the class room."

"It does no good to cram the mind full of knowledge that will not help a young man in the work he is fitted to do."

"A boy who has the push to succeed in life will succeed without the higher education."

"There is growing up a wall of caste, with honest labor on the one side and frivolous gentility on the other."

The worldly wisdom of a commercial life is crowded in these few lines. Pursuing it, Mr. Huntington was successful according to the prevailing standards of success. Yet he might have been happier had he been less successful. It has been said that he never won the honest, disinterested affection of any man during his four score years of life.

### *DO WOMEN WANT TO VOTE?*

An advocate of woman suffrage writes to an Eastern newspaper as follows: "Even without votes, women are so numerous and so intimately associated with voters that they could easily turn the scale in every community between the parties struggling for supremacy. Their sympathy and good will, if enlisted, would insure the success of the party which espouse their cause."

If a considerable majority of women wanted to vote, this argument would be sound. The male voters being nearly evenly divided between the two great parties, the party that secured the female vote would have a walkover. But it is a question whether or not a majority of women want to vote. It is also a question whether the party that declared for woman suffrage would not lose more votes by the declaration than it would gain.

If woman suffrage is ever carried in this country, says the San Francisco Bulletin, it will be through some method of action on the part of women that affords proof that the ballot is desired by a majority of women. Of their own will, and acting in response to their own judgment, men will never impose the full duties of citizenship upon women. The men who now favor woman suffrage rest their argument on the ground that woman have the same natural right to vote as men, and that justice demands that the law should be so changed as to enable them to exercise the right.

The prevailing male opinion is that it is better for both men and women that the right to vote is not conferred upon women, while admitting that if a majority of women want to vote, it would be unwise to give them a real or fancied grievance. The principle of government by the consent of the governed does not come into action in determining whether or not women shall vote. The woman who does not want to vote consents to be governed by male voters. She thinks it better for herself and for them that the throne shall be occupied by a man, preferring the power behind the throne to the throne itself.

Trustees of the Illinois state university are to be elected in November, and the two great parties each have a woman on the ticket for that office, while the Prohibitionists have two. The best known of these is the Democratic candidate, Dr. Julia Holmes Smith, secretary of the state Equal Suffrage association, and president of the Chicago Political Equality league; the Republican candidate, Mrs. Carrie Alexander, is a cultivated woman, much interested in educational work, and the Prohibitionists name Mrs. Elvira S. Stewart, who is active in the Woman's Christian Temperance union, and Mrs. Clara Harford. Women vote for this office, as Illinois gives them school suffrage.

### *ROOSEVELT AND DAGGETT.*

Col. Aaron A. Daggett, commander of the "Fighting Fourteenth" infantry, who has just gone to China with his regiment, is one of the victims of Mr. Roosevelt's selfishness as an army commander. Col. Daggett is one of the ideal commanders of the regular army. It was Daggett, then a lieutenant colonel, commanding the Twenty-fifth infantry, who led the colored troops up the steep hill at El Caney and took the stone fort from the Spaniards, captured the red and yellow flag, and practically ended that fight before the less intrepid but more bumptious Roosevelt came forward to claim the glory.

Col. Daggett is, on account of his politics, not highly favored at Washington. He rir not enjoy the pull in the department that worked so strongly in Teddy's favor. For this reason that unsupported dash of the dusky Twenty-fifth is little dwelt upon in the official reports of the Spanish war. But army officers know and have been justified that it was the most notable achievement of a single regiment of the whole Santiago campaign. Gen. Lawton is one of the officers who has done this act of justice to Col. Daggett, and it was upon his recommendation that Daggett was made a brigadier general of volunteers.

The injustice to Daggett implies, also, an injustice to the brave colored troops whom he commanded, and the colored voters of America have long felt it. Now they are having an opportunity to express their resentment against Roosevelt for the manner in which he ignored their service at El Caney and arrogated to himself and his Rough Riders the credit of their achievement. A general movement is in progress amongst the colored voters throughout the country to express this resentment in definite form. Noteworthy among these meetings was one held recently in Brooklyn. A political organization was formed and a constitution adopted, not expressly declaring for or against any party, but in bitter words scoring Roosevelt for robbing the colored soldiers of their just dues in awarding the credit for the victory at San Juan.

Governor Lind has issued his Labor day proclamation. It contains the following sentiment, giving his advanced ideas on the relations of employers and employes: "I believe it the aim of the legislature, in setting aside Labor day as a legal holiday, to secure to those employed in industrial pursuits not only a respite from toil and the opportunity to enjoy the rest and recreation incident to an outing at this favorable season of the year, but likewise to afford an opportunity for the establishment of more cordial relations and an interchange of views between employers and employes, and for the discussions of questions of mutual interest to both and to society. To the end that these aims may be attained I earnestly urge upon the people of the state a due observance of Labor day in that spirit and according to law."

"The Chinese are a peculiar people," says the St. Louis Star, "and they are embrolled with the civilized world usually because they do not understand our ways or we theirs. They hold our ministers as hostages and fire on them as if they were armed invaders. War has not been declared, but they appoint an agent plenipotentiary to sue for peace; they profess to be anxious to aid us, but their armies oppose our advance; they furnish food to the legations, but decline to give them free communication with their governments. They denounce the Boxers, but behead cabinet ministers who favor foreigners. Was there ever such a mass of contradictions? But, then, we are dealing with the Chinese."

The latest idea is to run a telephone wire aboard the ocean steamer just arrived in New York from Europe and open a temporary pay station. With wireless telephony communication may be established many miles off shore.

The treasury statement is a telling argument against the administration's policy respecting the Philippines. Even as a commercial undertaking the venture is not defensible.

Great Britain has fought forty wars since Queen Victoria ascended the throne—all to preserve or extend the colonial empire. Imperialism is both difficult and costly.

The Topeka State Journal says there are a few men in Kansas who breathe easier now that Ingalls is dead—they have been withered by his breath.

The political spellbinders are getting ready to swoop down upon the voters. "He that hath ears to hear" will soon have plenty to listen to.

Mark Hanna is still disturbed over the lack of party enthusiasm.

### *Where the Blame Lies.*

Philadelphia Record: Now that the rascals who perpetrated the towering Cuban postal frauds are in a fair way to escape, and will be in no danger at all, for that matter, until after the November elections, a ridiculous affectation of activity is being displayed by the federal law officers concerned in the case. I has, however, been quite clear to the public mind that nobody is to be punished for the post-office scoundrelism in Cuba if the federal officials can stay the arm of justice, and the responsibility for public fraud accordingly rests with the party in power.

### *Before They Swallow Them.*

New York Journal: Charles H. Allen, the procurator of Porto Rico, has departed for that colony on the royal yacht Mayflower. On the yacht there were numerous golf sticks and balls. The Porto Ricans should be informed that golf balls are not good to eat.

### *Knows He'd Never Get It.*

Omaha World-Herald: When Mark was in trouble Rathbone called him up by telephone. The least Mark could do now would be to send Rathbone a note by a messenger boy.

### *Every White Man's Burden.*

St. Louis Republic: President McKinley seems to believe every good American citizen ought to carry a soldier and a piece of a trust on his back.

### *Destiny and Dereliction.*

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: Evidently Mr. McKinley was not destined to do his duty.

# IN MICHIGAN.

## Quincy's Mill Nearly Ready—Houghton Company Gets a Marquette Contract.

Houghton—The three heads in the new Quincy mill are nearly in position, and it is now said that the first of the new heads will go into commission in October when Quincy's production will commence to climb. The present mill is now stamping over 2000 tons of rock per day, each of the five heads averaging about 411 tons of rock daily. With its new mill and with its No. 7 shaft in commission, both provided with the very latest equipment, Quincy will take the position which its friends have always maintained it was able to take and hold among the mines of Houghton county.

It is announced that the Mass Consolidated has another shipment of mass and barrel copper in readiness for the smelter, and that it will be sent over as soon as the Minneral Range extension finishes its track from the Mass mine as far as its junction with the Copper Range road, the shipment being made over both of the roads in a short time now. There are forty tons in the lot which will bring the production from the Mass in its development work up to a very respectable figure.

Marquette — The school trustees awarded the Northern Construction company, of Houghton, the contract for building the grade school and boiler house, two of the group of four structures which will occupy the site of the old high school. The successful bid was $32,343 for the grade school and $3620 for the boiler house. The necessity of exercising rigid economy compelled the trustees to forego their intention of erecting three of the proposed new structures this fall, and they were compelled to postpone building the manual training school until next year, when it is likely that the new high school will also be erected.

ANNOUNCEMENT!
The St. James Hotel will hereafter be conducted on the EUROPEAN PLAN.

## HANNA ON THE STUMP.

### Opens the Campaign For New Jersey Republicans.

New York, Aug. 22.—Senator Hanna opened the campaign of the Republicans of New Jersey at Asbury park last night. An immense crowd, more than could be accommodated, gathered in and about the auditorium by the seashore. The senator was roundly cheered when he entered the building. Senator Hanna, after thanking the audience for the hearty reception accorded him said in part:

"A note of warning has come from the national Republican headquarters. I am responsible for that. I know the nature of the contest which is before us, and I tell you that you cannot afford to take everything for granted or to miss a trick. We are confronted with a dangerous foe, and Bryanism is in the balance, and if that is killed now it is killed forever. I will now quote from one of Governor Roosevelt's speeches delivered by him, in which he says: 'Every man who loves his country is called upon now to stand shoulder to shoulder to maintain the prosperity which has given us so much.' That is materially true.

"There have been two object lessons presented to the people of this country. In 1892, under a Republican administration, we found ourselves in prosperity, the spindles were all busy and industries were busy on every hand. Then came a change. The people said they wanted a change, and they got it. I will not picture to you how labor was then out of employment and how month after month it grew worse. You all know about that as well as I can tell you. The people then wanted another change, and they got it. And what a change it was, and how the spindles began to spin again in the factories, resulting in happy homes and firesides all over the land. Now do you want another change and go back to the conditions that prevailed in 1897. (Cries of "No, no.")

"Then you must do your duty. I want New Jersey to set an example to the whole country—one that shall be seen and recognized all over the land. (Applause). Over confidence is the worst feature of this campaign. No one can be blamed for confidence in what the outcome will be after three years of President McKinley, but remember we have an enemy which may be called the 'cuckoo party,' which is composed of men of every shade of political opinion, every crank and every nihilist. They are all against us.

## FOUND THE BOERS.

### Did Sitwell, and Evidently Got a Warm Reception.

London, Aug. 22.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Aug. 21:

"Lieut. Col. Sitwell reconnoitering near Ventersburg, engaged the Boers. Two British were wounded. Lieuts. Spedding, Davenport, Surtees and Watson and a medical office and twenty-four men are missing.

"Hamilton has crossed the Crocodile river.

"Paget and Baden-Powell engaged the commandoes protecting De Wet Aug. 20. Lieut. Flowers and one man were killed. Lieut. Kirby and six men were wounded."

## IS NOT SO SLOW.

### Philadelphia Has Been Doing Some Pretty Good Growing.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The population of Philadelphia, according to the count just completed at the census office, is 1,293,697. The population in 1890 was 1,046,964. The increase during the past ten years was 246,733 or 23.57 per cent.

BALTIMORE BLAZE.

Baltimore, Aug. 22.—The plant of the Maryland Telephone Construction company, in this city, was destroyed by a fire, the origin of which is unknown, at an early hour this morning. The loss is estimated at $112,000, $75,000 of which is on the building and the balance on stock and tools.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

NOT DIVULGED.

New York, Aug. 22.—The will of the late Collis P. Huntington will not be made public today, according to the statement of Charles H. Tweed of the Southern Pacific company, and the legal adviser of the late financier.

JOSS HELD.

London, Aug. 22.—C. J. Joss, a former clerk of Parr's bank, accused of stealing about £300,000 from the bank in January, 1899, has been committed for trial. He was caught passing a £5 note.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go;
Life's an all-around pleasure to me
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

# CITIZENS MEET.

## Lakesiders Decide What They Want and Will Hustle For It.

There was a large meeting of citizens at Lester park last evening resulting in preliminary steps to bring about desired improvements to the residence suburbs of the extreme east end of the city. At the meeting were many of Duluth's representative business and professional men, as well as largest tax payers. The improvements they ask, include better street lighting, better street car service, and closer attention on the part of city officers, to the aesthetic requirements of the pretty lake shore suburbs.

George Crosby presided and Frank Crassweller was secretary. At present Lakeside and Lester citizens depend on flickering little gas lamps to find their way home on dark nights. They want large shimmering arc lamps, and purpose to make this a burning request and force it into the fierce limelight of publicity. A long resolution was adopted last evening, which will be presented to the council next Monday, asking that either arc lights replace the "June bug" sparklers, or the number of gas lamps be increased.

Then a committee was appointed to determine the number of lights needed and point out the locations. The members of this committee are: G. H. Crosby, H. J. Grannis, J. D. Allen, J. B. Greenfield, and George A. Everest.

The matter of a better street car service was also discussed at considerable length. The residents ask for a faster service, which means a change of grade, an improved roadbed and rolling stock. The committee on street car service is: J. K. Persons, E. C. Little, B. F. Howard, J. J. LeTourneau, John Jenswold, Theodore Hollister, and L. H. Whipple.

The question of improving Lester park by purchasing an additional 40 acres and taking better care of its present natural beauties was talked over, and it was suggested that a resident of Lakeside or Lester park should be given a place on the park board.

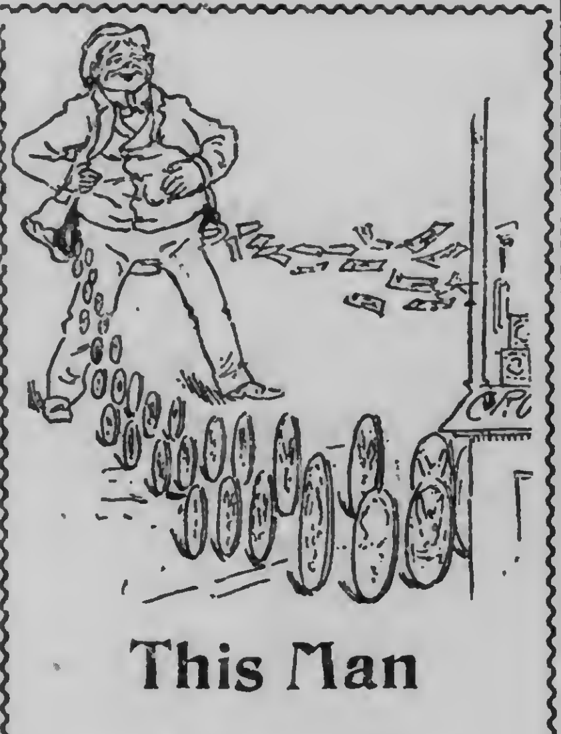
The same suggestion held good for a member of the board of public works, and the following committee was appointed to urge upon the present board, the necessity of keeping sidewalks and streets in better repair: W. G. Hegardt, J. K. Parsons, Frank Carey, W. C. Weld, W. H. Squire, and J. E. Davis.

There will be another meeting on Saturday evening, and the citizens propose to conduct an aggressive campaign to secure all necessary improvements.

### Draws Large Crowd.

The usual large house was on the hill top last night. The Pavilion is the fad and no matter how the weather is or what the counter attraction the Pavilion always gets a good share of patronage. The La Pearl company has made itself very popular during its three weeks' stay here. Every act presented has been clean, refined and enjoyable. The program consists of gymnastic work of the cleverest kind. Aerial work by girls who are fearless. Musical acts. The best illustrated songs and moving pictures seen here. The dissolving views presented this week were very fine. Then the pantomime put on by the old-time clown exponent, Charles Morosco, is a new feature and one that furnishes lots of fun. The Asbeys with their living pictures, statuary, etc., are also additions since the La Pearl company opened and the knife throwing act is another novelty. The engagement of Mrs. Matt Kusell has strengthened materially this week's program which is the best presented by this clever organization. Mrs. Kusell's singing is welcome. There are a dozen other acts all good. There will be a matinee tomorrow at 2:30. Novelties will be introduced.

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. Max Wirth.



This Man
—is no speculator—
When he wants to invest Dollars in a
Suit of Clothes
he selects a "sure thing" proposition and rolls them in at our door.
The comfortable price of—
$15
pays for a superb Vicuna or unfinished Worsted Suit—the kind that cements business friendship.
C. W. Ericson,
RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

## Table and Kitchen

### Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

### FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, 719 Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.
(All Rights Reserved by Banning Co., Chicago.)

### HOW TO MAKE JAMS.

#### Suggestions For Housekeeper Who Does Her Own Preserving.

At this season of the year the careful provider begins to consider future needs and protects herself against the scarcity of fruits and such perishable food that cannot be obtained in winter.

Fruits play quite as important a part in the winter dietary as they do in warm weather.

SELECTING THE FRUIT.

This must be done with care, and be of the best and in the right condition. It must not be over-ripe or crushed; for if more than barely ripe it will not keep so well. And the fruit should be gathered in dry weather.

MAKING JAMS.

Use only the best kind of sugar, granulated. The common rule is equal weights of sugar and fruit, but this is not always necessary, as the proportion of sugar must vary somewhat according to the kind of fruit used, some requiring much less than others to make them palatable. If too much is used it will cause candying of the fruit. If the air is excluded entirely after the fruit is thoroughly cooked, it will keep without sugar, but will not be relished.

THREE METHODS USED.

There are three methods employed in making jams. The first is to boil the crushed fruit for fifteen minutes, and then add the sugar (heated), three-quarters of a pound being allowed to each pound of fruit. Cook from ten to thirty minutes after putting in sugar. The second method is to make a syrup and then boil the fruit in it, allowing pound for pound for acid fruits. The third is to allow equal proportions of fruit and sugar. Crush the fruit and cook both together over a slow fire until it jellies. Each method is good for its kind.

WHAT FRUITS TO USE.

Jams are usually made from fruits that contain a quantity of juice, such as strawberries, raspberries, currants and blackberries. The fruit butters and marmalades are made from the harder fruits.

TO TEST WHEN DONE.

In order to know when jams are sufficiently cooked, drop a small quantity on a saucer, and when it looks dry and glistens and no juice or moisture appears it is done.

THE COOKING.

The closest attention is necessary in order that it does not burn, as this would ruin the flavor. A steady but moderate fire is required to keep up a regular boiling. Agate or porcelain lined kettles should be used and wooden paddles for stirring.

SEALING AND STORING.

The jam should be put up in clean glass or small stone jars, and sealed or covered same as canned fruits and then stored in a cool, dry, dark place that can be frequently aired. If you do not possess a dark closet for preserves, save all the paper bags in which you get your grocery supplies and cover the jars with these.

CURRANT AND RASPBERRY JAM.

This makes a delightful combination. Use one-third currants and two-thirds raspberries. Pick the stems from the currants, wash thoroughly, but do not mash. Pick over the raspberries, but do not wash them. Mash them and add to currants. Add three-quarters of a pound of sugar to one pound of fruit. Let stand a few hours; then drain off the juice, bring to a boil and add the fruit. Simmer until it is thick as desired.

MARMALADES AND BUTTER.

Almost all kinds of fruits are used for these, either singly or in combination, and the proportions are about the same as regards sugar and fruit; but the fruit is cooked to a firmer consistency.

It must be remembered that in making jams, jellies, etc., it is the fruit and not the sugar that requires thorough cooking. In many cases it is best to boil and skim the fruit before putting in the sugar.

ECONOMY OF HOMEMADE JAMS.

Much depends on how the supply is obtained. When the housekeeper has her own fruit the cost is very little if one does not count the hours spent over the fire in midsummer. And there is a great deal of satisfaction in having a well-stocked preserve closet. However, it is a doubtful question whether the housekeeper who must buy all her materials shows the most wisdom in putting up her own fruit or in buying. Many city houses are not well provided with pantries and cupboards wherein to keep more than the stores that are necessary for immediate wants. To these it is a relief to know that they can get preserved fruits of all kinds that are just as good as "mother made," put up by first-class preserving manufacturers.

It is claimed, and with good reason, too, that these goods must necessarily be better and have better keeping qualities than the homemade article. These firms employ chemists who test the acidity of the fruits, that vary from season to season in the same kinds. The sugar is then proportioned according to the quality of the acid. Making them just right for the ordinary palate and insuring their keeping perfectly.

### MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

#### Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Molded Farina, Berries and Cream,
Poached Eggs, Panned Tomatoes,
White Muffins, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Creamed Sweetbreads, Duchess Potatoes,
Thin Bread and Butter,
Sugared Fruit, Lemonade.
DINNER.
Clear Vegetable Soup,
Roast Beef, Brown Sauce,
New Potatoes, Peas,
Stewed Cucumbers,
Lettuce, French Dressing,
Peach Cream,
Coffee.

#### Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream and Sugar,
Potato Omelet. Tomato Sauce,
Entire Wheat Muffins with Dates.
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Egg Plant Farci, Stewed Corn,
Fruit, Wafers.
Cocoa.
DINNER.
Clear Soup.
Boiled Salmon, Bechamel Sauce,
Mashed Potatoes, Stewed Tomatoes,
Cabbage Salad,
Apple Sponge. Cake,
Coffee.

#### Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal, Cream and Sugar,
Brown Hash, Creamed Potatoes,
Waffles, Coffee.
LUNCH.
Lobster salad, Brown Bread and Butter,
Fruit, Wafers,
Cereal Coffee.
DINNER.
Cream of Tomato Soup,
Lamb Pot Pie, Corn,
String Bean Salad,
Fruit Pancakes,
Coffee.

### RECIPES.

Below will be found a few recipes of dishes appearing in the foregoing menus. The recipe of any dish not given and requested will be published in these columns as space will permit under the heading of "Answers to Inquiries."

STEWED CUCUMBERS.

Select large cucumbers; pare, cut into eighths and throw into cold water. Let stand for an hour. Then drain and cut into cubes. Cover with boiling water, add salt and cook until tender. Drain carefully and serve with white sauce.

WHITE SAUCE.

Melt two level tablespoonfuls butter; add same amount of flour and stir to a smooth paste. Then add a cup of white stock, chicken or veal. Stir and cook until it boils up; season with half a teaspoonful of salt and two dashes of white pepper.

ENTIRE WHEAT MUFFINS (WITH DATES.)

Separate three eggs and beat the yolks until light. Add two cups of milk. Sift together three cups of entire wheat flour, three level teaspoonfuls baking powder and a teaspoonful of salt. Add the milk and eggs and melted butter and give the batter a good beating. Now add the dates, chopped coarsely and floured and last of all fold in the stiffly beaten whites; mix. Fill gem pans two-thirds full and bake in a moderately hot oven thirty minutes, unless gas is used, it then takes less time.

BECHAMEL SAUCE.

Melt two level tablespoonfuls of butter but do not allow to brown; add two level tablespoonfuls of flour and stir until smooth, then add half a cup of white soup stock and half a cup of cream or rich milk. Stir and cook until it thickens slightly, then season with half a teaspoonful salt and two dashes pepper. Just before taking from the fire add the beaten yolk of one egg.

APPLE SPONGE.

Make a syrup of one pound of sugar and two cups of boiling water. Slice into this about six good-sized apples and stew until tender. While these are cooking, cover half a box of gelatin with half a cup of cold water. When apples are done press them through a sieve; add the gelatine, grated rind of one and juice of two lemons, and stir until cold and begins to thicken. Then beat the whites of three eggs and fold them in the apples. Pour into a mold and set to harden. Make a vanilla sauce with the three yolks, and serve with the pudding.

## STOCKS OF GRAIN.

### Bradstreet's Statement of Changes In the Available Supplies.

New York, Aug. 22.—special cablegrams and dispatches to Bradstreets show the following changes in available supplies from the last account:

Wheat, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase, 2,377,000 bushels. Afloat, for and in Europe, increase, 500,000 bushels. Total supply increase 2,887,000 bushels. Corn, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, postponed. Oats, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase, 1,387,000 bushels.

Among the most important increase reports exclusively to Bradstreets are those of 32,000 bushels at Chicago private elevators, 300,000 bushels at Northweastern interior elevators and 165,000 bushels at Louisville. The import decreases are those of 74,000 bushels at Depot Harbor and 60,000 bushels in Manitoba. The combined stock of wheat at Portland, Ore., Seattle and Tacoma increased 61,000 bushels last week.

GREEN IS DEAD.

Philadelphia, Aug. 22.—Thomas Green, formerly proprietor of Green's hotel in this city, who was well known throughout the country, died at his residence here last night.

Vital Notice!

A careful examination of all the prepared foods offered to the public at the present time has shown conclusively that **Grānut, Granose** and **Granola** *are the only thoroughly cooked and heat-digested foods,* the only ones prepared for immediate assimilation. These three **Master Products** are

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM! FOODS

and are served on the diet tables of the Sanitarium and its companion institutions in different parts of the world. These foods are subject to daily test in the Sanitarium *where lives would pay the forfeit were ordinary prepared foods used.* These foods are endorsed by the entire medical faculty of the institution and are pronounced by this faculty as indispensable in the successful treatment of common gastric disorders. They are not only of vital value to those of delicate stomachs, but *enrich the blood and strengthen the muscles and nerves of well people quicker than any any other cereal foods known to man!* In addition to this they are most inviting to the palate, being Crisp, Toothsome and Appetizing. These being the facts, vouched for by an institution that gives tens of thousands of dollars away each year in charity, and which receives large bequests each year from those who have appreciated the good work being carried on, **can there be any question in your mind as to what foods you will use in your home!**

Ask your grocer for "Battle Creek SANITARIUM Foods," and do not be imposed upon by the many foods sold on our reputation.

Three cents for postage will bring you a Sample and Booklets.

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOOD CO.,
BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
One Night, Friday, Aug. 24.
The entire nation has acknowledged its superiority.
HOYT'S MASTERPIECE
A TEXAS STEER
Prizes—Dress Circle $1, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, Aug. 25.
Jacob Litt's Magnificent New Production of the Perennial Success
IN OLD KENTUCKY
THE ORIGINAL PICKANINNY BRASS BAND.
The Great Horse Race.
The strongest cast ever employed in the play—an entirely new production this season.
Prices—Dress Circle $1, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balcony 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT.
Le Bertus' Gigantic Bill of Vaudeville Novelties.
Every Act a Feature. Great Show This Week.

PAVILION.
Uninterrupted success—Third week
The La Pearl Big Combination
Pleases everybody—All acts refined—Vaudeville—Sketches—Pantomime—Moving Pictures.
All Week—Matinees Thursday & Saturday

# The New Store

## The Exhibit of New Silks and Dress Goods Continues

to attract many Ladies. Besides being by far the largest and most complete early showing at the head of the lakes. ***PRICES ARE FOUND TO BE THE LOWEST HERE.*** It won't take long to demonstrate that fact if you come and compare. We call your attention to a few only of the many lines now attracting special attention.

### Black Taffetas—the Guaranteed Kind.

A full assortment of the best Taffetas, made are to be found here in stock from 20-inch to 36-inch widths, and made up by those who know how to make good-wearing Taffetas—ten different qualities to select from; prices at—

**48c to $1.50**

Ask to see the "GUARANTEED" Taffetas.

### Black Dress Silks.

A very large and comprehensive assortment of all the most popular weaves in Black Dress Silks are here—comprising full lines of

SATIN DUCHESSE,
PEAU DE SOIES,
LUXORS,
ARMURES,
POPLINS,
GROS GRAINS,
SICILIANS,
CRYSTALS,

As well as many other weaves, including quite a sprinkling of the all-black Jacquard Figured Silks. It will be well worth your while, if interested, to see our showing of new Black Silks.

### Fancy Silks.

High art work predominates throughout our entire showing of New Novelties in Fancy Silks. It is an impossibility to accurately describe their beauties in cold type—they must be seen. Besides we always welcome you equally as visitors or buyers. We like to show our new goods. See the New Silks at—

**98c, $1.25 and $1.50**

They are a beautiful lot.

### A Bargain in Fancy Silks

Is here for those who call soon; they are fast going out as there are lots of $1.00, $1.25 and some $1.50 values among them, and not one old style in the lot; our price..... **69c**

### Black and Colored Dress Goods.

Our showing in these lines is a magnificently large and complete one. Among the many lines receiving most attention we name—

### Black Pierolas.

An assortment of over 35 different and distinct weaves and patterns; prices range from—

**68c to $2.50**

## Duluth's Sixth Annual Flower Show by Glen Avon Ladies' Guild will be held in the Armory on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

**Don't forget this most important event.**

### Cheviots and Serges.

The shrunk and sponged kind, made as one maker alone knows how to make them. Perfect in weave; perfect in finish, and bound to wear satisfactory. See these wonderfully correct fabrics before you buy, or you'll likely regret it if you don't; prices—

**50c to $1.50**

### Dress Goods Novelties.

Five lines of our new Fall Dress Goods are composed of New Designs in Novelties, all so distinctly different from any heretofore shown that they are selling freely. See these NEWEST NOVELTY DRESS GOODS at—

**29c, 48c, 75c, 98c, $1.25**

### Tailor Suitings.

A vast assortment of over 50 different and distinct colors is represented here, widths 50 to 56 inches; prices—

**95c to $1.95**

But they tell us our 95c kind are better than some of the $1.25 ones hereabouts, so you better see these.

### Housekeepers, Boarding House Keepers and Hotel Keepers

have all heard the good news, and are coming to "THE NEW STORE" to fill their wants for Fall. Now, we'll print the reasons:

Blankets at wholesale prices.

Sheetings and Pillow Muslins at mill prices.

Linens and Bed Spreads at lower prices than equal qualities can be bought elsewhere.

These are the magnets to attract them, and each day's sales are BIG. Don't be too late. But, there are reasons why every lady who has wants to supply should come here tomorrow. We will offer some 10c quality Dress Ginghams, in Black and White, at—per yard................ **5c**

Fleece-lined Wrapper Flannels in a good quality that regularly retails at 12½c—per yard...... **8c**

### Outing Flannels.

We will sell one case only of a regular 10c quality Outing Flannel (and our 10c qualities often mean 12½c qualities elsewhere) all in new and durable styles of stripes; special price, per yard........................ **8c**

Also a case of light and dark patterns, in striped and checked Outing Flannels, special tomorrow ........................ **4c**

Also a case of Cream Shaker Flannels, the 6c kind—tomorrow at........................ **4c**

But come tomorrow for the above Bargains, as there's but a case of each.

### A Bleached Towel Bargain for Thursday.

Extra long and 20 inches wide; tomorrow........................ **5c**

### Last Call on Wash Goods.

At next to give-away prices. If you want to fill in a few "end of season" wants in Wash Goods, tomorrow's the time, and "THE NEW STORE'S" the place the finest goods will go at about ONE-THIRD PRICE. All that are left are divided into two lots to close out quick—

**12½c to 25c**

The 12½c lot contains goods that were up to 29c. The 25c lot contains goods that were up to 85c. Be early if you want these.

### About Shoes.

"I've been all over Duluth trying to find the best bargain in Tan Shoes, but your's is by far the best I've seen, and I'll take this pair."

The above exclamation came from a well-informed and satisfied customer after being fitted to a pair of our $2.39 Tan Shoes for Ladies. There's probably 100 pairs left, hardly enough to last the week, at the rate they are going, as others have evidently discovered that this is a genuine Tan Shoe Bargain. High-grade turn and welts soles and formerly sold at $3; our closing price is........................ **$2.39**

# BANKS ROASTED

### City Officials Apply Hot Words to the Present Attitude.

The council of the city of Superior held a very animated session last night, the all absorbing question for discussion being some means of getting the needed money with which to run the city until the levy is made next fall. On recommendation of the city attorney, Archibald McKay, the plan adopted by the aldermen last night was to issue certificates of indebtedness, drawing interest not to exceed 6 per cent, the amount to be paid not later than March 1, 1901. By this means the city will protect the lender to the amount of $17,593.73. As fast as the county pays in the delinquent taxes they will be set apart specifically for the purpose of application on the debt incurred by borrowing money. It is believed that the American Exchange bank of West Superior will lend the city money on this collateral. The city officials are very sore at the banks for charging an interest rate of 6 per cent, whereas the banks pay but 1½ per cent interest on deposits of city monies. Says Alderman Bertrand:

"When the banks were in trouble several years ago, and an effort was made in the council to arrange for the withdrawl of the city funds from the banks, they begged us for the sake of the poor depositors, who had $500 or $600 on deposit, not to do so. Now the banks have plenty of money, are not threatened with a run and hold us in their power. They are putting the screws to us. If we could legally draw the city money from the banks, we ought to take every cent away from them." Other aldermen expressed their sentiments on what they regarded was an outrage on the part of the banks.

Alderman Bertrand, who is considered the financier of the city and is very conservative in his statements, gave the former administration—H. W. Dietrich's—a hot roast last night. Said Mr. Bertrand:

Ex-Mayor Dietrich descended from his seat and belittled himself by coming to the floor of the council and lobbying against the effort to get a proper levy, and as a result the council made too small a levy by 25 or 30 per cent."

COMMITTEE ORGANIZES.

St. Cloud, Aug. 22.—The Sixth district Republican congressional committee met here yesterday afternoon for organization. Frank E. Searle, of Duluth, chairman of the committee, presided. Congressman Morris was present, accompanied by Lee Willcuts. William Getty, of Duluth, was elected secretary and Thomas Owens, of Two Harbors, treasurer. Congressman Morris stated Congressmen Dolliver of Iowa, and Littlefield, of Maine, will speak in this district. Dolliver will speak at Duluth about Sept. 10 and will also make speeches at Brainerd and St. Cloud.

*"He That Stays Does the Business."*

*All the world admires "staying power." On this quality success depends. The blood is the best friend the heart has. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best friend the blood ever had: cleanses it of everything, gives perfect health and strength.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

# NEW WHEAT COMING

### Crop Movement Under Way But Heavy Receipts Not Expected Just Yet.

## LARGE AMOUNT LEFT

### Old Wheat In Store Greater Than Ever Before at This Time.

New wheat is beginning to arrive in the Duluth market in larger quantities than one or two cars now, and very soon the crop movement will be under way to some extent, but large receipts are not expected for a month, owing to wet weather. The new crop year finds this market with more old wheat left in store than for many years, if ever before. The total is more than 7,000,000 bushels. Old wheat, instead of commanding a substantial premium over the new, is at about the same price, or has been for some days. The shippers were not placing much wheat abroad until this week, but are said to have done considerable in that line this week.

There is considerable reason to believe that after the first rush of new wheat is over the movement will fall much below that of last year. The large farms always rush their wheat into market. Most of them probably sold their wheat in advance at the higher prices. The smaller farmers are likely to hold theirs to a considerable extent. The feeling that the crop of the country is short has taken hold of almost the entire Northwest, and the farmers will be in no hurry to market their grain at the present price, which has now seen a decline of about 18 cents from the high point.

The crop report for Minnesota for the week ending Monday is as follows:

"There were showers in different parts of the state and on almost every day of the week. The weekly amounts were greater in Clay, Becker, Hubbard and Douglas counties, and in parts of the Southwest, and at least in the Red River valley north of Clay county in the extreme Southeast and in parts of the Middle West.

"The middle and latter parts of the week very warm, the temperature being above 90 degrees in all the southern half of the state on Aug. 18 and 19. The cutting of all small grains, except flax, is practically finished in the state, though there are some acres of wheat that have been abandoned because the ground was too wet for the operation of binders until the grain was too ripe.

"Shock thrashing is begun in Kittson county and it is fairly well advanced further south, though the week has not been a favorable one for either thrashing or stacking. Considerable grain that has been thrashed since the heavy rains of the previous week is damp, and where shocks were wet they have been opened to dry before the grain was put in stack. It is said that the shocks are drying out nicely, and that with dry weather thrashing will go on rapidly.

"The wheat that was thrashed before the rains is excellent in quality, and in nearly all parts of the state the yields are very much better than was thought possible some weeks ago.

"Considerable flax has been cut, and that still standing is in all stages from blossom to maturity. Corn is growing rapidly, and in most fields there are ripe stalks, but owing to the irregular germination of the seed the fields are very uneven. Considerable wild hay has been cut recently, but a good deal has been spoiled by rain. Minnetonka grapes are ripening. The early apple crop is pretty well marketed. Plowing is going on nicely in southern portions, but the flies and heat have been severe on horses."

The North Dakota report is as follows:

"While not as much rain has fallen the past week as in the preceding one, still it has been enough in most sections, and especially in the eastern portion of the state, to retard harvesting and threshing. Grain that had been cut previous to the recent heavy rains is wet through, and in many instances that which had been stacked is also wet, and has not had a chance to dry out, while the continued hot weather has caused it to sprout and mould. Some threshing has been done, with a light yield so far, and generally a low grade, caused by the damp, hot weather.

"Most of the grain, except flax, is now cut; that which remains uncut is dead ripe and is shelling badly. In some sections the rain has made the ground so wet that it is very hard to run harvesting machinery over it. Some reports say that what little crop was left from the drouth is now being destroyed from too much rain. In the western part of the state much hay has been destroyed the past week, by being wet, and blown away by the high winds that have accompanied the rains, which were generally thunder storms.

"Corn, potatoes and late fodder crops are making rapid growth, and good yields of all are expected. Late flax is also doing well, and if frost keeps off for two weeks more, it will be safe for a good crop.

"Hail storms have passed over nearly every portion of the state the past week, doing, as a rule, considerable damage to what grain remained uncut."

### The Dock Extension.

The Lehigh Coal & Coke company has four new steel rigs nearly ready for use. These with the old nine rigs, which are still in use, will give the dock a total of thirteen rigs with which to handle coal. Work on the extension of the dock will begin this coming winter. There is a strip of the dock about 500 feet long that has never been used, but with the new rigging up this portion can be utilized also, giving the dock, it is claimed, the greatest capacity of any at the head of the lakes. It is claimed that the dock will be able to handle over half a million tons a season.

No tired Brains when **Grape=Nuts** food is used

FACT ! ! !

Sold by all grocers

# SNAP WILL SOON END

### County Prisoners Will Soon Be Forced to Do Hard Work.

## WILL MAKE A CHANGE

### Belief That This Plan Will Result In Cutting the Number.

Within a short time the "snap" there is connected with being a prisoner in the county jail will give way, and the position will be as hard as a place on a job making roads, for that is about what it will amount to. The immediate result of the new dispensation is expected to be a decrease in the population of the county jail, which has been tremendous all this year.

It will be remembered that Assistant County Attorney McClintock some time ago had an interview in The Herald, in which he said that he believed that by working the prisoners some effect on the size of the jail population might be made. At the last meeting of the county board he laid this before the commissioners, and as a result of that talk the board passed a resolution providing that the prisoners shall work. They will be at it within a few days, and from that time on life in the county jail will not be a long dream of square meals and idle luxury, which it has been for some time to county prisoners.

Prisoners sent up for violation of city ordinances have been worked by the city, and the city has also worked some of the prisoners sent up for violation of state laws. Now the control of the latter class of prison workers will pass to the county, which will get the benefit of their labors while they are stopping as the county's guests. From their standpoint, as a rule, the disgrace that should follow confinement in a public prison had no sting. The only punishment that is effective with a large class of prisoners is hard work, and this is just what the county authorities are preparing for their guests in the future. A campaign of education will be carried on with justices of the peace throughout the county, so that wherever it is possible they will tack a sentence to hard labor on their jail sentences, thus making them available as county workmen.

The exact method of procedure has not yet been adopted, as Sheriff Sargent and the committee from the county board that has charge of the matter are busy forming the details of the work. The county has to supply tools and equipments for the working gang, and the sheriff is to supply a guard for each ten workers, or fraction of that number. Under this guard the working gang will go forth each day and put in ten hours at hard labor on the poor farm, or on county roads, the time spent going and coming to be included in the ten hours. Rainy days, of course, will be holidays, for it will be impossible to work the men in the fields in bad weather.

The effect of the new method will be watched with interest. This has been the best year the county jail has ever seen so far. The number of prisoners has seldom fallen below 100, and it will average considerably above that number. At one time there were nearly 200 prisoners in the jail. The expectation is that the practice of working the prisoners will lead to a reduction in the number of prisoners, as it is figured that men will work harder to keep out of jail if there is to be hard work connected with a jail sentence.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

# THE PAVILION.

### Draws Especially Well In Such Weather as the Present.

It is on such days as Duluth has been having this week that the Pavilion shines forth above all other places of amusement, because the people can go there and be amused and be protected from the weather and dampness. It is this which makes the Pavilion have as good an attendance in such weather, as on the finer days, and not drop off as does that of other places of amusement. In this season of the year the craving for amusement seems to be with all people, and they want to get out and go somewhere. There is never that stay-at-home feeling that is harbored in the winter. Amusement is demanded, and the best place to get it is the one that gets the most liberal patronage.

The attendance at the Pavilion throughout the summer would indicate that of all the amusement places in Duluth it is the most popular, for throughout the summer it has drawn crowds that have constantly increased in size, and the performances have given great satisfaction. The people have again grown into the habit of going to the Pavilion, something they had fallen out of by reason of the inferior management of last year. There is a knack in knowing what the people want, and the present manager seems to have the faculty of distinguishing. Each year that he has guided the destinies of the place it has drawn as it never has before.

The company now playing there has been at the place two weeks, and is now on the third, and it is doing well still. A change of bill has been given each week, and new features added, that have improved the show each week.

The tourist season is now at its height, and the number of strangers who go up there during the day is very large. The verdict of one and all is that the Pavilion is a most remarkable place, and unlike anything that other cities have. The view part of the place alone strikes all as attraction enough to make the place interesting, and the suggestion is frequently heard that Duluth should have a great park at the top of the hill.

### It Is Capt. Newton Now.

Word has been received in the city that Lieut. Harry W. Newton, of Thirty-fourth United States volunteers, now doing service in the Philippines, has been promoted to a captaincy for distinguished service in leading small parties of troops on dangerous missions. Capt. Newton was formerly the commanding officer of Company I of West Superior, and was considered one of the best officers in the Third Wisconsin regiment, durng the regiment's service in the Spanish-American war. It is very doubtful if the captain has yet learned of his promotion.

New Goods Arriving Daily.

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Always Up to Date.

# AN INVESTIGATION Will Prove Beyond All Question—

That we offer the greatest values in our line to be found anywhere. We invite comparison and seek careful investigation of our statements. **Thursday's values. Very interesting.**

## Advance Showing of Felt Hats.

***Ladies' Felt Street Hats***—Just received a large lot of the very latest styles—colors in gray, blue, castor and black. Just the thing for early fall wear.

☞Ladies will please call and see them.

## Glove Department.

Complete new fall stocks of best makes of French Kid Gloves.

The Malborough two-clasp in all new fall shades, equal to any $1.25 glove, per pair........ **$1.00**

Fownes' Dagmar P. K. best glove, for street wear in the market, equal to any $2.00 glove you can find—our price, per pair........ **$1.50**

Fownes' La Tosca with new fastenings and stitchings—fine line of fall colorings, good value at $2.50—sale price, per pair........ **$2.00**

***☞Do not fail to examine our stock of Umbrellas at the stock-reducing prices.***

## Ladies' Hosiery and Underwear.

Great values in summer goods.

Must Make Room for Our Arriving Fall Stocks.

Ladies' Hose in black and tan, 40 gauge, high spliced heel and double sole, good 19c quality........ ***2 pairs for 25c***

Ladies' extra fine 4-thread Maco Cotton Hose, extra high spliced heel and double sole, guaranteed stainless, worth 50c, per pair........ **29c**

We will close all our Swiss Ribbed Vests in colors and plain, usually selling at 10c, at—each........ **5c**

All our 18c Swiss Ribbed Vests, lace trimmed, silk taped, in pink, blue, ecru and white, each........ **10c**

## Pulley Belts.

15 dozen black double faced Satin Pulley Belts, the 65c quality, each........ **45c**

Fancy colored Silk and Satin Pulley Belts, the 75c quality, each........ **59c**

All our Mexican Leather Pulley Belts, heretofore sold up to 95c, each........ **69c**

## Belt Buckles.

Silver plate, gold and French gray Belt Buckles, the kind you pay 50c for, each........ **39c**

## Cloak Department.

Scotch Steamer Shawls—we have 50 different patterns to select from—on sale at

***$8.00 to $12.50***

Ladies' Walking Skirts. We are now showing a large line of Walking Skirts, made up in Cheviots, Coverts and Golf Cloths; they come in gray; blue, brown and black. On sale Thursday at

***$4.49, $4.98, $7.50, $9.98, $11.50.***

Children's and Misses' Colored Wash Dresses, in Lawn, Ginghams and Percales, trimmed with Ribbon, Lace and Embroidery, all marked below the cost of material in them. Closing out prices

***49c, 75c, 98c, $1.49, $1.98.***

## Lace Department.

New Nottingham all-overs, in white and ecru—Patterns shown only at the Glass Block—a yard

***50c to 65c***

Ladies' Embroidered and Scalloped Edge Handkerchiefs; some of them all pure linen; values to 50c; each.... **19c**

Ladies' all pure Linen Handkerchiefs, with hand worked initial, 15c kind—

***10c each, 3 for 25c***

Special lot of Veilings in Russian and Tuxedo Nets, velvet spots—worth to 35c a yard—Choice, yd **25c**

Wide Fancy Ribbons—Cleaning up the season's selling, per yard........ **15c**

***Black Taffeta Silk***—36 inches wide, a special number in a fine Swiss Taffeta, price........ **$1.25**

## New Dress Fabrics.

***Black Pierola Cloths***—The new weaves, in the season's popular novelty Skirts or Dresses—prices........ ***$2.25, $1.75 and $1.00***

***58-inch Suiting***—A strong, serviceable cloth for Ladies' Rainy Day Skirts or Street Dresses, price........ **59c**

***Gent's Suitings***—Purposely bought for Ladies' Swell Tailor Skirts or Suits ***$3.50, $3.25, $2.50, $2.25***

***Velor Skirting***—A rich, handsome fabric for Ladies Under Skirts, in leading shades—price, yd........ **69c**

### Bargain Counter No. 1.

***Great Reduction Sale of Umbrellas***

Our entire stock of Ladies' and Gents' Umbrellas, steel rod, Paragon frame; the qualities we have been selling at $1.50 and $1.75—

***$1 each***

### Good Quality Footwear Low Prices

***Our $1.48 Line of Women's Shoes***

Many styles in heel and spring heel, lace and button shoes. They are neat looking, comfortable fitting and great wearing. What an elegant assortment you have to choose from at

***$1.98 and $2.48***

Over 25 different styles in lace or button shoes, made on the most up-to-date patterns and of extra fine material, light, medium or heavy; sizes 2 to 8, widths A to EE.

***OUR ADVANCED STYLES IN VASSAR $2.98 SHOES AND ULTRA $3.50 SHOES. THEY ARE SIMPLY PERFECT.***

We ore offering some big values in Boys', Girls' and Little Children's Shoes.

### Bargain Counter No. 2.

***Great Job in White Goods.***

5000 yds Fancy White Goods in checks, stripes, lacework and plain—plain Lawns 40 inches wide; goods never worth less than 25c per yard. Thursday, what you want of them at

***10c a Yd.***

### AMUSEMENTS.

HOYT'S "A TEXAS STEER."

That happy satirical farce comedy, Hoyt's "A Texas Steer," will be given at the Lyceum Friday evening by practically the original company that made the piece one of the greatest theatrical successes of the past decade. In "A Texas Steer" the misery of the life of office-seekers as told by a colored applicant from the newly elected congressman's district is considered one of the cleverest that has graced the stage in many years.

"IN OLD KENTUCKY."

"In Old Kentucky," improved by the addition of an entirely new outfit of scenery, but with all the old favorites, even including "Queen Bess," the famous Kentucky thoroughbred, will be seen at the Lyceum Saturday. The company has been kept up by Manager Jacob Litt, who is the sole proprietor of this successful play, and an excellent performance is promised. The pickaninnies have new songs and dances and all the other features are as interesting as of yore.

### Made Its Return.

The board of public works yesterday afternoon made its return to the district court on the writ of mandamus commanding it to give a hearing to the Butler-Ryan company in its application for a permit to excavate sand from Minnesota point. The writ did not direct the board to grant the permit, but merely to consider it, and after considering it the board reports having refused to grant the permit, on the ground that it believed that it would be unsafe to take sand from the point, as it might weaken the point as a breakwater.

All thoughtful wives who have husbands who drink should send them to the Keeley Institute, 625 10 St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

# NEW RULINGS.

### Novel Construction of Laws By the Treasury Department.

Collector Willcuts has received a circular from the treasury department at Washington giving some rather novel constructions to old laws. The new rulings are of importance to the commercial public. The following is the substance of the official instructions:

"Importers are not by any subsequent transfer relieved from their liability to the government, either personally or upon warehousing bond, for duties on the original importation.

"Steamers are subject to penalty for not navigating routes stated in inspection certificates.

"Invoices of purchased goods must state the name of purchaser, although the bill of lading may be made 'to order,' and shipping commissioners are not authorized to charge for shipping crews for transports and colliers owned by the government, but may co-operate in shipping such crews. The latter decision is not applicable to American chartered vessels.

"If any considerable part of the hull and skeleton of an old vessel, intact, is built upon, it is an old vessel rebuilt, not a new vessel, regardless of the change of name.

"Teams of animals, including their harness and tackle, and the wagons or other vehicles actually owned by persons emigrating from foreign countries to the United States with their families, and in actual use for the purpose of such immigration under such regulations as the secretary of the state may prescribe, and professional books, implements, instruments and tools of trade, occupation or employment, in the actual possession at the time of persons emigrating to the United States, are exempt from duty. But this exemption must not be construed to include machinery or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment, or for any other person or persons, or for sale."

The circular also embodies a warning against political assessments and partisan activity of office holders in the civil service during the coming national campaign.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

### The Ladies

of Pilgrim Congregational will give a musical and ice cream social tonight at the home of Mrs. Charles A. Duncan, 131 West Third street. Admission 25c.

It is economy to wear the Gordon hat—it outwears other makes.

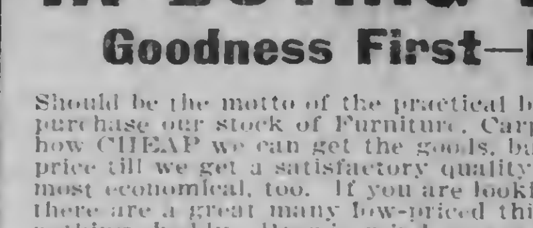
**Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,**

321 West Superior Stree

## IN BUYING FURNITURE...

**Goodness First—Prices Afterwards**

Should be the motto of the practical buyer. That is the rule here. When we purchase our stock of Furniture, Carpets and Draperies we don't try to see how CHEAP we can get the goods, but how GOOD. We don't consider the price till we get a satisfactory quality. That is the safest way to do—it's the most economical, too. If you are looking for real money-saving economy there are a great many low-priced things in our stock, but nothing CHEAP—nothing shoddy. Bear in mind we are as particular about what we sell you as you are particular about what you buy.



**$15.00 Couch for $10.**

**FANCY COUCHES**—We expect a new line of couches this week and to dispose of what we have on hand—for a few days we will sell you any $15 Couch at ⅓ off—now is your chance—any $15 Couch...... **$10**

***Everybody Needs An Iron Bed.***

We have them in all the new styles and colors, white, black, red and green. The cut shown here represents a heavy, durable Iron Bed—smooth, thick enamel, large knobs—a regular $5.00 bed. This week the full size goes at............ **$3.15**

***A Fresh Arrival of this Popular Morris Chair.*** Frame in polished oak or mahogany, large reversible cushions, covered with a fine grade of velour. The most comfortable chair on the market. You have paid $12 and $13 for the same article at other stores; our price.............. **$7.48**

***Only $11.48—***
***Regular Value $17.50.***

***Don't Delay Buying that Sideboard any Longer.***

Here's your chance—a polished Golden Oak Board—heavy beveled plate glass mirror, fancy top and carved base. Finish on this piece is extra fine. We never sold this sideboard before for less than $17.50—special for this week, only............ **$11.48**

**Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.**

Complete House Furnishers. Duluth, Minn.

**All Goods Sold on Easy Payments.**

## WERE MARRIED.

### Clandestine Marriage of Miss Marion Ray and Charles Goshaw Becomes Public.

Miss Marion Ray, daughter of Mrs. James D. Ray and connected with several of Duluth's most prominent families, was secretly married to Charles Goshaw, son of a First street blacksmith at West Superior, on April 23. This wedding has been rumored and denied for the past two months, but it is now admitted, as the bride's family is about to institute proceedings to annul the marriage contract. She is under 15 years of age—a mere school girl, and he 25 years of age.

They met last winter at the Union rink where Goshaw was employed and were in each other's company so much during the remainder of the winter that the girl's family prohibited her speaking or seeing him and did everything possible to break up what they at first considered simply a passing love affair. As soon as the family became aware of the marriage, the girl was taken to Europe and it is probable that she will not be brought back to this country, till the marriage is declared void. This seems more than probable as she was not old enough to assume her part of the marriage agreement, under the law.

The marriage was performed by J. B. French, a justice of the peace at West Superior, and according to the record the girl claimed to have been over 18 and Goshaw 27 and residents of that city. The marriage license was issued to Marion W. Ray and was secured five days in advance.

Soon after the Rays left for Europe young Goshaw mysteriously left town and an unconfirmed report was immediately circulated that he had shipped from New York, as a stoker on the same vessel that carried his wife as a first cabin passenger. Another report is that he is out in Montana, but even his own family is at a loss to account for his whereabouts.

The annulment proceedings will be pushed vigorously by Attorney D. G. Cash, who has all the necessary papers practically prepared.

### THREE BOYS IN COURT.

### According to Mrs. Lanzos' Story They Are Young Toughs.

If the story told by Mrs. Mary Lanzo is true, three young Garfield avenue boys have much deserved trouble coming to them. Mrs. Lanzo this morning swore out a warrant for the arrest of William Reamer, aged 16; Charles Reamer, aged 17; and William Graham, aged 16, charging them with assault.

She says that on Sunday evening she and another woman were standing on a corner waiting for a street car when the three boys came along, took her umbrella away from her and struck her. She had a rather badly discolored eye which she said was caused by one of the blows struck. The boys were arraigned this morning and all entered pleas of not guilty so the hearing was set for Friday afternoon.

Joseph Beauchamp was arrested on a complaint sworn out by H. C. Withrow, the humane agent, charging him with cruelty to animals. It was claimed that Beauchamp in a fit of temper jabbed a pitchfork into a horse belonging to the Duluth Ice company and the horse was so badly used up that it could not work for several days. He pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 and costs, or take ten days on the hillside proding the blunt end of a hammer into rocks. At noon today he had not indicated his choice.

Yesterday afternoon George Wales forfeited $20 bail by not appearing in court to stand trial for an attempt to wreck Paradise alley and brutally beating a white man and his wife, who tried to interfere with him.

### NOTHING IN THEM.

### County Orders Offer No Opportunity For Money-Making Now.

The men that used to make a little stake out of county orders have had to change their operations, for these little slips of paper no longer furnish profitable investment. Not that they are not valuable for they are worth their face every time. But they would be unprofitable investments on the same basis that bank notes would be. They are worth their face and no more, and there is no profit in dealing in them. This is because none of them stay out long enough to bear interest any more. During the dull times when the property owners of the county were less than half taxpayers and more than half of them were putting off payments to the limit, credit balances in the county treasury were not very common. Often when a levy was made not enough of it came in to meet the expenditures they were based upon it, so it was necessary to stamp orders that were issued "unpaid for want of funds," and then interest began to grow upon them at the rate of 7 per cent. In many cases holders preferred to have the orders shaved rather than wait for the money, so investors in county orders got them for less than their face value and then got interest on them.

It has been over a year, however, since orders have drawn interest, because the treasurer stands ready to pay any of them an presentation. Hence there is no object in investing in them any more, as they can be cashed for their face value anywhere.

The county has three new depositories, the Bank of Virginia, O. D. Kinney & Co., and the Bank of Ely.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

PROPOSE
AT
ONCE!

Delay it no longer! New married people and others find it easy to furnish their homes on the credit system at

**Gately's**

**Cash or Credit Store.**

Household Supplies,
Furniture, Clothing,
Mackintoshes.

**GATELY SUPPLY CO.,**

**8 East Superior Street.**

## BIG CROWD COMING

### Omaha Railroad Will Run Two Section Excursion Train In Here Saturday.

### IN LOWER MINNESOTA

### Start Will Be Made There By One--The Other From Elroy.

In two sections the Omaha road will bring an immense excursion to Duluth on Saturday. Advices received by the local offices of the road and the Duluth Improvement association indicate that it will be one of the largest of the season, especially as it is from a territory heretofore almost untouched by the popular excursions to the head of the lakes. Secretary Hill of the Improvement association was very busy today arranging for special accommodations, and says from assurances already received the excursionists can be entertained and cared for without inconvenience.

The first train comes from Mankato, leaving that city at 4:33 in the morning. Large crowds are expected from St. Peter, Ottawa, LeSeur, Hudson, River Falls, Menominee, Hammond, New Richmond, Shell Lake and Spooner. The train is scheduled to arrive here at 1:30 Saturday afternoon and will leave for the points mentioned on Sunday at 2:30.

The second train leaves Elroy, Wis., the same time the first is leaving Mankato, and its passengers will be from Black River Falls, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Chetek, Fairchild, Rice Lake and other points down the "Omaha" line. It will arrive here about the same time as the first section, and the return train leaves the Omaha depot at 3:30 on Sunday afternoon.

### BUTTER IS UP.

### Price Advances Somewhat---Milk Supply Is Short.

Butter has hunched up again as the result of decreased supplies of milk on account of the extremely hot weather. Creamery in tubs was quoted at 21½@22½, and fancy prints were as high as 23½, with 23 as the bottom figure. Fancy dairy was marked up to 18½@19, while 16@16½ was asked for a fair grade. Butter men say that the end is not yet, and that a further advance is a question of but a very short time.

Cheese sympathized with butter, there being an advance in all grades. For twins, flat, full cream, new, 12@12½ was asked; for full cream, young America, 13; Swiss No. 1, 14@14½; brick, No. 1, 11½@12.

Eggs took a brace, also, and were firm at 13½ cents.

Meats have advanced nearly all along the line, the quotations being as follows: Mutton, 8@8½; lamb, 8@9; dressed beef, 6½@8; hogs, 7½. Veal alone remains unchanged, at 8@9.

Poultry was held rather firm at the closing prices of last week: springs, 11@12; hens, 10; old roosters, 6@7; turkeys and geese, 8@9; ducks, 9.

Potatoes were steady at 33 cents as the ruling figure.

Messina lemons were up to $6.75@$7, and cucumbers down to 50@60.

**The Ladies' Guild of St Paul's Church**

Will give a day excursion on steamer Suit Thursday, Aug. 23, leaving the foot of Lake avenue at 10 o'clock. Tickets, 50c, on sale at Smith & Smith and Chamberlain & Taylor's. Children, 25c. Coffee served.

### Superior Democrats.

The delegates from Douglas county, Wis., to the Democratic state convention of Wisconsin held a meeting the other night to decide on their course at the convention. At the meeting D. W. Twohy, whom the convention instructed the delegates to work for a place on the state ticket, asked that his name be withdrawn. Attorney Louis Bohmrich, of Kenosha, seems to be the unanimous choice of Douglas county Democrats for the governor's chair. Following are the delegates who have gone to the Democratic state convention at Milwaukee: W. D. Dwyer, T. E. Lyons, G. C. Cooper, Ed Donley, Frank Schwallenbach, J. A. Hobe, Peter Schweitzer, D. W. Twohy, J. B. Noyes and James Bardon.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

### Will Go to Detroit.

The Uniform Rank of Knights of Pythias met last evening and decided to attend the annual encampment of the order at Detroit next week. The members will leave here over the South Shore railroad Friday evening, and will be accompanied by the Knights of Pythias band. The Grand Forks delegation will come here and go down with the Duluth men.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

### Taking a Rest.

Charles A. Towne, L. C. Harris and John Brady are at Pike Lake for an outing. C. J. Towne was out there also, but came in yesterday. C. A. Towne is taking a rest before starting on his speaking tour. He will speak here Monday evening and will leave next day for Idaho, and from then on will be in the fight until election day.

### Remunerative For the City.

The Saturday night raids on disorderly houses netted the city nearly $300. The proprietor of the Bowery hotel forfeited $125 for himself and one of the women, Irene Smith, known as the "Kid," and whose penchant for watering plants with seltzer siphons indirectly created all the disturbance, and "Big Marie" Hutchinson, each paid fines amounting to $17. Yesterday afternoon Nellie Lynch and Katherine Clements, arrested at 24 East First street, were fined $40 and $10 respectively and this afternoon Susie Jones and Anna Hanson forfeited $75 bail by not appearing in court.

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweetheart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
**$14---Detroit and Return---$14.**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

Play!

Any game you choose—you can keep your blood cool and your nerves steady by drinking plenty of

**HIRES Rootbeer**

The Favorite Temperance Drink.
A 25 cent package makes 5 gallons.
Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.

### CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

The wrestling match between Charles Halburg and Jack Anderson at the Parlor theater Friday evening of this week is attracting considerable attention, and no doubt will draw a full house. The style of the match is catch-as-catch-can, best three falls out of five. The purse is $100; winner to take all. This event will occur in conjunction with the fine vaudeville entertainment.

Unusual interest is being manifested in the musical readings by Mrs. Rathbone Carpenter of the four Wagner operas, comprising the "Ring of the Niebelungen," for which Mrs. Frederick B. Clark opens her home, at 1517 East Superior street, at 10:30 Tuesday and Friday morning of the next two weeks.

C. M. Hill has sold the East End livery to the Stewart Livery company and Harry Stewart will hereafter manage it. The sale included all the horses and vehicles except Mr. Hill's private rigs.

Duluth Elks will go to Brainerd tomorrow to assist in the installation of a lodge there and will return Friday.

The homing pigeon race between birds belonging to Frank Frerker and the A. Booth company, which was to have taken place yesterday was postponed until later because of the poor weather conditions.

John Rogers, of Carlton, died at St. Mary's hospital yesterday of appendicitis. The operation was too late to save his life.

Friends are congratulating Mrs. Duncan Meagher and D. N. Withrow, cards for whose engagement were issued yesterday. The wedding will take place this fall.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Alfred H. Farr and Margaret R. McKenzie, and to George Kruger and Hattie Franke, all of St. Louis county; to Moses J. Zalk, of St. Louis county, and Mrs. Dora Kohn, of Douglas county; and to Henry B. Puent, of Lake county and Petra Bertha Warmeba, of La Crosse, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Levy gave a card party at their home last evening for Miss Hirschmann, of St. Paul, a sister of Mrs. Levy. It was a Japanese affair and very handsome in every particular.

"If ever I cease to love" Kelly's clothes cleaning just shiver my timbers.

A very large and successful dance was given last evening in Columbia hall by Agate lodge No. 519 Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. Fully 160 couples were present and every detail of the big dance was arranged with faultless care. Di-Marco's orchestra furnished the music.

### Advertising Copy For Friday Herald

Must be ready Thursday afternoons to ensure insertion in all editions of Friday's paper. First copy in gets best positions.

### The Saturday Herald

Is the Sunday paper in all the iron range towns, and gives advertisements the largest circulation possible at the head of the lakes.

### Your Grocery Buying

Is made easy by consulting the lists of the popular price grocers in The Friday Herald.

### PERSONALS.

Mrs. P. Doran left today for Detroit and elsewhere in the East.

C. H. Carhart, of Grand Marais, is in the city.

W. N. Shepard, of Tower, was in the city yesterday.

H. D. Gee, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

Charles J. Johnson, of Grand Marais, is in the city.

D. H. Bacon left for Chicago yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. S. Lindahl, who has been in Duluth for a month visiting her son, F. E. Lindahl, of East Superior street, has returned to her home in Illinois.

Rev. Harry White, of the First Unitarian church of this city, has returned from his vacation. The first service at the church will be held Sept. 2.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Butchart and family have returned home from a three months' visit to Hamiota, Manitoba.

Charles D. Rowe and wife, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are in the city on a tour.

H. Chesebro, of Brooklyn, and F. Chesbro, of Sewickley, Pa., were registered at the Spalding today.

G. H. Adams and wife, of Lanota, Pa., are visiting in the city.

A. G. Cooper and wife, of Chicago, arrived on the steamer China this morning.

H. B. Schall and wife, H. A. Frexler and wife, of Allentown, Pa., make up a party that is stopping at the Spalding today.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Allen, of Marquette, called in the city today.

Dr. Walter F. Daly and daughter, and Miss Louise Brosman, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., came up the lakes on the China this morning.

Miss E. P. Ballentine, of Rochester, and H. P. Ballentine, of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., were among the vistors in the city today.

William Blodgett and wife, of Janesville, Wis., were registered at the St. Louis today.

William Crowe, of Lincoln, Neb., called in the city this morning.

Otto H. Schwunan and family of Fremont, Ill., were among the arrivals by boat today.

George Randolph, of Mine Center, was registered at the St. Louis today.

Miss Maude L. Brown and Miss Allie Brown, of Marquette, Mich., arrived in the city to spend a few days in pleasure and sightseeing.

### Woodmen's Picnic.

The Modern Woodmen will have their picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach. Naturally they are praying for dry weather, and while today does not look very promising, the weather man has been kind enough to predict fair weather for tomorrow. A fine program has been arranged and the Woodmen are anticipating a very fine time.

### Break In the Ranks.

While the Zenith Telephone company has been putting its 'phones in all over the city in large numbers, the railroad officials have been the only important places that have held out and declined to put them in. A break in the ranks has taken place however, and the Eastern Minnesota railway has installed Zenith 'phones in the ticket office and freight office. This will probably result in a general adoption of the Zenith 'phones by the railroad companies.

CONTRACT FOR GRADING SPUR.

Cass Lake, Minn., Aug. 22.—L. W. Huntley, of Grand Rapids, has been awarded the contract for grading the spur of the Great Northern from the main line to the Mississippi river. The spur is being put in for the purpose of enabling the Burlington Lumber company, of Burlington, Iowa, to haul its logs from Cass lake and dump them into the river between Grand Rapids and La Prairie. The spur will tap the main line near what is known as "French Town," and will be about a half mile long. There are about 3800 yards of excavating to be done, besides clearing the right-of-way. The company expects to be hauling logs about the 28th.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

## WILL OPEN AT DULUTH

### Charles A. Towne to Begin His Speaking Campaign at Armory Monday.

### TO BE STATE EVENT

### Speech Will Be Published By State Committee---Will Reply to Roosevelt.

Charles A. Towne will inaugurate his speaking tour in the interest of the candidacy of Bryan and Stevenson next Monday evening in his home city, Duluth.

The meeting is to be the greatest political demonstration the city has ever seen, if the people in charge can make it so, and the way they are going at their work indicates that they will. The Armory has been secured, and the entire evening's speaking will be given over to Mr. Town.

The speech which he will make will be a reply to the speech made by Governor Roosevelt in St. Paul, and also a discussion of the issues of the campaign. It will be more than a Duluth event; it will be a state event, and it is more than likely that a number of the leading Democratic politicians of the state will be present. The state committee will take the speech and publish it all over the state, and will use it as one of the campaign documents of the year.

Mr. Towne will be the leading speaker in the ranks of the fusion forces this year, and will work in the most conspicuous fields during the campaign. That he will inaugurate his tour here will give great pleasure to all Duluth Democrats, and the outpouring will undoubtedly make the Armory too small to accommodate the crowd. The interest in this meeting extends beyond the fusion party. Republicans, though they may not agree with his sentiments, will be glad to have the opportunity of hearing his exposition of the principles of the Democratic party, for there will be no speaker of the hustings this fall who will be better able to present the Democratic case than he.

## NOT GIVEN YET.

### One Cent Rate Not Cenceded to G. A. R. Veterans Thus Far.

The members of the G. A. R. at the head of the lakes are no nearer a 1-cent a mile rate to the national encampment at Chicago, than they were several days ago, at least that is the belief of the local railway officials, no advices to the contrary having been received up to this afternoon. From the Twin City papers of recent date it would seem that while there has been nothing new at this point, that there have been some developments there over the proposition at those places.

The Northern Pacific road has announced reduced rates from North Dakota points, that are taken to mean a basis of a cent a mile from the Twin Cities into Chicago. Some of the railway officials believe this was done to even up matters with the Great Northern for giving the official delegation from North Dakota a 1-cent rate. It is claimed that the Northern Pacific company's inducement to North Dakotans, on a basis of 1-cent a mile from the Twin Cities, means over any of the five Chicago lines, no understanding being made with any one line.

At a meeting of the officials of the Chicago lines in St. Paul, yesterday, a proposition from the Great Northern road asking that they haidle the North Dakota business on a 1-cent basis was turned down. They stated that they would adhere to the one-fare rate.

**M. W. A.**
**ANNUAL PICNIC.**
**O-at-ka Beach, Thursday, August 23rd.**
Dancing Afternoon and Evening.

### NOT IN POLITICS.

### United Mine Workers Will Keep Out of It.

Indianapolis, Aug. 22.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, said today that organization will take no part in politics this fall. He said:

"Politics will be eliminated, for the good of the organization, which is the most powerful labor body in the world. As a labor organization, we have made our influence widely felt, and I believe that the only way in which we can keep the respect we now have is by pursuing our present course."

### BRAVE MUSICIAN TITUS.

### The Man Who Scaled the Wall at Pekin.

Washington, Aug. 22.—The war department has prepared the following record of Musician Titus, who, according to the Associated Press dispatch published this morning from Pekin, scaled the wall with a rope by means of which the others climbed to the top:

"Calvin P. Titus enlisted April 5, 1899, at Wichita, Kas., aged 19½ years. This was his second enlistment, his last service being in Company K, First Vermont volunteer infantry, from which he was discharged Nov. 2, 1898. He was assigned to Company E, Fourteenth United States infantry. He was born in Vinton, Iowa. A cablegram from Pekin, dated the 17th, shows that he was wounded in the neck, slightly."

$11.00 SAULT STE. MARIE AND MACINAC ISLAND AND RETURN $11.00 Via Northern Steamship steamers. Choice of returning via steamer or D. S. S. & A. railway. For further information call No. 432 West Superior street.

WATSON'S JOLLY.

Belfast, Eug., Aug. 22.—The harbor commissioners today entertained the officers of the United States cruiser Baltimore at a public luncheon. Responding to the toast of his health, Rear Admiral Watson said, he personally, rejoiced at the extreme friendliness between Great Britain and the United States.

### SPEAKS AT TECUMSEH.

### Bryan Recalls An Incident of His Early Years.

Tecumseh, Neb., Aug. 22.—The train bringing Mr. Bryan from Auburn to this place was an hour late and he was compelled to cut short his stay in order to fill engagements. In the course of his brief remarks, Mr. Bryan related that he had made his first Fourth of July speech in this, Johnson county, twelve years ago.

"When I concluded" he said, "two men came to me and asked me whether I was a Democrat or Republican, but they don't have to do that any more. When a man makes a speech on the declaration of independence they know he is not a Republican."

Mr. Bryan left Tecumseh immediately after his speech for a 20 mile drive across the country to Pawnee City, where he spoke late in the afternoon.

### CASE IS CONTINUED.

### Henry Youtsey Is Given Time to Recuperate.

Georgetown, Ky., Aug. 22.—Judge Cantrill today said that Youtsey is not in physical condition to stand trial, and continued the trial until next term of court. A motion for a new trial in the Caleb Powers trial was made today.

### HANNA SCOUTS IT.

### He Cannot Believe That Carnegie Is For Bryan.

New York, Aug. 22.—Senator Hanna today, speaking of the report that Andrew Carnegie has announced himself for Bryan, said:

"It is ridiculous. I don't believe a word of it."

Governor Tanner of Illinois was at national Republican headquarters today and announced his intention of taking the stump for McKinley.

### KERR GETS A SNAP.

### Major Ordered to Berlin as the Military Attache.

Washington, Aug. 22.—Maj. John B. Kerr, Tenth cavalry, has been ordered to Berlin as military attache of the United States embassy there, and Capt. Slocum, Eighth cavalry, now at Lisbon, has been ordered to like duty at St. Petersburg.

Maj. Kerr is a native of Kentucky, having entered West Point from that state in 1868. He graduated in 1870, when he was assigned to the Sixth cavalry, with which he served until his promotion to the Tenth cavalry, October, 1898. He was badly wounded in the Santiago campaign. He has for a year been on duty in Paris in connection with the exposition.

Capt. Slocum has just returned from duty in the field with the English army in South Africa. He is the graduate of the infantry and cavalry school of the class of 1883. He was appointed to the army from New York.

### RECOGNIZES MURPHY.

### He Is the Actual State Leader, Croker Says.

New York, Aug. 22.—Former United States Senator Edward Murphy came to this sity today and met Richard Croker, leader of Tammany Hall, at the Hoffman house. At the close of the conference it was announced that Mr. Murphy will remain here until after the election. Mr. Murphy said he expects to co-operate with the state committee for the election of W. J. Bryan. Mr. Croker gave out a statement to the effect that he recognized Mr. Murphy as the actual Democratic leader of the state.

It has been reported for several days that Mr. Murphy intends to open state headquarters independently of the Democratic state committee.

### MINNEAPOLIS GETS IT.

### J. W. Clark Wrests Chess Championship From Hillman.

Minneapolis, Aug. 22.—J. W. Clark, of this city, yesterday defeated W. O. Hillman, of St. Paul, in the final game for the state championship at chess. Score: Hillman, 1; Clark, 3. Mr. Hillman won the title of champion at the last meeting of the association.

ELEVATOR FIRE.

Akron, Ohio, Aug. 22.—Fire today in the elevator of the American Cereal company here caused a loss of $75,000. Fire and water ruined 150,000 bushels of grain.

ARTIST DEAD.

London, Aug. 22.—Thomas Faed, the artist, is dead. He was born in 1826, became a member of the Royal academy in 1864 and retired in 1893.

THE CHILDREN'S LUNCH.

Luncheon as a midday meal belongs to modern times, as it was unknown until the present century. It now occupies an important place, particularly in households where it constitutes the children's dinner, and yet even there frequently meets with inexcusable neglect in quantity, quality and car in preparation, says an exchange. How often the information below stairs, "Bridget, I am going out and shall not be home for lunch." Alas, poor children!

Mamma shops, makes social visits and enjoys herself generally while Bridget sharing her mistress' opinion that "anything will do for luncheon" serves the hungry children with a sort of house picnic, pie, cake, preserves, usually the leftovers of the dinner of the previous evening. "Bless their hearts, how they do enjoy it!" is Bridget's only comment, for how can she know anything of the after effects of this unwise indulgence upon the poor tired little stomachs and brains? She has her work to do and suits her convenience as to time, therefore the luncheon is a movable feast when madam is out, today at 1 o'clock, tomorrow possibly at 2, and so on. It goes without saying that a mother who permits this state of affairs is culpable and wholly responsible for the injury it results in to her children.

AMERICA SETS THE STYLE.

Among other things the Parisians are learning from the great crowd of American women who are attending the Paris exposition is how to dress properly, says the Washington Times. It is noticeable everywhere in France that the ladies from this country who are visiting the big cities of that country as a part of their attendance at the exposition are dressed in better taste than ever a Parisian dreamed of. The Western Continent before very long will take away the palm of setting the fashions from the dressmakers and milliners on the other side of the Atlantic.

FROZEN MELON.

Cut a watermelon in half, remove the ripe portion and with a fork break into small pieces, removing the seed. Put in an ice-cream freezer, first removing the dasher; pack with salt and ice and let it stand three hours. Serve in the half shell of the melon, its upper edge cut in points of any design desired.

**Selling Burrows' Bench-Made and Hanan's best grades of $6, $5.50 and $5.00 Tan and Russet Shoes for only $3.50 will be a SPECIAL FEATURE in the Shoe Department tomorrow.**

Great Eastern

**Mackintoshes.**

We're liable to have more or less rainy weather for the next month or two, and you might just as well get your Mackintosh now.

**A Special Mackintosh Bargain for this week.**

30 light colored Covert Cloth Mackintoshes, cut extra long, well made; absolutely water-proof, but can be worn for protection from cold weather as well as rainy—a very serviceable coat for all occasions. All sizes from 34 to 48; price $4.00.

Everything that's new in Mackintoshes here at $8, $10, $12 to $25.

**Umbrellas.**

A lot received this morning shows some strikingly new and original things in handles; light strong frames—$1.00, $2.00, $2.50 to $10.00.

**M. S. Burrows**

**National Encampment G. A. R.**
**Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.**

$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
**$14---Detroit and Return---$14**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
**$14---Detroit and Return---$14**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**Social Dance**

Given by the Original Midnight Stars at Lester Park, Thursday evening August 23rd. LaBrosse's Orchestra. J. McLaughlin, Prompter.

Tickets, 50c.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

**ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.**

Sold in Duluth at

**The Ideal Beer Hall.**

**HAIR** and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25.00. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

**MME. BOYD,** 216 W. Superior St., Duluth
1803 Tower Avenue, Superior.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE W & MICHIGAN ST.

# Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

# FARMERS' GATHERING

## A Large Number of Delegates at the Colorado Springs Congress.

## TALK BY WHITTAKER

## The Dairy Commissioner of Massachusetts Makes An Address.

Colorado Springs, Col., Aug. 22.—The attendance at the twentieth annual session of the farmers' congress was largely increased today by the arrival of the Illinois and several other Eastern delegations, who came by special train from Chicago. The number of delegates now here is nearly 1400. State Engineer McCune, of Colorado, and other representatives of Western states are making efforts to have the congress adopt resolutions on the question of irrigation.

The addresses on the program for the morning session were: "Natural Resources of the South," J. B. Killebrew, Tennessee; "Dairying," G. M. Whittaker, dairy commissioner of Massachusetts. Mr. Whittaker said in part:

The dairyman is a manufacturer, and the ordinary laws of business apply to him as well as to the manufacturer of cloth or jack-knives. The essentials in manufacturing are three: First, the technical, the know how; second, executive, the ability to produce at the lowest cost; third, commercial, the ability to sell, and at a profit.

As the result of the information given freely by state and national bulletins and at a nominal price by newspapers and books, the average American dairyman is an extremely intelligent man; yet strange to say thousands are deficient in available knowledge. Ignorance is not the only stumbling block in the way of the best quality of dairy products. Carelessness is its twin, and the bane of dairying.

The manufacturer must have executive ability to keep down the expense per unit of finished product so that the goods can be sold at a profit. Too much idle or unprofitable capital is frequently found in dairying. The cost of making butter at different creameries varies 100 per cent, according to the amount of business done. If the millions of dollars invested in farm and dairying machinery could be made to turn out a little more work without extra expense the cost of production would be thereby decreased. Cost of production is greatly enhanced in many cases because cows are kept which produce much less than they should do. When some cows produce 455 pounds of butter per year and the average is only 150 to 175, there must be a wide range in the cost per pound.

Commercial skill is not confined to Yankee shrewdness at a bargain but comprehends ability in catering to and anticipating public wants, a knowledge of statistics and the world's markets, transportation problems, economic questions, legislation relating to fraudulent imitations.

The annual value of the dairy products of the nation is in round figures $500,000,000. In the forty years previous to the census of 1890 population had increased 174 per cent but the number of milch cows had increased but 166 per cent. In the East, the old dairy center, the increase in milch cows was but 50 per cent, while in the North Central division the increase was 700 per cent. In the Dakotas the increase in thirty years was 1050 per cent.

The production of butter has increased more rapidly than the increase in population. The census of 1850 reported 13.51 pounds per capita, the census of 1890, 19.24 pounds. One-half of the butter production is in seven states. The largest butter state is Iowa, making 10.4 per cent of the country's production; next comes New York with 9.2 per cent, and Pennsylvania third, with 8 per cent. This large increase of production shows the importance of a foreign outlet to prevent the surplus from unduly depressing the home market. Exports during the last ten years have fluctuated between 6,000,000 and 31,000,000 pounds. For the year ending June 30, 1899, the amount was 20,000,000 pounds.

The production of milk for consumption is the second largest branch of the industry, using the product of 500,000 cows. The production of sale milk has received less attention than its magnitude warrants. Being a perishable product and often marketed in small quantities, statistics have been hard to gather. In Boston with a population of 750,000 people, the large wholesalers brought into the city in the year 1899, 95,000,000 quarts. Estimating the amount from other sources at 25,000,000, we have 120,000,000 quarts. The farmers netted on an average at least 2½ cents per quart, which makes the business to them worth $3,000,000. In New York with twice the population of Boston figures based upon the amount required to furnish the sale of milk, cream and condensed milk used in the city are placed at 584,000,000 quarts per year. At 2½ cents per quart this amounts to $14,600,000. When we consider the large number of cities and towns dependent upon the daily milk can, we can partially realize the importance of this business.

Condensed milk is a feature of dairying which has been increased rapidly during the last twenty years. None is mentioned in the census of 1870, but the census of 1890 reports 38,000,000 pounds. Exports of condensed milk are increasing rapidly and in 1899 were $1,000,000. The exports go largely to England, Hawaii, Cuba, Japan, China and Bermuda.

Cheese is relatively of the least account in American dairying, calling for the production of 1,000,000 cows. While the production of butter increased one-third during the decade included between the census of 1880 and 1890, the production of cheese declined one-third from 27,000,000 to 18,000,000 pounds. Two states produced nearly three-quarters of the whole quantity of cheese manufactured in the country. New York leads with 40.3 per cent, while Wisconsin is second with 21.3 per cent. The manufacture of cheese in factories has practically killed out farm dairy cheese. The exports of cheese have declined from 127,000,000 pounds in 1880 to 38,000,000 pounds in 1899. Of this latter amount, England, direct or through Canada, took 36,000,000 pounds.

There are two kinds of oleomargarine. The first is the ideal, which is the article of the laboratory, the study or the office, talked about by men who have no knowledge of the actual business. The second is the common imitation butter found in stores, peddlers' wagons and boarding houses. The ideal oleomargarine is a mixture of tallow, lard and cotton seed oil, all wholesome food products against which little can be said from the standpoint of health. The yellow oleomargarine of commerce has the above constituents, but is prepared to counterfeit butter and is sold fraudulently in a majority of cases. It may be questionable legislation to restrict the sale of the first kind of oleomargarine, but that is a creature of the imagination. On the other hand, there is every reason for regulating or suppressing the fraud which is rarely sold on its merits but which owes its commercial value to the skill of the counterfeiter. The most logical way to restrict the sale of the counterfeit is to strike at the root of the evil, to forbid the introduction of the element which constitutes the frauds, namely: The color. There is as much food value in white oleomargarine as in yellow. Massachusetts has a law which prohibits the sale of colored oleomargarine. Connecticut has a similar law. Statistics of the internal revenue department shows that the consumption of oleomargarine per capita in Rhode Island with no law is $.45 pounds. In Massachusetts the amount is only .73 of a pound, and in Connecticut it is as small as .15. Everything possible should be done to make permanent the legislation, the constitutionality of which was affirmed by the majority of the supreme court, and as it may sometime be reversed it is essential that we should push section 1 of the Grout bill so-called, which makes oleomargarine brought into any state, subject to the laws of that state. As to placing a heavy internal revenue tax upon it, while from the abstract standpoint I do not like the idea of suppressing a fraud by making it a subject theoretically of national revenue, under our dual system of government there is no other way of striking a national blow. Furthermore, the oleomargarine people cannot legitimately complain of this tax. A person seeking equity must go into court clean handed. If the oleomargarine interests appeal to the people claiming that an 8-cent or 10-cent tax would be inequitable, we have a right to inquire into their antecedents and if we find that they have a fraud-tainted reputation they are debarred from all consideration.

Another product giving considerable thought to those interested in dairy legislation, is renovated butter. In the hands of the average retailer it is sold dishonestly, and therefore injures the market for better goods. On this account a few of the states require this product to be branded or labelled "rancorated butter."

In conclusion. The dairy outlook seems to me to be bright, though not without some discouraging features. The high prices of the past have gone and there is danger of sharp competition from foreign markets and the outlook seems very promising. With increasing intelligence and skill the quality of dairy products will increase and this will create a larger demand. Increasing prosperity and refinement will also swell the demand for the choicest dairy products and give ability and willingness to pay advanced prices for fancy cream, butter and cheese. Greater intelligence will also make the consuming public better appreciate the food value and the relative cheapness of milk and cheese. The rate of increasing production of butter cannot be maintained. The comparatively newer portions of our country which at first were purely agricultural, are developing flourishing cities and towns, whose population will be consumers without producers. The Central and Western portions of the nation will hereafter show a smaller number of cows in proportion to population, and larger amounts of dairy products will be consumed at home. I am told that already these places are making such demands upon the Chicago market that it is less dependent upon Boston and New York than it was a few years ago. This large increase in population will do much to relieve any congestion in the markets at the great centers. As regards cheese, it would seem that the bottom of the ladder had been reached, and that the business could not be much worse than it is. This means that there must be an improvement. New inventions and increased cooperation will reduce cost of production and all things considered, I do not know of any form of manufacturing, unless it be something protected by patent, where the outlook is more favorable than is the manufacture of dairy products.

## TRUSTS AND TRAVELING MEN.

### Address By National Committee of Commercial Travelers.

In the discussion of "the paramount issue" the members of the Commercial Travelers' Democratic committee have not lost sight of the one particular grievance for which they hold the Republican party to account.

The cry of prosperity does not deceive the men who have lost their positions on account of the organization of trusts under the favorable rule of McKinley and Hanna.

The following open letter, issued recently, is to be circulated broadcast through the mails:

"To the Commercial Travelers of the United States: The trusts have thriven and grown fat under Republican rule. They know it, and the people know it. The trusts know that as long as the Republican party is continued in power they will continue to grow fat.

"It is no wonder, then, that they view with alarm the tendency of the present campaign which is focusing upon them the bright, white light of publicity, in which their misdeeds and oppressions stand out, not as prophecies, but as facts; not as things to be, but as things which have been, and are well known.

One of the most telling charges made against these monster monopolies is the fact that they have relieved thousands of traveling salesmen of their jobs.

"The people may pay enhanced prices on every article they put in their houses, on their backs, or in their stomachs, and not know for a long time at least who is responsible for raising the price on them. But when a traveling salesman loses his job he knows about it right away; he also knows how it happened and who is responsible; he talks about it and so do his fellow-travelers on the road.

"The trusts in all their oppressive campaigns against the rights and property of the people have raised no more dangerous or potent enemy than the discarded salesman and his fellow who still holds his job, but knows that he must go, too, as soon as the great dragnet gets around to the concern for which he travels.

"The statement that 23,000 traveling salesmen were thrown out of employment by the amalgamation of 2314 independent concerns into 100 gigantic trusts has disturbed their equanimity. They themselves are beginning to realize the enormity of their offense, not because they are repentant, but because they fear the effect this may have on themselves through its effect upon the pending election. They will no doubt not make the fight in the open, because they hate the light, but by every indirect and insidious means they will endeavor to disprove the truth in their attempts to counteract the effect of this statement. They may go so far as to make sworn statements that they have not materially cut down the force of traveling salesmen or reduced their salaries or commissions, but this will not convince the man who received in his Saturday's mail a notice that his 'services are no longer needed' that he still has a job; neither will it compensate the one who has been fortunate enough to be retained for the cut in his salary or commission.

"The trusts are neither honest nor consistent. They say to the people, 'We cut expenses to give you the benefit of the saving,' and then they have the impudence to say that they have not curtailed expenses. The fact is that a well-organized trust is like the darky's trap—it catches the coon 'a-comin' and a-gwine.' They raise the prices of every article they control—and they now control almost everything that goes into the living—and at the same time they cut the salaries of everybody that works for them.

"They are the great menace of this country, the commercial plague of the century, the beast of Revelations to which all must pay tribute.

"They control state and national legislation, escape taxation and evade the just burdens of the government, while they construct and maintain tariffs to suit their selfish ends and greedy purposes. They imperil traffic, stagnate trade, regulate foreign and interstate commerce, declare quarterly dividends on watered stock and make fortunes every year while robbing the people. The commercial travelers, who are now heading the fight against these greedy monopolies, are fighting not only for their firesides, but for the liberties of the people and for our free institutions.

"JAMES W. JUMP, Chairman.

"J. E. PITTS, Secretary."

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

**Beautify Your Home**

With Handsome Rugs, made from your old carpets. Send postal card or telephone No. 4100, and we will call for your carpets and receive your orders. Carpets cleaned. Goods called for and delivered.

**Superior Rug and Carpet Cleaning Co.**

522 John Avenue, West Superior, Wis.
Telephone (Zenith)—No. 4100.

# HOT SHOT BY BRYAN

(Continued from page 1.)

the American people. Nobody can haul our flag down against our will, but the American people have the right to put it up where they want and to take it down where they desire. The flag is the servant of the nation, the people are not the servants of the flag.

If that is true, how are you going to bring the American troops back from Pekin? They planted the American flag there. I want the American flag to come down from the Philippine islands in order that a flag of a republic might rise in its place. I would rather that we have two flags representing two republics than one representing an empire. If any Republican says that we cannot take it down in the Philippine island, I want to remind you Republicans that our flag floats in Cuba and that the Republican president promised to haul down the flag in Cuba as soon as the Cuban flag is ready to rise in its place.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

# WISCONSIN.

## Democratic Convention to Name a State Ticket Meets In Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Aug. 22.—The Democratic state convention for the nomination of a full ticket was called to order at the Pabst theater by State Chairman George W. Peck, at noon today. The main floor was given over to the delegates, the onlookers occupying the balconies. The theater was prettily decorated with a profusion of the national colors. The most striking part of the decorations was a huge picture of William Jennings Bryan, which was draped in national colors and placed on the front of the stage.

Chairman Peck introduced Clark L. Hood, of La Crosse, as the temporary chairman, who sounded the key note of the campaign.

Mr. Hood spoke for an hour and confined his remarks mainly to criticising the Republican party. He started out by alluding to the conditions of four years ago, when many of the Democratic leaders opposed the Chicago platform and "kicked over the traces; the wheel horses had balked and we were left without leadership." He then congratulated the convention that every one of those who opposed the party four years ago are with the party today, and said he thought he could safely say that there is not a Democrat in the United States today who is not in favor of of the Kansas City platform. He believed that any man who got far enough to vote would vote the Democratic ticket, and that any man who can look at the Republican party from outside will never go into it. He would not enter into discussion of the money question, he said, but criticised the Republicans because, after promising four years ago to promote bimetallism, they had failed to meet their pledge and adopted a gold standard.

Trusts he characterized as an ulcerous growth of the body politic. What shall we do with them? he asked. He said McKinley was a friend of the trusts and would do nothing to put them down. Bryan, he said, was an enemy to trusts. Replying to his question, he said, "We will capture the thief first and then try him." The people had confidence in the integrity and ability of William Jennings Bryan, he said, and if elected he would find a way to correct the trust evil.

Referring to the newly acquired territory, he said the United States was holding people with taxation without representation, and violated the injunction of the founders of the republic.

He said that prosperity did not exist, and that the Republicans, when asked where it is, said, "'Tis not here nor there—just over there—somewhere else." Merchants', manufacturers' and laborers' faces were long. He pointed to the spindles running to manufacture cloth for the army as the only thing prosperous. He charged the Republicans with putting Chinese and Malay labor in competition with the American workingman. He closed by predicting that the increased demand for soldiers, if the rapid rate continues, will be followed by the draft process.

When Mr. Hood had concluded, committees were appointed on credentials, permanent organization and resolutions and a recess taken until 2:30 p. m.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

### Homeseekers Excursion August 21

To points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia and many other Western and Southern states. One fare, plus $2, for round trip; tickets good twenty-one days, via Northern Pacific railway. Further particulars at City Ticket office, No. 332 West Superior St.

### Wisconsin State Democratic Convention

Milwaukee, Aug. 22.—$11.30 for round trip, from Duluth or West Superior. Choice of routes, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 21-22, return Aug. 24. Full particulars city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior St.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

**A Bargain For 10 Days.**

We will offer 1602 Jefferson street. This house was built just as men build who spare no expense for a permanent home.

**Interstate Land and Investment Company,**
No. 605 Palladio Building.

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF DULUTH property, well rented and centrally located, which will net 17½ per cent on an investment of $2750. D 64, Herald.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows will arrive Thursday, Aug. 23. S. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S BICYCLE, good as new. 14 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 940.

FOR SALE—NICELY FURNISHED modern boarding house in best location in the city, 34 rooms, with excellent class boarders and rooms. Paying well but selling out on account of poor health. Address R 64, Herald.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. 1107 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—FOUR NICE FURNISHED rooms, all complete for housekeeping. Address R 77, Herald.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE—ONLY used a few months. Cheap for cash. Address A, Herald.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE FOR LIGHT housekeeping, cheap. Call at 308 Fourteenth avenue east, forenoons.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOLDING bed and wardrobe. 209 West Third street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD furniture. Emil Carlson, 1926 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 940 or 597.

**PIANO** CHICKERING UPRIGHT, elegant French walnut case; cost $400 six months ago. I will take $265. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

FOR SALE—BOARDINGHOUSE, DOING good business. R 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING RESTAURANT, with complete outfit. Owner selling on account of ill health. Good transient trade and steady boarders. Address R 52, Herald.

**$165** $165 BUYS ELEGANT UPRIGHT mahogany case piano. Knabe, cheap. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

**Barrett & Zimmerman,**

Largest Horse and Mule Dealers in the Northwest.

Will hold an auction sale Aug. 29. Private sales daily. Have 600 head drafters, farm mares, drivers and mules always on hand. Part time given if desired.

**$20** ORGAN, FINE TONE, WORTH $50; fine walnut case. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

J. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIABLE sale stable, have moved to their new location in the Union rink, corner Third avenue east and First street; will also handle full line of carriages, wagons, etc.

### PAPER HANGING AND PAINTING.

IF YOU HAVE PAPER HANGING OR painting to do in your house, artistic or plain, deal direct with skilled workmen at a reasonable price. Ring up Tel. 659, and we will call at your house, see your work and give you our figures.

### MEDICAL.

**VIRTUAMA** French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co.; Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia, Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburne; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

**MEN** NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Lyceum and other druggists; mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

### FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

### MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, FEMALE complaints. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

### HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

WHEN IN DULUTH, STOP AT THE Scandia Hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

### PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 329 West First street.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

**MAGINNIS & SON,**
*Forest Reserve,*
*Soldiers' Additional,*
*Pine and Iron Lands*
*Bought and Sold.*
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

### WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK. No. 2016 East Second street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER, also waist and skirt finisher. Rooms 5-6, over Suffel's.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 4 St. Elmo flat.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FIRST grade teacher for school district No. 10, Canosia (Pike Lake); lady preferred; one who has taught in this state. H. Hanson, clerk, Canosia, Minn.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 1010 East Second street.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO IS A GOOD cook, washer and ironer. A man is employed and there are two in family. Call before 11, and between 2 and 4, or in the evening. 1201 London road.

WANTED—LADIES TO WORK FOR the Standard Dress Cutting company, 1502 Belknap avenue, two blocks east of West Superior hotel, West Superior, Wis. Miss S. E. McKun, manager.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in family of three. 1614 East South street.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED FOR general housework. Small family. Good wages. Inquire at No. 5 Twelfth avenue east.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL FOR A boarding house. 613 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. Best wages. 1717 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 326 East Second street.

WANTED — WOMAN COOK FOR boarding house. 27 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 220 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 230 FOURTEENTH avenue east. Mrs. E. J. Duffies.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. 513 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. No children. Good wages. Apply mornings or evenings, 330 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3 Adams flats.

**STENOGRAPHERS.**

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

### WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER; none other need apply. Lyceum barber shop.

WANTED—MAN TO DO GENERAL work. Apply at 5131 London road.

WANTED—SOLICITORS. SALARY AND commission. No experience required. The Cable company, No. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY AT Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COATMAKERS. Mies.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN BARBER trade. 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—JANITOR, MUST BE MARRIED man without children, with good references. No other need apply. No. 205 Lyceum.

WANTED—MACHINIST. ONE A NO. 1 all-around machinist, acquainted with general sawmill and repair work, must be an A No. 1 man. Best of wages paid. Steady job guaranteed. Parish Manufacturing company, Ashland, Wis.

TWENTY MEN WANTED TO MIX CONCRETE on new power station, Hancock, Mich.

**R. R. Contractors**

WANTED—SUB-CONTRACTORS—WITH car outfits for new railroad contract on Northern Pacific at Bemidji. Call or write for particulars. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan St.

**MEN WANTED.**

100 men for North Dakota railroad work. $2 per day, ship every night. 50 men for Michigan, day or station work; free fare. 50 men near Virginia and Hibbing; free fare. Harvest tickets to Dakota.

**National Employment Co.,**
431 West Michigan Street.

### WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING AND ironing by the day. Address D 63, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER. Call at 226 West Third street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSITION as clerk, well acquainted with office routine, or clerkship in store. Can take dictation if necessary. D 62, Herald.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WITH GOOD reference would like a home with an elderly couple or lady. D 69, Herald.

WANTED—BY ALL AROUND MAN, work of any kind. Driving or care of gentleman's place preferred. Address D 38, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE AS cook. D 40, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WORK BY the day; house cleaning, washing, ironing, or anything. D 39, Herald.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY washing and cleaning. 1103 East Second street. Call evenings.

WANTED—PLACES TO DO WASHING and house cleaning, scrubbing or taking care of offices. 632 West First street.

### LOST.

LOST—BRINDLE COW, ROPE AROUND horns. Return to 1107 West Fifth street.

LOST AMETHYST RING, THURSDAY evening on London road. Finder please leave at Herald office.

### PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRVOYANT, 704 East Second.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### FOR RENT—HOUSES.

**FOR RENT.**

TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES; ONE $4.50, and one $5.00 per month; neat, comfortable and 15 minutes from center of city. Ample yard around them.

**Chas. P. Craig & Co., Herald Bldg**

FOR RENT—CORNER HOUSE, ASHTABULA terace, Sept. 1. R. T. Lewis.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALLY located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR WINTER, FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED suite of two or three rooms; stationary wash bowl, fairly modern house; private family; reference exchanged; not for light housekeeping. A 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED parlor and bedroom. 404 Lowell block.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, also one furnished room. 925 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, heat, bath. No. 7, Mason flat.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for couple light housekeeping. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND unfurnished basement. 230 West Second street.

### FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATED flats; gas ranges; laundry. MacGregor, 6 Exchange building.

### OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

LADY TO BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. D 65, Herald.

GOOD TABLE BOARD, AND A LARGE cheerful room with all modern conveniences. Two gentlemen preferred. No. 318 West Second street, Duluth.

### WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. 15, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, with steam or furnace heat, from now until May 1. R 78, Herald.

WANTED—UNTIL MAY 1, SIX OR eight room flat, unfurnished, centrally located. No children. Address Z 23, Herald.

### HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1526 East South street.

### SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting Aug. 20, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 27, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 12, 1900. Work, ——— Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Aug. 7, 1900. Work, ——— Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Aug. 21, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree; in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G. W. Marquart, Sec'y.

SILVER LODGE, NO. 200, I. O. O. F. meets Wednesday evening, Aug. 22, Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Work in initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

### CLOTHES REPAIRING.

SPECIAL PRICES ON CLOTHES cleaning. Pants presed, 10c. Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c. We guarantee a first-class job. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

### WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

### OSTEOPATHY.

OSTEOPATHY IN 410 AND 411 BURROWS building. We treat successfully all curable diseases. Special attention to female diseases. Free consultation. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. L. Miller, M. D., D. O.; Carrie B. Miller, D. O.

### PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

## STEAMSHIP TIME TABLES.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**
EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2 p. m. for Sault Ste Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 9 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, September 18th. J. G. MOONEY Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

**ISLE ROYALE ROUTE**
*STEAMER BON AMI.*

Leave Singer's dock Monday and Thursday, 8 a. m. For Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Washington Harbor, (Isle Royale), Eagle Harbor, Houghton, Hancock and intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, 2 Lyceum Bldg.
W. H. SINGER, Lake Ave. and Canal.

EXCURSION AROUND THE HORN SUNDAYS
3 p. m. and 7 p. m.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

### DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 2:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 2:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar...... Wolf .....Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 1:03 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar..... Sparta .....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar..... Biwabik .....Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar..... Mt. Iron .....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar..... Hibbing .....Lv | 12:15 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

### DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 8:15 p.m. | Lv...... Duluth ......Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar...... Virginia .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p. m. | Ar...... Eveleth .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar........ Ely ........Lv | 7:19 a.m. |

### EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

| Leave | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 30 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>... AND MINNEAPOLIS ... | †1 20 pm<br>*7 00 am |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | | |
| *7 55 am<br>†3 05 pm | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points | *6 43 pm<br>†11 50 am |

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

### NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8:35 am | St. Paul, Mpls. | **3:05 pm |
| *4:30 pm | ...Twilight Limited... | *9:59 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago Milwaukee, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Appleton, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Oshkosh, Fond du Lac | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | ......FAST MAIL...... | *10 30 am |

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

### NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

| Leave— | | Arrive— |
|---|---|---|
| *4 00 pm | Ashland and East | *11 15 am |
| *8 05 am | North Coast Limited | *4 55 pm |
| *7 30 pm | Pacific Express | *7 55 am |

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| †9 00 am<br>*1 55 pm<br>*11 15 pm | St. Paul and Minneap'lis | *6 45 am<br>†2 00 pm<br>*7 00 pm |

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

### DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave | **Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| **7 00 pm<br>*8 15 am | BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS | [illegible] |

Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table

SHOULD TRY THE——

**WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.**

DINING CAR SERVICE.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points

*EAST AND SOUTH.*

Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv... W. Superior ...Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 4:35 p.m. | Lv..... Superior .....Ar | 10:37 a.m. |
| 7:28 p.m. | Lv..... Ashland .....Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 4:14 a.m. | Ar..... Neenah .....Lv | 11:55 p.m. |
| 4:34 a.m. | Ar..... Oshkosh .....Lv | 11:31 p.m. |
| 5:09 a.m. | Ar...Fond du Lac ..Lv | 10:56 p.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar.... Milwaukee ....Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar..... Chicago .....Lv | 6:15 p.m. |

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or

W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior Street — General Agent

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited.

Only Perfect Train in the World.

Best Dining Car Service.

LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Genl. Pass Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

**SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.** | **SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.** | **SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.**

# Advance Autumn Sale of Blankets and Comfortables.

Big, soft, heavy, warm, Winter Blankets and Comfortables for about a third less than prices will be later—These Blankets and Comforts are from the best in this country and housekeepers are as familiar with their names as with our own school house—it won't take you but a minute to find out that they are the best Blankets and Comforts for the money we ever sold at such prices—some new Cotton Blankets and Comforts and Pillows have been added to get the price range complete—this list will guide you further—Blanket Department—right of store—rear.

## Cotton Blankets.

**73x56 inch good gray Cotton Blankets,** in gray only, with pretty red borders, full size, standard make; advance sale price 65c pair.

**73x56-inch fine white Cotton Blankets,** with borders of red and blue, very soft finish, regular sheet blankets; advance sale price 75c pair.

**74x58 inch pretty new White Cotton Blankets,** borders of red and blue, with pretty crochet edges; advance sale price 80c pair.

**76x60 inch handsome tan Cotton Blankets,** very fine quality, colorings beautiful, extra full size; advance sale price 95c pair.

**72x60 inch fancy striped Cotton Blankets,** colors of tan and blue, proper goods for bath robes; advance sale price $1.00 pair.

**74x68 inch silver gray Cotton Blankets,** borders of red and blue, a good warm blanket; advance sale price $1.00 pair.

**78x72 inch heavy gray Cotton Blankets,** very pretty colored borders, large and heavy; advance sale price $1.69 pair.

## Wool Blankets.

**72x85 inch gray Wool Blankets** with red and blue borders, cotton and wool mixed, a very soft finish, warm and durable; advance sale price $3.39 a pair.

**72x85 inch white Wool Blankets,** borders of pink, blue and red, considered 40 per cent cotton, beautiful finish, will not shrink—best make of goods; advance sale price $3.25 a pair.

**77x63 inch red Wool Blankets** with pretty black borders, all pure wool, best the market offers; advance sale price $3.98 a pair.

**72x85 inch white wool Blanbets**—Clean and pretty borders, positively all wool, good and substantial; advance sale price $5.98 a pair.

**72x85 inch silver gray wool Blankets,** very best North Star goods, all pure wool, full size; advance sale price $6.75 a pair.

**72x85 inch white wool Blankets,** very handsomely silk bound, one of the finest grades North Star goods; advance sale price $7.25 a pair.

**72x85 inch white wool Blankets,** borders or rich colorings, made of best selected wools; advance sale price $9.75 a pair.

All other finer grades at reduced prices for this sale only.

## Comfortables.

**72x64 inch good Comfortables,** covering of silkoline, filled with a fair quality of batting, assorted colors; advance sale price 95c.

**72x64 inch fine Comfortables,** pretty sateen covering, plain lined, good cotton filling; advance sale price $1.39.

**75x70 inch handsome Tied Comfortables,** fine cambric covering, reversible, extra good filling; advance sale price $1.50.

**74x64 inch beautiful Tied Comfortables,** silkoline covering, reversible, soft and light to handle, best filling; advance sale price $1.75.

**76x68 inch extra fine Comfortables,** most exquisite patterns, sateen covering, very best filling; advance sale price $2.25.

**76x68 inch reversible Tied Comfortables,** corded edge, French figured cambric covering, choice filling; advance sale price $2.25.

**76x68 inch best reversible Comfortables,** best French sateen coverings, selected cotton down; advance sale price $3.75.

## Pillows At Special Prices

**6-lb Pillows** of blue stripe ticking, good mixed feathers; advance sale price 98c a pair.

**7-lb Pillows,** fancy stripe tickings, pure odorless feathers; advance sale price $1.50 a pair.

**7-lb Pillows,** fancy ticking, good clean feathers; advance sale price $2.25 a pair.

**6-lb Pillows,** handsome art ticking, excellent geese feathers; advance sale price $3.75 a pair.

Blanket Department—Right of store, rear.

**Special!** Extra heavy Skirtings, $1.25—Special attention is called to a line of Extra Heavy Kersey for unlined skirts; these goods came today. Shades—brown, gray, blue and castor; are 56 inches wide, and will be placed on sale tomorrow at the very low price of—per yard **$1.25**

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

### K. P. Conclave Via Northwestern Line.

Time, only 27 hours and 20 minutes. Fare, only $19.85 for round trip, via Milwaukee, with delightful day trip across Lake Michigan. Special arrangements have been made for this service, and all can be accommodated. Do not miss the opportunity. Tickets on sale Aug. 25, 26 and 27, good returning until Sept. 5, with privilege of extension.

Tickets, via Chicago, $20.75.

Complete information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

### Milwaukee and Return $11.30

Aug. 21 and 22, good to return Aug. 24, via Northern Pacific railway. City ticket office No. 332 West Superior street.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.

CLOSING OUT—

**COLUMBIA WHEELS** What we have left

*Columbias*—

1 No. 65 Chainless $75, now $57.00
1 No. 59 Chainless $60, now $45.75
1 No. 60 Chainless $60, now $45.75
1 No. 51 Chainless $50, now $38.25
2 No. 64 Chain___$50, now $38.25
1 No. 46 Chain___$37, now $28.25
1 No. 23 Chain___$35, now $27.00

*Spauldings*—

1 No. 31 Chainless $75, now $53.25

*Imperials*—

1 No. 84 Chain___$30, now $21.75
1 No. 85 Chain___$31, now $22.50
2 No. 18 Chain___$30, now $17.00

All wheels sold on easy payments when desired. 5 per cent discount allowed for cash.

**Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,**
**Duluth, Minnesota.**

# IT IS ENTERED.

## Judgment In the Charter Contest Case Is Docketed This Morning.

If the new city charter depended upon the entry of judgment for going into effect it is surely in effect now, for judgment was entered in district court this morning in the charter contest case at 10 o'clock. So if the charter did not go into effect thirty days after the election, it is in effect now, unless it should be held, as some have claimed, that it does not go into effect until thirty days have elapsed after the entry of judgment.

The judgment was ordered by Judge Dibell on receipt of the return from the supreme court sustaining his holding that the charter is carried, and it is as follows: "It is ordered, adjudged and decreed that at the general city election held in the city of Duluth on Tuesday, Feb. 6, 1900, the proposed new charter of said city of Duluth submitted to the qualified voters of said city thereat, a draft of which was returned to the mayor of said city on Jan. 8, 1900, was ratified by four-sevenths of the qualified voters voting at said election."

Costs are taxed to L. J. Hopkins, the contestant, in the sum of $112.12.

# STILL ABROAD.

## Unknown Prowler Appears In the Masonic Temple Building.

Another mysterious unknown whose long suit seems to run to house prowling, disturbed the serenity and slumber of Masonic Temple apartment occupants, and created considerable excitement in police circles at 3 o'clock this morning.

An attempt was made to enter the apartments of Mr. and Mrs. D. O'Leary on the fourth floor of the Temple, but the noise made in inserting the keys awakened the occupants and the prowler was frightened away by a woman calling for the police.

Mr. O'Leary is proprietor of the Masonic Temple grocery store. He says he was awakened by a slight noise at the door and listening, heard some person inserting keys in the lock. None of the keys seemed to fit and the prowler put his fingers in through the little letter wicket, to look into the room and then examined the transom. Mr. O'Leary didn't have a gun, so he decided to take the man by surprise when he dropped into the room and take chances in a rough and tumble fight.

It seems, however, he didn't have a monopoly on the listening and waiting business, for pretty soon he heard a high soprano voice calling for the police.

The prowler left his inspection of the transom and ran quickly down the hallway. He disappeared by the time Mr. O'Leary unlocked the door, and Police Sergent Thompson, who responded to the calls met the groceryman on the stairs, and said that he had met no person all the way up. A thorough search was made, but no trace of the burglar could be found.

# REPLY IS DRAFTED.

## Answer to Li Hung Chang's Peace Proposal Ready.

Washington, Aug. 22.—As a result of the conference between the president, Secretary Root and Acting Secretary Adee, the reply to Li Hung Chang was agreed upon and drafted. It will be delivered to Minister Wu today. The state department made public the following statement:

"The acting secretary of state authorizes the statement that a reply has been made today to Minister Wu's communication of two telegrams from Earl Li Hung Chang, dated respectively the 19th and 21st instant, relative to a cessation of hostile demonstrations and the appointment of representatives to negotiate with China. The correspondence will not be made public until tomorrow (Thursday) morning."

### CHAMBERLAIN-RICHARDS.

Birmingham, Aug. 22.—Ethel, a daughter of Joseph Chamberlain, was married today to Whitmore Richards, a lawyer of London.

### NOT SIGNIFICANT.

New York, Aug. 22.—J. M. Jarvie, of Arbuckle Bros., said today that the recent reduction in coffees was not significant. It was due, he said, to trade dullness and to lower prices for green coffee.

### CHOLERA AT BOMBAY.

Washington, Aug. 22.—United States Consul Fee, at Bombay, reports to the state department that cholera is raging there.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup**

**Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.**

The majority of men know the satisfaction of wearing a Gordon hat. Do you?

Three spectres that threaten baby's life. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

**$22--Toronto and Return--$22.**

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

**Dress Suit Cases.** 25 Dress Suit Cases, selected stock, hand sewed, steel frame, corners protected with heavy leather—worth $6.75. Special tomorrow at, only **$4.48**

**Valise Sale.** 6 dozen Valises, 16 inch heavy grain leather, sewed ends, English handles, leatherette lined—worth $3.50—special **$2.19**

**Telescopes.** 10 doz. Canvas Telescopes 18 inches, worth 65 cents, special sale all day tomorrow at, each **43c**

**Trunk Sale.** 32-inch square top, canvas covered Trunks, heavely ironed bound on all corners, barrel-stave slats, best brass lock, patent suit or dress tray, large roomy covered tray and hat box—worth $9.75—Special at **$7.48**

**Carving Sets.** 68 Sets of Carving Knives and forks, extra fine steel, white handles, worth $2.25 per set, special, per set **$1.39**

**Sale Fruit Plates.** 50 dozen Fine China Fruit Plates — worth up to 19 cents. Special, at **10c**

**Fancy China.** 19 doz. Fancy Decorated China Glove Boxes, Handkerchief Boxes, Toilet Bottles, Comb and Brush Trays, Cigar Jars, Etc—worth $1.25—Special tomorrow, at **58c**

**Sale Vases.** 37 dozen Fancy Decorated China Vases, assorted shapes and decorations—usual price 85c—Special low price for tomorrow **48c**

**Salad Bowls.** 12 dozen Warwick China Salad Bowls, decorated in blue and gold, worth 58c. Special low price, each **35c**

Freimuth's

**Cups and Saucers.** 1000 Japanese Decorated Blue Cups and Saucers, worth 10 cents, at each **5c**

# Bargains for Thursday Shoppers.

It is our constant effort to make Thursday "THE" Bargain Day of the week throughout the entire house and tomorrow will be no exception. Read carefully all the items mentioned which are but a fraction of the bargain list you will find at the store.

**Gloves.** Ladies' Listle Gloves, in white, black, tans and grays, embroidered backs, 4 pearl buttons, regular value 35c a pair; Special Thursday at **19c**

**Ladies' Kid Gloves.** In black, red, blues and browns, embroidered backs, two clasp, good value at one dollar a pair; special Thursday, at **69c**

**Fine Perfumes.** Alexandres' - quadruple Extract French Perfumes, crab apple, violet, lilly of the valley, heliotrope, etc. Regular at 40c ounce, for **21c**

**Buttermilk Soap.** The genuine "Cosmo" Buttermilk Soap; 500 boxes of it tomorrow at, a cake **6c** Regular price 10 cents.

## Your Last Chance at the Shirt Waists.

The greatest of all Shirt Waist sales will soon be a thing of the past and those who have missed it will be the loser. Never was there such a sale--never such a sacrifice. Come tomorrow—hundreds left to select from and every style or color you could ask for.

**39c** for about two hundred of this season's most stylish white and colored Waists sold at 75c, $1.00 and $1.25. All sizes. Not one reserved.

**69c** for choice of about 200 of the foremost fashions of the aeason; finest materials, making, etc. Waists that were $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00; white and colored.

**Patent Medicines.** All day tomorrow Hoods Sarsaparilla, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, Peruna, Kilmers Swamp Root, all $1 size bottles for **72c**

**Neckwear.** 100 dozen New Stylish Teck and four-in-hand Silk Ties—fresh from the makers—stylish for Ladies to wear with Shirt Waists. They are the regular 50 cent kind—Tomorrow at, each **25c**

**Ladies' Belts.** About 100 Ladies' plain and fancy black and tan leather Belts on which the prices have been 75c. $1, $1.25, $1.50. Choice, at **39c**

**Mercerized Vests.** 1 case Ladies' Mercerized Silk Vests with low square neck, nicely trimmed with fine lace and ribbon, regularly worth 50c, for **25c** —See them in main entrance window.

## Sale Taffeta Silks. Black and Colored—Extra.

**Taffetas will be exceedingly popular this season and we have arranged a special showing for tomorrow at special pre-season prices. Economic shoppers will not miss this initiatory sale.**

### Colored Taffetas.

New Cachemir Taffeta, 17 inches, all colors. Great care has been practiced in finishing this cloth, not to kill the life of the silk, and it appears in this fabric with all its richness and strength; every yard is guaranteed to give satisfaction—introductory price **$1.25**

Colored Taffeta, 19 inches, all staple colors, Swiss finish, others ask 85c—Thursday sale at—a yard **69c**

### Black Taffetas.

20-inch Black Taffeta, extra quality, all silk—Thursday sale at—a yard **59c**

24-inch Black Swiss Taffeta, sold elsewhere at 95c; others ask 85c—Thursday sale at—per yard **75c**

27-inch Black Taffeta, special finish, others ask $1.12½ and $1.25, for inferior quality—our Thursday price—per yard **89c**

24-inch Black Guaranteed Taffeta; sold everywhere at $1.25 a yard—our Thursday price—a yard **$1.00**

24-inch Imported Swiss Taffeta, superior finish, this cloth has sold for $1.85 and $2.00 a yard—our Thursday price—a yard **$1.50**

The above is warranted not to slip, crock or break.

## New Dress Goods.

**Thousands of dollars worth of the approaching season's fashions already being displayed here. Special introductory prices tomorrow. Come at least to see if not to buy.**

### Black Dress Fabrics.

**New Black Prunella—44 inch.** Elegant finish, quite the thing for a dressy gown; Thursday the price, per yd. **$1.25**

**New Black Melrose—44 inch.** Hard, firm finish, look like Silk; Thursday at—per yard **$1.25**

**New Black Mohair Pierolas—44 in.** This new fabric for Skirts and Suits, has a hard finish that makes it look rich and silky, and will wear well—Thursday, at, per yard **$1.25**

A large aggregation of
New Satin Venetians,
New Irish Poplins,
New Double English Whipcords,
New Prunnellas,
New Broadcloths,
New Mixed Venetians,
New Zibolines, Etc., Etc.,
at prices from—
**$1.25 upwards**

**New Black French Serge.** Superior finish, and excellent Black 50-inch wide; Thursday at—per yard **90c**

### Colored Dress Materials

**New Venetians—42 inch.** 42-inches wide, all staple colors, very rich and dressy, was made to sell at $1.75 a yard; our price—per yard **$1.25**

**New Imported Broadcloths.—54 in.** 54 inches wide; come in all the desirable shades for this season; a superbly finished material; much in vogue for tailored gowns; sold everywhere at $1.75; our price is—per yard **$1.38**

**New Mixed Coverts.** Come in Pattern Lengths, our own importation; no two alike, all the new shadings; our price—per yard **$2.25**

**New Waist Plaids—32 inch.** 27-inch wide, just received from fashion's center, the latest idea for Waists; come in those soft pastel tints so much in vogue—in high art dress; our price—per yard **75c**

**New Oxford Golfs—58 inch.** 58 inches wide; come in the shades Oxford, Cambridge, Blue and Brown Mixed; our price—per yard— **$1.50, $2.25 and $2.50**

**Shoe Sale.** Tomorrow all our $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Ladies' Tan Shoes—all this season's best styles—all sizes—all styles—hand turned soles—man fashioned welt soles. Your choice at, per pair **$2.50**

**Sale Oxfords.** Tomorrow all our Ladies' heavy welt soled, tan calf Oxfords, all sizes and widths, regular $3.00 shoes—your choice, per pair **$2.00**

**Candy Sale.** 500 lbs. delicious Fruit Tablets, assorted flavors, fresh Chocolate Creams and Parisian Creams, candies always sold at 30c per lb., tomorrow, lb. **15c**

**Untrimmed Hats.** Our entire stock of Untrimmed Hats in two immense lots tomorrow. 25c for kinds that were $1, $1.25 and $1.50. 48c for kinds that were $1.75, $2.00 and $2.25. **25c and 48c.**

**Mackintoshes.** Ladies' black and blue serge 2-piece Mackintoshes, plaid lining, military cape, velvet collar, skirt cut full, regular value $5.50; special sale tomorrow **$3.95**

**Night Gowns.** Ladies' Empire and Mother Hubbard Gowns, fine lace and embroidery trimmed, cut extra full, worth $1.39, tomorrow special sale, each **89c**

**White Skirt Sale.** 100 Ladies' White Muslin Skirts, lace and insertion trimmed, very dainty and stylish, regular value $1.50; special Thursday sale **98c**

**Chain Bracelets.** Best quality Sterling Plate on Nickel Silver, assorted size links with padlock and key, good value at 75c; Thursday, each **48c**

# West Duluth

Politics is rather quiet in West Duluth but under the surface there is quite a little activity. The congressional contest is a matter of much interest to politicians here. Henry Truelsen has been devoting considerable attention to this end of the city, and has put in much work here. The announcement of Charles O. Baldwin that he would consent to be a candidate has started his friends at work. He is the choice of West Duluth Democrats without much doubt.

### FOUND HIS MAN.

Capt. Mann made good his promise to bring to justice the man that created thouble on the steamer Mary Mann last Sunday, and incidentally gave the captain a few "hand outs" on the side. Yesterday the captain took out a warrant for Mike Maghar on the charge of assault and battery, and the latter was arraigned in municipal court this morning. Maghar entered a plea of guilty, and was given $10 and costs, amounting to $12. Even with the punishment that the captain bestowed on his obstreperous passenger, and the fine, the latter got off easy, as the penalty for resisting an officer is more severe. Capt. Mann is a special officer.

### BRYAN CLUB MEETING.

Tomorrow night the West Duluth Bryan club will hold a meeting in the I. O. G. T. hall on Grand avenue, and the officers and members are especially anxious that there be a good turn out of those that are interested in the principles advocated by the Democratic party. There will be present many of the members of the Bryan club of Duluth, and a meeting of great interest is promised to the Democrats that attend. The club has not as yet formulated any plans for campaign work, but it is possible that some steps looking in this direction may be taken at the meeting tomorrow night. Messrs. Murphy and Kern, who were at New Duluth last night report several new names to be addended to the roll of membership of the West Duluth Bryan club.

### PREPARING FOR CARRIERS.

Postmaster Fisher has been out to West Duluth and, in company with Postmaster Salter, has been looking over the city with a view of selecting the best locations for the letter boxes. Nothing has been decided on yet, but it is believed that the routes will be established within a few days and the boxes put in. Many West Duluthians have not placed the numbers on their houses in accordance with the plat in the city engineer's office, and it is very likely that unless steps are taken to do this before the free delivery system is established, there will be some fines to pay. The people are urged to attend to this matter before it is too late.

### WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

In the St. James church, at 8 o'clock this evening, Miss Ida Dunleavy and Joseph Cassidy will be united in marriage, Father Feehely performing the ceremony. Mr. Cassidy will be attended by Arthur Little, and the bridesmaid will be Miss Daisy Dunleavy, a sister of the bride. There will be several out-of-town friends at the wedding.

George Coleman left yesterday on a trip down the lakes. He intends visiting at Detroit and Canadian points, when he will return with his family.

The open meeting that the Maccabees of West Duluth expected to hold on the evening of Aug. 27 has been postponed until Monday, Aug. 30, as the committee on arrangements could not get some of the speakers before that date. There will be a meeting of the committee at the next regular meeting of the Maccabees, and every member is asked to be present.

The 10-year-old son of David Armstrong had the third finger of his right hand so badly mangled in the machinery of a merry-go-round last night that Dr. Graham found it necessary to amputate the finger. It would seem that this manner of amusement for children is getting to be dangerous, as a small boy at West Superior recently fell while the merry-go-round was moving and nearly had a leg cut off.

Rev. J. W. Heard gave a very interesting illustrated lecture at the Westminster Presbyterian church last night on "Florida."

L. A. Barnes is on a trip down the lakes.

Frank Conners has returned to his home in Biwabik after a few days' visit with friends here.

Miss Fannie Wright, bookkeeper of the Duluth Steam laundry, has gone for a trip down the lakes.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

### Stayed Out Nights.

William Hayes has begun a suit for divorce from Dora Hayes, whom he says he has not seen for eleven years, and whom he accuses not only of adultery but of treating him in a cruel and inhuman manner. The charge of adultery he bases on the alleged fact that after they had been separated for a year she gave birth to a child. The cruel treatment occurred in St. Louis, Mo., he says, in August, 1887. He claims that his wife was staying out in the streets late of nights, and when he remonstrated with her she picked up a piece of furniture and struck him over the eye, leaving a scar that is still visible. Another cruel thing she did was to cause him pain and mental anguish by her conduct in associating with females of loose character and staying out late nights. Thomas A. Gall is his attorney.

M. W. A. picnic tomorrow at O-at-ka beach.

**Several**

**Fine building locations in East End for sale. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.**

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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These Rockers—Solid Hardwood Rocker, nicely finished with shaped wood seat, good design; such Rockers are sold in ordinary stores for $2.50 or more. **$1.20**

These Rockers—Solid Maple Rockers, large size, cane seat and wicker head rest; same style we had two weeks ago, but a smaller shipment this time. **$1.65**

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$50.00 worth of goods $7.00 a month
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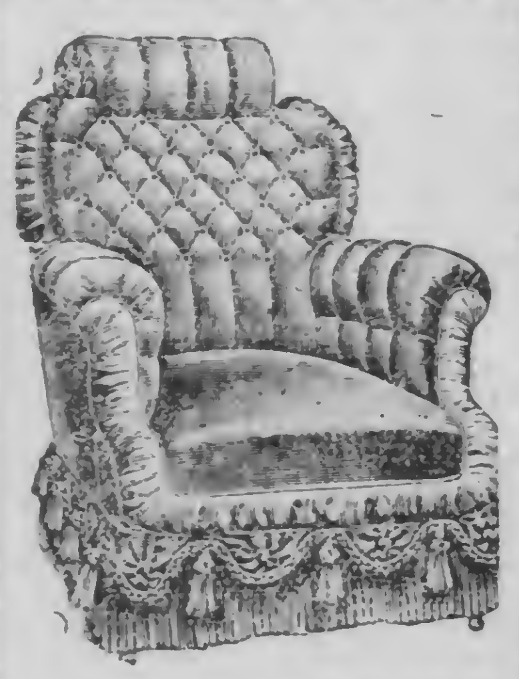

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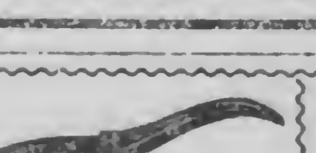

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See us before negotiating Securities.

## TO CUT OFF THE ALLIES

### Fear That the Chinese Troops Are Operating With That Purpose.

## POLICING OF PEKIN

### The Capital Has Been Divided Into Sections To Preserve Order.

London, Aug. 23.—The foreign consuls at Shanghai, not having received anything from Pekin later than Aug. 17, fear the Chinese troops are operating along the rear of the allies, cutting off their communication.

The blockade of press messages at the Che Foo telegraph office continues, but these in no way interfere with official dispatches, which are put ahead. A belated dispatch from Pekin, dated Aug. 14, says Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, is ill.

The attempted uprising at Hankow is causing uneasiness. In all twenty-seven warships have assembled at Shanghai and Woosung, their crews numbering 7000 men.

The German government's reply to Li Hung Chang's peace negotiations proposition is "that owing to the lack of any properly accredited authority on the Chinese side," the government of Germany cannot enter into negotiations.

### POLICING OF PEKIN.

### The Allies Have Divided the City Into Sections.

New York, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London, says: News from Pekin comes slowly and in fragments. It is tolerably certain, however, from such reports as have been received, that relief for the foreigners in the legations came not a moment too soon. A German semi-official telegram from Taku states that to preserve order the capital has been divided into sections. The northern half of the Tartar city has been placed under survillance of the Japanese troops, while committees have been appointed by America, Russia, England and France to maintain order in their respective sections.

The Standard says the fact that the empress dowager has fled with the emperor and chief member of the tsung li yamen before the arrival of the allied forces destroys the hope of bringing the crisis to a speedy conclusion by forcing terms upon a de facto government of the country.

### TROOPS CONGRATULATED.

### Root Sends Message to Chaffee and His Command.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The war department has made public the following: "War Department, Aug. 22.—Maj. Gen. Chaffee, Pekin, via Taku: The president joins me in congratulations to you and the officers and men of your command on the brilliant achievement, in which the courage, fortitude and skill of the American forces in China have played so honorable a part, with mourning for the fall of your comrades. The whole country is proud and grateful for your success.

"ELIHU ROOT,
"Secretary of War."

### IMPERIAL BANK LOOTED.

### The Collection of the Chinese Indemnity Has Begun.

London, Aug. 23, 4 a. m.—"Today 1500 Americans attacked the imperial palace," says a dispatch to the Morning Post from Pekin, dated Aug. 15, "and captured four of the courts. The American flag is flying over the imperial granary, and the imperial bank has been looted."

Describing events prior to the relief, the Morning Post's correspondent cables: "On Aug. 12 the Tsung Li Yamen requested a conference with a view to peace. No armistice was granted, and that night we endured the longest fusilade of the whole siege. It lasted twelve hours. Aug. 13 the Tsung Li Yamen begged to be excused from any conference, saying that the members were too busy. Later they wrote that they had forbidden firing on us, and would court-martial any who disobeyed. During the evening many shells fell in the legation compound."

### UPRISING AT HANKOW.

### TheV Iceroy Arrests the Leaders and Beheads Them.

Paris, Aug. 23.—The French consul at Hankow wires that an attempt at an uprising occurred during the night of Aug. 21. A band of Chinese tried to set fire to a house adjoining the Customs bank, which is adjacent to the British concession, with the object of pillaging the bank and burning the European quarter. The viceroy, however, took immediate steps and arrested the ringleaders, seizing at the same time arms and documents demonstrating the existence of a secret society and an organized plot. Two of the leading culprits were decapitated, their heads being subsequently exhibited in the center of the Chinese town. Twenty others were imprisoned.

More trouble is feared when the flight of the emperor to the west, if true, becomes known.

Hankow is situated on the river Han, at the point where it enters the Yangtse.

### SHALLENBERGER NAMED.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 23.—A. Shallenberger, of Alma, was nominated this morning by fusionists of the Fifth Nebraska district for congress, to succeed R. D. Sutherland, on the fortieth ballot.

### CODUA CONVICTED.

Pretoria, Aug. 23.—The trial of Lieut. Codua, formerly of the Transvaal artillery, on the charge of being concerned in the plot to kidnap Gen. Lord Roberts, was concluded. The prisoner was found guilty on all the counts in the indictment against him, but sentence was deferred till the findings of the court shall have been confirmed by Lord Roberts.

## TEXT OF THE NOTES

### Request of Li For the Appointment of a Peace Envoy.

## THE ANSWER TO HIM

### China Must Fulfill Conditions and Establish Security In the Capital.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The state department this morning made public the following:

Chinese correspondence, Aug. 20-22, 1900.—Handed to Mr. Adee by Mr. Wu, Aug. 20, 10:15 a. m., 1900: Cablegram, dated Aug. 19, from Viceroy Li Hung Chang. Was transmitted by the Chinese minister in London and received by Minister Wu on the night of the same day:

"It was the declaration of all the ministers for foreign affairs for the great powers that the expedition of the allied troops was solely for the rescue of the ministers in Pekin. Now the allied troops having entered Pekin and found the ministers safe, it seems proper that hostilities should at once cease, and that negotiations should commence. I therefore request the United States government to appoint an envoy, with full power, or appoint the minister now in Pekin for the purpose, as he is necessarily acquainted with the affairs between the Chinese and foreigners, and to inform me if the conference will take place in Pekin. After receipt of a definite reply, I will at once proceed to the north. Please request the secretary of state to lay the matter before his excellency, the president. I await reply."

Received at the department of state, Aug. 21, 1900, 3:17 p. m., cablegram from Viceroy Li Hung Chang, dated Aug. 21, 1900, and received by Minister Wu on the same day:

"The Boxer rebels in Pekin having been dispersed, there will be positively no more fighting. Further military operations on the part of the powers are greatly to be deplored. Besides urging cessation of hostilities, please confer with the secretary of state upon subject of withdrawal of troops, and appointment of plenipotentiary to negotiate settlement of all other questions, so as to preserve amicable relations. I await early reply."

(Sent to the Chinese minister, Aug. 22, 1900, 1:30 p. m.) Memorandum in response to the Chinese minister's communication of cablegrams from Viceroy Lo Hung Chang, dated Aug. 19 and 21, proposing the immediate cessation of hostilities and the appointment of an envoy to conduct negotiations, received at the department of state, Aug. 20 and 21, 1900:

"While the conditions set forth in the memorandum delivered to the Chinese minister, Aug. 12, have not been fulfilled, and the powers have been compelled to rescue their ministers by force of arms unaided by the Chinese government, still this government is ready to welcome any overtures for a truce, and invite the other powers to join when security is established in the Chinese capital and the Chinese government shows its ability and willingness to make, on its part, an effective suspension of hostilities there and elsewhere in China. When this is done, and we hope it will be done promptly, the United States will be prepared to appoint a representative to join with the representatives of the other similarly interested powers, and of the authoritative and responsible government of the Chinese empire, to attain the ends declared in our circular to the powers of July 3, 1900.

"ALVEY A. ADEE, Acting Secretary.
"Department of State, Washington, Aug. 22, 1900."

## OMAHA SHRINKS

### Census Shows a Loss of Over Twenty-Six Per Cent.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The population of the city of Omaha, Neb., according to the official count of the returns of the twelfth census, is as follows: Omaha city 102,555 for 1900, against 140,452 in 1890.

These figures show, for the city as a whole, a decrease in population of 37,897 or 26.98 per cent from 1890 to 1900. The population in 1880 was 30,518, showing an increase of 109,934, or 360.23 per cent, from 1880 to 1890.

The population by wards in 1900 is as follows: Ward 1, 10,124; Ward 2, 14,839; Ward 3, 11,682; Ward 4, 10,717; Ward 5, 8997; Ward 6, 168,984; Ward 7, 9492; Ward 8, 665; Ward 9, 8655.

This is the first decrease in population so far shown in the enumeration of cities. When Director of the Census Merriam was asked as to it, he refused to say anything, but in other official circles the charge was made that the rolls ten years ago were padded. It is claimed that old hotel registers and other devices were utilized in swelling the population of the city at that time

### ONE GUN DUEL.

### Short on Artillery But Both Men Are Wounded.

Pittsburg, Aug. 23.—A duel with one revolver between the bartender and porter at a saloon on Union street today will likely result in the death of both men. Reinhart Ehret, the bartender, refused William Brown, the porter, a drink. Brown snatched a revolver from a drawer behind the counter, fired two shots into Ehret's back. Ehret grappled with him and, wrenching the pistol from his hands, shot him twice in the stomach. The men will probably die.

### JOHNSON SWORN IN.

### New First Assistant Postmaster General Takes the Oath.

Washington, Aug. 23.—William M. Johnson, the newly appointed first assistant postmaster general, arrived in Washington today and took the oath of office. Mr. Johnson will not begin his duties until the latter part of September.

## POLICY IS OUTLINED

### Reply to China Blazes the Path This Government Will Follow.

## WILL NOT WITHDRAW

### Until Order Is Restored, the Guilty Punished, and Indemnify Exacted.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The latest exchange of notes between China and the United States for the cessation of hostilities was given out by the state department here. Interest centered in the American reply, which was found to bear out the forecasts made yesterday, and to lay down firmly and briefly the condition upon which the United States would take up overtures for a truce. Beyond this important correspondence, the early part of the day brought few developments in the Chinese situation. The Chinese legation was without additional advices. The American reply was sent forward last night. It seems to be accepted as bringing all negotiations to a halt for the present, and it is difficult to foresee what the next move will be.

The reply is considered a remarkable document, because of its extreme brevity and number of vital points it contains. While a casual reading of the document would convey the idea that it was a simple rejection of China's proposition, yet an analysis discloses that it is full of important propositions which will be the guiding principles of this government from the present time.

China's declaration that the sole purpose of the international expedition was the rescue of the ministers at Pekin is met by the statement that the rescue had been accomplished by force of arms, unaided by the Chinese government. Minister Conger's latest dispatch showed that there was no representative of the Chinese government in sight, so there is at present no "ability" on the part of the government to act in a binding manner. The reports of the flight of the emperor and empress dowager, and of government sympathy with the hostility of the imperial troops, warrants the inference that China has shown no "willingness" as yet to effectively suspend military operations.

The reply also makes clear that the United States is not confining its attention to Pekin, but that the suspension of hostilities "elsewhere in China" is a condition precedent to negotiations. The further use of the term "authoritative and responsible" government of China also has a definite meaning in connection with the present chaotic conditions of affairs. Finally, the reply states that when all of these various conditions open the way to negotiation, then this government will be prepared to negotiate to attain the ends declared in the circular to the powers of July 3. In short, all purposes of future negotiations are referred back to this circular, when the president laid down the specific intentions of the United States, and also expressed a policy of "preserving the territorial and administrative entity of China," seeking a solution which would "preserve a Chinese territorial and administrative entity."

There is no doubt that the feeling of the United States government is much stronger than expressed in the reply. This was couched in diplomatic language, but officials of the government in a position to know the attitude of this country state that it is a great assumption on the part of Earl Li to intimate that the conditions imposed by this government have been fulfilled. While it is the intention of this government to stand faithfully by the note of July 3, the chaotic condition reported by Minister Conger, the flight of the Chinese government, the apparent inability or lack of desire on the part of such government as exists in China to co-operate with the United States and with the allied forces, either to preserve order or to protect the foreigners, complicates the situation and makes a firm position by the United States necessary. Under these conditions, the troops of the United States, together with such reinforcements as seem desirable, will remain in China.

There are several conditions which must be complied with, and after careful consideration it has been determined that the United States would be in no condition to enforce demands which it would make if it should withdraw from Chinese territory. It is known that indemnity will be demanded and the punishment of those responsible for the outrages against the government of the United States, as reported by Minister Conger, and for the killing of American citizens and the destruction of their property. It is said that this indemnity must be exacted and the punishment of the guilty parties insisted upon as a warning to all governments and all peoples that life and property of American citizens everywhere shall be respected and protected. More than this, until there is a responsible government in China which can protect the lives and property of such citizens of the United States who are still there, this government does not feel that it can withdraw its protection. In fact, it is said by competent authority that the capture of Pekin by the allied army has not changed conditions to any great extent in dealing with the Chinese, nor can there be any material change until the government of China asserts itself against the lawless element which has caused all the trouble.

### SLUGGED AND ROBBED.

### Omaha Bank Cashier's Experience On a Railroad Train.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 23.—E. E. Balch, assistant cashier of the Omaha National bank, was slugged and robbed in his berth early today on the Northwestern train coming from Chicago to Omaha. He offered resistance and was badly pounded on the head.

Eugene Amoretti, Jr., of Wyoming, also a passenger on the same train, was robbed. The robbers escaped.

### RAIN IN WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee, Aug. 23.—The weather bureau reports a hard rain storm today extending along the lake shore across the state. At Green Bay the fall was .74 inch and at Milwaukee .54. No serious damage has yet been reported.

## BRYAN TALKS TO POPULISTS

### *Reasons Why They Are Justified In Acting With the Democrats.*

### *Discusses Money, Trusts and the Great Issue of Imperialism.*

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 23.—Mr. Bryan, replying to notification by the Populist notification committee of his nomination as presidential candidate, said:

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Notification Committee: In accepting the presidential nomination which you tender on behalf of the Populist party, I desire to give emphatic recognition to the educational work done by your party. The Populist party, as an organization, and the Farmer alliances and the labor organizations, from which they sprung, have done much to arouse the people to a study of economic and industrial questions. Believing, as I do, that truth grows, not in seclusion but in the open field, and that it thrives best in the sunlight of full and free debate, I have confidence that the discussion which your party has compelled will aid in reaching that true solution of pending problems towards which all honest citizens aim.

I desire, also, to express my deep appreciation of the liberality of opinion and devotion to principle which have led the members of your party to enter the ranks of another party in the selection of a candidate.

While I am grateful for the confidence which the Populists have expressed in me, I am not vain enough to regard as personal their extraordinary manifestations of good will. The ties which bind together those who believe in the same great fundamental principles are stronger than ties of affection—stronger even than the ties of blood, and co-operation between the reform forces is due to the fact that Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans take the side of the people in their contest against greed, and agree in the application of Jeffersonian principles to the question immediately before us.

In 1896 the money question was of paramount importance, and the allies in that campaign united in the demand for the immediate restoration of silver by the independent action of this country at 16 to 1, the ratio which had existed since 1834. They were defeated, but that did not end the discussion. The Democrats were defeated in 1888, but that did not put an end to tariff reform. The Republicans were defeated in 1892, but that did not permanently overthrow the protective tariff.

> Defeat at the polls does not necessarily decide a great problem. Experience and experience alone settle questions. If an increase in the volume of the currency since 1896, although unpromised by the Republicans, and unexpected, has brought improvement in industrial conditions, this improvement, instead of answering the arguments put forth in favor of bimetallists, only confirms the contention of those who insisted that more money would make better times.

The Republican party, however, while claiming credit for the increase in circulation, makes no permanent provision for an adequate supply of standard money. It denies the necessity for more real money, while it permits national banks to expand the volume of paper promises to pay money.

If the Populists felt justified in opposing the Republican party when it sought to conceal its gold standard tendencies under the mask of international bimetallism, the opposition should be more pronounced in proportion as the Republican party more openly espouses gold monometallism.

In 1896 the reform forces charged the Republican party with intending to retire the greenbacks. This charge, denied at the time, has been confessed by the financial bill, which converts greenbacks, when once redeemed, into gold certificates, and extends new privileges to banks of issue. If a Populist opposed the Republican party when its hostility to greenbacks was only suspected, that opposition should be greater now since no one can longer doubt the purpose of the Republican party to substitute banknotes for greenbacks.

It is true that the Populists believe in an irredeemable greenback, while the Democrats believe in a greenback redeemable in coin, but the vital question at this time, so far as paper money is concerned, is whether the government or banks shall issue it. There will be time enough to discuss the redeemability of the greenback when the greenback itself is saved from the annihilation which now threatens it. The Republican party is now committed to a currency system which necessitates a perpetual debt, while the Populist finds himself in agreement with the Democrats who believe in paying off the national debt as rapidly as possible.

If belief in an income tax justified a Populist in acting with the Democratic party in 1896, what excuse can be found for aiding the Republican party now, when even the exigencies of war have not been sufficient to bring that party to the support of the income tax principle.

> Populists believe in arbitration now as much as they did in 1896, and are as much opposed to government by injunction and the blacklist as they were then, and upon these subjects they have as much reason for co-operation with the Democratic party today as they had four years ago.

Democrats and Populists alike favor the principle of direct legislation. If any difference exists as to the extent to which the principle should be applied, these differences can be reconciled by experiment.

Democrats and Populists agree that Chinese and other Oriental labor should be excluded from the United States.

Democrats and Populists desire to so enlarge the scope of the interstate commerce act as to enable the commission to protect both persons and places from discrimination, and the public at large from excessive railroad rates.

The Populists approve the demand set forth in the Democratic platform for a labor bureau, with a cabinet officer at its head. Such an official would keep the administration in close touch with the wage-earning portion of the population, and go far toward securing such remedial legislation as the toilers need.

In 1896 the Populists united with the Democrats in opposing the trusts, although the question at that time appeared like a cloud scarcely larger than a man's hand. Today that cloud well-nigh overspreads the industrial sky. The farmer does not participate in the profits of any trust, but he sorely feels the burden of them all. He is dependent upon the seasons for his income. When he plants his crop he knows not whether it will be blessed with rain or blighted with drought; he knows not whether wind will blow it down or hail destroy it, or insects devour it, and the price of his crop is as uncertain as the quantity. If a private monopoly can suspend production and fix the price of raw material as well as the price of the finished product, the farmer, powerless to protect himself when he sells, is plundered when he purchases. Can any farmer hesitate to throw the influence of his ballot upon the side of those who desire to protect the public at large from monopolies?

> The fact that the trusts support the Republican party ought to be sufficient proof that they expect protection from it. The Republican party cannot be relied upon to extinguish the trusts so long as it draws its campaign contributions from their overflowing vaults.

The prosperity argument which the Republicans bring forward to answer all complaints against the administration will not deceive the farmer. He knows that two factors enter into his income, first, the size of his crop, and second, the price which he receives for the same. He does not return thanks to the party in power for favorable weather and a bountiful harvest, and he knows that the Republican party has no policy which insures a permanent increase in agricultural prices. Since he sells his surplus in a foreign market, he is not a beneficiary of the tariff, and since he produces merchandise and not money, he does not profit by the appreciation of the dollar. He knows that the much-vaunter prosperity, of which he has never had his share, is on the wane, in spite of the unusual and unnatural stimulation which it has received during the last three years. He knows that each month of 1900 shows a larger number of failures than the corresponding month of 1899, and that there is already a marked tendency toward a decrease in the output of the factories. He knows also that discoveries of gold, famines abroad and war on three continents have not been able to raise the price of farm products as rapidly as trusts and combinations have raised the price of the things which the farmer buys.

Our opponents have tried to make it appear that we are inconsistent when we desire a general rise in prices and yet oppose an arbitrary rise in protected manufactures or trust-made goods. There is no conflict whatever between these two propositions. If a general rise in prices occurs because of a permanent increase in the volume of money, all things adjust themselves to the new lever, and if the volume of money then increases in proportion to the demand for money, the price lever remains the same and business can be done with fairness to all. If, however, the rise is arbitrary, and only affects a part of the products of labor, those whose products do not participate in the rise suffer, be-

(Continued on Page 6.)

# FUSION IN WISCONSIN

## Democrats Nominate a State Ticket and the Populists Endorse It.

## BOHMRICH HEADS IT

## Democrats Endorse Kansas City Platform and Populists Pledge Bryan Support.

Milwaukee, Aug. 23.—For governor, Louis G. Bohmrich, Kenosha; lieutenant governor, Thomas Patterson, Washara; secretary of state, Joseph H. Woodnorth, Milwaukee; state treasurer, August Bartz, Fall Creek; attorney general, George C. Cooper, Superior; state superintendent, Homer B. Hubbell, Beaver Dam; insurance commissioner, Robert A. Thompson, La Crosse; railroad commissioner, George W. Hill, Antigo; chairman of the state central committee, A. F. Warden, Waukesha; presidential electors, First district, G. W. Stevenson, Lafayette county; Second, D. F. Sherman, Dane county; Third, W. N. Coffland, Vernon county; Fourth, H. J. Minman, Milwaukee county; Fifth, P. H. O'Meara, Washington county; Sixth, Jo Von Beyer, Calumet county; Seventh, Steven Richmond, Trempeleau county; Eighth, A. C. Voshardt, Kewaunee county; Ninth, Amos Holegate, Marinette county; Tenth, George D. Clene, St. Croix county; at-large, F. W. Cotzhausen, Milwaukee county, and John Rosch, Winnebago county.

The Democratic state convention completed its labors at a late hour last night by nominating the above state ticket and ratifying the list of presidential electors. The platform as unanimously adopted endorses the Kansas City platform, denounces trusts and demands various state reforms. The name of Mr. Bryan was greeted at every mention during the speeches. A lively fight was made on the election of a state central committee chairman.

A communication was received from the Populist convention stating that the party would endorse the presidential electors as ratified by the Democratic convention. The list of presidential electors as elected by the various districts and two electors-at-large were then elected and the balance of the state ticket as above nominaed with but little opposition.

The Populist state convention, comprising about fifty delegates, opened late yesterday afternoon. Cyrus M. Butt, of Viroqua, was chosen for temporary chairman, and took occasion to say that if the Democrats wanted to fuse with the Populists that the first advances must be made by the other fellows.

The platform was then presented and in part is as follows: "The People's party of Wisconsin, standing for all that is reasonable and practical in securing the elevation of man into higher and nobler conditions, maintains that the enactment of its principles into law will bring about a state government and, compared to the present crude and barbaric state, will appear to be a paradise on earth. Trusts are then denounced, and the Democratic national convention is commended in having indorsed W. J. Bryan, and to him is pledged undivided support."

The national platform adopted at Sioux Falls is endorsed, and the following demands are made: Abolition of monopoly in money, transportation and land; direct legislation known as initiative and referendum; public control of public utilities, national, state and local. The issue of all money by government directly to the people through government banks is advocated. A primary election law is demanded, also the abolition of the arbitrary power assumed by judges in granting injunctions. A legal eight-hour work day, municipal home rule, abolition of prison contract and child labor are also demanded.

On reconvening last night the Populists decided to abandon the idea of nominating a state ticket, and instead ratified the list of presidential electors as selected by the Democrats. Robert Shilling was elected chairman of the state committee.

### EVERYBODY ACQUITTED.

#### Outcome of the Havana Customs House Fraud Cases.

Havana, Aug. 23.—All the persons accused of complicity in the Havana customs house frauds were acquitted yesterday. The president of the court, consisting of three judges, has inserted in the decision a clause to the effect that he thinks four of the accused are guilty, and these may be taken before the supreme court. The decision holds, with regard to inaccurate appraisements, that it is impossible to prove that goods have been wrongly appraised where goods cannot be brought into court. It also asserts that there is no evidence that the accused intended to defraud.

### WONDERFUL HOLD ON LIFE.

#### Young Man Resuscitated After Being Fifteen Minutes Under Water.

Philadelphia, Aug. 23.—After being submerged in thirty feet of water for fifteen minutes, and then being pulled out unconscious and almost dead, 15-year-old James Woodward, a sailor of the British steamer Belgenland, was miraculously resuscitated, through the combined efforts of the crew of the police tug Visitor, Police Surgeon Naylor of the Second district and the physicians of the Pennsylvania hospital.

The Belgenland has been laying at Washington avenue wharf, and while working on deck Woodward was so affected by the excessive heat that he became mentally deranged, tore his clothing off, and jumped overboard. The spot where he plunged, because of its great depth, is known as "Dead Man's Dive." Notwithstanding the fact that the water was so deep, Woodward sank with such force that he reached the bottom and stuck in the mud.

The crew of the Visitor, which is stationed near by, was notified, and the men immediately set to work with grappling irons to recover the body. It was fifteen minutes before they found it, and when Woodward was brought on shore it was thought that he was dead. Nevertheless, the harbor policemen began the usual methods of resuscitating partially drowned persons, and after an hour's hard work, in which they were re-enforced by Surgeon Naylor, they were rewarded by seeing Woodward breathe and open his eyes. He was then hurried to the Pennsylvania hospital, where he became so violent that it was found necessary to strap him to the bed. Although he is delirious, it is thought he will recover from his horrible experience.

Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,

221 West Superior Street.

A very pretty custom obtains among certain classes by which the newly married pair starts a savings bank for the child yet to be. Every day a penny or a dime, as the case may be, is dropped into the bank to swell the fund, and this practice is kept up until the child is old enough to save for itself.

The parents have the right theory but how rarely they carry it to its broadest application. Every mother is perforce laying up for her child what money cannot influence—happiness or misery. The nervous mother will have a nervous child. The irritable and fearful mother cannot have a happy and cheerful child. In mind and body the child will reflect the mother's condition.

The best preparation for motherhood is made by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Its perfect control over the sensitive feminine organism gives it a natural influence over the mind. It banishes anxiety and fear. It does away with the misery of morning sickness. It gives vitality and elasticity to the organs peculiarly feminine, and makes the trial of motherhood easy and brief. It makes healthy mothers, capable of nursing and nourishing the babes they bring into the world. "Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Axel Kjer, of Gordonville, Cape Girardeau Co., Mo., writes: "When I look at my little boy I feel it my duty to write to you. Perhaps some one will see my testimony and be led to use your 'Favorite Prescription' and be blessed in the same way. This is my fifth child and the only one who came to maturity; the others having died from lack of nourishment—so the doctor said. I was not sickly in any way and this time I just thought I would try your 'Prescription.' I took nine bottles and to my surprise it carried me through, and gave us as fine a little boy as ever was. Weighed ten and one-half pounds. He is now five months old, has never been sick a day, and is so strong that everybody who sees him wonders at him. He is so playful and holds himself up so well. I would like to see this in print for so many have asked me, 'Do you think these are the testimonials of the people, or has Dr. Pierce just made them up and printed them?'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

### A MONSTER OF THE DEEP.

#### Harry Kemper Reports an Experience In Gull Lake Last Sunday.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 23.—Visitors at Allendale, Gull lake, are seriously wrought up over a story of the unexpected appearance there of a marine monster. The strange reptile first made its appearance in the little bay at the southeast end of the lake Sunday, and it was discovered by Harry Kemper and Miss Carrie Wirthlin, of Cincinnati, who were out fishing just before dusk. They first lost half a dozen spoonhooks and lines, then their minnow pail trailing behind in the water. Noticing the water strangely agitated near by, Mr. Kemper started to row to shore. Something grabbed one of his oars, and it came up with a piece torn out. Then a hideous head appeared above the water that swayed from side to side and emitted a hissing sound. Some twenty or twenty-five feet away the tip of the reptile's tail could be seen lashing the water to foam.

Kemper rowed for his life toward shore, the young woman in a state of collapse, with the monster pursuing them and endeavoring to get into the boat. When about twenty rods from shore Kemper beat off the monster with his oar, and in doing so capsized the boat. The occupants were rescued by a passing launch.

Mr. Kemper describes the monster as having short, thick forelegs, and a head as large as a calf, with bulging eyes, large mouth and vicious-looking teeth. On its forehead was a thick growth of a hairylike substance, and its body was covered with scales that gave forth a phosphorescent glow in the twilight.

### HUSBAND TOO OLD-FASHIONED.

#### Aged Wife Wanted Rollers Under the Bedstead.

Nunda, N. Y., Aug. 23.—After having been married for eighteen years, Peter H. Link, in his 80th year, and his wife, almost as old, have finally agreed to separate. The legal papers are now being drawn, and Mrs. Link has already taken her departure from her home.

Link is eccentric and old-fashioned, while Mrs. Link is progressive and will not tolerate many of his back-number ideas.

Mrs. Link would have rollers under the bedstead, the same as other folks, but Mr. Link could not see any sense in such new-fangled ideas. Many quarrels they have had over such petty subjects.

### HIS COLLAR CAUGHT FIRE.

#### Farmer Clausen Dances About While Crowd Looks On.

Brooklyn, Aug 23.—Nathan Clausen, a Hempstead farmer, was shopping in Brooklyn. He wore a celluloid collar.

At Bend and Fulton streets Clausen took a twisted cigar from his pocket and lighted it. A gust of wind carried a spark from the cigar to the celluloid collar, which caught fire.

In an instant a circlet of flame entwined the farmer's neck. It whizzed and sputtered for a moment, then died out. While it was raging Clausen danced about and yelled. A crowd gathered. The fire, having burned itself out, left a blistered ring about Clausen's neck.

### CABLE FLASHES.

King Oscar of Norway and Sweden has formally agreed to act as arbitrator of the claims for compensation for losses sustained by British and German subjects and American citizens in Samoa.

In the Cape house of assembly yesterday the treason bill was sent to a second reading without a division.

**Story of a Slave.**

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. It is a godsend to weak, sickly, run-down people. Cure guaranteed. Only 50c. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

# REAL WAR CONTINUES

## Fighting Going on In the Philippines Is Not Bushwhacking.

## EVEN STONE FORTS

## Built By the Filipinos and Good Trenches In Commanding Positions.

Manilla, July 15.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—It has been expected that some of the 275 garrisons the United States troops maintain in these islands would sooner or later be surrounded by the enemy and attacked with such determination and advantage in point of numbers and ground that the American soldiers would be powerless to resist the onslaught. This has happened at Catubig, on the Island of Samar, and the detachment of the Forty-third volunteer infantry, the troops in question, lost 20 out of its 30 men. No one is surprised at this result considering the circumstances; but, surprise is manifested that a similar fate has not overtaken other small garrisons in isolated towns.

The official report of the Catubig incident is as follows:

"In the Catubig engagement, in which the insurgents numbered about 600 men, with 200 rifles and one cannon, our men gave an heroic account of themselves by killing more than 200. Our loss was 19 killed and 5 wounded. The detachment was at the time quartered in the convent. At 5 a. m., April 15, almost simultaneously fire was opened upon it from the hills on both sides as well as from every available part of the town. It continued all day and night, and was vigorously resumed at 5 a. m. the following morning. At 8 a. m. the cannon began firing nails, pieces of chain and iron scraps. This sort of attack continued until the third day, when a large number of the insurgents got into the adjoining church. With ten volunteers Sergt. George charged on the church, killing a large number of men, but he could not hold it. From the windows of the same the insurgents threw a quantity of hemp saturated with kerosene against the side of the convent and thus set it on fire. As this building soon became untenable, the detachment attempted to escape to the river and cross it, and here occurred its first considerable losses. All of the men of the detachment, except Sergt. Hall, Corp. Carson and 15 privates attempted to get into a boat, and in so doing they were killed. Sergt. Hall and his men began intrenching themselves near the river and there that little band held out, (under Corp. Carson), two days longer in the face of most adverse circumstances, until rescued.

"Sergt. Hall and two others were killed and two were wounded during that period. Not the least heroic incident of the Catubig engagement was the rescue by Lieut. Sweeney and ten men. When the steamer was about one mile from the town he found the river blockaded with trees that were lashed together. These were removed and the ascent continued to within a few hundred yards, when he learned for the first time that there was an engagement taking place. The steamer was put at full speed and in a few moments was in a rain of bullets. Leaving three men on board he started to embark his detachment on two small boats, but before finishing this a corporal was shot in the side and a private in the leg. He finally made a landing and was then compelled to fight his way across open ground to Corp. Carson's trench, 75 yards distant. In doing this Private Clancy was shot in the foot. Lieut. Sweeney succeeded in burying those of our dead that could be found and in rescuing all that were left alive. He says:

"'The streets were covered with dead insurgents. The town was fortified everywhere, particularly along the river front, where the insurgents used bags of rice and dirt; hemp was also used for breastworks.'

"This detachment lost all its quartermaster and commissary supplies, though it had the good judgment to save all its ammunition and practically all its rifles. The men shot getting into the boat had so much ammunition on their persons that they immediately went to the bottom of the river.

"The following is a complete list of the killed and wounded:

"Killed—Sergts. Dustin L. George and William J. Hall, Corps. Herbert H. Edwards and John F. J. Hamilton, Cook Burton E. Hess, Musician Burton R. Wagner, Privates Treffle Pomelow, Otto B. Loose, Stephano Apperti, Joseph Noell, John E. Kuhn, Ralph H. Zim, Edward Braman, Chester A. A. Conklin, Walter E. Collins, Joseph J. Kerins, Henry Dumas, Philip Saling and George A. Slack.

Wounded—Privates Lester Rushworth, Harry C. Lee, Michael J. Farron, Company H; Corp. White of Company F; Private James H. Clancy. All will probably recover, although their wounds are badly infected, owing to lack of medical attention."

It is a mistake to suppose all the fighting going on nowadays in the Philippines is bushwhacking. The Americans continue to go against good trenches constructed on commanding positions and they even have at times to dislodge the enemy from stone forts. Take for example the work the Forty-third infantry has lately been doing on Leyte island. An expedition against Gen. Mojica's stronghold was made by four columns of this regiment, during which the Americans carried three distinct lines of intrenchments crowning hilltops approachable only over such steep ascents that the enemy rolled bowlders down upon the advancing troops. In another expedition against the town of Hilongas, in Southern Leyte, in which the Forty-third was assisted by the navy, the enemy was in a masonry fortress, whose strong walls successfully resisted the shells from the gunboats, so Col. Murray carried the fort by a charge in which the Americans lost four men. The enemy's loss in this fight was 36 "buried," 20 wounded and 30 captured, besides about 75 rifles, some stores, ammunition, clothing and a muzzle-loading brass cannon. The resistance to this attack was prolonged and stubborn, and many of the enemy escaped from the fort by means of underground tunnels, which the American troops did not discover until too late to prevent their usefulness. The fire of the enemy was good and well controlled and why more of the Americans were not hit is a mystery. Capt. Polk was wounded in this fight.

Lieut. John H. Evans, a very capable officer of the Forty-third, was killed, with two other men, on Samar island, while leading a charge against some concealed trenches. The service can ill afford to lose such men as Evans.

Commenting upon their recent work in Samar and Leyte an officer of the Forty-third said:

"And this is what is called guerrilla warfare? Constantly fighting fortified lines of works against an enemy who has little idea of quitting."

The Forty-third landed in Samar and Leyte about the first of February. During the first four months of their occupation of this territory the regiment lost by disease, 3 men; killed in action, 36 men; missing and probably killed, 3 men, and wounded, 68 men, which gives a total of 110 men.

Up to within a few days ago the Forty-third was about equally distributed over the two Visayan islands of Samar and Leyte and there were not enough troops on either island to successfully meet the existing military requirements. Now a change has been effected and those companies of the Forty-third under Maj. Allen, formerly in Samar, have been relieved by a battalion of the Twenty-ninth under Col. Hardin, and the entire Forty-third regiment is at present in Leyte. An active campaign will immediately be begun against the insurgent Gen. Mojica and his 500 rifle men in Leyte and to this end a "flying column" has been organized under the command of Maj. Henry T. Allen the senior of this regiment. The column will be composed of the following organizations: Company C, under command of Capt. Washington L. Goldsborough, with a base at Dagami; Johnston's scouts (white), under Lieut. Gordon Johnston; Company I, under Capt. William B. Preston, with a base of supplies at Taoloban; Company K, under Capt. William C. Dow, with a base of supplies at Barauen; Compny M, under Capt. George O. Duncan, with a base of supplies at Abuyog; Company L, under Capt. Frank C. Prescott, headquarters of the column, and Gasser's scouts (natives), with a base at Dulag, Leyte.

The native scouts were formed at Catbalogan, Island of Samar, and have done good work on several occasions, particularly at Matiginao, Lukhan's capital, where the insurgents were routed, their capital burned, and a number killed.

From the above it will be seen that the column will consist of five companies of the Forty-third infantry, viz.: The Third battalion, and one company of the First, together with two scout organizations, and with this force it is intended to strike Mojica and if possible capture or exterminate his forces in Leyte.

# ASK YOUR NEIGHBOR

## Hundreds of Duluth Citizens Can Tel You all About It.

Home endorsement, the public expression of Duluth people, should be evidence beyond dispute for every Duluth reader. Surely the experience of friends and neighbors, cheerfully given by them, will carry more weight than the utterances of strangers residing in faraway places. Read the following:

Mr. H. Pierson, of 924 Third street east, carpenter by trade, says: "For two years I was troubled with kidney complaint, and while not severe enough to lay me up, it affected my entire system, and I felt generally run down. There was an extreme weakness of the kidneys and the secretions were very irregular. I tried a number of different remedies and took a lot of medicine, but nothing seemed suited to my case. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills very highly recommended, and being advised to try them, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's, corner of Superior street and Second avenue west. I had not taken them long before I was satisfied they were doing me good, so I continued their use and improved rapidly. In a short time they thoroughly relieved me of the trouble."

Sold for 50 cents a box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Comptroller Tracewell of the treasury department, has rendered a decision in which he holds that the Hawaiian islands, under the act of May 26, 1900, constitute an integral part of the United States and, therefore, officers of the navy therein are serving within the realm of dominion of the United States and consequently are not "beyond seas" within the meaning of section 13 of the navy personnel act.

After eight years of litigation, when the Fayerweather will case, in New York, was thought to be practically closed, Judge LaCombe yesterday rendered an opinion and signed orders which, in effect, open the case again and the validity of the lease executed by the widow and next of kin will be gone into. Daniel B. Fayerweather was a leather merchant who died in 1890, leaving a fortune of $6,000,000.

Calvin Titus, who scaled the walls of Pekin, was a member of the Salvation Army, at Wichita, Kan., for several months. He was related to Capt. Lee, a well-known Salvation Army officer, and an evangelist of some note. Titus is a good musician and he sang at all of Lee's revival meetings.

The Second battalion of the Eighth United States infantry will leave Fort Snelling for the Orient on Sept. 6. Lieut. Col. Ellis, whose health was much impaired by the hardships of the Cuban campaign, has been granted leave of absence for four months and will not accompany his regiment. Maj. Stretch will probably command the detachment.

The will of the late Senator John J. Ingalls, filed in probate yesterday at Atchison, Kan., bequeaths all his property and estate to his wife.

Carl Rohl Smith, the sculptor of Washington, died in Copenhagen yesterday of Bright's disease.

Phillip Hosmer, the expert rower, died yesterday of consumption at Boston.

### GYPSIES MAY HAVE BOY.

#### Arthur Dent Has Been Missing Five Months From Home.

Atlantic City, N. J., Aug. 23.—Little George Arthur Dent, 4½ years old, disappeared nearly five months ago from his home in Lowell, Mass., and now the police of this city have been asked to assist in finding him. The boys' parents think it quite probable he may be wandering about the country with a band of gypsies. Several of these bands have been driven away from the vicinity of this resort during the summer, and it is thought that some of them may know something about the missing boy.

A curious point in regard to the boy, and one which, more than anything else, has caused his parents to think that he may be with gypsies, is his strange infatuation for horses. Whenever he saw a horse he immediately became interested and wanted to pet the animal. In spite of his tender years little Artie Dent could drive a single team quite well.

Last winter a tribe of gypsies visited Lowell and located near the Dent home. Artie was a frequent visitor to the encampment and fell in love with some of the horses owned by the tribe. He made friends with several of the gypsies, who apparently became very much attached to him. Late in March the gypsies broke camp and left Lowell for parts unknown, and about the same time little Artie disappeared.

The distracted parents have secured the services of State Detective Charles Ainge, of this city, to trace their missing boy, and he is now engaged in trying to locate the various bands of gypsies in the country. He has found present headquarters of several of the bands which have visited this locality during the summer, but can not find that any of them were in Lowell last winter. There are, however, several tribes that have visited this section whose present locality Ainge has not been able to ascertain. The parents of the missing boy have offered a reward of $500 for the safe return of their child.

### SAVED A DROWNING WOMAN.

#### Youth Brings a Philadelphia Matron to Shore Unconscious.

Cottage City, Mass., Aug. 23.—After the bathers had left the beach a few days ago, persons in the pavilion saw a woman struggling in the water some 200 feet from shore, borne by the tide toward the Oak Bluffs landing.

Their cries attracted Max K. Chamberlain, 19 years old, who, fully dressed, jumped into the surf and swam for the struggling woman. He caught her just as she was sinking. She was Mrs. Bertha Francis, of Philadelphia.

The woman struggled with her rescuer, who was forced to duck her head once or twice under the water. Just as Chamberlain succeeded in quieting her, Ralph Bunker reached them, and she was brought to shore in an unconscious condition.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go;
Life's an all-around pleasure to me
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

# FIGHTING GENERAL

## Boers Seem to Be Giving the British Plenty to Do.

## DE WET TURNS BACK

## Is Reported to Be Heading For the Orange River Colony.

London, Aug. 23.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office, under date of Pretoria, Aug. 22, as follows:

"Buller's division marched to Van Wyckvlei, 15 miles south of Belfast, yesterday, his casualties were twenty."

"Paget reports from Hammans Kraal that Baden-Powell engaged Grobler's rear guard all day yesterday. Grobler was driven back east of Pinaars river. Baden-Powell occupied the railway station of that name. During the fight, Baden-Powell's advance and that of the enemy galloped into each other, the Rhodesians losing Col. Spreckley and four men killed and seven wounded. Many of the Boers were killed or wounded. They were at Cyferguil. Plumer and Hickman were closely pursuing them.

"It seems certain that De Wet, finding it hopeless to make his way eastward has re-crossed the Magaliesberg, with a few wounded, with the intention of returning to the Orange River Colony. He is in a very different condition from that when he left Bethlehem, with six or eight guns and 2000 men. His guns have mostly been buried and his present following cannot be more than 300. It is stated that Steyn, with a small body guard, has crossed Pinnaars river on his way to join Kruger at Machadodorp.

"The Boers yesterday blew up a portion of the railway at Koetses Drift, five miles north of Newcastle, and damaged the rails at a point 30 miles south of Newcastle.

### PROCLAMATION BY KRUGER.

#### Counters on the Latest Manifesto By Lord Roberts.

London, Aug. 23.—President Kruger, according to a dispatch from Lourenzo Marques to the Daily Express, has issued a proclamation counter to the latest proclamation issued by Lord Roberts. The Transvaal president says:

"It will help you nothing to lay down your arms or to leave the commandoes. Every step homeward means a step nearer St. Helena."

### BRIDE'S LEGACY MUST STAND.

#### Husband's Will Superseded His Ante-Nuptial Contract.

Trenton, N. J., Aug. 23.—After several years' fighting, Mrs. Lottie B. Russell, of Cumberland county, has failed to break the will of her husband, by which she received only $6000. A decision against Mrs. Russel was filed in the court of chancery by Vice Chancellor Grey. The Russells were married in 1891. The husband, a ship owner, was a widower, 75 years of age, and the bride was 25 years his junior. She claims that in an anti-nuptial agreement Russell promised to give her $15,000, to be paid six months after his death, and in addition she was to be liberally provided for in his will. After the marriage Russell succeeded in getting his wife to sign an agreement to take $5000 instead of $15,000, and when his will was read it was found that he had left his widow only $1000 additional.

In her bill of complaint Mrs. Russell charges that her husband had, by inducing her to sign the agreement, perpetrated a fraud upon her, because she was ignorant of the law, and she asked that she be given her dowager rights in the property, which, she claimed, amounts to about $200,000.

The late Robert G. Ingersoll was the attorney of record in the case, appearing for Mrs. Russell at a previous trial, in which the decision was against his client. Vice Chancellor Grey, in the decision filed today, says that the widow had failed to show that her husband's estate was of such enormous value as she claimed it was, and that the $6000 left her was a fair share of the estate.

### BRAVE PRIEST STOPS PANIC.

#### Controlled a Crowd Terrified By Fire In a Church.

Litchfield, Conn., Aug. 23.—Six hundred persons, among whom were many summer visitors, were in a panic in the fair given by St. Michael's Roman Catholic church in the town hall the other night. A cakewalk was in progress when an immense kerosene lamp suspended over the stage fell. The stage was soon in flames.

Men, women and children, screaming and yelling, trampled each other under foot to reach the stairway, and many were bruised and cut. Rev. Father Skelly, pastor of the church, barred the way to the stairs and shouted to the people to stop and be calm. Several men who struggled with the priest, who is a powerful athlete, were thrown to the floor.

The persons soon forgot their fear and cool men smothered the fire, and the cakewalk continued.

### SHAW ANNOUNCES IT.

#### Iowa Governor Gives Out Dolliver's Appointment as Congressman.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 23.—Governor Shaw last evening announced the appointment of Congressman J. P. Dolliver, of Fort Dodge, to be United States senator to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator John H. Gear. The appointment runs to March 4, 1901. The legislature does not meet in regular session until 1902, and Dolliver's appointment is likely to be renewed to run until his successor is elected. There will be numerous candidates before the next legislature for the position, including Senator Dolliver, A. B. Cummins, Governor Shaw, Congressman Lacey and probably others.

**Prevented a Tragedy.**

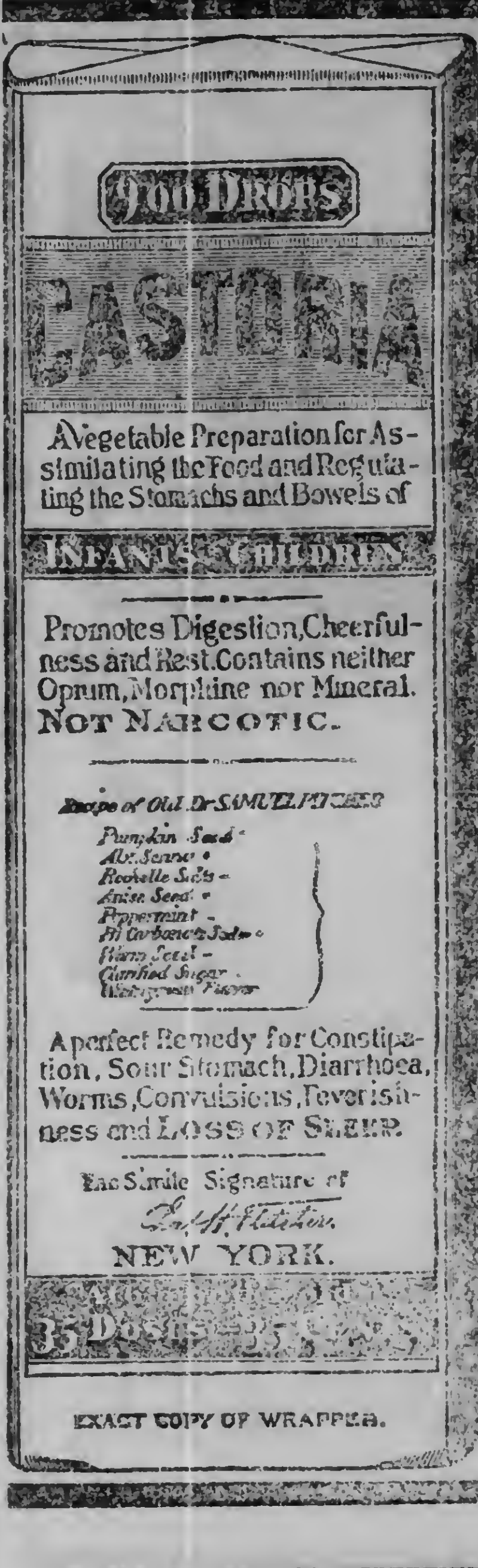
Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her; and she writes, this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of its power to cure all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1. Guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

**Shapely Married Women**

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is very destructive to the mother's shapeliness. This can be avoided, however, by the use of MOTHER'S FRIEND before baby comes, as this scientific liniment prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of form. MOTHER'S FRIEND also obviates all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing, and thousands gratefully tell of the great good it has done them. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

Our little book, telling all about this great remedy, will be sent free to any address by THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY, Atlanta, Georgia.

**Mother's Friend**



100 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEW YORK.

35 Doses — 35 Cents

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**CASTORIA**

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

**CASTORIA**

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

**MANHOOD RESTORED** "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of Impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

**SAPOLIO**

'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

### His Hand to His Hip Pocket.

#### Workmen Have That Habit to a Remarkable Degree.

A workman will suddenly pause in his work and whip his hand around to his hip-pocket. For a gun? Not a bit of it. For a plug of chewing tobacco. Very often he will bite off a piece and put the remainder back with an air of dissatisfaction. It was not what he wanted, but having bought it, he must chew it. If this experience has been yours, buy for trial a plug of Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Thrasher or Rise and Shine, and you will find it better than the ordinary brands. The above brands are made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco Co., of Middletown, Ohio, a company which is absolutely independent of any trust or monopoly. Workmen have it in their power to strangle monopoly by buying tobaccos made by independent concerns. The Wilson-McCallay brands are clean, pure, wholesome. They do not give heartburn and other effects of a similar character. If you are a working man the inside of your dinner pail is a good place to scratch the names of these four famous UNION made brands, Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Thrasher, Rise and Shine.

1st day.
15th day.
30th day.

Photographed from life.

**REVIVO**
RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

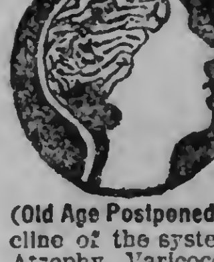
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

BIG G. Trade Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. [illegible]



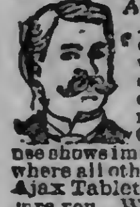
TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

(Old Age Postponed.)

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis. Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book. **50c.**

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 225 West Superior street, druggists.



**MADE ME A MAN**

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by over work and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effect a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price **50 cts.** per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL PILLS** Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 9, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of Eugene Chappell, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of William S. Conklin, administrator of the estate of Eugene Chappell, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Tuesday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth Minnesota, the 9th day of August, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal)

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-9-16-23—1900.

# ONE CENT ADVANCE

## Wheat Started Out Firmer, Declined But Bulged on Export Demand.

## THE CABLES HIGHER

## Early Strength Due to Advance at Liverpool and Northwest Rains.

Duluth Board of Trade, Aug. 23.—The wheat market started out firm and slightly higher this morning, the outside news being of a bullish character, but there were many selling orders and prices soon declined. The opening strength was due to an advance of ⅛@¾d at Liverpool and the delay to harvesting operations in the Northwest caused by rains. After noon the market became strong again on reports of a good export demand and prices advanced to the highest figures of the day, the close being 1@1⅛c higher than yesterday here and ⅝@⅞c higher at Chicago for the September option.

Trading in futures was active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened a shade up at 76c, sold at 76¼c at 9:31, declined to 75⅝c at 9:54, reacted to 76c at 10, fell off again to 75⅝c at 10:50, advanced to 76⅛-¼c at 12:15 and ruled steady. There was a bulge during the last half hour on the export demand, and the close was at 76⅞c, a net gain of 1@1⅛c. December wheat opened ⅛c higher at 76⅝c, declined to 76¼c at 9:50, reacted to 75⅞-76c at 10:50, advanced to 76¼c at 12:15 and closed at 77c, being ⅞c higher than yesterday. Cash sales were about 35,000 bus at the September price. It is estimated Duluth wheat stocks will decrease 100,000 bus this week. Oats and barley were unchanged. Corn advanced ¼c and rye rose ½c. Cash flax gained 1½c, flax to arrive rose 2½c, September flax advanced 1¼c; October flax, closed ¾c higher, November flax rose 1c and May flax advanced 2c. Following were the closing prices.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 79⅝c; to arrive, new, 75⅞c; old, 79⅝c; September, 78⅞c; December, 79c. No. 1 northern, cash, 77⅛c; to arrive, new, 76⅞c; old, 77⅛c; September, 76⅞c; December, 77c. No. 2 northern, 74⅝c. No. 3 spring, 71⅛c. Oats, 23¾@23⅞c. Rye, 49½c. Barley, 37@45c. Flax, cash, $1.39½; to arrive, $1.39½; September, $1.38¼; October, $1.34⅜; November, $1.33; May, $1.40. Corn, 39⅝c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 70; corn, 8; oats, 2; rye, 2; barley, 15; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 44,474; corn, 4806; oats, 3810; barley, 1010. Shipments—Wheat, 66,490.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

### CASH SALES THURSDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars | $0.76 |
| No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus | 75¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 5000 bus | 76 |
| No. 1 northern, 1 car | 75 |
| No. 1 northern, 7000 bus, old | 76¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 150 bus | 76½ |
| Rejected, 1 car | 71 |
| Flax, 1000 bus, September | 1.37⅝ |
| Flax, 1000 bus, September | 1.37½ |
| Flax, 1000 bus, September | 1.37¼ |
| Flax, 11,000 bus, October | 1.34½ |
| Flax, 5000 bus, October | 1.34¼ |
| Flax, 2000 bus, November | 1.34 |
| Flax, 350 bus, cash | 1.39 |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Steadiness Prevails Generally With Dullness in All Lines.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Speculative markets on the board of trade started out dull today. September opened a shade higher at 73⅝@¾c, Liverpool being ⅝@¾d higher, and harvesting operations suffering delay from continued heavy rains in the Northwest. In the face of this news outsiders were sellers. This discouraged local traders and September dropped to 73⅜@½c, where the market steadied. Local receipts were 325 cars, 15 of contract grade, while Minneapolis and Duluth reported 377 cars, against 212 last week and 281 a year ago.

September later eased to 73¼c, but under pressure of an awakened export demand rallied to 74⅜c and closed strong, ⅝@¾c higher at 74⅜@½c. New York reported 19 loads taken for export and cash sales here were put at 155,000 bus.

Trade in corn was very small. September opened a shade higher at 39⅜@½c but sold off to 39⅛c on the continuance of rains in the West. Receipts were 148 cars. The close was easy, ⅛@¼c lower at 39⅛@¼c.

Oats were dull and featureless, there being practically no trade during the first part of the session. September opened unchanged at 21⅞c and sold at 21⅝c. Receipts were 251 cars.

Provisions were inactive but steady. There was a fair cash demand. The whole list opened 2½c lower. September pork at $10.97½; September lard at $6.67½, and September ribs at $6.97½.

Close—Wheat, August, 74⅜c; September, 74⅜@½c; October, 75⅛@⅜c. Corn, August, 39⅝c; September, 39⅛@¼c; October, 38⅝@¾c. Oats, August, 21¼c; September, 21⅝@¾c; October, 22⅛c. Pork, August, $10.97½; September, $10.97½; October, $11.00@11.02½; January, $11.10. Lard, August, $6.72½; September, $6.72½; October, $6.77½; November, $6.70; December, $6.52½; January, $6.50@6.52½. Ribs, August, $7.05; September, $7.05; October, $7.00; January, $5.87½@5.90. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 75@76c; No. 3 red, 71½@74½c; No. 2 hard winter, 69½@71½c; No. 3 hard winter, 68¾@70c; No. 1 northern spring, 73½@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@75c; No. 3 spring, 68½@74c. Corn, No. 2, 39¾@40c; No. 3, 39¾c. Oats, No. 2, 21¾@22c; No. 3, 21¾c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.40; Southwestern, $1.33; August, $1.40; September, $1.37; October, $1.33⅜. Rye, August, 50½c; September, 50½c; October, 51c. Barley, cash, 37@49c. Timothy, September and October, $4.02½. Clover, October, $9.75.

### MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Wheat held its own remarkably well early in the day. At the opening many local traders who bought yesterday turned sellers on account of the market not showing important further strength. The scalping crowd worked hard on the bear side. The early weakness in coarse grains also assisted the heavy feeling. On the break commission houses with Northwestern connections were free buyers, their purchases being induced by continued rains in their territory and by reports of heavy sales of flour made yesterday by Minneapolis millers. The cash demand in that market was good in consequence. Kansas City said the out of town milling demand for the Kansas wheat was excellent with sample tables all cleaned up. St. Louis reported very light acceptances on bids sent out last night. The export demand continued good in all positions, with heavy business consummated here and at the seaboard. Shorts became frightened during the latter part of the session. The speculative buying for both local and outside account increased in volume. The market advanced sharply under these purchases and closed strong at about outside prices for the day. We do not look for a runaway market at present but expect a gradual healthy improvement in values with numerous small setbacks for some time to come.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.
Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston

Corn was weak early in the session. General rains were reported throughout Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and the South, greatly improving prospects. The export demand was brisk, but speculative interest was inclined to lag, traders' attention being attracted to wheat. The strength in wheat finally induced some buying of corn but the market closed barely steady at quotations.

Puts, September wheat, 73½c.
Calls, September wheat, 75¼c.

### MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 23.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, 74⅛c; September, 74¼c; December, 75½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 75¼c; No. 2 northern, 71¼c.

### AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September— | | | | |
| Open | 76¼ | 73¾ | 73⅞-73¾ | 78⅞ |
| High | 76⅞ | 74¼ | 74⅜ | 79⅝-¾ |
| Low | 75⅝ | 72¾ | 73¼ | 78¼-⅜ |
| Close | 76⅞B | 74¼ | 74⅜-½B | 79⅝A |
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 76⅝B | 75 | *74½-74¾ | 80¾-⅞ |
| High | 77B | 75½ | 75½ | 81½-⅝ |
| Low | 75⅞-76 | 74¼ | 74⅛ | 80⅛-¼ |
| Close | 77B | 75½ | 75¼-⅜ | 81½B |

* October.

### CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Sept. | Corn. Sept. | Pork. July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 21⅞ | 39⅜@39½ | $10.92 |
| High | 21⅞ | 39½ | $11.00 |
| Low | 21½ | 38¾ | $10.92 |
| Close | 21⅝-¾ | 39⅛-¼A | $10.97 |

### WHEAT MOVEMENT.

| | Receipts. Bushels. | Shipments. Bushels. |
|---|---|---|
| New York | 44,409 | 23,875 |
| Philadelphia | 54,554 | 34,721 |
| Baltimore | 55,000 | 32,000 |
| Toledo | 127,143 | 7,800 |
| Detroit | 10,000 | ...... |
| St. Louis | 103,000 | 131,000 |
| Chicago | 320,150 | 526,786 |
| Milwaukee | 18,900 | 2,810 |
| Minneapolis | 248,000 | 45,000 |
| Kansas City | 168,800 | 392,400 |
| Duluth | 44,474 | 66,490 |

### LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Aug. 23.—Wheat steady, ½d higher; September, 5s 11¾d; December, 6s 1½d. Corn, quiet, unchanged to ⅛d lower; September, 4s ½d; October, 4s ½d; November, 4s ½d.

### CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Thursday, Aug. 23.

| STATIONS OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT. | State of weather. | T'mp'ture. *Max. | T'mp'ture. **Min. | Rainfall inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria | Clear | 82 | 58 | .02 |
| Campbell | Clear | 88 | 52 | .0 |
| Crookston | Cloudy | 82 | 58 | .02 |
| Detroit City | Cloudy | 82 | 56 | .06 |
| Grand Meadow | Clear | 88 | 60 | .0 |
| Granite Falls | Clear | 86 | 60 | .0 |
| Minneapolis | Foggy | 82 | 62 | 2.16 |
| New Ulm | Pt cldy | 86 | 62 | T |
| Park Rapids | Cloudy | 80 | 54 | .34 |
| Winnebago City | Clear | 86 | 58 | .18 |
| Worthington | Clear | 82 | 62 | .08 |
| Devils Lake, N.D. | Foggy | 82 | 50 | .14 |
| Langdon, N. D. | | .. | .. | .. |
| Larimore, N. D. | Clear | 82 | 52 | .04 |
| Lisbon, N. D. | Clear | 82 | 56 | .0 |
| Pembina, N. D. | Clear | 80 | 50 | .0 |
| Aberdeen, S. D. | Clear | 88 | 54 | .11 |
| Millbank, S. D. | Clear | 88 | 58 | .0 |
| Mitchel, S. D. | Clear | 84 | 56 | .0 |
| Redfield, S. D. | Clear | 86 | 56 | .10 |
| Bismarck, N. D. | Clear | 84 | 58 | .0 |
| Duluth | Clear | 66 | 60 | .82 |
| Huron, S. D. | Clear | 84 | 54 | .38 |
| La Crosse, Wis. | Clear | 82 | 64 | .64 |
| Moorhead | Cloudy | 80 | 58 | .36 |
| St. Paul | Cloudy | 84 | 64 | .98 |
| Winnipeg, Can. | Cloudy | 76 | 50 | .0 |

| CENTRAL STATION. | Number of stations reporting. | District averages. Temperature. *Max. | District averages. Temperature. *Min. | District averages. Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 25 | 84 | 66 | .22 |
| Columbus | 17 | 84 | 64 | 1.01 |
| Des Moines | 13 | 84 | 64 | .10 |
| Indianapolis | 10 | 86 | 68 | .18 |
| Kansas City | 20 | 90 | 66 | .14 |
| Louisville | 16 | 88 | 68 | .72 |
| Minneapolis | 19 | 84 | 57 | .20 |
| Omaha | 13 | 90 | 64 | .04 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 90 | 70 | .14 |

Warm weather prevailed Wednesday, but it is a little cooler this morning in the Minneapolis district. Showers fell in all districts, heavy as follows: Minneapolis, 2.16 inches; Tuscola, Ill., 1.54; Bradstown, Ky., 2.82; Lexington, Ky., 2.15; Shelbyville, Ky., 3.68 inches.

T. Indicates inappreciable rainfall. *Maximum for yesterday. **Minimum for twenty-four hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

### NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 23.—Close, wheat, September, 79⅝c asked; December, 81½c bid. Corn, September, 44c; December, 40⅝c bid.

# RIVAL COMPANY

## New Abstract Company Files Articles of Incorporation—W. W. Sanford, Manager.

Articles of incorporation of two abstract companies were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds, one for the consolidated company that recently bought in the plant of the St. Louis County Abstract company, and the other for an entirely new company that is to enter the field and compete for the business.

The new company is the Northern Abstract company, and it is incorporated by T. H. Hawkes, W. W. Sanford and H. R. Spencer. Its capital stock is $50,000, and its limit of indebtedness is $25,000, and the corporation does not begin until Sept. 10. The company is authorized to begin business when $7500 of the stock has been subscribed for. H. R. Spencer is the president, T. H. Hawkes the vice president, and W. W. Sanford is the secretary, treasurer and manager of the new concern.

The Consolidated Abstract company is the name of the combined company, and it has filed articles of incorporation in the office of the register of deeds. The company is capitalized at $65,000, with a limited indebtedness of $25,000, and its stock is divided into 650 shares of $100 each. It is empowered to do an abstract business in St. Louis county and other counties to which it may desire to reach. The first annual meeting is to be on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, 1901, and until then the incorporators, M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C. Howe and J. L. Washburn are to act as directors. The officers until then are to be as follows: M. H. Alworth, president; J. L. Washburn, vice president, and F. W. Heimick, secretary and treasurer.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
Representing
Weare Commission Co.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713.

Local Stocks,
Real Estate,
Fire Insurance,
Investments.....
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg.

# HAS APPEALED.

## East Duluth Land Company Objects to Opening of Jefferson Street.

The East Duluth Land company has appealed to the district court from the condemnation proceedings for the opening of Jefferson street between Twenty-second and Forty-fourth avenues east. The notice of appeal was served on the city officers today and sets forth that at the beginning no necessity for the improvement was declared, as required by law; that the condemnation was not ordered by a majority of all the members of the council, and that the commissioners were not all freeholders, and that the award, to the East Duluth Land company is grossly unjust.

The East Duluth Land company owns a majority of the property condemned for the extension of Jefferson street, and it has fought the project since it was first proposed.

The improvement is intended to give Lester Park and Lakeside a better street car service, and the fight of the land company which will be made through Billson, Congdon & Dickinson, will be watched with interest, especially from that end of the city.

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweetheart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

## PERSONALS.

Professor Ourat will leave Sunday to attend the Western Association and Normal School of Dancing Masters at Cleveland., Sept. 3.

James A. Shannon, who has been home for two months from West Point, N. Y., will return this evening to finish the remaining two years of his studies.

Charles W. Bragg, of the United States navy, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Bragg, No. 317 Third avenue east.

Mrs. C. A. Mullin, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. P. Waste, 410 Ninth avenue east, left on the United Empire for Ottawa, Ont. Her daughter, Mrs. Chamberlin, accompanied her.

Mrs. C. H. Hudson, of Chicago, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. H. Gallagher.

Miss Helen Ross, of Dubuque, Iowa, formerly of Duluth, is a guest of Mrs. C. G. Traphagen.

Charles D. Boyles, of Chicago, of the Albert Dickinson company, the big operators in flax, is in the city.

Mrs. Henry Dworschak and children returned yesterday from a month's visit with relatives at Royalton, Minn.

R. R. Forward has gone to the ranges for a day or two.

Ward Ames and A. B. Wolvin were passengers to Chicago yesterday.

J. J. Haley has gone down the lakes for a trip.

Capt. T. H. Pressnell has returned from a visit with ex-Lieutenant Governor Fifield, of Ashland, at his summer home at Sand island.

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. McClintock and Miss Mary McClintock, of Cincinnati, Ohio, parents and sister of John M. McClintock, of this city, are here on a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Macdonald and their daughter Miss Eleanor Macdonald, of Winnipeg, Man., arrived today to visit Mr. Macdonald's sister, Mrs. C. Stuart.

A. C. Jamison, formerly of Duluth, but for several years a resident of Spokane Falls, is in the city for a visit.

F. G. Schroeder, of Perham, is in the city today.

John Coyer and S. Lafaiver, of Tonawanda, N. Y., lumber buyers, are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Harris, Miss Katherine Harris and Stewart Harris, of Minneapolis, arrived in the city last evening and are at the Spalding.

John Mewhinney, of Biwabik, was at the St. Louis last evening.

Mrs. R. F. Fitzgerald and sons, Masters Grover and Charles, will leave this evening on the steamer China for Buffalo and the East.

Mrs. G. W. Wallace and daughter were at the St. Louis last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Crabb, of Rochester, Minn., are in the city. Mr. Crabb is clerk of the district court of Olmsted county.

Congressman and Mrs. Jesse Overstreet, of Minneapolis; A. Overstreet and wife, Dr. A. Rice and wife, of Columbus, Ind., are stopping at the Spalding today and over night. Congressman Overstreet says he is on the trip for his health, and declined to talk politics.

Dwight Terry and wife, of New York, are among the tourists that arrived today.

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Dows and children, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, are visiting at the head of the lakes.

Among the railroad men in the city today were W. F. Fitch, of Marquette second vice president and general manager of the South Shore road and George H. Campbell, of St. Ignace, superintendent of dining cars on the same road.

Capt. Boynton, a well-known steamboat man and manager of the Mackinac Transportation company, was a visitor in the city today.

Charles T. Long, of Collingwood, Ont., general manager of the Northwestern Transportation company, called in the city today. He was accompanied by J. J. O'Connor, the company's agent at Port Arthur.

## Zenith Lodge No. 99,

### Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W.

All members are requested to be present at a special meeting to be held at Masonic Temple Hall, tomorrow morning at 10:30.

ELLA ALLEN, Recorder.
BELLA K. PALMER, C. of H.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes

Richard V. Palmer, the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Seely J. Palmer, died last night from a complication of troubles. The funeral will be tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock from the Palmer house, 119 East First street. The interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery.

Police Lieut. John Drennan and Court Officer Ed Jensen have returned from a week's vacation spent at St. Cloud, Stillwater and the White Earth reservation.

I'll leave my happy home for you if you'll have your suit cleaned at Kelly's.

A horse attached to a rig belonging to the Minneapolis Cracker company ran away on twentieth avenue between Third and Fourth avenues west this afternoon. The runaway collided with a dray and the carriage was demolished.

### Ideal Summer Tours.

The ideal route for summer tourist travel is the Grand Trunk railway system—reaching directly all the most popular lake, river, mountain and seashore resorts of the East.

Full particulars and copies of summer tourist literature on application to J. H. Burgis, city passenger and ticket agent, 249 Clark street, corner Jackson boulevard, Chicago.

# WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

## General Market Was Easier In Tone, Though Some Shares Rose.

## CLOSING WAS DULL

## With the Net Changes Unimportant Outside of a Few Stocks.

New York, Aug. 23.—The stock market opened dull. Only a few issues were dealt in and these showed slight changes above or below last night. Steady buying of New Jersey Central improved it 2 points to 138 but half of the gain was lost before 11 o'clock. St. Louis & Southwestern preferred, Tennessee Coal and Reading first preferred rose large fractions and Consolidated Gas 1¼. Baltimore & Ohio moved up almost a point on the strength of rumors connecting it with the reported deal in New Jersey Central. The general market was easier in tone, but there was no pressure. There was heavy buying of St. Louis Southwestern issues in the bond market.

A bid of 2 per cent for call money caused a slight yielding in stock prices. Pressed Steel fell off 1⅞, but immediately recovered the fraction. The market closed easy in tone, with net changes unimportant outside of a few stocks.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Sugar Trust | 123½ | 123½ | 122⅞ | 123 |
| Am. Steel, com | 35¼ | 35½ | 35¼ | 35⅜ |
| Am. Tobacco | 93¾ | 93¾ | 93½ | 93½ |
| Atchison, com | 27½ | 27½ | 27¼ | 27¼ |
| Atchison, pfd | 70¼ | 70½ | 70⅛ | 70⅛ |
| Brooklyn Transit | 57¼ | 57¼ | 56½ | 56½ |
| C., M. & St. P. | 113¾ | 113⅞ | 113⅜ | 113⅞ |
| C., B. & Q. | 125½ | 125¾ | 125⅜ | 125⅜ |
| Federal Steel, com | 34¼ | 34½ | 34¼ | 34¼ |
| L. & N. | 71⅞ | 72 | 71⅞ | 72 |
| Manhattan | 92⅛ | 92⅛ | 91⅞ | 91⅞ |
| Missouri Pacific | 51⅛ | 51¼ | 51⅛ | 51⅛ |
| Nor. Pacific, com | 51⅝ | 51⅝ | 51¼ | 51¼ |
| Nor. Pacific, pfd | 71⅜ | 71⅜ | 71¼ | 71¼ |
| People's Gas | 96 | 96¼ | 95⅞ | 96⅛ |
| Rock Island | 107 | 107 | 106⅞ | 106⅞ |
| Southern Pacific | 34 | 34⅛ | 33⅞ | 33⅞ |
| Tenn. & C. I. | 69¾ | 69⅞ | 69¾ | 69¾ |
| U. S. Leather, pfd | 68⅝ | 69 | 68⅝ | 69 |
| Union Pacific, pfd | 76⅛ | 76¼ | 76 | 76 |
| Union Pacific, com | 58⅞ | 59⅛ | 58⅞ | 58⅞ |
| Illinois Central | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 |
| B. & O. | 72 | 72¾ | 72 | 72¼ |

### THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 23.—The market for cotton futures opened steady with prices 7 points higher on August, and 2 to 4 points lower on other months. It went off a shade, then rallied on a flurry of covering and Southern buying, only to react again under extreme dullness.

Cotton spot closed quiet, ⅛c decline; middling uplands, 9⅞c; middling gulf, 10⅛c; sales, 1159 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet; August, $9.03; September, $8.67; October, $8.51; November, $8.39; December and January, $8.37; February, $8.38; March, $8.40; April, $8.41; May, $8.48; June, $8.46.

### LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Aug. 23.—Consols for money, 96⅛; for account, 98¼.

### NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 23.—Money on call nominally at 1¼@1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand and at $4.84¼@4.84½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@4.85½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.83½@4.84. Silver certificates, 61½@62½c; bar silver, 61½c; Mexican dollars, 48c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s, when issued, registered and coupon, $1.04; 2s registered, $1.00; 3s registered and coupon, $1.09; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.33; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.15; 5s registered and coupon, $1.12½.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Aug. 23.—Close: Adventure, 2½@3; Allouez, 1⅛@½; Anaconda, 45@½; Arcadian, 20@½; Arnold, 3¾@4¼; Amalgamated, 88½@89; Atlantic, 23 bid; Baltic, 20¾@22; Bingham, 10½@11; Bonanza, 75c asked; Boston and Montana, 318@320; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 63@65; Calumet and Hecla, 755@760; Centennial, 16¾@17; Cochita, 7¾@8; Copper Range, 19@20; Dominion Coal, 42@½; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 14 bid; Humboldt, 25c asked; Isabella, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 29¼@¾; Mass, 6¼@½; Michigan, 3¼@½; Mohawk, 17@18; Old Colony, 3¾@4; Old Dominion, 18½@19; Osceola, 67¾@68½; Oil, 18@19; Parrott, 41¾@42¼; Pioneer, 25c asked; Quincy, 140@142; Rhode Island, 2½ bid; Santa Fe, 4½@5; Tamarack, 209@210; Tecumseh, 2½ asked; Tri-Mountain, 84@¾; Union Land, 2 asked; Utah, 31@¼; Victoria, 2@4; Winona, 3@½; Wolverine, 40½@41; Wyandotte, 1@2; Zinc, 9@10.

Howard Transportation Steamer
BON VOYAGE
Will give an excursion to—
TWO HARBORS
Saturday, Aug. 25th, leaving 5th avenue west dock at 3 o'clock p. m., returning same evening at 9 p. m. Fare round trip 50c.

## Would Not Come Over.

Alfred Wister came to this country in 1884, leaving his wife and family in Sweden. After he had made a home for his family he went back to Sweden for them, but his wife refused to come to this country with him, so he is asking the district court for a divorce. They were married Feb. 12, 1875, in Bohustan, Sweden, and the plaintiff is 48 and the defendant 47 years of age. They have four children, ranging from 7 to 24 years of age, all of them living in Sweden with their mother. Wister alleges that when he came to this country it was with the consent of his wife. He asked her to come with him, but she refused, and he went back after her in 1890, when she again refused. He places the desertion on which the divorce petition is based at April 16, 1892. I. Grettum is his attorney.

## Making Progress.

Actual work on the Garfield avenue viaduct has really begun. Last spring a car of gravel was side tracked down on Rice's point to be used in its construction and several days ago an entire carload of crushed rock was sidetracked next the gravel car. Certain city officers take this as a sure indication that actual work has begun and say a third car of material may arrive some time late in the fall.

In the meantime the legal departments of the various roads are working over time attaching a couple of signatures to the contracts and the bridge may be built soon after the companies get good and ready.

## GUSTAVE CLUSERET DEAD.

### Was Minister of War Under the French Commune.

Toulon, Aug. 23.—Gustav Paul Cluseret, minister of war under the commune, died today of pneumonia. He had a remarkable career of adventure.

# THE MOB ACTS UGLY

## Akron Rioters Get Dynamite and Arms and Threaten The Troops.

## STORES ARE SACKED

## While the Police Are Held At Bay By the Looters.

Akron, Ohio, Aug. 23.—It has just been reported that a mob forced an entrance into a pottery and secured a large quantity of dynamite and this will be thrown among the troops tonight. Feeling is still running high and a leader would probably cause further depredations.

At 10 o'clock this morning, it was reported that a portion of the mob had marched to East Akron, broken into a hardware store and stolen a quantity of ammunition and dynamite, together with all the guns there, and that it was their intention to charge the troops at the first demonstration.

Officers commanding the troops say that any attempts to start a riot will be a signal for a charge by the troops.

The old postoffice building, at the corner of Broadway and Mill street, has been secured as temporary quarters for the city officers. Akron streets present a decidedly warlike appearance. Soldiers, tanned by a week's encampment, are marching to and fro, with belt filled with cartridges. Col. J. D. Poetter is in command. Under him are fourteen staff and nine officers and 390 men of the Fourth regiment. Assistant Adjt. Gen. Adams and Surgeon Gen. Maj. Taylor, of Gen. Speak's staff, are also here. Company C, of Canton, forty-three men, is under command of Capt. W. A. Fisher.

It is estimated that fully $200,000 in property went up in smoke as a result of the riot.

Akron will virtually be until military control until tomorrow at least. Mayor Young told Col. Potter at noon that he wanted troops to remain over night, possibly longer. Although everything is quiet today, the mayor does not propose to take any chances.

The city hall is a complete wreck. None of the city records were saved.

Columbia hall, a frame building, 75 feet long and 40 feet deep, is only a heap of ashes, bent and battered scraps of agricultural implements that fill it. John Whitelaw's saloon, a 2-story frame building next south, was also burned to the ground. The Christy block across the street, north of the city hall, had many broken windows, and was also damaged by water. Windows were broken in many adjoining blocks.

About forty rioters broke into the Standard company's store about 11 o'clock, smashing a big plate glass window. Later, fully 500 returned to the store for more weapons. Policemen and employes of the store were held at bay across the street while the stores were looted. Although crowds throng the street near the wrecked court house all is quiet this afternoon.

## DAMAGE BY FLOOD.

### Desplaines River In Wisconsin Overflows and Destroys Crops.

Milwaukee, Aug. 23.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Kenosha, Wis., says: The Desplaines river, in the western part of the county, on account of the recent rains, has overflowed its banks and the water is flooding the surrounding country, carrying ruin and desolation in its wake. As far as can be learned, the farmers will lose large amounts on account of the complete destruction of their crops of hay and corn. One of the farmers today stated that the loss from the flood will exceed $100,000.

## HE PREFERRED DEATH.

### Caledonia Man Committed Suicide Rather Than Be Arrested.

St. Paul, Aug. 23.—Rather than be arrested, William Steffen, of Caledonia, Houston county, Minn., committed suicide today after a fight with the officers. The ball pierced the brain, back of the ear, and death was instantaneous. Last night he planned to kill his wife.

Last night, after beating his wife, he drove her out of the house and she sought refuge at her father's house, with three children. Late in the night, he tried unsuccessfully to entice her back, presumably to kill her, as he was in a great rage and had a revolver, threatening what he would do when she and the children came back. Today a warrant was issued, but after a battle, rather than surrender, he killed himself.

## STATE OF STORM.

### Wisconsin Has Another One, This Time Around Janesville.

Milwaukee, Aug. 23.—A Journal special from Janesville, Wis., says: A terrific hail, rain and wind storm visited this section today, doing extensive damage. Reports from the surrounding country tell of great damage done to standing leaf tobacco, which was damaged by hail to the extent of many thousands of dollars. In many instances, whole fields were literally cut to pieces. Leaf tobacco dealers estimate the damage at fully $100,000.

Thomas Edden's farm buildings were fired by lightning and destroyed, and three valuable horses owned by Chris Hanson were killed by lightning.

## THREE OHIO CITIES.

### The Census Count of Cleveland, Toledo, and Columbus.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The population of Cleveland, Toledo and Columbus, Ohio, were announced today by the census bureau as follows:

Cleveland, 381,768, against 261,353 in 1890, an increase of 120,415 or 46.07 per cent.

Toledo, 131,822, against 81,434 in 1890, an increase of 50,388 or 61.88 per cent.

Columbus, 125,560, against 88,150 in 1890, an increase of 37,410 or 42.44 per cent.

### COLD WATER TICKET.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 23.—The Prohibition state convention closed its session at noon after nominating the following ticket: Governor, J. B. Smith, Madison; lieutenant governor, T. K. Torvildsen, Eau Claire; treasurer, M. J. Noyes, Muscoda; attorney general, E. W. Chafin, Waukesha; railroad commissioner, V. M. Weeks, Fond du Lac; insurance commissioner, F. R. Derrick, Broadhead; superintendent of public instruction, H. C. Zenn, Oshkosh. For electors at large, S. D. Hastings, Green Bay, and J. H. Burkey, Monroe, were elected.

### PAXTON ROBBED.

Omaha, Aug. 23.—Hon. W. A. Paxton, one of the leading capitalists of this city, was robbed some time during last night, while sleeping in his berth on the Illinois Central train. The thief secured $150 in money, some valuable papers and a number of railroad passes.

# MARINE NEWS.

## More Contracts Are Made For the Building of Lake Vessels.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Contracts were closed here today for the building of a number of steel freight ships by the American Shipbuilding company. Seventeen had already been contracted for, and with the additional contracts made today, the Shipbuilding company will have, during the winter, a vessel for every berth in the six yards. Details of the contracts said to have been made today have not been announced, and will not be, it is stated, until the last formality has been observed.

Cleveland, Aug. 23.—Contracts for five more vessels were closed yesterday by the American Shipbuilding company, making ten freighters in all that have been ordered in as many days by local vessel men. Four of the new ships will be for D. R. Hanna and other Cleveland people. They will be two steamers and two consorts and will carry about 4000 tons each. The steamers will be 314 feet keel, 42 feet beam and 22 feet deep. The schooners will be 300 feet long. The steamers will carry all the copper produced by the Calumet and Hecla company and the boats will trade between Marquette and Lake Erie ports. One steamer will be built at Bay City and the keels for the schooners will probably be laid at West Superior. J. C. Gilchrist, who closed contracts for five steamers of 5000 tons capacity last week, has increase the order to six.

### THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: McGregor, Smith, 12:20 a. m.; Coralia, Meriden, 1; Buffalo, 1:30; Hill, 2:30; German, 4:20; Stephenson, 5; Pontiac, 5:40; Reiss, Roby, ½:30; Frick, Glasgow, Crescent City, 8; Cornell, 8:30; Flacher, 9; Harlem, 10:20; Fayette Brown, 11.

Down: Mariposa, Marcia, 10:30 last night; Madden, Noquebay, Mautenee, 11:30; Italia, Amazon, Johnson, midnight; Viking, Vinland, Keith, 1 a. m.; Poe. Ericsson, 2; McWilliams, 4; Berlin, 4:40; Nicol, 6; Venezuela, Abyssinia, Empire City, 6; Waverly, Matoa, 7; Morse, 10; Stewart, Golden Rule, Brake, 10:20; India, 11.

Up yesterday: Alberta, 12 noon; Bessemer, 2; Black, 2:30; Westcott, 8:40; Juma, 9. Down: Queen City, 1:20 p. m.; Gladstone, Siemens, 3:30; Maricopa, Marsala, 4; Corona, 4:40; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 3; Linn, Bryn Mawr, North West, 8; Carnegie, 9; Mariposa, Marcia, 10:30; Madden, Noquebay, Mautenee, 11:30; Italia, Amazon, Johnson, 12.

### STRUCK BY THE DENVER.

Detroit, Aug. 23.—The steamer Denver was the boat that collided with the Specular and sunk her. After the collision the Denver proceeded on her way and the crew of the Specular did not know what boat had hit them. The Denver was not damaged to any great extent. The crew of the Specular say that the night was clear but dark and that no blame for the disaster could be laid to theofficers of the Specular. It seems that the crew of the Denver also did not know what boat they had collided with. It was only when that boat arrived at Port Huron and made a report of the collision that the captain found out that he had sunk the Specular.

### PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Aug. 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: St. Paul (steel), 10:15 last night; Senator, 11:30; Schoolcraft and consorts, Louisiana, Mohawk, 11:40; Sachem and barge, 12:15 a. m.; Fulton, 1:50; Yale, Wolvin, 4:15; Cadillac, Castalia, Wade, 4:30; Frontenac, 5:15; Waldo, 5:30; Livingstone, Northern King, 6; Paris, 7; Vanderbilt, 7:20; Thomas Palmer, 8; Manola, Martha, 8:15; Onoko, 8:40; Joliet, Carrington, Grecian, Alva, 9:40.

Up yesterday: John Ketcham, 2 p. m.; Northern Queen, 2:20; Norseman and barges, Sawyer and consorts, 2:30; Lagonda, 4; Gilbert, 8:15; North Wind, 8:20; Oregon, Foster, 8:30.

### VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Eltin-Mere, Celtic, Merrimac, Peshtigo, Connolly Bros., Iroquois. Cleared: Spokane, Conneaut; Rees, Norton, Cleveland.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Oregon, Ashland; Tuxbury, Portage. Light—Maryland, Hill, Republic, Chickamanga, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Rockefeller, Duluth, Appomattox, Superior; Mesaba, Mataafa, Two Harbors.

Cleveland—Cleared: Light—Lafayette, Harvard, Carrington, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Frontenac, Angeline, Sagamore, Duluth; Palmer, Superior.

Fairport—Cleared: Coal—John Owen, Duluth. Light—Houghton, Caledonia, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared: Light—Senator, Martha, Malta, Duluth.

Marquette—Arrived: Waverly. Cleared: Business, Hackett, Ashtabula, McGregor, Cleveland; Waverly, Toledo.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Northern Queen, Duluth.

Sandusky—Cleared: Light—Mason, Duluth.

### PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Bon Ami, north and south shores, passengers and merchandise; Algonquin, Kingston, light for grain; Ferguson, Abercorn, Montpelier, Buffalo, salt; Niko, Peterson, Blaine, Lake Erie, coal.

Departed—Minch, Hartnell, Oglebay, Fryer, Iron Duke, Michigan, Negaunee, Stone, Lake Erie, ore; Bon Voyage, Hancock, passengers and merchandise; Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; Bon Ami, north and south shores, passengers and merchandise; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and merchandise.

SNAPS
A few houses and lots at Lakeside and Lester Park at one-half the cost of the house. Let us show them to you.
LAKESIDE LAND Co.
303 Lonsdale Building.

## Eberle-Dunlop Marriage.

The marriage of Miss Anna Elizabeth Eberle and W. Burton Dunlop is to take place today. Miss Eberle has been a teacher in the Duluth schools for several years and Mr. Dunlop is of the firm of Thomson & Dunlop.

## The Modern Woodmen.

The Modern Woodmen are having their picnic at O-at-ka beach today and the weather is all that they had hoped for. The crowd is very large and the exercises are calculated to entirely satisfy their desires. This afternoon a great program of sporting contests is being given and prizes are up for the winners in all events.

## Coming Baseball Games.

The Indianapolis American league team will play in this city on Sept. 27, 28 and 29. Manager Wade succeeded in scheduling the games today, and this will undoubtedly prove the greatest drawing cards of the season. Barring the Chicago White Stockings, the Hoosier team has been the fastest in the American league this season. The famous Chicago unions, composed of colored players, will be here for a series of games on Sept. 9, 10 and 11.

## A Terrific Fall.

Eger Finsted, aged 20 years, who was employed on the Great Northern's new elevator at West Superior fell from the elevator, a distance of 125 feet to the ground beneath. He was still living when picked up, but died shortly afterward at St. Mary's hospital. The young man had a brother-in-law and two sisters living in West Superior. This is the second fatal fall that has occurred at the new elevator this summer.

No Get-Rich-Quick Scheme
but honest execution guaranteed of orders in large or small amounts.
Wheat, Grain and Provisions.
Our "Blue Book" to date furnished free on application. We solicit your correspondence.
F. T. BLISS, 315 Rialto Building, CHICAGO.
Member Chicago Board of Trade

# ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

### —OF THE—

# "CONSOLIDATED ABSTRACT CO."

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves together under the constitution and general laws of the state of Minnesota, and more particularly under Title 2 of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of said state of the year 1878, being Sections 2794 to 2804 inclusive of the General Statutes of said state for the year 1894, and under the laws amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, under the name and for the porposes hereinafter set forth, and to that end do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

### ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be and is hereby declared to be "The Consolidated Abstract Company," and the general nature of its business shall be to make, furnish and certify abstracts of title to, and to furnish information concerning lands and property in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and in any other county or counties of said state to which said corporation may hereafter, by vote of a majority in interest of its stockholders, determine to extend the conduct of said business, for pecuniary profit; to acquire and own all books, records, maps, plats and documents necessary or convenient for the conduct of said business; to acquire by purchase the abstract business, books, records, maps, plats and good will of any other person or persons or corporation in the said county of St. Louis, or in any other county to which it may, as aforesaid, extend its business and to keep and maintain such office or offices and all such books and records and all equipment necessary or convenient to the conduct of said business, and to do all things necessary or incidental to the proper conduct thereof.

The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

### ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the first day of September, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be fifty years.

### ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000), and the same has all been subscribed for and shall be paid in as called for by the board of directors. No stock in this corporation shall be issued for less than par value thereof, either in money or in property deemed its fair equivalent.

### ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which this corporation shall at any time be subject, is the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000).

### ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this company for the purposes of incorporation are as follows:

M. H. ALWORTH, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
F. W. HEIMICK, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
A. S. CHASE, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
GEORGE C. HOWE, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
J. L. WASHBURN, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

### ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and the conduct and management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five directors, and the officers to be elected by the board of directors, as hereinafter specified, the members of which board of directors shall all be stockholders, and, except those first chosen to act as such until the first annual meeting, shall be elected by the stockholders at their annual meeting on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of each year, and the said board of directors upon the day of their election, or within ten days thereafter, shall meet and organize and elect the following officers of said corporation, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, all of whom may be members of the board of directors, but the secretary and treasurer are not required to be elected from the membership of such board.

The office of treasurer may be held by any other officer of said corporation.

Any two members of such board are empowered to call such board together for the purposes of organization after the annual meeting each year, upon such reasonable notice as they deem sufficient. A majority of such board shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of organization and for the purpose of transacting business.

The first annual meeting of said corporation shall be held at the city of Duluth in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, 1901, and until such time and until their successors are elected and qualified, the following persons shall constitute the board of directors of this corporation, to-wit: M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C. Howe and J. L. Washburn, and until such annual meeting is held and the directors thereat chosen shall elect officers as above provided, the general officers of this corporation shall be as follows: M. H. Alworth, president; J. L. Washburn, vice president, and F. W. Heimick, secretary and treasurer.

The officers and directors of this corporation, except those designated to act as such until the first annual meeting thereof, shall hold their offices during the term of one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified, and in case any vacancy at any time occurs in any of the offices of said company or in the membership of the board of directors thereof, the same shall be filled by the board of directors until the next annual meeting of said company.

The board of directors shall adopt such by-laws, rules, regulations and resolutions, not inconsistent with these articles or the constitution and laws of the state of Minnesota, as it may deem necessary and proper for the government of the affairs of the corporation and the conduct of its business.

### ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be divided into six hundred and fifty (650) shares of one hundred dollars each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1900.

M. H. ALWORTH, (Seal.)
F. W. HEIMICK, (Seal.)
A. S. CHASE, (Seal.)
GEORGE C. HOWE, (Seal.)
J. L. WASHBURN, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of
W. D. BAILEY,
L. I. FEETHAM.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

On this 16th day of August, 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C. Howe and J. L. Washburn, to me well known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and they acknowledge that they executed the same as their free act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT of State—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Y2 of Incorporations, on Page 458.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 23, 1900, at 3 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book T of Miscellaneous, page 4.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.

By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-23-24-25-27-28-29-1900.

**Only Evening Paper in Duluth**

THE EVENING HERALD.
**AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.**
Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St
Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.
Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

**10c A WEEK.**

EVERY EVENING DELIVERED BY CARRIER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Single copy, daily | .02 |
| One month | .45 |
| Three months | $1.30 |
| Six months | $2.60 |
| One year (in advance) | $5.00 |

**WEEKLY HERALD.**
$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

**LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.**

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...
**17,148**

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 23.—Higher temperatures prevail in British Columbia and Alberta but cooler weather is the general rule throughout the Northwest and West. Light to copious showers fell during Wednesday or last night over British Columbia, Washington, Southern Montana, Western Manitoba, Western Ontario, Eastern North Dakota, South Dakota, Eastern Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, the Mississippi valley and Lakes Superior and Michigan. The barometer is low over Saskatchewan and Lake Superior and high over Atlantic and Pacific coast states. The weather in the lake region is unsettled and showery, with winds mostly fresh southerly.

Maximum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 96 | Memphis | 74 |
| Battleford | 66 | Miles City | 76 |
| Bismarck | 84 | Milwaukee | 78 |
| Boston | 78 | Minnedosa | 70 |
| Buffalo | 80 | Montgomery | 92 |
| Calgary | 77 | Moorhead | 80 |
| Cedar City | 78 | New Orleans | 94 |
| Charleston | 90 | North Platte | 92 |
| Chicago | 76 | New York | 7[illegible] |
| Davenport | 88 | Oklahoma | 98 |
| Denver | 86 | Omaha | 88 |
| Detroit | 80 | Pittsburg | 82 |
| Dodge City | 88 | Port Arthur | 62 |
| Duluth | 66 | Portland | 72 |
| Edmonton | 68 | Prince Albert | 62 |
| El Paso | 98 | Qu' Appelle | 64 |
| Escanaba | 72 | Rapid City | 78 |
| Galveston | 88 | San Francisco | 66 |
| Green Bay | 80 | Santa Fe | 82 |
| Helena | 98 | Shreveport | 94 |
| Huron | 84 | Spokane | 74 |
| Jacksonville | 100 | St. Louis | 88 |
| Kamloops | 70 | St. Paul | 84 |
| Kansas City | 84 | Sault Ste. Marie | 72 |
| Knoxville | 94 | Swift Current | 68 |
| La Crosse | 82 | Washington | 78 |
| Lander | 80 | Williston | 70 |
| Los Angeles | 82 | Winnemucca | 72 |
| Marquette | 71 | Winnipeg | 76 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably showers tonight; generally fair Friday; warmer Friday; light and fresh northeast to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with showers this afternoon and east portion tonight; Friday generally fair. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Friday. North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Friday; warmer tonight. Upper lakes—Variable winds; showers and thunderstorms this afternoon and tonight; Friday partly cloudy.

## THE HERALD LEADS.

Norman County Herald: For a bright, clean daily newspaper The Duluth Evening Herald takes the lead among Minnesota dailies.

### *Murderers Protected By Legal Quibbles.*

In a decision handed down last week, the supreme court of California reversed the judgment and verdict by which a murderer named Hoff had been convicted, on the ground that the trial judge erred in stating to the jury that "although there is no evidence of a motive on the part of the defendant for the commission of the offense charged, there may nevertheless have been a motive undisclosed, and that circumstantial evidence (the evidence relied upon to convict) had the advantage of direct evidence, because it is not likely to be fabricated." The supreme court held that such an instruction was an expression of opinion upon the force and effect of the testimony, and an intimation of the court's view as to its sufficiency, and therefore improper. The interesting fact to laymen about this decision is that the language used by the trial judge, and held erroneous by the supreme court, was identical, word for word, with that used by the judge who tried Durrant, in his charge to the jury. So, if Hoff ought not to have been convicted because of this language, neither should Durrant have been convicted, and he was judicially murdered. Thus are the issues of life and death handled about by legal doctors who disagree. It appears that there is not the slightest shadow of doubt about the fact that Hoff killed a woman, a Mrs. Clute, while there was always room for a reasonable doubt in the Durrant case; yet Durrant is hanged and Hoff is reprieved. Truly, the law is a curious mixture.

### *Utilization of Convict Labor.*

Governor Lind's appointment of a commission to investigate the convict labor problem and recommend some method of utilizing the time of the prisoners at the state prison and the reformatory, while at the same time paying due regard to their reformation, has naturally brought out numerous suggestions from people who take an interest in this important subject. The commission—composed of Senator C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, Senator Somerville, of Brown county, and Professor Folwell, of the State University—is now visiting penal institutions in the East with a view of acquiring new ideas on the subject and will no doubt obtain much valuable information from the experience of other states that have grappled with the problem. What appears to be a valuable suggestion was offered by Deputy Labor Commissioner Olsen in an article published a few days ago in a St. Paul paper. It is that the labor of state convicts should be utilized in the manufacture of sugar. In this behalf Mr. Olson says: "How would it be if this state of Minnesota, instead of ramming a cash bonus of from $20,000 to $40,000 down the throat of the sugar trust via the Gus Theden route, devoted this money and some more towards equipping a beet sugar factory of its own and employing a number of its convicts in cultivating and handling the sugar beets, and another number in manufacturing the same into sugar? Surely the idea is worth considering. The reformatory at St. Cloud has in connection a very extensive farm—considerably more than a thousand acres. Why not cultivate it for a purpose like this? Beet raising for the sugar trust will never become remunerative in this state. Beet raising for a sugar factory owned by the state and operated by convict labor might prove a different proposition for our farmers. In this way convict labor instead of competing with free labor might prove the means of stimulating and increasing it." No doubt the commission will give this suggestion careful consideration.

### *HE SHOULD BE DEFEATED.*

Referring to a statement by The Herald that the election of Judge Mills to his former place on the railroad and warehouse commission would probably result in his old friend Clausen being again placed at the head of the grain inspection department, the St. Peter Free Press claims that "this is forcing a conclusion entirely out of harmony with conditions confronting Mills' election." These conditions are stated as follows by the St. Peter paper:

"No doubt Judge Mills would like to see his old friend Clausen placed back to his old position, and he probably would have gladly assisted, if elected, to secure him the appointment. But it was soon realized that it would be very dangerous to go into the campaign with such an inferential understanding, and both Mills and Clausen felt constrained to deny publicly that this was contemplated. * * * Nor can Mills afford it. For he himself was in a measure to blame for the Clausen wheat inspection, under which the grain was reduced one grade of its actual test, and in consequence of which the Republican ticket suffered so severely, and of necessity he is now compelled to steer clear of his former mistakes in order to insure his own election. While farmers as a rule give loyal support to their respective party, they have demonstrated that they draw the line when it comes to grading wheat at their expense. The Republicans realize this as well as the Democrats, and they will not be caught again giving the latter a chance to capture Republican votes in that direction."

The Free Press must be very gullible if it accepts as conclusive the denial by Mills and Clausen of such an understanding. The Herald is also astonished that the Free Pres, which has always shown rare independence for a Republican newspaper, should support Judge Mills for election to a position where he used his power against the interests of the farmers, whereby "the grain was reduced one grade of its actual test." The man who would be a party to robbing the farmers in this manner is unfit to hold public office—least of all a place where he would have an opportunity to lower the grades again. Such a man should be defeated.

If the Republicans realize the "mistake" of lowering wheat grades at the expense of the farmers, as the Free Press claims they do, why did they nominate Judge Mills?

In this connection The Herald would direct special attention to an article in another column, written by J. H. Sheets, of Browerville, Todd county, in refutation of the charges recently made for campaign purposes by the Republican press against the present inspection. Mr. Sheets presents facts and figures that completely disprove these charges concocted with the idea of making political capital. His argument is unanswerable, and therefore none of the Mills-Clausen organs will attempt to reply.

### *WAR, NOT BUSHWHACKING.*

Despite the fiction invented by the administration at Washington, corroborated by Gen. Otis and solemnly adhered to by the press censor who edits the cable news sent from Manilla, that there is no war in the Philippines, the fighting is still going on, the lives of American soldiers are being sacrificed and many natives are being shot down because they believe their country should be free and independent.

In a recent dispatch, Gen. MacArthur reports the death of fifty-five soldiers from disease and accident, the death of two from wounds, and the killing of two others while resisting arrest on a charge of desertion. This report does not include losses in engagements with the Filipinos. These men, in a strictly military sense, died to no purpose whatever, and doubtless the war department's statisticians are prepared to prove that the death rate is not excessively high when the extremely hot weather is taken into consideration. Thus far 2480 United States soldiers have lost their lives in the Philippines, 590 having been killed, the others having lost their lives by disease, wounds and accidents. In this list no account is taken of those who died from diseases contracted there after their return to the United States. The total American casualties in the Philippines now amount to nearly 4800, and in spite of the confident assertion of the war department the insurrection is apparently no nearer the end than it was the day the first shot was fired. The cost of the war in cash was estimated recently at $186,678,000. It is larger now, because every day adds to the expense. This is a large sum, and the American people are still paying war taxes to pay for the imperialistic policy of the McKinley administration that started the war and is responsible for its existence.

In another column of this edition of The Herald will be found a Manilla letter sent by the Associated Press correspondent by mail in order to avoid the press censor at Manilla, which contains a few facts that may open the eyes of the people who have been misled by the administration's claim that the war is over. The correspondent tells at length of severe engagements between the American troops and the Filipinos and adds: "It is a mistake to suppose all the fighting going on nowadays in the Philippines is bushwhacking. The Americans continue to go against good trenches constructed on commanding positions and they even have at times to dislodge the enemy from stone forts. Take for example the work the Forty-third infantry has lately been doing on Leyte island. An expedition against Gen. Mojica's stronghold was made by four columns of this regiment, during which the Americans carried three distinct lines of intrenchments crowning hilltops approachable only over such steep ascents that the enemy rolled bowlders down upon the advancing troops. In another expedition against the town of Hillongas, in Southern Leyte, in which the Forty-third was assisted by the navy, the enemy was in a masonry fortress whose strong walls successfully resisted the shells from the gunboat, so Col. Murray carried the fort by a charge in which the Americans lost four men."

And yet the imperialistic press claims that there is no war in the Philippines, that only a few scattered bands of Filipinos are carrying on a guerrilla warfare. The Associated Press correspondent says that, commenting upon their recent work in Samar and Leyte an officer of the Forty-third said: "And this is what is called guerrilla warfare? Constantly fighting fortified lines of works against an enemy who has little idea of quitting!"

But, say the imperialists, admitting this may be true, remember that our commerce with the Philippines has increased steadily since the treaty of Paris was ratified. Probably there has been a small increase, but the total value of the trade is an insignificant fraction of the $186,000,000 the war has already cost the American people. And does President McKinley or anyone else connected with the administration believe it has been worth the blood it has cost, the graves it has made, the widows it is responsible for, the homes it has desolated, and the misery it has produced?

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The Topeka State Journal says it is an open secret that Ingalls might have been returned to the United States senate in 1891. The necessary votes were bartered and bargained for and every wire puller knew all about the details. When the deal had been closed for the last vote necessary to elect Ingalls, these men were in high glee. They fairly hugged themselves as they contemplated the result. Mr. Ingalls was called into consultation and the plans were unfolded. The fixers were totally unprepared for the answer they received. Folding his long bony arms on his breast Senator Ingalls, with his eyes flashing fire, replied: "I am an old man and I have lived a long time, but the hour has not yet come when I will permit the commission of any act that would disgrace my family, and drag me down in dishonor. I reject your proposals."

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Strenuous efforts are being made to show that Mr. Bryan's Philippine policy is practically the same as Mr. McKinley's, because to establish a stable government is as great an infringement of independence as annexation. The slave drivers of the days before the war might just as well have argued that it is inconsistent to free the slaves while children were still in subjugation to their elders. The difference is that now the black child grows up to be a free man; before the war he grew up to be a slave. Both the Filipinos and the Cubans understand the difference perfectly, and that is why there is peace in Cuba and war in Luzon.

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Another prominent Massachusetts man has declared for Bryan. Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson has made application for membership in the Bryan club of that state and says: "Mr. Bryan's late speech on the subject ought, in my opinion, to command the respect of all thinking men. Even before that speech, however, I had declined to attend the anti-imperial convention at Indianapolis on the ground that there seemed to be nothing for anti-imperialists to do except to support Mr. Bryan."

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The Springfield Republican says no one has yet explained the curious fact that the more confident an administration organ is that all the anti-imperialists put together would not make a corporal's guard, the more angrily it insists that imperialism is not an issue, and that Mr. Bryan is a knave and an imposter in speaking of anything but the silver issue. It might be supposed a priori that a contest on such advantageous ground would be welcomed instead of being so energetically dodged.

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The Des Moines News says: "The following United States senators have been governors of their respective states: Bate, Berry, Culbertson, Foraker, Hawley, Perkins, Shoup and Tillman." The News might have added the two Minnesota senators to the list. Davis and Nelson were governors before they went to the senate.

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A prisoner in a Kansas City jail tried to kill himself because his wife wouldn't kiss him. Had he been a murderer instead of a plain horsethief he need not have pined away, for there would have been dozens of women in Kansas City fairly scrambling for a chance to embrace him, says the Topeka State Journal.

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When you buy a dollar's worth of sugar remember that the decreased size of the package is due to the fact that the sugar trust is able to do just what it pleases because it is "protected" by the Dingley tariff.

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The Topeka State Journal says: "The man who gets on top of a mountain to proclaim his own virtues is the man who needs watching." Is this a slap at Teddy?

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A. Lincoln Hyde, the English scientist, advocates a system of weights and measures for the English-speaking people based on the inch as the fundamental unit.

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Jonathan P. Dolliver was evidently born under a lucky star. Had he been nominated for vice-president he would not now be appointed senator from Iowa.

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It is now estimated, on the basis of the count as far as it has progressed, that the total population of the United States will sum up about 76,000,000 people.

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One hundred and eighty millions of dollars already spent in "pacifying" the Filipinos. Is the threat of militarism an empty one?

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Missouri always goes Republican in August. The St. Louis Globe-Democrat carried the state for McKinley last Sunday.

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In endeavoring to explain his insult to Democrats, Mr. Roosevelt has made a bad matter considerably worse.

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Admiral Sampson has failed up to date to claim credit for the victory at Pekin.

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"Scientific glove contests" in New York must stop after Sept. 1.

### *Then, There Are Other Reasons.*

Kansas City Times: Wharton Baker cannot be elected president, it is said, because a Russian title makes him ineligible.

## THE SHIRT WAIST MAN.

Philadelphia North American: Why waste time and produce heat by disputing about the shirt waist for men? There is no law against a man wearing a shirt waist. If he wishes to do so, and doesn't, it is because his vanity makes him shrink from the trial of being unlike other people in appearance. That is to say, he is a coward. Therefore let him swelter in his poltroon coat.

Indianapolis Journal: The real question is whether comfort shall be sacrificed to conventionality, or vice versa. No doubt the coat and vest add to a man's dressed appearance, but it is equally certain that in very warm weather they are decidedly uncomfortable. There are indications that the shirt sleeve or shirt waist movement for men has started in earnest. Several men of social standing and fashion in different places have within a short time appeared in public in the shirt waist costume and with a little more pushing it will prevail, at least to the extent of being permissible.

Denver Post: As yet the coat has been discarded only by those who could afford to wear a dozen at a time if they so desired. The fashion hasn't become common or widespread, as it doubtless will during the next summer season. There has been no vagary of the fashionable in years based on such sound sense as this recent departure. A well-fitting shirt of good material is as attractive on a man as its counterpart, the shirt waist, on his sister or wife. There is no good reason why a man should swelter in tweeds because men have long done so. Objections to the innovation on this ground should remember our primitive ancestors, who were as much undressed as too many are overdressed today. Very properly the tendency of the times in dress is to comfort first and elegance next. This tendency has been productive of many odd freaks in women's garments, which doubtless will in time be discarded or modified so as to retain comfort and appear beautiful as well.

## LIGHT AND LIVELY.

Chicago Tribune: "I am always glad to have you spend your summers here," said the proprietor, "but I wish you wouldn't bring that greyhound."

"Why not?" asked the astonished guest.

"Because he's such a poor advertisement of this place as a summer resort."

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Indianapolis Journal: "Gracious, Amelia, what is that dreadful noise in the nursery?"

"Oh, Edgar, do go up and spank two or three of those children; I'm reading 'The Reign of Law,' and I positively can't be interrupted."

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Philadelphia Press: Bess—They say Maud Goody kissed a man at the Jones' lawn party the other night.

Jack—That's true.

Bess—How do you know?

Jack—I had it from her own lips.

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Chicago Times-Herald: "No," said the squire as he whetted his knife on the side of his shoe, "they ain't nothin' much in a name after all. A man named Barnes lives in that nice, big house up there on the hill, and say—"

"Well?"

"The first automobeel—or do you pronounce it byle?—the first one we ever seen in this here town was owned by a man named Horsford."

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Chicago Tribune: The persistent correspondent was worming a biography out of the reluctant statesman.

"I suppose it is true senator, as everybody understands," he said, "that you began life as a poor plowboy?"

"No, sir," growled the statesman. "I began life as a red-faced, flat-nosed, squawling baby."

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Detroit Journal: The inevitable Ignoramus beamed radiantly through the netting in front of the grand stand.

"A player's batting average, I suppose," she prattled, "shows how many bats he has been on!"

The Mere Man at her side contemplated her wonderingly, saying nothing.

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Pittsburg Chronicle: "There is indignation among the people in the Porcupine Creek district, Alaska," remarked the Observant Boarder, "because the international surveyors have put a portion of the tract in Canada."

"I noticed that," added the Cross-Eyed Boarder; "the miners are bristling up like quills upon the fretful porcupine."

### *Should Fight Fairly.*

Aitkin Age (Rep.): The Post-News is in error when it says "The Age would have the campaign fought on purely national grounds." On the contrary we believe that state issues should cut a large figure. But when we criticise Lind's grain inspection don't let us state that Minnesota grain is inspected by Mr. Clausen after passing through the hands of the state inspectors because that is not true. And when we go for the railroad and warehouse commission for having raised the inspection fee, let us state that the last legislature created boards of appeal whose expenses are paid by the inspection department and that the expenses of these boards are about $25,000 per year. Because you know if we should neglect to mention these facts, the people will learn them after a while and will naturally come to the conclusion that some one has not told the whole truth. The Age believes in being fair in politics because it pays to be fair, and it does not believe in attacking a man's personality because it is a poor way of building up some other man.

### *And They Have Been, Too.*

Detroit Free Press: Gen. Wood's swing about the island is one continuous "well done."

### *A Permanent Resident.*

Baltimore American: Neely was probably included in the Greater New York census.

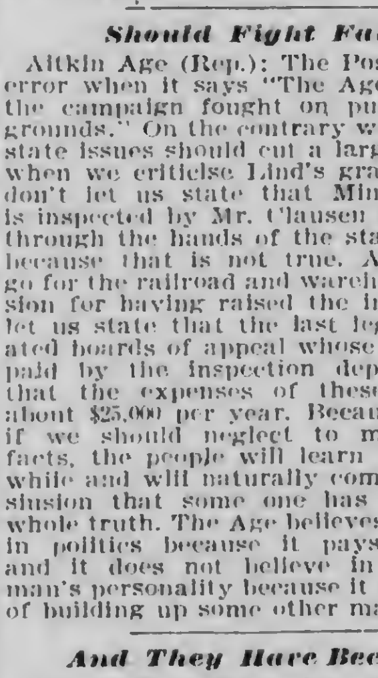
### *Pretty Big Gun, Too.*

Atlanta Constitution: Gen. Harrison will hardly boom for McKinley this year.

## A MOTHER'S STORY.

**Tells About Her Daughter's Illness and How She was Relieved—Two Letters to Mrs. Pinkham.**

"MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you about my daughter. She is nineteen years old and is flowing all the time, and has been for about three months. The doctor does her but very little good, if any. I thought I would try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I want your advice before beginning its use. I have become very much alarmed about her, as she is getting so weak."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., May 21, 1899.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me great pleasure to tell you of the benefit my daughter has received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After beginning the use of your medicine she began to mend rapidly and is now able to be at her work. Her menses are regular and almost painless. I feel very thankful to you and expect to always keep your Vegetable Compound in my house. It is the best medicine I ever knew. You have my permission to publish this letter if you wish, it may be the means of doing others good."—MRS. MATILDA A. CAMP, Manchester Mill, Macon, Ga., September 18, 1899.

## BETTING IN WALL STREET.

Washington Times: While the modern political history of the country shows that the average Wall street man knows very little about the drift of national sentiment, still it is regarded as a significant sign of the times that since July 5 the odds on the presidential election have been hammered down in Wall street from 5 to 2½ to 1. Immediately after Bryan's nomination betting started at a lively rate among the Wall street gamblers at the odds mentioned. These odds prevailed for a week or two and then dropped to 4 to 1, then 3 to 1. An abundance of Democratic money went begging yesterday at the new rate—2½ to 1 in favor of McKinley. One of the Wormsers, who has been acting as the commissioner for a syndicate of big Republicans, conveniently was out yesterday whenever a bettor called to take a bet from him. In no recent campaign has there been such a sudden drop in betting odds at the corresponding period of the fight. The causes directly assigned for this are many. Not the least among them is the hearty, ringing indorsement of the Democratic ticket and platform by the convention of anti-imperialists at Indianapolis. Another is the favorable prospect of harmony in the Democracy in New York, together with the apparent certainty that Platt will nominate some machine man to lead the Republican forces in that state. It was reported in Washington yesterday that there is now in this city a well known Western business man en route to New York with a big pool made up by a coterie of rich men in St. Louis, Chicago, Denver, Kansas City and Omaha to bet in New York on the general result at the prevailing odds.

### *The Heathen Chinee.*

Which I wish to remark—
And my language is plain—
That for ways that are dark,
And tricks that are vain,
The heathen Chinee is peculiar,
Which the same I would rise to explain.

Ah Sin was his name;
And I shall not deny
In regard to the same
What that name might imply,
But his smile it was pensive and child-like
As I frequent remarked to Bill Nye.

It was August the third,
And quite soft was the skies;
Which it might be inferred
That Ah Sin was likewise;
Yet he played it that day upon William
And me in a way I despise.

Which we had a small game,
And Ah Sin took a hand;
It was euchre. The same
He did not understand;
But he smiled as he sat by the table,
With a smile that was child-like and bland.

Yet the cards they were stocked
In a way that I grieve,
And my feelings were shocked
At the state of Nye's sleeve,
Which was stuffed full of aces and bowers,
And the same with intent to deceive.

But the hands that were played
By that heathen Chinee,
And the points that he made
Were quite frightful to see—
Till at last he put down a right bower,
Which the same Nye had dealt unto me.

Then I looked up at Nye,
And he gazed upon me;
And he rose with a sigh,
And said, "Can this be?
We are ruined by Chinese cheap labor,"
And he went for that heathen Chinee.

In the scene that ensued
I did not take a hand,
But the floor it was strewed
Like the leaves on the strand,
With the cards that Ah Sin had been hiding,
In the game he "did not understand."

In his sleeves, which were long,
He had twenty-four packs—
Which was coming it strong,
Yet I state but the facts;
And we found on his nails which were taper,
What's frequent in tapers—that's wax.

Which is why I remark,
And my language is plain,
That for ways that are dark,
And for tricks that are vain,
The heathen Chinee is peculiar,
Which the same I am free to maintain.

—BRET HARTE.

### *A Bachelor's Reflections.*

New York Press: Contentment is ambition's undertaker.

The only thing that can cure a man of love is to have it bad enough.

Women have more ways of loving than a man, but men have the most love to love with.

Love with a woman has no rival. It is always either the biggest thing or the smallest thing in life.

Down in her heart every woman thinks a man ought to begin proposing to her by apologizing for daring to fall in love with her.

### *Where Is the Hippogat?*

Herald: What is the matter with the "Hippogat" cartoon with which the Minneapolis Times so frequently scored a strong front against the trusts? Has the "Hippogat" been put into cold storage during the heated season, or has it been sent out to pasture until the presidential election has been decided. The Times made a great splurge on the trust question for a few months, but about the time the presidential campaign opened its enthusiasm began to wane and finally it took no notice whatever of the trust question. Has it been converted to Mark Hanna's views on the trusts?

Martin County Sentinel: Until within about a month the Times manifested symptoms of genuine independence but all of a sudden it changes its course and marches to the martial music of Mark and Mack. The Herald's inquiry is indeed pertinent. Where is the Hippogat?

### *Should Prepare For the Worst.*

New York Journal: The country should conserve its strength during the next few days. President McKinley's letter of acceptance is 16,000 words long. This beats Bryan by 7000 words.

### *Wants the Climax Omitted.*

Philadelphia Times: McKinley does not wish his alleged likeness to Napoleon to be carried so far that it should bring up the fact of that imperialist being licked in his last battle.

### *It Looks That Way.*

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: Is Mr. McKinley's postponement of his letter of acceptance a confession that Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance is hard to answer?

### *Never Saw Such Rudeness.*

Washington Post: Mr. Rathbone is unable to understand why the public hoots when he attempts to place his martyrdom on exhibition.

### *Think They Meant It.*

Columbus Press-Post: McKinley and Hoar are both "allies of Aguinaldo," for they have both assured him that our attempt to seize his dominions is "criminal aggression." No wonder he holds out so stubbornly, when such prominent Americans have exerted themselves to inspire him with "treasonable" sentiments.

### *A Cold Admission.*

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: And your Uncle Benjamin Harrison admits that Indiana may fall into the Democratic line.

### *The Sampson of the Affair.*

Charleston, S. C., News and Courier: It is just possible that all the fun will be over before Marshal Waldersee gets there.

### *Wonders at Such Extravagance.*

Kansas City Journal: Uncle Russell Sage has no doubt that a man can live on 15 cents a day.

### *They'll Dig It Up Somewhere.*

Baltimore World: It is getting pretty near time for the Hanna-McKinley administration to begin planning for another war.

### *The Official Blusher.*

Chicago Tribune: If Senator Billy Mason isn't blushing again for a portion of his country he is not doing his duty.

### WISCONSIN PROHIBS.

Madison, Wis., Aug. 23.—The state Prohibition convention met here yesterday. Presidential electors were named: Willis J. Tubbs, Elkhorn; Robert Fargo, Lake Mills; Benjamin F. Parker, Milwaukee; W. A. McKillop, Waukesha; James S. Thompson, New Castle; William Ager, Eau Claire; John W. Evans, Waupaca; Chris Solum, Merrill; George I. Constance, Cumberland.

## PORTABLE SCHOOLHOUSES.

### Boston to Try New Scheme In Congested Districts.

Boston, Aug. 23.—Ten experimental portable wooden schoolhouses are to be set up in different parts of the congested districts of Boston, following the example set by St. Louis. Last year all the children could not be provided for in the schoolhouses, and chapels and stores were hired for their accommodation. The ten portable buildings will accommodate 600 extra pupils, but it is thought that it will still be necessary to hire some stores. The buildings are to be single-storied and identical in size and construction. The dimensions are to be 25 by 35 and 22 feet to the ridge pole, or 11 feet 10 inches in the clear. The floor is to be composed of twelve sections, the side walls twenty sections, and the roof six sections. Thus the structure can be packed away when taken down into small space.

The outside walls are to be boarded and covered with ship's siding and the interior sheathed. The city in previous years has erected temporary buildings, but never portable structures, and as a consequence these temporary buildings have been sold at a loss for want of storage room, when the exigency for their use in the particular place where set up passed away.

## ABDUCTED FROM HOME.

### Pretty Little Girl Spirited Away By Alleged Sister.

Mount Holly, N. J., Aug. 23.—Quite a sensation was created here by the abduction of Lillie Allen, a pretty child about 13 years old, from the Children's Home. During the absence of the matron a well-dressed woman called at the home and explained that she was a sister of Lillie, and desired to take her for a brief outing. Permission being given the woman, who is said to have formerly lived on North Tenth street, Philadelphia, where she was known as Mrs. Johnson, took her charge to a store here, procured a new outfit of clothing for her, and both boarded the next train out of town.

As soon as the escape was discovered the managers of the home notified the police to arrest the woman on sight. The home managers fear that the child will be improperly reared.

## BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—First game: Indianapolis, 12; Cleveland, 9. Second game: Cleveland, 3; Indianapolis, 2.

At Chicago—First game: Chicago, 7; Minneapolis, 3. Second game: Chicago, 6; Minneapolis, 2.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 6; Milwaukee, 3.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 4; Detroit, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 8; Philadelphia, 2.

At Boston—Brooklyn, 16; Boston, 8.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 104 | 64 | 40 | .615 |
| Indianapolis | 104 | 56 | 48 | .538 |
| Milwaukee | 110 | 58 | 52 | .527 |
| Detroit | 109 | 57 | 52 | .523 |
| Kansas City | 111 | 55 | 56 | .495 |
| Cleveland | 105 | 51 | 54 | .486 |
| Buffalo | 110 | 48 | 62 | .436 |
| Minneapolis | 111 | 43 | 68 | [illegible] |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 92 | 57 | 35 | .620 |
| Pittsburg | 98 | 54 | 44 | .551 |
| Philadelphia | 94 | 47 | 47 | .500 |
| Chicago | 96 | 48 | 48 | .500 |
| Boston | 96 | 47 | 49 | .490 |
| Cincinnati | 97 | 46 | 51 | .474 |
| St. Louis | 94 | 43 | 51 | .437 |
| New York | 93 | 38 | 55 | .409 |

### TO BE LIEUTENANTS.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The following civilians have been designated by the president for appointment as second lieutenants in the regular army: Omar C. Humphrey, P. L. Smith, of Minnesota; John R. Kelly, South Dakota.

### RICH SUICIDES.

Oelwein, Iowa, Aug. 23.—Clarence Rich, a young man 25 years old was taken off a north-bound Chicago, Great Western train here in a dying condition. He was taken to the Patterson hospital, where he died a few minutes afterward. Clarence Rich's home was in Red Wing, Minn. He had been on a tour of Europe and was returning home. He has visited Paris, London and points in Ireland, and letters on his person indicate that he had made the trip for the benefit of his health, but that no improvement had resulted.

**Are You Going**

To Chicago with the crowd to the thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic?

Now is the opportunity to make all your arrangements. "The North-Western Line" will sell you tickets at one fare for the round trip and furnish you with an encampment program and souvenir. The only solid through train to Chicago, with no change of cars for passengers of any class. Unexcelled dining car service. Luxurious sleeping car accommodations. Free reclining chair cars, safety wide vestibuled trains, smooth, easy-riding roadbed.

Call at the city office of "The North-Western Line," 405 West Superior street.

*AMUSEMENTS.*

**LYCEUM THEATER.**
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
One Night, Friday, Aug. 24.
The entire nation has acknowledged its superiority.
HOYT'S MASTERPIECE
**A TEXAS STEER**
Prizes—Dress Circle $1, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balcony 50c.

**LYCEUM THEATER.**
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, Aug. 25.
Jacob Litt's Magnificent New Production of the Perennial Success
**IN OLD KENTUCKY**
THE ORIGINAL PICKANINNY BRASS BAND.
The Great Horse Race.
The strongest cast ever employed in the play—an entirely new production this season.
Prices—Dress Circle $1, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balcony 50c.

**PARLOR THEATER.**
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT.
**Le Bertus'** Gigantic Bill of Vaudeville Novelties.
Every Act a Feature. Great Show This Week.

**PAVILION.**
See the pictures taken at the Paris Exposition.
**La Pearl's Big Combination.**
All Week—Saturday Matinee. Great Company. Great Acts. Great Novelties. Vaudeville—Pantomime—Specialties. 15c and 25c.

## Craggencroft's Primary Creed

Believing that the patrons of a school are more interested in what is the school's educational creed than in its curriculum, with an outlined limit of school subjects, we ask you to consider the guiding motives and aims of the primary instruction at Craggencroft.

We believe the only center is the child. It is the study of the child and his needs which give the teacher a central purpose. As this study is pursued it becomes obvious that a closely correlated course of study is impractical; hence we believe that whatever will help the child to grow is proper material for study. Such material as will cultivate good taste and right habits of action and thought with reference to the true, the good, the beautiful is carefully selected.

In planning the work the main object is to give every child freedom and self-control in the exercise of his individual powers; to help him discover his relations and responsibilities to nature and humanity, and to realize that he has duties in the child community to which he belongs.

That the child may become a self-controlled, rational, altruistic character, the studies of both content and form are taught definitely and not merely incidentally. They must, however, be taught in their natural relation to the child's interests and social activities.

### History and Literature.

To promote and intensify the child's natural interest in his home and friends; to inspire courage, generosity, patience, strength and wisdom, History and Literature are used. The child lives naturally in a world of fancy, and therefore the history of primitive man as found in Indian myths, Greek legends and tales of Norsemen afford excellent material. These are followed by stories of the pilgrims and of pioneer life; and later, by ancient history in connection with art history and archaeology simplified.

Through the study of the necessities that have moved civilization—the necessities for food, shelter, clothing—the child is aroused to the need of invention, and, by a natural law of association, he realizes how his own life is influenced by his environment.

Through the study of history, too, the child enters the world of industry and commerce; hence the value of the study of tools, wares and modes of transportation, from primitive life to present civilization.

Stories, poems and songs which embody ideals worthy of imitation are also studied.

### Science.

To children nature expresses itself in a great picture, a great whole; and to keep this great, wonderful, beautiful picture before the child in such a way as to emphasize its unity, and to help him discern its sublimity and harmony, is the object of science teaching.

The spirit of the beautiful in nature, the starry heavens, the sunset, the flower and the gem is as worthy of being known as anything disclosed by the sciences, for whatever awakens a feeling for the beautiful leads to a recognition of the unity which pervades the universe.

Adaptation of plants to conditions of light and heat is casually noticed. Animal life is studies in close connection with plant life; adaptation of parts to habits being the essential.

To accomplish the desired end, the study of food, air, soil, water, heat is necessary. In this work simple experiments are made.

### Geography.

The foundation for geography is laid largely in the study of science and history. The study of environment, food, shelter, clothing forms the basis for physical and political geography. Broader observation work of surface features—level, rolling, hilly; streams, lakes, marshes, and of the soil—drainage—native, transported—is made in connection with a further study of seasons, winds, storms, sun and heat. Taught in this manner, even young children enjoy geography and can do the work very profitably.

This study of geography proper is followed by a look at man in his social relations, as expressed in his industrial and commercial life.

### Construction.

In order that the child may have a concrete picture and not a mere abstract knowledge of the progress of man's development, he is encouraged to follow this progress consecutively by reproducing utensils used by primitive peoples—baskets, tents, weapons, textile fabrics, etc.

The creative, which is the strongest instinct in man, manifests itself in early child life. The child in its babyhood imitates and is eager to make that which he sees others make; to sew, to make bread and pies are the delights of a child's heart. The child in school is equally delighted when he can express his thought in wood, clay, paper-cutting or weaving.

This work not only stimulates the creative faculty, but gives the child freedom and self-control in the exercise of his individual powers, and strengthens him for independent work in every capacity.

### Number.

Much of the number work is planned to meet the child's own needs in science and construction. But while it is taught formally and definitely, it is, however, taught through sense-training and motor operations. Much work, through doing with the least possible amount of drill, is the method of procedure.

### Expression.

As a medium of communication and a means of expressing the images inferred from the study of subjects, reading, writing, drawing, modeling, construction and music are constantly used; for it is through the child's power of expression that the teacher recognizes the child's growth, discovers his originality and is enabled to study his individual needs.

SARAH MARGARET BUNTING.

# WILL WORK STEADILY

## Lakesiders To Prosecute An Aggressive Campaign In That Suburb's Interest.

## WANT MANY THINGS

## They Mean to Keep Within Reason But to Work Persistently.

The Lakeside people do not propose that their campaign for the improvement of Lakeside and the obtaining of more consideration from the city shall cease with the meeting held Tuesday evening. On the contrary, they are going to hold more meetings, and will keep at it until they get what they want or somewhere near it. They believe in the effectiveness of persistence, and will use it to the fullest extent possible. They are not satisfied with what they have received from the city government in recent years. The suburb of Lakeside was really a "happy family" before it was absorbed by the city of Duluth, according to one of the residents of that locality, but since then it has had higher taxes and diminished service in every particular. They have borne this with fortitude, but have now reached the turning point. They say they do not propose to ask anything unreasonable, but will make themselves heard upon all things which they are entitled to.

The matter of lights is one in which they are particularly interested. The proposition is advanced that London road is really a part of the park system, and that what is given to it should not be charged to the account of Lakeside. That drive way, the Lakesiders claim, is used more by the general population of the city than by the Lakeside residents, and hence the city ought to light it and allow Lakeside its full quota of electric lights without reference to London road. Gas lamps will not do. They want arc lights or none.

Another matter which the Lakesiders are going after is to get a member of the park board. They claim that the finest park in the city is Lester Park, and that no money has been spent on it for several years, and that it is time that some consideration was given it. The city does not even light it, the proprietors of the pavilions paying for the light. Then, again, they claim there are five squares in Lakeside intended for park purposes belonging to the city, but not a cent has been spent on any one of them. One of the best is used as a sort of city junk shop and is covered with material dumped there by the city and also the street railway company. The expenditure of only $100 in the planting of trees would be a great benefit, the Lakesiders claim, and would make an unsightly spot look first-class.

Another thing desired is better care of London road. At present grass is allowed to grow in the road, the top dressing is worn off and has not been replaced, and in general this roadway, the finest in Duluth, is allowed to deteriorate. Every day makes it more expensive to repair, and a little work each year at the right time and in the right way will make the expense of keeping the road in repair very light.

This brings up another matter which the Lakesiders are going after. They want a member of the board of public works from the eastern end of the city. At present there is not a member who lives east of the point of rocks, and they think it is time that one came from there.

Better street car service is another desire the Lakesiders have, but it is not a new one by any means. The Lakesiders have been clamoring for better facilities in that line for a long time. The idea of having the track dropped down on to Jefferson street does not appeal so strongly to them as it did, for the reason that the proceedings thus far instituted are all void, if the new charter went into effect on March 8.

This would cause much delay, and the people think they had better get the present line improved and better cars put on, and they will work to that end. They have already been told that they are to have larger cars, the present Interstate line cars being put on there when new and larger cars are substituted on that line. This, however, does not satisfy the Lakesiders. They claim that the Lakeside line is one of the best paying in the city and that it is entitled to new cars as soon as any line in the city.

The extension of the free delivery system to Lakeside is another thing which the people out there will work for, and they are confident of getting it at an early date. A postoffice inspector was out there recently looking into the matter and seemed to be well satisfied that it is needed.

The matter of securing an enlargement of Lester Park has been brought up, but the people will not take that matter up now.

The citizens of this suburb will hold another meeting Saturday evening and hear the reports of the committees appointed Tuesday evening.

### Where Pearl Comes From.

The pearl fisheries of the Red sea extend the whole length of that water. About 300 boats are employed by the Arab tribes, manned by crews of from five to twelve men, each provided with a number of small canoes. There are two fishing seasons of the year, and this treasure is said to be oftentimes as elusive as a far more precious treasure—health, for which so many search uselessly. The surest guide to health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invaluable remedy for stomach disorders, recommended by the best physicians for the past fifty years. It should be taken for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver trouble, kidney weakness or any disorder resulting from impure blood or an overworked stomach.

### They Will Lecture.

Rev. and Mrs. Graham Campbell, who are visiting friends in the city, will each speak in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church this evening. Under the auspices of the Freedman's board they erected and have conducted, since 1891, "Ingleside Seminary," at Burkville, Va., for the culture and higher education of colored girls.

**After Dinner**

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

**Hood's Pills**

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

**NOT HOW**

it's said, but what is said. Not how to buy, but what you buy, is the important point. You don't like piano talk that is all frills, nor pianos that are all show.

High quality, in a series of surprisingly low prices, tells the story of our steady growth. A big store like this can be mercantile as well as artistic; can give you plain facts about fine pianos—and then show you the pianos. Quality is never sacrificed for beauty or show, but both beauty and high qualities are in the pianos we offer you. A splendid illustration of this is the famous

**GABLER PIANO...**

When you buy a Gabler you get a piano that has stood the test of time and hard service. It has a straightforward richness that is delightful.

We would be pleased to place one in your home—you will be pleased if we do. Prices low—ranging from

**$360 to $450**

New Pianos For Rent.

**DULUTH MUSIC CO**

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Lake Avenue and Superior Street.

## AMUSEMENTS.

### HOYT'S "A TEXAS STEER."

Hoyt's "A Texas Steer" will be seen at the Lyceum tomorrow evening. The cast will practically be the same clever one that presented the piece in its opening season. James R. McCann will be Maverick Brander, the congressman, and Will H. Bray the Minister from Dahomey. They originated these two clever roles. Miss Florence Rossland, pretty, clever and petite, will be Bossy. Miss Lizzie Kendall is Brander's wife. George T. Meech is Brassy Gall and Gustave Neaville Maj. Yell. The original "Texas Steer Quartet" will be a feature of the performance.

### "IN OLD KENTUCKY."

"In Old Kentucky," which will be at the Lyceum Saturday, is now on its seventh annual tour of the country, and this fact in itself is as high a recommendation for the merit of the piece as could be offered. There is no play on the boards today more popular with the masses than "In Old Kentucky;" no play that is looked forward to with keener anticipation. The company this season is almost identically the same that has been presenting the piece since its original production, and the company and production is kept up to a high standard by Manager Jacob Litt.

# GAME SEASON.

## Fall Hunting Period Close at Hand and Fishing Season Nearly Ended.

The fall hunting season is close at hand, and many Duluth people are preparing to take advantage of the open season on game which begins Sept. 1. The trout season will close with this month, and the anglers who have had an opportunity to prove to their own satisfaction that this has been a good year for trout will lay up their rods and lines and flies for the season, and with a sigh of regret for the season that is ending and a look forward of anticipation of next year's fishing. It has been a good year for trout, and many good catches have been brought into Duluth from trout streams in this vicinity. Even in some of the streams close at hand that used to be considered as fished out, good catches have been made, and in the streams in the city there are trout that will be fishable in a few years if they are let alone.

But to the man who hunts as well as fishes there is ample compensation for the loss of the trout season. When that ends the season on prairie chicken or pinnated grouse and on duck and geese begins, and during the fall months they can be hunted without violation of the state game laws. The season on partridges does not begin for a month after the season on ducks, geese and chickens begins, as the law fixed Oct. 1 as the first day when quail and partridge can be hunted. All of these birds are said to be very plentiful this year, particularly partridge, and Duluth hunters are looking forward to a good fall for their particular hobbies, whether it is ducks, partridges or prairie chickens. If any of these birds are killed out of season, by the way, there is a penalty of $10 to $25 or ten to thirty days in jail for each bird so killed.

Following the bird season comes the deer season, and this is an event that appeals to still another class, in which some of the anglers and bird hunters belong. Beginning Nov. 1, deer can be killed for use within the state until Nov. 20, with five days allowed from the latter date in which to get the game out of the woods, though no one hunter is allowed to kill more than five deer. From Nov. 5 to Nov. 10 each hunter is privileged to kill one moose if he is able to do so. Before this big game can be hunted, however, it is necessary under the latest modifications of the game laws for the prospective hunter to take out a hunting license, which may be obtained at the office of the county auditor of the county in which the hunting is to be done, at a cost of 25 cents or $25, depending on whether the hunter is a resident of this state or not. The discrimination, of course, is in favor of the native, and it is the non-resident that is supposed to pay the $25. The punishment for killing the big game out of season is, of course, more severe than that provided for the protection of the birds. For each deer killed in violation of the game laws the statute provides a fine of $50 to $100 or imprisonment for sixty to ninety days. The punishment for killing a moose contrary to the regulations is still more severe, being imprisonment for ninety to 200 days or a fine of $100 to $300.

### Gets Some Cash.

A rift has at last appeared in the financial clouds overhanging the city of Superior. Yesterday President Culver of the American Exchange bank notified City Treasurer Hunter that he would honor the treasurer's check for $14,000, the bank, of course, being well secured by the certificates of indebtedness of the city. President Banks of the First National bank has replied to the roast given his bank by the council. He says that the city has suffered too much already from improper banking methods, and that the banks ought to receive credit for showing a conservative spirit.

### Craggencroft.

Please see page 4 of this paper for an interesting article by Miss S. M. Bunting, of Craggencroft. The title is "Craggencroft's Primary Creed." Among the best of primary teachers, this lady commands attention.

# OFFICIALS AFFECTED

## If Charter Was Effective On March 8 Engineer McGilvray May Be Out.

## NUMBER OF CHANGES

## Health Board Abolished and Other Boards Are to Be Appointed.

Under the new charter there is a possibility, but not much probability, of one or two changes in city officers, providing the courts decide that the charter went into effect last March. The most prominent office that would be affected would be that of city engineer. Last winter, when the new Republican council organized, Thomas F. McGilvray was unanimously re-elected city engineer, as a compliment for the able manner in which he conducted the office. Mr. McGilvray's politics are not in accord with the new administration, and there have been reports about the city hall indicating that Mayor Hugo simply regards him as holding over. He was elected by the council, but the new charter provides that he shall be appointed by the mayor with the consent of the council.

Whether or not the new administration proposes to take advantage of this provision is not known, but in case the charter does not take effect till Sept. 20, Mr. McGilvray's removal would be impossible. The city engineer under the new charter receives a salary of $2700 a year, which is more than that of the mayor and the second highest salary paid a city officer. The city attorney gets the limit with $3000 a year and the municipal court fees, amounting to $600 a year. This is practically the same as under the old charter, though it has generally been regarded as an advance.

But the raise in the salary of the city engineer, together with the emancipation of the office from the supervision of the board of public works, is said to have caused quite a stir in the camp of Republican seekers who think they would acceptably fill the place of Mr. McGilvray.

Nothing as to the intents of the administration is known, but the present relations between Mr. McGilvray and the mayor appear to be most cordial.

The health department is liable to a similar change, but there is not the least doubt but that Dr. Robinson will be appointed health commissioner to succeed the board of health, which is abolished. In the first place Dr. Robinson was Mayor Hugo's choice, and since he has been in office he has probably done very hard work in suppressing contagious diseases. This, too, has been largely at the cost of his private practice.

The charter provides that the secretary to the health commissioner shall also be secretary of the board of civil service commissioners.

When the new charter takes effect the mayor will have a number of appointments, including an entire new board of water and light commissioners and a board of civil service. Under the old charter the board of water and light commissioners was appointed each year. Under the new charter one member of the board of water and light commissioners must be appointed each year for a term of five years. This will result in the appointing of a new board, the terms of the members to run from one to five years, for the first appointments.

# IT SELLS OUT.

## Knox Lumber Company Transfers to the St. Croix Lumber Company.

The Knox Lumber company has sold its interests at Winston, near Ely, to the St. Croix Lumber company, of Stillwater, thus consummating one of the biggest lumber and sawmill deals that has taken place in Northern Minnesota for some time. It is reported that $500,000 were involved in the deal. The Day tract of pine land, just north of Ely, was purchased some time ago, it being the intention of the St. Croix Lumber company at that time to move one of its mills from Stillwater onto the company's newly acquired timber land. By the acquisition of the Knox company's fine plant, this removal will not be necessary.

The deal is said not to include the lumber that the Knox company already has piled in the yards, but includes standing pine, sawmill and site, logs in boom and the company's logging outfit.

The 90,000,000 feet of standing pine that the Knox company owned, near its mill on Fall Lake, is said to have been put in at $4 a thousand. The St. Croix company is now said to have about 200,000,000 feet of timber available for sawing in the new mill, having been a heavy buyer in the past few months.

**That Trobbing Headache**

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Hats that are made as carefully as the Gordon hat are sure to give satisfaction.

**GRAIN-O**

THE FOOD DRINK

Coffee injures growing children, even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

**HOT TODAY?**

Then have a case of

**BLATZ**

THE STAR MILWAUKEE

**BEER**

sent to the house.

There's no beverage so healthful. Only the choicest components are used in the brewing, and it's aged to perfection.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (Non-Intoxicant)

INVALUABLE SUMMER TONIC.

All Druggists.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

## THE GRAIN INSPECTION.

### How the Standard of Minnesota Grades Is Kept Up.

To the Editor of The Herald:

A recent issue of The Herald discussed the matter of grain inspection in answer to the charge made by Republican papers that under Governor Lind's administration the standard of Minnesota grades has been lowered in the world's market. This charge is being constantly repeated by Republican papers and industriously circulated by Republican politicians and it is possible that farmers and business men may come to believe it in time, unless their attention is directed to a few incontrovertible facts.

The bulk of the wheat crop of Minnesota and the two Dakotas is marketed under the inspection laws of Minnesota. The grain shipped from states to the south and east of us goes into market mainly under the Chicago inspection. The Minnesota inspection is now in charge of Governor Lind's Democratic-Populist appointees and that of Chicago is under the direction of the Republican state administration of Illinois. If the Minnesota standard has fallen so low in the estimation of the world's grain dealers, the fact ought to appear when the price of our northwestern wheat is compared to the price under the Chicago inspection.

The contract grade in Minnesota is the No. 1 northern, while that of Chicago is some other grade (No. 2 red, I believe) and in the fluctuations of the market during any one season these standard grades of the two markets maintain a certain ratio, when compared together. Sometimes from some local cause the price in one market will be higher than the average ratio, but on the average there appears to be a certain fixed relation. If the Minnesota standard has been materially lowered under Governor Lind's administration then the range of prices for the Minnesota grade should not compare so favorably with that of the Chicago as it formerly did under the Republican commission.

The following quotations in the two markets will show whether the Republican charge of incompetency on the part of the present inspection officers has any foundation or not:

| | Duluth. | Chicago. |
|---|---|---|
| January 1898.. | 91½ | 91¾ |
| February 1898. | 1.01⅛ | 1.02¾ (May) |
| March 1898.... | 67¾ | 69⅞ |
| April 1898.... | 1.00 | 1.05¼ (May. |
| May 1898...... | 1.75 | 1.75 |
| June 1898..... | 1.29 | 1.08 |
| July 1898...... | 85 | 76 |
| August 1898... | 69 | 69½ |
| Sept. 1898..... | 61¾ | 62¼ |
| October 1898... | 66⅛ | 65¼ |
| Nov. 1898...... | 66⅛ | 65½ |
| Dec. 1898...... | 61¾ | 63¾ |
| January 1899... | 69⅝ | 70⅞ |
| February 1899. | 72⅜ | 76⅞ |
| March 1899..... | 67⅞ (May) | 67⅞ |
| April 1899...... | 72⅛ (May) | 73⅛ (May) |
| May 1899....... | 71 | 69⅜ |
| June 1899...... | 75 (July) | 75⅜ (July) |
| July 1899....... | 72⅝ | 71⅛ |
| August 1899.. | 66⅝ (Sept.) | 70 (Sept.) |
| Sept. 1899..... | 67¾ | 70⅝ |
| October 1899... | 69⅜ (Dec.) | 71½ (Dec.) |
| Nov. 1899...... | 64⅞ (Dec.) | 65¾ |
| Dec. 1899...... | 64⅜ | 64¾ |
| January 1900.. | 64⅜ | 64¼ |
| February 1900.. | 66⅜ | 66⅝ |
| March 1900.... | 65½ (May) | 65⅝ (May) |
| April 1900..... | 65⅝ | 66⅝ |
| May 1900...... | 66⅝ | 65⅝ |
| June 1900...... | 66¾ | 66 |
| July 1900....... | 80⅜ | 80⅞ (July) |
| August 1900.... | 75¼ | 74⅞ (Aug.) |

In the foregoing quotations the prices are for cash wheat except where designated in parenthesis. The prices are those given on the same day in both markets and are taken from the columns of the Todd County Argus, an intensely partisan Republican paper. The figures are simply the quotations of one issue in each month. If the whole month's quotations were taken and averaged, the result would be substantially the same.

It will be seen that the Minnesota grade holds its own as well in 1899 and 1900 under Governor Lind's commission as it did in 1898 under the Republican rule. It is possible that there was a slight decline in the standard of the Minnesota grade in the beginning of the crop movement in 1899, when Republican papers and ex-office holders made their desperate attack on the fusion inspection officials, but if their attack had any effect it was short lived. The world's markets take wheat on its merits and whether it is graded by Republicans or Democrats makes no difference. If our standard has been lowered by Governor Lind's appointees the fact would appear in comparing the price of Northwestern wheat with that of grain inspected in outside markets.

J. H. SHEETS,

Browerville, Minn., Aug. 21.

## WANT LONGER FUTURES.

### Some Chicago Traders Want Sixty Days Limit Abolished.

A petition was presented to the directors of the Chicago board of trade a few days ago asking that the limit of sixty days which was placed on future selling be extended. The board yesterday declined to do so, but the matter indicates that some of the members of the board are not so strongly enamored of the turn the campaign against the bucket shops has taken as they were a while ago. The Chicago board is finding out that other boards of trade in the country can do business without Chicago quotations, and this does not impress them so favorably as did the prospect of showing other markets that Chicago is the whole thing. The Duluth market which was always supposed to follow Chicago almost exclusively, seems to be doing business right along every day regardless of the fact that it receives no Chicago quotations. Trading is active as it ever was.

The proposition for the building of an inter-exchange telegraph system which Chicago has taken up is progressing. The sub-committee which has been investigating the matter at Chicago is to report today and it will favor the plan according to the company with a capital of $5,000,000. A 10-mile copper line, it is figured, can be built for $500 a mile, and the line between Chicago and New York is not expected to cost more than $1,000,000.

## PECK IN CLEVELAND.

### The Alleged Akron Rapist Lodged In Jail There.

Cleveland, Aug. 23.—Louis Peck, the alleged rapist whose life the Akron mob so eagerly sought last night, is locked up in the county jail in this city. He was brought here from Akron early last night by a deputy sheriff, together with William Howard, another negro, who had been a prisoner in Akron jail charged with some minor misdemeanor. The men are registered as Louis Peck and William Howard and "held for the sheriff of Summit county," placed after their names on the jail docket.

Peck was very reticent about his arrest. More information was obtained from Howard, who was brought to Cleveland because it was reported that the angry populace would not stop to inquire whether Howard had been in jail two months or not, as he says he had. The story told by Peck is as follows:

"I was arrested at Akron by Deputy Sheriff Duffy, Tuesday morning. I left Akron early Tuesday morning to go to Youngstown on business and remained in that town a few hours, returning to Akron before dinner time. I was charged with assaulting a girl. Howard was in jail on some other charge. I remained in jail over night, and until about 2 o'clock Wednesday, when the deputy sheriffs came and took Howard and myself out. There had been no demonstration and I did not know where we were going or why we were going. We went over to the Valley depot and got on a Pittsburg & Western train and I then began to surmise that we were being brought to Cleveland, though I did not know why. The officers did not tell us."

In answer to questions, Peck said he is 36 years old, married and has one child. He is a carriage painter by trade, but has not been working for several weeks, all of which time he says he was in Akron. When asked whether he thought his wife was in danger, Peck replied:

"I hope not."

Howard said: "I don't want you to mix me up in this affair as I was in jail before Peck was arrested, awaiting my case. I was taken out of jail because the sheriff felt that no colored man would be safe there."

### TROOPS FOR AKRON.

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 23.—The Fourth regiment, O. N. G., Col Potter, left here on the special Cleveland, Akron & Columbus train at 4:10 a. m. under orders to report to the sheriff of Summit county and assist in putting down the riot. Appeal was made to Governor Nash during the night and the Fourth was selected to respond to the call. The regiment was in camp at Minerva Park, near Columbus, so that they were prepared to move on short notice. Assembly sounded in the camp soon after midnight, calling the men to arms. The train was boarded at Blendef, near the camp, and it was expected to reach Akron at 8:45 a. m.

# WILD TIME IN AKRON

## Mob, Thirsting For a Negro's Blood, Inaugurates Reign of Terror.

## TWO ARE SHOT DEAD

## And Many Persons Wounded and the City Building Is Wrecked.

Akron, Ohio, Aug. 23.—In this city, the heart of the boasted Western Reserve, a mob last night sought the life of a negro prisoner, and in a conflict with the authorities, shed blood. Louis Peck, a negro, was put in jail today on the charge of criminally assaulting the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Maas. The report that he had confessed spread rapidly, and last night a mob gathered. Not believing the statement of the sheriff that he had been sent out of the city, the crowd sent committees through the city and county jails to search. This proving fruitless, the mob gathered in front of the city prison, where the mayor tried to induce them to disperse. Some one fired a shot at the prison. Other shots followed, and terrible scenes ensued. Two persons were killed outright, one fatally wounded and seventeen injured, several seriously, and the city was totally ruined by dynamite and fire and Columbia hall burned to the ground.

Following is a list of the dead and wounded:

Killed:

Glen Wade, aged 11 years, son of Lillian Wade, Empire hotel; shot through the heart.

Rhoda Davidson, aged 4 years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davidson, 111 Allyn street; shot through brain.

Fatally injured:

Fred Vorwick, 343 West North street, buckshot wound in abdomen.

Injured: W. P. Dussell, flesh wound on leg, 207 North Forge street; Park Strair, flesh wound in leg, 104 Hill street; John E. Washer, scalp wound from brick; Arthur E. Sprague, teamster, scalp wound; J. F. Hein, painter, 143 Benjamin street, flesh wound; A. E. Chemlostky, 143 South Main street, flesh wound, hand; Albert Grant, flesh wound below knee; Frank Sours, flesh wound in hand; Fireman L. Manchester, flesh wound in hand; Fireman Roepke, flesh wound in neck; Fireman Miner Fritz, flesh wound in cheek; Fireman John Denius, flesh wound in cheek; Fireman Eberly, flesh wound in breast; Policeman Alva G. Greenlea, struck over the heart with a brick, serious; Policeman John King, struck on the back with a brick; Albert Stevens, of Graham station, shot in foot.

Chief of Police Harrison has left the city and his whereabouts is unknown. He is suffering from a severe nervous shock.

Officer A. G. Reenlessee has been appointed by Mayor Young as acting chief.

Company C, regiment of Canton, has arrived and the Fourth regiment, from Columbus, is expected. There has been no further rioting today.

Mayor Young this morning issued a proclamation to close all saloons until further orders.

On the report that Peck had confessed, a large crowd gathered about the city prison at 8:30 o'clock last night and forced in the doors. The prison was soon packed with the mob and the officers offered no resistance as Peck, earlier in the evening had been quietly taken away to Cleveland. To satisfy the mob the officers suggested that a committee of six be appointed to search all the cells and go through every part of the building. This was done and as the negro was not found a yell was made: "No for the county jail. Give us the nigger and we will deal with him."

A mad rush followed for the jail and soon the jail was in the hands of the mob. After going through the private apartments of the jail the crowd started to batter down the big iron doors. Deputy Sheriff Stone stood in front of the prison doors and made a speech. Satisfied that the negro was not there, the mob then rushed across the street and forced open the doors of the county court house. The old court house was soon packed and all rooms searched, except the rooms in the treasury department.

The city prison was again surrounded and hundreds of people who forced their way into the prison for the second time, insisting that Peck was there. The mayor at this time appeared at one of the windows in the upper part of the building. He addressed the mob saying that Peck had been taken out of the prison and taken out of the city. The mob would not believe the mayor and continued to yell and demand that Peck be surrendered. Some one in the crowd began shooting at the building. This was followed by several shots. The officers in the building appeared at the windows and began to shoot over the heads of the people. A man with a shot gun then fired at the officers. The crowd began to smash in the windows of the city building and the firing became general. Hundreds of shots were exchanged and one boy was killed.

At 1 o'clock riot held full sway in front of the city building in which is located the city prison. Columbia hall was burned to the ground by the mob and the city building was on fire. The fire department was called out and was unable to do much work, as one fireman was shot and the rowdies cut the hose at every opportunity.

At 1 a. m., all the officers who was penned up in the city building for two hours, escaped through a rear window and ran for their lives. The mob then made for the firemen and as fast as lines of hose are stretched, they were cut. Arthur E. Sprague was carried from the street shot in the head. A man named Park Stair was shot in the leg.

The mob then began to use dynamite on the city building.

A call was sent to Cleveland for militia and the mayor telegraphed the Cleveland police department for forty policemen.

With the approach of dawn this morning, the riotous mob which held possession of this city throughout the night melted away, and when the sun arose the streets presented their usual appearance.

At 6 o'clock this morning Company C of the Eighth Ohio regiment, arrived on a special train from Canton and was at once marched to the scene of last night's rioting. The militiamen were at once placed on guard around the county buildings, but they found little to do.

"NEXT!"

We want you to know and appreciate

SEAL OF MINNESOTA CIGARS

Try a box and you will become attached to them. They wear well. You don't grow tired of them.

RUBLES & STOCK, MAKERS. ST. PAUL, MINN.

# IRON ORE DATA.

## Figures on Production In the Report of the Geological Survey.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The production of iron ore in the United States for the year 1899, according to the annual report of the United States geological survey, which has just been compiled by John Birkinbine, amounted to 24,683,173 long tons, an increase of 5,249,997 tons, or 27 per cent over 1898. The records for 1898 and 1899 represent the largest output of iron ore mined in any country in one year, the nearest approach being a total of 18,062,040 tons mined in 1880 in England. Twenty-four states contributed to this total, Michigan leading with 9,146,157 tons, and Minnesota taking second place with 8,161,289 tons. Alabama occupies third place with 1,009,327 tons.

The iron ores have been subdivided into red hematites, brown hematites, magnetite and carbonate. The red hematite continues to be the most prominent of the classes of iron ore, contributing 20,004,299 long tons, or 81 per cent of the total for 1899. Of the brown hematite, 2,869,785 long tons were mined, or 11.63 per cent of the total production, while the magnetite output amounted to 1,737,430 tons and that of the carbonate variety to 81,559 tons. There was a very general increase during the year in the amount of the different classes of iron ore, due to active demand upon local mines to supplement ore obtained from the large producers. Many iron ore deposits which had not been worked for years resumed operations in 1899, and the official reports indicate a belief that the general improvement in this industry probably will still further encourage the working of deposits which during the business depression were inactive.

The Lake Superior region increased its former maximum output of 13,779,308 tons in 1898 to 17,802,955 tons in 1899. The amount mined from the several ranges during the latter year was as follows: Marquette, 3,734,596; Menominee, 3,281,421 Gogebic, 2,752,648; Vermilion, 1,643,984; Mesaba, 6,517,305 tons. With the exception of Gogebic, all of the ranges mined their maximum product in 1899.

The total value at the mines of the iron ore produced as reported by producers was $34,999,077, or $1.42 per long ton, an increase of 28 cents, or 24.6 per cent, over the average value of $1.14 per ton as given in 1898. The highest average value placed on iron ore at the mines is for the state of New Jersey, where the expense of mining is considerable. The lowest average cost, 90 cents per ton, was in Texas, where a portion of the iron ore is obtained by convict labor.

## BAN ON OPEN WORK WAISTS.

### Priest Refuses Communion to Girls That Wear Them.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—Father Reis, of St. Liborius church, has taken a decided stand against the open-work shirt-waist girl, even going so far as to deny her the privilege of holy communion when she presents herself thus adorned. He said:

"The young ladies of the sodality will have to quit wearing those 'jiggermerig' waists with the funny business around the arms and shoulders, or I will refuse to serve them communion. The fashions are becoming entirely too vulgar. No self-respecting lady would appear in public in such immodest costumes. I intend to set an example to the young ladies of this parish, and if necessary to refuse you the sacraments I will do it to stop this vulgar fashion."

The young ladies are in open revolt against this decree, and say they will go elsewhere to worship.

### Will Open This Fall.

According to Superintendent Lattin of the Northwestern Grass Twine company's new plant at West Superior, the plant will be in operation some time this fall, the exact date of which is not yet known. The company, he says, is anxious to start up, but has a small amount of material on hand.

**It Helped Win Battles.**

Twenty-nine officers and men wrote from the front to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Feet and Stiff Joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

## MEMORIAL DAY AND PENSIONS.

### Commander-In-Chief Shaw's Recommendations to G. A. R.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Commander-in-Chief Albert D. Shaw of the G. A. R. believes that unless the weather is exceedingly unfavorable he will lead fully 40,000 old soldiers in the parade next Tuesday.

In his report Gen. Shaw will make the following recommendations:

That measures be taken to secure change of Memorial Day so that it will be celebrated on the last Sunday in May instead of May 30.

That the Grand Army pass resolutions thanking President McKinley and the United States congress for the prompt way they carried out the suggestions of last year's encampment for changes in the pension laws.

That a movement be started to secure the passage of a bill introduced toward the close of the last session of congress for the establishment of a pension court of appeals to have final jurisdiction in the interpretation of the pension laws.

Concerning the recommendations Gen. Shaw said:

"I am strongly in favor of having Memorial Day observed on a Sunday, because the sentiments which are behind it find the best expression on that day. The devotion shown to the dead heroes of the nation is not taken its best form when mingled with all sorts of games and holiday diversions. I do not believe it will be difficult to make the change, nor do I mean that a change would mean disrespect to Gen. Logan's original idea.

"The Grand Army has no quarrel with the pension department of the government, and attempts to make it appear that it has are foolish. Last year we devoted our time to legislation, and we are delighted with what we did. All we need now is a pension court of appeals to enforce properly the laws which we already have."

There is a strong movement in favor of Gen. John C. Black for commander-in-chief of the Grand Army.

For next year's encampment Denver is making a bid, and Salt Lake is also anxious. Salt Lake will have many friends, as no encampment has ever been held there.

Minneapolis is favored by many Grand Army men, but has not yet taken the field.

## CASS LAKE WATERWORKS.

### Council and Heber Hartley Settle a Vexatious Question.

Cass Lake, Minn., Aug. 23.—As the result of an agreement entered into between the village council and Heber Hartley, Cass Lake will have a waterworks system in operation by Nov. 10. About a month ago the council gave Mr. Hartley the right to put in a system, but it was not his intention to commence work till next spring, it being hoped that a curative act could be gotten through the legislature next winter whereby the council would be enabled to grant him a franchise. The council then issued $3000 negotiable certificates for the purpose of sinking wells as a means of fire protection. The well scheme was investigated and the council decided it would be impracticable, and then when waterworks were put in next spring they would have an "elephant" on their hands. An agreement has been entered into with Mr. Hartley whereby the council advances to him $1500, he agreeing to at once put in the plant. On Feb. 1, Hartley is to receive an additional $500, he in turn, for the advancing of the $2000, allowing the village free use of the works for fire protection from Nov. 1 till May 1. Work on the new plant will be commenced as soon as the material arrives.

Extradition papers have been prepared by County Attorney Hartshorn with which Sheriff Hardy will bring back Richards, the Syndicate show manager, to Cass Lake from Blair, Neb., where he was captured by detectives last Saturday. Richards was the ringleader of the crowd of circus employes who slugged Hugh Alexander during the riot in the station here Aug. 2, but eluded arrest by leaving the circus train before the arrest of the men tried last week.

### G. A. R. Annual Encampment.

Aug. 25 to 29 inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell tickets, Duluth to Chicago and return, at one fare ($13.57) for the round trip, account thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. These tickets will be good for return passage until Sept. 1, and can be extended until Sept. 30, if they are deposited with joint agent between Aug. 27 and noon Sept. 2, accompanied with fee of 50 cents.

Members of the G. A. R. and their friends are invited to call at the city office, No. 405 West Superior street, of the "North-Western Line" and obtain free a handsome program and souvenir of Chicago.

If you love your wife stop drinking. Write to the Keeley Institute, 625 10 St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

**Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,**

321 West Superior Stree

AN EASY WAY TO GET A

**HOME!**

Make your choice of a lot at Lakeside or Lester Park. Give us one-quarter in cash of the price of house and lot—we will furnish the rest of the money required at 6 per cent per annum. Principal and interest to be returned to us in monthly payments lasting a series of years.

**Lakeside Land Company,**

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AT EVANSTON and CHICAGO, ILL.

Comprises College of Liberal Arts, Medical School, Law School, School of Pharmacy, Dental School, Woman's Medical School, School of Music and School of Oratory. [illegible] The Garrett Biblical Institute is located on the College Campus. College year begins September 25th. For information, address,

THE REGISTRAR, [illegible] Evanston, Ill.

# BRYAN TO POPULISTS

(Continued from page 1.)

cause the purchasing power of their income is decreased.

> If a bad monetary system drags down the price of the farmer's product, while monopolies raise the price of what he buys, he burns the candle at both ends and must expect to suffer in comparison with those who belong to the classes more favored by legislation.

It is sometimes urged by partisan Populists that four years more of Republican misrule would so aggravate economic conditions as to make reforms easier. No one can afford to aid in making matters worse in the hope of being able to make them better afterwards, for in so doing he assumes responsibilities which he may not be able to remedy. No Populist, however sanguine, believes it possible to elect a Populist president at this time, but the Populist party may be able to determine whether a Democrat or a Republican will be elected. Mr. Chairman, the Populist convention, which your committee represents, thought it better to share with the Democrats in the honor of securing some of the reforms desired by your party, than to bear the odium of remaining neutral in this great crisis, or of giving open or secret aid to the Republican party which opposes all the reforms for which the Populists contend.

Those who labor to improve the conditions which surround their fellow-men are apt to become impatient; but they must remember that it takes time to work out great reforms. Let me illustrate by calling your attention to the slow growth of public opinion in support of a proposition to which there has been practically no open opposition. President Johnson, in 1868, recommended a constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people, but his recommendation met with no response. About twelve years later Gen. Weaver, then a member of congress, rose to secure the passage of a resolution submitting such an amendment, but his efforts were futile. In 1892 the resolution recommended by President Johnson and urged by Congressman Weaver finally passed the house of representatives, but it has not yet reached a vote in the senate, and now, after eight years more of public discussion, the proposition for the first time received the endorsement of the national convention of one of the great parties.

If the fusion forces win a victory this fall, we shall see this reform accomplished before the next presidential election, and with its accomplishment, the people will find it easier to secure any remedial legislation which they may desire. But how halting has been the progress. Holland has said:

Heaven is not gained by a single bound.
We build the ladder by which we rise.
From the lowly earth to the vaulted skies.
And we mount to its summit round by round.

And so it is with great social and political movements. Great problems are solved slowly, but struggling humanity marches on, step by step, content if at each nightfall, it can pitch its tent on a little higher ground.

I have called attention to the issues which brought the Democrats and Populists together and which justifies the co-operation during the last four years.

> Let me now invite your attention to new questions which would justify co-operation at this time even though we differed upon all economic questions. It is not our fault that these new questions have been thrust upon the arena of politics; it is not our fault that the people have been called upon to consider questions of ever-increasing magnitude.

In 1890 the tariff question was the principal subject of discussion, and the Democratic party contended that the masses were carrying a burden of unjust and unnecessary taxes. In 1892 the tariff question was still the principal issue between the Democratic and Republican parties, although in the West and South the money question was assuming greater and greater proportions, and the Populists were contending that our monetary system was more responsible than the tariff laws for the depression in agriculture and the distress existing among the wage earners. In 1896, the whole question of taxation became of secondary importance because of the increased boldness of those who opposed the gold and silver coinage of the constitution. When the Republicans declared at St. Louis that the restoration of bimetallism in this country, although desirable, was impossible without the aid if the leading commercial nation of the Old World, the Populists and Silver Republicans, joined with the Democrats in asserting the right and duty of the American people to shape their financial system for themselves, regardless of the action of other nations. The failure of the Republican party to secure international bimetallism and its open espousal of the gold standard, still kept the money question in politics, but no economic question can compare in importance with a question which concerns the principle and structure of government. Systems of taxation can be changed with less difficulty than financial systems, and financial systems can be altered with less danger and less disturbance to the country than the vital doctrine upon which free government rests.

In the early sixties, when we were engaged in a contest which was to determine whether we should have one republic or two, questions of finance were lost sight of. Silver was at a premium over greenbacks and banknotes, but the people could not afford to divide over the money question in the presence of a greater issue. And so today we are engaged in a controversy which will determine whether we are to have a republic in which the government derives its just powers from the consent of the governed, or an empire in which brute force is the only recognized source of power.

> In a government where the people rule, every wrong can be righted and every evil remedied, but when once the doctrine of self-government is impaired and might is substituted for right, there is no certainty that any question will be settled correctly.

A colonial policy would so occupy the people with the consideration of the nation's foreign policy that domestic questions would be neglected. "Who will haul down the flag?" or "stand by the president" would be the prompt response to every criticism of the administration, and corruption and special privilege would thrive under the cover of patriotism.

It is not strange that the Populists should oppose militarism and imperialism, for both are antagonistic to the principles which Populists apply to other questions. Looking at questions from the standpoint of the producer of wealth, rather than from the standpoint of the speculator, the Populist recognizes in the militarism a constant and increasing burden. The army worm which occasionally destroys a field of wheat is not nearly so dangerous an enemy to the farmer as a large standing army, which invades every field of industry and exacts toll from every crop.

If 100,000 men are withdrawn from the ranks of the producers and placed as a burden on the backs of those who remain, it must mean longer hours, harder work and greater sacrifices for those who toil, and the farmer, while he pays more than his share of the expenses of the army, has no part in army contracts or in developing companies, and his sons are less likely to fill the life positions in the army than the sons of those who, by reason of wealth or political prominence, exert influence at Washington.

Soon after the Republican leaders began to suggest the propriety of a colonial policy, the papers published an interview given out from San Francisco by a foreign consul residing at Manilla. He declared that the people of the United States owed it to themselves, to other nations and to the Filipinos to hold the Philippine islands permanently. At the conclusion of the interview there appeared the very significant statement that the gentleman was visiting the United States for the purpose of organizing a company for the development of the Philippine islands. A few days later, on his way East, he gave out another interview in which he explained that the company which he intended to organize would establish banks at Manilla, and at other places throughout the islands, and build electric light plants, water plants, street car lines, railroads, factories, etc. It seemed that the plan of his syndicate was to do all the developing and leave the rest of the American people nothing to do in the matter except to furnish an army sufficient to hold the Filipinos in subjection while they were being developed.

At the present rate we will spend annually upon the army approximately half as much as we spend for education in the United States, and this immense sum is wrung from the taxpayers by systems of taxation which overburden the poor man and undertax the rich man.

> In the presence of such an issue as militarism, it is impossible that any Populist should hesitate as to his duty.

But even the menace of militarism is but a part of the question of imperialism. The policy contemplated by the Republican party nullifies every principle set forth in the Declaration of Independence, strikes a blow at popular government, and robs the nation of its moral prestige. Already the more advanced supporters of the colonial idea point to the economy of a system of government which entrusts all power to an executive and does away with the necessity for legislation. The Army and Navy Journal, in its issue of Aug. 4, comments the English system and declares that as a result of this system a fifth of the world's area, containing a fifth of its population, is ruled with an administrative economy which is aan administrative marvel, and adds:

"One million, two hundred thousand dollars spent in London is the price of administrative order over a colonial rule whose total budgets aggregate $1,724,354,896, or 50 per cent more than our total of federal, state, county and village expenditure for every possible purpose, for which taxes are levied. In contrast to the results of this system of executive administration, the fact is cited that the American congress has spent an entire winter wrestling with the tariff, the taxation, the administration and the personal rights of two little islands. The English executive is an imperial executive. The British parliament is an English legislature. To the same system we are coming by the decree of circumstances as inevitable as that of fate. If this be imperialism make the most of it. So far as citizenship is concerned, the British empire is one, but beyond the limits of the United Kingdom the citizen lives under a rule essentially monarchial and not restricted by the constitutional limitations of the parliamentary system."

Thus does imperialism bear out its supporters back toward the dark ages. There is no middle ground between the American policy and the European policy.

> If this nation remains true to its principles, its traditions and its history, it cannot hold colonies. If it enters upon a colonial career, it must repudiate the doctrine that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

When such an issue is raised, there can be only two parties—the party, whatever its name may be, which believes in a republic; and the party, whatever its name, which believes in an empire; and the influence of every citizen is, consciously or unconsciously, intentionally or unintentionally, thrown upon one side or the other.

Where the divine right of kings is recognized, the monarch can grant different degrees of liberty to different subjects. The people of England can be ruled in one way, the people of Canada in another, the people of Ireland in another, while the people of India may be governed according to still different forms. But there can be no variety in a republic. The doctrine of a republic differs from the doctrine of a monarchy as the day differs from the night, and between the two doctrines there is, and ever must be, an irrepressible conflict.

Queen Victoria has recognized this necessary antagonism between the democratic and imperial form of government. In proroguing parliament a few days ago, she said:

"Believing that the continued political independence of the republics would be a constant danger to the peace of South Africa I authorized the annexation of the Orange Free State."

A republic is always a menace to a monarch, just as truth is always a menace to error. Self government, being the natural government, must necessarily create dissatisfaction among the subjects of those governments which build upon some other foundation than the consent of the governed.

> What the Orange Free State and Transvaal republics are to South Africa, our republic is to the world, and only our increasing strength and the wide Atlantic have protected us from the inextinguishable hostility which must ever exist between those who support a throne and those who recognize the citizen as the sovereign.

Every step taken toward imperialism by this nation meets with prompt and effective encouragement from Europe. Lincoln pointed to the interest which European nations have in the abandonment here of the doctrine of equal rights. He said:

"The principles of Jefferson are the definitions and axioms of free society. And yet they are denied and evaded, with no small show of success. One dashingly calls them 'glittering generalities.' Another bluntly calls them 'self-evident lies.' And others insidiously argue that they apply to 'superior races.' These expressions differing in form, are identical in object and effect—the supplanting the principles of free government, and restoring those of classification, caste and legitimacy. THEY WOULD DELIGHT A CONVOCATION OF CROWNED HEADS PLOTTING AGAINST THE PEOPLE. They are the vanguard, the miners and sappers of returning despotism. We must repulse them, or they will subjugate us."

Our opponents say that the world would laugh at us if we should give independence to the Filipinos. Yes, kings would laugh, aristocrats would laugh, and those would laugh who deny the inalienable rights of man and despise the humbler folk who, "along the cool sea-crested vale of life," "keep the noiseless tenor of their way;" but let this nation stand erect and, spurning the bribes of wealth and power, show that there is a reality in the principles which we profess; let it show that there is a difference between a republic and a monarchy, and the oppressed in every land will see in our flag the hope of their own deliverance and, whether they are "bleeding upon the battlefield" or groaning beneath a tyrant's lash, will raise their eyes toward heaven and breathe a fervent prayer for the safety of our republic.

MUNYON'S

I do not believe there is a case of dyspepsia, indigestion or any stomach trouble that cannot be relieved at once and permanently cured by my DYSPEPSIA CURE.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch street, Phila.

DYSPEPSIA CURE

## RECEIVED AN OVATION.

### Enthusiastic Welcome Given to the Democratic Leader.

Topeka, Kas., Aug. 23.—Topeka put forth her best efforts today to welcome W. J. Bryan, who at 3 o'clock this afternoon was notified by the Pepole's party and the National Monetary league of his nomination as president of the United States. The streeets are decorated, and the city is filled with visitors. At 10 o'clock a drizzling rain began falling. Mr. Bryan and party were scheduled to arrive at 10:35. They were met in Atchison by a special committee, consisting of John W. Leedy, L. D. Lewelling and John St. John, J. W. Breidenthal, Judge Allen, Col. E. V. Little, E. R. Ridgely, Senator Harris, John Madden and O. T. Boaz. The committee escorted him to this city.

At 11 a. m. the train bearing the party arrived at the Santa Fe depot. Mr. Bryan and the escort committee entered carriages, and were driven to the National hotel. The march from the depot was an ovation. People lined the sidewalks, filled the doorways and windows, and voiced their welcomes by shouting themselves hoarse. At the hotel a reception was held, during which members of the national committee, various committees, state officers and distinguished citizens were introduced to Mr. Bryan.

In spite of the fact that Mr. Bryan was up the greater part of the night, he appeared fresh and bright. He arrived in Atchison from Falls City, Neb., at 4 o'clock in the morning and, after resting until 8:30, received the committee from Topeka, consisting of the most distinguished members of the Populist party in Kansas. They escorted them to the depot, and the start for Topeka was made shortly before 9 o'clock.

At various places along the line large crowds gathered, and there were repeated calls for speeches. Mr. Bryan confined himself, however, to exhorting Kansans to an emulation of their own example of 1896 in the coming election. When the train arrived in this city there was a sprinkle of rain falling, but it was insufficient to even cause the closing of the carriages which bore the party to the hotel.

The official reception to Mr. Bryan occurred at the National hotel immediately after he had dined there with a number of the leading Populists of the country who had congregated here to be present at the ceremony. As soon as the reception was over Mr. Bryan and the other distinguished gentlemen who were to participate in and be the principal witnesses of the notification went to the capitol grounds, where the notification was made.

After a few preliminaries the meeting was called to order by Congressman Ridgeley, to whom this duty was assigned as chairman of the state committee of the People's party. He introduced Hon. James A. Troutman, of this city, who welcomed the guests on behalf of the mayor. Mr. Troutman made a brief address and was followed by Hon. Frank Doster, chief justice of Kansas, who delivered the welcoming address on behalf of the state.

Hon. Thomas M. Patterson, of Colorado, as permanent chairman of the national Populist convention, was called upon to make the notification speech. Mr. Patterson spoke at some length and was received with hearty applause.

Hon. A. W. Rucker, also of Colorado, was then introduced to give Mr. Bryan official notification of his endorsement by the United States Monetary league. Mr. Rucker was also well received.

When he concluded Mr. Bryan began the delivery of his speech of acceptance. There was a vast audience present and he was received with tumultuous applause.

Do you want to feel happy and gay? Try Grape-Kola Punch!

Kugler's Drug Store, 127 East Superior Street.

## TELEGRAPHERS AT OUTS.

### Trouble In the Order Over Ruling on Benefits.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The Chronicle says: Trouble is brewing in the Order of Railway Telegraphers. The immediate cause of the trouble is the action of W. V. Powell, president of the order, in suspending George Estee, chairman of Division 53.

For some time there has been much dissatisfaction among the telegraphers regarding the construction of certain regulations which relate to certain benefits. Powell took a stand that was distasteful to the members, and especially to those of Division 53, and when Estee was called on to execute the orders issued by his superior he hesitated and finally referred the matter back to headquarters. The correspondence that followed did not contribute much toward the settlement of the misunderstanding, and a few days ago the order of suspension was issued.

## NEW STARCH COMPANY.

### A Big One Is Being Organized In Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—Announcement is made of the organization of the National Starch company with a capitalization of $13,000,000, of which $10,000,000 will be issued. The officers will be: President, W. F. Peil, Jr., Chicago; T. P. Kingsford and W. H. Coles, vice presidents; J. D. Higgins, secretary, and Joy Morton, of Chicago, chairman. The names of the directors have not yet been announced.

The company will in a sense be a competitor of the Glucose company, but only in the products which are identical to the manufacture of glucose sugar and corn syrups.

NEGRO LEAGUE.

Boston, Aug. 23.—The National Negro Business league, made up of delegates from about twenty-five states, assembled here today. The principal speaker at today's session was oBoker T. Washington.

Caramel Cereal

is the true successor to TEA and [illegible]

# BRYAN IS NOTIFIED

## Hon. T. M. Patterson Tells Why the People's Party Nominated Him.

## HAVE FAITH IN HIM

### Regard Him as the Defender of the Faith of Freemen.

Topeka, Kans., Aug. 23.—The speech notifying Mr. Bryan of his nomination by the Populist national convention was delivered by Hon. T. M. Patterson of Denver. Mr. Patterson said, in part:

Mr. Bryan: We are here today that, as the mouthpiece of the national convention of the People's party, we may formally notify you of your nomination for president of the United States by that convention. The convention fully understood when it gave this token of their great love and confidence that you were not a member of the People's party, neither would you be pledged to its platform, except so far as your convictions and the principles of your own party coincided with its declarations. Nevertheless, sir, the People's party nominated you with absolute unanimity and with an enthusiasm not exceeded even in the convention of your own party when it nominated you for the same great office.

Only extraordinary public conditions and extraordinary faith in you could have prevailed upon the people's party to go outside of its own organization for the presidential candidate.

Its convention met when congress had struck the final blow against the constitutional rights of the people over the money of the nation and had reformed every public obligation against the interest of the masses for the benefit of the holders of the obligations. Silver could no longer be used in the payment of the public debt; greenbacks were in process of banishment, to make room for the paper of the bank ring. Congress had advocated its power to regulate the volume of paper money and had turned that function of government over to the banks, with power to expand and contract the volume of the currency at pleasure, and thus control the price of every product. It had closed the mints to the free coinage of silver and opened the government printing office to the free coinage of bank currency for the benefit of the money syndicate. With the war against Spain—which had been the provocation for odious and burdensome stamp and revenue taxes—formally closed, the people were yet harrassed by these taxes, unabated. Congress and legislatures had become the eager tool of corrupting trusts and corporations—presenting to the public representative government as a farce. Private monopolies were controlling the prices of all materials and finished products; they were closing and dismantling mills and factories, driving thousands from profitable employment, and were arbitrarily fixing the hours, the price and the conditions of labor. Private monopolies had about closed the doors of opportunity in the face of the young, and ambitious and capable, and had written above them the warning, "You shall not enter here." A tariff law was upon the statute books which stimulated and nurtured these baleful trusts, and transportations—the most important interest of our national commerce—was in the hands of railway and steamship syndicates. These syndicates were levying exorbitant rates, discriminating for and against localities, and with rebates and like robber devices were enriching and impoverishing business investors at will. There was boasted prosperity, but it was prosperity that ran in narrow channels. It sought the mansions of the rich and shunned the homes of the common people. It was evidenced in exorbitant profits to the trusts—forty millions of dollars per annum to the Carnegie company and fifty millions per annum to the Standard Oil trust. Kind nature had smiles upon the husbandmen. For his good crops the trust had claimed the credit. While the trust has not yet acquired complete dominion over the grain markets of the world, it exacts tremendous tolls from those who grow the grain, upon every article and implement necessary to conduct the farm. The great advance in the cost of implements and of every item of building material accounts, in a large measure, for the millions of exorbitant profits which the trusts are periodically distributing. The reign of the rich has been inaugurated. They had taken the reins of government from the hands of the many. The few had intrenched themselves behind the vicious power of their money to steal away the political power of the masses and subordinate it to their selfish and avaricious designs.

This has been inevitable in the life of every republic. In ours the burning question has been whether such living virtue in the work of the fathers as that the American people, overcoming every influence that the forces of aristocracy and plutocracy would array against them, might continue to be custodians of the great principles of civil liberty and self-government.

On a bright April morning in 1898, civilized and Christian government reached the zenith of majestic virtue when the United States said to Spain, "Withdraw your soldiers from Cuban soil and your fleet from Cuban waters, that your oppression of the Cuban people may end and the Cubans acquire the boon of a free and independent government." There was coupled with this the declaration that when all was accomplished and the Cubans free, the United States would return from the island and exact nothing for its sublime services. To secure this, congress declared war against Spain; and by the courage of its army and the marvellous skill and courage of its seamen, compelled Spain to release the islands to its people and forever renounce power and authority over them. This had been a war for humanity indeed; but for more than a year before the convention met the United States had waged this war, commended for the liberation of one people for the conquest and subjugation of another. Congress had not authorized the transformation of a war against Spain into a war against another and alien people. It had levied taxes, enrolled volunteers and shed the blood of its best and bravest sons to free the Cubans from the horrible, relentless yoke of Spain. The yoke was broken; when the president, defined the command of the constitution that congress alone shall have power to declare war, turned army, navy and taxes against the Filipinos, who had been our allies in the conflict with Spain, and without provocation, except that they, too, desired the boon of freedom, hunted and shot them down to force them to bend their necks to the yoke of American serfdom. This war records confidence invoked, confidence supremely and lovingly given; death and wounds to seal the sublimity of the confidence."

The great problem that confronted the Sioux Falls convention was, "How can the People's party best assist in relieving these countries from these manifest wrongs?" It recognized that to succeed, a president and congress must be elected pledged to unceasing warfare upon them. The convention was wise enough to know and frank enough to confess that the People's party could not win the election alone. Only a stronger party could, with its assistance, succeed. The convention determined to place faith in the Democratic party—in the Democratic party as reorganized in 1896—and that had shown the virtue and courage necessary to adopt the Chicago platform. In the Democratic party that had nominated you, sir, four years before, after a struggle in which the army of plutocracy, intrenched within the lines of the Democratic party was driven out, to be, we pray, excluded forever from its councils.

But above and before all the convention of the People's party determined to rest its faith upon you. In you they recognize the broadest, bravest, purest and most sympathetic of our public men. To you, they were willing, so far as their votes could, to entrust the glorious but arduous duty of redeeming our common country from its peril and disgrace. * * *

DR. BRUESS' POWERFUL PENETRATING PEERLESS TRADE MARK REMEDY

INSTANTLY RELIEVES AND CURES NEURALGIA.

FOR SALE BY S. F. BOYCE.

It is difficult—more, I think impossible—to find a parallel in all history for the odious perfidy with which this country has treated the Filipinos. Call to your memorys if you can from ancient or modern history a case in which a nation at war with another induced its enemies' rebellious subjects to organize into armies under their own insurgent flag as allies to overcome the common foe, and when through their valor and sacrifices their oppressor was conquered and his army held by them as prisoners, the nation they succored, bought from their oppressor its defeated sovereignty, and turned the very guns and soldiers they had welcomed as saviors to slay them until they ceased to struggle for their independence, and humbly submitted to the new made yoke. Thank God, there is not such another record of national perfidy in modern history, and we should bow our heads in shame before the world that such a record was made by the American government.

Yet us imagine a parallel that will bring the shaft nearer to our own hearthstones. Shortly after the American colonies went to war with Britain, through Benjamin Franklin, they negotiated a treaty with France by which France sent her army and ships of war to the colonies to help them overcome the British. We read with anguish of the sufferings of the patriot army. Without pay or commissary for long periods, desertions and sickness weakening the ranks. Without the ships and men of France the struggle would have been hopeless. France's fleet had access to our forts, French divisions and brigades were welcome to the heart of the country. They manned American fortifications and held American cities at their mercy. They controlled important lines of communication and were depended upon for much of the most arduous and dangerous work of the war. Suppose at the period Cornwallis was besieged at Yorktown by the allied forces of Washington and Lafayette, France had effected a treaty with Great Britain by which peace between these countries was restored and for £4,000,000 ($20,000,000) France had purchased from Great Britain its asserted sovereignty over the colonies. Suppose, upon this happening, the patriot army had refused to recognize this sovereignty in France, and because Russia would not acknowledge the flag nor consent to French annexation of the colonies, De Rochambeau and Lafayette and the admirals of the French fleets opened their fires upon their late American allies, shooting them to death to enforce their submission. See France hurrying new armies to the colonies and reinforcing its fleets. See Washington's forces defeated with leader and men taking to the swamps and wooded fastnesses to continue the struggle for liberty; see American cities captured and sacked and the colonies given over to all the horrors of a new war with France as the oppressor. What would have been the verdict of the civilized world? The act would have been denounced as the foulest of national crimes in all recorded time, and no crime, monstrous and heinous as crimes had been, could have been compared with it in discorted and hateful features. Americans would have forever regarded France and Frenchmen with undying hatred. No atonement could have ever effaced the memory of that unpardonable crime from their memories.

And wherein does the course of the United States toward the Filipinos differ in a single material detail from that which I have, thank God, only been able to suppose? The crime of the United States stands unique among nations. How long, O Lord, will it be before the disgrace is wiped from our national escutcheons? * * *

Here again we find the Democratic brain and heart acting in patriotic unison with the Populist brain and heart. The Democratic party gave this grave issue more prominence in its platform than did the Populists; but it could not give it greater emphasis. All that the Democratic platform declares concerning it is accepted by Populists as supplementary. Populists say amen to the truth that the Declaration of Independence is the spirit of our government of which the constitution is the form and letter. Populists hold with Democrats that the constitution follows the flag, and that no nation can long endure half republic and half empire; and they unite with the Democrats in warning the American people that imperialism abroad will lead quickly and inevitably to despotism at home. They agree that while the Filipino has given abundant evidence of his capacity for self government, this Asiatic people with their modified Asiatic civilization, cannot become citizens without endangering our American civilization and that they cannot become subjects without imperiling our form of government; and that we are not willing to surrender our civilization or to convert the republic into an empire. With the Democrats the Populists favor an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose to give to the Filipinos, first, a stable form of government; second, independence; third, protection from outside interference, such as has been given for nearly a century to the republics of Central and South America.

Mr. Bryan, nothing that I can say can add to the fullness of the honor, faith and affection in which American patriots hold you. Whether native to the soil or born in foreign climes, as patriotic Americans they look to you as the defender of the faith of freemen and protector of their assaulted institutions. Those who fled from the tyranny of their own country to find liberty in ours, in assuming the duties of citizenship, swore before high heaven with uplifted hand to protect and defend the constitution of our country. It is this constitution that is assailed and our foreign-born citizens will not forget the oath which admitted them to share its blessings. You have a stupendous struggle before you—one that must try to the utmost the moral, intellectual and physical qualities with which the Creator has endowed you. But, sir, we are assured that the just and merciful God that raised you up to be the leader of this great national struggle for preserving to this and all other countries that are brought within our power the inalienable rights of man, whatever his creed, color or nativity, will be with you, and guide and protect you through all perils that may beset your pathway.

## THE MONETARY LEAGUE.

### Judge Rucker, of Colorado, Speaks For the League.

Topeka, Kans., Aug. 23.—In notifying Mr. Bryan of his nomination for the presidency, on behalf of the Monetary league, Judge A. W. Rucker of Colorado said:

Judge A. W. Rucker said in part:

Your election we confidently predict. We maintain it is a libel upon the intelligence of the American voter to say that this brief period of relaxation will either darkn his vision or deaden his patriotism. That, even if the farmer realizes the dollar wheat price so confidently predicted by the Republican secretary of agriculture a few days ago, and made, as we know, for no other political purposes, neither the farmer nor any other consumer of trust articles will forget the constant rise in the prices of his and the other consumer's constantly growing necessities for their use.

The sources of our present prosperity are three in number. The gold monometallism declared for by the Republican party had nothing to do with bringing about the Spanish or the present Filipino and Chinese wars, and the paradox of blessings and prosperity, the children of grim-visaged war and all its dire consequences, is not such a consolation to the twentieth century voter as will blind him to his duty. He may be apt to remember that 25 per cent of the surviving old soldiers of those wars are already on the list of applicants for pensions. He may be apt to remember that these millions of "Old Glory" dollars so prodigally dispensed must be returned by posterity to the treasury, and that the heritage thus bequeathed to them will be as thanklessly received as the present war tax upon him is burdensome and displeasing; and that, whilst he knows that his children's unborn children will never see that debt wiped out, the stain upon our government for each wicked creation he knows his vote in November has the power to and will wipe out.

This threatened gold monometallism likewise had nothing to do with the large balance of merchandise trade we have had in our favor for the last ten years, for it commenced before the monometallic Republican age. It was with us when over 13,000,000 American votes were cast against it. The trade is still with us, though the gods tell us that after the ides of November the ghost of that gold monometallism will no more haunt the path of progress.

The voter may be apt to ask what meaneth this: That notwithstanding this large balance of trade in our favor we have lost gold over that same period of time more than $125,000,000? And in all seriousness we say, what might have been, had this balance in trade been against us—and what guaranty have we of the length of time it will remain on our side.

May not the voter be apt to remember the sacrifice of human life in Russia and in India, consequent upon the cutting in twain, to satisfy the avarice of those in power, the money of those people? Millions of lives—but how many millions history must yet tell—died from the famine, called in this country a bread famine, but which history has already told us was not a bread famine but a money famine.

Turn this balance of trade, establish firmly gold monometallism in this country, and who will say a like paradoxical condition may not be visited upon this fair land? The Russian and Indian granaries were full, and ours might be bursting with fulness. Yet hunger and want could stalk abroad and skeleton our land with victims of a like money famine.

We maintain that coins manufactured of silver, endowed with money functions, are a safe and honest, sound and constitutional money, and the government owes it to itself, even though it owes nothing to the individual, to give to the people such coins as long as the present constitution is permitted to exist.

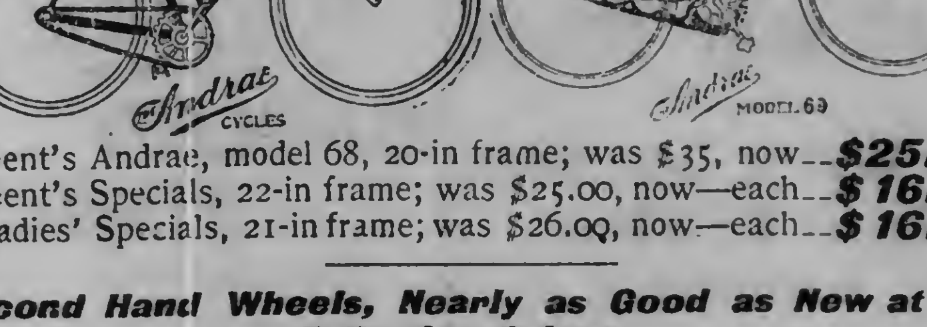
But, sir, this is neither the time nor the place for the discussion of this great question. But before the people we will again seek to demonstrate, with the additional calcium lights that the events of four years have brought to our aid, that the great laws of finance, of cause and effect, do not change with the caprice of individuals nor with the chicane of politicians. They stand fixed and immovable as a rock in the midst of the sea, like a mountain in the raging of the storm.

Easy and Delicious Desserts.

Burnham's Hasty Jellycon makes delicious desserts. You have nothing to do but dissolve it in hot water and set it away to cool; it makes a delicious transparent and delightful jelly dessert. Flavors: Orange, lemon, strawberry, raspberry, peach, wild cherry and unflavored "calfsfoot" for making wine and coffee jellies. Get a package today at your grocer's.

WHEELS BELOW COST.

Now is your chance to get a good new Wheel at less than cost to us. We must make room for other goods and will sell at these prices to close them out at once.



| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 68, 20-in frame; was $35, now | $25.00 |
| 3 Gent's Specials, 22-in frame; was $25.00, now—each | $16.00 |
| 2 Ladies' Specials, 21-in frame; was $26.00, now—each | $16.50 |

Second Hand Wheels, Nearly as Good as New at the Following Prices—

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 60, slightly used; was $50.00, now | $25.00 |
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 68, slightly used; was $35.00, now | $20.00 |
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 66, slightly used; was $40.00, now | $25.00 |
| 1 Ladies' Andrae, model 69, slightly used; was $35.00, now | $15.00 |
| 3 Gent's Specials, M. & W. tires, was $25.00, now—each | $15.00 |
| 2 Ladies' Specials, Hartford 80 tires, was $26.00 - now | $15.50 |

Second Hand Wheels - 1899 Models.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Orient, 1 Raycycle, and 1 National, all in good shape—each | $12.00 |
| 1 Andrae DD Tandem; was $100.00, now—each | $35.00 |
| 1 Andrae Combination Tandem; was $95.00, now | $20.00 |

This sale commences Friday and lasts till Tuesday, Aug. 28. Come at once and get first choice.

Bohm & Ling,
321 West First Street, Duluth.

## IN MICHIGAN.

### Republican Conventions at Hancock and Marquette—Boy Drowned.

Hancock—The Houghton county Republicans have nominated the following ticket: Probate judge, Willard E. Gray; sheriff, Joseph Wills; clerk, Louis H. Richardson; treasurer, W Frank James; prosecuting attorney, Oscar J. Larsen; register of deeds, William Walls; court commissioners, Avery T. Hansen, R Skiff Shelden; coroners, William Fisher, Casper Brand; surveyor, Theodore Dingler; representatives, First district, Angus W. Kerr; Second district, George W. Rulison. The new county board is as follows: Chairman, C. A. Wright; Adams, Frank McM. Stanton; Calumet, John Duncan; Chassell, Thomas Trevathan, Duncan, William Kroll; Elm River, W. J. Uren; Franklin, Robert H. Shields; Hancock, A. D. Pettit; Laird, Donald H. Grant.

Marquette—Gad Smith was unanimously chosen the Republican senatorial nominee from the Thirty-first district. John Jones presented his name to the convention and delegates from Marquette, Dickinson, Iron and Alger counties successively seconded his nomination. When a motion declaring him the nominee of the convention was put a chorus of ayes went up to which there was not a single dissenting voice.

Escanaba—Alfred J. Wells, son of J. F. Wells, of Menominee, a prominent lumberman, was drowned at North Escanaba last night while swimming. He was 21 years old and a popular student of Cornell.

Houghton—At the Isle Royale mine the new hoist at No. 1 shaft has been in commission about a month and is working finely. A duplicate hoist is in place at No. 2 shaft and will go into commission in about two weeks. Both are from the Nordberg company. The Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company is at work on the steel shaft and rock house at No. 1 shaft, 60 by 4 feet in ground dimensions, and the foundation for a similar shaft and rock house is in at No. 2 shaft and the work of erecting it will be commenced this week.

Eighteen of the forty new rock cars ordered for the Isle Royale railroad have been received at the mine and the remainder will soon be delivered. The new cars have a capacity of forty tons each and are equipped with air brakes. A new locomotive has been ordered for the road also, and is expected to arrive here in time for use when the new mill starts up. Sinking is now in progress from the thirteenth and fourteenth levels in both No. 1 and No. 2 shafts and at the tenth level drifting is in progress to connect the two shafts, which are 220 feet apart. It is expected now that this drift will be holed through in about two weeks and as it has been pushed through to about 700 feet north of No. 1 shaft and also to a point the same distance south of No. 2 shaft it will be 3680 feet long when holed through. All of the drifts above the tenth level, if pushed through to connect the shafts, would penetrate the old workings of the mine, this being the first level entirely below the old workings.

Twenty-one drills are now being worked in the mine and both shafts are in splendid ground while the amount of stoping ground opened up is such that no difficulty will be experienced in supplying rock for the mill just as soon as it can be put into commission.

## A VANDERBILT BABY.

### Will Stagger Under a Load of Thirty Millions.

Chicago, Aug. 23.—A special to the Times-erald from Asheville, N. C., says: A girl baby has been born to Mrs. George Vanderbilt, in Biltmore house. Mr. Vanderbilt announces that her name will be Cornelia Stuyvesant. The little stranger is heir to a fortune of $30,000,000.

GEN. HARRIS DEAD.

London, Aug. 23.—Nathaniel Harrison Harris, a brigadier general on Gen. Lee's staff and formerly of Mississippi, died at Malvern, county of Worcester, last night. Mrs. John Hays Hammond is his niece.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Moved Their Business

Burrell & Harmon

Have moved their business from No. 18 West First street to the Hayes Block, corner First avenue east and Superior street, or No. 3 South First avenue east, where they will continue to do Furnace Heating and Ventilating, Cornice, Skylight, Sheet Metal Ceilings and general sheet metal work, and all kinds of roofing, and where they will be pleased to see all of their friends and customers.

Now is the time to get your Furnaces fixed up for winter.

Painless Dentistry

We guarantee to fill or extract your teeth without pain and furnish teeth with or without plates, at lowest prices for first-class work.

Examination Free.

F. H. Burnett, D. D. S.

Top Floor Burrows Block.

TAKE ELEVATOR.

Scalp and Complexion Treatment

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

KNAUF SISTERS, 101 West Superior St.

Souvenirs of Duluth

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth at

The Ideal Beer Hall.

HAIR and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25.00. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

MME. BOYD, 216 W. Superior St., Duluth
1308 Tower Avenue, Superior.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.

SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

# Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

## AGENT OF THE CENSUS

### W. L. Spalding of New York Visits Duluth In Its Interests.

### HAS BEEN COMPLETE

### Carefully and Correctly Taken --Is a Republican and Predict's Party's Success.

W. L. Spalding, of New York, a special agent of the census bureau, at Washington, is stopping at the Spalding hotel for a few days. Mr. Spalding is on a trip to several cities of the West and Northwest, closing up the canvass of the last census.

Special Agent Spalding was engaged in this work ten years ago, but he says this last census has been the most complete and successful yet attempted. He credits it to the improved methods of canvassing and to the great interest taken by the people, generally, all over the United States. Mr. Spalding is a strong Republican, as will be seen from his talk. He says:

"From what I learn from the various census officials that I have talked with in this state, Minnesota will make a fine showing of an increase in both population and manufactories, on the census returns. This increase, by the way has been made, mainly, during the last three years. This applies to other states besides Minnesota, too. The country is recovering from the panic of the early '90's and in the struggle for five years, business interests are now getting their heads above water and signs of prosperity are everywhere apparent. If the election goes right this fall, I believe the United States will see an uninterrupted period of 25 or 30 years of continued prosperity, and will be what she is now, the leader of nations. I am sorry there is an election coming on now, for while I believe McKinley will be elected, yet there is always that uncertainty in business circles that keeps things at a standstill until after the election. I hope McKinley will be reelected and I am anxious to finish up my work and get home in time to do a little campaigning. This talk of militarism by the part of the Democrats makes me tired. They advocate a protective policy, but do you realize that would mean a larger army than we now have in the field? We bought the Philippines, and I believe in holding them."

Mr. Spalding has just come from the Twin Cities, where he closed up the work of the census bureau there. He says:

"Ninety-five per cent of the business men of the Twin Cities aer fully satisfied with the count that has been made. There has been a good deal of bitterness existing between the two cities as to relative populations, and Director Merriam was somewhat puzzled how to get at it to take the census in a way that would satisfy the people in both cities. He appointed prominent and influential business men as supervisors, and the people are content to abide by the results of their work. They did excellent work, in fact, they are now acting as special agents for the census bureau.

"This directory census, found in so many cities, is all bosh, as is the multiple method of counting. No reliance is to be placed on it. Why, down in Minneapolis I met a man that offered to bet $500 that he could pick out the names of 500 men that worked in Minneapolis and lived outside the city limits. If this is true, think of the thousands of others theer and in other cities that are wrongfully credited as residents.

"Of course some of the cities have been disappointed in the census returns, but not many. Take Chicago, for instance, her percentage of increase during the last ten years is 20 per cent greater than that of New York, yet the Chicagoans are not satisfied.

"I have been talking with James Thompson, who had charge of the census returns on manufacturing interests here, and his report is most satisfactory. Mr. Thompson's work has been very thorough.

"I don't suppose you have the returns yet on the population of Duluth. I have never been here before, so cannot form an estimate as to an increase during the last ten years, but from what I see of the immense facilities of the city for handling wheat and ore, I believe Duluth is destined for a brilliant future. One thing that has impressed me very much is the Spalding hotel. I think it is the best one I have found west of Chicago. The city should be proud of such a hotel."

Mr. Spalding is an enthusiastic believer in the future greatness of the United States, and declares emphatically that during the next decade New York will become the clearing house of the world. He believes that the Pacific coast will go for McKinley, as well as Illinois and other Central Western states. He says he has talked with several prominent Wisconsin politicians, and that while the latter assert Wisconsin will go Republican, yet McKinley's plurality will be cut from the 102,000 figure of last election to 60,000 at the coming election.

Mr. Spalding will remain here a few days closing up the canvass and then go to Crookston, Minn., on a similar errand.

### OBJECT TO ASSESSMENT.

### E. M. Fowler Kicks On One Made Against His Block.

Eldridge M. Fowler has begun proceedings in district court to set aside an assessment against lot 4, block 4, Central division, on which the Fowler block is located, made to cover the cost of improving the small irregular lot at the corner of Lake avenue and Superior street, which the city acquired and improved some time ago. The amount of the assessment is $740.91, and it was all assessed against Mr. Fowler's property. The court has already made an order confirming the assessment, but Mr. Fowler wants that order vacated so he can put in a defense. The grounds on which the vacation of the order is asked are the ones that he intends to put in as a defense. He claims that the board of public works had no authority to make the improvement; that the council never authorized the paving which was a part of the work; that no grade for that part of Lake avenue had been established, and that the objector had no notice of the assessment. M. H. Stanford and

## West Duluth

H. R. Patterson, the West Duluth liveryman, had his hands and wrists severely bitten by his dog, a blooded spaniel last night. The dog had been running away, and Mr. Patterson was attempting to catch him with the intention of tieing him up, when the canine turned on him with the above result. This morning Mr. Patterson decided that it was unsafe to let a dog with such biting proclivities run loose, and the duty fell upon A. J. Filiatrault to act as executioner. Mr. Filiatrault took the dog to the blacksmith shop and ended its earthly career with a bullet from a revolver. The peculiar feature about the shooting was that Jake Hobner, the blacksmith, who was a witness of the shooting, was also hit by the bullet, not so as to injure him, however, as the leaden missile, in glancing, struck a carpenter's rule in his hip pocket. No discredit must be thrown on Mr. Filiatrault's markmanship, for he shot the dog all right, and the bullet did not stop after traversing the canine's anatomy, but glanced on a piece of board, and was then deflected toward Mr. Hobson from a grindstone, finishing its course after leaving the rule by striking the wall and falling to the floor. Mr. Filiatrault is saving the missile as a souvenir of his wonderful shot.

### DUNLEAVEY- CASSIDY.

A very pleasant wedding ceremony occurred at the St. James church last evening, the contracting parties being Miss Ida Dunleavey and Joseph Cassidy, both well known and popular young people of West Duluth. Father Feehely performed the ceremony in the presence of a large gathering of the friends of the young people. The bride was charmingly dressed in a gown of white silk, and was attended by her sister, Miss Daisy Dunleavey. Arthur Little performed the duties of best man. After the ceremony an elaborate supper was served at the home of the bride's parents, on Fifty-eighth avenue west. The newly wed couple were the recipients of many valuable and useful presents from their friends. Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy will board with Mrs. C. R. Abbott for a time, when they will go to housekeeping in West Duluth. The friends of the groom gave them a very entertaining serenade at a late hour last night.

### WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Mae and Miss Daisy Wakefield, who have been visiting their brother, George Wakefield, Jr., at the Murray hotel, left today for their home in Stevens Point, Wis. They were accompanied by their father, George Wakefield, who has also been visiting here a few days.

Miss Genevieve McCann, of Minneapolis, arrived today for a visit with the family of C. J. Birch, of Proctorknott.

Miss Mae Birch, Miss Anna Birch, of Proctorknott; Miss Katherine Caley, of Minneapolis, and Miss Hutter, of Mazomanie, Wis., make up a camping party at Grand Lake, on the Missabe range, this week.

James Shannon will leave tonight for West Point, where he will attend the United States military academy.

C. B. Rogers, a division superintendent of the C. B. & Q. Railroad company, at Wymore, Neb., is visiting relatives here.

W. B. Hartley, who was burned out out the first of this week, has started housekeeping again in the house that was occupied by Miss Ensign, former principal of the Longfellow school.

John Peabody, a former policeman of this end of the city, is visiting his father, Edward Peabody, after a two-years' sojourn in the West.

Erasmus Kreidler expects to leave next Monday for Dakota to visit his parents and recuperate lost health.

Joseph La Flann, of Red Lake, Minn., is visiting here a few days.

The West Duluth Bryan club will meet tonight in the I. O. G. T. hall on Grand avenue.

James Gilson is back from Ely.

Mrs. D. P. McCarthy, who has been visiting her son, D. McCarthy, of the ball team, has returned to Port Huron, Mich.

**A. J. Filiatrault, undertaker, office Patterson livery. Telephone No. 3070.**

## HIS DOUBLE.

### Man Whose Likeness to Admiral Dewey Is So Remarkable Is Here.

"Admiral Dewey is in town'"

That was the word which was flashed up and down the street today. Several men who had seen Dewey in the past were ready to swear that they had seen him in Duluth today. Everyone is as familiar with his picture as that of any American who has ever lived, and so when a man of medium height, with white hair and white mustache, and with every indication of being the genuine Dewey, was pointed out, every man who saw him succumbed and was a hero worshiper for a time. What could Dewey be doing here at this time and how did he get in unannounced? was the question on every lip.

The cause of all this excitement is Frederick Van Buren, a traveling man of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, who is here at the present time for relief from hay fever suffering. It is no new thing for him to be mistaken for the famous admiral, for the mistake which has been made in Duluth is but a repitition of similar ones that have become very common in the past two or three years. Many of the admiral's intimate friends have mistaken Mr. Van Buren for the genuine article several times. President McKinley was once very nearly caught, and was about to address him as "admiral," when he suddenly stopped, looked closely at Mr. Van Buren and expressed astonishment at the wonderful resemblance.

Mr. Van Buren sent his picture to Dewey about the time the remarkable likeness began to attract notice, and received a cordial note from the latter, in which he admitted that there was a very strong likeness. Not many months ago Mr. Van Buren met him and was with him for about ten minutes, and they had a good laugh over the singular resemblance which they bore to each other. Of course, when they were together the likeness was not so conspicuous, and their friends would hardly have taken the one for the other, but yet it was easy to see that it was very striking and might fool anyone but the admiral's most intimate friends.

The likeness has brought many amusing incidents to Mr. Van Buren. Among these have been several mistakes made by men who had served under Dewey. He will remain in Duluth for two or three weeks. He is accompanied by F. R. Burg, of Elgin, Ill.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION —OF— Benjamin Investment Company.

We, the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of Title two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of the state of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, do hereby associate ourselves together and adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Benjamin Investment Company." Its principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota. The general nature of its business is to buy, own, let, sell, deal in and improve real estate in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, and at any other point or points as may be determined by a majority in interest of the stockholders; to loan money upon real estate, and to collect, foreclose and release mortgages and other obligations, and do and to do, perform and execute all and singular the acts and instruments necessary, proper or convenient in carrying on a general real estate, loan and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be August 15, 1900, and it shall continue for a period of thirty years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in, in cash or in property at such times and in such amounts, and in such manner as may be determined by board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Louis N. Benjamin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William B. Ardouin, Duluth, Minnesota.
Jay C. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.
Julius D. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and all management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors, composed of not less than three (3) persons nor more than five (5) persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder in said corporation.

Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard shall be and constitute the first board of directors, and shall serve as such until the first annual meeting of the stockholders hereinafter provided for, or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified. The first annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at ten (10) o'clock a. m., on the first Monday of August, 1901, and the regular annual meetings thereafter shall be held at the same hour on the first Monday of August in each year. At such meeting not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) directors shall be elected, who shall serve one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

There shall also be the following officers who shall perform such duties and exercise such power as may be prescribed by board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by board of directors at their annual meeting immediately following annual meeting of stockholders, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretry, a treasurer and a general manager; and any two or more of said offices may be held by the same person except those of president and vice president.

Until the first annual meeting of directors, the following persons shall act as officers of said corporation: Louis N. Benjamin, president; William B. Ardouin, vice president; Jay C. Howard, treasurer, and Julius D. Howard, secretary and general manager.

The board of directors shall have power to enact and adopt such by-laws for the government of the corporation as they see fit, and from time to time to revise and amend the same or any part thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred (500), and the amount or par of each of said shares shall be one hundred dollars ($100.00.)

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this third day of August, A. D. 1900.

LOUIS N. BENJAMIN, (Seal.)
WILLIAM B. ARDOUIN, (Seal.)
JAY C. HOWARD, (Seal.)
JULIUS D. HOWARD, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and executed in presence of—

W. W. Sanford,
S. T. Harrison.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—SS.

On this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

W. W. SANFORD,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 415.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 18, 1900, at 10:35 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 199.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

### PALMIST.

PROFESSOR KING, THE GREAT FORtune teller, is known to be the truest future teller in America. He has just arrived from Paris, France. He will truthfully tell your past, present and future. Room 2, Scandia hotel.

H. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant, 704 East Second.

## A DOSE OF DOPE.

### Vessel Captain Said to Have Inbibed One In Griffin's Saloon.

Jimmie Griffin's saloon at 438 Lake avenue south was the scene of another knockout several nights ago. In one round of exceeding brevity a glass of seltzer water landed on a large, husky vessel captain and put him in the land of visions. The police say that there was some heavy mixing of seltzer and chloral hydrate, and are looking for Dan Griffin, a relative of the proprietor, who was in charge of the saloon that evening. Up to noon today he had not been located, and neither had the vesselman's gold watch and $65 in cash.

The proprietor is absent from the city, notwithstanding the fact that he was under agreement to spar a few rounds with the municipal court on Tuesday afternoon for violating the saloon closing orders.

Don't be prejudiced against the Gordon Hat because you are not asked $5.00 for it. It couldn't be any better.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

**It Is Your Own Mistake**

To throw away your money for high rent, when you can buy a good and comfortable **5-Room House** in splendid condition, on Duluth Heights, **For $450, $50 Cash** and balance $8 per month at 6 per cent interest. The home will not cost you over **$2.75 Per Month** and for which you had to pay from $12 to $20 down town. We have 15 buildings, from a 4-room Cottage to an 8-room dwelling house, which we will sell remarkably cheap, or to say, a little more than half of what it would cost to build the building. If you wish to secure a home cheap and save money, here is your chance, and you cannot afford to loose this opportunity.

**ALFRED KJELLIN,**
**Agent.**
**306 Burrows Building.**

**HARRIS BROS.,**
**Real Estate,**
**712 PALLADIO.**

Property on
East Second Street.
A Snap.

**FOR SALE.**

217 Pittsburg Avenue—between Second and Third Avenues W., just above 5th Street. Make us a bid.

**R. B. KNOX & CO.**
**No. 1 Exchange Bldg.**

**A Bargain For 10 Days.**

We will offer 1602 Jefferson street. This house was built just as men build who spare no expense for a permanent home.

**Interstate Land and Investment Company,**
**No. 605 Palladio Building.**

### HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

WHEN IN DULUTH, STOP AT THE Scandia Hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

### CLOTHES REPAIRING.

SPECIAL PRICES ON CLOTHES cleaning. Pants presed, 10c. Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c. We guarantee a first-class job. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

### WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

### LOST.

LOST—BRINDLE COW, ROPE AROUND horns. Return to 1107 West Fifth street.

LOST—TWO CHECKS ON NATIONAL Bank of Republic Chicago, on Superior street between Fourth avenue west and Second avenue east. Finder leave at Herald. Receive reward.

### FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

### PAPER HANGING AND PAINTING.

IF YOU HAVE PAPER HANGING OR painting to do in your house, artistic or plain, deal direct with skilled workmen at a reasonable price. Ring up Tel. 659, and we will call at your house, see your work and give you our figures.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT Mary Johnson has applied to a judge of the district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, for a deed to so much of lots 40, 42, 48 and 50 on West Perry street, in "That Part of Duluth Formerly Called Portland," as lies within the limits of lots 8 and 9 in block 111, in Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, and state of Minnesota, and that Charles M. Johnson has also applied for a deed to so much of said lots on West Perry street, as lies within lot 10 in said block 111, in said Portland Division, and that the applications of said Mary Johnson and said Charles M. Johnson will be heard at the court house in the city of Duluth, on Saturday, the 15th day of September, 1900, at 9:30 a. m., which time and place are hereby fixed for hearing said applications, and all parties interested in said applications or said lands are summoned to appear thereat.

Ordered, That notice be given to all interested persons by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily paper published at the city of Duluth.

Duluth, Aug. 23d, 1900.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of the District Court in and for the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.

S. D. ALLEN,
Attorney for Applicants.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-23-30-Sep-6—1900.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

**Furniture Moved and Stored....**

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

**DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.**

### WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL. APPLY AT 120 First avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 2605 West Third.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER. MUST be rapid, accurate and have good education. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m. Bradstreet company, 204 Providence building.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO SECOND cooking, two girls to wait on lunch counter. Apply to H. C. Watson, the Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE A COOK; good wages. 5 Chester terrace.

WANTED — SEAMSTRESS. ADDRESS L. Gurney, Phoenix block.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEwork. No. 2916 East Second street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS DRESSmaker, also waist and skirt finisher. Rooms 5-6, over Suffel's.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 4 St. Elmo flat.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FIRST grade teacher for school district No. 10, Canosia (Pike Lake); lady preferred; one who has taught in this state. H. Hanson, clerk, Canosia, Minn.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO IS A GOOD cook, washer and ironer. A man is employed and there are two in family. Call before 11, and between 2 and 4, or in the evening, 1201 London road.

WANTED—LADIES TO WORK FOR the Standard Dress Cutting company, 1502 Belknap avenue, two blocks east of West Superior hotel, West Superior, Wis. Miss S. E. McKun, manager.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework in small family. Best wages. 1717 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 326 East Second street.

WANTED — WOMAN COOK FOR boarding house, 27 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 220 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 230 FOURteenth avenue east. Mrs. E. J. Duflies.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. 513 WEST SECond street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3 Adams flats.

### WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — LABORERS, STATION men, rock men and ax men for Halvorson, Richards & Co., big railroad contract at Bemidji. Just let. Ship daily, fifty tracklayers and surfacers, $2 and $2.25 per day, Casselton and Valley City, N. D.; fifty men near Virginia and Hibbing, free fare; twenty-five men for John Runquist, free fare; 100 men on South Shore railway and fifty on Northwestern railway in Michigan; 100 laborers for Colorado and Wyoming; men for Wisconsin and Iowa. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED -- BRIDGE CARPENTERS, long job, ship Friday afternoon. Also setter and edgerman. Apply 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS BARBER; none other need apply. Lyceum barber shop.

WANTED—MAN TO DO GENERAL work. Apply at 5131 London road.

WANTED—SOLICITORS. SALARY AND commission. No experience required. The Cable company, No. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY AT Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COATmakers. Mies.

WANTED—BOY TO LEARN BARBER trade. 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—MACHINIST, ONE A NO. 1 all-around machinist, acquainted with general sawmill and repair work, must be an A No. 1 man. Best of wages paid. Steady job guaranteed. Parish Manufacturing company, Ashland, Wis.

TWENTY MEN WANTED TO MIX CONcrete on new power station, Hancock, Mich.

**Business Men**

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

### WANTED - SITUATIONS.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED man, place as janitor or fireman. D 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING AND ironing by the day. Address D 63, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper. Call at 226 West Third street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as clerk, well acquainted with office routine, or clerkship in store. Can take dictation if necessary. D 62, Herald.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY WITH GOOD reference would like a home with an elderly couple or lady. D 69, Herald.

WANTED—BY ALL AROUND MAN work of any kind. Driving or care of gentleman's place preferred. Address D 28, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, PLACE AS cook. D 40, Herald.

WANTED—BY WOMAN, WORK BY the day; house cleaning, washing, ironing, or anything. D 39, Herald.

### HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1526 East South street.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

### FOR RENT—HOUSES.

**FOR RENT.**

TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES; ONE $4.50, and one $5.00 per month; neat, comfortable and 15 minutes from center of city. Ample yard around them.

**Chas. P. Craig & Co., Herald Bldg**

FOR RENT—CORNER HOUSE, ASHtabula terace, Sept. 1. R. T. Lewis.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, CENtrally located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

### FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, cheap. 1621 West Michigan street, top floor.

FOR WINTER, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished suite of two or three rooms; stationary wash bowl, fairly modern house; private family; reference exchanged; not for light housekeeping. A 87, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED parlor and bedroom. 404 Lowell block.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, heat, bath. No. 7, Mason flat.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for couple light housekeeping. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND unfurnished basement. 230 West Second street.

### FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATED flats; gas ranges; laundry. MacGregor, 6 Exchange building.

### OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

LADY TO BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. D 65, Herald.

GOOD TABLE BOARD, AND A LARGE cheerful room with all modern conveniences. Two gentlemen preferred. No. 318 West Second street, Duluth.

### WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping. B., Herald.

WANTED—UNTIL MAY 1, SIX OR eight room flat, unfurnished, centrally located. No children. Address Z 23, Herald.

### BOARD WANTED.

BOARD AND ROOM WANTED WITH strictly private family for married lady. Address R 37, Herald.

### SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month. 8:00. Next meeting Aug. 20, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 27, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 12, 1900. Work, ——— Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Aug. 7, 1900. Work, ——— Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OFAMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; F. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Aug. 21, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree; in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G. W. Marquart, Sec'y.

SILVER LODGE NO. 200, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday evening, Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS. —Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Oland, chief ranger.

### MEDICAL.

**Dr. Le Duc's Female Regulator** Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Ligneli & Sodergren West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

**WOMEN** FEMALE BEANS Great monthly regulator for women; not one failure; most stubborn cases relieved in few days; $2 at Boyce's, Lyceum and other druggists; mailed by Lion Drug Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

### OSTEOPATHY.

OSTEOPATHY IN 410 AND 411 BURROWS building. We treat successfully all curable diseases. Special attention to female diseases. Free consultation. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. L. Miller, M. D., D. O.; Carrie B. Miller, D. O.

### FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows has just arrived. S. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR YOUNG, STRONG AND HEALTHY canaries, and to be sure to get a good singer at a low price, call at 109 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S BICYCLE, good as new. 14 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. 1107 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOLDING bed and wardrobe. 209 West Third street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD furniture. Emil Carlson, 1926 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 940 or 597.

**PIANO** CHICKERING UPRIGHT, elegant French walnut case; cost $900 six months ago. I will take $265. Inquire George W. Tietz, 28 and 30 West Superior street. Room 2.

FOR SALE—BOARDINGHOUSE, DOING good business. R 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD PAYING RESTAUrant, with complete outfit. Owner selling on account of ill health. Good transient trade and steady boarders. Address R 52, Herald.

**Barrett & Zimmerman,**

Largest Horse and Mule Dealers in the Northwest.

Will hold an auction sale Aug. 29. Private sales daily. Have 600 head drafters, farm mares, drivers and mules always on hand. Part time given if desired.

J. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIable sale stable, have moved to their new location in the Union rink, corner Third avenue east and First street; will also handle full line of carriages, wagons, etc.

### PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

### MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN FEmale complaints. Private hospital, 703 East Third street.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, FEMALE complaints. Private hospital. 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

### PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

## STEAMSHIP TIME TABLES.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**

EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS

NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 9 p. m. for Sault Ste Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 9 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, September 18th. J. G. MOONEY Nor. Pass. Agent, 432 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

**ISLE ROYALE ROUTE**

**STEAMER BON AMI.**

Leave Singer's dock Monday and Thursday, 8 a. m. For Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Washington Harbor, (Isle Royale), Eagle Harbor, Houghton, Hancock and intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, 2 Lyceum Bldg.
W. H. SINGER, Lake Ave. and Canal.

EXCURSION AROUND THE HORN SUNDAYS

3 p. m. and 7 p. m.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

### DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv..... Duluth .....Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar..... Proctor .....Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar..Iron Junction..Lv | 1:38 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar..... Wolf .....Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar.... Virginia ....Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar.... Sparta ....Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar.... Biwabik ....Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar.... Mt. Iron ....Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar.... Hibbing ....Lv | 12:25 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

### DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m | Lv...... Duluth ......Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar..... Virginia .....Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p. m. | Ar..... Eveleth .....Lv | 7:35 a.m |
| 7:50 p.m | Ar....... Ely .......Lv | 7:19 a.m |

### EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

| Leave | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 30 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>... AND MINNEAPOLIS ... | †1 20 pm<br>*7 00 am |
| *7 55 am<br>†3 05 pm | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points | *6 43 pm<br>†11 50 am |

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

### NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8:35 am | St Paul, Mpls. | **3:05 pm |
| *4:30 pm | .. Twilight Limited .. | *9:59 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago Milwaukee, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Appleton, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Oshkosh, Fond du Lac | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | .....FAST MAIL..... | *10 30 am |

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

### NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

| Leave— | | Arrive— |
|---|---|---|
| *4 00 p m<br>*8 05 a m<br>*7 30 p m | Ashland and East<br>North Coast Limited<br>Pacific Express | *11 15 a m<br>*4 55 p m<br>*7 55 a m |

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

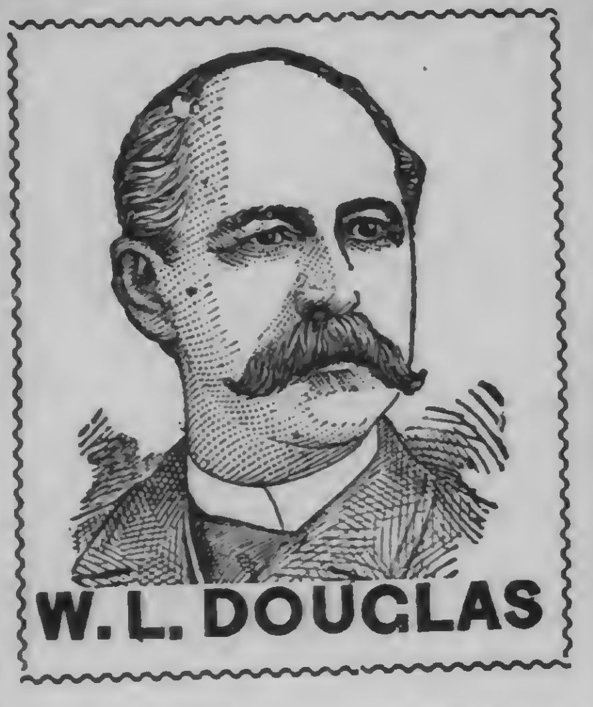
| | | |
|---|---|---|
| *9 00 a m<br>†1 55 p m<br>*11 15 p m | St. Paul and Minneap'lis | *6 45 a m<br>†2 00 p m<br>*7 00 p m |

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

### DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

Spalding Hotel Block—[illegible]

| Leave | **Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| **7 00 p m<br>*8 15 a m | BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS | *3 [illegible] a m<br>*7 [illegible] p m |



W. L. DOUGLAS

# The Truth About the Douglas Shoe.......

The story of the **Douglas Shoe** is a story of hard work, of careful planning and strict attention to details—a story of ***A $5.00 SHOE AT $3.50.*** There is nothing mysterious or miraculous about it.

The Douglas Shoe is made to sell at $3.50 instead of $5.00 because modern methods have been applied. ***Four profits have been eliminated.*** When you pay $5.00 for a pair of Shoes, you pay the profit of the tanner, of the leather commission man, of the shoemaker, the shoe jobber and the retailer. They do not work for nothing, and yet they do not add one penny to the value of the Shoe; all they add is expense. ***That expense we have cut out.***

We sell you the ***best Shoes in the world direct from the maker to the WEARER through our local agents.*** There is nobody between you and us.

Every intelligent manufacturer is thinking how to increase the purchasing price of your dollar. A dollar will buy more today than ten years ago. Why shouldn't this be true of Shoes? The combination of Capital, Labor and Machinery in the Douglas system is what makes the ***DOUGLAS SHOE*** possible.

Do you think we are overstating the case?

Listen: A few years ago American Shoes were unknown in foreign lands. Now they compete successfully with the Shoe manufacturers in every part of the globe. How is it done? Simply by perfect organization and the adoption of modern methods in every branch of the Shoe-making and Shoe-selling business. Times have changed. The Douglas Shoes are produced by twentieth century methods.

It may seem to you that if all these things were true, we wouldn't be able to fill the demand for Douglas Shoes. You are quite right. We haven't been. We figured that every man who bought a pair of Douglas Shoes would send a friend for a pair. Our figures were wrong. ***Every man who has bought has directly influenced FOUR sales INSTEAD OF ONE.*** We have increased the capacity of our plant many times and at last we can supply the demand. Over three millions of customers in the United States are ***NOW WEARING THE DOUGLAS SHOES.***

Douglas Shoe methods are not patented; they are common sense methods, carried out thoroughly and honestly, with ample capital in the largest and best equipped Shoe factory in the world. Believe us or not, just as you please.

***TEST THE SHOES.*** We have told you why it is possible to sell the Douglas Shoes at $3.50 and $3.00. We can lead a horse to water, but we can't make him drink.

You can test Douglas Shoes without risk. Go to our agents in your city and get the Shoes that you think suit you. After you get them home, if you find you were mistaken, that they are lacking in any possible way, ***send them back and get your money.***

The W. L. Douglas Shoes are made in all styles and all widths. Try a pair and we are confident you will become a constant wearer of the Douglas Shoe.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO.

**They are for Sale only by SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St.**

# THE DAKOTAS.

## Jamestown to Bond For a Water Supply---Stock Breeders Organize.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The proposition to bond Jamestown for $10,000 for a water supply carried by 23 votes. The voting of the bonds restricts the council in no wise as to the disposition of the money. Three courses are open to that body. One proposed is to put in a pumping station and get a sure and permanent supply of water within a reasonably short time. Another course is to sink another artesian well and trust to good fortune to get the necessary water from 1500 feet below the surface. Some are in favor of deepening the artesian well sunk last year, which does not throw out water with sufficient force to be of any use, although built at a cost of $10,000.

Floyd Hosmer, son of J. H. Hosmer, a farmer residing near Pingree, was instantly killed by the accidental discharge of a double barreled shot gun. The boy, who was 16 years of age, was going to the hills west of his father's farm to cut hay. He was seated on a mower and held the loaded shot gun in his hands. The jolting of the mower caused both barrels to be discharged at the same time and charges passed through the boy's body.

Adolph Brucker, who was wounded in the head by the accidental discharge of a shot gun, will recover. He will lose the sight of one eye.

Fargo—The next meeting of the State Bar association will be held in Grand Forks Sept. 25. This will be the opening day of the Grand Forks term of the supreme court, and a splendid opportunity for the members to get together. It is understood the Grand Forks attorneys will give the visitors a spread.

Bottineau—There is no longer any doubt about the extension of this branch of the Great Northern, as the county abstactor has been authorized by the road to make out abstracts for the property involved in the right-of-way.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—The Interstate Stock Breeders' association was organized in this city by cattle and sheep men from the states of North and South Dakota. Robert Moody, of Aberdeen, was elected president; C. N. Harris, of Aberdeen, vice president; J. C. Hall, of Ordway, secretary; F. B. Gannon, of Ellendale, treasurer, and the following were elected directors: Robert Moody, C. N. Harris, Aberdeen; J. C. Hall, Ordway; F. B. Gannon, Ellendale; W. G. Meade, Mellette; O. R. Aney, Wilmot; W. H. Finch, Aberdeen; W F. T. Bushnell, Aberdeen; George Chase, Columbia.

The object of the association is to promote the interest of the breeders and to arrange for an annual show at some central point. The first annual show and sale will be held in this city the first week of October.

Lead—Forest fires have been raging near Homestake camp, No. 3 for the past ten days. Several houses have been destroyed and the damage is estimated at $20,000. Three people have been badly burned. One hundred and fifty men are fighting the flames.

**Social Dance**

Given by the Original Midnight Stars at Lester Park, Thursday evening August 23rd. LaBrosse's Orchestra. J. McLaughlin, Prompter.

**Tickets, 50c.**

# HUNTINGTON'S PLANS

## For Making Galveston Southern Pacific's Terminal Not Abandoned.

New York, Aug. 23.—Charles H. Tweed, legal adviser for the late Collis P. Huntington, announces that the will of the late financier will not be made public today, but will be filed for probate tomorrow. An abstract of the will prepared by Mr. Tweed will be given out to the newspapers Friday.

Referring to the published dispatch from New Orleans that the death of C. P. Huntington would bring about the abandonment of his scheme to make Galveston the gulf terminus of the Southern Pacific railroad, Charles H. Tweed, vice president of the company, today said he saw no reason why Mr. Huntington's death should make any change in the work being pursued for the accommodation of the Southern Pacific road at Galveston.

# NOT VERY SINCERE

## Tom McKinney's Repentance Proves to Be a Short Lived Article.

## HE IS CAUGHT AGAIN

## Still Running a Blind Pig On Park Point---Pays Heavy Fine.

Standing with reluctant feet in police court, this morning, Tom McKinney, the O-at-kâ beach "blind pig" fancier reached far down into his pocket this morning and came up with $102.50. For the second time he was arrested, charged with illegal liquor selling at O-at-ka and he got the limit.

The police have been watching the place ever since Mr. McKinney was fined $25 and costs over a month ago. Stool pigeons stole down there on pleasant evenings and watched people relieving their troubles with bottles of bubbles and finally one of the pigeons purchased a bottle. That was all that was necessary and the warrant was immediately sworn out for McKinney's arrest. It was served yesterday afternoon by Officer Gillon. McKinney at first was inclined to believe that he was innocent but this morning saw where he was wrong and admitted his guilt. The fine was $100 and costs.

There was some high class vaudeville billed for police court this morning, but the soubrettelets failed to either appear themselves or deliver the goods. Yesteday afternoon Detectives Troyer and Mork journeyed down the Bowery and left a seething trail of sorrow in their wake. They raided the Fontenell block and took Mary Stone, Annie Claive and Charles Jacobson, in custody. Then they went cavorting down the glistening highway till they came to the North Star lodging house where they arrested two fair young girls of about 40, with perplexity written all over the countenances. They yielded up the names of Emma Johnson and Belle Smith.

This morning the prisoners forfeited about $70 bail, which brings the financial return from raids made during the past week up to something over $400.

# NOW AT ITS HEIGHT.

## Movement of the Little Pickling Cucumbers is Under Way.

Pickling "cukes," by which term the small cucumbers are familiarly addressed by those mean enough to take advantage of their diminutive size to trifle with their dignity, are now in the market in their prime and at full tide, and are quoted at from 75 cents to $3.50 per bushel, according to size, the highest price being commanded for "midgets," which run from 2000 to 3000 to the bushel. 75 cents is the price for about an eighth keg size.

Sweet potatoes are beginning to come into the market in good quantity. They are quoted at $1.50 per bushel, to the trade.

Georgia grapes are coming into the market in steadily increasing quantity. A solid lot of Concords in 8-barket crates was recently received. They are quoted at $1.25.

Peaches are vehy scarce just at present, the receipts of the California fruit having dropped off and Michigan, as yet, arriving only in small lots. The bulk of the receipts are the Hale's Early and the White Freestone. They are quoted at 25@30 cents. The California fruit will begin to be plentiful in ten days or two weeks.

Iowa watermelons are in the market in good quantity and are quoted at 20@25 cents for average size.

California plums were quoted at $1.10@1.30.

The apple market is unsettled on account of the hot weather, but choice stock holds around $2.50 per barrel.

Poultry was firm at 11@12 cents for springs and 10 cents for old hens, and an advance was predicted. Stock was pretty well cleaned up.

Vegetables generally were steady.

## Many Marriage Licenses.

The office of the clerk of the district court has been doing a rushing business in marriage licenses yesterday and today, the following eight having been issued. W. Burton Dunlop and Anna Elizabeth Eberle, both of St. Louis county; Walter Anderson, of St. Louis county, and Hannah Olson, of Douglas county, Wis.: William E. Tusken, of Douglas county, and Amanda J. Myer, of St. Louis county; Charles H. Conrad, of Chicago, and Betty M. Brearley, of Duluth: Julius M. Holgren, of St. Louis county, and Mary Blackwell, of St. Louis, Mo.; John F. Brahmst and Ida Dunleavy, both of St. Louis county.

**Stmr. J. C. SUIT**

Will leave 5th avenue west at 10 a. m. Friday, Aug. 24

**For Fond du Lac**

Returning will arrive at Duluth at 6 p. m.

Alex R. Sinclair, Manager. 'Phone 668

## Brearley-Conrad Wedding.

This evening at 7:45 o'clock Miss Betty M. Brearley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Brearley, and Charles H. Conrad, of Chicago, will be married at the home of the bride's parents at West Duluth. The marriage ceremony will be performed by Rev. J. H. B. Smith. Miss Kinney, of Winona, cousin of the bride, will be the maid, and Henry Brearley best man. The wedding will be attended by a few friends and relatives.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup**

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tomatoes, per bu | 50c |
| Crab Apples, per bu | 75c |
| Crab Apples, per peck | 20c |
| California Plums, per case | 75c |
| Free Stone Peaches, per case | 75c |
| Potatoes, per bu | 35c |

**At Masonic Temple Grocery.**

Both 'Phones No. 199.

Hanan's New Fall Shoes on Sale Today.

Knox Hats, Fall Opening, Monday.

The Great Eastern Duluth

Take Elevator—Second Floor.

**The Best Boys' Clothing Store.**

It means exactly what we say, judged by the stocks.

**Dainty Wash Suits,**
**Handsome Vestee Suits,**
**Service 2-piece Suits,**
**Mannish Sailor Suits,**

**Are all selling at Half Price**

**for a few days more.**

Judging us by the incoming stocks, for fall and winter wear, Duluth has never before had such excellence in Boys' Wear or prices so advantageous to the parent.

**Boys' Hats, Furnishings and Shoes.**

**M. S. Burrows.**

## At the Pavilion.

A visit to the Pavilion these dreary days will banish dull care and make one forget the changes that take place in the weather. The La Pearl company still holds high revel and pleases the vast audiences that seek forgetfulness on the hill top. This is the third week of the La Pearl company and each week their performances have been stronger. Every member of the company is an artist at his or her particular line of business. The acts presented are refined, clear and amusing. Manager Kusell takes particular care that nothing objectionable even in the slightest degree is presented on his stage. Each and every act this week is different from that presented last week. Mr. La Pearl is constantly receiving new pictures and slides and always secures the latest as soon as they are out. The pictures are changed or added to each evening. Scenes from the Chinese war are expected before the close of this engagement, also a moving sidewalk. The great fire scene, with the engines going full speed to the fire, showing steam engines, auto-engines, hose carts, hook and ladder, etc., coming down one street and going up another until the scene of the fire is reached, is one of the finest continuous scenes ever put on in pictures. There will be different changes in the bill for the remainder of the week. The girl from Notre Dame appears at every performance. There will be a matinee Saturday at 2:30.

# HIS PLANS OUTLINED.

## The President Will Delay His Visit To Chicago.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Secretary to the President Cortelyou has just advised William H. Harper, executive director of the thirty-fourth national encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, that while the president had intended leaving Washington tomorrow, reaching Chicago Sunday afternoon, to participate in the exercises of the encampment, the condition of public business here of immediate importance will delay his departure from Washington and may possibly prevent him from visiting Chicago at this time. If the president finds that he can leave here so as to be present at some of the exercises, he will do so, and Mr. Harpers and others having charge in Chicago will be promptly notified.

An official of the government, discussing the determination of the president to postpone his visit to Chicago, said his action was taken on account of the Chineses situation. It is expected that information may reach this government at any moment requiring immediate action, and it is the wish of the president to give his personal attention to anything that may develop in China from now until there is a settlement of the existing conditions.

# GERMANY FOLLOWS SUIT.

## Has Rejected the Proposal of Peace From China.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Official cable dispatches were received here this morning stating that the German government today had taken action substantially similar to that of the United States rejecting China's peace proposal. The German foreign office delivered the answer to the Chinese minister at Bedlin this morning. Germany insists that no negotiations can be conducted with Li Hung Chang until his credentials make plain that he has authority from the responsible heads of the Chinese government.

**Several**

Fine building locations in East End for sale. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

**The Anderson Palm Garden,**

The Most Popular Resort for Gentlemen in the City.

**FITZSIMMONS vs. SHARKEY!**

Tomorrow night, Friday, Aug. 24

**25 Rounds**

At Madison Square Garden, New York.

**Full Returns by Rounds Here**

Special Wire and Operator.

**Our Ladies' Orchestra**

Will entertain you during the evening with the latest popular music of the day.

Special Matinee Saturday Afternoon at 2:30, Evening at 8:00.

**$50.00** per acre will buy 20 acres only 3 miles from the center of the city and one mile west of Woodland Park.

**$2000.00** purchases a nine-room house on a lot 50x120 on First street. House alone cost $3000.00 to build. Is only five minutes' walk from postoffice. Small cash payment, balance monthly.

***Money to Loan at 5 per cent and 6 per cent.***

***Julius D. Howard & Co.,***

***201 First National Bank Building.***

**Letter Heads, Statements, Bill Heads, Cards and Envelopes**

We do the neatest work in this class of printing.
A trial order will be sure to please you. Quick time.

Zenith phone 336.
15 Second Avenue West.

**PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers.**

***We Represent the Following Companies***

| | |
|---|---|
| Aachen & Munich Fire Insurance Company | Germany |
| Commercial Union Assurance Company (Limited) | London |
| German-American Insurance Company | New York |
| Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company (Limited) | Germany |
| Imperial Insurance Company (Limited) | London |
| Law, Union & Crown Fire & Life Insurance Company | London |
| Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Company | Liverpool |
| London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Company | Liverpool |
| Manchester Assurance Company | Manchester |
| National Fire Insurance Company | Hartford |
| Royal Insurance Company | Liverpool |
| State Fire Insurance Company (Limited) | Liverpool |
| Sun Insurance Office | London |
| Union Assurance Society | London |

We aim to do our business in a manner worthy of the class of companies we represent. Your business solicited.

***Graves-Manley Agency,***

'Phone—Day 165. Night 200, Torrey Building, First Floor.

# THE PRETORIA LETTERS.

## British Colonial Officer Makes Public the Correspondence Seized.

London, Aug. 23.—The colonial office today made public the text of the correspondence seized at Pretoria. Besides Henry Labouchere, John Edward Ellis, Liberal member of parliament for the Russhliefe division of Nottinghamshire, wrote to Solly for facts favorable to the Transvaal, and Dr. Gavin Brown Clark, Radical member for Caithness and former consul general of the South African republic in London wrote to President Kruger, under date of Aug. 1, 1899, of the satisfactory result of conversation he had with Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies. Mr. Clarke sair he thought war was inevitable and discussed the effect of President Kruger seizing the passes.

# CITIES OF JERSEY.

## The Census Count of Jersey City and Hoboken.

Washington, Aug. 23.—The population of Jersey City and Hoboken, N. J., was made public by the census office today. Jersey City has a population of 206,433, against 163,003 for 1890, an increase of 43,430, or 26.24 per cent.

Hoboken's population is 59,344, as against 43,648 for 1890, an increase of 15,716 or 36.01 per cent.

# DECISION AGAINST THOITS.

## Judge Cant Rules In News Tribune Case.

Judge Cant yesterday heard the case of the Duluth News Tribune company against A. T. Thoits, which was continued over from the March term to permit of an examination of the books of the News Tribune, and at the conclusion of the hearing ordered judgment for the plaintiff for $1854.45. There was no appearance on the part of the defendant. Judge Cant's findings are to the effect that as president of the News Tribune company and as the owner of twenty-five shares of its stock, he leased the plant to himself and ran it. While doing so he collected money belonging to the company and never made an accounting of it, though asked to do so. The court finds that the amount so collected was $1754.45, and orders judgment for that amount. Fryberger & Johanson were attorneys for the company.

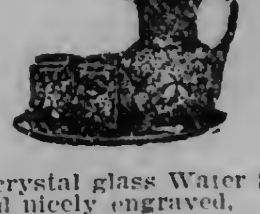
## Capture's Championship.

Ward Ames, Jr., this week won the golf championship of the Northland Golf club by defeating G. G. Hartley. The match was begun about August 4 with nine participants. The final game was a warm one. Nine holes is the ordinary game but at the end of the ninth Mr. Ames and Mr. Hartley were tied. At the end of the tenth they tied again and on the eleventh Mr. Ames won out. Another contest will be inaugurated soon. T. W. Hoopes won the handicap contest recently.

**Freimuth's**

**Bargains in the Big Daylight Basement Tomorrow—See the Savings—**

| | |
|---|---|
| 20 bbls gold band Tumblers, thin flint glass, worth 60c dozen; at each | 3c |
| 15 dozen China Salt Boxes, with oak cover, worth 39c; at each | 23c |



| | |
|---|---|
| 12 dozen crystal glass Water Sets, thin blown and nicely engraved, worth $1.25; at, per set | 59c |
| 200 doz Oyster Bowls, good size, and decorated, at each | 5c |

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 bbls Glass Lemon Juice Extractors; small size 4c; large | 8c |
| 3 bbls thin glass Finger Bowls, nicely engraved, worth 25c; at each | 10c |

| | |
|---|---|
| 10 bbls Decorated Vase Lamps, complete with center draft burner, chimney and 8-in globe, worth $3.00; at each | $2.19 |
| 3 gross large size decorated earthen Cuspidors, at each | 9c |

| | |
|---|---|
| 300 8-in Tinted Jardinieres, worth 60c; at each<br>Limit, 1 to a customer. | 29c |
| 60 doz Yellow Custard Cups, just the thing for baking custards in—fireproof—worth 5c, at each | 3c |

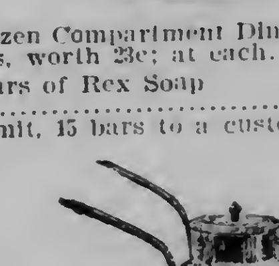
| | |
|---|---|
| 200 dozen gold band Cups and Saucers, worth 19c; at each | 10c |
| 50 dozen Bird Baths, worth 7c; at each | 3c |
| 67 dozen 7-in decorated Dinner Plates, at each | 5c |
| 20 dozen plain white Ewer and Basins, new fancy shape, worth $1.25; special, per set | 69c |
| 16 dozen plain white Chambers, new shapes, worth 75c; special, at each | 39c |

**Hardware Department.**

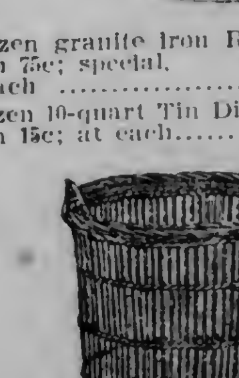
Just received, a large shipment of new Enameled ware, in light blue.

| | |
|---|---|
| 17 dozen Tea and Coffee Pots, 3-quart size, worth 95c; at each | 75c |
| 10 cases Toilet Paper, worth 4c per roll; special, 10 rolls for | 25c |

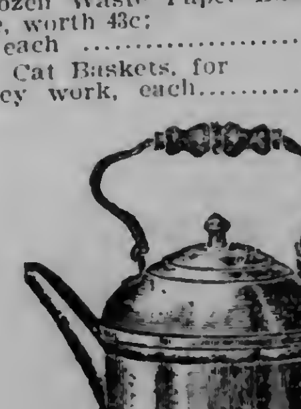
| | |
|---|---|
| 14 dozen Compartment Dinner Pails, worth 23c; at each | 12c |
| 15 bars of Rex Soap for<br>Limit, 15 bars to a customer. | 25c |



| | |
|---|---|
| 10 dozen granite iron Rice Boilers, worth 75c; special, at each | 49c |
| 12 dozen 10-quart Tin Dish Pans, worth 15c; at each | 8c |



| | |
|---|---|
| 9 dozen Waste Paper Baskets, good size, worth 43c; at each | 29c |
| 1000 Cat Baskets, for fancy work, each | 1c |



| | |
|---|---|
| 6 dozen No. 9 heavy tin, copper bottom Tea Kettles, worth 58c; special, at each | 39c |
| 6 dozen Globe Air Rifles, worth $1.50; special | $1.19 |
| Galvanized Iron Pails, all sizes, 10, 12 and 14-quart; tomorrow, per quart | 1½c |
| 500 heavy Embossed Trays, worth 10c; special, each | 4c |
| 60 gross heavy metal Tea and Table Spoons; Tea Spoons, each | 1c |
| Table Spoons, each | 2c |
| 100 dozen metal Knives and Forks, worth $1.25 per set; per set of 6 knives and 6 forks; special | 79c |

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TWELVE PAGES—SECTION ONE—PAGES 1 to 6

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

FALL HAT OPENING TOMORROW

All the beautiful new shapes and colors in Fall Hats will be shown tomorrow in our Hat Department. The Fall Derby will have a rather low crown and a shell curl, which gives it a very graceful effect. The popular Fedora or Alpine will be slightly on the sombrero order, with the wide brim and will be in gray, slate, pearl, brown and black.

Our 1900 Fall Leaders Will Be

The M. & W. Hat at....$3.00
The Gordon Hat at ....$3.00
The Guyer Hat at......$4.00
The Stetson Hat at....$4.00

Notice the fall styles and colors as you pass c front window Saturday. Better still come inside and we'll find ur size to try on. No obligation at all to buy.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The Big Duluth 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Minn Hist'l Society

FOR RENT FOR SALE

First-class eight-room house on East Second street, furnace heat, all modern conveniences, rents for $28 a month, including water.

Desirable lots in Endion Division and London Addition.

A very good seven-room dwelling in Lester Park.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price

Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BLOCK.
Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

Here's to Labor and Labor Day!

the day so many millions deservedly celebrate—a toast no well-meaning man can refuse to drink. But the drinkable should be in keeping with the subject of the toast— strong and able to make it stronger; invigorating and able to make still more vigorous; pure and able to increase purity. The beer bottled by us has all these qualities and more. Price $2.25 per case.

Duluth Brewing and Malting Company.

Either Phone 241.

Fair Warning, Last Call

Monday night we will ring down the curtain on the last act of our Great Half Price Suit and Pant sale, and what a sale it has been! Nothing like it has ever before occurred in this city. When we announced our sale the public responded at once, knowing full well that we would do exactly as we advertised. We never offer inducements to get buyers into our store only to disappoint them.

What we advertise WE DO! When you read it in our advertisement IT'S SO!

Now if you have not already taken advantage of this Great Half Price Suit and Pant sale, it will be well with you if you do so now, for on Monday night down comes the curtain on this great sale, and it will be everlasting, too late. Heed this warning.

B. J. COOK,

321 West Superior Street.

## BOUND TO WED.

### Boston Heiress Has Given the Fashionable Set a Severe Shock.

Boston, Aug. 24.—The exclusive society circles of this city have just received another of those shocks which threaten to make a raging volcano of historic Boston Common. Mary G. Webster, one of the ultra-fashionable set in the way-up strata, has emphatically announced that in spite of parental opposition she will be married on Aug. 29 to William Sampson, an actor, who achieved some degree of prominence in Augustin Daly's company in New York several years ago.

Miss Webster, who is an heiress in her own right, is the daughter of Frank G. Webster, the junior member of the big banking firm of Kidder, Peabody & Co., which concern also has a bank in in the Wall street district of New York. Mr. Webster is not only a millionaire, but he is a man of prominence in the political, banking and social circles of the city.

For two years he has prevented the marriage of his daughter to Actor Sampson, but at last the young woman has declared herself, and now she has sent out the notices announcing that she is to be married to the man of her choice on Aug. 29. That the swell society folk of Boston are shocked by these announcements goes without saying.

Many of those in Miss Webster's set knew of her strong liking for Sampson, but most of them considered it more in the light of a foolish girl's fancy for a matinee hero, than the kind of passion which outlasts years and withstands all the wiles, onslaughts and cajolings of fond relatives and friends.

Miss Webster was seen, and she said in the most positive manner that she is now her own mistress, that she has plenty of money to guard their domicile against the hungry wolf, and that she will be Mrs. Sampson or nothing on Aug. 29.

William Sampson was for several years a member of Augustin Daly's forces. He will probably be best remembered as the man who originated the Chinaman in "The Geisha." Previous to that creation he played many of James Lewis' roles, and from the day he entered Daly's theater he was that excellent actor's understudy. He was last season with William H. Crane's company in the production of "David Harum." He has been re-engaged for the coming season for the same role.

## THE ALLIES MARK TIME

### Commanders at Pekin Waiting For Orders and Railroad Being Repaired.

## FIGHT AT TIEN TSIN

### Chinese Try to Cut the Communications But are Driven Back.

London, Aug. 24.—While the commanders of the allied forces are waiting for instructions from their governments as to what to do next which, in the present condition of the telegraph service will probably take ten days, the work of repairing the railroad beyond Yangtse is progressing slowly, and the transportation of supplies by boats on the Peiho river is improving.

A dispatch from Che Foo, dated Thursday, Aug. 23, says there has been further fighting near Tien Tsin. The Chinese sought to cut the line of communication, but were driven back with small loss on the part of the allied forces.

Official advices from Pekin, received at Tokio, Aug. 23, says the allies burned Prince Tuan's residence.

According to a dispatch from Hong Kong, dated Aug. 24, turbulent mobs are devastating portions of the province of Fukien and Kiangsu. It is added that a mandarin with 300 Chinese soldiers left Amoy, Aug. 25, to restore order. Japanese bluecoats were landed at Amoy, Aug. 23.

Marines from the French cruiser Comet have cleared the streets of Swatow and freed the besieged priests.

A dispatch to a news agency from Shanghai, dated Aug. 23, says eight survivors of the fourteen English missionaries, who started together from Shansi, have reached Hankow, after suffering frightful barbarities.

### MESSAGE FROM REMEY.

### Taku Cable Open---Marines Go to Tien Tsin.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The following cablegram was received this morning at the navy department from Admiral Remey:

"Taku, Aug. 22.—Bureau of Navigation, Washington: Cable open now to Taku. All troops from Hancock, island. Marines gone to Tien Tsin. Private Arthur A. Woods, marine corps, accidentally drowned, Tonku, night of 21st. "REMEY."

### BATTERY WILL NOT GO.

### Seventh Artillery Siege Battery Will Not See China.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—Owing to the recent change in the aspect of the Chinese situation, Siege Battery O, of the Seventh artillery, now at the Presidio, will not sail for China on the Belgian King, as originally intended. It will probably be assigned to Honolulu or Fort Mason. The balance of Light Battery C, Seventh artillery, commanded by Capt. W. P. Stone and Lieuts. Barry and Newbold, has arrived from Fort Adams and encamped at the Presidio.

Twenty-two patients were sent yesterday from the general military hospital to Eastern points for further treatment. Consumptives go to Fort Bayard, N. M., and rheumatics to Hot Springs, Ark., where every effort is made to restore the sufferers to perfect health.

### DIED IN AWFUL AGONY.

### Horribla Treatment Accorded to Missionaries In China.

Shanghai, Aug. 24.—Further details of the brutal treatment of the members of American inland missions who fled from Hankow, were ascertained today. Miss Rice was beaten, knocked down and a heavy cart drawn repeatedly over her body, after which she was clubbed to death. Miss Huston, also of the American mission, had her skull fractured by a blow, which exposed part of her brain. After suffering this horrible injury she was starved and tortured for twenty days. Her injured brain mortified and she died in awful agony. Mrs. Cooper, of the British inland mission, was divested of her clothing, tied to a stake and left under the blistering sun, and at the mercy of flies; after several days of agony and starvation, death came to her relief.

### DEATH OF REILLY.

### Brave Captain Instantly Killed While Directing His Battery.

Pekin, Aug. 15, via Che Foo, Aug. 23.—(Copyright 1900, by the Associated Press.)—The Americans breached through the gates before the imperial palace and occupied the approaches to the last wall. Capt. Henry J. Reilly, Battery F, Fifth United States artillery, and five privates were klled and sixteen wounded. During the afternoon the Americans returned to camp pending a conference between the generals. Thereupon the Russians occupied the approaches to the palace.

Capt. Reilly was standing on the wall and directing his battery, when a bullet struck him in the mouth, killing him instantly. The battery hammered at the gates until they fell. In the meantime the infantry cleared the south wall where the Chinese soldiers, with a fine cover, stubbornly resisted. The fighting was close and sharp. A French battery, while shelling the approaches to the palace narrowly missed the Americans. Gen. Chaffee and Mr. Conger are conferring regarding the diplomatic features of the situation.

### SURROUND IMPERIAL CITY.

### The Allies Hem It In But Do Not Enter.

Pekin, Thursday, Aug. 16, via Shanghai, Thursday, Aug. 23.—(Copyrighted 1900 by the Associated Press.)—The allied troops have surrounded the imperial city and stationed sentries at the gates. They refrain from entering, pending instructions from their governments. Gen. Chaffee says the fighting is ended.

The Japanese troops have relieved the Peitang cathedral, where fifteen French nuns and forty French and Italian soldiers have been isolated and besieged two months. They found that five had been killed.

Capt. Reilly of Battery F, Fifth United States artillery, who was killed before the imperial palace, was buried in the legation grounds. Gen. Chaffee, the British and Japanese generals and many civilians were present at the interment.

The American troops are encamped in the grounds of the Temple of Heaven. The Chinese are supposed to have fled northward.

### POLICY OF GERMANY.

### Denied That Von Waldersee Has a Political Program.

Berlin, Aug. 24.—A section of the German press is talking about Count Von Waldersee's "political program in China." The correspondent of the Associated Press learns that such a phrase is entirely inapplicable to the case. Count Von Waldersee is going without a political program. The German government is really carrying on ceaseless diplomatic negotiations here and in the capitals of the powers to agree to a joint program for the immediate present; and the policy for months ahead is not even dreamed of now.

The correspondent of the Associated Press heard that perfect harmony regarding China continues to prevail beaween Germany and the United States.

The Cologne Gazette, in the course of an inspired article, replying to demands made by a number of German jingo papers that Germany should seize a goodly portion of the Yang Tse valley, says: "Germany emphatically does not harbor any such intention."

### A RIOT AT AMOY.

### Mob Destroys a Japanese Temple and Marines Landed.

Washington, Aug. 24.—United States Consul Johnson, at Amoy, China, cables the state department, under date of today, that a mob burned the Japanese temple at that place today. Marines were landed to protect Japanese officials and are restoring order. The marines alluded to must belong to some other nation, as the United States has no warship at Amoy.

### NO MORE TO GO.

### Officials Decide That Chaffee Has Enough Men.

Washington, Aug. 24.—An important development in the Chinese situation was the decision of the government yesterday not to send any more troops to China. All the troops now at sea, amounting to about 4000, together with those under orders for service in the far East which have not sailed, amounting to about 3000 more, will be sent to Manilla. These troops will sail on the same route, and upon touching Nagasaki will go on to Manilla, unless there are developments in China not now expected which would make their presence in that country necessary.

Secretary Root said that no more troops were being sent to China because they were not needed. With the arrival of the Hancock at Taku and the troops she carried, Gen. Chaffee will have 5000 available men, which is deemed sufficient for all present purposes. The decision of the department was not based upon any recommendation made by Gen. Chaffee, but upon reports received by him which made it apparent that no more troops were needed.

### GERMAN REINFORCEMENTS.

### Naval Detachment at Pekin and Marines Reach Hosiwu.

Berlin, Aug. 24.—An official dispatch from Tien Tsin, Aug. 21, says the German naval detachment arrived at Pekin, Aug. 18, and that the marine battalion reached Hosiwu, Aug. 20.

### COUNSELS ARE DIVIDED.

### The Russian Commander at Pekin Has Independent Notions.

London, Aug. 24, 3:30 a. m.—Fires, fighting and dissensions are apparently following in the wake of the relief of Pekin. The Daily Mail publishes dispatches from the Chinese capital dated as late as Aug. 17, declaring that a great fire was then raging in the imperial city. The Russian commander had declined to accept the decision of the other generals, not to violate the imperial precincts and street fighting was going on.

Gen. Chaffee—so it is asserted—maintained that the Chinese had been adequately punished already and that it would be unwise to take the imperial palace. This explains the withdrawal of the Americans after breaching the gates as cabled by the special correspondent of the Associated Press. The Russian general, however, maintained that his government had declared war against China and there was no reason to prevent him carrying hostilities into the sacred precincts.

Judging from various and in many cases contradictory dispatches that have reached Europe this morning from Pekin the commanders eventually adopted a middle course, for a Reuter telegram asserts that sentries were placed to prevent looting. Hence it is assumed that the imperial buildings, although captured, will not be destroyed. The fires appear to be incendiary and to be caused by the Chinese themselves.

All the dispatches point to the fact that when the latest messages received here left Pekin, the commanders were somewhat at sea regarding the future action awaiting instructions from their governments. The foreign residents appear to have been sent to Tien Tsin, although the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says the ministers will not leave Pekin until negotiations for indemnity are under way.

POINTER ON LI.

London, Aug. 24.—A special from Tien Tsin says that William Pethwick, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y., for many years Earl Li's secretary and confidential advisor of the Chinese government, wires the United States consul at Tien Tsin under date of Pekin, Aug. 10, as follows: "Li Hung Chang should be ignored. He represents the hostile ministry and will avert their just punishment by misrepresenting their position if he can."

### STORM AT LA CROSSE.

### Much Damage Done By Lightning---Crop Damage Reported.

La Crosse, Wis., Aug. 24.—A heavy electrical storm struck this city this morning, during the progress of which several dwellings and barns were struck by lightning and damaged to a great extent. Several horses were killed. Reports at the Southern Minnesota division offices of the Milwaukee road state that a heavy rain fell all along the division, doing considerable damage to crops, which are now being harvested.

BOYCOTT MILLS.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—The Building Trades council, representing twenty-eight trade organizations have ordered a general boycott of all the goods turned out by the 9-hour plaining mills. The action is the result of mill owners declaring that under no circumstances will they consent to arbitration for an 8-hour work day.

## WILL STAY IN PEKIN

### Troops to Remain There Until Negotiations With China Are Ended.

## SITUATION AT AMOY

### A Repetition Then of the Affair at Shanghai Is Possible.

Washington, Aug. 24—The ques [illegible] the withdrawal of the troops fro [illegible] to Taku has been seriously dis [illegible] the president and his advise [illegible] of pressure has been brou [illegible] upon the administration [illegible] step, but after mature deli [illegible] been determined that t [illegible] for the settlement of q [illegible] out of the disturbance [illegible] take place in the Chinese [illegible] that while these negotiations a [illegible] ing and until they are completed it [illegible] be necessary for the United States forces to remain in the Chinese capital. While it is recognized that a withdrawal of the forces from Pekin might be hailed with satisfaction in this country it is said that the moral effect in China and upon the Chinese would be bad and would be interpreted by the Chinese as a retreat.

The determination having been reached to have the United States forces remain in Pekin, plans are being made to furnish them with supplies. The department has ascertained that Taku port will be open until Oct. 15 and before that time, it is expected that most of the supplies can be shipped to Taku. Meanwhile, the Peiho and the canal can be utilized for the transportation until the river freezes. It has been learned that cattle can be purchased to supply the troops with beef and there is a shipload of frozen beef in Taku harbor which is an ample supply for several months. The commissionary and medical stores which were shipped on the Meade and destined for China have been ordered to be unloaded at Nagasaki and sent to Taku on the transport Indiana.

Dispatches were received from Gen. Chaffee today but only those giving casualty lists were made public. If any dispatch relating to the situation was received, it was sent to Secretary Root.

The state department's dispatch from Col. Johnson at Amoy of the burning of a Chinese temple there and that marines presumably Japanese had landed there may cause a diversion in that section similar to the recent affair at Shanghai. The Japanese legation here has not been advised of the actual landing of marines there, but it is said that the Japanese consul at Amoy, a short time ago, applied to the government for warships to guard against any emergency which might arise. In response to this awo Japanese ships were dispatched to Amoy, and it is the understanding here that they are now at that point. They have on board a considerable number of marines suitable for a landing party.

A Japanese landing party at Amoy has more than usual significence, from the fact that Amoy is within what is known as the Japanese "sphere of influence." The "sphere is said by officials to be similar to that under which Great Britain exercises an influence in Yangtse valley. It embraces the province of Fukien, the principal centers being Amoy and Fuchow. As "sphere" it is chiefly important to Japan as it lies opposite to the island of Formosa which Japan took from China as the result of their late war.

## TROUBLE ON.

### A War of the Races Imminent In Sabine County, Texas.

Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 24.—It is believed a race war is imminent in Sabine county. The negroes have posted notices threatening to kill three prominent white men and are intimidating white women. Peace officers have been called from adjoining counties.

### QUIET IN AKRON.

### Fury of the Mob Subsides and Peace Reigns.

Akron, Ohio, Aug. 24.—There was no trouble of any kind in the city during the night, the streets being practically deserted except by the soldiers, who patrolled all the thoroughfares in the business section.

It is understood that a number of arrests will be made today of those who took part in the riot. The authorities have secured about thirty names of the rioters, and undoubtedly will take into custody some of the leaders of the mob before night.

The Fourth and Eighth regiments will, in all probability, be held here for several days, the mayor fearing that the friends of the men taken into custody today may attempt to rescue them if a large force is not on hand to guard the prisoners.

SHERIFF READY.

Clveland, Aug. 24.—Sheriff McConnell held a large force of deputies at the jail in this city throughout the night a result of the rumors to the effect that a mob from Akron might attempt to storm the place and get possession of Louis Peck, the negro who is alleged to have assaulted Christina Maas. Detectives closely watched all incoming trains but the mob failed to appear.

FAMILY HOLDS REUNION.

St. Cloud, Minn., Aug. 24.—A very pleasant family reunion, the first in fourteen years, was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Jarrad, 335 Third avenue south, on Monday. Of the eight children, all were present save two, these being E. H. Jerrard, of Bemidji, and R. B. Jerrard, of Ishpeming, Mich. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Jerrard and son, of St. Paul; F. B. Jerrard, of Duluth; Jean Jerrard Bidwell, of Monticello, Iowa; Miss Margaret and James R. Jerrard, of this city. Of the original family of ten—eight, children and parents, all are still living, and none have ever experienced any serious illness.

## NEWPORT VERY ILL

### St. Paul Man Who Created a Sensation In New York Monday.

## STATE IS CRITICAL

### [illegible] venue Waving [illegible] er His [illegible]

[illegible].—Private advices to- [illegible] ork state that Luther [illegible] prominent St. Paul business man, well known in the country, who became insane in New York be- [illegible] he heat on Monday, is in a [illegible] cal condition, but it is hoped [illegible] great care he may recover.

[illegible] New York Sun of Tuesday con- [illegible] the following account of Mr. [illegible] port's sensational actions on Mon- [illegible] afternoon:

The escapades of Luther Egerton Newport, of St. Paul, Minn., during the last two weeks have caused his family a great deal of worry, and culminated yesterday in his arrest and detention at Bellevue hospital to have his sanity inquired into. Mr. Newport is a son of Gen. R. M. Newport, a banker, of St. Paul, and with his father manages the affairs of the Platinum Photographic Paper company, of St. Paul. Luther E. Newport is married and lives with his wife in St. Paul, but business affairs keep him in this city for a great part of the year. His father, Gen. Newport, spends so much time in town that the family keep apartments all the year round in the Lenox, at 2 and 4 West Thirty-sixth street.

Luther Newport's family noticed a month ago that his health was failing. He came to New York to be doctored and placed himself in charge of Dr. Benjamin T. Tilton, of 59 West Thirty-sixth street. His relatives were notified that he was threatened with brain fever, but that with good care and rest he would pull through. He lived at the Lenox with his father. Two weeks ago a friend of the family who owns a yacht invited the general and his son on a short cruise. The sea trip, Newport's physician said, would benefit him greatly. Two days after the yacht sailed a landing was made at Norton, Conn. Gen. Newport and his son went ashore, and while dining, the son gave the father the slip and disappeared. His family haven't seen him since, and he sent many telegrams to his wife in St. Paul from various cities in the East, telling her that it was useless to try and find him. A week ago Mrs. Newport came to New York and took up her residence at the Lenox while search for her husband was made.

At 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon John Malone, a cabman, of 131 West Seventeenth street, was standing beside his cab in Union Square, when Newport engaged him. Newport is 35 years old, and is a big muscular fellow. He wore a striped flannel suit without a waistcoat and when he hired the cabman appeared to be in his right mind. At his order the man drove him to a haberdasher's store in Fifth avenue, near Twenty-eighth street. He paid the cabman and entering the store where he was known, said loudly to a clerk:

"I want a shirt! I want a shirt!"

A blue negligee shirt was shown to him and he quickly pulled off his coat, loosened the scarf and collar of the shirt he wore, and before the astonished clerks could prevent him had whipped it off and stood in the center of the store naked from the waist up. He put on the new blue shirt and as quickly started to pull it off. While he was pulling it over his head a hansom cab was driven rapidly past the door and Newport started out of the shop waving the new shirt in the air. He ran into the roadway yelling:

"That's my cab, stop it!"

The half-naked man running in the roadway, yelling at the top of his voice, astonished pedestrians. He waved the shirt in the air as he ran and women who didn't become faint made for the side streets. The hansom driver, frightened at the wild appearance of the man in his wake, lashed his horse and disappeared around the corner of Thirty-third street.

Just as Newport got in front of the Holland house, Policemen Baxter and Lavary, coming down the avenue, spotted him. He was so big that they din't want to tackle him alone, so they dispatched two hackmen for help while they got as near to Newport as they dared. He continued to shout:

"I'm right; I'm right! That's may cabman."

Three other policemen soon arrived in answer to the summons and the five surrounded Newport. They handled him gingerly and were able to put the nippers on him. Then they tied his shirt around his neck by the sleeves and marched him to the Tenderloin station, escorted by a crowd of about 300 pedestrians, a dozen hackmen and a score of bicyclists. In the police station Newport became calm. His name and address were obtained from some papers in his pockets. Sergt. Murtha sent for an ambulance. Dr. Youman of the New York hospital, who came with it, said that Newport was insane. He was taken to eBllevue in the ambulance.

Mrs. Newport was shocked last night when a reporter told her of her husband's escapade.

"I have not seen him for over two weeks," said she. "He has been in poor health and was under treatment here until two weeks ago. Then he disappeared. I didn't even know he was in town."

Mrs. Newport drove to Bellevue last night to see her husband. Gen. Newport is not in the city.

HEARING DEFERRED.

Milwaukee, Aug. 24.—The suit of the Chicago board of trade against five Milwaukee commission houses to restrain them from using the quotations of the Chicago board of trade on their blackboards came up for argument on a temporary injunction, pending the result of the suit in the United States district court today. By agreement of counsel, the hearing was postponed until Sept. 10.

SAINTS' REUNION.

Kansas City, Aug. 24.—The reorganized church of Latter Day Saints began its second annual re-union at Washington park today with a moderate attendance. On Sunday, the first big day, 3000 to 4000 people are expected. The meetings will extend over a period of ten days and the program includes addresses by several leaders of the church, among them President Joseph Smith, of Lamoni, Iowa.

SEE PHILADELPHIA.

Philadelphia, Aug. 24.—The 1300 visiting school teachers who spent a busy day in seeing the sights of the city, were taken to the University of Pennsylvania's group of buildings in West Philadelphia. The inspection of the institutions took up the entire morning.

## CHANGE IN THE EGG

### Bryan Says That the Republican Egg Has Gone Off Badly.

## AUCTION FOR YOUTH

### Says Imperialism Means Raising Sons at So Much Per Head.

Manhattan, Kas., Aug. 24.—William Jennings Bryan began the day with a speech here at 10:30 a. m. The community is regarded as strongly Republican, but there was a large audience. Mr. Bryan said he preferred speaking to Republicans on the principle that it is always right to save "brands from the burning." He believed most Republicans would leave their party when convinced that they could serve their country better by leaving it than they could by remaining in it. He then proceeded to point out what he believed to be the inconsistencies of the Republicans on the various issues of the day. In the first place, the Republican party had been a silver party; now it had become a gold standard party. It had supported the greenbacks; now it proposed to substitute a bank currency for the greenbacks. It has, therefore, denounced trusts; now its leaders were found generally defending trusts.

Speaking of the trusts, Mr. Bryan asked what the individual Republicans, especially the Republican farmers, were getting out of the trusts.

"We do not object to the honest accumulaion of wealth," he said. "I want a government that gives every poor man the hope of being rich some day; a government that gives the rich man assurance that his children will be protected if they were to become poor. What I object to is a government that protects a few men in their robbery of the masses and then denounces everybody as an anarchist that does not like to be robbed.

"I want you Republicans to see the change that has taken place in the Republican party. I want you Republicans to recognize that there has been a transformation in your party's purposes. You Republicans have been looking at the outside of the egg. You say it's the same size, the same color that it used to be, but you don't know what change has gone on in the contents of the egg, and if you Republicans can see the change that has taken place in your party's position on the economic questions, Im a going to ask if you can see the change that has taken place in your party's position on these new questions that have come up since the Spanish war." (Applause).

He declared that a policy of imperialism is impossible without a large army.

"When the government comes from the people," he said, "the people will come from their homes to support it, but when you build on brute force you have got to have an army to prevent the people making faces at you.

"If we are to resort to imperialism in the Philippines in order to get the trade of those islands, is it not reasonable to suppose that the same policy will be brought into requisition to get the trade of other countries?"

The speaker did not believe that American mothers wanted to raise boys to be exchanged as soldiers for a trade at so much per head. On this point, he said:

"When an American boy dies for liberty his mother thanks God that he gave her the strength to bear and rear a son for such noble sacrifice, but what American mothers want to raise boys at so much per head? That is what imperialism means. I believe in the expansion of trade. I want this country to extend her trade, but I would not put one American citizen on the auction block and sell him for all the trade of the Orient, if I had to buy it by his blood" (great applause).

Mr. Bryan asserted that the Republicans are evading the question of expansion and said that after having asserted over and over again that the silver question is dead, they resurrected it, far beyond the predictions of Democrats. Important as was that issue, it could not be used to prevent adequate discussion of issues of more pressing questions. Closing, Mr. Bryan said:

"The splendors of empire have lured governments on th destruction in the past. We do not want the splendors of an empire. We want a government of the people by the people and for the people. That is glory enough for us, (applause) and when Republicans tell you what we are going to do and how we are going to reach out and go into lands for their exploration, you remember that passage from the scripture and you can paraphrase it by an answer they cannot meet. 'What shall it profit us if we gain the whole world and lose the spirit which prizes liberty as an heritage to all men of all lands everywhere?'"

### THE SCHARN CASE.

### Prosecutor Says Young Scharn Will Certainly Be Indicted.

New York, Aug. 24.—Frederick Scharn, the 18-year-old boy who has been held by the police pending the investigation into the murder of his sister, Kate, last Saturday, was released on a writ of habeas corpus today, but was immediately re-arrested on a charge of burglary. When Scharn was arraigned on the charge, he pleaded not guilty and was committed to the Tombs.

Assistant District Attorney Reilly said the boy would be indicted for murder in the first degree by next Tuesday, by which time, he said, the police will have finished an investigation now going on.

The case has attracted much attention here, owing to the fact that the police, in searching for the girl's murderer, found that she had been leading a double life.

### TO COLONIZE BOERS.

### A Helena Man Buys a Yellowstone Valley Tract.

St. Paul, Aug. 24.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: A. Wormser, of Helena, has made arrangements to purchase a large tract of land in the Yellowstone valley. He declares he will bring in a large number of Boers from the Transvaal and virtually acknowledges the futility of the present war. The immigrants will begin moving shortly.

**Printers' Ink,** A Journal For Advertisers **Says** In its issue of July 25, 1900: **The Evening Herald of Duluth is by far the best daily in Minnesota outside the Twin Cities.**

**The Half Price Sale is Off but the New Goods Are On**

We are showing today the nobbiest line of new Fall Clothing and Overcoats at the lowest prices of any house in the city.

Pants from $2.00 to $7.00.

Sole agents for the YOUNG Hat, the greatest $3 hat in America.

Gentlemen, beware of buying Mackintoshes that have been in stock for two years or over. The rubber becomes rotten and they are no good. We are showing a full line of new and up-to date Mackintoshes, Rubber Coats, Oil Clothing and Rubbers—all new goods—to be found at

**KENNEY & CAMPBELL,**

Archie Kenney—J. D. Campbell.
329 West Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

# WOULD BE SHERIFF

### J. J. C. Davis Comes Out as a Candidate For Democratic Nomination.

## ONLY THING WANTED

### Henry Truelsen Says Nothing But Congressional Nomination Will Satisfy Him.

J. J. C. Davis is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for sheriff. As far as known, he is the only man who has said that he wants it. P. R. McDonnell has been credited with an aspiration to run, but has never declared himself. The desire, probably, has not been with Mr. McDonnell, but with his Democratic friends, who realize his popularity and would like to support him for the place. Charles G. Miller was supposed for a time, too, to be a candidate for the place, but his recent announcement that he wanted the nomination for county auditor has done away with that story.

Mr. Davis is well known to the people of the city and county, having been a resident for many years. He has been largely interested in contract work on the ranges and has an extensive acquaintance up there. He was once comptroller of the city of Duluth and left a fine record.

Henry Truelsen today gave the following "declaration of intention" to The Herald:

"Duluth, Minn., Aug. 24, 1900.—I am informed that some of Mr. Baldwin's supporters are spreading the rumor broadcast over the district that I am a candidate for the office of state treasurer. For the information of my numerous friends and supporters throughout the district, I will state that I am not a candidate for any position except that of congressman from the Sixth congressional district of Minnesota. Hoping that this will set at rest the rumors thus started, I remain, yours truly,

HENRY TRUELSEN.

# COMMITTED.

### Butler-Ryan Men Sentenced—Is Just What the Company Wanted.

A new feature in the fight of the Butler-Ryan company for the right to dig gravel on Minnesota Point developed this morning. Henry Wilcox, one of the five men arrested for removing gravel on Aug. 7 was given a hearing in the municipal court, found guilty of violating the city ordinances and sentenced to pay a fine of $5 or be committed to the county jail for a period of three days. The commitment to the county jail was desired by the defense, which is practically the Butler-Ryan people, as the contracting firm, through its attorney, S. D. Allen, will institute haebas corpus proceedings, with the object of securing the release of all five men.

In the arguments before Judge Gearhart this morning, Mr. Allen held that the city had no right to prevent digging on Minnesota Point, except down on the beach, and the point where the men were working was over 100 feet from the beach and on private property. Mr. Allen also held that the ordinance was void, as the amendments under which the arrests were made possible were introduced and adopted in one evening, contrary to law, and that it expressly delegated to the board of public works powers belonging to the council alone.

### Mill Transfer Recorded.

A part of the deal by which the St. Croix Lumber company is acquiring the interests of the Knox Lumber company went on record this morning in the office of the register of deeds. An instrument was filed by the Knox Lumber company, transferring to the St. Croix Lumber company for a consideration of $50,000 the sawmill and plant at Winton, in section 24-63-12. The Knox company reserves the mineral rights to the land and the right to use the mill and equipments and six dwelling houses occupied by its employes until May 1, 1901.

# CHAIN GANG.

### First One County Has Ever Sent Out Works at Poor Farm.

The first county chain gang in the history of St. Louis county put in ten hours of hard work yesterday under the new arrangement made by the board of county commissioners, by which county prisoners eligible to hard labor are to be put to work under the direction of the sheriff. Bright and early yesterday morning a dozen of the prisoners who came within the regulation were routed out and sent to the poor farm in charge of two officers, and there the gang began work at clearing the part of the poor farm nearest town. The men put in a hard day's work, something some of them were quite unused to, and accomplished considerable.

The work for the present at least will all be done on the poor farm. The county officers went into the matter thoroughly in hopes that the labor might be utilized to make something that could be sold and bring in revenue for the county, but there is no law to authorize such work, so the men had to be put on the poor farm. There will be work enough to keep them going for a while at any rate.

"SAPHO" or "A YANKEE IN CUBA"

**BILLY BENNETT'S BIG SHOW**

Tonight Big Tent in rear of Palladio Bldg.
Special scenery, elegant costumes. Prices 10c, 20c, 30c

# ARE UNDONE.

### Bowery Gang Fails to Run Matters In Police Court.

A confidence gang's confidence in the confiding nature of a 16-year-old girl, and also in its ability to give perjured testimony on the witness stand, was rudely shattered at noon today, when Judge Gearhart sentenced Saul Rooney to pay a fine of $75 and costs or go to the county jail for sixty days for larceny.

Rooney is a blond person with many tangled auburn locks floating over his manly brow. A certain Miss Blanche McKloid accused him of separating her from several large green dollars and a watch supposed to be worth $18. He was arrested on Tuesday afternoon, and that evening a friend of his induced the girl to leave town. This is the customary procedure of the Bowery gang in cases of this kind, and Detective Troyer determined to break it up. He located the girl at Eveleth and had the marshal up there send her down yesterday afternoon. The gang learned of her return, and shortly afterward "Shorty" McCann met her on Superior street and threatened dire consequences if she didn't make peace with Rooney. It is reported that during this highly edifying conference McCann said:

"What's yer want ter git all us gamblers in trouble fer? It'll make more trouble for you, for we sports will stand together and you won't have no show. I'm a friend of the Rooneys and will swear against you."

McCann kept his word and swore against her, but he was such a palpable failure that it will be a wonder if he is not sent over the road for perjury.

The testimony on all sides except that given by the police department was very shady. The girl claimed that Rooney deliberately stole her watch and pawned it for $2. He and his friends testified that one evening he went to the girl's room in the North Star lodging house and said there was a little poker game going on over the way. He expressed a desire for a little money, saying that he felt lucky, and that Miss McKloid immediately offered him her watch to raise money on, providing he gave her half of his winnings.

Although the girl's own testimony showed her to be of loose character, the testimony of the gang, on the other hand, was so putrid that the court found it incumbent to impose the rather severe fine of $75 and costs, or hard labor for sixty days.

Other sentences passed in police court this morning were: John Sullivan, twenty days for vagrancy; Joe Scott, ten days for drunkenness, and Bertie Thompson, ten days on general principles of being a bad character.

Returns from the Fitzsimmons-Sharkey fight will be received at the St. Louis hotel by rounds tonight.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATED flats; gas ranges; laundry. MacGregor, 6 Exchange building.

# THE SEPTEMBER JURORS.

### List of Those Called to Serve at the Coming Term.

Jurors for the September term of district court have been served by the sheriff, the grand jurors to appear Sept. 5 and the petit jurors to appear Sept. 10. The lists are as follows:

Grand jurors—Charles J. Lowman, James Mitchell, Soudan; Halvor Halvorsen, Herman; P. A. Jordhoy, Pike Lake; Olaf Gulbranson, Midway; William H. Robertson, Mountain Iron; N. J. Upham, Bernard J. Hartz, E. W. Matter, W. H. Hollenbeck, Hagon Lindahl, C. E. Evens, B. Silberstein, Frank C. Clarkston, Cook Ely, Charles P. Frank, Parker M. Paine, C. R. Rust, John Nolan, John Sundeen, A. A. Fider, Charles E. DeWitt, John Lecky, Duluth.

Petit jurors—William Bowden, McKinley; E. J. Longyear, Hibbing; Arthur H. Stevens, Virginia; John McKay, Floodwood; R. C. McKinley, Frank B. Thompson, John W. Coulter, George N. Holland, Louis R. Meining, Alexander McRae, W. G. LaRue, Christian Sundby, John Schwirtz, August Erickson, J. J. LeTourneau, H. W. Coffin, N. E. Grindy, Edward aPtterson, Frank E. Greene, Joseph W. Cummings, Roy N. Hoople, A. H. Bowden, W. J. Merritt, C. J. Ness, Thomas Clark, Jr., W. B. Anderson, Gust Forguson, Siman Hoodahl, T. B. Hawkes, Andrew P. Carlson, Adam Kirst, Frederick G. Hanson, Joseph Beeks, John [illegible]entry, Frederick W. Paine, Will[illegible] Bennett, Frank A. Ritzloff, Fra[illegible] Brewer, John Manson.

# THE REDMEN

### Expect a Big Time at Their State Convention Next Week.

For three days beginning with next Monday evening, the Redmen of the state of Minnesota will hold the seventh Great Sun Council of the order in this city, and the indications are that there will be big delegations of the Redmen from all parts of the state. The visiting members of the order will be the guests of We-ke-me-wup Tribe No. 17 and Sitting Bull tribe, No. 25 of this city. The local Redmen have been making elaborate arrangements for the entertainment of the visitors and promise to make the council one of the best ever held in the state.

The delegates will begin arriving on Monday, and the reception committee will met every train during the day to escort the visiting brethern to the hotels. In the evening there will be a grand reception and dog feast at the wigwam of the We-ke-me-wup Tribe, in Elks hall, at which there will be speeches by several of the prominent officers of the order. Tuesday morning the session of the Great council will begin at 9 o'clock and last until noon. There will also be a session in the afternoon. At 7:15 o'clock, Tuesday evening, the Redmen will give a grant parade, beginning at Fifth avenue West and First street and ending at the Fifth avenue dock, where the Redmen will take a boat for a moonlight excursion on the lake

On Wednesday, after a session of the Great council in the forenoon, there will be a picnic and dance at Lester park in the afternoon and evening. The feature of Thursday's program will be the conferring of the Adoption degree, at the wigwam of the Sitting Bull tribe at West Duluth. The team conferring the degree will be selected from among the delegates to the Great council.

A number of the Great officers of the order have signified their intention of being present at the council. Thomas E. Harrison, of Indianapolis, Great Junior Sagamore of the Great Council of the United States, Wilson Brooks, of Chicago, great chief of records of the great council of Illinois, have written, accepting the invitation of the local committee.

Word has been received already from one Minneapolis tribe that it will be represented by at least sixteen delegates.

Great Chief of Records Hebl, Great Keeper of Wampum Forsell, and Great Representative Score, of St. Paul, and Great Prophet Frost, of Minneapolis, are among the state officers of the order that will arrive Monday morning.

Returns from the Fitzsimmons-Sharkey fight will be received at the St. Louis hotel by rounds tonight.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**ANNUAL FLOWER EXHIBIT ARMORY**

Opening Tuesday, August 28th, 8 p. m.

Opened by Mayor Hugo.

Program, brilliant and varied, in the News Tribune Flower Edition.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

**ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.**

Sold in Duluth at

**The Ideal Beer Hall.**

**HAIR** and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25.00. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

**MME. BOYD,** 216 W. Superior St., Duluth
1303 Tower Avenue, Superior.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

**A Bargain For 10 Days.**

We will offer 1602 Jefferson street. This house was built just as men build who spare no expense for a permanent home.

**Interstate Land and Investment Company,**
No. 605 Palladio Building.

## ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION —OF— Benjamin Investment Company.

We, the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of T[illegible] two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) o[illegible] General Statutes of the state o[illegible] 1894, and the acts amenda[illegible] and supplementary thereto, [illegible]sociate ourselves together [illegible] sign the following articles [illegible]

[illegible]TICLE I.

[illegible] corporation shall be [illegible]ment Company." Its [illegible] business shall be the [illegible] state of Minnesota. [illegible] of its business is to [illegible], deal in and improve [illegible] the city of Duluth, state of [illegible], and at any other point or [illegible] as may be determined by a majority in interest of the stockholders; to loan money upon real estate, and to collect, foreclose and release mortgages and other obligations, and do and to do, perform and execute all and singular the acts and instruments necessary, proper or convenient in carrying on a general real estate, loan and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be August 15, 1900, and it shall continue for a period of thirty years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in, in cash or in property at such times and in such amounts, and in such manner as may be determined by board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Louis N. Benjamin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William B. Ardouin, Duluth, Minnesota.
Jay C. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.
Julius D. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and all management of its affairs shall be vested in a Board of directors, composed of not less than three (3) persons nor more than five (5) persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder in said corporation.

Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard shall be and constitute the first board of directors, and shall serve as such until the first annual meeting of the stockholders hereinafter provided for, or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified. The first annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at ten (10) o'clock a. m., on the first Monday of August, 1901, and the regular annual meetings thereafter shall be held at the same hour on the first Monday of August in each year. At such meeting not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) directors shall be elected, who shall serve one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

There shall also be the following officers who shall perform such duties and exercise such power as may be prescribed by board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by board of directors at their annual meeting immediately following annual meeting of stockholders, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretry, a treasurer and a general manager; and any two or more of said offices may be held by the same person except those of president and vice president.

Until the first annual meeting of directors, the following persons shall act as officers of said corporation: Louis N. Benjamin, president; William B. Ardouin, vice president; Jay C. Howard, treasurer, and Julius D. Howard, secretary and general manager.

The board of directors shall have power to enact and adopt such by-laws for the government of the corporation as they see fit, and from time to time to revise and amend the same or any part thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred (500), and the amount or par of each of said shares shall be one hundred dollars ($100.00.)

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this third day of August, A. D. 1900.

LOUIS N. BENJAMIN, (Seal.)
WILLIAM B. ARDOUIN, (Seal.)
JAY C. HOWARD, (Seal.)
JULIUS D. HOWARD, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and executed in presence of—

W. W. Sanford,
S. T. Harrison.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—SS.

On this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

W. W. SANFORD,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 415.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 18, 1900, at 10:35 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 199.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

CLOTHES REPAIRING.

SPECIAL PRICES ON CLOTHES cleaning. Pants presed, 10c. Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c. We guarantee a first-class job. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—LADIES' BLACK JACKET AT Lester Park Tuesday evening. Finder please return to Herald office.

LOST—TWO CHECKS ON NATIONAL Bank of Republic Chicago, on Superior street between Fourth avenue west and Second avenue east. Finder leave at Herald. Receive reward.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

**MAGINNIS & SON,**
*Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.*
407-8-9 PALLADIO BUINDING.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 215 Second avenue west.

WANTED—WOMAN SECOND COOK. Tremont hotel.

WANTED—SECOND GIRL. APPLY AT 120 First avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 2605 West Third.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER. MUST be rapid, accurate and have good education. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m. Bradstreet company, 204 Providence building.

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DO SECOND cooking, two girls to wait on lunch counter. Apply to H. C. Watson, the Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE A COOK; good wages. 5 Chester terrace.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESS. ADDRESS E. Gurney, Phoenix block.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 4 St. Elmo flat.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO IS A GOOD cook, washer and ironer. A man is employed and there are two in family. Call before 11, and between 2 and 4, or in the evening, 1201 London road.

WANTED—LADIES TO WORK FOR the Standard Dress Cutting company, 1502 Belknap sstreet, two blocks east of West Superior hotel, West Superior, Wis. Miss S. E. McKun, manager.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK FOR boarding house. 27 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 220 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 230 Fourteenth avenue east. Mrs. E. J. Duflies.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3 Adams flats.

**STENOGRAPHERS.**

Assisted to positions without charge Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BARBER AT 332 WEST Superior street.

WANTED—LABORERS, STATION men, rock men and ax men for Halvorson, Richards & Co., big railroad contract at Bemidji. Just let. Ship daily, fifty tracklayers and surfacers, $2 and $2.25 per day, Casselton and Valley City, N. D.; fifty men near Virginia and Hibbing, free fare; twenty-five men for John Runquist, free fare; 100 men on South Shore railway and fifty on Northwestern railway in Michigan; 100 laborers for Colorado and Wyoming; men for Wisconsin and Iowa. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED—SOLICITORS. SALARY AND commission. No experience required. The Cable company, No. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COATmakers. Mies.

WANTED—MACHINIST. ONE A NO. 1 all-around machinist, acquainted with general sawmill and repair work, must be an A No. 1 man. Best of wages paid. Steady job guaranteed. Parish Manufacturing company, Ashland, Wis.

TWENTY MEN WANTED TO MIX CONcrete on new power station, Hancock, Mich.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as clerk or light employment of some kind. C 16, Herald.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE AGE WOman, place as housekeeper. Call or address 226 West Third street.

WANTED—HOUSECLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED man, place as janitor or fireman. D 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING AND ironing by the day. Address D 63, Herald.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern

WHEN IN DULUTH, STOP AT THE Scandia Hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 714 West Superior St.

MEDICAL.

**GONOVA** French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflamations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

**MEN** NERVE BEANS restore weak parts, make men strong, vigorous, robust; married men, men intending to marry, should take a box; astonishing results; night losses stopped; power restored; $1 at Boyce's, Lyceum and other druggists; mailed by Nerve Bean Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

**FOR RENT.**

TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES; ONE $4.50, and one $5.00 per month; neat, comfortable and 15 minutes from center of city. Ample yard around them.

**Chas. P. Craig & Co., Herald Bldg**

FOR RENT—CORNER HOUSE, ASHtabula terace, Sept. 1. R. T. Lewis.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, CENtrally located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

PLEASANT MODERN ROOM, CENtrally located; gentleman preferred. F 26, Herald.

TWELVE FIFTY RENTS FOUR GOOD rooms, 12 East Fourth street. Call at house.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentlemen. 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, cheap. 1021 West Michigan street, top floor.

FOR WINTER, FURNISHED OR UNfurnished suite of two or three rooms; stationary wash bowl, fairly modern house; private family; reference exchanged; not for light housekeeping. A 87, Herald.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED parlor and bed-room. 404 Lowell block.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED rooms, heat, bath. No. 7, Mason flat.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for couple light housekeeping. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND unfurnished basement. 230 West Second street.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

LADY TO BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. D 65, Herald.

GOOD TABLE BOARD, AND A LARGE cheerful room with all modern conveniences. Two gentlemen preferred. No. 318 West Second street, Duluth.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address R 62, Herald.

ONE SIX-ROOM COTTAGE WITH water, walking distance, not above Fourth street, by Sept. 1. John Barnidge, 317 West Superior street.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, house or flat. Call on or address H. W. Richardson, United States weather bureau.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms for light housekeeping; no children. R 7, Herald.

WANTED—UNTIL MAY 1, SIX OR eight room flat, unfurnished, centrally located. No children. Address Z 23, Herald.

**SECRET SOCIETIES.**

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month. 8:00. Next meeting Aug. 20, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 27, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 12, 1900. Work. ——— Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Aug. 7, 1900. Work, ——— Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OFAMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, Aug. 21, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree; in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G. W. Marquart, Sec'y.

SILVER LODGE NO. 200, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday evening, Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS.—Court Eastern Star, No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, chief ranger.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

## HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

OSTEOPATHY.

OSTEOPATHY IN 410 AND 411 BURROWS building. We treat successfully all curable diseases. Special attention to female diseases. Free consultation. Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. L. Miller, M. D., D. O.; Carrie R. Miller, D. O.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, CHEAP. Best location on Superior street. Good stock of utensils and dining room fittings included. Splendid opportunity for right party. Address P. S., Herald.

FOR SALE—$150 PIANO, UPRIGHT, cost $450 one year ago. Family leaving Duluth. Anna Johnson, 5 McDonald block.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, WELL matched team of 4-year-old mountain burros, well broke, weight 375 pounds, jennie has colt; fine harness, fly nets and bells, light spring wagon covered top. Camp corner First street and Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE—CANDY STORE, SIXTY third avenue west and Raleigh.

FOR SALE—NICELY FURNISHED modern boarding house in best location in the city, 34 rooms, with excellent class boarders and rooms. Paying well but selling out on account of poor health. Address R 64, Herald.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows has just arrived. S. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S BICYCLE, good as new. 14 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOLDING bed and wardrobe. 209 West Third street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD furniture. Emil Carlson, 1926 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. H. Middlecoff, 1112 Jefferson street. Telephone 940 or 597.

FOR SALE—BOARDINGHOUSE, DOING good business. R 48, Herald.

**Barrett & Zimmerman,**

Largest Horse and Mule Dealers in the Northwest.

Will hold an auction sale Aug. 29. Private sales daily. Have 600 head drafters, farm mares, drivers and mules always on hand. Part time given if desired.

J. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIABLE sale stable, have moved to their new location in the Union rink, corner Third avenue east and First street; will also handle full line of carriages, wagons, etc.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURROWS B'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

MIDWIFE.

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

## STEAMSHIP TIME TABLES.

**NORTHERN STEAMSHIP Co.**
EXCLUSIVELY PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NORTH WEST AND NORTH LAND

Leave Duluth Tuesdays and Saturdays at 3 p. m. for Sault Ste Marie, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo and all points East. Arrive Duluth Mondays and Fridays, 3 p. m. Last sailing from Duluth, September 18th. J. G. MOONEY Nor. Pass. Agent, 430 West Superior St. Telephone 101.

**ISLE ROYALE ROUTE**
STEAMER DON AMI.

Leave Singer's dock Monday and Thursday, 8 a. m. For Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Washington Harbor, (Isle Royale), Eagle Harbor, Houghton, Hancock and intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, W. H. SINGER,
2 Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

EXCURSION AROUND THE HORN SUNDAYS 3 p. m. and 7 p. m.

## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

**DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv | Duluth | Ar 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar | Proctor | Lv 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar | Iron Junction | Lv 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar | Wolf | Lv 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar | Virginia | Lv 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar | Eveleth | Lv 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar | Sparta | Lv 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar | Biwabik | Lv 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar | Mt. Iron | Lv 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar | Hibbing | Lv 12:25 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

**DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv | Duluth | Ar 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar | Virginia | Lv 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:40 p.m. | Ar | Eveleth | Lv 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar | Ely | Lv 7:19 a.m. |

**EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.**

| Leave | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 30 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS | †1 20 pm<br>*7 00 am |
| *Daily. | †Daily except Sunday. | |
| *7 55 am | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points. | *6 43 pm |
| †3 05 pm | Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points | †11 50 am |

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p.m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

**NORTH-WESTERN LINE.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8:35 am<br>*4:30 pm | St. Paul, Mpls. Twilight Limited | **3:05 pm<br>*6:59 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago Milwaukee, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Appleton, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Oshkosh, Fond du Lac | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | FAST MAIL | *10 30 am |

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

**NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.**

| Leave | | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *4 00 pm<br>*8 05 am<br>*7 30 pm | Ashland and East<br>North Coast Limited<br>Pacific Express | *11 15 am<br>*4 55 pm<br>*7 55 am |
| | "DULUTH SHORT LINE" | |
| †9 00 am<br>*1 55 pm<br>*11 15 pm | St. Paul and Minneap'lis | *6 45 am<br>†2 00 pm<br>*7 00 pm |
| †Daily. | †Daily Except Sunday. | |

**DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.**
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

| Leave | *Ex. Saturday. **Ex. Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| *7:00 pm<br>*6:15 am | BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS | [illegible] |

DEFECTIVE PAGE

## ONE CENT ADVANCE

### Wheat Started Out Easy and Lower But Soon Rallied Sharply.

## RAINS IN NORTHWEST

### Said to Have Caused Serious Damage By Delaying the Harvesting.

Duluth Board of Trade, Aug. 24.—There were symptoms in the wheat market this morning of an attempt to create another crop scare on account of the effect of heavy rains in the Northwest recently on the harvesting operations which have been seriously delayed. There were stories that the wheat is sprouting and growing in shock and one report claimed that farmers may not even save seed for next year's planting. On the strength of these stories the market which opened easy and lower rallied and made a good advance. Profit-taking, however, caused a reaction, but the market soon bulged again to the best figures of the day. The Duluth market was much stronger than that at Chicago where the advance was smaller. The close was 1⅛c higher than yesterday here and ¼@⅜c higher at Chicago for the September option.

Trading in futures was very active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅛c off at 76⅞c, sold up to 78c at 9:15, eased off to 77⅛c at 11:50, bulged again to 78⅛c at 12:13 and was quoted at 78c at the close, 1⅛c higher than yesterday. December wheat opened unchanged at 77c, being ⅛c over September and ranged between ⅛c and ½c over during the morning, but after noon dropped to the September price. It sold at 78⅛c at 12:07, but eased off and closed at 78c, a net gain of 1c. Cash sales were about 15,000 bus at the September price. Corn declined ⅛c. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Cash and to arrive flax rose 1c. September and November flax each gained 1c and October flax advanced 1½c, while May flax was unchanged. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 80¼c; to arrive, new 80¼c; old, 81c; September, 80¼c; December 80c. No. 1 northern, cash, 78¼c; to arrive, new 78⅛c; old, 78¼c; September, 78¼c; December, 78c. No. 2 northern, 75¼c. No. 3 spring, 72¼c. Oats, 22½@23½c. Rye, 50½c. Barley, 37@45c. Flax, cash, $1.40; to arrive, $1.40; September, $1.39¼; October, $1.36; November, $1.34; May, $1.40. Corn, 39c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 40; corn, 1; oats, 1; barley, 7; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 53,309; corn, 7816; oats, 5144; rye, 666; barley, 8860; flax, 1177. Shipments—Wheat, 208,887; oats, 2300, flax, 4220.

**Ship Your Grain to**
**McCarthy Bros. & Co.**
**Grain Commission Merchants,**
Duluth and Minneapolis
***WE SELL BY SAMPLE.***
***REFERENCES:***
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars | $0.80 |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 77 |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 78½ |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 77¼ |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 78 |
| No. 2 northern, 2 cars | 76 |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | 75⅞ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 cars | 74¾ |
| Flax, 16,000 bus, September | 1.43 |
| Flax, 5000 bus, September | 1.43½ |
| Flax, 1500 bus, September | 1.43 |
| Flax, 2000 bus, September | 1.41 |
| Flax, 4000 bus, September | 1.40 |
| Flax, 1000 bus, September | 1.39½ |
| Flax, 1000 bus, September | 1.39 |
| Flax, 5500 bus, October | 1.39¼ |
| Flax, 2000 bus, October | 1.38½ |
| Flax, 7000 bus, October | 1.36 |
| Flax, 2000 bus, October | 1.35½ |
| Flax, 2500 bus, October | 1.35 |

### ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Wheat Steady---Corn and Oats Easier---Provisions Firm.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Wheat opened quiet and easy, September ¼@½c lower at 74⅛@74c. The drop was due largely to profit taking by some of yesterday's buyers. Almost immediately, however, the market began to rally on damage reports from the Northwest. It was reported that wheat is sprouting and growing inshock and that now there was a probability that many farmers may not even save seed for next year's planting. The demand came first through commission houses, then the locals, including many who had gone short at the opening, joined in and September advanced to 74⅞@75c. On profit taking September reacted to 74⅝c. Receipts here were 139 cars, 33 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 312 cars, against 195 last week and 260 a year ago.

Under Northwest buying and an active demand from shorts, September rose to 75⅛c, but reacted on profit-taking, closing strong, ⅜@¾c higher at 74¾c.

Corn was quiet and easier under the influence of rains and cooler weather in the West. September opened ⅛c lower at 39@38⅞c and sold off to 38⅝@¾c. Receipts were 175 cars.

The close was easy, September ¼c lower at 38⅞@39c.

Business in the oats market was mostly in the way of changing—buying October and selling September at ½c difference. September opened a shade lower at 21⅝c and sold to 21½c. Receipts were 408 cars.

There was very little trade in provisions early, but the tone was firm. Hogs were steady and there was a fair cash demand. September pork opened 2½c higher at $11.02 and sold to $11.10; September lard unchanged at $6.72½, advancing to $6.77½, and September ribs unchanged at $7.05, selling up to $7.07½.

Close, wheat, August, 74⅜c; September, 74¾c; October, 75⅞c. Corn, August, 39⅜c; September, 38⅞@39c; October, 37⅞c. Oats, August, 21½c; September, 21½@⅝c; October, 22c. Pork, August, $11.17½; September, $11.17; October, $11.25; January, $11.12½. Lard, August, $6.82½; September, $6.82½; October, $6.85@6.87½; November, $6.80; December, $6.67½; January, $6.65. Ribs, August, $7.07½; September, $7.07½; October, $7.05; January, $5.92½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 76½@77c; No. 3 red, 73@76½c; No. 2 hard winter, 70½@72½c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@72½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@76½c; No. 3 spring, 70@75½c. Corn, No. 2, 39½@40c; No. 3, yellow, 39¾c. Oats, No. 2, 21¾@22c; No. 3, 21½c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.41; Southwestern, $1.40; August, $1.40; September, $1.37@1.39; October, $1.35. Rye, August, 50¾c; September, 50¾c; October, 51½c. Barley, cash, 37@49c. Timothy, September, $4.05, October, $4.02½@4.05. Clover, October, $10.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Wheat opened lower this morning under the influence of realizing sales for account of scared longs, induced by the partially disappointing cable advices and the heavy feeling in corn. The Southwest also sold freely. The weather in the Northwest was very unfavorable, however, and Minneapolis parties were free buyers on the early break. Some authorities estimate that over 20,000,000 bus of spring wheat have been rendered permanently unfit for milling purposes by the late rains. Argentine shipments were only moderate. The Modern Miller was bullish. California advices were very firm in tone, reporting demand for wheat good, farmers' deliveries very light and flour demand from the Orient immense. Cash handlers were almost unanimous in quoting the demand for wheat urgent at good prices in all positions. The speculative market is now acting in a healthy manner. We look for a continuance of this action and moderately higher prices. Thirty-two loads of wheat were reported sold for export, and more business was undoubtedly done which was not reported, 25,000 bus being sold here.

Corn was dull and lower. The rainy weather in most sections of the corn belt induced free realizing sales by local longs. The cash demand was good, with 500,000 bus reported worked here for Eastern shipment and for export. Nothing noteworthy or novel in the situation.

Puts, September wheat, 74¼@74¼-⅜c.
Calls, September wheat, 76¼@75¾c.
Curb, September wheat, 75c asked.

**Arthur R. Jones & Co.,**
428 West Superior Street. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
**Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.**
**Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston**

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Aug. 24.—Wheat quiet, ⅜d higher. September, 5s 11⅜d; December, 6s 1⅛d. Corn, quiet, ¼@⅜d lower. September, 4s ⅛d; October, 4s ¼d; November, 4s ¾d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—Close, wheat, August, 75¼c; September, 75¼c; December, 76⅜c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Friday, Aug. 24.

| STATIONS OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT. | State of weather | T'mp'ture. *Max | T'mp'ture. **Min | Rainfall inches and hundredths |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria | Cloudy | 78 | 62 | .22 |
| Campbell | Cloudy | 82 | 58 | .30 |
| Crookston | Pt cldy | 78 | 60 | .0 |
| Detroit City | Raining | 74 | 56 | T |
| Grand Meadow | Cloudy | 92 | 62 | .16 |
| Granite Falls | Raining | 86 | 60 | .61 |
| Minneapolis | Raining | 80 | 54 | T |
| New Ulm | Raining | 88 | 62 | .50 |
| Park Rapids | Cloudy | 72 | 58 | .0 |
| Winnebago City | Cloudy | 86 | 60 | .80 |
| Worthington | Raining | 82 | 60 | 1.12 |
| Devils Lake, N.D. | Cloudy | 76 | 52 | .06 |
| Langdon, N. D. | Clear | 74 | 54 | .0 |
| Larimore, N. D. | Cloudy | 76 | 56 | T |
| Lisbon, N. D. | Raining | 72 | 58 | .54 |
| Pembina, N. D. | Cloudy | 78 | 54 | .0 |
| Aberdeen, S. D. | Raining | 72 | 60 | .24 |
| Millbank, S. D. | Raining | 84 | 56 | T |
| Mitchell, S. D. | Raining | 76 | 56 | 1.40 |
| Redfield, S. D. | Raining | 76 | 56 | .14 |
| Bismarck, N. D. | Cloudy | 74 | 56 | .0 |
| Duluth | Pt cldy | 80 | 64 | .02 |
| Huron, S. D. | Raining | 74 | 60 | .14 |
| La Crosse, Wis. | Raining | 88 | 64 | .22 |
| Moorhead | Cloudy | 72 | 64 | .0 |
| St. Paul | Cloudy | 80 | 68 | .0 |
| Winnipeg, Can. | Cloudy | 76 | 54 | .0 |

| CENTRAL STATION. | Number of stations reporting | District averages. Temperature. *Max | District averages. Temperature. **Min | Rainfall, inches and hundredths |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 24 | 86 | 66 | .33 |
| Columbus | 18 | 86 | 68 | .36 |
| Des Moines | 12 | 88 | 64 | .80 |
| Indianapolis | 10 | 86 | 70 | .12 |
| Kansas City | 12 | 92 | 64 | .12 |
| Louisville | 17 | 90 | 70 | .28 |
| Minneapolis | 20 | 78 | 58 | .30 |
| Omaha | 13 | 88 | 58 | 1.00 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 94 | 70 | .18 |

Cooler temperatures prevailed Thursday in the Red River valley, but in other districts (especially Kansas, Missouri and Kentucky), the weather continued warm. Showers fell in all districts, heavy, as follows: Worthington, Minn., 1.12 inches; Mitchell, S. D., 1.40; Galva, Ill., 1.58; Flint, Mich., 4.94; Eubanks, Ky., 1.82; Tekamah, Neb., 1.66; Carroll City, Iowa, 1.54 inches.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *Maximum for yesterday. **Minimum for twenty-four hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 24.—Close, wheat, September, 80c bid; December, 82c asked. Corn, September, 43⅝c; December, 40⅝c asked.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September— | | | | |
| Open | 76¾B | 74½ | 74⅛ | 79⅝ |
| High | 78⅛ | 75½ | 75¾ | 80¼-⅜ |
| Low | 76⅛B | 74⅛ | 74 | 79⅛ |
| Close | 78¼ | 75¼ | 74¾ | 80 |
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 77B | 75¾ | *74⅛ | 81⅝-½ |
| High | 78½ | 76½ | 76-⅛ | 82⅛ |
| Low | 77 | 75⅝ | 75⅝ | 81⅛ |
| Close | 78 | 76⅜ | 71⅞ | 82 |

* October.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Sept. | Corn. Sept. | Pork. July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 21⅛-⅝ | 39 | $11.02 |
| High | 21⅝-¾ | 39-⅛ | $11.17 |
| Low | 21½-⅝ | 38⅝ | $11.02 |
| Close | 21½-⅝ | 38⅞-38 | $11.17 |

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report farm trade improved. The largest number of buyers present were farmers who bought common to fair quality of horses, weighing from 1200 to 1400 pounds. There has been a large surplus of that class of horses on the market the past week and sold at the lowest possible prices, which in many instances were below country cost. The arriving stock was of a fair quality including some extra heavy and first class drafters. Mules were in better supply and moved freely. Several carloads of Western horses were disposed of at fair prices. Quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| Drafters, choice | $125@165 |
| Drafters, common to good | 100@125 |
| Farm mares, choice | 110@130 |
| Farm mares, common to good | 60@85 |
| Mules | 80@115 |
| Western horses | 20@40 |

## FROM EUROPE.

John Panton and family returned today from a four months' visit in Europe. Mr. Panton reports that they had a glorious time, and that he purchased a fine lot of merchandise, both in Europe and on his return in New York. While on the continent they visited many points of interest, but found no place that they would rather live than at Duluth. Mr. Panton says Duluth is one of the best known of the Western cities in Europe. Mr. Panton's family spent some time at the Paris exposition, and they say that while the exhibition is a fine one, and a credit to the French nation, yet it in no way compares with our World's fair at Chicago. They also attended the Passion play, and spent several weeks in Switzerland and Germany.

Mr. Panton, who was a close observer of the mercantile establishments on the continent throughout his trip, believes that the American department stores will soon be established in London and Paris. He thinks the field is a good one.

### Last Nights of Billy Bennett.

That people enjoy and appreciate good, clean amusements at popular prices is shown by the crowds that nightly fill the Billie Bennett tent, in the rear of the Palladio building. For tonight and tomorrow night the much talked of "Sappho, or a Yankee in Cuba" is announced, and as these performances will conclude the engagement in this city, the tent will likely be crowded.

***GEORGE RUPLEY,***
Representing
**Weare Commission Co.**
Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.
310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713.

***Local Stocks,***
***Real Estate,***
***Fire Insurance,***
***Investments.....***
**A. R. Macfarlane & Co.**
112 Exchange Bldg.

**Northern Pacific Indemnity Rights, Soldiers' Additionals and Forest Reserve.**
***H. W. COFFIN,***
***Chamber of Commerce.***

### CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

The Pantonrium, open all night. Phone 653.

Cody & Addis have begun a suit against the Red Cliff Lumber company to recover $15,684.97, which they claim is the value of certain livestock and goods which the company used and belonged to the plaintiffs.

The wrestling match between Charles Halberg and Jack Anderson will take place this evening at the Parlor theater and from all indications will prove a very exciting event. During the evening the winner of the Fitzsimmons and Sharkey fight will also be announced. For next week Manager Wells will be right in line again with a new and bright company of talented artists. Many novelties are promised.

The marriage of Miss Hannah Olson and Walter Anderson took place last night at the home of Albert L. Newton, 428 First avenue east, in the presence of a few friends, Rev. S. W. Kuhns officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson will make their home at Hibbing.

The New Store makes a very interesting announcement to the men in the advertising columns tonight. Every man should read it.

Madame Warde has gone to New York for fall styles.

Smoke the Bon Amie cigar.

The Benedictine sisters who conduct St. Mary's hospital and also hospitals at Grand Rapids, Bemidji and Braintrd, announce that they refuse to have any business connection with any insurance society or hospital or benevolent association or any company selling policies or insurance tickets of any kind. They will also prosecute any person or persons using their name without written consent

### PERSONALS.

Among the visitors in the city that are stopping at the Spalding today are E. Bissett, J. J. Miles and wife, Miss Mable Miles, of Ashland, Wis., and J. F. Bissett, of Bronson, Kas.

F. C. McCoombs, of Youngstown, Ohio, is in the city.

C. C. Barker, of Bay City, Mich., was registered at the Spalding today.

E. W. Durant, Jr., of Stillwater, formerly connected with the lumber business there, arrived in the city this noon.

F. W. Miler, of Biwabik, stopped over in the city last night.

Oscar Holmberg and wife, of Virginia, visited here yesterday.

Stephen McCarthy returned yesterday from a pleasure trip to Montreal.

Mrs. H. A. Engle will leave tomorrow for a month's visit with friends in Chicago and Milwaukee.

Dr. T. J. Pierce and wife leave today on a two weeks' visit to Toronto, Ont., and will return about Sept. 3.

Mrs. J. A. Cleary leaves tomorrow for New York.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Jamieson, who were married at Minneapolis a few days ago, are in the city.

A. M. Miller, Jr., who formerly ran the Temple Opera house in this city and is well known here is in the city today. He is guiding the destinies of "Quo Vadis" at the present time and expects to play Duluth at an early date with a fine production of the great play.

Charles A. Towne, L. C. Harris and John Brady, who have been enjoying an outing at Pike lake, have returned.

**SNAPS**
A few houses and lots at Lakeside and Lester Park at one-half the cost of the house. Let us show them to you.
**LAKESIDE LAND Co.**
303 Lonsdale Building.

### Eberle-Dunlop Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Anna Elizabeth Eberle and W. Burton Dunlop took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Eberle of No. 6 Munger terrace. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. P. Long. The wedding was a very quiet one and only a few friends were present. The bride was attended by Miss Helen Allen and the best man was R. G. Dunlop. After the ceremony there was an informal reception and later the bridal couple left for a wedding trip.

***Howard Transportation Steamer***
***BON VOYAGE***
Will give an excursion to—
***TWO HARBORS***
Saturday, Aug. 25th, leaving 5th avenue west dock at 3 o'clock p. m., returning same evening at 9 p. m. Fare round trip 50c.

### Sold Grape Wine.

Alfred Bengsson, of Cloquet, was arraigned before United States Court Commissioner Pressnell yesterday afternoon charged with selling liquor to an Indian. The liquor consisted of grape wine and the complaint alleges that it is intoxicating. Bengsson denies this and claims that he has a certificate from the internal revenue department that it is not. He runs a pool room at Cloquet and sells temperance drinks. His hearing was set for tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

### Team Has Disbanded.

Richard Schell, who returned last night from Hayward, where he went to see if arrangements could be made for a game of ball between the locals and the Hayward team, next Wednesday, when the Duluth team is on its tour, reports that the Hayward team has disbanded. The locals are much disappointed as they had hoped to wipe out the defeat administered by the Hayward aggregation to the Superior team, some weeks ago. It is very probable, however, that a game will be arranged with the Hurley team, instead. Negotiations are being carried on toward that end at the present time. The ball team leaves tonight for Ashland, where it will play tomorrow and Sunday. Games are scheduled at Bayfield Monday and at Washburn next Tuesday.

## DULLNESS IN STOCKS

### Downward Tendency at the Start But a Stronger One Developed.

## CLOSING WAS FIRM

### With the Net Changes of Trivial Account--Sugar Was Forsaken.

New York, Aug. 24.—No decided tendency marked the opening in the stock market today. Some sharp fractional losses occurred in some of the specialties, including Steel and Wire, Anaconda Mining, People's Gas and Brooklyn Transit. Elsewhere, slight gains and losses were shown, with the railway list displaying some steadiness. Speculative interest was largely centered in a few stocks, with the general movement downward. Offerings of Brooklyn Transit were ample enough to put it down a point, and People's Gas lost about as much. The latter was somewhat affected by the announcement of the incorporation of a new company in Chicago. American Ice lost 1⅝ and a slight raise in St. Louis Southwestern, preferred, was lost. St. Paul, preferred rose 2 points, but the common was only steady. Business became livelier towards midday and sharp declines occurred in some stocks. Sugar was forsaken and fell 1⅝. Pressure then developed against the grangers and Pacifics. St. Louis Southwestern, preferred, and Consolidated Gas yielded 1⅛ each from the best. Railroad bonds were generally firm.

A slightly firmer tone developed in sympathy with notable gains in special stocks. People's Gas moved up to 96. Tennessee Coal rose 1¼. Northwestern, preferred, 2¾, and Iowa Central, preferred, 4 points, the latter on one transaction. The closing was firm with net changes in the railroads trivial.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar | 122¾ | 122¾ | 121⅝ | 122¼ |
| Am. Steel Wire com | 34¾ | 35¼ | 34¾ | 34¾ |
| Tobacco | 93¼ | 93¼ | 92⅞ | 92⅞ |
| Atchison com | 27¼ | 27¼ | 27⅛ | 27⅛ |
| Atchison pfd | 70¼ | 70¼ | 69⅞ | 69⅞ |
| Brooklyn Transit | 56 | 56 | 55¼ | 55⅞ |
| C., M. & St. P. | 113⅜ | 113⅝ | 113¼ | 113⅜ |
| C., B. & Q. | 125½ | 125½ | 125¼ | 125¼ |
| C. & N. W. | 162¼ | 162¼ | 162¼ | 162¼ |
| Federal Steel com. | 34¼ | 34¼ | 34 | 34 |
| L. & N. | 71⅝ | 71⅞ | 71⅝ | 71¾ |
| Manhattan | 91¾ | 91¾ | 91¼ | 91½ |
| Missouri Pacific | 51¼ | 51¼ | 50½ | 51⅛ |
| N. P. common | 51¼ | 51¼ | 50½ | 50⅞ |
| People's Gas | 95⅛ | 96 | 95⅛ | 96 |
| Rock Island | 106½ | 106½ | 106⅜ | 106½ |
| Southern Pacific | 33¾ | 33¾ | 33½ | 33½ |
| T. C. I. | 69¾ | 70⅞ | 68⅝ | 70⅞ |
| Leather pfd | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Union Pacific pfd | 76¼ | 76⅛ | 76 | 76 |
| Union Pacific com. | 58⅞ | 59 | 58⅝ | 58¾ |
| Illinois Central | 117 | 117 | 116¼ | 176¼ |
| Baltimore & Ohio. | 72⅛ | 72⅛ | 71⅞ | 72 |

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 24.—Cotton futures opened easy with August unchanged and other months 5@7 points lower. The weakness was directly due to a break in the Liverpool market and reports of drenching rains in Georgia. On the early decline long cotton came out freely. After the first scare of the longs was over the market righted several points on demand from smaller shorts and a lull in the foreign pressure.

Cotton spot dull, ⅛c decline. Middling uplands, 9⅝c; middling gulf, 10c; sales, 152 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet. August, $8.95; September $8.58 October, $8.41; November, $8.29; December, $8.27; January, $8.28; February, $8.29; March, $8.31; April, $8.32; May, $8.33; June, $8.34.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 24.—Money on call, nominally, 1¼@1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange, firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand, and at $4.84½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@4½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼; silver certificates, 61½@62½c; bar silver, 61⅛c; Mexican dollars, 48⅝c; government bonds, steady; refunding 2s, when issued, registered, $1.04; coupon, $1.04; 2s, registered; 3s, registered, and coupon, $1.09; new 4s, registered, and coupon, $1.33; old 4s, registered and coupon, $1.15; 5s, registered, and coupon, $1.12½.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Aug. 24.—Consols for money, 97 15-16; for account, 98 1-16.

### THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Aug. 24.—Close: Adventure, 2½@3; Allouez, 1@½; Anaconda, 44@45; Arcadian, 20@21; Arnold, 4@½; Amalgamated, 88½@89½; Atlantic, 2 bid; Baltic, 20½@21½; Bingham, 10½@11; Bonanza, 75c asked; Boston and Montant, 317 asked; Boston Boston and Montana, 317 asked; Boston 63@65; Calumet and Hecla, 755@760; Centennial, 16¾@17; Cochita, 7½@8; Copper Range, 19@20; Dominion Coal, 42@½; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 14 asked; Humboldt, 25c asked; Isabella 1 bid; Isle Royale, 28¾@29¼; Mass, 6¼@¾; Michigan, 3¼@½; Mohawk, 17¾@18; Old Colony, 3@4; Old Dominion, 18¾@19; Osceola, 67¾@68¼; Oil, 18½@¾; Parrott, 41¾@42¼; Pioneer, 25c asked; Quincy, 140 asked; Rhode Island, 2½ bid; Santa Fe, 4½@5; Tamarack, 208@210; Tecumseh, 2½@3; Tri-Mountain, 8¼@¾; Union Land, 2 asked; Utah, 30½@¾; Victoria, 2@¼; Winona, 3@¼; Wolverine, 40½@41; Wyandotte, 1@2; Zinc, 9@10.

### STRUCK BY STREET CAR.

An unknown man was struck and severely injured by a street car on the Bowery this morning. Midway between Fifth and Sixth avenues a new laundry building is being erected. Huge piles of brick obstruct the sidewalk and extend out in the street to within a foot or so of the east-bound track. In passing around the obstruction it is necessary to go on the track, and during the past few weeks there have been several very close escapes. As car No. 85 was coming down the Bowery this morning two men started round the pile of bricks and the motorman rang his gong in warning. The man apparently did not hear the bell and deliberately stepped in front of the car. He was struck on the head and thrown into a pile of sand. For several minutes he was unconscious, and when sufficiently recovered was taken in charge by friends.

### Dredging In Spirit Lake.

The dredges working in the channels in the upper St. Louis river are now in Spirit lake, and will cut a new channel through there. Instead of following the channel of the river near Big island, they will cut through the lake in a straight line, passing a little to the Minnesota side of Spirit island and continuing on through the neck of land which divides the lake and river. There is considerable material to be taken out in dredging this channel. It will be 200 feet wide.

ST. LOUIS DID WELL.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The population of St. Louis, according to the count of the twelfth census just completed, is 575,238. In 1890, the population of St. Louis was 451,770. The increase during the past ten years was 123,468 or 27.33 per cent.

***Henry Folz,*** ***GROCERIES AND MEATS.***
***331-333 West Superior Street.***

Here we are again, after a month of quietitude—we are going to give you a surprise in the price of meats that will astonish even the natives. The Leading Market will have the following grand specials to offer for tomorrow—

| | |
|---|---|
| Mutton Legs, only—per lb | **12c** |
| Mutton Stews, only—per lb | **4c** |
| Pot Roasts, best grade export beef—per lb | **10c** |
| Round Steak, Saturday only—per lb | **12½c** |
| Spring Chickens, extra fancy—per lb | **16c** |
| Fancy yellow-legged Fowls—per lb | **13c** |
| Veal Stew—per lb | **8c** |
| Salt Pork, family mess—per lb | **8c** |
| Pork Chops, Saturday only—per lb | **12½c** |
| Lamb Legs, per lb | **15c** |
| Fore quarters Lamb—per lb | **11c** |
| Cottage | **10c** |

***BOTH PHONES NO. 234.***

## MARINE

### Seven Thousan Employed In E Vess

Chicago, Aug. 24.— of the seventeen ves tract with the Ame company 7000 men wi Sept. 1 to the openin spring in the six sh pany. The vessels wi and in their building steel, exclusive of will be required. T carry in a single t which is a much smaller average than in the new tonnage of last season. The current price of steel plates is $25 per ton, as compared with $70 at the top of the boom. This is but $3 or $4 more than the bottom prices three years ago.

LIGHTHOUSE BOAT HERE.

Both the lighthouse supply boats, the Marigold and Amaranth, are in port, the Amaranth arriving last night and the Marigold arriving today. The Amaranth has on board Maj. Handbury, of Cleveland, chief engineer of lighthouse construction. He is here to inspect the lighthouses with reference to their removal from the old piers to the new. The Marigold brought in supplies for the lighthouses.

HAD TO TURN BACK.

The northeaster in progress today kicked up quite a little sea on the lake. The Germanic and Hutchinson started out this morning, and after running down the lake for an hour and a half turned back to port to wait for better weather. The wind has raised the water in the harbor until it flows over the footing blocks on the piers for the first time this season.

SENT BACK BY RAIL.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Four children who came to Chicago from Kingston, Ont., on the Canadian steamer Myles had their lake trip cut short by the custom authorities today. The Myles was without a permit, either Canadian or American, to carry passengers, and a clearance was refused until the captain made oath that he would carry no passengers back. The children were sent back by train yesterday afternoon. They belonged to the families of the owner and captain of the steamer.

WAS OVERLOADED.

Escanaba, Mich., Aug. 24.—The Argonaut which sunk Sunday morning at ore dock No. 3 with 1500 tons of ore on board, seems destined to go to pieces. Pumps are in operation and divers are at work, but it seems in vain. The Argonaut is one of the pioneer carriers of the lakes and marine men say she was overloaded, hence the accident.

THE MATAAFA DAMAGED.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—The steamer Mataafa arrived at South Chicago yesterday drawing 20½ feet of water at her bow. In addition to her cargo of iron ore for the Illinois Steel company, the forward compartments of the steamer's water bottom were filled, as a result of striking a rock in the Straits of Mackinac on the trip up the lakes. The cargo is being lightered onto scows. It is believed that there are many broken plates and the repair bill will be a large one.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Delta. Cleared: Ore—Merrimac, Peshtigo, Connelly Bros., Cleveland; Iroquois, Conneaut; Boreley, Buffalo. Lumber—Spinner, Cleveland.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Light— Bangor, Emory Owen, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Yakima, Duluth; Nyanza, Cranage, Superior. Light—Mariska, Two Harbors; Aztec, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Light — Prentice, Amazonas, Hanna, Duluth; Toltec, Zapotec, Marquette.

Conneaut—Cleared: Carlo, Fort William; Fairbairn, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Huron, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Light—Iron King, Duluth.

Huron—Cleared: Coal—Barlum, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared: Light—Malta, Iron Queen, Duluth.

Marquette—Cleared: Continental, Holland, Cleveland; Bradley, Brightie, Woolson, Roby, Ashtabula; Pontiac, Conneaut.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Up yesterday: Harvey Brown, 12:20 p. m.; La Salle, 3:20; Case, Fisk, 4:40; Lagonda, Maritana, India Ceylon, Gettysburg, 7; Gratwick, Moravia, North Land, 8:20. Down: Monarch, 12:30 p. m.; Neshoto, Business, 1; Hackett, McGregor, 1:40; Auburn, 2:30; Marshall, Tilden, Kingfisher, 4; Brazil, Eureka, 7.

PASSED DETROIT.

Up yesterday: Oliver, 11:10; Fitzgerald, Queen of the West, noon; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 12:20 p. m.; Presque Isle, 12:30; Wawatam, 1; Lafayette, 3; Hiawatha, 4; Maruba, Malta, 7.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Quito, Foster, Murphy, Black, Merida, Coralia, Scranton, Frick, Lake Erie, light for ore; Majestic, Collingwood, passengers and merchandise; Amaranth, Marigold, lighthouse supply boats, cruising; Jay Gould, Chicago, passengers and flour; Buffalo, Buffalo, flour; Hunter, Ashland, passengers and merchandise; Hesper, Lake Erie, coal; Phalow, City of Chicago, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Northern Light, Codorus, Buffalo, flour; China, Buffalo, passengers and flour; Pratt, Athens, Mohegan, Mingoe, Mingoe, Rappahannock, Pretoria, Lake Erie, ore; Manda, Marina, Two Harbors, light; Algonquin, Kingston, grain; Hopkins, Delaware, Goshawk, Maine, Pendell, Toledo, Tecumseh, Lake Erie, lumber.

## NEW TRUST.

### Combine to Gobble All Kinds of Electric Plants In Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Aug. 24.—The Daily News says a trust in electricity to control every plant and system in Wisconsin has been planned by Milwaukee capitalists. This company, the articles of which were filed with the register of deeds today, can purchase or get control of everything with which electricity has a connection. The articles also provide that the new company may operate a street railway by a power other than electricity. The name of the company is the Wisconsin Traction Light, Heat and Power company. Henry C. Payne, John I. Beggs, Charles F. Pfister and F. G. Bigelow, all of Milwaukee, are the incorporators.

**THBUN'S**
**SH GROCERY.**
East Superior Street.
**Simon Clark, Manager.**

**rday Specials**

EN SWEET CORN—per doz—
***10 cents***
GROWN CELERY— Crisp and fancy, 4 heads—
***10 cents***
SHIPMENT FANCY GREEN PLUMS— In perfect condition, per basket—
***15 cents.***
(Limit, four baskets to a customer.)
LARGE FANCY WATERMELONS—each
***20 cents***
SMALL WATERMELONS—each—
***10 cents***
CRAB APPLES—per peck—
***20 cents***
SWEET GEM, CREAM AND OSAGE MELONS—Grown in St. Paul. We can recommend this lot of melons as sweet, ripe, delicious fruit.
CREAM AND OSAGE MELONS—each—
***8 cents***
GEM MELONS—per basket—
***75 cents***
JERSEY SWEET POTATOES— The genuine kind— per lb— ***4c*** 7 lbs for— ***25c***
PRIVATE STOCK DAIRY BUTTER— Extra fine, for table use—per lb—
***22 cents***
OUR CELEBRATED JAVA AND MOCHA Coffee in 3-lb cans, gives unusual satisfaction—per can—
***85 cents***
PURE LEAF LARD—per lb—
***8 cents***
OUR CEYLON ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEA at—
***50 cents***
per pound, is extra good value. Try it.
MICHIGAN CRAWFORD FREESTONE PEACHES—per basket—
***40 cents***
LAUNDRY SOAP—10 bars—
***25 cents***
FULL LINE DULUTH-GROWN VEGETABLES at the right prices.
TOMATOES—7 lbs for—
***10 cents***
BULK OLIVES— Fancy new stock, per quart—
***35 cents***
SOLID HEADS CABBAGE—each—
***5 cents***
SPECIAL SNAP on high-grade Concord Grapes—Square baskets—Two for
***25 cents***
***RATHBUN'S.***

***BON TON***
***BAKERY.***
**25 WEST SUPERIOR ST.**
***Candy Department.***

| | |
|---|---|
| **Fine home-made Chocolates, per lb.** | ***15c*** |
| Fine home made Peanut Candy, per lb | ***15c*** |
| Fine home made mixed Candy, per lb | ***10c*** |
| A box of Fancy Bon Bons and Chocolates | ***25c*** |
| ***Bakery Department.*** | |
| Apple Turnovers, per doz | ***25c*** |
| Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, per doz | ***10c*** |
| Fruit Square, each | ***5c*** |
| French Kisses, per dozen | ***10c*** |
| Cream Puffs, per doz | ***20c*** |

**Ask for a Loaf of our New England Bread.**

### NEW TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Milwaukee, Aug. 24.—Articles of incorporation were filed with the register of deeds today by the Farmers' Telephone Construction company, capitalized at $500,000. Charles Sawtell, A. F. Redfield and Martin Maylan are the incorporators. The purpose of the company is to manage, operate, buy, sell and consolidate telegraph and telephone lines and exchanges anywhere within or without the state.

### STORM IN MILWAUKEE.

Milwaukee, Aug. 24.—A small sized tornado, acompanied by heavy rain and fierce lightning, struck this city today and did considerable damage in a small way. The police department reports that the south wall of the Fuller & Warren stove works, on the extreme West Side, was blown in, causing several hundred dollars' damage to the molding shops. About 100 men were at work in the shops, but none was seriously injured, though many had narrow escapes. Several large smoke stacks were blown down, and buildings in course of construction were badly wrenched. Several orchards and gardens were demolished. About an inch of rain fell.

### ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF THE—

## "CONSOLIDATED ABSTRACT CO."

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves together under the constitution and general laws of the state of Minnesota, and more particularly under Title 2 of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of said state of the year 1878, being Sections 2794 to 2804 inclusive of the General Statutes of said state for the year 1894, and under the laws amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, under the name and for the porposes hereinafter set forth, and to that end do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be and is hereby declared to be "The Consolidated Abstract Company," and the general nature of its business shall be to make, furnish and certify abstracts of title to, and to furnish information concerning lands and property in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and in any other county or counties of said state to which said corporation may hereafter, by vote of a majority in interest of its stockholders, determine to extend the conduct of said business, for pecuniary profit; to acquire and own all books, records, maps, plats and documents necessary or convenient for the conduct of said business; to acquire by purchase the abstract business, books, records, maps, plats and good will of any other person or persons or corporation in the said county of St. Louis, or in any other county to which it may, as aforesaid, extend its business and to keep and maintain such office or offices and all such books and records and all equipment necessary or convenient to the conduct of said business, and to do all things necessary or incidental to the proper conduct thereof.

The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the first day of September, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be fifty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000), and the same has all been subscribed for and shall be paid in as called for by the board of directors. No stock in this corporation shall be issued for less than par value thereof, either in money or in property deemed its fair equivalent.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which this corporation shall at any time be subject, is the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this company for the purposes of incorporation are as follows:

M. H. ALWORTH, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

F. W. HEIMICK, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

A. S. CHASE, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

GEORGE C. HOWE, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

J. L. WASHBURN, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and the conduct and management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five directors, and the officers to be elected by the board of directors, as hereinafter spscified, the members of which board of directors shall all be stockholders, and, except those first chosen to act as such until the first annual meeting, shall be elected by the stockholders at their annual meeting on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of each year, and the said board of directors upon the day of their election, or within ten days thereafter, shall meet and organize and elect the following officers of said corporation, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, all of whom may be members of the board of directors, but the secretary and treasurer are not required to be elected from the membership of such board.

The office of treasurer may be held by any other officer of said corporation.

Any two members of such board are empowered to call such board together for the purposes of organization after the annual meeting each year, upon such reasonable notice as they deem sufficient. A majority of such board shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of organization and for the purpose of transacting business.

The first annual meeting of said corporation shall be held at the city of Duluth in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, 1901, and until such time and until their successors are elected and qualified, the following persons shall constitute the board of directors of this corporation, to-wit: M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C. Howe and J. L. Washburn, and until such annual meeting is held and the directors thereat chosen shall elect officers as above provided, the general officers of this corporation shall be as follows: M. H. Alworth, president; J. L. Washburn, vice president, and F. W. Heimick, secretary and treasurer.

The officers and directors of this corporation, except those designated to act as such until the first annual meeting thereof, shall hold their offices during the term of one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified, and in case any vacancy at any time occurs in any of the offices of said company or in the membership of the board of directors thereof, the same shall be filled by the board of directors until the next annual meeting of said company.

The board of directors shall adopt such by-laws, rules, regulations and resolutions, not inconsistent with these articles or the constitution and laws of the state of Minnesota, as it may deem necessary and proper for the government of the affairs of the corporation and the conduct of its business.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be divided into six hundred and fifty (650) shares of one hundred dollars each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1900.

M. H. ALWORTH, (Seal.)
F. W. HEIMICK, (Seal.)
A S. CHASE, (Seal.)
GEORGE C. HOWE, (Seal.)
J. L. WASHBURN, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of
W. D. BAILEY,
L. I. FEETHAM.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

On this 16th day of August, 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C Howe and J. L. Washburn, to me well known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and they acknowledge that they executed the same as their free act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

WILLIAM D. BAILEY.
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT of State—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Y2 of Incorporations, on Page 458.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 23, 1900, at 9 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book T of Miscellaneous, page 4.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-23-24-25-27-28-29-1900.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

# The New Store

WILL be a busy place tomorrow. The Men will have a chance tomorrow, (Particulars on another page of this paper...) as well as the Ladies. Don't you miss the Good Things to be offered!

## Drugs at Dry Goods Store Prices.

The Napier Chemical company, of New York City, are known the world over as compounders of the BEST DRUGS and CHEMICAL PREPARATIONS. We've placed a very complete line of their goods in stock, and herewith print a list of prices of the most-called-for articles. CUT OUT THIS LIST and save it for future reference, and when troubled with any of the "ills that flesh is heir to," you'll likely find a quick remedy in this list and it won't cost much for medicine if you buy it at "the New Store." See what a few cents will buy.

| | |
|---|---|
| Petrolia, 2 ounces | 5c |
| Capsine Plasters | 5c |
| Mustard Plasters | 5c |
| Beladonna Plasters | 5c |
| Epsom Salts, ½ lb | 8c |
| Petrolia Pomade | 8c |
| Cough and Sore Throat Tablets | 10c |
| Bronchial Tablets | 10c |
| Borax, ¼ lb | 10c |
| Seidlitz Powders | 10c |
| Anti-Perspiredene | 10c |
| Petrolia, 6-oz bottle | 10c |
| Camphor Ice, carbolated | 10c |
| Worm Tablets | 10c |
| Lavender Flowers, in bags | 10c |
| Witch Hazel, 6-oz | 10c |
| Emery Boards | 10c |
| Headache and Fever Tablets | 10c |
| Chalk Precipitate, ½-lb pkg | 12½c |
| Epsom Salts, 1-lb pkg | 12½c |
| Flax Seed Meal, ½-lb pkg | 12½c |
| Castor Oil, 3 oz | 12½c |
| Bicarbonate of Soda, 1-lb pkg | 15c |
| Sulphur, 1-lb pkg | 15c |
| Compound Licorice Powder | 15c |
| Tooth Powder, 2-oz bottle | 15c |
| Petrolio, large bottle | 15c |
| Lavender Cream, 1 oz | 15c |
| Essence of Wintergreen, 2 oz | 15c |
| Spirits of Ammonia, ½ oz | 15c |
| Sea Salt, 3-lb package | 15c |
| Witch Hazel Jelly, 2 oz pkg | 15c |
| Camphor Marbles, per package | 15c |
| Witch Hazel, 8-oz bottle | 15c |
| Glycerine, 2 oz bottle | 15c |
| Glycerine and Rose Water, 3-oz bot | 15c |
| Rose Water, 3-oz bottle | 15c |
| Orange Wood Sticks | 15c |
| Arnica Flowers | 15c |
| Borax, 1-lb pkg | 17c |
| Camphorated Oil, 3 oz | 19c |
| Chalk Precipitate, 1-lb | 21c |
| Rochelle Salts, ½ lb | 21c |
| Talcum Powder, in glass jars | 21c |
| Bean Bags | 21c |
| Essence Jamaica Ginger, 3 oz bot | 21c |
| Electric Cleanser | 23c |
| Sea Salt, 5 pounds | 23c |
| Almond Meal, 4 ozs | 25c |
| Seidlitz Powders, large box | 25c |
| Petrolio, extra large bottle | 25c |
| Witch Hazel, 16-oz bottle | 25c |
| Eau De Cologne, 2-oz bottle with sprinkle nozzle | 25c |
| Rose Water, 6 ozs | 25c |
| Spirits of Camphor, 3 oz bot | 25c |
| Glycerine and Rose Water, 6-oz bot | 29c |
| Glycerine, 6-oz bottle | 29c |
| Tooth Powder, 6 ozs, but with sprinkle nozzle | 30c |
| Orris Violet | 35c |
| Tooth Wash, 3 oz sprinkle top | 35c |
| Eau De Quinine, 4-oz bottle | 35c |
| Hair Grower | 35c |
| Cuticle Acid, 4-oz bottle | 35c |
| Lavender Cream, 4 ozs | 35c |
| Eau De Cologne, 4 ozs | 48c |
| Witch Hazel, extra large size | 50c |

It wouldn't take many dollars to completely stock a medicine chest out of the above list. Why not try it and see. Remember these are the BEST and PUREST DRUGS KNOWN.

There's a few "clean-up" bargains to be had in our

## Coat and Suit Department

Tomorrow worth the coming for.

We will offer you your choice out of our entire stock of SUMMER SHIRT WAISTS (about 350 in all) that have been selling from $1.00 to $1.75 each; all in the newest and latest effects; take your pick at **59c**

Also Your choice out of a lot of Ladies' Wrappers, that have been $1.25 to $1.75, take your pick for **89c**

We'll also sell a lot of regular $2.00 Wrappers at a special price, on Saturday **$1.50**

All our CHILDREN'S JACKETS will be sold out at about— **⅓ Price**

A chance to get that child a Jacket for a mere trifle.

## Shoe Bargains.

Come and go in a day ofttimes in this busy Shoe Department, so it's good advice to heed when we say: Come tomorrow for these, and COME EARLY!

### Here Are Six Big Chances

To buy your Footwear "Cheaper than ever before."

Children's genuine Dongola Shoes, hand-turned soles—sizes 5 to 8 **50c**

Infants' Kid Shoes, hand turned soles, worked button holes; sizes 3 to 5 **25c**

179 pairs Women's hand-turned and Flexible soled Oxfords, in Black and Browns, $2.00 value; closing price **98c**

(These will go out quickly.)

Women's Bow Strap vici kid Sandals, hand turned soles; the $1.25 kind **98c**

Misses' Kid Spring heel Shoes, in Browns and Blacks, the $1.25 and $1.50 qualities, at **98c**

An additional chance for Men—Men's Satin Calf Lace Shoes **98c**

(What do you think of that price for a good-wearing, durable Shoe.)

## Hosiery! Best Hosiery will be at next-to-nothing prices tomorrow

To clean up. About one hundred dozen in all, so as to "Clear the decks for action this coming season.

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, high-spliced heel, toe and sole, the 12½c kind, tomorrow—

**3 pairs for 25c**

Ladies' Fast Black fine gauge Hosiery, with high-spliced heel, toe and sole; the 15c kind; tomorrow **10c**

Ladies' Very Fine Gauge, stainless Black Hosiery, the silk-finished ones you pay 35c for usually tomorrow **22c**

Children's heavy ribbed fast Black Hose, for Bicycle, Outing and general hard usage these are the kind to buy—tomorrow **10c**

(These are sold elsewhere for 20c and 25c, so here's the place to buy.)

**Ladies,** Have your Hair Dressing, Shampooing or Manicuring done in our parlors on the second floor. A cool, refreshing breeze always prevailing there. A trial will make you a regular customer. Try it. Human Hair Goods, Hair Ornaments of all kinds on sale in fullest assortments in this department.

## Another Half Price Ribbon Sale!

About 95 pieces of Fancy Ribbons in 3½ to 6 in. widths, the balance of an importers over-importation is here and will be sold at about half price tomorrow.

| | |
|---|---|
| 10c Ribbons | 5c |
| 25c Ribbons | 15c |
| 35c Ribbons | 19c |
| 65c Ribbons | 33c |
| 75c to 95c Ribbons | 37½c |

**It will be bargain day tomorrow at the New Store.**

## More of the new shaped Belts are here.

Just arrived in time to help us satisfy the disappointed ones who were unable to be fitted the past few days. We didn't anticipate such an immediate heavy demand when we first ordered—but more are here and we believe we'll be able to suit all who come for them tomorrow. Prices are

**48c**

up to $1.50.

Shaped to the waist—Remember the "new fad."

AT—

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

# BUTTER AND EGGS

### Commission Men Interested Over Reported Combination to Force Prices.

## THEY ARE SKEPTICAL

### Hardly Think the Story Is True---The Condition of Affairs.

Considerable interest was aroused on Michigan street yesterday by a dispatch from Chicago to the effect that a combination among commission merchants to regulate prices and demands for cold storage are the causes assigned by buyers for the present high price of butter and high eggs; that further advances were expected, and that it was said eggs were likely to go as high as 30 or 35 cents.

Dealers whose attention was called to the matter generally remarked that, no matter to what cause buyers ascribed the advances, it is not all probable that a combination exists. In the first place, it is not the time of year when purchases are made for storage purposes. Further than that, commission men do not have hold of the handle of the egg situation, the aggregation of packers known as the Big Four having a grip on that. And, lastly, a combination out for eggs for storage would hardly be likely to exert itself much in the way of boosting prices, and that the alleged combination is after eggs now is what the dispatch was taken to mean, if it meant anything, as storage packers would hardly be selling against the hens after buying at spring prices.

In connection with this subject, the talk concerning the operations of the Big Four is of interest to consumers. Realizing that in order to completely corral the public stomach, if the term is allowable, and make it pay tribute to the Big Four pocket, to deal further in collective terms, the packers in the combine, it is said, made up their minds that they must have the egg market in their hands. Seeing that when they screwed up the price of meat beyond a certain notch the public switched to eggs and left the packers' meat hanging on the high nail, they determined to fix the balance so that if the public wanted to dodge them it would have to eat hay, and they went out after the egg market and got it. Eggs will be high this winter, and it will be the combine's work, it is said, but the reason given in the dispatch referred to for the present high price is not generally considered sound. Eggs were firm at 13½, and butter at the advance noted early in the week.

The only berries now in market, barring chance small lots of blueberries, are blackberries, the bulk of the Western supply coming from Washington.

Oranges are soaring: Valencias are $5 @$5.25. California lemons are $6@$6.50.

California Bartlett pears are $1.75@$2; other varieties, $1.65@$1.85.

Tomatoes ruled at 40@ 60, with special fancy packs higher.

# NOT A SLEUTH.

### Result of Matt Kemp's Attempt to Track Man Who Robbed Him.

William Richin is under arrest at police headquarters charged with stealing $90 from Matt Kemp, on the installment plan. The two met on Wednesday evening, and Kemp having assets in his pocket, Richin developed a desire for immediate and intangible investment. The hilarious outfit trekked up and down Lake avenue, outspanning for refreshment at every swing door on the line of march. Finally they went to bed together, and the next morning Kemp discovered that $35 out of his $90 was missing. He suspected Richin, and disguising himself by getting sober, he started out to do a little sleuth work on his own account. He found Richin, and having read detective stories in which the hero gets the villain to make a full confession while drunk, he proceeded to buy Richin beer. The two finally became so full that they went down in the railroad yards to go to sleep. The amateur detective was in far worse condition than the man from whom he hoped to soak a confession, and while he slept, Richin performed a second successful operation on his trousers. With the delicacy of a surgeon operating for appendicitis, he deftly cut Kemp's pocket out and removed what was left of the $90. When Kemp recovered sufficiently he became wiser and turned the matter over to the police.

## BROKE HER RIB.

### Is One of Mary Sylvester's Grounds For Request For Divorce.

Various assaults, including one that broke one of her ribs, form the ground on which Mary V. Sylvester is asking the district court to grant her a separation with alimony from Oshea W. Sylvester, a conductor employed by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad. In her complaint, which was filed in district court today, Mrs. Sylvester says that they were married in West Superior June 12, 1898, and that they are 27 and 31 years of age respectively. Cruelty is charged by her, and she alleges that her husband struck her and kicked her and in one of his attacks broke one of her ribs. She says that when she was ill in a hospital he only came to see her twice. Later he paid her board in the St. James hotel and never visited her there, though at his request she visited him at Proctorknott several times. She does not ask for a divorce, but merely for a separation from him, with such alimony as the court deems just. A. N. McGindley is her attorney.

Emma Norris is asking the district court for a divorce from Sherman R. Norris on the ground of desertion. She is 39 and he is 47 years of age, and they were married Oct. 12, 1883, and have two children. She claims that her husband deserted her April 24, 1892. Mrs. Norris began a similar suit April 24 last and dismissed it June 15. J. B. Richards is her attorney.

William Hollinston has asked the court for a divorce from Alice Hollinston on the same ground. They were married in Tacoma Jan. 6, 1894, and the desertion is alleged to have taken place in March, 1897. The plaintiff is 38 years of age and the defendant is 33. J. B. Richards is Holliston's attorney.

# West Duluth

The West Duluth Bryan club held an enthusiastic meeting in the I. O. G. T. hall on Grand avenue last night. The attendance was much larger than at the previous meeting, thus showing the growing interest in the affairs of the club. The members that have joined are not fully satisfied that all the Democrats of West Duluth are in the fold, and they will soon have a house to house canvass in the different precincts, urging the faithful to put their shoulder to the wheel. There had been no special program arranged for the meeting last night, and the talks, of which there were several, while impromptu, were heartfelt and to the point. Judge John E. Davies of the Bryan club of Duluth was one of the speakers. Other members of the up town club were also present and helped to make the meeting of interest. Adolph Anderson was elected secretary of the club in the place of John Connoly, resigned. Other business transacted last night was the election of David Sang as vice president of the first precinct in the Seventh ward. Andrew Wicklund will hold a similar position in the Fifth precinct of the Seventh. There are other precincts to be provided with vice presidents, and these will report their preference at the next meeting. These Bryan club meetings are said to be stirring the Republican club of West Duluth into activity, and a meeting of the latter club will be held in the I. O. G. T. hall on Grand avenue at 8:30 o'clock Saturday evening. It is expected that several of the candidates for the various county offices on the Republican ticket, will be present and make speeches. The club will also give an opportunity to all that wish to join, at this time.

## AN INHUMAN ACT.

If there is anything that will arouse the ire of rightminded persons, it is the cruel treatment of animals. Several West Duluth citizens were witnesses of an act yesterday afternoon that ought to land the perpetrators in jail, in fact if reports are true, it is very likely to do so. According to the story of spectators the facts are as follows: Joseph Allard, who runs a candy store at the corner of Gosnold and Central avenue, has a young dog that is very playful, and was yesterday afternoon having a frolic with some little children alongside the Tremont hotel, when the cook came out and, without provocation, threw a pail of scalding water over the dog. Mr. Allard, the owner of the dog, is very indignant over the cruel deed and threatens to prosecute the perpetrator.

## WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

About a month ago, Bilsey & Peterson lost a broncho and had about given up all hope of ever hearing of it again. Yesterday, the animal was recovered, being found on a farm about twelve miles the other side of Cloquet.

The Good Templar lodge of West Duluth, is arranging for a moonlight excursion on the Swansea, some night next week.

The first ore train to occupy the approach to the new dock of the Missabe road, was switched on yesterday afternoon and last night. The train is a large one and covers the entire approach. The new dock is not yet in use. The dredging continues steadily, the dredges having deepened the slip on the west side well up toward the land end.

A little son was born unto Mr. and Mrs. Hans Wedu, of Sixty-fourth avenue West, Thursday, Aug. 23.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Hamilton, of Fifty-fourth avenue West died yesterday.

Several residents of West Duluth are making extensive improvements on their property. H. H. Phelps is making several hundred dollars worth of improvements of his home on Fifty-seventh and Cody street. Charles Petrusky is building an addition to his house on Fifty-third and Gosnold, also erecting a large barn.

A. J. Fisher and two daughters, Miss Anna and Miss Daisy, arrived in the city from Escanaba, last night, to spend several days visiting the family of Martin Wilson.

Jack O'Brien and wife of Cloquet, called in West Duluth this morning.

It is expected that the repair work on the Central avenue bridge near Raleigh street, will begin within the next few days. New abutments will be put in.

James McDonald will leave this evening for a visit at Detroit and other points East.

A. J. Filiatrault denies the report that he is about to erect a building on Central avenue between Ramsey and the railroad tracks. Although the location is a very desirable one, yet he will fence it in for the present.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup**

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

## $1.00

Per Week Payments.

Small, isn't it? Well, it's enough to do wonders in buying LADIES' AND GENT'S CLOTHING if you come to the right place.

Our fall and winter stock is now coming in at a rapid rate. If you want first choice of them, don't put it off, come in at once.

We still have a few of our Spring and Summer goods left which you can buy at your own price.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.,

8 East Superior Street.

# THE WILL GIVEN OUT

### Provisions of the Huntington Will Are Announced to the Public.

## STOCK GIVEN DIRECT

### Southern Pacific Holdings Go to Mrs. Huntington and Henry Huntington.

New York, Aug. 24.—The will of C. P. Huntington was made public today. It gives $1,000,000 in trust for Princess Hatzfeldt during her life, principal to go to her issue at her death; $500,000 in trust is given for the benefit of Mrs. Huntington, the widow, for life, afterwards for the benefit of Archer M. Huntington for life; two-thirds of the Southern Pacific railway stock is to be given to Mrs. Huntington and one-third to Henry Edwards Huntington, nephew, on condition that no part thereof shall be sold during the lifetime of either except with the consent of both. The Fifty-seventh street and Fifth avenue residence, in this city, together with all articles therein, is given to Mrs. Huntington for life, afterwards to be given Archer M. Huntington; $270,000 is given in trust for the benefit of Harriet S. Huntington, Elizabeth Purdy, Susan Porter and Allen Gates, in portions of $50,000 each; $30,000 for the benefit of C. P. Sammis and $20,000 each for the benefit of Eleanor Toveland and Frank Pardee. Various other specific bequests are made.

Mrs. Huntington, Charles H. Tweed and Isaac E. Gates, Mr. Huntington's brother-in-law, are made executors of the will.

The will is in twenty-three articles, is dated March 13, 1897, and witnessed by Maxwell Evarts, Andrew K. Van Deventer and George E. Downs.

The first article directs the payment of debts. The second disposes of all furniture, bric-a-brac, books, etc., to Mrs. Huntington absolutely, and gives all his pictures to Mrs. Huntington for life, afterwards to Archer M. Huntington for life, and at his death to the Metropolitan Museum of Art, of New York city, absolutely. Article third gives the New York city residence to Mrs. Huntington for life, at her death to Archer M. Huntington absolutely, or in default of issue by him, to Yale university absolutely. Article four gives to Mr. Huntington's sister, Elizabeth Purdy, and to her daughter, Eleanore Loveland, absolutely, a dwelling house now occupied by them in Oneonta, N. Y. The fifth article gives $500,000 in trust to Mrs. Huntington for life, to go to Archer M. Huntington for life, and to his issue absolutely. In the sixth section $250,000 is placed in trust for Archer M. Huntington and issue. The seventh article gives $1,000,000 in trust for the Princess Hatzfeldt, the capital to go to her issue, or, failing issue, to such persons as she may direct by will. The eighth article disposes of the Southern Pacific stock belonging to Mr. Huntington to Mrs. Arabella D. Huntington, the widow; and Henry Edward Huntington. The will then says:

"I would suggest to said Henry Edward Huntington and Arabella D. Huntington that sales of such portions of said stock as they may receive under the foregoing provisions of this, my will, shall not be made except substantially pro rata with shares of stock of said company belonging to the successors in interest of my former associates, Mark Hopkins, Leland Stanford and Charles Crocker, but this suggestion is not to be in any wise legally or equitably operative or binding upon my legatees, or to restrict in anywise their free action in dealing with such stock, but is merely made for the purpose of indicating the mode and manner in which I should have preferred to make sales of such stock if I had lived, and in which I should prefer that such sales be made after my death; but notwithstanding this suggestion, the legatees of my said stock are to be at liberty to deal with the same according to their own judgment, except as limited by the terms, conditions and limitations herein before expressly prescribed in respect to sale or disposition thereof during the lifetime of the said legatees or the survivor of them."

The ninth section gives one-half of the residue of the estate to Mrs. Huntington, the widow.

The tenth article gives $270,000 in trust as follows: Harriet S. Huntington, sister-in-law; Elizabeth Purdy, sister; Susan Porter, sister; Ellen Gates, sister, $50,000 each; Collis H. Sammis, $30,000; Eleanora Loveland, niece, $20,000; Frank Pardee, nephew, $20,000.

The eleventh article makes the following specific bequests: To his sister, Susan Porter, $20,000; to his nephew, Willard V. Huntington, $50,000; to his nephew, Edward P. Dunbar and George S. Dunbar, $20,000 each; to his nephew, Edward H. Pardee, $100,000; to his niece, Mary Pardee $20,000; to his niece, Caroline D. Holladay, $20,000; to his niece, Leonora Foster, $20,000; to his niece, Adeline Dunbar, $20,000; to his niece, Helen M. Huntington, $20,000; to Isaac E. Gates, $100,000; to the widow of his deceased nephew, Charles H. Pardee, $5,000; to his friend, Charles H. Tweed, $50,000.

The twelfth section gives $100,000 to the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, Hampton, Va.

Article 13 gives $25,000 to the Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm, New York city.

Article 14 provides that the residue of the estate is to be given to the testator's nephew, Henry Edward Huntington.

Article 15 and 16 give certain legal powers to the executors.

Article 17 authorizes Mrs. Huntington, as executrix, or such attorney or substitute as she may appoint, to join with Charles F. Crocker and Stillman Hubbard or their respective attorneys or personal representatives in executing or endorsing commercial paper. (This power is terminated by the death of Charles F. Crocker and the dissolution of Stillman & Hubbard.)

The articles folowing are purely legal, the twenty-second providing that any beneficiary contesting the will shall forfeit his share in it.

The will was filed for probate in the surrogate office today. The petition asking that the instrument be admitted to probate does not estimate the value of the estate. Charles H. Tweed, Mr. Huntington's attorney, said he could not place any value on it.

Mr. Tweed was asked what would be the value of the bequests in which it is provided that either money or securities of the par value of the sum of money mentioned may be given by the executors, but he said he was not yet in a position to reply.

Mothers endorse it, children like it, old folks use it. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. It will quickly cure all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

# JOHNSON & MOE,

2102-4-6-8 West Superior Street.

**BUSINESS,** Like life, is what we make it. We are making ours decidedly lively by keeping "everlastingly at it," offering unmatchable Bargains that make the business. Just now our ambition is to close out balance of summer goods and make room for Fall Merchandise now coming in. **Prices cut lower than ever.** The wide-a-wake shopper will appreciate our offerings. **Here you are for Saturday's big selling:**

## In the Cloak Room.

NEW FALL WRAPPERS,
NEW FALL UNDERSKIRTS,
NEW FALL COLLARETTES, now on sale.
NEW FALL JACKETS,
At unusually low prices. We invite inspection.

### Wrappers.

New Fleece Lined and Percale Wrappers, dark, choice styles, braid trimmed, flounce skirt, worth $1.25; Saturday's price— **98c**

### NEW UNDERSKIRTS.

The "Ideal" adjustable yoke, made like cut, in mercerized Italian Cloth, black and colors; handsome as silk and much better; regular value $2.50; our special price **$2.00**

Other Underskirts in splendid assortment at from— **75c to $4.50**

### New Walking Skirts.

Perfect fitting, down to date styles, in gray, brown and tan, heavy wool Melton—the prices— **$3.98, $5.50 and up**

JOHNSON & MOE.

### Silk Waists.

Made in black and colored silk taffeta and satin, tucked front and sleeves, latest style sleeve, regular price up to $5.98; for Saturday's great sale, your choice **$3.98**

### An Odd Lot Silk Waists.

In Plaid and colors, last season's style, were up to $5.00; to close Saturday, at your choice **$1.48**

WE MEAN IT. Our loss your gain.

### Ladies' New Fall Walking Hats.

Now being opened and ready for your inspection—the new, nobby, pretty styles are here, such as the Ladysmith, the Harvard, the Roosevelt, Cavalier and others, at special low prices, ranging from— **75c, $1.00, $1.25 and up**

### Umbrellas.

A very handy thing to have in this changeable weather.

**Special For This Sale.**

26-in Umbrellas, steel rod, paragon frame, good serge covering, natural wood, silver trimmed handles, cheap at 75c; special, each **58c**

26-in Umbrellas, steel rod, paragon frame, regular price $1.25; special for this sale **98c**

Better grades— **$1.50, $1.88 and up**

### Wash Goods.

1 case fine Percales, 32-in wide, choice styles, our 10c kind; Saturday special, yd **5½c**

1 case Standard Dress Prints, Indigo blues and fancies, regular 7c kind; Saturday's special, yard **4½c**

1 case new fleece lined Wrapper Cloth, dark, neat styles, worth 10c; Saturday's special, yard **7½c**

Fine Imported Wash Fabrics, at closing prices; Mousseline de Soie, Poult de Soie, Silk Foulards, etc., choice styles, worth 60c; Saturday's closing price, yard **29c**

### Our Grocery Dept.

The cleanest and most attractive in the city. Conducted on an ABSOLUTE CASH BASIS, both buying and selling. Hence such money-saving prices—for Saturday.

| | |
|---|---|
| Washington Plums, blue and yellow; choice delicious fruit, per case, 4 baskets | 75c |
| Choice Duchess Apples, per peck | 18c |
| Choice Crab Apples, per peck | 22c |
| Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz | 12c |
| Choice Creamery Butter, per lb | 22c |
| Fancy Patent Flour, 98-lb sack | $2.10 |
| Choice Picnic Hams, per lb | 9c |
| Summer Sausage | 11c |

JOHNSON & MOE.

## Tomorrow Will Be Opening Day.

(FALL STYLES.)

REGISTERED
MOVEO ET PROFICIO
KNOX
NEW YORK.

# KNOX HATS

The KNOX HATS are approved by gentlemen desiring unquestionably correct styles, superior quality and the highest class of workmanship. Sold by the representative hatters in every city in the United States and Canada, also London, Paris, Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbone, Auckland, Buenos Ayres, Havana and Honolulu.

## M. S. BURROWS,

SOLE AGENT FOR DULUTH.

# STACK & COMPANY.

**A Record Breaking Price on Shirt Waists for Saturday.**

If price cuts any figure we won't have a shirt waist left by noon. Come early; at these prices they can't last long.

**2 LOTS 2**

50c, 75c and 98c Shirt Waists go at............ **25c**

$1.50, $1.98, $2.48 and $3.50 Shirt Waists go at............ **50c**

First come, first choice. No goods exchanged, charged or sent on approval.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Men's Drawers.** | 48 dozen Men's fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, worth $1.00 per Suit: Saturday, per garment | 25c |
| **Windsor Ties.** | Windsor Ties, all pure silk, worth 25c and 35c each at | 15c |
| **Ladies' Collars.** | Ladies' Collars, slightly soiled, worth 15c each, at | 2½c |
| **Summer Neckwear.** | Ladies' 25c summer Neckwear, a little lot to be closed out; choice | 5c |
| **Stationery.** | 250 boxes fine Stationery; boxes damaged; the paper strictly all right, worth 19c and 25c a box; special while they last Saturday, per box | 10c |
| **Envelopes.** | Envelopes, about 20,000 packages bought at half price, will be sold at half price; instead of 5c, the price is TWO FOR | 5c |
| **Sewing Silk.** | Sewing Silk, "Corticelli" regular 5c kind, at | 3c |
| **Embroidery Silk.** | Belding Bros.' Embroidery Silk, in skeins, other stores ask 5c a skein; we sell 2 skeins for | 5c |
| **Boys' Suspenders.** | Boys' Suspenders, heavy web, regular 10c kind at | 5c |
| **Men's Suspenders.** | Men's President pattern Suspenders, worth 50c a pair, at | 25c |
| **Men's Sox.** | Men's Fancy Red Sox, worth 19c a pair; Saturday at | 10c |
| **Taffeta Ribbons.** | 500 pieces Taffeta Ribbon, in all the new shades, per yard | 5c |
| **Taffeta Ribbon.** | Taffeta Ribbon, Nos. 16, 22 and 30, in all colors, worth from 25c to 48c a yard; choice at | 10c |
| **Pillow Cases.** | Pillow Cases of best quality standard muslin, size 36x42, worth 12½c each | 9c |
| **Pillow Cases.** | Pillow Cases, size 36x45, standard muslin, torn, hemmed and ironed, worth 15c, each | 11c |
| **Turkish Toweling.** | Turkish Toweling, 18-inch wide; good heavy quality, worth 9c per yard—special | 6½c |

**Crockery and Kitchen Furnishing Specials.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | China Cups and Saucers, worth 25c a pair at | 10c |
| | China Oat Meal Bowls, worth 25c each; special at | 10c |
| | Dinner Sets, fine English Semi-Porcelain, a few choice $15 and $17.50 Dinner Sets to be closed out tomorrow at—per set | $12.50 |
| | 10-quart Dish Pans, worth 19c each, at | 10c |
| | Wash Basins, worth 10c each, at | 5c |
| | 16-quart Water Pails, extra good value at | 10c |
| | 2-quart Blue Enameled Dippers, worth 25c, at | 10c |
| | 2-quart enameled Rice Boilers, worth 65c each at | 3c |
| **Silkolines.** | Silkolines—30 inches wide, handsome floral designs, in all shades of ground work, worth 10c a yard | 6½c |
| **Calico.** | Calico, best dark standard Hamilton's Prints, Blue grounds, Red, Yellow and White Figures, worth 7c a yard., at | 4c |
| **Outing Flannels.** | Outing Flannels, mill ends, from 5 to 15 yards; good heavy quality, best staple checks and stripes, worth 9c a yard, at | 6¾c |
| **Sofa Pillows.** | Sofa Pillows—Muslin covered, sizes as follows: | |
| | 16-inch | 25c |
| | 18-inch | 35c |
| | 20-inch | 45c |
| **Bed Spreads.** | Bed Spreads—Large size, heavy and durable, hemmed—sell regularly at 98c; sale price | 69c |
| **Brown Sheeting.** | 8-4 Brown Sheeting, best quality, fine even thread, full width, worth 20c a yard | 15c |
| **Towels.** | Honey Comb Towels, size 21x45, fringed, full bleached or brown, fancy borders, worth 15c, at | 11c |
| **German Damask.** | 72-inch German Damask—assorted patterns, good quality, worth 68c a yard | 48c |
| **Table Damask.** | Table Damask, full bleached, neat patterns, sell regularly at 39c per yard—this sale | 25c |

## PNEUMATIC TUBE SERVICE.

### Committee of Experts Appointed to Report on It.

Washington, Aug. 24.—Second Assistant Postmaster General Shallenberger has appointed the general committee of expert postal officials to have charge of the investigation of the pneumatic service in the principle cities of the country. The committee consists of J. M. Masten, superintendent of mails, Brooklyn; J. A. Montgomery, superintendent of mails, Chicago, and E. W. Alexander, superintendent of mails, Philadelphia. Their work, as directed by the last act, is to inquire into all important details of pneumatic tube service and report, among other things, on the feasibility of their operation, ownership, rental, etc., by the government. The committee will make its recommendations in time for the postmaster general to submit his report at the opening of the next session of congress.

## STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

### British Vessel Stranded and Part of Crew Missing.

Aden, Aug. 24.—The British steamer India, Capt. Burkell, from Passaroeang, July 23, for the United States, is ashore seventy-eight miles south-southwest of Cape Guardafui and will probably prove a total wreck. Capt. Burkell and eight Europeans and twenty native members of the crew were picked up and landed here. The rest are missing, having taken to the boats. The natives are plundering the wreck.

**After Dinner**

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

**Hood's Pills**

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

## At the Pavilion.

Yesterday the weather was splendid, and the view from the Pavilion was grand, so it was no surprise to see the crowds up there yesterday afternoon and night. The La Pearl company rendered their excellent vaudeville program and everyone went away well pleased. There will be a matinee Saturday at 2:30. This week was announced as being the last of the La Pearl engagement, but in view of their pronounced success, Manager Kusell arranged to have them remain one week longer. They will give an entirely new program—every act and scene will be new. Mr. La Pearl has just received a shipment of the latest biograph pictures, and will present scenes from the Chinese war, the storming of Tien Tsin. A moving sidewalk is a great novelty, and a series of pictures illustrating a storm at sea will be given, and other splendid pictures. Mr. La Pearl will have other new views, and present them as fast as they arrive.

Nellie Carmen will sing "The Fatal Rose of Red," the first time ever sung, with the illustrated slides. She will also have several new songs. There will be novelties galore—sketches, new pantomime, great Spanish rings' act by the three Ellets, serpentine dances, feats of magic, Little Delia on the flying trapeze and half a dozen other strong acts. The La Pearls give a good, strong show, and no one can go astray by paying the hilltop a visit and seeing the performance. The matinees will be as usual, Sunday, Thursday and Saturday.

### MRS. HERRICK ACQUITTED.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Lena Herrick, who has been suspected of causing the death of E. P. Herrick, her husband, who died suddenly last week, and of seven other persons, including a former husband, her two sisters, her two children, Mrs. Herrick No. 1, and the wife of Edward T. Herrick, has been acquitted. The coroner's jury found that Mr. Herrick died of heart disease.

# READY FOR THE FRAY

## Fitzsimmons and Sharkey Are Both In Trim For Their Battle.

## BOTH HAVE IT WON

### Of Course, and Fix Ten Rounds as the Outside Limit.

New York, Aug. 24.—Bob Fitzsimmons and Tom Sharkey announced today their readiness for the 25-round contest, for a purse of $25,000, which, it is understood, will be divided equally, to take place in the arena of the Seaside club, Coney island, tonight at 10 o'clock. Although the contest is not for championship laurels, it has created more than usual excitement by reason of Fitz' victory over Ruhlin two wekes ago tonight.

Fitzsimmons was out early this morning for a spring, after which he had his rub-down and breakfast and then went to the gymnasium, where he played with the bag. He will spend a good part of the day in bed and will go to Coney island tonight, when he will rest until the hour of the fight. He gave out the statement that he expected to win in ten rounds. He is five pounds heavier in this fight than when he fought Ruhlin. He said:

"I look for Sharkey to give me a much harder fight than Ruhlin did, for he is a fast fighter and always rushes. I will be mighty careful how I fight the sailor, as he is a dangerous man to take any chances with."

Sharkey was up at an early hour today and went through a rub-down, after which he punched the bag. Like Fitzsimmons, he expects to put in a good part of the day resting, and will reach Coney island at 8 o'clock. Sharkey and his friends claim that he has learned a great many things since his fight with Ruhlin, and that while he is a more scientific fighter than ever, he has lost none of his power as a hitter. Like Fitzsimmons, he hopes to win within ten rounds.

"I know Fitzsimmons' style of fighting very well," he said today at Sheepshead Bay. "I have already fought him, and besides I saw him fight Ruhlin. If he does not fight me a much better battle than he did Ruhlin, I cannot see how I can lose. I still think Fitz the great fighter he always was, and I know I will have to be on the lookout constantly to avoid his terrible blows. After this fight I will try to induce Jeffries to fight for the championship of the world."

Fitzsimmons is the favorite in the betting today. Few wagers have been made, but those recorded were at 2 to 1 on the Cornishman. There are many out-of-town sporting men in the city, including large delegations from New Orleans and Chicago.

## AWFUL ALASKA 'SKEETER.

### Far More Formidable Than the New Jersey Bird.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The department of agriculture is about to issue a bulletin prepared by Entomologist L. O. Howard, on the mosquitoes of the United States. It discusses their structure and biology and indicates the difference in all stages of existence between the kind of mosquitoes that transmit malaria and those that do not, and also discusses the subject of remedies. Among other things, the bulletin says that since the opening up of the gold fields in Alaska and the great influx of miners and traders, knowledge of the abundance and ferocity of the Alaskan mosquitoes has become widespread and government surveying parties in starting for Alaska for their summer's work are in the habit of consulting the department for mosquito bite remedies. Those who were in Alaska the preceding year always state that they never experienced or imagined anything in the mosquito line quite equal to those found in our northern territory. Mentioning the reputation of New Jersey in connection with mosquitoes, the bulletin says there is a constant carriage inland from the marshy coast of very many mosquitoes, the railway trains seeming to be the most important mode of conveyance. Many of the cars contain mosquitoes by the hundreds. In this way, even mountain resorts will get their supply of lowland mosquitoes, and with the improvement of railway service and the increase in the number of through cars the danger is constantly increasing. The source of supply to distant points where mosquitoes are ordinarily rare, is thus kept up.

About 250 species of mosquitoes are known, of which only about thirty have been found in the United States. The reports say that of the remedies in use, the burning of pyrethrum powder and the catching of mosquitoes on the walls in kerosene cups are probably the best, next to a thorough screening and mosquito bars about the bed. The remedies for bites mentioned are glycerine, a lump of indigo and household ammonia.

### CIGARETTE FIENDS BARRED.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Hereafter no boy that smokes cigarettes will be employed in the Chicago postoffice. The rule has been merely that the boys could not smoke during working hours. Today it was decided that all cigarette smoking by the boys in the office must cease, and no boys that had ever been addicted to the habit would get positions in the future.

## A MOUNTAIN CLIMBER.

### Gains 12 lbs. on Change of Food.

When a change in food can rebuild a man 77 years of age, it is evidence that there is some value in a knowledge that can discriminate in the selection of proper food to rebuild the body. A few months ago the physician attending Warren S. Johnson of Colfax, Cal., 77 years old, told him that death from old age would soon claim him. He suffered from general weakness and debility.

An old lady advised him to quit coffee and drink Postum Cereal Food Coffee and to eat Grape-Nuts breakfast food every morning. He took the advice, and has gained 12 pounds. Says he is as well as he ever was, and can take long trips in the mountains, which he has been unable to do for a long time.

There is a reson for this; in the first place, coffee acts as a direct nerve destroyer on many highly organized people, both young and old, and many people haven't the knowledge to select nourishing, healthful, rebuilding food.

Both Postum Food Coffee and Grape-Nuts breakfast food are made from selected parts of the field grains that contain delicate particles of phosphate of potash and albumen. These two elements combine in the human body to quickly rebuild the gray matter in the brain and in the nerve centers throughout the body.

Direct, sure, and certain results come from their use, and can be proven by any person that cares to make the trial. Both the Postum Food Coffee and Grape-Nuts are kept by all first-class grocers.

## CLARK IS MOBBED.

### Constituents of the Caithness Member Wait on Him.

London, Aug. 24.—Dr. Clark, Liberal member for Caithness and former consul general of the South African republic in London, is condemned by the morning papers, irrespective of party, for his letters to Kruger. Some of the government organs in big black type proclaim him a traitor of the worst kind.

Wednesday evening he was mobbed by his constituents and was only saved from a worse fate by one of his supporters, who held the furious crowd at bay with a revolver.

**EXCURSIONS!**
—TO—
**TWO HARBORS**
**Sunday, August 26.**
On Steamers
**H. R. DIXON AND HUNTER.**
Leave BOOTH'S DOCK at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.
Returning, leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.
**Fare, 50c for Round Trip.**

# THE DAKOTAS.

## Validity of North Dakota Election Law Questioned---La-Mour Fatality.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan—Serious doubts exist as to whether the constitutional amendment voted upon by the voters at the last general election was passed upon properly or not. The voters decided that nobody but full citizens shall be allowed to vote hereafter, and that an educational qualification shall be required after the legislature has enacted a law. By the manner in which these questions were placed on the ticket, a voter had to vote for or against both of them at once. They were not separated. The question arises, if another clause of the constitution was complied with:

"If two or more amendments shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be submitted in such manner that the electors shall vote for or against each of such amendments separately."

There is another clause of the constitution which is claimed was not complied with. The clause in question reads as follows:

* * * "It shall be the duty of the legislative assembly to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people in such manner and at such time as the legislative assembly shall provide."

It seems that when the legislature passed the proposed amendments it did not provide for the time when they should be submitted to the people. The fact that the secretary of state did what he regarded as his duty did not, it is claimed, relieve the legislature from the necessity itself of fixing the time when the amendments should be submitted.

It is probable that before election day a test case will be submitted to the supreme court and a final decision obtained as to whether the amendment voted on at the last election is in force or not.

Grand Forks—The annual report of County Auditor Scott to the state commissioner of labor and agriculture was completed and, in comparison with the reports of previous years, is very gratifying. The value of the dairy products sold is greatly in excess of the year previous, which shows that diversified farming is being engaged in more extensively each year. The number of milch cows is very much greater, the amount of milk sold to creameries and cheese factories having more than doubled.

The number of hogs, cattle and sheep sold to the local butchers and shipped out of the state is also much larger than a year ago. The amount of stock sold this fall will be more than double the amount sold last year, the reason being that the majority of farmers are short of coarse fodder and as soon as the pastures begin to get poor, the stock will either be sold to local butchers or shipped to Eastern markets.

In the crop acreages the principal differences between 1899 and 1900 are in the relative amounts of wheat and flax sown.

The 1899 wheat acreage was over 321,000 acres, while in 1900 it was but 288,000 acres, a decrease of about 33,000 acres. With flax this was reversed, the 1899 acreage being 35,000 acres and the 1900 acreage being 88,000 acres, or an increase of 53,000 acres.

This, however, will not result in a corresponding increase in the amount of flax threshed, as 40 per cent of the flax will not be cut. The yield of the part that is cut, however, will be about the same as last year, so that the total amount raised will be in excess of that raised last year. The acreage sown to oats, barley, rye, corn and potatoes was larger than last year, but, with the exception of corn and potatoes, the crop harvested will be materially smaller.

LaMoure—LaMoure is in deep mourning because of the accidental death by drowning in the James river of Glenn Brown, son of Assistant Cashier S. E. Brown of the Bank of LaMoure. Glenn was 14 years old and a general favorite.

Fargo—Farmers are becoming alarmed over the seed wheat supply for next year. Many harvested small crops merely to have good seed of their own raising for next year's crop. Recent rains have been so severe and extensive that the wheat is growing in shocks. This is causing so much damage to the kernels that it is thought the grain will not be fit for seeding. As the rains have been so widespread, the northern and western part of Minnesota and the northern part of South Dakota are in the same condition, and the question of right kind of grain for next year's crop is becoming a most important one.

Louis H. Dudrey, who was arrested at Hunter last week on the charge of running mortgaged property out of the state, was released on the preliminary hearing. The testimony showed that the mortgage was given on property in Minnesota, which was afterward brought into the state with the consent of the mortgagee, and later taken back to Minnesota, where the original obligation was made.

Arrangements for the entertainment of Governor Roosevelt are about completed. The entire list of Republican state nominees will act as escort for the vice presidential candidate across the state and he will be given every possible courtesy.

Jamestown—The state auditor has notified persons here that all asylum warrants filed prior to July 1 will probably be paid by Sept. 10. It is understood the state is trying to float refunding warrants to take up the vouchers. There is a goodly amount outstanding here in the hands of merchants and others, and so much uncertainty exists as to their payment that banks do not care to cash them except at a discount, which the owners do not want to pay.

Sheldon—John Eckstrom was arrested by Sheriff Lamb for violation of the prohibitory law and taken to Lisbon, where he had a preliminary examination and was bound over to the district court under $300 bonds. Being unable to give bonds, he was committed to jail. A beer pump and a quantity of keg beer was confiscated by the sheriff.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Canton—Leaf Hazen, living with his brother, P. J. Hazen, one and a half miles from Lincoln Center, was found dead in a pasture. He had gone to water the stock, taking a shotgun with him. He is believed by some to have committed suicide. Others think death was accidental. The top of his head was blown off. The coroner and sheriff are investigating.

# HORRIBLE SPECTACLE

## India's Starving Millions Present Themselves to American Investigators.

## THE RELIEF WORKS

### Heartless Cruelty of Hindu Merchants to Dying Little Children.

New York, Aug. 24.—Gilson Willets, the author and journalist, re[illegible] returned from a journey t[illegible] famine-stricken region of In[illegible]

"The famine is, above al[illegible] ine. The breadless area [illegible] square miles, which is o[illegible] India, or as big as all C[illegible] area are 50,000,000 peop[illegible] entire population of [illegible] equal to our entire w[illegible] ily east of the Missis[illegible] are entirely destitu[illegible] government is taki[illegible] relief works and ir[illegible] if every man, wo[illegible] York state depen[illegible] tion for food and [illegible]

"Now, as to [illegible] British or Indi[illegible] to assume th[illegible] for the starvin[illegible] ject Lord Curzon, [illegible] st authority for the fac[illegible] iid is very welcome and [illegible] om America is especially apprecia[illegible] in a recent public speech he said that no false pride need deter me from giving a frank reply.' The government, he added, is straining every nerve, it pouring out its money, is shrinking from no obligation, however severe. From October, 1899, the beginning of the famine, until December, 1900, we anticipate that we shall have spent five and a quarter millions sterling (about $25,000,000) on direct relief; two millions on suspension and remissions of land revenue; one and a quarter millions on advances (that will in many cases never be recovered) for the purchase of seed and cattle; three-quarters of a million on loans to distressed native states. But over and above this expenditure, which cripples our development in a score of ways, there lies a vast area of need which, do what we may, we can barely reach, and in which extraneous contributions supply an invaluable reinforcement.

"As for what I saw personally," said Willets, "the streets of Bombay were full of starving people. Up sprang from the gutter in front of the Great Western hotel, where I stopped, a dozen brown bodies with lean forms and robust lungs. They clamored for bread in the Hindustani tongue. They were starving and no one would throw them even a crumb. To give them money would mean to be surrounded instantly by a mad mob. Thus famine greeted me the very moment of my arrival.

"One day, in a big village, I was watching the grain dealers doling out rice to those who could buy, when two little starving boys, the older one leading his little brother, fell down in front of the shop from sheer exhaustion. The grain dealer never noticed them, though he might have helped them very practically. The younger boy's chest heaved up and down rapidly, his mouth flew open, he rolled on his side, his limbs stiffened in death. His brother looked on for a few moments stupidly, then suddenly sprang to his feet and ran away.

"That's about all there is in the death and the funeral of a member of one's family in that part of the world, at present. The Hindu has no fear of death, rather welcomes it. Hundreds listed as 'famine deaths,' were suicides, their weapon of self-destruction being Will. The Hindu, finding himself starving, helpless and hopeless, simply lies down and wills himself into the other world.

"Other famine sufferers, grown-up Hindus as well as young Hindus, crouched, or loitered, or slept, or awaited death near other grain cribs. But never did it occur to a fat bunniah to throw a handful of grain to the starving ones. Your Hindu will not kill so much as a fly, takes care not to step on an ant—killing things is forbidden by his religion—but he will not lift his hand to save a human life. He is not his brother's keeper.

"I took a train northward from Bombay. It started out in the night, almost silently, anyway with the least possible noise, as if reluctant to enter the area of desolation and death. There were very few passengers—only a plague doctor, a cholera expert, an engineer, a famine inspector and Dr. Louis Klopsch, then touring the stricken districts in the interest of the relief fund raised by the New York Christian Herald, of which he is owner. For why should any save those who were compelled, go out into that vast waste?

"Twenty-five miles from Bombay vegetation grew sparse. Of course, a few weeds grittily clung to life, cactus thrived pluckily, and some of the trees still had leaves enough for shade purposes. Fifty miles up, however, vegetation ceased. From the carriage windows, eyes searched the miles vainly for a single green speck. We had passed even the last weed.

At a small station we came to a dead stop and I began uttering American blue words against the slowness of train service in the east, when I perceived a horrible, hideous group representing starvation. The anathemas I was still venting stopped in my throat and almost choked me. The group included a young mother and her babe, and a long young man who lay on the ground. The woman stood by him, the child resting a straddle on her thighbones. They might have risen from the grave. Brown skin covered their bones like leather stretched over a frame. The young woman's shoulder blade had burst through the skin. I could have filled the basin-like stomach of the long man on the ground and in it washed my hands. He arose and slapped his hollow stomach with one hand and, with the other hand, smote his elbow. The woman pointed to the brown naked mite on her thighbone. They implored in weak, far-away voices. 'Salam, sahib, you are our father and our mother. Give us food, and God will bless you with many children.'

Human skulls and bones dotted the sun-baked fields. Rivers, streams, lakes, pools had disappeared. About every ten or fifteen miles there was a relief camp or a poor house.

"I stopped overnight at Godhra, where cholera was mowing people down as in battle. The collector, the only white man in the district, met me at the station. To his bungalow, two miles from the station, we rode in his smart tonga, drawn by crack ponies. A sepoy, his bare feet in the stirrups, acted as outrider, and two coolies trotted beside the tonga. His bungalow stood in the desert outside the village, amid vast silence. Out there, starving people were suffering in ominous silence. We ourselves sat down to a dinner for epicures, served with all the adjuncts of a London sideboard. The collector's wife was there with pinched face, a lily shriveling in the furnace air. In their compound was a big tree, the only green thing in the world for the brave little woman, and it helped to keep her eyes bright. But the leaves were coveted by the neighboring cowherds. Here were leaves enough to keep life in several head of cattle till government would buy them. Under this tree nightly, therefore, the collector posted his sepoy. That night I slept in a tent, a guest chamber, luxuriously furnished and cooler than any room in the bungalow. The tent was under the coveted tree. At midnight there was a cry of alarm and whack! whack! the cowherds were attacking the tree with axes. Lanterns were brought and the young collector came out in his pajamas and talked to the enemy in their own Gujarati, gave them written orders on the local bunniah for grain, and then we all went to sleep again. 'Have to go through that little comedy every seven days,' said my host, next morning. 'Anything to keep that tree—for her.'"

*A glimse of fall attractions in*

# SHOES!

*Advance styles of Shoes for Men, Ladies and Children. What you want and at the right price........*

Men's new style $3.50 Shoes—heavy or light sole, Chrome Calf and Kid, easiest and best wearing Shoe, at... **$3.50**

**Men's New Shoes—$1.50, $2.00, $3.00 and $4.00.**

**The Shoe of all Shoes; "Sorosis"—the new Shoe for Women.**

Worn by discriminating women everywhere—have hand sewed welts—fit and wear perfectly—are beautiful and comfortable—have many imitations—cost $3.50—we are sole agents for Duluth.

**SCHOOL SHOES!** A large variety at low prices. FREE—A Pencil Box with every pair of School Shoes.

**[illegible]nother effort at Tan and Summer Shoes.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Gentlemen's high grade tan and brown, Stacy, Adams and Nettleton, light or heavy sole—on sale counter at........ | $3.50 |
| Gentlemen's $3.50 for $2.75—Brown vici Russia calf, light and new dark shades, our newest $3.50 shoe reduced to........ | $2.75 |
| Boys' $2.25 tan shoes at........ | $1.75 |
| Boys' tan shoes at........ | $1.50 |
| Little Gents' $1.50 tan shoes at........ | $1.10 |
| Ladies' brown welt sewed new extension sole shoes, $3 and $3.50 kind—reduced to... | $2.39 |
| Ladies' light sole tan and brown $3.00 shoes, sale price........ | $1.98 |
| **All Oxfords at Large Reductions.** | |
| Misses' tan lace $1.50 and $1.75 grades reduced to........ | $1.25 |
| Children's tan shoes, $1.00 and $1.50 kind, tomorrow's sale price at........ | 75c |

# A. WIELAND

123 West Superior Street.

## INTERESTS OF HUNTINGTON.

### Estimate of His Stock Holdings and Real Estate.

New York, Ag. 24.—The Times this morning prints the following: The will of Collis P. Huntington will probably be offered for probate today (Friday) if the decision of the family arrived at yesterday (Thursday) is adhered to. Copies and an abstract of the document will be issued at noon for publication. It has been executed by Charles H. Tweed, second vice president and general counsel of the Southern Pacific company. It is generally conceded that Mr. Huntington's total equities in the thirty odd corporations in which he was either an officer or director, and in the score of interests where he was immediately connected, and his personal real estates, amount to not less than $20,000,000. Some Wall street estimates place the Huntington fortune at $100,000,000 on the condition that his chief interests are placed by his will in the hands of trustees and nursed for a term of twenty years.

Those who should have a large knowledge of Mr. Huntington's affairs figure that he left behind, in one way or another, from $25,000,000 to $35,000,000. Some of his interests were enormous. That in the Southern Pacific company has been run up as high as $45,000,000. It is said, on fair authority, to be about $12,000,000. In the semi-private corporation, the Pacific Improvement company, capital $5,000,000, which owns the hotels Del Monte, at Monterey, worth $2,500,000, and Arcadia, at Santa Monica, and the mines of Castle Crag, in the upper Sacramento valley, near Shasta, Mr. Huntington's interest is computed at $2,500,000. The Huntington interests at Newport News cannot, it is claimed, be less than $6,000,000. In the Pacific Mail Steamship company, Mr. Huntington's interests were about $2,000,000. His share in other corporations was not less than $1,600,000.

In New York city, at Throggs Neck and on Raquette Lake, Mr. Huntington's real estate was worth not less than $3,500,000, and at San Francisco he had property worth about $1,500,000. His various parcels of improved and unimproved properties in several states of the union are estimated to be worth from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000. These estimates, which are regarded as extremely conservative, place Mr. Huntington's fortune at more than $30,000,000.

# 1900

# FALL OPENING

# MEN'S HATS.

WE ARE DULUTH AGENTS for the Celebrated Miller Derby. We invite your inspection of this perfect hat on our opening day, SATURDAY, AUG. 25th. The Fall Gordons are ready—both Derbys and Fedoras, all the new colorings. We are headquarters for Stetson's goods—soft and stiff hats from $1.50 to $5.00.

Floan, Leveroos and Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Hanan's New Fall Shoes Now on Sale.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern
Duluth
THE BURROWS STORE.
SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

Knox
New Fall Hats on Sale Tomorrow.

Burrow's Busy Store on the Busiest Corner in Duluth.

***Store Open Saturday Night Till 11 o'Clock.***

*The Largest and Most Complete Outfitting House for Men and Boys at the Head of the Great Lakes.*

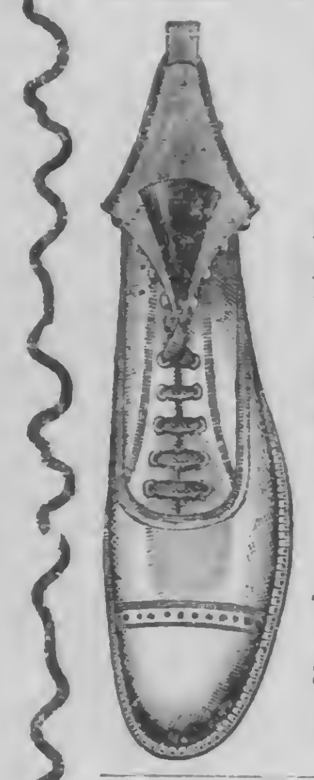
# FALL OUTFITS!

## Hats Suits, Overcoats, Gloves, Neckwear, Shoes, Boys' Clothes.

The Best Goods—
The Smallest Profits—
The Largest Business—

**We Are Agents for—**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Knox Hats. | Stein-Bloch & Co., | Gordon & Kelly Shoes. |
| Stetson's Special. | Rogers-Peet & Co., Clothing. | Burrows' Bench Made Shoes. |
| Roelof's Hats. | The Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothing of Magazine Fame. | Burrows' Regent Shoes. |
| Schoble Hats. | Kuh, Nathan & Fischer, The Clothing that made Chicago famous. | Manhattan Shirts. |
| Hird's Caps. | Hanan Shoes. | American Hosiery Co.'s Underwear. |
| Burrows' Special. | | English Underwear. |
| Just Wright. | | Dent's Gloves. |
| Tilt's Shoes. | | |



## SHOE SPECIAL

For Tomorrow.

$6.00, $5.50 and $5.00 finest Tan Shoes—

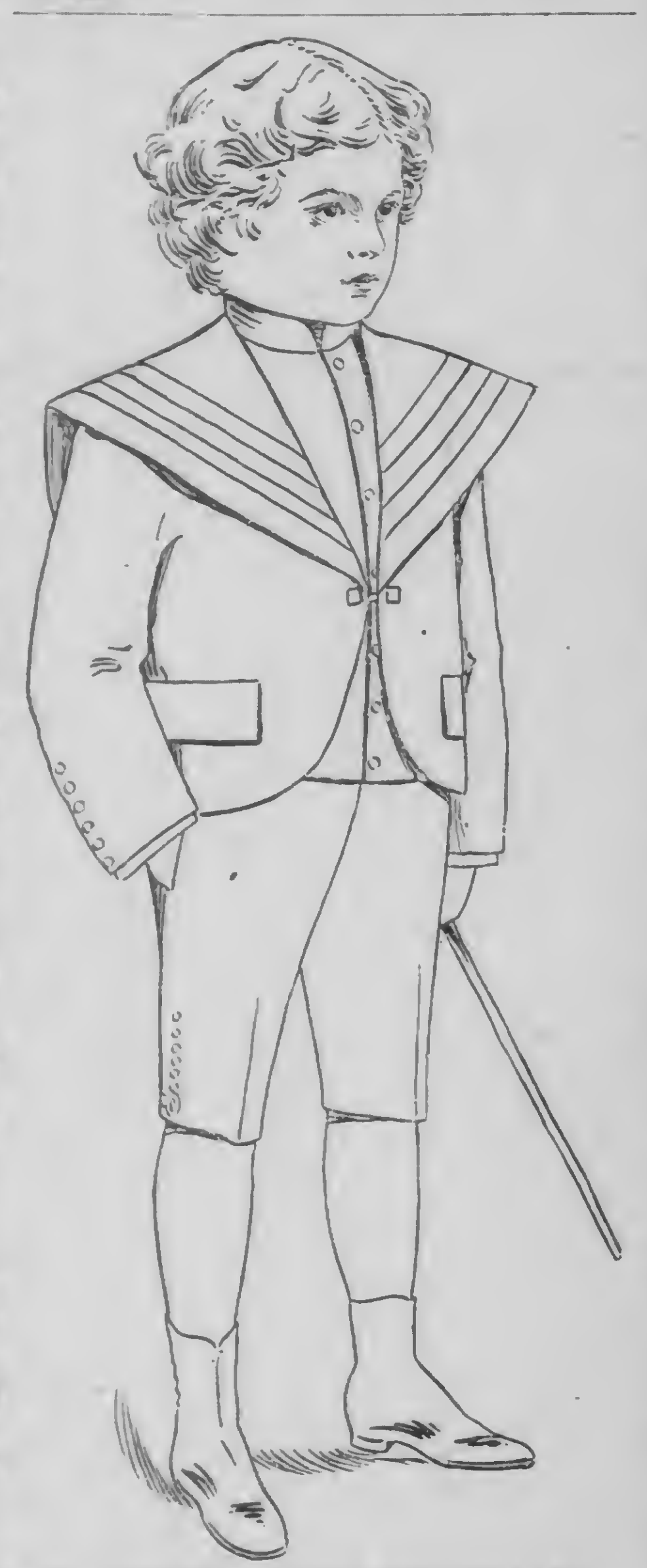
$3.50

This includes our Hanan and Burrows bench made finest quality.

Here in Duluth the best specialist manufacturers of the country now place their goods exclusively with the Great Eastern, thus adding vastly to the convenience of shopping, besides permitting important economics of management and reducing the percentage of operating expenses. So that prices at the Great Eastern are invariably as low or lower than any other city for the identical first-class goods—at the same time our salespeople are more competent advisers. If you are not satisfied with your purchase come back and let us make it right.

**For tomorrow see our great show window for special and extraordinary values in Men's Suits and Top Coats at $15, $18, $20 and $25, for—**

This is a true story of what you'll find on the first table as you enter the store: 1500 garments specially low priced for quick selling—to make room for a tremendous fall stock daily arriving. This good selection represents the finest Suits and Overcoats in the house, ranging in price from $15.00, $18.00, $20.00 to $25,00, bunched at one price surely low enough. Your choice tomorrow of the lot------------------------------------ $10



ALL CHILDREN'S NOVELTY SUITS HALF PRICE.

## Mannish Suits for Boys

In our big, roomy, pleasant, acre-floor Boys' Store. First thought—How to give you the most for your money. Second thought—What will please the boys. The outspreading trade says we've caught the boys. The demand all week for "fine wearables was a delightful surprise and a generous acknowledgement of the beauty and the economy of our collection. Same special prices will continue tomorrow.

**Half Price** For your free and unrestricted choice of any two-piece Suit in the house, spring and summer styles.

All Our Boys' Vestee Suits, all Our Boys' Middy Suits, 500 Boys' Long Pant Suits, all Our Novelty Suits, all Boys' Spring Overcoats, Bovs' Wash Suits and Boys' Straw Hats

**Exactly IALF Price!!**

**Balls and Bats Free With Every Boys' Suit.**

# IN MICHIGAN.

## Ford River Fatality--Houghton County Electric Railway Machinery En Route.

Escanaba—Frank Werner, a Swedish laborer, aged 27, was instantly killed in a shingle mill at Ford river. He slipped and fell into a saw, being terribly mangled before help came.

A brakeman named Cook was horribly mangled by falling under his train near here. He cannot possibly recover. Both legs were amputated by the wheels.

Houghton—A 500 k. w. generator was shipped from Pittsburg on Aug. 14 consigned to the Houghton County Street railroad company and it due to arrive in the copper country at most any time now. It was built by the Westinghouse Electric company and will for a time supply the entire power required in the operation of the road, others being added as they are needed. A 500 k. w. engine is equivalent to 750 horsepower, and it is considered that this will be ample to put the line into operation. It is a combination engine and dynamo; in other words, the armature of the generator is directly upon the engine shaft. This does away with all necessity of belting in the transmission of power from the engine to the dynamo and is considered to be the most economical manner in which to accomplish the task.

The trucks for the cars have been shipped and should be here before many days. They were built at Kingston, N. Y., and will be ready when received for the cars to be placed upon them. The cars and the trucks are being furnished by two separate establishments and will be put together here.

Ishpeming—Maurice Carlson has received a letter from his brother, A. V. Carlson, who, in company with James Scanlon and Len Toutloff, left here some time ago for Western Africa. They were to have worked for the government there. Messrs. Carlson and Toutloff were to work as diamond drill operators. Mr. Scanlon was in charge of the crew. But after arriving in New York, the government officials decided not to send the men to Africa on account of the war complications. They were given positions in Nicaragua, Central America, and embarked for the scene of their future labors. After a few days out the vessel was wrecked, and the men took refuge in a small boat. They floated for fourteen days and suffered many hardships. Greytown was finally reached, where the men were attended to. Immediately upon landing Carlson sent word to his brother of their misfortune. The letter conveyed the impression that all were safe and well.

Menominee—A. W. Lawrence has the distinction of being the first man to own and operate a sawmill, the motive power of which is gasoline. It has recently been started in Menominee county, and when run to its full capacity the cost of the fuel will be $5.60 per day. As an offset to this expense both engineer and fireman are dispensed with. The slabs ordinarily used for fuel are also saved, and they will bring more than the cost of the gasoline. The engine was built at Marinette, and its working is being watched with a good deal of interest.

Iron Mountain—The increase in the assessed valuation of 1900 over that of 1899 in Dickinson county amounted to exactly $3,552,077, the valuation for the present year being $7,642,802. In Iron Mountain the valuation was increased $2,379,146, to $4,363.23. The total increase of the cities of Iron Mountain and Norway amounted to $3,112,399, and of the townships, $439,678.

In India, the land of famine, thousands die because they cannot obtain food. In America, the land of plenty many suffer and die because they cannot digest the food they eat. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat. It instantly relieves and radically cures all stomachh troubles. Max Wirth.

**EXCURSION!**
**TO TWO HARBORS.**
HOWARD TRANSPORTATION CO.
**STEAMER BON VOYAGE.**
Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m.
SUNDAY, AUGUST 26.
GOOD MUSIC ON BOARD.
***FARE, 50 CENTS ROUND TRIP.***

## Heavy August Rainfall.

The amount of rainfall this month has been very large, and there is a possibility that the August record will be given a severe shaking if it is not broken. The total thus far is 3.84 inches greater than the normal for the month.

## Craggencroft Special.

Parents contemplating sending students to Craggencroft may save themselves much delay in classification, transference, details and other matters by calling early upon the Rev. Mr. Duncan, who is at home now regularly from 2 until 5 and from 7 until 9 o'clock every afternoon and evening.

The Keeley Cure is the only cure for drunkenness. Write today to the Keeley Institute, 625 10 St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

# TOWNE MEETING

## Will Be One of the Greatest Political Gatherings Duluth Has Had.

The meeting Monday evening will be one of the greatest that Charles A. Towne has addressed in the city of Duluth, and he has had several recordbreakers in the past. Letters are being received from the Twin Cities and elsewhere asking in reference to the date and the attendance from outside the city will be very large.

The speech will be one of the most important Mr. Towne will deliver in this campaign, and it will be published all over the country. The campaign committee in the state of Minnesota will publish it and spread it all over the state. It will be a reply to Theodore Roosevelt's St. Paul speech, which has been so severely condemned all over the country for its bigoted utterances.

## Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. $14---Detroit and Return---$14.

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweetheart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

**Several**
Fine building locations in East End for sale. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

**SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.**

## "Walking Skirts"

of double-faced cloth. There seems to be no let up in the buying of this popular garment, and the most wanted kinds are hard to get, and will be much harder to get later—but the selection here now is splendid—over 50 styles, in gray, brown, tan, military blue, navy and black. Yesterday and today we received by express 50 new Skirts of the very best materials and workmanship. They are entirely different in make and style of what has been shown heretofore and we expect a big sale on this goods tomorrow.

## New Silk Waists

for day or evening wear—Plenty of styles and plenty of prices—Black Silk, "Peau de Soie" and Satin.

**New Black Silk Waists**—all over tucked and corded—new autumn shaped collars and cuffs, fully guaranteed by us, $5.75.

**New Waists of "Peau de Soie"**—in new autumn pastel colors, beautifully tucked and corded, new scalloped edge front with button effects—the correct shape collar and cuff, cardinal, turquoise, lavender, old rose and black, $6.50.

**New Colored Satin Waists**
All over tucked with new and effective lapel front—cardinal, old rose, helio and navy, $6.75.

**Black Brilliantine Waists** with new cordings and button effect—They are very popular on account of their superior wearing qualities.

## Great Shirt Waist Sale.

Tomorrow we place on sale about 350 Colored Shirt Waists which have been selling up to today for $1.25 and $1.50—tomorrow at 49c.

## The New Tailor Made Suits.

Come into this department tomorrow if you want to see a real busy one. Women folks seem to appreciate the advantage of making early selections—because, there's everything to gain and nothing to lose. Styles have been set—and, we can afford to sell at a closer margain now than later, because it takes just so many salespeople to keep our establishment moving, and rather than lay our help off during a so-called dull season we make buying advantages and keep our help busy, and besides it gives YOU more time to look and have alterations made, so that at the first cool spell your Suit is ready and you can slip it right on.

**Over one hundred Autumn styles** are here to select from—ranging in price from $13.50 and by one and two dollars to $47.50, including all the popular fall colors, such as Oxford Grays, Tans, Modes, Brown, Gun Gray, Military Blue, Navy and Black—the cloths are Broadcloth, Venetian Cloth, Pebble Cheviots, Zibolines, (better know as Camels Hair Cheviots), Homespuns, Unfinished Worsteds and Plain Cheviots.

## A Word About Styles.

The greatest change seems to be in the Skirts—the fullness over the hips is disposed of, the flare is distinct, much more pronounced than in the last summer styles. There seems to be a strong leaning toward the "Pouched Eton," which falls full over the girdle that is in strong contrast to the cloth; of course some plainer effects are popular, but we've either, and some that are beautifully finished with Satin, Pan Velvet, or Soutache Braid.

## Neck Furs, Golf Caps and Kersey Capes.

If you expect to travel it will be quite sensible to take some comfortable covering along, especially if it is to be by water, because cool evenings are the rule now instead of the exception. We haven't forgotten about you nor your trip, for you'll find a splendid showing of just the things wanted. Neck Furs, Golf Capes and Jersey Capes.

Neck Furs at $3.75, $7.50, $9.75, $11.50, $13.50, $23.50 and more.

"Golf" and Kersey Capes $8.75, $10, $12 and up to $22.50 for elaborate imported ones

**Children's Golf Capes—**
Just like mamma's, only smaller, beautifully made and trimmed, red, brown, tan and navy, $5.75.

**Liberty Silk Boas—**
Light weight and comfortable, very popular, for cool evenings, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and up to $10.00.

## Hose Sale Tomorrow.

We have about 20 dozen of Ladies' Black Lace Hose which have been selling and are worth today, or any day 50c; but rather than carry them to next season we prefer to take a loss, and offer them tomorrow at 29c.

This is without question the best value ever offered, as the wholesale price on this Hose is 37½c.

Autumn
**HATS!**
You will find in our Milinary Parlors everything that is new and stylish.

# Autumn Dress Fabrics

## And Some News About Them.

## New Black Goods.

**Heavy Pebble Cheviots**
In the fine close nap and small pebble; fine texture and full 56 inches wide, $2.00 the yd.

**Heavy Ziboline.**

Same weight as the Cheviot; heavy camel's hair nap and very glossy black, 56 inches wide; $2.25 the yard.

**Satin Soliels.**

Gloss and color guaranteed, every yard stamped, strictly up-to-date, four grades; $1.25, $1.39, $1.50 and $1.90 the yard.

**Silk and Wool Fancies.**

Imported goods, to take the place of Silk Crepons, very rich and durable; $3.00 the yd.

## New Colored Dress Goods.

**Imported Robes.**

Not many of them, but very choice and new, no two alike; ranging in price from $10.50 to $27.50 for the pattern.

**French Vigonne.**

Something like a Cheviot, but more rough and glossy; colors—gray, khaki, garnet, blue and black; 56 inches wide; $2.50 the yard.

**French Poplins.**

Nothing nicer to make up into a fancy dress; excellent line of colors, including brown, red, navy, khaki and dark plum; $1.50 the yard.

**Imported Henriettas.**

The very best makes and all the scarce colors, such as flame, oxblood, old rose and silver gray; prices from 65c to $1 the yard.

## New Heavy Skirtings.

**New Golf Cloths.**

Extra heavy weight, strictly all wool, smooth broadcloth finish and handsome plaid black, in black and white, helio and black and blue and green; $2.85 the yard.

**Double Texture Cheviots**
in garnet, black, navy and brown, with handsome illuminated backs; $1.50 the yard.

**Heavy Tailor Skirtings**
in small check effects, very firm and heavy, will not sag; $1.50 the yard.

**Double Texture Zibolines.**

Strictly all-wool and camel's hair, in dark, rich, illuminated reversible effects; colors—blue, brown and garnet; sure winners, $2.00 the yard.

## Popular-priced Dress Goods.

**Heavy Homespuns**
in the serviceable dark colors, such as navy, gray and brown, full 56 inches wide; 75c the yard.

**Fancy Suitings.**

A large collection of fancy Dress Goods, embracing many numbers shown elsewhere at 75c and 98c the yard. You will find them all here at 50c the yard.

**All-wool Venetians.**

Choice colorings, such as red, cadet, navy and brown, bought to sell for 69c. To call attention to our line of popular Percale goods, they will be sold tomorrow for 50c the yard.

**Fancy Granites.**

Exact copies of $2.50 goods; heavy weight and good texture. Don't pay 48c for them, but come here and buy them for 39c the yard.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled

DEFECTIVE PAGE

(21) MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION TWO--Pages 7 to 12

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1900.

## AN EXTRA SESSION

### *President Will Summon Congress to Deal With Chinese Question.*

### *State of Affairs In the Philippines Also Calls For Action.*

Washington, Aug. 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—There will be an extra session of congress. It will be called by President McKinley to meet the existing situation in China and the Philippines.

The above is a mere outline of what President McKinley is remaining in Washington to contend with in the next two or three days. His announced intention of not going to the G. A. R. encampment at Chicago foreshadows the intention upon his part to call congress together in extra session to meet the emergency in China and the Philippine islands.

Were it not for the fact that President McKinley is satisfied that this crucial test must be met, he would have made his trip to Chicago according to previous arrangement.

Recent information from Pekin and other cities in China, as well as in Manilla, have convinced the president that he cannot deal with this situation alone, and therefore will be compelled to call congress together in extra session to supply the necessary funds and troops to deal with the situation in the far East.

The opinion prevails among army, naval and civil officers in Washington today that President McKinley will find it necessary to call congress together to assist him in dealing with the two great emergencies mentioned above.

The Grand Army of the Republic, which is soon to meet in Chicago, will be greatly disappointed over the failure of the president of the United States to assemble with them there. When the real facts in the case are known, however, the veterans of 1860-65 and the patriots of the Spanish-American war will realize the necessity of the chief executive remaining in Washington to meet all requirements of his position as president of the United States and commander-in-chief of the United States forces distributed in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, the islands in the Philippines, and in China.

The president's position is peculiar. His actions may not coincide with the views of all the people in this country, but it is conceded that President McKinley, leaving politics out of the question, is anxious to do the right thing for all the people in the United States, as well as those who are to come into the jurisdiction of the United States with our recently acquired colonial possessions. It is further believed to be a fact that President McKinley and his cabinet associates desire to settle the controversy between the United States and China with the greatest possible speed.

The situation now seems to indicate to shrewd politicians in the various departments and politicians of high standing in both parties that President McKinley will find it necessary within the near future to assemble the United States congress in extraordinary session to give him authority and consent to his views to decide the future course of the United States government in dealing, not only with China, but with the Philippines, Hawaii, Cuba and Porto Rico. This is the situation stated upon the best authority why President McKinley is to remain in Washington instead of going to Chicago to attend the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### WORD FROM CARNEGIE.

#### Contradicts Report That He Will Stump For Bryan.

New York, Aug. 24.—In reference to a report which has been current for several days, the World today prints the following copyrighted cable:

London, Aug. 23.—The World correspondent telegraphed Andrew Carnegie, who is at Skibo Castle, his Scotch residence, asking whether the report was true that he was going to stump the United States for Bryan because of his position on imperialism. Mr. Carnegie replied:

"There is no truth in the report."

### THE BOYS SLEPT OUT.

#### American Cadets Have a Tough Experience In Paris.

Paris, Aug. 24.—As the result of inattention or a blunder, over 100 cadets from the United States training ship Monongahela were obliged to sleep in the parks and streets of Paris Wednesday night. The vessel is at Havre, and the boys came here to spend two days at the exposition, and arrangements were made to have them at a boy's college in Paris. The party was in charge of a lieutenant, but when night arrived the lieutenant was not on hand to pilot the boys to their shelter. They were unacquainted with the French language and unable to seek assistance. They walked about Paris until tired. Then they took possession of benches in the parks and on the boulevards. Some of them met hospitable Americans, who took them to hotels, but only a few were so lucky.

## BIG SHRINKAGE.

### Strange Fate of a Michigan Railroad Sold As Old Iron.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 24.—On Wednesday morning a gang of fifty men in charge of a timekeeper left for the upper lake regions to pull a railroad up by the roots and ship the iron to Grand Rapids, and thereby hangs a tale.

Seven or eight years ago the late James M. Turner, of Lansing, organized a company to build a railroad forty-two miles long from Champion to Huron bay, in the upper peninsula. It was called the Iron Range & Huron Bay railroad, and intended to form an outlet for the Marquette iron range to Lake Superior. The late Christian H. Buhl, Capt. W. H. Stevens, Henry Stephens, Fremont Woodruff, A. L. Stephens, John M. Nicol and others put up the money for the road, which, including a fine dock at Huron bay, cost $1,180,000.

Before the road was completed the situation in the iron region began to change. Some of the mines on the Marquette range failed. Others built a road of their own to Lake Superior by a shorter route, and the Mesaba range was discovered, where mining could be done with steam shovels, at much less expense, the work on the Marquette range being underground. Troubles also arose in the railroad company, owing to the conduct of affairs by Mr. Turner, and although the road was completed and made ready for business, no train ever ran over the line and not a pound of freight was ever transported. The whole enterprise was practically abandoned, and has remained idle since the day it was built.

A few weeks ago this railroad, with all its real estate, right-of-way, roadbed, bridges and the $250,000 dock at Huron bay was sold to Frank C. Andrews, John Winter and Dr. Lau, of Detroit, for $110,000. This is a terrible shrinkage from the original cost, but the purchasers only want the rails. The roadbed, bridges, ties (rotten now) and the big dock will be abandoned. The right-of-way and real estate will be allowed to fall into the hands of the state for unpaid taxes.

"The road will be entirely torn up and the rails removed within thirty days," said Mr. Andrews. "Our object in buying it is to acquire the steel, which is a fine 67-pound rail and never had a train of cars run over it. The iron will be delivered at Oxford, to be used in completing our electric road there from Oxford to Flint and Romeo to Imlay City. All the steel we have on hand will be shipped to Grand Rapids, and we expect to have a large part of the road between Grand Rapids and Holland laid this fall.

"We acquire everything connected with the road, from the spikes to the land. Two large 12-wheel Brooks engines, good as the day they were bought, costing $25,000, have been housed up all these years, and we shall sell them, together with over twenty cars—all but the forty-two miles of steel, which is a much better grade than is usually used in suburban road building and will net us a low price and immediate delivery."

## HE MUST DIE.

### Lord Roberts Confirms the Death Sentence Imposed on Lieut. Cordua.

London, Aug. 24.—A special dispatch from Pretoria, dated today, says Gen. Lord Roberts has confirmed the sentence of death imposed upon Lieut. Cordua, formerly of the Staats artillery, who was convicted of being a ringleader in the plot to abduct Gen. Roberts and kill British officers.

### HOPKINS IN LINE.

#### Gold Democrats' Former National Chairman Is For Bryan.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—John P. Hopkins, who was chairman of the gold Democratic national committee four years ago, has agreed to assist the national Democratic committee during this campaign, spending some of his time at national headquarters.

### CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

L. H. Hirschfield, ex-president of the Merchants' National bank, of Helena, Mont., was acquitted yesterday after a two-weeks' trial on the charge of making false reports to the comptroller of the currency as to the bank's condition. The verdict was found on the direction of the court, which granted the defendant's motion for an instructed verdict.

During a heavy thunder storm, the ordnance building at Fort Snelling was struck by lightning and almost totally destroyed, but the stone powder magazine, fifteen feet away, containing 22,000 pounds of powder, was uninjured.

In Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday, Paul Adams, 29 years old, shot Mary O'Brien, 40 years old, inflicting an injury that will prove fatal and then shot himself, dying instantly. The trouble was caused by jealousy. Adams had been dissipating.

The heirs of the late Senator Philetus Sawyer have organized as a company in order to keep the estate intact and handle it most advantageously.

The 3-mile sculling race between Ten Eyck and Vail, at Halifax, N. S., yesterday, was won by Ten Eyck.

#### KID GETS DECISION.

New York, Aug. 24.—For the second time within three months, Oscar Gardner, the "Omaha Kid," and Joe Bernstein, of this city, met in the ring of the Broadway Athletic club last night. On the former occasion, Bernstein was disqualified for butting in the eighteenth round, and last night he was again disqualified. He threw Gardner over his head, which was done deliberately, and Referee Foley immediately gave the bout to Gardner. This occurred in the twelfth round.

#### STILL IN NEED.

New York, Aug. 24.—The committee of 100 on India famine relief received a cablegram yesterday from William T. Fee, United States consul at Bombay, chairman of the American-Indian relief committee, which reads: "Famine distress appalling. Thousands will die of starvation unless rescued. Money is needed to buy both food and blankets. The suffering from lack of clothing is terrible. Cholera still active. The condition of destitute women and deserted children especially pitiable. Many boys and girls are in heartrending need."

### WIFE NOT AN HEIR AT LAW.

#### Important Decision Made By a Minneapolis Judge.

Minneapolis, Aug. 24.—An important decision has been made by Judge Brooks in the matter of estates, which is the first of its kind handed down in Minnesota, and is all the more interesting because it has to do with the estate of the late George A. Pillsbury.

The facts are that among the items of the will was one in which after giving large amounts to charitable institutions, the testator gave his estate in three parcels, one to his widow, and one-third each to the heirs of Fred C. Pillsbury and to C. A. Pillsbury.

There was a question arising in the minds of the executors which they could not decide, and as a result there was an amicable suit arranged, and the case was tried before Judge Brooks.

The idea was that there were heirs of Fred C. Pillsbury in the persons of children, and also a widow, Alice T. Pillsbury. Some of the executors were of the opinion that the widow was an heir, while others contended that under the Minnesota law a widow could not be an heir at law of the husband.

Judge Brooks decides the wife is not an heir at law of her husband. He files a lengthy memorandum in the case, giving his reasons for arriving at that decision.

He shows that at common law the wife has never been an heir of her husband, although in Minnesoa the wife inherits from her husband.

The memorandum explains the difference very clearly. There is a difference, he holds, between being an heir at law and inheriting under a special provision of law.

The dower of a widow, the court holds, is a provision by itself and does not constitute the wife an heir within the full meaning of the term. Many decisions are cited, in line with the decision.

The case will probably go to the supreme court, as the estate is a large one and the executors want to be absolutely certain in the matter before a settlement is made.

#### TEMPLE OF SERPENTS.

In the small town of Werda, in the kingdom of Dahomey, Western Africa, there is a temple of serpents—a long building, in which the priests keep upward of 1000 snakes of all sizes, which they feed with birds and frogs brought to them as offerings by the natives.

**Candy.** Assorted Chocolates and Bon Bons, 40c kind, pound box tomorrow— **21c**

**Candy.** 100 lbs Cream Wafers—chocolate, mint, maple and wintergreen, 25c kind, lb— **15c**

**Freimuth's**

**Fountain Pens.** The famous Parker Fountain Pens, best in the world. Tomorrow only— **89c**

**Neckwear.** 100 dozen Tecks and Four-in-hands for Ladies and Gentlemen, the 50c kind, choice— **25c**

**Specials for Saturday**

It's now the time in the year when we offen take a good round loss to close out goods in season. Such is the nature of tomorrows's bargains. What the article cost has been given little thought. What price will move them? That is the question.

Thousands and thousands of dollars worth of new Fall Merchandise here and in transit and WE MUST MAKE ROOM.

**Furnishings.**

Unmatchable sale of Men's Negligee Shirts and Underwear tomorrow. Our regular prices are at a dry goods rate of profit. See what the special sale will save you.

**50c** for Men's laundered Percale Shirts, either soft or stiff bosom, some have collars and cuffs to match. A big special tomorrow all day.

**97c** for Men's Madras, Percale and Cheviot Negligee shirts, white neck bands and one pr cuffs to match. A regular $1.25 value at this store

**25c** for Men's very fine gauge Balbriggan underwear, double seat drawers, French neck shirts, ribbed cuffs, pearl buttons, positively a regular 50c value.

**Shirt Waists Going!**

They will soon be gone. The great sale will soon be a thing of the past and those who have missed it miss the greatest money-saving bargain event of the season.

**Nearly a Thousand Waists** Were put on sale and almost a complete assortment still showing

**39c** For choice of two full piled tables of white and colored waists of every imaginable up-to-date style, waists that were 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.

**69c** For choice of two full piled tables of finest white and colored waists, not a popular style missing, waists that were $1.50, $1.75 and $2.

**Silk Waists.**

Tomorrow we offer a very special value in Ladies' Silk Waists.

30 fine Taffeta Silk Waists in black, rose, lavender, blue, red and white, all-over tucked, dress sleeve, very stylish and would be considered good value at $6.50, on sale tomor'w **$5.00**

Don't miss seeing these.

**Kid Gloves.**

Ladies' fine Kid Gloves in black, red, blues and browns, embroidered backs, two-clasp. They are fully equal to many dollar gloves, special tomor'w fitted at per pair...... **69c**

THE "MONTFORT"—Our famous $1.00 glove, nothing like it for style and quality ever sold in Duluth; colors—gray, modes, black and white, 3-clasp, embroidered backs, pair **$1.00**

**New Golf Capes--A beautiful array of popular new fall styles.**

**Stationery Bargains.**

Buy Writing Materials Tomorrow and Save Money.

300 boxes Cream Crown Standard Stationery, 25 sheets and 25 envelopes, ruled or unruled, good quality, regular at 22c per box—Saturday's price, per box........ **10c**

300 pounds "Old English Mills" extra fine writing paper in royal, octavo and commercial sizes, cream and white, plain or ruled, comes in pound packages, and worth 40c a pound, special price for tomorrow........ **22c**

Parker's Fountain Pens—The famous pocket pen, none so good, special sale Saturday at, each........ **89c**

**Silverware Savings.**

For Saturday Only.

Tea Sets—Quadruple plated, satin finished, hand engraved, all new designs, 4 pieces—coffee pot, sugar, cream, and spoon holder—good value at $12, tomorrow **$8.50**

Tea Spoons—Best quality, triple plated on nickel silver, plain, shell and chased, the kind you pay $1.75 for, half dozen tomorrow for........ **$1.38**

Sugar Spoons and Butter Knives—A very large assortment of new patterns of most reliable makes. Special sale tomorrow........ **50c**

Berry Spoons—Best quality, silver plate, stylish, up-to-date patterns, worth $1.75, tomorrow........ **$1.25**

**Sale of Jewelry.**

Hat Pins—A new assortment of fancy gilt and silver, set with jewels, also gilt and silver enameled, worth 15 and 20c; on sale tomorrow at, each........ **10c**

New Stick Pins—Rose and Egyptian gold and French gray Medallions, set with rubys, emeralds and brilliants, the new up-to-date pin, sale tomorrow at........ **25c**

New Bracelets—The new Paris Medallion Bracelet, finished in French gray and oxidized, fine clear cut Medallion, linked together with curb chain fastenings. Special Saturday sale on these Bracelets at, each........ **$1.25**

**Grand showing new advance styles in Dress Goods and Silks.**

**Shoes.**

Saturday Sale.

Never were greater values offered in the City of Duluth. Come tomorrow expecting exactly what we advertise.

**Big Special—**

All our Ladies' $3.50, $4.00 and $5.00 Tan Shoes, all this season's goods, hand-turned and heavy welt soles, all sizes and widths; tomorrow, your choice—per pair........ **$2.50**

250 pairs Ladies' latest British Last and Extension sole, $3.00 Walking Boots, all sizes 2½ to 8, all widths AA to D; Saturday, per pair........ **$1.97**

200 pairs Ladies' new Fall firm vici kid Shoes, soft pliable soles, cork insole, made to sell at $2 a pair; Saturday—per pair........ **$1.50**

Child's 85c Black and Tan Vici Kid Spring Heel Shoes, button and lace, sizes 5 to 8; Saturday reduced to........ **50c**

Child's Tan Shoes in lace and button, sizes 8½ to 2; Saturday—per pair........ **89c**

All our Little Gents' Tan Kid and Calf $1.25 and $1.50 Shoes, sizes 9 to 13½; closing Saturday at........ **95c**

Ladies' $4.00 and $5.00 Shoes in sizes 2½ to 4, on Bargain Table at, per pair........ **50c**

**Saturday Sale--Perfumery Drugs and Toilet Articles.**

HESS' EXTRACTS—Floral odors of Carnation Pink, Blush Rose, Pansy Blossom, Heliotrope and Clover Blossom, fragrant and lasting, drug stores' 65c quality—Saturday, our price, per oz.... **42c**

ALEXANDER'S QUADRUPLE EXTRACTS—White Rose, Jockey Club, Apple Blosom, Orange Blossom, Violet, Lily of the Valley and Heliotrope—the usual 40c article, Saturday our price, an oz...... **25c**

TETLOW'S BORATED TALCUM POWDER—25c boxes, Saturday at........ **12½c**

CALDER'S TOOTH POWDER—25c bottle Saturday for........ **17c**

25c box of Swans' Down Face Powder........ **12½c**

$1.00 bottle Hall's Vegetable Hair Renewer........ **69c**

$1.00 bottle S. S. S. Blood Purifier........ **69c**

$1.00 size bottle Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil........ **59c**

50c bottle of Richard's Fig Cordial........ **39c**

25c bottle Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup........ **17c**

25c bottle of Listerine at........ **19c**

Your choice of Tar, Glycerine, Buttermilk, White Rose and Oatmeal Soaps, worth from 5c to 10c a cake; Saturday— **6 cakes for 25c**

25c bar of "4711" Toilet Soap Saturday........ **15c**

Amber, Celluloid and Imported Tortoise Combs, worth 35c each—Saturday........ **21c**

**Hosiery and Underwear Clearing.**

Summer Weight Goods Must be Sold. Come to Buy Tomorrow.

Ladies' very elastic and well shaped fast Black Hose, with double sole, regular price 12½c; Saturday 3 pairs for 25c; single pair for........ **8⅓c**

Ladies' fast Black and Tan Hose, double sole and high-spliced heels; 20c values at........ **12½c**

About 30 dozen Ladies' extra fine Hermsdorf dyed fast black Hose—Plain Black or split double soles and heels, very elastic top, regularly sold at 45c a pair; Saturday, 3 pairs for $1.00...... **3 pairs for $1.00**

Ladies' 12½c Richelieu ribbed Ecru Vests, no sleeves, on sale tomorrow at 3 pairs for 25c, or each........ **8⅓c**

Ladies' 20c very fine Richelieu Ribbed Cotton Vests, wide lace and tape trimmed, each........ **12½c**

**Mercerized Vests.**

One case Ladies' Mercerized Silk Vests, with low square neck, nicely trimmed with fine lace and ribbon, regularly worth 50c, for........ **25c**

See them in main entrance window.

About 50 dozen Ladies' extra fine Lisle Thread Vests, in White and Ecru, Silk trimmed, high-neck and short sleeves; these are extra nice and regularly worth 55c; on sale tomorrow at, each........ **39c**

**Pedestrienne Skirts.**

We are showing the very latest in up-to-date Walking and Rainy Day Skirts. Three big values Saturday at $3.75, $6.00 and $8.50.

Ladies' Mixed Gray Homespuns Walking Skirts, unlined Plaid Back, rows of stitching at bottom, very stylish and should be $5—special Saturday at....... **$3.75**

Ladies' Blue Gray Mixed Golfing Cloth Pedestrienne Skirts, inverted plait back, ten rows stitching at bottom, elegantly tailored, worth $8; special tomorrow at........ **$6.00**

Ladies' Oxford Gray Plaid back Golfing Cloth Walking Skirts, stitched seams, inverted plait back, buttons in front, 12 rows stitching—a $10 Skirt; Saturday at........ **$8.50**

**Economy in the Daylight Basement Tomorrow.**

Duluth's Greatest Housefurnishing and Decorative Department.

**Dinnerware—**

Get posted where to buy your Dinnerware. We certainly have the newest line; also the largest selection to be found in the city, 32 open-stock patterns to select from.

100-piece Haviland China, beautiful Pink Rose Decorations and new shapes, per set..... **$55.00**

100-piece Haviland China Dinner Sets, Holly decorations, tinted with gold, a beauty, per set........ **$49.95**

100-piece Haviland China, dark Rose decorations, the latest shape, only........ **$35.95**

MASON PATENT FRUIT JARS—The old reliable kind, with Porcelain-lined caps, don't be fooled with aluminum caps and spoil your fruit—

Pints, per dozen........ 53c

Quarts, per dozen........ 63c

Half gallons, per dozen........ 83c

Three bbls Rubber Rings—per dozen........ 2c

10 bbls Crystal Glass Tumblers, regular price 35c a doz at—each........ 1½c

(Limit one dozen to customer.)

**Visit Our Art Rooms.**

Just received, a large shipment of Tortuca and Olympia ware; the best imitation of Rookwood in the world.

12 doz Tortuca Vases, assorted shapes, worth up to $1.00—special each........ **65c**

15 dozen Glazed Jardinieres, 10-inch size, pretty tints, worth $1.75, at—each— **$1.19**

A Table lot of Fancy Glass and China Novelties, such as Creamers, Olive Dishes, Tumblers, Fruit Saucers, Pick Holders, Vases and many other things, worth 15c; special low price for tomorrow........ **7c**

**Housefurnishing Dept.**

Just received a full line of the new idea Iron preserving Kettles, white enameled lining, the only thing for preserving Fruits; special tomorrow—

| No. 5 | No. 6 | No. 7 | No. 8 |
|---|---|---|---|
| 43c | 53c | 59c | 63c |

| No. 10 | No. 12 | No. 14 |
|---|---|---|
| 68c | 73c | 83c |

HEAVY TIN COLANDERS—

15c size, tomorrow each........ 10c

20c size, tomorrow each........ 15c

GO-CARTS AND BABY CARRIAGES Just a few left to be closed out at less than cost.

10 dozen Alcohol Lamps, worth 19c each; special each........ **10c**

PAT'D. ... 30, 82 PAT'D. FEB. 13, 83

A Few Hammocks left to be closed out **at 25 per cent off**

10 cases of Best on Earth Sad Irons, 3 irons, handle and stand, special, per set........ **98c**

17 dozen Pancake Turners—special tomorrow at........ **3c**

Challenge Clothes Wringers, worth $1.75; tomorrow, each— **98c**

BALL BEARING

6 dozen Spading Forks, the regular price is 75c; tomorrow, each........ **58c**

20 dozen Nickel-plated Table Bells, worth 35c; tomorrow each........ **19c**

**Trunk Department.**

The largest line of Trunks in the city—Prices the lowest.

30-inch Trunks, fancy metal covered, round top, set up tray, with covered bonnet box, special low price........ **$2.98**

6 dozen Valises 16-inch heavy grain leather, sewed ends, English handles, leatherette lined, worth $3.50; special each........ **$2.19**

# A REFRESHING VISION

## The Golf Girl In White With Only a Cooling Touch of Green Is a Pleasing Sight.

### The Khaki Suits Are Less Expensive.

### New Electricity Cloth Popular as Panne.

New York, Aug. 22.—The golfing girl goes on the fair green in white, chiefly, and if she affects a touch of color, it is just a touch, and to pink or green she gives her preference. There is a sketch of a typical, bare-headed putting championess given this week that brings out strongly the points her admirable type so loves to emphasize. She is all in white, save for tiny green lines striping her French linen shirt waist. Her skirt is of white jeans, one of the new wash skirtings of this season, and her necktie is in the coachman's plastron shape, of white linen birdseye. In her cuffs are little green enamel links, and she is a refreshing vision to the heated eye as she floats like a cloud over the green links that serve to set her off.

### THE KHAKI GIRL.

The woman in white has a rival, and only one. She is the girl who affects mohair and golfs in very interesting khaki brown, blue and green mohair suits, all strapped and stitched, and she argues that she is as pleasant a figure to contemplate and far, far less expensive. Her light weight, cool gowns shed the dust and grime, while the pique sylph is the bondwoman of her laundress. It is a well known fact that the amount of money and cajolery necessary during a single summer to persuade one's washwoman to keep one's wardrobe up to the mark would suffice to purchase a house and lot. When at one summer resort last month the nine madonnas of the tub struck work, not for higher wages, but for a needed rest, 10 per cent of the young ladies of the hotel were obliged to remain in their rooms until the laundressses' rest was over and wringers and irons were hard at it again.

This is not the way with the mohair-clad maiden, for her shirt waist and her Tam O'Shanter are made of the same goods as her skirt, and, though her apparel is guaranteed to wash like a tea cup, it only goes to the tub once in the season.

### FOR THE GIRL WHO CLIMES.

Up in the mountain fastnesses when mohair and pique are laid by for the easy joys of a climbing toilet, some interesting vagaries of fashion are made manifest. For instance it is a novel bit of coquetry to wear mountain dresses of gray blue twilled French flannel, the skirt cut and finished like a golf petticoat and heavily corded with six close set cordings at the top of the deep hem. This skirt comes barely to the knees, while the bloomers beneath it fit over them with straps and buckles, clasping the leg just below the knees. These bloomers are not very full, nor does their fullness fall so far over the strap as to obscure the fact that it is in reality a wash silk garter which holds the bottom of the bloomer and top of hose firmly together, and at the outside of the leg a small buckle of brilliants twinkles.

Sometimes the buckles are square, sometimes oblong, and very often heart shaped, and to set off their brightness, the garter is of black or dark blue. Of course the metal setting of the brilliants has to be occasionally rubbed up with a powder to preserve it from the dust of long tramps up the hillside.

Dozens of pretty girls who dearly love the water, but none the less mean to preserve the whiteness of their arms, wear short sleeved bathing dresses with long white or black lisle gloves, and a girl in white, with black hose and gloves and a black head handkerchief is a striking object.

They do, by the way, make very pretty head dresses for bathers, and why they never thought to do so before is a mystery no woman can solve. Hitherto sea nymphs bought oiled silk mobcaps, over which they tied such handkerchiefs as their taste suggested. [illegible]is season in the shops they sell the [illegible] chic and becoming waterproof cap[illegible] that give one the suspicion that t[illegible]ne from Trouville or Dinard by the way of Paris. The waterproof frame of the cap fits the head closely, and then on this is disposed peach red wash silk in loops and folds, concluding in a bow and ends in front, or a lovely Persian patterned handkerchief is twisted with infinite taste about an oiled silk crown, its ends brought to the crown of the head and gathered into a quaint top knot. Some of these caps, let it be softly whispered, are fringed at back and front with inexpensive curls that soften the framing of the face, and yet save the wearer's own valuable and possibly straight h[illegible] from injurious contact with the wa[illegible]

### WHAT TO BUY IN THE DOG[illegible]

The emptiness of the shops [illegible] supply in actual excess of the de[illegible] has run the price of foulards down [illegible] point where the best of these always [illegible] tractive silks is within the reach of a[illegible] woman. The very fact that the merchants are sacrificing this stock seems ominous of a marked change in the manufacture of light silks. Very evidently foulards have run their course, and the weavers are about to spring a novelty on us. Be that as it may, a good foulard is a valuable possession, and now is the time to make two dollars cover the ground of six, and if anybody wants to know what to do with a soft silk, let her cast her eye on the group sketch of which the chief figure is a girl in soap bubble patterned foulard. The charming silk waist is set on a yoke of white muslin relieved by ruchings, and white muslin flounces adorn the bottom of the skirt. A skillful amateur could very easily make a gown on this model with her own hands.

There is another dress in this group that shows into what white serge can be wrought. Some of these serges have a strong infusion of silk in thin warp or woof, and they are made attractive with stitchings in white or in colors.

They say, the wise ones, that in this first autumn of our new century we are booked to wear strange dress waists cut very like the coats of men's evening suits, with what are called shawl revers, and tremendously long tails, somewhat on the style of Directory coats that can be recalled as very much the mode ten years ago. We are also promised shorter skirts and wider hat brims, and sleeves showing plainer and closer on the shoulder and bigger and fuller down by the waist. Amid these rumors is one to the effect that red in many tones will be the winter color. All these are but rumors, however, and what stands as a fact is the successful invention of a new goods called electricity cloth, because it owes its being to the genius of our new found force. It is a cloth with a pile like velvet, and bound to have a larger following than has been given to the popular panne, which this new goods is not the least like.

### FLOUNCED SUNSHADE.

A new flounced sunshade is composed of four full deep frills of white silk muslin, set on a white frame, and every frill edged with a clear corn flower blue satin selvage. Parasols of the same type can be had in pale green, with deep leaf green satin or watered selvages. The most serviceable parasols are made of a new material, heavily oiled Japanese paper, in rich cream tones and fancifully figured in very Japonesque designs. They resist the effect of sea air and the color devouring glance of the sun. You can e'en bathe them in the briny deep and their shining skins of oil save them from the least suits, with what are called shawl revers. harm. That is why the inexpensive summer girl affords two or three of them, because they cost very little, and some of them are as artistic as a good piece of real old blue, or a musmee kimono.

A very handsome reception gown is made of printed foulard in blue and white. The bodice is of cluny guipure, laid in a series of three rows over the gilet, which is itself almost hidden by a deep fichu of tulle bordered with a narrow row of chiffon ruching matching the color of the figure in the silk. The overskirt, which falls over a skirt of striped silk, is bordered with cluny lace. The sleeves are cut to the elbow and festooned with lace.

A very elegant gown suitable for dinner or theater wear is of white silk gauze, painted with garlands of flowers and inset with medallions of lace. The same effect might be obtained at less expense by the use of flowered silk. The bodice is shaped with a short bolero cut in zigzag pattern around the lower edge and trimmed about the entire border with insertions of lace and chiffon ruching. A pointed collar trims the jacket, and the leaves are brought to the elbow, from which point a flounce of ruching bordered chiffon falls over the upper part of the forearm. The blouse is composed of gauffered gauze and guipure insertion. The girdle consists of folded yellow silk muslin clasped by a pearl buckle.

There seems to be no end to the artistic possibilities of the foulard gown. A notable achievement in the dressmaking art is a gown of red foulard, with various sizes of fringed spots in white. The skirt is laid in plaits, the upper part smoothly stitched down and the lower part floating out just above the knees. The bodice is draped over an empiecement of guipure to form a shield shaped trimming in the front and a short bolero at the sides and back. A deep drapery of lace falls over the satin corselet. The sleeves in the upper part are composed of silk, with plaited bands of the satin below, and puffs of white chiffon expanding from these to the wrists.

NEW FRONTS FOR STREET GOWNS.

Tailor gowns with bolero or jacket bodices depend on the fronts worn with them for their becomingness. The first sketch shows a front for a low bolero. It is made of soft mull with applications of lace, run through with black velvet, and a lace ruffle. The second model is an ecru mull embroidered with red and blue. The full front is added to a pointed yoke.

FRENCH FROCK FOR INFORMAL DINNERS.

This charming gown, so simple in appearance is in truth one of the most intricate efforts in the sartorial art, and one that is peculiarly successful. The material is white mousseline elaborately shirred and inserted with lace. A graceful floral garniture of colored chiffon leaves and flowers, charmingly appliqued forms the decorative scheme of the bodice and skirt, and the wide ceinture of satin is of a like shade to the dainty pink roses.

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## PECULIAR RENTALS'

### How Many Valuable Estates Are Held In England.

A banner is presented yearly to the sovereign by the Duke of Marlborough, at Windsor Castle, on Aug. 2, the anniversary of the Battle of Blenheim. The banner is the rent paid by the Duke of Marlborough to the sovereign for the Manor of Woodstock.

A banner is also presented annually to the sovereign at Windsor castle by the duke of Welling[illegible] on June 18, and is the rent by whi[illegible]uccessors of the Iron Duke hol[illegible]ldsaye, which the nation p[illegible]eir ancestor as a rewar[illegible] at Waterloo.

Some [illegible] flowers, espec[illegible]n the co[illegible] rose [illegible]y com[illegible]nd is still [illegible]nt of a red [illegible]. Sometimes [illegible] at a time when [illegible]lly grown. One [illegible]d land from the earl [illegible]ving a chaplet of roses [illegible] while at Brookhouse, in Y[illegible]e rent paid consisted of a re[illegible] Christmas and a snowball at [illegible]ummer. This rent was only changed to 1 shilling a year during the present century.

Land was held at Kingston, in Surrey, at a rental of three clove gilliflowers, to be presented at the king's coronation. This rent has also been changed into 1 shilling a year.

Peppercorn rents are very common throughout England, especially in building leases, where, for the first year or two, a nominal rent of one peppercorn is payable. At Highgate, in the county of Denbigh, that rent has been paid since 1602. At King's Brome, in Warwickshire, a peppercorn rent has taken the place of a pair of tongs, which formerly had to be given yearly as rent for certain lands. So for land at Wakefield the peppercorn has taken the place of an annual rent of 1000 clusters of nuts. Two farms at Carlcoats, in Yorkshire, which not long ago paid as rent, the one a right-hand and the other a left-hand glove, now pay 1 shilling yearly, the other a peppercorn.

Every year the following quaint ceremonial is gone through at the royal courts of justice on account of land which the city of London rents from the crown. The scene of the ceremony is the queen's remembrancers' room, which is a court for the time being.

Proclamation is made by the crier for the following service:

"Oyez, oyez, oyez! Tenants and occupiers of a piece of waste land called the Moors, in the county of Salop, come forth and do your service upon pain and peril that shall fall thereon."

Then the senior alderman below the chair or the city solicitor cuts one faggot with a hatchet and another with a billock

The following proclamation is next made by the crier of the court:

"Oyez, oyez, oyez! Tenants and occupiers of a certain tenement called the Forge, in the parish of St. Clement Danes, in the county of Middlesex, come forth and do your service."

Then the alderman or city solicitor counts a number of horseshoes, and is questioned by the queen's remembrancer thus: "How many have you?" "Six shoes." Then the alderman or city solicitor counts the nails. "How many have you?" "Sixty-one nails." "Good number."

These performances having been carried through in lieu of rent, the queen's remembrancer is satisfied with her majesty's tenants.

Land in Terring, in Sussex, is rented by doing certain work by the rod, which is called rod gravel. Prid gravel is the term given to a rent paid by the people of Rodeley, in Gloucestershire, for the lamprey fishing in certain parts of the River Severn. The tenants of Monkton Home, by way of rent, render annually to Eton college 1 shilling in money, one day's work at harvest time and one fat capon at Christmas.

A statute of Queen Elizabeth, which is still in force, directs, in regard to certain leases held by the colleges at Oxford and by Eton and Windsor, that one-third of the rent should be reserved in wheat or malt, at the rate of 6s 8d for each quarter of wheat, and 5s for each quarter of malt.

Land of Carlton, in Norfolk, was held by a tenure of carrying twenty-four pasties of fresh herrings to the king annually, but was commuted into a nominal money payment during the eighteenth century; and so were such queer rents as keeping a kennel of harriers for the king, supplying the king with gerfalcons annually, or keeping one falcon until it could fly.

At Gidding Manor, for land now held at a quit rent, the tenant was formerly obliged to hunt the fox and cat and drive away all vermin.

At Burg, in Salop, there still exists a curious payment on the death of a tenant, consisting of his best beast, a side of bacon, a young cock, a whole piece of cloth and a small barrel of ale.

A certain "common informer," who lived under the Stuarts, died and left money and lands to one of the great city companies for schools and other charitable purposes. He directed in his will that his body should be kept above ground in such a way that it could be seen through glass, and that the governing body of the company should, each year, under penalty of forfeiting the property, visit his tomb and see the body. This visitation is still carried out every year.

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### BELLED A RAT.

Never since the days of the Pied Piper has there been such excitement in the kingdom of the rodents; never has there been such a wholesale hegira of rats, great and small; such a general and widespread weeding out of rats, and all because of a tintinabulating sleigh bell. The Carpenter Steel works, where they make great projectiles and greater guns for use of Uncle Sam, long was overrun with rats, says a Reading, Pa., correspondent of the New York Herald. There were thousands of them. Their boldness was unexampled. They helped themselves to the workingmen's dinners, they ransacked their pockets, they even chewed their tobacco. They laughed at traps. They jeered at cats. Even a 9-inch gun and a 1000-pound projectile had no terrors for them.

But one morning John Anderson, a workman, caught a lively and overbold specimen and tied a sleigh bell to its neck. Then he let it loose. It scampered away in real alarm. As it ran the bell tinkled. The more the bell tinkled the faster the rat ran. The faster the rat ran the louder and livelier the bell tinkled. Finally the rat leaped through a hole in the floor, while the eternal tinkle still pursued him.

Here he must have met other rats and frightened them, for they came rushing out pell mell. There was a helter-skelter mob of them—a wild, riotous crew, a frenzied caravan. Dashing through the puddling department and nearly plunging into the furnace of seething metal they made for the river.

A few of them managed to swim to land and drag themselves out, but the rest were drowned. There isn't a rat about the whole place.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher.

National Encampment G. A. R.
Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.
$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

$22--Toronto and Return--$22.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

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# Under Fire In Tien-Tsin.

## Thrilling Story By Frederick Palmer, Special Correspondent of Collier's Weekly With the Allied Army.

Tien Tsin, June 29.—It was dark before the tug approached Tien Tsin. Just outside the town we passed another launch, or rather a small steamer, which had on board the wounded of Admiral Seymour's force. Their work in the war with China was over and they were returning to their ships. A Russian pontoon bridge prevented our tug from going as far as the young naval officer who commanded her expected to go. He tried to get the Russian sentry to make an opening for him; he might as well have asked the Sphinx to conjugate understand in English. This allied army is a babel of tongues; a Midway Plaisance of civilized racial characteristics.

I struck our across the pontoon bridge into the European settlement to seek the American consulate and information as to where I could get a night's lodging, and to call on Capt. McCalla. A Russian officer, with three Cossacks and a Chinese cart behind him, came trotting alone on a cream-colored pony. He invited me to throw my blanket roll into his cart and he started out to show me to my destination. He was a little mixed on his topography, and eventually a citizen told us that the street which we were following led in the opposite direction from the consulate. The officer would take no excuse. "Americans and Russians ought to be good friends," he said. He, his cart, his Cossacks and his pony (which he had captured from a Chinese general he told me) escorted me to the very gate of the consulate, one of the Cossacks insisting, in rough good-nature, upon taking my blanket roll up on the porch, where the consul, Mr. Ragsdale, was resting from the worries of the siege. Capt. McCalla was asleep, he said. He reiterated what I had already heard on all sides—the admiration which our sailormen of Seymour's force had won from all the foreigners. An orderly came with a message for the captain, and, when the consul woke him up, he received me.

The last time that I had seen the captain was at Aparri, where he had given a tired correspondent an American breakfast which had made that correspondent feel as if he were something of a man again. Before I left his room it was long after midnight. The story of the expedition which set out to rescue Pekin and had difficulty to rescue itself as he told it to me I will relate in a later article. Suffice it that he left out three important facts. One was that he was shot through the flesh of the back, the second that a shell wounded him in two places, the third that he went on directing his men on the firing line without stopping "for repairs," and hobbled into Tien Tsin at their head.

### DODGING SHELLS AT TIEN TSIN.

In Tien Tsin, evening of the 8th of July. The explosion of that particular shell left too much dust in my typewriter for me to write a long letter tonight. Besides, it is trying to dodge shells, and I am tired. I will undertake, instead of a letter, to copy from my diary a record of some of the events of the last three days in a town manned by the troops of the eight foremost nations of the world, which has been all but besieged by—well, by the Chinese.

July 5.—We were awakened at 5 this morning by the booming of guns. We could discern that they were fired from our side, and that was extremely comforting. Beyond and above all things, we need guns which will carry as far as those of the Chinese. The different forces which are here all expected a route march to Pekin, and came equipped accordingly—without heavy guns. We have seen the result of the attempt of the Japanese battery three days ago with their little mountain guns to silence the eight guns which the Chinese placed on our flank at the railway bridge, thereby making life tenable on our pontoon bridge, in the railway roundhouse and the limits of our line across the river only under cover. The Mikado's men are very brave. They handle their fine little brass guns jauntily and well—but their shells did not reach the enemy, while the enemy's shells put thirteen of their sixty gunners out of action before the Japanese had used up their ammunition, and had to give up the position. They placed their guns in the open where the Chinese gunners could distinguish the figures of the artillerymen, while the Chinese guns were well masked behind mud embrasures. That is not characteristic of the Japanese alone. The average foreign officer cannot accustom himself to the idea that once a shot is fired at him the Chinaman is going to run away.

### "FROM LADYSMITH TO PEKIN."

The guns, whose full-throated voices ushered in the dawn, were the same 12-pounders which helped to save Ladysmith. The blue-jackets who man them have painted on their improvised carriages, which Capt. Percy Scott designed, "From Ladysmith to Pekin." They were placed at the foot of the west wall, on the other side of the town from the Chinese batteries at the railway bridge. If the Terrible's gunners could not see their target, they had the advantage of being out of the enemy's reach as well as his sight. The gunners were given the range from the signal tower of Gordon Hall, the highest building in town. After every shot, the flag passed the word as to how many yards and in which direction the shell had gone astray.

Meanwhile the Chinese guns by the railway bridge attended strictly to their knitting. They could not fire at the 12-pounder when they did not know where it was, and so they kept on firing at the railway station whenever they could see anything worth a shell. Wandering to the Bund, which is the thoroughfare along the quay here, I saw sixty or seventy white women and children embarking in an old lighter for Taku, where they will take transportation to any place of refuge they can reach. Then I went up to the pontoon bridge, which supplants for military purposes the bridge that was destroyed during the siege of Tien Tsin before its relief. This is the region of the French concession.

You took a rickshaw along the Rue de Chemin de Fer in the old days, when the traders of Tien Tsin sold modern arms and ammunition to the Chinese and thought that one white man could lick the empire with a stick. Now you go up the Rue de Chemin de Fer on foot, with bullets from the snipers in the salt piles across the stream smacking against the brick and stone walls of the houses which are uninhabited ruins honeycombed by fragments of shells. After their gunnery, the greatest enlightenment that has been vouchsafed us about the Chinese by recent events is the great availability of pagodas for signal and watch towers. From the pagoda beyond the railway bridge the heathen lookout man can see any movement of importance by our troops.

### ADMIRAL SEYMOUR FINDS THE "OPEN DOOR."

During the bombardment, Admiral Seymour happened to be going the rounds of the defences just as I was crossing the pontoon bridge. He came through a hole made in the roundhouse by a Chinese shell. Three or four persons were not enough to attract the attention of more than the snipers. Shortly after the admiral came a part of the British-Chinese regiment, which has been recruited and drilled at Wei-hai-Wei. That was game worth the bagging, and the Chinese gunners sent some shells after their countrymen from Shantung in short order.

They burst beautifully over the bridge, but a little too late, for the target was already on the other side.

By this time I was inside the roundhouse at the railway station, looking at the rents which had been made by shells from the railway bridge battery. There was not a square yard of the wall toward the batteries which had not a fracture. I had just stepped outside and sat down to chat with one of the officers in command of the Hong Kong native Indian regiment, when bang-smash! went a shell against the other wall, and fragments of shell and brick were driven through the tin roof, already as full of holes as a pepper cover. Barring the dust and the noise, we were not inconvenienced, as the shell had not enough force to carry it through the second wall after bursting upon contact with the first. Then, on top of the other, bang-smash! came a second in nearly the same spot. We were not, though we decidedly seemed to be, nearer to death than the man who looks down into the street from one of New York's skyscrapers. Her majesty's big Pataans and Punjaubis were lying under the shade of matting shelters behind their works, some chatting and some sleeping; the standing orders to all British troops being not to fire unless there is a general attack. The day before, two of the Indians had been killed and four wounded, all by sniping rifle-fire, when they exposed themselves either in going or coming on an errand or unnecessarily. On the other hand, it seems to be a matter of conscience with the French to fire away their ammunition as quickly as they can. The regular French troops here are from Saigon in Indo-China, and without exception the dirtiest that we have. A Turk or a ragamuffin of the quays in Naples could not have less sympathy with sanitary or personal cleanliness. They are recruited from the canaille of the Southern provinces, and naturally do not compare very well with the French troops that you see in France.

### PALMER IN A HOT CORNER.

The second shell to hit the roundhouse seemed to be the last, and so my companion and myself started back to town. We had gone only a few yards when we changed our plans abruptly. Crock-ung! split the air over our heads, and thriz-z-z! fragments flew about. There was a trench at our feet, and we dropped into it without stopping for consultation. "The Chinks," as everybody calls the enemy, had concluded to drop a little steel on the inner side of the roundhouse, on the speculation that there might be something there worth wrecking, wounding or killing. "One—two—three," in the regular order of fire, are usually all they put into one spot, unless it is a battery. So, after the third, we went our way in peace back to the Concession without any unpleasant reminders except a few stray bullets.

The great incident of the afternoon comes to me by report and not by observation. Mr. Cossack, who, they say, would like to get the railway out of English control, already occupies the line in an attitude of "nine points of the law." There were two locomotives at the station which had not yet been damaged by shell fire. The Russians, with four field guns and a skirmish line, started out toward the railway bridge batteries as if they meant to take them at any cost. As soon as the Russians were in range the Chinese guns opened with all their might. The Russians seemed to fall back, and the Chinese thought they had won a great victory, until they happened to look over toward the railway station. There they saw two locomotives manned by Russians, with three flat cars, making from the station to safety down the line toward Tongku. They turned their guns and trained them with most praiseworthy agility on the real enemy. They dropped shells all around those locomotives as they flew out of range, without hitting them or harming a hair of the Cossacks' heads. It was a pleasant trick for the Russian general to play, and the manning of the train a fine thing for the Cossack to do. With all his rough edges, you yet grow fond of the Cossack. He is blue-eyed and light-haired—and that is a great deal—a born joker, ready to fight anything, used to brown bread and hardship, not knowing as luxuries the necessities of our own troops, muscular as a Viking, and altogether the happiest soldier in the world.

We have had a few more shells than yesterday. Only half an hour ago one passed the window at a rate of speed which suggested that it was in a hurry to overtake a man down the road.

### THE JAPS START AFTER THE "CHINKS."

July 6.—Up to 10:30 a. m. we had peace. That is, the four big guns of position in the native city restricted their attention to the other end of town. At 10:30, they paid their compliments to us for fifteen minutes. At 11, the spick and span Japanese pony batteries, ammunition, guns, extra parts, spades and medical attachment started out toward the west wall. The Chinese signalmen saw them. Two or three shells went over their heads and then came one just between ours and our neighbor's house, and threw up a spout of dust a few yards to one side of the ammunition train. Three horses went down; two from fright and one from wounds. That was all the damage done, except a stampede which the little Japs controlled with the deftness that characterizes all they do as soldiers. If that shell had struck on the macadamized street itself just in front of the train its power for evil would have been terrible. In one instance, it spends itself in the turf; in the other, it scoops up a quantity of fragments of rock which it turns into missiles that fly forward with its own segments and bullets.

Not long after the Japs went out, we heard that the 12-pounders were going to turn their shells on the native city at 2 p. m. with a view to firing it. Evidently, Admiral Seymour has overcome his qualms of conscience about the property of foreigners and the women and children in Tien-Tsin. It is unpleasant to think of shells falling in any place where there are women and children, whether heathen or not. But the Chinese have been throwing shells among the white women and children of Tien-Tsin for over two weeks. The foreign-owned property is insignificant beside the increase in the expenditure of lives and money by allowing the Chinese to get too good an opinion of himself.

At 2, the correspondents were on the roof of the German club. An hour's shelling put shell after shell into west gates from the British 12-pounders, and some into the native city itself from the guns which the French have in their concession. Two fires were started. Instead of spreading, as we expected, they went out. At least the viceroy, laughing at our generosity as weakness, will no longer sit in his yamen attending to business in peace and quiet while the four guns of position in the native city are heaving shells into the concession and killing soldiers in their barracks as they have today. One shell, by the way, struck in the "go-down" occupied by our marines. It dropped a girder in the laps of two of the men and bricks into the laps of others, but injured nobody.

There is talk that the Chinese may attack tomorrow.

### WAYS OF THE BESIEGERS.

July 7.—Shelling as usual. No attack materialized. Apparently the Chinese are moving aroundo on our western front to try to invest the city. With the additional imperial troops that have arrived, they may have the men to do it, if they know how. The Japanese cavalry on a reconnoissance developed the enemy in the neighborhood of Dedring's house, which means the enemy extended his lines two miles overnight. I was going out there this morning to try to buy some vegetables from Chinese gardeners who hang around at some little distance from the wall at the risk of being shot by our sentries while waiting for customers to come. The reason why we are still living on bread and canned goods is therefore apparent. This afternoon, from the wall, our glasses revealed to us a number of men working on what seemed to be the embrasure for a gun near Dedring's house, and also the banners of either troops or Boxers to the south of it. This little demonstration has set us all to thinking. Our enemy has to go only a little further to have his left rest on the river which is our connection, with steam tugs and lighters, with our base at Tongku and Taku. The reconstruction of the railway from Tongkp to Tien Tsin is not further along than it was a week ago. As yet we have no telegraph line to Tongku. It is out of the question to say that anyone of the eight nations—if we make two or three continental exceptions—is not more enterprising than this when working alone. At the same time the poor tools that we have at hand brings up again the ever dominant fact that what we have here is not an army, but some soldiers and marines sent by their several countries to march to Pekin. Now we are preparing to "begin all over again," and when we do, and begin right, we shall make short shrift of our enemy, we think.

Personally, I am more interested at this moment in the precise hour that the guns near Dedring's house will open fire. With the shells coming from two directions into this part of town, our position is not comfortable. The house which I am occupying is the only one in the neighborhood which has not been hit at least once. We are boasting a good deal about our luck and Chinese recognition of privileges of the press.

### 3-CORNERED ARTILLERY DUEL.

July 8—The guns near Dedring's house officially announced their existence this morning. As soon as the 12-pounders began shooting into the native city, they began shooting at the 12-pounders, picking up the range quickly and landing one sharpnel so well that one blue-jacket was killed and two wounded. A Japanese battery and the British Native Indian Sikh battery from Hong Kong chimed in, to protect the 12-pounder from being harrassed by small bites while it was attending to a bigger foe. The Japs' practice was excellent, the Sikhs' very good; and they forced the Chinese to stop firing. At no time, however, had we been able to see the Chinese guns, which seemed to be masked behind a little roll of ground.

There has been a good deal said about the superiority of the Chinese marksmanship to ours. That is "talk." They have guns of position, have been weeks studying the ranges, have better observation towers, better marks as well as bigger guns than we. The greatest excellence of the Chinese as a soldier man, their foreign instructors tell us, is in gunnery. That appeals to their instinct for firing at the enemy at long range and never coming to close quarters with him. They have only to throw a shell into a town in order to make somebody feel it; and heaving shells into town is precisely what they are doing; and then they have three ranges well placed from their battery at the railway bridge. Yet they have fired a hundred shells at one of the biggest buildings in town, which is occupied by the Japanese infantry as barracks, without hitting it once, and only making it extremely warm for the houses in the rims of the target. In his distribution of fire, the Chinese gunner is sadly at fault.

At 4 o'clock all four of the guns in the native city were turned on this section of town. One of the first struck the macadamized road which has been my terror. Four pieces of it burst, as it ricochetted from the road, caught a Japanese soldier who was passing, and he fell like a log of wood, blood gushing from his wounds, in view of my window. Other fragments struck the house, some carrying fifty yards from the point of bursting. I had barely returned from the back door to see where the fragments had struck our house when bang! and our house was so full of dust that it choked me and forced me to fall back for a moment before I could go upstairs to see if the explosion had ignited anything. Luckily it had not, inasmuch as five of its fragments had entered the water-tank whose contents were intended for such occasions. The shell, a 3-inch one, entered through the wooden casing of the upstairs window of the hallway. The first object that it struck was a wooden knob on the banisters, which was knocked into splinters a good deal finer than toothpicks. At this point it exploded, part of the fragments going upstairs and part through the floor downstairs, tearing through doors, floors and plaster as if they were paper. Yet you might have sat at one place on the stairs and not been hit. In another position you would have had sixteen wounds. We inhabitants of the house are very proud of the burst, which is said to be one of the finest "spreads" in town. Seventy-nine fragments and segments were picked up in the house, to say nothing of some that passed on through the house out of doors.

Altogether it has been the hottest day of shelling that Tien Tsin has known. The officers of the Terrible say that it was never so bad at Ladysmith. We must move soon, unless we want our communications cut and this sort of thing to keep up. It looks as if the different commands will agree long enough for common defence if not offence.

### SUCCESSFUL SORTIE OF THE ALLIES

Postscript on July 9.—We did move, I hasten to add. This morning, before daybreak, the 1000 Japanese, 700 British, 100 American marines and others, with the 600 Russians as reserve and the Japanese cavalry protecting the flanks, were in extended order outside the Taku gate. The Japanese advanced their light field guns with their infantry in rushes, which went over the plain as nonchalantly as if 3000 of Gen. Nieh's troops were not in their way. The Chinese began running as soon as we began firing. The Japanese infantry captured the four guns which had been enfilading the 12-pounders' position and five banners. The cavalry ran through and through a party of Boxers, cutting them to pieces in the most approved style. By 9:30 the Japanese flag was over the West Arsenal, which was reached by the Japs and marines about the same time. Thus the danger of having our communications cut is cleared away for the present.

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$14---Detroit and Return---$14
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Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,
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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# Titled Dames at the Tiller.

## Yachting Now the Rage In the British Isles and All Swell Society Women Are In the Swim.

BY GEORGIANA TWEEDY BARBER.

London, Aug. 10.—The attraction which yachting possesses for the gentle sex just now is phenomenal. Ever since Lady Brassey made the famous voyage around the world in the Sunbeam the popularity of yachting has been growing with Englishwomen, and of all the invitations which an excuse is likely to be framed for one declining a call to join a yachting party is likely to be least sought for.

Sir Thomas Lipton's yachting parties always bring together the nicest kind of people, and it is a well known fact that you can nearly always get guests to your yacht who would probably not come to your house.

There is reason for this, of course, in the informality of the affair as compared with a house party, to which guests are always invited with scrupulous care, both as to their mutual acceptability and their availablity from a social standpoint.

Outside of these cruises, which form one of society's most delightful diversions, yachting has nearly become a craze of late among the women, and in place of costly jewels the gift of a yacht would really be the most up-to-date present that a millionaire could think of making his fiancee.

I have just been going over the list of prominent yachts of women, and I find it includes many of the most prominent society matrons and misses of the British isles.

One of the most conspicuous of these fair sailors is the Archduchess Stephanie of Austria, who spends much of her time on her yacht in the vicinity of the Isle of Wight, and who is seldom or never absent from the Cowes regatta. During the present month the archduchess will introduce Count Longay, who is an enthusiastic yachtsman, to her English friends.

Lady Ormonde, accompanied by her two daughters, thinks that one of the most charming ways of passing these still summer days is to cruise about in her yacht along the rocky and romantic coast of Wales. The beautiful Mrs. Cornwallis West, accompanied by Princess Henry of Pless, and Miss Shelagh West, has a beautiful country place in the New Forest, and loves to drift about in the quiet waters of the Solent, where she is within a few hours of home at any time.

Mrs. Charles Wilson, who is always the center of a charming group of daughters and nieces, finds the neighborhood of Scarborough, with an occasional run down the Lincolnshire coast, a place exactly to her taste.

Lady Brassey, young as ever, prefers long distance runs, and has even gone the length of taking Lord Brasesy to his post of duty on her yacht, he being the first colonial governor to enjoy that distinguished pleasure.

The Scotch coast, with its romantic firths and bays, is sure to be visited once a year by the Dowager Countess De la Warr, who is another prominent yachtswoman. She is annually accompanied on the trip by Lady Mary Sackville, and the cruise extends clear around John O'Groats. The dowager countess is also an invariable attendant at all the leading regattas.

Although born in India, where there is little inducement to make a pastime of boating, the duchess of Bedford is as devoted a yachtswoman as any of her English sisters.

A yacht that has ventured into many seas, and is almost constantly in commission during summer months, is the Santa Maria, which, in addition to being one of the most daintily fitted up floating homes, is a perfect storehouse of mementoes of the trips which it has made with its charming commodore, Lady Llangattock, who is generally accompanied by Lord Llangattock and miladis' only daughter, Mrs. Shelley.

For speed records among yachtswomen, Lady Fitzgerald holds the palm, the record sail to Valentia having been made by her yacht Satanita in twenty hours. Accompanied by her husband, the knight of Kerry, Lady Fitzgerald loves to spend her time in cruising around the beautiful Irish coast.

Lady Annesley is another pretty Irishwoman who finds life on the ocean wave exceedingly congenial. Lady Annesley enjoyed the unique experience of spending her honeymoon on her husband's yacht, the Sea-Bird.

Other fair yachtswomen whose pennants may often be seen in the neighborhood of Cowes are Lady Dudley and her daughter, Lady Wolverton, and last, but no tleast, comes to my recollection, Mrs. Schenely, one of the truest yachtwomen who ever enjoyed a stiff run behind the bellying canvas.

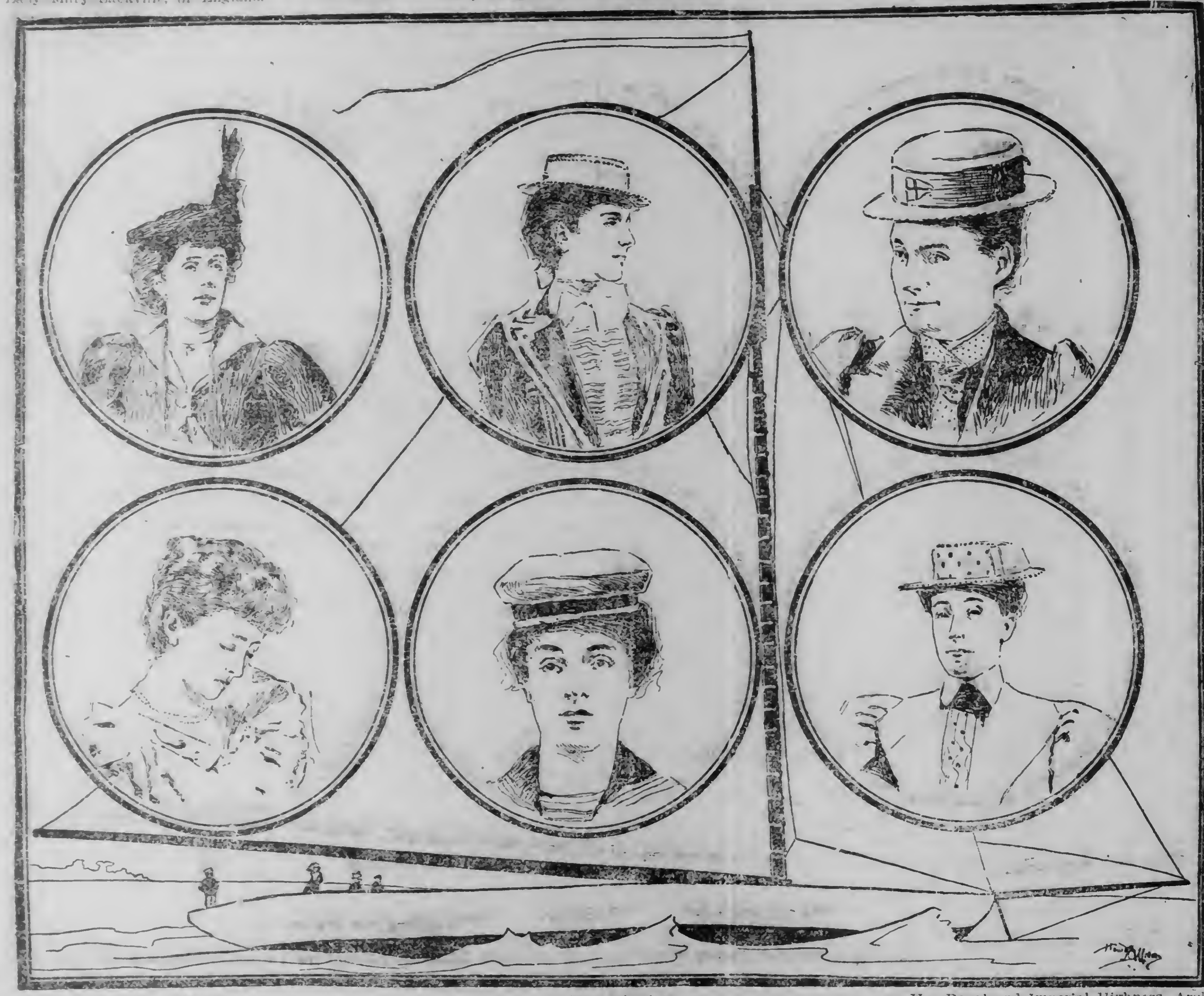
Love for the sea, so marked a characteristic with Englishmen, seems to be just as strongly developed among Englishwomen, a fact undoubtedly due to the many opportunities which exist for enjoying it in the vicinity of their homes.

### GOVERNOR ALARMED.

London, Aug. 23.—A news agency dispatch from Shanghai, dated Wednesday, Aug. 22, says a consular report received from Soochow says the governor fears the city will be attacked by a force of salt smugglers.

SAILOR LASSES WITH FAMOUS TITLES.

Lady Mary Sackville, of England. Lady Fitzgerald, of England. Lady Llangattock, of Wales.



Her Grace, Duchess of Bedford, of England. Mrs. Schenley, of Scotland. Her Royal and Imperial Highness, Archduchess Stephanie, of Austria.

# Sports Yield to Spade.

## The Spread of Militarism Noticeable In Latest Departure at Boys' Schools Both Here and In England.

BY DE LANCEY YORK.

New York, Aug. 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The military spirit dominating the country just now is impressing upon the minds of our youth the necessity of becoming familiar with many of the rudimentary forms of work which soldiers have to perform in modern campaigns.

According to present plans we may soon expect to see more attention paid to the rudimentary branches of the sappers and miners department than heretofore and to find our youths handling the spade and ax as enthusiastically as they have done the baseball or the pigskin.

The present demand for men for the army makes a call for volunteers at any time probable and the American boy is quickly grasping the fact that he cannot be any too well prepared for whatever emergencies may arise when he actually gets to the front.

Like their Anglo-Saxon cousins, many of the boys of our leading schools are formulating plans for going into business of trench making and other engineering work in order to equip themselves for possible field duties in the future.

At Clayesmore school, Enfield, England, the head master has inaugurated a regular curriculum of this outdoor work, having forseen from the results of the war in South Africa how advantageous it would be for a recruit to be equipped with the rudimentary knowledge for erecting defences and turning a hand to all kinds of constructive work in the field.

Many of the boys at Clayesmore are the sons of soldiers, and this may have some influence in moulding their tastes.

They are a sturdy lot of young fellows and have recently erected a rifle butts on their grounds for their own use and preparing themselves for the great threatened Chinese invasion.

The erection of the butts necessitated the excauation of about four hundred tons of earth, which had to be used in the construction of the embankment. The butts is a very solid piece of workmanship but the boys made short work of the job, doing all the carpentering on it as well, even to the fixing of the iron dogs with which the timbers are braced together.

In order to complete their undertaking on time they worked in all kinds of weather and the short preliminary experience of spade drill which they underwent enabled them to carry out their plans without any physical inconvenience.

The Clayesmore scholars wear top hats as is customary at most public schools in England, and they are rather swell fellows, but they handled the spade after a few instructions were given them as well as was possible for an experienced navvy to have done and they are very proud of their achievement. Some of them will doubtless go to make up the stuff which does such solid service in the ranks of the British army.

It is not long since the idea was proposed that all boys in British schools should be drilled so that if the country were threatened at any time it would be possible to raise an army as large as that controlled by any of the great European powers without having recourse to conscription, which is an utterly distasteful proposition to the average Britisher, who considers such an infringement on the liberties of the individual, as an abuse of the constitution.

The American boy takes to anything in the military line as a duck takes to water and the example of the Clayesmore pupils is rapidly bearing fruit here, outside of the military schools, where it has always been more or less a part of the curriculum.

The desirability of the American boy making himself familiar with the use of the spade and ax and the rudiments of engineering is very obvious and the present crisis in China will doubtless give the idea a great impetus.

The rifle practice which will result from the erection of a butts is another most attractive feature of the plan to an American boy, who is never happier than when he has a gun in his hand.

We may therefore expect to find the military spirit asserting itself very strongly among our boys as soon as the temperature gets down to a point where it is fun to handle an ax or spade.

The head master of Clayesmore school, Enfield, believes in teaching the young idea how to shoot. Accordingly he has made his pupils construct a rifle range for their own use. Every excavation and embankment has been made by the boys themselves. These are some of the boys.

The wolf in the fable put on sheep's clothing because if he traveled on his own reputation he couldn't accomplish his purpose. Counterfeiters of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve couldn't sell their worthless salves on their merits, so they put them in boxes and wrappers like DeWitt's. Look out for them. Take only DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures piles and all skin diseases. Max Wirth.

**$4.30--ONLY--$4.30.**

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For the Minnesota state fair the Northern Pacific railway, "Duluth Short Line," will sell round-trip tickets from Duluth and Superior to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return at half rate, or $4.30, on Sept. 1 to 8 inclusive, good returning until Sept. 10. This is the only line running three daily trains between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities. Elegant chair cars on all day trains. Pullman palace sleeping cars on night trains. Duluth ticket offices, No. 332 West Superior street, Union depot, Twentieth avenue west, West Duluth and West End.

**Milwaukee and Return $11.30**

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In many respects Scrofula and Consumption are alike; they develop from the same general causes, both are hereditary and dependent upon an impure and impovished blood supply. In consumption the disease fastens itself upon the lungs; in Scrofula the glands of the neck and throat swell and suppurate, causing ugly running sores; the eyes are inflamed and weak; there is an almost continual discharge from the ears, the limbs swell, bones ache, and white swelling is frequently a result, causing the diseased bones to work out through the skin, producing indescribable pain and suffering. Cutting away a sore or diseased gland does no good; the blood is poisoned. The old scrofulous taint which has probably come down through several generations has polluted every drop of blood.

Scrofula requires vigorous, persistent treatment. The blood must be brought back to a healthy condition before the terrible disease can be stopped in its work of destruction. Mercury, potash and other poisonous minerals usually given in such cases do more harm than good; they ruin the digestion and leave the system in a worse condition than before.

S. S. S. is the only medicine that can reach deep-seated blood troubles like Scrofula. It goes down to the very roots of the disease and forces every vestige of poison out of the blood. S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. The roots and herbs from which it is made contain wonderful blood purifying properties, which no poison, however powerful, can long resist. S. S. S. stimulates and purifies the blood, increases the appetite, aids the digestion and restores health and strength to the enfeebled body. If you have reason to think you have Scrofula, or

**SAVE THE CHILDREN.**

your child has inherited any blood taint, don't wait for it to develop, but begin at once the use of S. S. S. It is a fine tonic and the best blood purifier and blood builder known, as it contains no poisonous minerals. S. S. S. is pre-eminently a remedy for children.

When my daughter was an infant she had a severe case of Scrofula, for which she was under the constant care of physicians for more than two years. She was worse at the end of that time, however, and we almost despaired of her life. A few bottles of Swift's Specific cured her completely, as it seemed to go direct to the cause of the trouble. I do not believe it has an equal for stubborn cases of blood diseases which are beyond the power of other so-called blood remedies. S. I. BROOKS, Monticello, Ga.

**SSS**

Our medical department is in charge of experienced physicians who have made Scrofula and other blood dise[illegible]es a life study. Write them about your case, or any one you are interested in. Your [illegible] will receive prompt and careful attention. We make no charge whatever for thi[illegible]

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50 CENTS

# THE RI[illegible] FU[illegible]

## Tod Sl[illegible]ney's C[illegible], on S[illegible]

## A NEW COMPLEXION

## Is Put on the Great Race and the Betting Has Changed.

New York, Aug. 24.—Tod Sloan will ride William C. Whitney's 2-year-old Ballyhoo Bey in the rich Futurity on Saturday. For the first time yesterday and just as dawn was breaking the little jockey, who came all the way from England to ride in this race, was astride the swift son of Kingston.

The rail-birds saw Tod do his turn on the horse, and amazement at the performance was expressed. It is a combination such as will send many a bettor to the bookmakers. At every furlong-pole the watches clicked, and although the times were a bit slow, the finish of the six-furlong sprint was remarkable. The five furlongs was covered in 1:20 1-5 and the sixth in 1:15.

The horse never for a minute had his head, but through the length of the three-quarters he tried hard for it. It was a mere gallop, and just what the colt is capable of will not be known until the race is over. It is said Sloan will receive $2000 and his expenses for riding the horse, and should he win, he is to get $3000 more.

The engagement of Sloan to ride Ballyhoo Bey in Saturday's big event puts a new complexion on the race, as this crack American jockey would hardly have been brought back from England to ride in this one event had the stable not considered that it had a great chance to win with this speedy son of Kingston. Up to the time that the fact leaked out that it was Ballyhoo Bey, and not Noonday, as it had been rumored, that Sloan was to ride, the Eastern turf writers were unanimous in their opinion that James R. Keene, the Wall street millionaire, had a mortgage on the race, some of them even going so far as to predict that his representatives would run one-two-three in the greatest 2-year-old event of the year. That the Keene stable holds a great hand can n[illegible] be denied, as he is likely to start a[illegible] of his candidates, Olympian, Ca[illegible]lls, Noonday and Tommy At[illegible] race, but even with this [illegible]y be beaten. Speakir[illegible] New York Heral[illegible]

"In [illegible] won the Futur[illegible]ed the Thomps[illegible]rongly fancied a[illegible]e an Saturday, [illegible] Gibraltar, with [illegible]as confident of [illegible] beaten, and [illegible] L'Alouette, savec [illegible] ite players. It o[illegible] little interference, [illegible] bad start, may bring [illegible] horse that looks like a [illegible]

"As nearly as can be a[illegible] field will be made up fro[illegible]ing table of probable st[illegible] jockeys:

| Owner and horse. | |
|---|---|
| J. R. & F. P. Keene's Olympian.. | |
| J. R. & F. P. Keene's Noonday..... | — |
| J. R. & F. P. Keene's Cap and Bells.. | O'Connor |
| J. R. & F. P. Keene's Tommy Atkins | Clawson |
| C. Fleischmann Sons' Blues........ | Burns |
| C. Fleischmann Sons' Irritable.... | Maher |
| W. C. Whitney's Ballyhoo Bey..... | Sloan |
| W. C. Whitney's Holstein.......... | Odom |
| W. C. Whitney's Elkhorn........ | Turner |
| R. T. Wilson, Jr.'s Lady of the Valley | McGue |
| S. S. Sandford & Sons' Chuctanunda | Shaw |
| C. Littlefield, Jr.'s, Sweet Lavender.. | Littlefield |
| W. Beckett's Elizabeth M.. | R. Williams |
| J. E. Madden's 'Longshoreman.... | — |
| M. Byrnes' Tammany Chief.... | Mitchell |
| G. B. Morris' Kenilworth........ | Bullman |
| G. B. Morris' Bedeck............... | — |
| Oneck stable's Apple of My Eye.. | Henry |
| C. T. Patterson's All Green...... | Clawson |
| G. F. Johnson's Onduris.......... | Rauch |
| James Galway's Belvino........... | Slack |

"There is much doubt about All Green starting, but if he goes Clawson is engaged to ride him, otherwise Clawson will be on one of the Keene entries. William C. Whitney may be represented by only two starters, Ballyhoo Bey and either Holstein or Elkhorn. Green B. Morris is hardly likely to start both Kenilworth and Bedeck, but Bullman will, of course, ride the stable representative. Shaw has not decided positively on his mount, and Pittsburg Phil, speaking about the matter, said: 'I am determined the boy shall not accept a mount on a horse that I do not consider has a fighting chance.'

"Ballyhoo Bey's work has thoroughly satisfied the astute Madden, who has personally superintended the colt's preparation, and from hints which have been dropped it is certain he believes he has the winner. With Sloan in the saddle the colt will have full justice done him, so nothing can be desired in that particular.

"The Fleischmanns have two good colts in Blues and Irritable, and they will have the benefit of master hands in the saddle. T. Burns is riding as well as he ever did in his life, and Danny Maher has quite recovered from his fall and will be at his best.

"With three such colts as Olympian, Cap and Bells and Tommy Atkins are known to be, and with Noonday as a fourth starter, and Sloan, Spencer, O'Connor, another good jockey, and Clawson to guide them, how is it possible the Keene entry can be beaten?

"Noonday has never started, but if Dame Rumor is correct, there is no difference between him and Commando, though it may be a handicap against him that he has never yet faced the barrier."

### NO REASON FOR CUT.

#### Post Says That the Sugar Market Is Strong.

New York, Aug. 23.—James H. Post, president of the new National Refining company, which includes the Doscher, Mollenhauer and the old National sugar refineries, interviewed regarding the recent fluctuation in the sugar market, said:

"Our advices indicate that one large Chicago jobber did cut the price 12 cents per 100 pounds, and that the other jobbers, in self protection, promptly followed. The prices have since been restored. The decline, however, was temporary, and in view of the strong position of the sugar market, I can see no reason whatever why price cutting should take place. Retailers generally, and, indeed, some of the wholesalers, have been exceedingly skeptical in regard to the permanence of present prices, and they may have, therefore, been, as far as possible, limiting their purchases to actual immediate requirements. I think they are now beginning to see that their expectations of a decline during the active preserving season were not well founded, and they are, therefore, beginning to buy normal supplies. With refiners it is not a question of refining sugar. It is indeed a question of purchasing raw sugar and all refiners have recently been paying top prices for raw supplies. I may almost say, also, that so far as raw sugar is concerned it is not a question of the price to be paid but of getting the sugar regardless of price. If we could get suficient raw sugar we would immediately open up our national refinery but that is out of the question at the present time."

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

### EVERYTHING IS LOVELY.

#### Minister Silva Says Perfect Order Prevails In Colombia.

New York, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama, Colombia, says: Carlos Martinez Silva, the minister of foreign relations of the new government, has cabled as follows:

"Dr. Sanclemente, titular president of the republic, being physically and mentally unable to exercise the duties as president, his age being 77 years and his indefinite absence from the capital on account of his poor health having made impossible the regular progress of [illegible]irs, which encouraged and prolonged [illegible] civil war, the people of Bogota pub[illegible]manded that Dr. Marroquin, who [illegible]e president, should assume the [illegible] of government.

Dr. Marroquin was unable to resist [illegible]is popular demand and the unanimous support of the army, and finally decided to take charge, which he eventually did on Aug. 1. His assumption of office was peaceful.

"His action has been generally approved throughout the country, and contributed very effectually to end the present civil war, which is now almost accomplished. All branches of the public service are being attended to in an orderly manner in the capital and departments. Gen. Marcellano Velez has taken charge as governor at Antoquia.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

**K. P. Conclave Via Northwestern Line.**

Time, only 27 hours and 20 minutes. Fare, only $19.85 for round trip, via Milwaukee, with delightful day trip across Lake Michigan. Special arrangements have been made for this service, and all can be accommodated. Do not miss the opportunity. Tickets on sale Aug 25, 26 and 27, good returning until Sept. 5, with privilege of extension.

Tickets, via Chicago, $20.75.

Complete information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

### DIVERTED TO MANILLA.

#### Destination of Troops Intended For China Is Changed.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Orders have been issued by the war department directing that troops on the transport Meade, intended for Taku, China, be sent from Nagasaki, on arrival there, to Manilla. The troops on the Meade consist of thirteen officers and 512 men of the Fifteenth infantry, ten officers and 369 men of the Third cavalry, and four officers and 145 men of the engineer corps. This is the first order diverting troops intended for China to Manilla. The government is satisfied that there are now sufficient soldiers in China for present purposes.

**National Encampment G. A. R. Chicago August 27th to Sept. 1st.**

$13.55 round trip from Duluth or West Superior, via Northern Pacific railway. Tickets on sale Aug. 25 to 29. City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street and Union depot.

**Fishing and Outing Rates.**

Tickets on sale Saturday, returning following Monday. Round trip Duluth to Deerwood, $2.00; Sturgeon Lake, $1.50; also season round trip tickets at very low rates to numerous other charming Minnesota resorts on Northern Pacific railway. Full particulars at city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

**DR. PIERCE**

Room 1,
No. 5 W. Sup.
St., Duluth,
Minn.

**Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.**

Leading Specialist for the cure of ***Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.***

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Variocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

***YOUNG MEN***

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Gento-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

***MIDDLE-AGED MEN.***

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system, in a manner the patients cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the gento-urinary organs. Write for question list.

**LADIES**—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF from all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free. If in trouble write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

NOTICE OF EXPIRATION OF REDEMPTION PERIOD.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

To Wm. Buckley:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land, situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Undivided one-half of lot number one, in section four, township fifty-eight, range eighteen, (und ½ of lot 1, sec. 4-58-18), according to the government survey thereof, was on the sixteenth day of June, A. D. 1899, sold for the sum of eight dollars, pursuant to a real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in the said county of St. Louis, on the twenty-first day of March, A. D. 1898, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes delinquent upon real estate, in the year 1897 and prior years, for the said county of St. Louis. That the amount required to redeem such lands from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice is the said sum of eight dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said sixteenth day of June, 1899, to the time of such redemption, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty days after service of this notice and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor, in and for said St. Louis County, Minn., in manner prescribed by Section 37 of Chapter 6, General Laws of Minnesota for the year 1877 and amendments thereto.

Dated Duluth, this first day of August, A. D. 1900.

O. HALDEN,
Auditor St. Louis County, Minn.
By L. A. MARVIN,
Deputy.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-10-17-24-1900.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

## Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

**AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.**

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St

**Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.**

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

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Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148

## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 24.—Light to heavy showers occurred during Thursday or last night over Washington, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Wisconsin, Eastern Minnesota, the lake region, Tennessee, Alabama and North Atlantic states. Cooler weather prevails over South Central states and it is warmer over the Red River valley. The barometer is high over Atlantic and North Pacific stations, and low over Saskatchewan and Minnesota. The weather in the lake region continues unsettled and showery, with fresh easterly to southerly winds.

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|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 78 | Medicine Hat | 74 |
| Battleford | 74 | Memphis | 90 |
| Bismarck | 71 | Miles City | 74 |
| Boston | 76 | Milwaukee | 78 |
| Buffalo | 86 | Minnedosa | 71 |
| Calgary | 72 | Montgomery | 92 |
| Cedar City | — | Moorhead | 72 |
| Charleston | 91 | New Orleans | 92 |
| Chicago | 82 | North Platte | 86 |
| Davenport | 90 | New York | 80 |
| Denver | 86 | Oklahoma | 90 |
| Detroit | 82 | Omaha | 86 |
| Dodge City | 88 | Pittsburg | 88 |
| Duluth | 80 | Port Arthur | 74 |
| Edmonton | 68 | Portland | 66 |
| El Paso | 100 | Prince Albert | — |
| Escanaba | 74 | Qu'Appelle | 78 |
| Galveston | 88 | Rapid City | 58 |
| Green Bay | 84 | San Francisco | 68 |
| Havre | 76 | Santa Fe | 78 |
| Helena | 64 | Shreveport | 92 |
| Huron | 74 | Spokane | 64 |
| Jacksonville | 94 | St. Louis | 92 |
| Kamloops | — | St. Paul | 80 |
| Kansas City | 88 | Sault Ste. Marie | 68 |
| Knoxville | 92 | Swift Current | 78 |
| La Crosse | 88 | Washington | 78 |
| Lander | — | Williston | 74 |
| Los Angeles | 84 | Winnemucca | 74 |
| Marquette | 76 | Winnipeg | 76 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Occasional showers or thunderstorms this afternoon, tonight and Saturday; fresh and brisk winds, northeasterly, probably shifting to southwesterly during Saturday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Showers and thunderstorms this afternoon, tonight and probably Saturday. Minnesota—Local rains or thunderstorms tonight; Saturday partly cloudy. North and South Dakota—Showers this afternoon and possibly tonight; Saturday fair. Upper lakes—Variable winds, mostly brisk southerly over southern and easterly over northern portions. Showers and probably severe thunder squalls this afternoon, tonight and Saturday.

### *New Method of Obtaining a Wife.*

The problem of selecting a wife has been solved by Mr. Samoon, of Chicago, by the simple expedient of raffling himself off. This is a method that has many attractive features and if Mr. Samoon's experience demonstrates that it has successful results, it is bound to become popular, not only in the Windy City, but in other sections of the country. The holder of the ticket winning the prize secures Mr. Samoon in matrimonial alliance for the rest of her days. This fact is definitely settled, and therefore those who enter the contest for the prize package are not left in any uncertainty as to what the winner will get. A notable feature of the raffle is the low price of tickets. They are only 10 cents each. Almost any woman can buy a chance at that price, and those who are disposed to "plunge" and increase their chances of walking off with the prize will find that ten tickets for $1 is extremely cheap. If Mr. Samoon were wise he would offer bargain prices—ten tickets for 99 cents or five tickets for 49 cents. No woman could resist such a tempting bargain. Thus the scheme would be popularized, and Mr. Samoon would find his name enrolled on the scroll of fame as one of the benefactors of his race.

### *The Bubble of Trust Prosperity.*

The workers of the country will be interested in the following information sent out to their customers by the banking firm of Gaylord, Blessing & Co., of St. Louis: "The industrials (trust stocks) look decidedly heavy, and their movements suggest an early slump of considerable proportions. Holdings of this class of stock are quite large, but they are distributed among men of means. Were it not for this fact a collapse in many of them would have occurred weeks ago. It is feared that a crash in the steel securities will come before long that will upset the whole market. Nobody knows the real condition of the iron industry, but, from the actions of officials of big steel and iron corporations, it is very evident that things are not moving satisfactorily. There is talk of a general reduction of wages. Such a step would result in numerous strikes, and many mills would have to be shut down. If we were not entering upon a presidential campaign wages would be cut down without delay, and more than one-half the mills of the country would be closed down indefinitely. McKinley's chance of re-election would be imperiled by such action, and this consideration is a barrier to the adoption of drastic measures." In order that this letter may be more fully appreciated, it may be added that the banking firm sending out this bit of information is strongly Republican. Trust prosperity is painted in vivid colors by them. Think what they say: "But for the impending campaign wages would be cut down without delay, and more than one-half the mills of the country would be closed down indefinitely." This is the direct result of the Republican tariff law which has created and fostered trusts capitalized at many times the value of the plants they include and of the Republican policy of doing nothing to curb the power of these great combinations. The United States should be the most prosperous country in the world. Its resources are great and varied, and its people are intelligent and progressive. There should be an apportunity for every industrious man to acquire a competence. That this opportunity is lacking, that brief periods of prosperity are alternated with long periods of depression is due to the growth of the monopolistic trusts. The salvation of the country demands legislation that will crush these evil combinations and give individual effort a chance.

### *A SERIOUS TEMPTATION.*

According to the reply sent by President McKinley's acting secretary of state to Li Hung Chang, the United States troops will remain on Chinese territory until China has paid indemnity and punished those responsible for the killing of American citizens and the destruction of their property, and until there is a responsible government in China that can protect the lives and property of citizens of the United States who are still there.

This may be the best policy, and yet it is surrounded by many dangers. The Herald recently expressed the belief that when the American troops had rescued Minister Conger and the other American citizens they should be withdrawn at once, in order that the danger of becoming mixed up with international complications might be avoided. At that time it was generally believed that the Chinese government at Pekin was doing all within its power to put down the Boxer rebellion, and that, although temporarily overwhelmed by the great strength of the Boxers, it was putting down the uprising and was protecting the foreign legations from assault by the rebels. The arrival of the foreign troops at Pekin has brought this and the other governments face to face with new complications. There is no Chinese government in Pekin, the dowager empress and the emperor and court having fled to the old capital, Sianfu, which is 500 miles distant, and all the evidence goes to show that the government was in sympathy with the Boxers and joined in the cry for the extermination of "the foreign devils." This being the case, it is impossible to enter into any negotiations with a stable government, because there is none. Whether it would be wise to withdraw from Chinese territory at once and then demand the payment of large indemnity for the killing of American citizens is a question that cannot be readily answered.

The danger of getting mixed up with the squabbles of the European nations is great. The temptation to join in the scramble for portions of Chinese territory will be serious.

In his statement to the anti-imperialists issued Aug. 15, Edward M. Shephard of Brooklyn says: "There is far greater temptation, far greater justification for the annexation of rich Chinese territory in the temperate zone than for any campaign in Luzon, no less stupid and wasteful than it is wicked." That is to say, Chinese territory in the temperate zone may be worth having from a merely commercial point of view, while the acquisition of the Philippines is a fruitless investment.

While Mr. McKinley is now adhering to an American policy with reference to China and has stated definitely that this country does not want any portion of Chinese territory, the temptation will be great. So far the president seems to have pursued an American policy but how long can he resist the solicitations of the Chinese syndicate?

It will be remembered that Mr. McKinley, swearing he would ne'er consent, consented to a policy which he himself had denounced as criminal aggression. He declared it to be the plain duty of the United States to grant free trade with the Porto Ricans. But he violated the duty.

He is now firmly of opinion that we should not take part in the partition of China. Is it another good intention, one of the bricks with which he is paving the way to the hell of imperialism?

### *DEFORMED BEGGARS.*

A medical society in Cleveland has started a movement for removing offensively deformed and crippled beggars from the street. The number has greatly increased in recent years, and the doctors felt that the public display of deformity was injurious to the community.

This is a matter that deserves attention in other cities as well as in Cleveland. The attention of The Herald was recently directed by a prominent physician to the presence on Superior street of a shockingly deformed cripple, who was begging from people passing by. The cripple's appearance was sufficient to startle any person, and the physician was emphatic in asserting that he should not be permitted to remain on the street because of the possible effect the sight would have on women in delicate health.

The chief of police has full power to keep these deformed beggars off the streeets, and he should instruct the members of the police department to strictly enforce the ordinances that forbid begging on the street. Perhaps if the St. Louis County Medical society impressed upon the mayor and the chief of police the dangers that attend these public exhibitions of deformities, some action might be taken to put a stop to the nuisance.

### *INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPERS.*

At a recent meeeting at St. Louis of the Missouri Press association, President Painter contrasted the work of the journalist as a news gatherer and as a political partisan. He asked why men who rely upon their paper in news matters had no use for it politically. His reply was that in matters political the partisan editor was "as great a fakir as was ever graduated from the new Chinese school." And he asked why this political partisan existed. The reply to this is worth noting:

"In one instance both the editor and paper seek to be honest, independent, fearless; in the other the editor is forced by the paper to line up with his party—in spite of himself. The editor is not independent; often he is not honest, and as a general rule he is cowardly, for fear he may offend some scheming politician and thereby lose his influence with the party."

Commenting on these remarks, the St. Louis Post-Dispatch correctly says that the day of the partisan newspaper is past. The public loves fairness and honesty, and it knows that these qualities are not consistent with extreme partisanship. Falsus in uno, falsus in omnibus applies to a newspaper as to other walks of life. The partisan editor who warps, exaggerates and suppresses facts for the sake of partisanship in the editorial columns may expect his readers to "have no use for him" as a guide.

The future is in the hands of the independent newspaper, which cringes to no party, and has no object in falsifying any of its uttterances.

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Two officers of the Irish brigade who have been fighting for the Boers have arrived in New York, and they not only declare that Botha and De Wet can hold out indefinitely, but make the extraordinary charge that the English have been offering large bribes to Boer generals—of course only to be refused. They also assert that the first batch of Irish prisoners captured by the Boers from the British enemy desired to enlist with the Boers, but were not allowed.

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That is a very clear-cut social line which the English postoffice draws in its new instructions to clerks. All male correspondents are to be addressed as "Esq." unless they are "evidently laborers, personal servants, or tradesmen." But the most beautiful touch is that "depositors in postal savings banks are not entitled to the 'Esq.'" Here is encouragement to thrift with a vengeance!

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Col. Allen, of the Battle Lake Review, speaking of the political history of one Pete Hanson says: "There was a timo when it smelled to heaven the whole length of the state." Hanson is the Republican candidate for secretary of state.

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Out in Linn county, Missouri, a man wished to marry a widow who had seven children. With a view of avoiding all future trouble, he obtained the consent of all the children and of the intended bride's father before getting a license.

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The Anoka Union says: "The people of the United States will never allow the Stars and Stripes to be hauled down where once placed." They are floating now over the imperial palace at Pekin. Are they to stay there forever?

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Mr. Hanna should also insist on the Roosevelt letters being revised. That letter to Gen. Palmer is as impolite as his St. Paul speech. Between rheumatism and Teddy, Mr. Hanna is in a peck of trouble.

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Says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch: "One man in the army means one man less in field, factory or counting room. The men left behind must support the man at the front and his family, if he has a family."

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It is said that Senator Beveridge intends to answer Mr. Bryan's Indianapolis speech. Would it not be a good idea for Mr. Beveridge to first answer his own speech on the Porto Rican question?

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Duluth aldermen should be on their guard. An attempt was recently made in Albany, N. Y., to kidnap an alderman in order to obtain his wealth.

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The Detroit News thinks that on the whole it would be better for Governor Roosevelt to make speeches that explained themselves.

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Mark Hanna may find it necessary to have some one follow Mr. Roosevelt and tell the people that Mr. McKinley is also a candidate.

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There is some talk in Massachusetts of electing ex-Governor Boutwell to congress. He would be "the grand old man" of the house.

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The cities that are disappointed on the population returns claim the United States census bureau is notoriously inaccurate.

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According to the imperial idea, the American flag must remain in China, American blood having been spilled there.

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Senator Dolliver would do well to avoid the methods of young Senator Beveridge when he entered the senate.

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The Russian soldiers in China are probably taking due notice of the fact that the little Japs can fight.

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The shirt waist man may be succeeded by the nightshirt man.

## LAUGHING GAS.

Indianapolis Journal: "Did the boss have a good vacation trip?"

"I guess so. He must have spent an awful lot of money, for since he came home he's taken a whack at every salary on the place."

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Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Do you permit Sunday baseball in your town?"

"Sunday baseball! Well, I guess not! We wouldn't permit anything that might draw our attention from Sunday golf."

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Detroit Journal: "Will you meet me here at 6 o'clock?" asked the office cat.

"I don't think I can," replied the clock.

"How about half past 6, then?"

"Oh, I can make that, hands down."

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Philadelphia Press: Graphiter—Hang it! I left my pocketbook home and I haven't a penny in my clothes. Say, lend me a fiver, will you? I'll return it tomorrow.

Phoxy—I'll do better. Here's a nickel; you can go home and get your pocketbook.

---

Detroit Journal: Ah, me!

Yesterday my husband exclaimed, "Parbleu!!!" at golf.

This evening he has just exclaimed "Hoot, mon!" at my fete champetre.

How humiliating to be married to such a clod of a man, with no soul, none of the finer sensibilities.

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Chicago Post: "I wonder why she prefers the mountains to the seashore," he remarked thoughtfully.

His sister looked at him pityingly.

"If you ever saw her in a bathing suit you would understand," she said.

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Detroit Free Press: Daughter—Papa, what did Liszt compose?

Father (groping)—I don't know unless it was "Liszten to the Mocking Bird." The name kinder sounds like it might be his.

---

Chicago Post: "I can't do that work now," he asserted.

"Why not?" she answered.

"It's too hot," he answered.

"Oh, well," she said, "toward evening it will be cooler."

"True," he admitted, "but then I will want to enjoy the coolness. You wouldn't deprive me of that pleasure, would you?"

---

Detroit Journal: The youth is beside himself with joy.

"Don't tell me thirteen is an unlucky number!" he cried. "After refusing me twelve times, my darling, upon my thirteenth proposal, has just accepted me!!"

Four ourselves, we have been married several years. We think his recovery was shallow and inadequate. But we say nothing.

### *Really, This is Embarrassing.*

Chicago Record: If Teddy is to get the solid cowboy vote, why doesn't he carry Texas?

### *Shocking Proof of Barbarity.*

Buffalo Express: If anyone has a lingering doubt that the Chinese are not civilized it is only necessary to reflect on the fact that at no time has the government of the son of heaven issued bulletins claiming tremendous victories.

## NOT ALL STOMACH.

Kansas City Times: The thousands of drummers and the workingmen throughout the country who are now in idleness owing to the trusts that the Hanna-McKinley administrations has enabled to assume dominance over the fields of production and trade, should not regard without feelings of impatience and disgust the constant appeals which the Hanna organs are making for the votes of wage earners with the "full dinner pail" argument.

Neither can those workingmen who are employed, and who hold their jobs at the will and pleasure of the trusts that are liable to thrust them into the streets whenever greed or whim prompts, look with favor upon a plea addressed to their stomachs instead of to their intelligence and patriotism.

But men who are work are above the argument which appeals solely to their stomachs. Out of their ranks have come some of the greatest men in our history, statesmen, heroes, helpers of the human race. The workingman wants and should have a full dinner pail, but he is entitled to it as the reward of his brawn, muscle and skill. He should not be compelled to be dependent for it upon the kindness of heart of Mark Hanna or any other trust magnate.

He wants laws fairly and honestly administered that will guarantee to the children who will be left to battle for a place in the world when he is gone hence, an equal chance with the children of all other citizens who are more fortunate than he in the possession of wealth. The workingman works hard and saves his money, not because he is desirous to gratify his stomach, but in the hope that his offspring will have a better chance than he had. If the Republicans would show any inclinations of an intention to clip the talons of the trust cormorants that discharge thousands and put up prices and to prevent the accumulation of the wealth of the country in the hands of a few they would have more influence in securing the confidence of the wage earners than by appeals to their stomachs.

Ere three months from now it is highly probable that Mark Hanna and his fellow trustites and imperialists will be convinced that the wage earners of America have consciences and intellects as well as bellies.

## EDITOR HANNA AT WORK.

New York World: Six big printing presses are at work night and day getting out the Republican campaign text book. Mr. Hanna read the proof of every page before it was marked "O. K."

Frederick S. Gibbs, who watched Mr. Hanna reading the proof sheets, says he used a blue pencil freely.

According to those who saw Mr. Hanna laboring over the proof sheets, he used some fireworks expressions. Here are some of his remarks, which frightened the women typewriters in an adjoining room:

"Who in the devil wrote this?"

"Fire this page out!"

"By the jumping frog of the Wabash! The idiot who wrote this article on imperialism ought to be employed by the Democratic committee."

"Who wrote this business improvement story? Bliss, eh? Oh, it is all right."

"I'll bet my life that Perry Heath's fine Italian hand wrote the article on trusts. It's good, very good."

Hanna is evidently alarmed over the issue of imperialism, and it may surprise many of the party leaders to learn that he has decided not to dodge the issue. More space is given in the campaign book to the question of imperialism than to any other question. The book is a defense of the acts of President McKinley and his administration in dealing with the Filipinos.

## DANGER OF CHEAP LABOR.

Baltimore Sun: We do not suppose that even Mr. McKinley contemplates keeping the Tagalog forever on the run for his life. And when the day comes that the rice-eating, cotton-clad Tagalog is permitted to settle down peacefully to work, the question will soon be not what we shall sell to him, but how soon will he underbid and undersell our own workmen and our manufacturers in our own markets? Verily, in his capture of the Philippines and his anxiety to "open up" China, Mr. McKinley has shown that his political far-sightedness is that of a bat—unless, indeed, his pretended solicitude for the "dinner pail" of the American workingman is a humbug and a sham. That "dinner pail" is not likely to be kept full by the actice competition either of the Chinaman or the Filipino.

### *Appeal to the Gentler Sex.*

(Called for by the prevailing manner of carrying their skirts while walking).

Oh, women,
In our hours of ease,
Uncertain coy
And hard to please,
Why do you
Hold your dresses so,
When on the streets
You're pleased to go?

Say, ladies,
Are you quite aware
The way you hold them
Makes folks stare
And wonder
Not a little bit,
If they were made
So tight a fit?

Or are you
To their snugness blind,
Because you cannot
See behind,
To learn why people
Grin and pause?
Or do you
Do it "just because?"

If you are
Thin it's not so bad,
When you are somewhat
Thickly clad;
But if you
Have a figure—why,
Words fail to tell
What meets the eye.

Dear woman,
Whatsoe'er it be
That makes the visions
Which we see,
Correct it,
Please, this very day,
And hold your skirts
Some other way.

—W. J. LAMPTON, in Philadelphia North American.

### *Emptying That Dinner Bucket.*

Denver News: One of the first items in the "full dinner bucket" campaign is a proposed cut of 15 per cent in workmen's wages, to be enforced in all the plants of the steel and wire trust.

### *Refuses to Mix in the Derbis.*

St. Louis Republic: Tom Reed is evidently determined that when Mr. McKinley falls in November under the weight of his imperial armor a certain fat ex-speaker of the house shall not go down in the debacle.

### *No Encore For History.*

Chicago Record: News from the East is to the effect that Mark Hanna has discovered that history does not always repeat itself in the matter of making it easy to raise a campaign fund.

### *Teddy as a Rapid Firer.*

Indianapolis Sentinel: "Teddy" does not shoot off his revolver in his ordinary exhibitions, but he shoots off his mouth with a rapidity never before known in anything that did not revolve.

### *They Can't See It.*

St. Louis Republic: Worthy commercial travelers out of employment do not really credit the Republican claim that trustism means the increased employment of their kind.

### *Will Retract to That Extent.*

Chicago Record: Governor Roosevelt has been to amend the statement to make it read that Democrats who vote the Republican ticket are not horse thieves.

### *Bixby's Unpleasant Position.*

Winona Herald: Editor Tams Bixby has now condescended to abandon his editorial sanctum and occupy the position of political sponsor for the man whom in 1898 he described as a dodger, a puller of strings, an unscrupulous employer of every agency within his reach, a shameless user of military appointments to advance his political ends, guilty of prostituting patriotism to campaign purposes. He does not charge in plain language that Van Sant did these things personally, but he charges them to his campaign managers, which is making Van Sant responsible for such atrocities. This is a terrible arraignment to be made by a campaign manager against the candidate whose merits he is now called upon to exploit.

## The Rounder

"I saw a very pleasing thing at a public banquet during my vacation trip," said a Duluth man who has just returned from an Eastern visit. "It was an affair with a somewhat mixed crowd, which accounts for the fact that such an incident was possible. I was lucky enough to see the whole thing, and I think I was the only one besides the actors that did. During the progress of the banquet I noticed a suspicious-looking individual, whom I was informed was a small merchant, slip a big, solid silver spoon off the table. He waited a second, and then leaned down as though he was putting the spoon in his pocket. I was horror-stricken, of course, and I looked around to see if anyone else had observed the incident. So far as I could see I was the only witness, so I made up my mind to keep still about it. The banquet proceeded until it came to the toasts. Various individuals spoke, and then it came to the turn of a man who sat across the table from me. When he was called upon he rose with a twinkle in his eye.

"'I won't make a speech tonight,' he said, 'for you have already listened to men better qualified to amuse you in that manner than I. I will show you a little trick that I learned recently, however, that you may find as amusing as a talk from me could be.'

"Everybody seemed pleased at the prospect of a little conjuring, so he proceeded.

"'Now, you will observe this spoon,' he said, taking from the table a spoon that was a duplicate of the one the man had stolen. 'I will first cause it to disappear by placing it in my shoe.' He did this and then continued: 'Now, if you will look, you will find that spoon in the shoe of my friend Adams at the other end of the table.' Then he sat down.

"Now, Adams was the man that had stolen the spoon, and of course when they looked they found the spoon in his shoe. Great admiration was expressed for the trickster's dexterity, and he was asked to do some more tricks, but he refused, saying that that was the only one he knew. You can imagine the confusion of the thief. He turned a great variety of colors, and a little later made an excuse to leave the table."

### *Everybody Laughed.*

Kansas City Star: Even a horse would laugh at the spectacle of boycotters demanding the arrest of a man for boycotting them in their own way. The custom of boycotters placing criers in front of a store, to request customers not to go inside, has been a great nuisance. The police and wise judges have been perplexed about what to do. The boycotted storekeeper has demanded police protection in vain. Some courts have held that the criers had a perfect right to ask passers-by to avoid the store, if they do so in an orderly manner, while some have held that they violate the law. This problem has been solved by the proprietor of a Walnut restaurant who hired a shouter to keep at the heels of the boycotters and contradict them. Then the indignant and baffled boycotters felt terribly aggrieved. Their rights were trampled upon and they appealed for police protection. No wonder everybody laughed.

## A CHILD'S VISION.

Sophie Fowler, the 12-year-old daughter of Mark Fowler, of Milford, failed to come down to breakfast last Monday. Mrs. Fowler found Sophie unconscious in bed. There was every indication of death, but Dr. A. L. Tuttle said the girl was in a trance, says a Bridgeport, Conn., special to the New York World. The physician tried every method to restore the child, but could not. He left instructions to watch for the slightest change in the girl's condition, but none came until the next Sunday afternoon, when Sophie awoke just as though from a natural sleep.

Mrs. Fowler said nothing to her about her long sleep, but curiously waited to see what her daughter would do. She arose, dressed and said:

"I must hurry or I will be late to school. But what a strange dream I had!" she added.

Then Mrs. Fowler told her daughter she had been asleep since Monday. The child could scarcely believe it, but told of a strange vision she had seen of heaven. The girl is perfectly healthy, and has had to relate her dream many times to callers, some of whom believe she is inspired.

Sophie says she seemed to have been flying through space for almost a day, and then she found herself among people who were strange to her, but who welcomed her cordially.

"I don't wan't to to say that what I saw was heaven, for it was different from what I though heaven was like. Still, there seemed to be much happiness there, and I did not see one person who looked tired or poor.

"But my idea of heaven before this was that everything was dazzlingly splendid, and that everyone was dressed in white. The place I have been in was not much different from this world except that everything—the people and the trees and the birds—seemed to be nearer perfection. Why, there were colored dresses there, and just as many kinds of style as here, only everybody wore good clothes and none poor ones.

"There was one time when I heard the most beautiful music. I wish I could remember more distinctly about that, for that was the only thing that seemed greatly different from this world. Everybody seemed to be singing at this great service. Every one came to this service. There did not seem to be any church or house of worship to go to.

"Strange as it may seem, no one slept there at all. What impressed me most was not that everything was so different there, but that everything I did see was so like what we call nearest perfection here."

### TOMTOES WITH RICE.

Cover the bottom of a well-buttered baking dish with a layer of cooked well-seasoned rice; then add a layer of chopped tomatoes; sprinkle with salt and bits of butter; then a layer of rice; then one of chopped tomatoes and seasoning, and so on until the dish is full enough. Use two cups of rice, a heaping teaspoonful of butter, three cups of tomatoes, a tablespoonful of salt, a quarter teaspoonful of pepper. Bake half an hour. Spread bread crumbs over the top.

### HOW THE CHINESE TELEGRAPH.

The curious part of the Chinese telegraph system is the fact that even in the interior, where there are no foreigners, all the tlegraph blanks are printed in English, says the New York Commercial. The Chinese language being idiographic, having a character for each word, it is impossible to send it by the ordinary Morse signals. It is, therefore, necessary to telegraph either in a foreign language or by Arabic numerals. By the latter method a Chinese dictionary is taken and a number given to each word at all likely to be used in a telegraph dispatch.

Ladies' $4 and $5.00 Shoes, sizes 2½ to 4 39c

EXECUTORS' SHOE SALE!

Men's and Boys' Lawn Tennis Shoes 39c

29 West Superior St.

It is remarkable how sales keep up at this great sale. But it is no wonder, as every pair of Shoes offered as a bargain was bought for an honest value by the Wieland store. Fall Shoes at one-half price and less.

Ladies' Grays & Fords $4 and $5 grades, some wide widths, sizes 2½ to 4½; they are hand turned Shoes; very comfortable, only 59c

Ladies' lace or button $2, $3 and $4 Shoes, sizes 3 to 6½; only 98c

Ladies' brown lace Shoes; newest style, $3 stamped on every pair—your choice $1.98

Boys' $1.75 to $2.50 grade, to close out at only $1.48

Whittemore's Tan Shoe Polish—Two packages for 5c

Men's Shoes 49c

Men's $5 and $6 Calf and Kangaroo Congress, sizes 5 and 6; while they last, at 49c

Men's Enamel and Tan Fall Shoes with heavy sole, regular price $4; sale price $2.98

Men's brown and black heavy sole Fall Shoes, high grade $5 make, your choice $2.48

Misses' black vesting top P. Cox make, also plain top lace or button $2.00 and $2.50 Shoes, at 98c

Shoes at wholesale and retail. Plenty help for tomorrow's trade. 29 W. Superior St.

## THE WOMEN OF CHINA.

### Instances of Their Devotion to Husbands or Relations.

Woman's influence in China is greater than is commonly supposed. Records of the Flowery Kingdom are full of examples of women famous for their learning, heroism and high principles. Sometimes women achieve absolute power over the household, for there is a popular saying, "She eats rice with her husband," which is used to describe the rule of the female tyrant. The most astonishing instance of feminine power today is, of course, the career of the empress dowager. As an instance of the empress dowager's power, it may be recalled that she deposed her strongest vizier, Prince Kung, in 1885, by a mere decree in the Pekin Gazette because "he overrated his importance."

In common with all other nations, the women of China represent the most fervent religious element. They are said to support enthusiastically the Boxers' movement and to be fighting with passion to help rid the country of the missionaries. That the women of China do not lack courage is proved by the fact that they sometimes seek suicide as relief from unhappy marriages and uncongenial husbands would frequently be murdered were it not for special punishments, "ignominious and slow," devised for all women who attempt homicide. The mere existence of this law provides the necessity for it. Again, not long ago fifteen young girls of Canton threw themselves into the river to escape from marrying the husbands chosen for them.

Two other recent examples prove the devotion of the Chinese women of high degree, says the New York Sun. A daughter of the Chinese minister to London, Kwo-Sung-Taon, was married at the age of 17. When her husband died she tried to commit suicide out of grief, and would eat nothing but gold leaf, seeking thereby to induce death. It failed to poison her, and she then starved to death. Her sister-in-law, Mrs. Kwo, a sister of the Marquis Tseng, tried also to follow her husband to the land of spirits, but failing in her attempt at suicide she finally took compassion on her children, agreed to live and managed her father-in-law's property while he was in London. Li Hung Chang penned a memorial to the dragon throne, requesting that these two women should receive a sign of imperial approval.

Notwithstanding the degraded condition of women of the lower classes, the feminine ideal is high in China, and the annals of the past show a long series of virtuous and heroic women, who have made an indelible impression upon the national mind. The mother of the great sage, Confucius, is held as a model. The next philosopher of importance, Mencius, was also indebted to his mother for the formation of his character and mind, as well as his philosophy.

Woman's lot in China, however, is not an enviable one. She is not received into the world with joy, and gets very little education. At 12 she is banished from all companionship to become "the young girl who sits in the house," until her marriage, when she weds someone she has never seen. Then she must obey her husband and her mother-in-law; she may not come into contact with men or the outside world; and, as a rule, she cannot read. She may, however, receive ladies and return their calls. The patriarchal system is so universal that the father is a despotic ruler over his family, and a married woman becomes so entirely a part of her husband's family that she has to yield her obedience to her husband's parents, who frequently treat her more as a slave than a daughter-in-law. The doctrine inculcated in the Chinese classics is that a woman has three stages of obedience: First, to her father; second, to her husband, and third, if her husband dies, to her son when he reaches manhood. The old proverb goes: "Men wish their boys to be like wolves, and fear lest they should be timid; their girls they wish to be like mice, and fear lest they should have the boldness of the tiger." The laws established 2300 years ago are in favor today, and among them no rules are stricter than those for keeping the women in bondage.

Chinese books of instruction for girls consist chiefly of exhortations to discharge their duties as daughters, wives, mothers and daughters-in-law. The "Girls' Four Books," to which two famous emperors wrote prefaces, describe how the female mind and character must be trained. Modesty, gentleness, self-sacrifice, wisdom, respect for elders and a virtuous disposition must be a woman's equipment in life. There is no provision for intellectual education. However, about 100 in every 10,000 women can read and with understanding the great books of China's sages and poets. Such cases are few and men of letters frequently teach their wives and daughters not only the art of reading, but also to publish their literary effusions.

## PARIS EVER OLD.

Paris rises around any man who knows her; her streets are changing things, her stones are like the clothes of a man, more real than any present aspect she may carry, the illimitable company of history peoples her, and it is in their ready speech and communion that the city takes on its dignity, says a writer in a foreign periodical.

This is the reading of that perplexity which all have felt, of that unquiet suggestion which hangs about the autumn trees and follows the fresh winds along the Seine; the riddle of her winter evenings and of the faces that come on one out of the dark in the lanes of the Latin Quarter. She is ourselves, and we are only the film and edge of an unnumbered past.

There is nothing modern in those fresh streets. The common square of the Innocents is a dust of graves and a meeting place for the dead; the Danse Macabre was too much of a creation to pass at the mere falling of the wall. The most recent of the ornaments make a kind of tabernacle for the memories of the town—Etienne Marcel before his Hotel de Ville, Charlemagne before the cathedral. The Place de la Concorde is not a crossing of roads for the rich; it is the death scene of the Girondins; the vague space about the Madeline is not only a foreground for the church; it is also the tomb of the Capatians. Wherever the town has kept a part of her older garment—in the Cathedral, in the Palais, in Ste. Chapelle—you may mix with all the centuries.

Millions will be spent in politics this year. We can't keep the campaign going without money any more than we can keep the body vigorous without food. Dyspeptics used to starve themselves. Now Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and allows you to eat all the good food you want. It radically cures stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

### AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

One Night, Friday, Aug. 24.

The entire nation has acknowledged its superiority.

HOYT'S MASTERPIECE

A TEXAS STEER

Prizes—Dress Circle $1, Parquette 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Saturday, Aug. 25.

Jacob Litt's Magnificent New Production of the Perennial Success

IN OLD KENTUCKY

THE ORIGINAL PICKANINNY BRASS BAND.

The Great Horse Race.

The strongest cast ever employed in the play—an entirely new production this season.

Prices—Dress Circle $1, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle 50c, Balcony 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.

TONIGHT.

Le Bertus' Gigantic Bill of Vaudeville Novelties.

Every Act a Feature. Great Show This Week.

PAVILION.

See the pictures taken at the Paris Exposition.

La Pearl's Big Combination.

All Week—Saturday Matinee. Great Company. Great Acts. Great Novelties. Vaudeville—Pantomime—Specialties. 15c and 25c.

**The New Store** Has some interesting news for the Men of Duluth and vicinity

Here's just *one dozen* of the greatest bargains we've ever offered, all to be on sale on Saturday, Aug. 25. Now, gentlemen, it will well repay you to cut this out and come and see these bargain lots and discover that—

**When The New Store cuts prices to close stock, it cuts deep.**

**Men's 50c Ties, 29c** or 4 for $1.
Description. Wide ends, embroidered in various stylish designs, English squares, handkerchief squares, imperials, four-in-hands, and others. All pure silk. Each worth 50c.
P. S.—Ladies buy these freely for wearing with Shirt Waists.

**Men's Balbriggan Shirts & Drawers, 18c**
Description. Ask for our **No. 552**, made up in as fine a quality as is oftimes retailed at 39c and called a bargain. We've sold hundreds upon hundreds of dozens at 25c and they were a bargain at that; so see the saving to you. If you buy now. Come tomorrow.

**Men's $1.75 Mackintoshes $1.19**
Description. These are in Black Diagonal cloths, have detachable Capes and are highly serviceable garments, worth every penny of $1.75.

**Men's $1.00 Shirts 50c**
Description. Made up in fine Percales, laundered, each Shirt having two detached turn-down collars and one pair detached cuffs; styles and quality equal to any $1 shirt sold around about us. It's like buying "gold dollars for 50 cents" to get these.

**Men's French Balbriggan Shirts & Drawers, each 33c**
Description. Ask for our **No. 518** and you will get the very best 50c Balbriggan you ever saw, and just think of the saving, 17c saved on each garment if you buy now.

**Men's $3.50 Quality Mackintoshes at $2.48**
Description. Made up in Covert cloth —also in Black Diagonal cloth, with detachable capes, easily worth $3.50.

**Wilson Bros.' "Bi-metallic" Negligee Shirts 65c** Cut from one dollar. (Only 14½, 15 16½ left)
Description. These are in the popular Blue striped effects with soft bosoms and intended to be worn with white collars. It's merely a clean pick-up of 35c on each Shirt. All men hereabouts know Wilson Bros.' goods to be standard in style and quality.

**Men's Ribbed Elastic Underw'r 33c**
Description. Ask for our **508 and 509.** These are twin-needle stitched, elastic enough to feel extremely pleasant and comfortable and a very durable garment; colors are in flesh pink and tans; we've sold lots of these at 48c, so you save 15c on each garment if you buy these. NOTE—As there's only 50 dozen in this lot. ("You'll have to hurry" if you want them.

**Men's $5.50 quality Mackintoshes at $4.39**
Description. Made of all wool Covert Cloths. Have velvet collars and lined throughout. Every coat is worth $5.50.

**Men's $1.25 and $1 Negligee Shirts 75c**
Description. This is an assorted lot of perhaps a half dozen different lines of our former $1.25 and $1 grades, made up in fine Madras and Cheviots, in stripes and neat checks; most of them without attached collars only a few with attached collars others 2 pairs of detached cuffs. Grand assortment.

**Men's Japanese Silk Underwear. 75c**
Description. These have been largely distributed in this city and our customers invariably come back after more. They are a far superior garment in quality, touch and durability of workmanship than many we've seen offered hereabouts at $1.25 to $1.75 and each garment in this lot is GENUINELY worth $1.25.

**Men's $7.50 Quality Mackintoshes at $5.89**
Description. Made up out of Oxford Gray Cheviots in box style, lined throughout with plaid lining---easily worth $7.50.

No Man Can Afford to Miss These Bargains.
Sale Commences Saturday at 8 a. m. at ☞ **The New Store**
117-119 West Superior Street.

# THE RATE NEXT YEAR

## Stevens Mine Lease Is Taken as Fixing the Vessel Ore Carrying Charge.

## FIFTY CENTS IS LOW

## The Big Boats Can Get a Fair Profit at It, However.

The recent publication of the terms of the traffic arrangement between Carnegie and Rockefeller, as they appeared in the agreement for the sale of the ore in the Stevens mine, is regarded by vesselmen as of great importance, and they are considered to practically settle the ore rate for next season. At the present cost of unloading ore at receiving ports that rate of 50 cents, plus the unloading charges, is equivalent to about 70 cents, but it is figured that if the ore rate goes down, the cost of unloading will have to go down too, and that will make the rate about 66 cents.

While this is much lower than this year's rate of $1.25 for contract tonnage, yet vesselmen seem relieved to know just what to look for, and there is not nearly so much dissatisfaction with the reduced rate as might be expected. They all know that, between them, Carnegie and Rockefeller can fix any rate they want to, and they are pleased that they have agreed on a rate that leaves a margin of profit, at least for the big boats. The vessel is assured 50 cents clear for each ton that it carries, and that is considered as a fair rate under the circumstances.

The course of the freight market this year indicates that just at present the supply of tonnage is beyond the demands of the lake trade, though the trade is expected to catch up with the tonnage shortly. This is supported by the fact that with Rockefeller holding out vessels with a season's capacity of 2,000,000 tons, the rate has slumped during most of the season. The rate now on ore is about 65 cents, when there is any demand for wild tonnage at all, and this is not so good as 50 cents, plus the unloading charges will be.

"In my opinion," said a vessel man yesterday, "we have now reached the period of steady, low rates on the lakes. Several years ago, when the big boats began to come out, it was prophesied that there would be no more big rates, and that 3 cents would be an extraordinary rate on grain from Duluth to Buffalo. That forecast was not very good, for the rate has been much higher than 3 cents frequently. To some extent, however, these high rates have been due to manipulation and if the interests that now hold the reins on lake traffic are agreed that their efforts shall be toward lower rates, as it seems now, they will be able to keep them down. It will be easier than to keep them up."

Leading merchants sell them because they give perfect satisfaction—the Gordon hat.

## AGREE ON RATES.

### New York Grain Dealers Fix Basis of Commission.

New York, Aug. 24.—After sessions covering three months or more, a special committee composed of brokers, grain receivers and exporters—all members of the New York Produce exchange—have agreed upon a basis of trading to enforce minimum rates of commission and brokerage on grain. It is believed that when, on Sept. 5, the grain trade of the port officially meets to consider the agreement there will be no doubt whatever of the ratification. The agreement chiefly provides that for the sale of consigned grain, ½ cent per bushel shall be charged on wheat, corn, oats and feed barley. One cent per bushel shall be charged on buckwheat, rye and malting barley.

It is provided that one-half of these rates of commission shall be changed where the consignment is handled for the account of any member or firm, one of whose general partners is a member, or corporation, one of whose executive officers is a member of this or one of the following regularly organized grain exchanges: Board of Trade, Chicago; Merchants Exchange, St. Louis; Board of Trade, Duluth; Chamber of Commerce, Milwaukee; Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis; Board of Trade, Kansas City; Chamber of Commerce, Cincinnati; Board of Trade, Detroit; Board of Trade, Peoria; Board of Trade, Indianapolis; Produce Exchange, Toledo; Chamber of Commerce, Cleveland; Merchants Exchange, Buffalo; Chamber of Commerce, Boston; Commercial Exchange, Philadelphia; Chamber of Commerce, Baltimore; Board of Trade, New Orleans; Chamber of Commerce, San Francisco; Board of Trade, Montreal; Board of Trade, Toronto; Grain Exchange, Winnipeg.

## BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 8; Detroit, 3.
At Cleveland—Buffalo, 6; Cleveland, 1.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 2; Minneapolis, 1.
At Chicago—Kansas City, 2; Chicago, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Cincinnati, 3; Pittsburg, 2.
At New York—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 4.
At Boston—Boston, 6; Brooklyn, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 105 | 64 | 41 | .610 |
| Indianapolis | 105 | 57 | 48 | .543 |
| Milwaukee | 111 | 59 | 52 | .532 |
| Detroit | 110 | 57 | 53 | .518 |
| Kansas City | 112 | 56 | 56 | .500 |
| Cleveland | 106 | 51 | 55 | .481 |
| Buffalo | 111 | 49 | 62 | .441 |
| Minneapolis | 112 | 43 | 69 | .384 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 93 | 57 | 36 | .613 |
| Pittsburg | 99 | 54 | 45 | .545 |
| Chicago | 96 | 48 | 48 | .500 |
| Philadelphia | 95 | 47 | 48 | .495 |
| Boston | 97 | 48 | 49 | .495 |
| Cincinnati | 98 | 47 | 51 | .480 |
| St. Louis | 94 | 43 | 51 | .457 |
| New York | 94 | 39 | 55 | .415 |

## A Couple of Hard Names.

A Superior couple is said to hold first prize now on the uniqueness of their names. That is, they would have held it a few days ago, before being made one through the offices of a minister. County Clerk Eimon, of Douglas county, was the other day requested to issue a marriage license to Michael Grzeszczyk and Katarzyna Kastrzewa. The effort was too much for the clerk, and he was compelled to ask the applicants to write their names out in enlarged form so that he could study them at leisure.

## OFFICES BROUGHT HERE.

### Superior Street Railway Has Headquarters Here Now.

One of the last moves in closing up the street railway consolidation deal was made yesterday by the filing with the register of deeds of Douglas county, Wis., a deed transferring the property of the Superior Rapid Transit Street Railway company to the Duluth Street Railway company. Master in Chancery McCue signed it in behalf of the former company. There were $600,000 mortgage bonds on this property, which were foreclosed by him, and the property then sold to the Duluth company. The combined properties of the two companies was then made over to the Duluth-Superior Traction company, with a capital of $5,000,000, as has been stated before. The Superior offices have been abandoned and the headquarters of the consolidated companies is now located in this city, from which point all business of the company will be transacted.

## GERMAN CATHOLIC SOCIETIES.

### Will Hold a State Convention In Duluth Next Month.

The annual convention of the German Catholic Benevolent society of Minnesota will be held here Sept. 23, 24 and 25, and German Catholics are preparing for a great time. The attendance is expected to be over 2000, and probably 2500. The St. Joseph society, which is the name of the local organization, secured the convention for Duluth at the last meeting, which was in St. Paul, after a spirited contest. There are 150 local organizations in the state and 7,000 members. The society is intended to further Catholic interests generally and to carry on charity and benevolence. The consolidation of all the German Catholic societies of the state under one organization took place in 1894, and this society is the result. The officers are as follows: President, George Gerlach, St. Paul; vice president, Rev. Francis S. Kosmerl, Duluth; secretary, George Graff, St. Paul; treasurer, P. M. Kerst, St. Paul; traveling agent, John Q. Juenemann, St. Paul.

The program is in the hands of the following committee on arrangements: A. C. Albachten, B. J. Lobun, Henry Gruesen and L. P. Schneider. It is not yet completed, but a general idea of what it is to be is known. There will be pontifical high mass at the Cathedral Sunday, Sept. 23, and a noted Catholic clergyman will preach the sermon. A luncheon will be served at noon by the women of St. Anthony's parish and there will be a parade of the Catholic societies of Duluth at 2 o'clock. It will start from the armory, pass down Superior street and return to the armory where Mayor Hugo will welcome the city's guests. After that the visitors will seek whatever recreation they may desire. There will be a large open meeting Sunday evening, with addresses by eloquent Catholics. This meeting is called Catholic day. Monday morning the exercises will begin by pontifical high mass at St. Anthony's church, and routine business will follow, with an excursion on the lake in the evening. A requiem mass will be sung Tuesday morning for the repose of the souls of deceased members, and Tuesday afternoon the closing business session will be held.

The local committees on reception and entertainment are composed as follows: Reception, B. J. Tobin, Albert Piering, Sr., Joseph Tobin, Nick Pohr, Henry Gruesen; entertainment, Joseph Tobin, Edward Kreismer, Peter Oswald, Randolph Landott, Paul Sabrowski.

**Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,**
321 West Superior Street.

# HYMEN'S BONDS

## The Marriage of Miss Betty M. Brearley and Charles H. Conrad of Chicago.

At 6:45 o'clock last evening Miss Betty M. Brearley and Charles H. Conrad, of Chicago, were united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Brearley, of West Duluth. It was a home wedding and a quiet one, and the attendance was limited to relatives and a few intimate friends.

It was a very pretty wedding, and every detail was effective. The house was beautifully decorated. In the parlors sweet peas and smilax were banked, and the arrangement of colors was delightful. In the corner where the marriage ceremony was performed a beautiful back ground of green and white had been arranged, with a large mirror in the center and palms and potted plants in profusion.

The bridal party came down the stairway to the strains of the "Lohengrin" marched, played by Miss Carey. Wide white satin ribbons were drawn from the door by Miss Alice Peyton and Miss Crowley as the party entered and marked the way. The maid was Miss Mary Kinney, of Winona, cousin of the bride, and she was gowned in white organdie and carried American Beauty roses. The bride entered with her father. Her gown was an exquisite creation of white mull over white taffeta silk. She carried lilies of the valley. The best man was Henry Brearley, brother of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. H. B. Smith, pastor of Plymouth Congregational church. At the conclusion the Mendelssohn wedding march was played.

After the ceremony congratulations were showered upon the bridal couple by their relatives and friends. Telegrams were received from relatives and friends.

Refreshments were served in the dining room, which was also very prettily decorated. The table was especially pretty and dainty, smilax and white carnations forming the decorations. Mrs. Mark Baldwin was in charge of the dining room, and Mrs. C. F. Macdonald assisted. The bride's bouquet, thrown from the stairway as she left was caught by Miss Page Morris.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad left early in the evening, and have gone down the lakes for a trip, which they will continue eastward to New York. Their home will be in Chicago, where Mr. Conrad is in the wholesale business.

Among the relatives from outside the city were: Henry M. Kinney, of Winona, uncle of the bride; Mrs. J. H. Conrad, of Chicago, mother; W. B. Conrad, of Janesville, Wis., uncle and Miss Barker, of Chicago, cousin of the groom.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Bitters strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

# SOME MORE CHANGES

## Provisions In the Charter as Affecting Municipal Ownership and Franchises.

## CAN OPERATE FERRY

## Power Is Expressly Granted the City---Rates of Service Charged.

Municipal ownership and franchises figure prominently in the provisions of the new charter. Not only is the city given the power to own, control and operate its own light and [illegible]ter plants, but the specific right is [illegible] to operate steam ferries, st[illegible] and telephone systems. [illegible] wholly or partie[illegible] charter.

However, [illegible] chased or [illegible] be subm[illegible] tion or [illegible] specia[illegible] a majori[illegible] red, but wh[illegible] otherwise than [illegible] proceedings a fou[illegible] all be necessary.

The char[illegible] des against any such munici[illegible] al as arose from the sale of the [illegible] adelphia water and light plant a ye[illegible] or so ago. In that case the owners of the plant sold it to the city at a high price, and after operating it for a few years the city sold it back again for less money than was paid for it.

Duluth's new charter provides that no municipal plant owned by the city prior to or after the adoption of the charter shall be sold, leased or otherwise disposed of, unless the full terms of the disposition, together with the price to be paid, shall be published in the official paper once a week for six weeks, and then submitted to the people for ratification or rejection at the first city election. Such a sale cannot be ratified except on a two-thirds vote of all the people voting on the proposition.

In regard to franchises, the charter is even more rigid in the interest of the people. The meaning of the word "franchise" under the old charter has long been in controversy, so the new charter begins its chapter on franchises with a definition of the word. It is construed to mean any special privilege granted for the purpose of profit to any person, co-partnership or corporation, over, upon or under any of the streets, alleys or public places of the city.

In granting a franchise the ordinance requires a two-thirds vote of all the members. No perpetual franchise shall ever be granted, nor shall any franchise be granted where a petition is filed with the city clerk within thirty days from the publication of the ordinance, in which not less than 3 per cent of the qualified voters of the city ask for a submission of the franchise to a popular vote. No franchise shall be for over twenty-five years.

Every corporation or person exercising any franchise in the city shall on the first of February, each year, file a sworn statement in the office of the comptroller setting forth in detail the actual cost of the plant the incumberances in the way of debts and obligations, the amount of stock and to whom issued, the redeemed or unredeemed state of bonds and the gross earnings. These statements shall be open to the public.

Corporations failing to comply with the provisions of the section is liable to a penalty of $100 a day for each day of such failure, and if at the end of sixty days the default continues, the franchise shall be declared forfeited.

The city has also the right to regulate and control the maximum rates and fares charged the public by corporations or persons operating under city franchises.

In regard to fixing the rates, 500 voters must first file a complaint setting forth that the rates or charges are unreasonable, and the coun[illegible] will then give the corporation 20 [illegible] to answer the charges [illegible] the voters. Then withi[illegible] the council shall appoi[illegible] rested persons to i[illegible] plaint and question [illegible] ion shall report [illegible] in case the co[illegible] any party d[illegible] the right of [illegible] rt. at any tim[illegible] confirmation, [illegible] peace.

In case the co[illegible] of the commissi[illegible] shall be appointe[illegible] case the action is c[illegible] fixed shall be in bindi[illegible] es for a period of three ye[illegible]

CRIPPLED BY SP[illegible]S.

A peculiar but very serious difficulty besets the operation of telegraph lines in the Argentine Republic. The small spider, of the variety that spins a long cobweb and floats on it in the air is so plentiful there that the floating web settles on the wires in enormous quantities. As soon as dew falls or a shower of rain comes up, every microscopic thread becomes wet and establishes a minute leak. The effect of thousands and millions of such leaks is practically to stop the operation of the lines, and the government telegraph department, especially in Buenos Ayres, says the New York Sun, has been put to vast inconvienience by the cobwebs. A number of expedients have been tried, but to no purpose. On the important line between Buenos Ayres and Rosario the effect of the spider webs is to cut down the speed of working from 300 or 400 to 30 messages an hour. The Government has just determined, as a last resort, to connect the two points by an underground cable about one hundred and fifty miles long.

Three spectres that threaten baby's life. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**
**$14---Detroit and Return---$14.**
Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer trip.

**Horsford's Acid Phosphate Relieves Fatigue.**
A wholesome acid tonic relieving the lassitude of the summer months.
Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

## SIXTH SENSE IN ANIMALS.

### Cases In Which Their Actions Foretold Disasters.

A correspondent of the London Daily News states that a lady residing in the hotel at Amalfi, the day before the landslip, refused to stay there for another night, because she was certain that the earth was moving, and compares this sensitiveness with the observations of the symptoms of unrest and apprehension shown by domestic animals before the serious earthquake of 1897 in the Riviera. The facts then observed correspond generally with those remembered in the case of other great disturbances of earth and air. A number of cases are given in which horses, dogs, a monkey and even ducks showed signs of panic for a day, two days or even logner, before the last great earthquake. A lady at Nice remarked the bad condition of the horse she usually drove, and told her coachman to take it home and to bring another in a brougham from the livery stable for her. The hired horse seemed as timid and weak as her own. The driver then said that all the animals were "off their feed." A monkey and other pets at a villa near Villefranche, on the day before the shock which destroyed much life and property, refused to enter the house, where they were generally anxious to come. They were all spiritless, dull and scared. A small lap dog, which usually sat on the arm of its master's chair at meals, refused to occupy its usual seat. But perhaps the most striking evidence that the animals were in a state of fear was that the cows in the dairies supplying the coast resorts seemed terrified, and the quantity and quality of milk suffered.

On the chalk-range which overhangs Shirburn and extends along the Thames one of the most extraordinary and universal panics ever known among domestic animals in this country occurred quite recently, a panic which can only be explained on the supposition that they felt the premonition of an earthquake or one of those subterranean sounds which sometimes precede earthquakes. These hills are a series of sheep farms, the flocks being part of the regular local system of agriculture. That no earthquake shock was felt does not make it impossible that the sheep felt or heard some of the common premonitions of earthquake. Nothing is more probable than that the whisperings of earth and air, to which we are deaf, are heard by the keener animal ears. The supposition that they have a "sixth sense," a hypothesis which arouses a degree of irritation difficult to account for in some minds, need not be raised in this case any more than in the instances in which animals are obviously conscious of coming storms. If many human beings are uneasy at such times and declare that they "feel" a thunderstorm coming, there need be no doubt whatever that many animals are far longer, earlier and more acutely alive to the heat and electric tension before a coming cyclone.

The almost simultaneous appearance of birds migrating to northern regions from distant latitudes when the frost has given in the far North is now known to be due to their sensitiveness to the rise of temperature which occurs over great areas, and which they instantly read as a summons. Meantime, we have as yet nothing more than conjecture to account for the power of direction when birds are migrating. If they made their journeys by daylight the great height at which they are able to fly might account for their performances. They could possibly see far enough to guide them from point to point, or watch others flying, as the vultures watch other vultures moving to their prey from high places of air. But while they fly by night and often at a little height above the surface of the water, we can hardly believe that sight is used. Moreover, pigeons, even when trained over certain spaces of land and sea, can only fly and use their actual knowledge as long as daylight lasts.

If we are to fall back on the hypothesis of the sixth sense we must employ it not to account for animal prescience of disturbances of earth and air, but to explain the means by which a tiny golden crested wren will fly across the North Sea on a winter night and come flickering in at daybreak over the billows of that particular point of sandhills or shingle which the other and swift flying birds have always selected for their most suitable alighting place.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go;
Life's an all-around pleasure to me
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

## GOT INTO TROUBLE.

A New Jersey commuter, a box of apricots, an excited Italian fruit vender and a policeman furnished no end of excitement one evening last week on West street, says the New York Times. The commuter has for some time been accustomed to purchase a box of some kind of fruit from an Italian who had a stand at the foot of Cortland street. When the commuter was in a hurry to catch his boat he would pick up a box of fruit and run for the ferry house, paying the Italian the next day.

On the night of the trouble another Italian with his pushcart had the stand usually held by the one from whom the commuter made his purchases. Not noticing this, the commuter rushed up to the stand and grabbed a choice box of apricots, and then made a bee line across the street for the ferry house.

"Stop thief!" cried the Italian in the best English at his command.

"Stop thief!" cried some of the other commuters.

Unmindful of the excitement he was creating, the commuter kept on his way, dodging trucks the best he could.

A policeman took up the hue and cry and followed the commuter between the trucks. Just as the man who lived in Jersey was about to enter the ferry house the strong arm of the law fell heavily on his shoulder. The box of apricots went flying all over the pavement.

"What's the matter? What do you mean?" said the indignant commuter.

"He stole my fruit," gasped the Italian, who came up all out of breath.

After a series of explanations, which attracted a crowd of other commuters, the Jerseyman paid the Italian for the fruit, which had by this time been picked up and safely stowed away in the stomachs of the newsboys who hang about the ferry entrance.

The commuter lost both the apricots and the train he was intending to take to his home.

A man who is accustomed to the best wants the Gordon hat.

BONAPARTE LETTERS BURNED.

A historical crime was unwittingly committed in Princeton the other day, and it almost seems wrong to tell about it when one considers how it will affect antiquarian feelings, says the Princeton Alumni Weekly. An old desk from the former Bonaparte house, in Bordentown, recently found its way to Princeton through a dealer in old furniture. Except for its association, it was not very good from the point of view of an old furniture lover, being a mongrel of shape and unclassical lines. However, it came into the possession of a local dealer, who proceeded to overhaul and restore it, and in doing so he accidently touched the inevitable secret spring, and before him stood a carefully bound package of dusty letters, which he burned up because written in French. He is German, it is said. Now, as these papers were written or received in that historic house, with its subterranean passes leading to the Delaware river and other interesting settings, and were deposited in a secret drawer, it is hardly possible that they could not have contained stuff of vital interest and value concerning an episode which also has not yet been overworked by the historical story writers. He burned them, and before his shop at least six times every day pass at least six professors who would have been so willing to cut a lecture to translate the letters, to say nothing of scores of students who would have had much fun out of the job. If this had not happened almost upon a university campus it would not seem so exasperating.

WERE AT HOME.

The fire near Washington Square on Monday evening served to show that New York is not really so empty at this season as many persons suppose and as the appearance of public resorts might lead one to think, says the New York Sun. The city is now to all intents and purposes as empty as it will be in midsummer. The theaters have closed earlier than they ever did before and familiar faces are rare in the leading restaurants. A strange crowd has taken possession of these public resorts, at which the people supposed to constitute New York in a certain sense of the word are accustomed to gather. Nor are familiar faces seen with any greater frequency in the streets. The fire took place on Monday evening just at the dinner hour and out of the houses on lower Fifth avenue there came a stream of men in evening dress and women appropriately attired for dinner. Nearly every house on the blocks between Fourteenth street and Washington Square showed its well dressed group of occupants interrupted at dinner. Their houses gave no evidence that they were occupied, but had the gloomy look of deserted New York residences. When it used to be considered the fashion to be out of New York in summer it was a common joke to accuse one's neighbor of living in the rear of the house while the front windows were closed. The situation on Monday night suggested that something of the kind might occasionally be true, even if there was no intention of creating the impression that the tenants of the apparently closed establishments were out of town.

## The Grand Army Encampment at Chicago.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway has made extensive and careful preparations to handle from the Northwest an unusually heavy Grand Army travel to the Chicago encampment, Aug. 27 to Sept. 1, 1900.

Every possible comfort and convenience will be furnished the veterans and general public en route to and from this meeting, which promises to be one of the largest since the war.

Delegates and others from the Twin Cities and points north and west have their choice of five handsome trains to Chicago each day via "The Milwaukee," as follows:

From Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:30 a. m.; arrive Chicago 9:45 p. m.
From Minneapolis 7:30 p. m., St. Paul 8:10 p. m.; arrive Chicago 9:30 a. m.
From Minneapolis 10:50 p. m., St, Paul 11:25 p. m.; arrive Chicago 1 p. m.
From Minneapolis 6:25 p. m., St. Paul 6:55 p. m.; arrive Chicago 7 a. m.
From Minneapolis 4 p. m., St. Paul 4:10 p. m.; arrive Chicago 7:55 a. m.

The rate for this occasion will be one-half tariff for the round trip (from St. Paul and Minneapolis, $11.50.

Tickets will be sold Aug. 25 to 29, inclusive; extreme limit to return until Sept. 30.

These tickets will be accepted on the celebrated Pioneer Limited (from Minneapolis 7:30 p. m., St. Paul 8:10 p. m.), the only perfect train in the world.

Secure your tickets via "The Milwaukee" and make sure of a delightfully comfortable trip.

For sleeping car reservations and detailed information, apply to C., M. & St. P. agents, or write J. P. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

**WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?**
Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE,

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ONLY ONE MORE WEEK LEFT

of the BIG AUGUST CLEARANCE SALE of Summer Footwear. Never before have good shoes been sold so cheap.

90 pairs of Ladies' high grade shoes and Oxfords, odds and ends, just the thing for small feet. Clearance price— **39c**

200 pairs Ladies' Kulture tan shoes, new styles, all sizes, the best $3.50 shoe made. Clearing price, per pair— **$2.89**

300 pairs $3.50 Ladies' tan shoes, 8 different styles of lasts, welt or turn sole, clearing price, per pair— **$2.39**

150 pairs $1.50 and $2.00 Misses' kid shoes, tan or black, button or lace. Clearance price, per pair— **89c**

90 pairs $1.25 Little Gent's Dongola shoes. Clearance price, per pair **89c**

50 pairs Boys' tan shoes. Clearance price— **$1.39**

100 pairs Men's $3 Russia Calf shoes, the latest styles. Clearance price— **$1.98**

200 pairs Men's $3.50 tan shoes, all styles and sizes. Clearance price, per pair— **$2.98**

# GREAT PICNIC.

## The Modern Woodmen Have a Big Time at O-at-ka Beach.

No more delightful weather could be asked for than the Modern Woodmen had for their annual picnic, on Park Point yesterday afternoon. It is estimated that 2500 people visited the grounds at O-at-ka beach yesterday and enjoyed the event. The crowd began gathering early in the afternoon, and by evening the picnic grounds were thronged with a merry crowd of Woodmen and their friends. A number of the Uniformed rank were present in full regalia, thus adding much to the picturesqueness of the scene. The afternoon was given up, largely, to sports, one of the most entertaining events being the log-rolling contest, in which Seth Roth was awarded first prize and Daniel Burke the second prize. The foot race for Woodmen only, was won by T. Kuhns, with Louis French a second and Theodore Wall a close third. Mrs. Theodore Wall won the Royal Neighbors race very easily. Detective Mork, of the city police department, won the fat man's race, and Dottie Hill took first place in the girls' race. Another very interesting event was the tug-of-war, and the contestants were Woodmen teams from Duluth and West Duluth. The West Duluth team won after a hard pull. In the evening a large number of the younger members of the order staid to enjoy the dancing at the pavilion.

# SOUTH DAKOTA CROP.

## Wet Weather Causing Damage to Wheat In Stack.

The report for the crop service for South Dakota for the week ending Monday is as follows:

The temperature averaged above the normal over the east half of the state, with some very warm days and considerable sultry weather, but less than the normal amount of sunshine and considerable cloudy weather, especially at night. Rains were well distributed, frequent, and in a number of localities copious with local thunderstorms and high winds.

The rain and warm weather were favorable to corn, flax, millet and grass, but generally retarded stacking threshing, haying and early millet harvest. In many middle and northeastern countries, and some scattered localities in southeastern countries, the frequent rains, cloudiness and sultry weather have injured wheat, oats and barley in shock and stack and caused the small amount yet standing in northern localities to shell badly.

In many middle and northeastern counties considerable wheat is sprouting and moulding in stack, some is considered ruined and considerable early wild hay is seriously damaged and some stacks ruined. Much of the wheat was weedy when cut, and the hay contained considerable old grass.

"Corn, flax and millet locally sustained some injury from hail in parts of seven middle and southeastern counties, otherwise these crops have progressed nicely, except that there is some report of bunched millet being damaged by rains.

"On account of the rains, there are indications that some late corn may not mature as early as last week estimated, especially in northern counties. There is considerable of the early varieties that is now nearly safe in middle and southern counties, and some matured.

"Flax has done well, is bolling and filling well, and that ripening and harvested is good quality; on the whole, a fair to good yield is indicated."

Homes are Happy
where there's always plenty of
HIRES Rootbeer
on hand. A temperance drink for everybody. Cool and refreshing.
5 gallons for 25 cents
Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.
CHARLES E. HIRES CO., MALVERN, PA.

# KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

## Large Number Likely to Go From Duluth to Detroit.

The biennial conclave of the Knights of Pythias occurs in Detroit next week, and at 9 o'clock tonight about fifty K. of P.'s from this city will take a special train from the Union depot, over the South Shore road for the national encampment of the order. Besides the local delegation, there will be a large number of knights from Grand Forks, probably bring the total number close to 100 people. The conclave lasts a week, and during this time the knights are to sleep in tents and live in regular camp style. The Minnesota state K. of P. band, of this city, will go down with the Duluth contingent so that the knights will be assured of music all the way down to Detroit, as well as after they get there.

# AMUSEMENTS.

### HOYT'S "A TEXAS STEER."

Hoyt's "A Texas Steer" will be played at the Lyceum tonight. The piece tells the story of a wealthy Texan who had been elected to congress, and his experience in Washington. A charming love affair runs through it all, the girl being the newly-elected congressman's daughter, and the man an army officer. Many characters are introduced well known in Washington official and social life. The ways and means of the politician are well known, and the development of the rough Texan household in the social swim of Washington is particularly pleasing and ingenious.

### "IN OLD KENTUCKY."

Tomorrow evening Jacob Litt's play, "In Old Kentucky," will be presented at the Lyceum. This play enjoyed a run of seven months at the big Academy of Music, New York, and three months at the famous Boston theater, and its many meritorious features have become familiar to patrons of the theaters in every city and town in the United States. A brass band, composed entirely of little colored boys is, perhaps, the most striking of the several innovations seen, but the genuine horse race between half a dozen Kentucky thoroughbreds is in itself the very acme of realism and the most thrilling climax ever placed upon the stage.

# Wannebo-Puent Wedding.

Last evening a pretty wedding was celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Larson, of 518 West Seventh street, when their niece, Miss Petra B. Wannebo and Benjamin Puent, both of La Crosse, Wis., were united in the holy bonds of wedlock by Rev. A. W. Ryan. The bride was charming in a gown of old rose colored gloria silk, and carried a bouquet of bridal roses.

# Hard on Potatoes.

The present wet weather is disastrous to the potato crop and all people in and around Duluth who raise that much-used vegetable are disgusted at the continuous rains of the past two or three weeks. The ground is so wet that the potatoes rot and many large patches that have been planted to potatoes are totally ruined. Other vegetables have suffered also from the excess of rain. The berry season was cut short by it, also, and what promised to be a very fine berry season turned out to be hardly up to the ordinary and was cut very short.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**

**$14---Detroit and Return---$14**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

Your hat—the Gordon.

# IS KILLED BY A JOKE

## Chicago Mother Led to Believe That Her Baby Was Dead.

## SHE FELL IN A SWOON

## And the Next Day Died as a Result of the Fright.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Lillian Eby, 802 Sixty-ninth street, was named in the lists the other day of those who had died as victims of the heat.

That was an error. It was not the heat that killed her; it was a joke, innocent in intent, but shifting sharply to a tragedy in its results.

A large doll, recumbent, with its mechanical eyes closed and its waxen cheeks the counterfeit of death, was handed to Mrs. Eby in place of her own baby.

When she caught sight of its closed eyes she fell in a swoon, and the next day she died as a direct result of the fright.

In this way three families have been thrown into mourning as the outcome of what had been intended for a little fun at the young wife's expense.

Mrs. Eby was but 22 years old, and it was her first child. She and her husband, John A. Eby, have been living for three years in Englewood, near the residence of Mr. Eby's mother, which is 7149 Union avenue.

Three months ago a daughter was born to them, and they were preparing to visit Mrs. Eby's old home in Nappanee, Ind., when the incident occurred that proved fatal to the mother.

She had been making many plans for taking the child to see its grandparents.

Mr. Eby's sister, Mrs. Ralph Perry, lives at Thirty-ninth street and Indiana avenue, and Mrs. Eby took the baby there one afternoon early last week for a visit.

She was accompanied by her mother-in-law and her sister, Mrs. Martin Eby. Mrs. Perry lives on the second floor and her mother-in-law on the floor below.

The women were together, hovering over the baby in the parlor. Suddenly, in a spirit of fun, and being anxious to show the baby to her relative below, Mrs. Perry took up the child from the lap of its mother and went down stairs.

There she found a little girl playing with a large doll, but when the child saw the real baby she lost interest and put the plaything aside.

"I guess we'll trade your dolly for a real little baby," said the child's mother, a caller.

Then it was suggested, "just to see what Mrs. Eby would say," that they take the doll back to her in place of the baby.

A handkerchief was thrown over its face and Mrs. Pery carried it back upstairs.

Mrs. Eby had grown impatient at being separated from her baby so long, and ran across the room to take it in her arms.

The first view she caught as she drew back the cloth was of the doll's closed eyes. She sank to the floor with a moan.

"My, how you frightened me!" she said, realizing that it was a joke. But she was seized with convulsions which lasted half an hour.

She said afterwards, when she recovered consciousness, that the impression that her baby was dead came and went like a flash of lightning.

On an instant almost she knew it was a doll, and not her baby. Yet the terror had taken effect, and the harm was wrought.

The shock had gone deeper than was thought at first even by Dr. Thomas J. Jackson, whom the family called in.

Dr. Jackson assured the family that after a night's rest Mrs. Eby would probably be all right. He advised taking her home, and an ambulance was called.

During the night Mrs. Eby had frequent convulsions, and her husband and mother sat up with her constantly.

They called in another physician, Dr. Norton, but he was alarmed about the case. He had promised to call the next day at noon, and the family was anxiously waiting for him when Mrs. Eby was seized with a more violent convulsion, and died.

In the various attacks she had complained that she was being pursued through the various places with which she was familiar by a dolly with closed eyes.

Mrs. Perry was distracted when she found the result of the joke had been so serious.

Her sister-in-law, she thought, had always been strong and well, and it did not occur to her that the pleasantry of handing her a large doll in place of her baby would have more serious result than to cause her to laugh a little with the rest of the family.

Mrs. Perry was not blamed by the husband to the dead woman, but she has continued to upbraid herself until at one time it was feared she might lose her reason.

The case has attracted attention from the physicians, who say it is an extremely singular one. Dr. Norton pronounced death due to neuralgia of the heart.

Mrs. Eby had had fainting spells at times before this, and it is believed there was some trouble with her heart.

Mrs. Eby was born in Napanee, where her parents still live. Her maiden name was Eby, and she was a second cousin to her husband.

Her sister married her husband's brother, Martin Eby, and they live at 7149 Union avenue.

Mrs. Eby's baby, a bright little girl, resembling its mother, after whom it is to be named, "Lillian," will be taken to Napanee by the grandparents. Mrs. Eby was buried there on Sunday.

"Itching hemorrhoids were the plague of my life. Was almost wild. Doan's Ointment cured me quickly and permanently, after doctors had failed." C. F. Cornwell, Valley street, Saugerties, N. Y.

**Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.**

**$14---Detroit and Return---$14**

Going Aug. 22, 24 and 26. Return limit Sept. 14. One night rail ride; 25 hours' steamer ride.

Sleeping car and steamer diagrams now open. Come early to make your reservations. City Ticket office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

$11.00 SAULT STE. MARIE AND MACINAC ISLAND AND RETURN $11.00 Via Northern Steamship steamers. Choice of returning via steamer or D. S. S. & A. railway. For further information call No. 432 West Superior street.

SOLID TRUTHS SOLID TRUTHS SOLID TRUTHS

Mail Orders Our Specialty.

PANTON & WHITE
DULUTH, MINN.
THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Store Open Saturday Until 10 p. m.

THE TRUTH

"The Plain Truth and a Good Deal of it."

*Bargain Counter No. 1.*

**Great Kid Glove Sale.**

*100 doz. Kid Gloves, value $1.00 per pair, on sale Saturday at 69c per pair—*

Colors are all the newest and fashionable fall colors, plain or colored stitchings, every pair actually worth $1.00, remember we ask only **69c**

*Bargain Counter No. 2.*

**Great Job in White Goods.**

5000 yards Fancy White Goods in checks, stripes, lacework and plain—plain Lawn 40 inches wide; goods never worth less than 25c per yard, all you want of them at—per yard **10c**

**Millinery.**

*Advance Showing of Felt Hats.*

*Ladies' Felt Street Hats*—Just received a large lot of the very latest styles—colors in gray, blue, castor and black. Just the thing for early fall wear.

☞Ladies will please call and see them.

**Lace Dept.**

We will show for the first time Saturday some of the new goods for fall. Black and white spangled nets in endless variety, real and imitation Cluny Laces—great assortment of fine All-overs.

Just a few flyers for Saturday.

White Nottingham Lace All-overs, stripes and lace patterns— **35c, 45c, 48c and 50c yard**

Cream and Ecru Oriental and Net Top Laces, new patterns— **10c, 15c, 18c yard**

We have a few pieces left of English Torchon Laces. To make room for the new goods we offer them at, yard **3c**

*Special*—100 doz men's extra size printed border handkerchiefs, fast colors. Pick, each **5c**

**Gent's Furnishing Dept.**

25 dozen Gent's Percale Negligee Shirts, in 14, 14½, 16½ and 17, qualities worth 89c and $1— **49c each.**

Cotton Sweaters for men and boys, full line, cheap at 65c— **48c each.**

Our Golf Hose must be closed out, the 75c and $1.00 qualities, will be sold at— **39c a pair.**

Our best Teck and Imperial Ties, as good as you find anywhere at 50c— **29c each.**

**Ladies' Hosiery and Underwear.**

Ladies' lisle thread Hose in heavy and gauze, drop stitch and plain, the regular 55c quality— **39c per pair.**

Children's Mercerized Silk finished Hose in black and tan, and boys' Heavy Hose in black, the regular 39c qualities— **25c per pair.**

Ladies' Mercerized Silk Vests, in pinks, blacks and lavenders, same as advertised elsewhere as 50c quality, our price— **21c each.**

Ladies' Silk and Lisle Thread Vests in cream, pink, blue and black, a good 60c vest— **45c each.**

**New Dress Goods.**

The showing grows more interesting every day—Swell Suitings, Fine Cassimeres, English Tweeds, Imported Coverts and French Venetians—and all the fashionable plain stuffs are crowding our counters, shelves and aisles in unmatchable assortments and at unmatchable prices.

*Tweeds*—Direct from the finest European mills, swell fabrics for unlined skirts or dresses **$2.25 to $3.25**

*English Coverts*—58 inches wide, others 54 and 50 inches—in all the new fall colorings, including the dark Oxford, seal brown, castors, navies **$1.25 to $2.25**

*Pebble Cheviots*—In two of the most popular autumn shades, seal brown and the new red, at **$1.50**

*Prunella Cloths*—In most wanted fall shades, all plain colors, 48 inches wide; a very popular fabric for stylish dresses, price **$1.75**

*Silk and Wool Novelties*—Fabrics that look richer than all-silk and wear just as well; over thirty styles to choose from, at **$1.00, 75c and 50c**

**New Black Dress Goods.**

There are hundreds of new weaves that have been received during this week in Thibet Cloths, Beavers, Kerseys, Pierola Cloths, Prunellas, Venetians, Velours, Worsteds, Serges of all kinds and many others arriving daily.

*Thibet Cloth*—The popular English Thibet, well known to swell dressers; a cloth you will not find in the smaller stores, suitable for unlined skirts, capes, jackets, etc.; price **$1.50**

*Clay Serges*—The popular English Clay Worsteds, 60 inches wide **$3, $2.75, $2.50, $2, $1.75**

*Pierola Cloths*—The new and exclusive weaves in Pierola Cloths, not the common shown elsewhere; prices **$1.00 to $2.25**

*Popular Cheviots*—Storm Serges, 46 to 50 inches wide, prices range from **79c to $2.00**

*New Silks*—36-inch Black Taffeta Silk **$1.25**

*New Fancy Silks*—In new weaves at **$1 and 85c**

*Wash Goods*—1 case fine Merrimac Shirting Print, best quality; Thursday, a yard **3½c**

**Cloak Department.**

*Skirts*—Big cut in Ladies' Wash Dress Skirts in Pique, Crash and Denim, worth up to $1.98; closing out price **89c**

*Underskirts*—In fast colored wash materials, made with flounce and ruffle, cheap at $1.25; on sale Saturday at **75c**

*Shirt Waists*—Ladies' colored Shirt Waists, on sale Saturday at **23c, 35c, 49c, 85c**

*Wrappers*—Women's fancy colored Wrappers, made with a deep flounce and ruffle over shoulders, in all sizes from 32 to 44; sale price Saturday **98c**

*Children's Dresses*—In colored Lawn, Percales and Ginghams, fancy trimmed with lace and embroidery; sale prices **49c, 75c, 98c, $1.49, $1.98**

*Muslin Underwear*—Visit our Muslin Underwear Department and see the bargains we are offering in Gowns, Drawers, Corset Covers, Chemises and Skirts.

**Drug Department.**

Booth's Pungent Lavender Tablets for deodorizing, regular price 50c; special **25c**

Ed. Pinaud's Triple Extract, regular price 65c; special **39c**

Colgate & Co.'s Antiseptic Dental Powder, regular price 25c; special **15c**

Almond Meal; softens, whitens and preserves the skin, regular price 25c; special **15c**

Dupont's Cold Cream for removing tan, regular price 25c; special **17c**

Ed. Pinaud's Roman Face Powder, regular price 50c; special **25c**

**Jewelry Departm't.**

Ladies' Shell Side Combs, you will find them at 49c; per pair **35c**

Manicure Scissors for Ladies, with sterling silver handles; good value at 75c; per pair **59c**

Duluth Souvenirs in sterling silver, book marks; each **25c**

Sterling Silver Souvenir Spoons—Steamer Northwest, finely engraved; each **$1.25**

Large lot of Agate Novelties, from **25c up**

**Shoe Department.**

Your choice of 10 styles in Infants' Dongola Kid Shoes, lace or button—with patent or kid tips, colored or black stitching. They are good $1.00 values. Saturday's price **65c**

Children's lace and button Shoes in fine Vici Kid with light or heavy soles; they are soft and comfortable—regular price $1.00—Saturday, at **75c**

Misses' spring heel Kid, Velour and Box Calf Shoes, made for durability, comfort and appearance. They are bargains at $1.25—Saturday's price **98c**

Women's Slippers, Oxfords and Shoes—odd sizes and styles—any of them worth from $2 to $4—A clean sweep Saturday for **75c**

THE ULTRA SHOE FOR WOMEN **$3.50**

**Carpet Department.**

**Floor Oilcloth**—500 yards Floor Oilcloth—best quality in 1 and 2 yard lengths, worth 30c and 35c a yard—to close out, yard **14c**

**Linoleum**—500 yards Linoleum in short lengths, regular 65c quality—to close out, yard **25c**

**Crockery Department.**

**Jardinieres**—Special prices on four sizes blue decorated Jardinieres for Saturday.

39c Jardinieres at, each **27c**

59c Jardinieres at, each **43c**

79c Jardinieres at, each **57c**

98c Jardinieres at, each **72c**

**Cuspidors**—200 tinted glazed Cuspidors—worth 35c, at, each **19c**

**Water Tumblers**—Heavy crystal glass Water Tumblers—all you want Saturday at, each **2c**

**Beer Steins**—New decorated German Covered Beer Steins at, each **39c, 48c, 75c up to $3.50**

**Souvenirs**—Duluth Souvenir Plates, Trays and Easels, decorated with picture of High School and Steamer North West at, each **25c**

**Dinner Sets**—New Decorated Dinner Sets—100 pieces—Saturday, per set **$6.39**

**Hardware Department.**

**Special**—500 American Cutlery Co.'s serrated edge Bread Knives with 10 in. blade—worth 20 cents. Saturday one to a customer at, each **5c**

**Carving Knives**—Landers, Frary & Clark's high grade Carving Knives and Forks, 9-inch blade and silver plated ferrules. These are the best goods manufactured and cannot be purchased elsewhere for less than $1.50 per set—Saturday, per set **89c**

**Scales**—100 Family Scales, handsomely Japaned, especially adapted for the canning season—Saturday, each **98c**

**Potts Irons**—Another one that will keep the "other fellows" guessing. Potts nickel plated Irons—Saturday, sets of three **83c**

**Feather Dusters**—12-inch Turkey Feather Dusters—Saturday at, each **15c**

**Croquet Sets**—Closing out Croquet Sets. Specials for Saturday:

$1.00 Sets are, per set **75c**

$1.48 Sets are, per set **$1.10**

$1.65 Sets are, per set **$1.25**

SOLID TRUTHS SOLID TRUTHS SOLID TRUTHS

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

FOURTEEN PAGES—SECTION ONE—PAGES 1 to 8

# DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

$5.00 a Month Will Buy a Reliable Piano.

The Price, $165 Is a low one and the instrument possesses a sweet and durable tone. Mahogany finished case with full swinging music desk and all the latest improvements. Handsome stool and scarf goes with each piano. We call special attention to another desirable bargain at $185, also in rich mahogany case.

We show in this piano store the product of ten leading manufacturers, thus insuring you a selection that cannot be excelled. Nothing but worthy pianos are tolerated here, no matter how low the price. And right here is the difference between the French & Bassett Piano Store and the ordinary dealers. They copy the appearance of [illegible] pianos, but not the substance. In this store quality is demanded first and price arranged afterward.

Old Pianos and Organs Taken in Exchange.

Organs Slightly used—all in good condition...... $18, $25, $30, $35 and $38

All Sold on Easy Payments.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
RELIABLE PIANO DEALERS.
First Street and Third Avenue West.

25 feet upper side Superior Street near 20th Avenue W............ $3500
or will build to suit tenant.
75 feet on St. Croix Avenue near Sutphin Street.
2613 and 2613½ Huron Street .......... $1400
2 houses rented for $18 per mo. A great bargain.
1404 East Fourth St.......... $2100
8 room house, stone foundation, furnace, plumbing, mantle, electric lights—house costs $5,000.

Houses for sale in all parts of the city.

Some choice residences in East End cheap.

FOR RENT—2106 W. Superior St.—5-room flat—new.......... $14.50

MONEY TO LOAN—We are ready to make any good loan at lowest rates. 5 to 6 per cent, according to security. Money ready.

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Gives 100 per cent more heat and illumination, with 50 per cent less fuel, than any ordinary base burner.

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The Housefurnisher,
U. S. Block, 19th Ave. West and Superior St.

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AN EXCELLENT SMOKE.
BON AMIE. BON AMIE.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price
Rooms 5 and 6
PHOENIX BLOCK.
Telephone 755, Call 4.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

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FOR SALE—THESE PROPERTIES ARE IMPROVED AND WELL RENTED—BOTH IN THE CENTER OF THE COMMISSION DISTRICT.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, First Floor Providence Bldg

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HANSEN SMITH, President.
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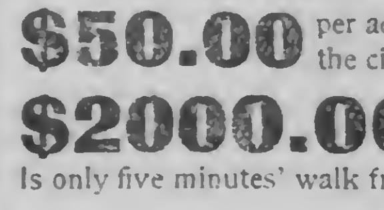

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$2000.00 purchases a nine-room house on a lot 50x120 on First street. House alone cost $3000.00 to build. Is only five minutes' walk from postoffice. Small cash payment, balance monthly.

Money to Loan at 5 per cent and 6 per cent.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
201 First National Bank Building.

Letter Heads, Statements, Bill Heads, Cards and Envelopes
We do the neatest work in this class of printing.
A trial order will be sure to please you. Quick time.
Zenith phone 336.
15 Second Avenue West.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Prompt Printers.

## ANARCHY IN PEKIN

### Street Fighting Continues to Break Out In the Chinese Capital.

## FORCE IS TOO SMALL

### To Maintain Order and the Allies Are Opposed By Armed Mobs.

London, Aug. 25.—Street fighting breaks out intermittently in Pekin, according to dispatches from Shanghai, the allies not having sufficient forces to police the vast city. As small parties of the allied troops penetrate into new districts, they have to engage half-armed mobs.

A Shanghai dispatch of date repeats the report that the troops pursued the dowager empress and the convoy and overtook them eighty miles southwest of Pekin.

The emperor, it is added, threw himself on the protection of his captors. The prisoners have not yet reached Pekin.

In the engagement at Tien Tsin 1000 Americans, British and Japanese routed 3000 Chinese and killed 300 of them.

The viceroy of Szechuen is reported at Shanghai to be sending troops to the Tonquin frontier and to be intending to fight the French at Mengtse.

The bulk of the German fleet recently at Shanghai has gone to Taku as an escort to the new German minister, Dr. Mumm Von Schwarzenstein, who is bound for Pekin. Clan fights are of daily occurrence in the Heungshan district.

### VICEROYS FRIENDLY.

### Accept New Conditions and Will Help Maintain Peace.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The first assurance reached here today that the powerful Chinese viceroys were disposed to accept the new conditions of affairs in China and would assist in the maintenance of peace. The information came in a dispatch through diplomatic channels, and stated that one of the foreign officers had received a telegram from two of the most powerful central viceroys stating that they intended to use their best efforts to maintain order and peace throughout the central portions of China. As his assurance came subsequent to the capture of Pekin it is regarded as a favorable sign of disposition of the viceroys whose authority in the interior is very great. Their course has been watched with much concern by officials for since Pekin is in a chaotic condition the most influential authority in the empire is that of the viceroys.

### A BRILLIANT CHARGE.

### Ten Thousand Chinese Routed By Allies.

Shanghai, Aug. 25.—Advices from Chifu, dated Aug. 21, state that the allied forces have completely routed the 10,000 Chinese soldiers who massed near Tien Tsin for the purpose of cutting communications.

At the head of the force of the Sixth cavalry, U. S. A., 375 Bengalese and Punjabs and 200 Japanese cavalry, Col. Theodore J. Wint charged upon the Boxers, who fought desperately. Though outnumbering the allies ten to one, the Chinese were finally routed.

Four hundred were killed, 300 prisoners taken and six towns burned. The allies' loss was four wounded.

It is reported that the empress dowager, after proceeding one day's journey from Pekin, became terrified by the looting of Gen. Lung Fuh Elang's troops and went back to Pekin. A Chinese telegram from Sianfu says that Prince Tuan has been captured by a detachment of the allies.

A Chinese official dispatch asserts that Emperor Kwang Su has been found and rescued by the Japanese.

### SYSTEMATIC LOOTING.

### A General Scramble For Chinese Treasure at Pekin.

London, Aug. 25.—The Pekin correspondent of the Times wiring Saturday, says: Pekin is now entirely under foreign control. Looting is proceeding systematically. The French and Russian flags are flying over the best portion of the imperial domain, where it is believed the imperial treasure is buried. The forbidden city is respected by international agreement, although any punishment will be ineffective unless it is occupied. The Japanese have seized a hoard amounting to 500,000 taels.

### TO SEND CONSULS BACK.

### American Consuls to Be Ordered to Their Posts.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The state department is taking steps to have all of the American consuls in China return to their several posts as soon as all danger from anti-foreigners is passed. The officials say the consuls were permitted by the department to leave their posts on their own responsibility if they considered their lives were in danger. Now that the danger is passing the department is getting ready to have them go back to their posts and take up their routine work.

### THE ROYAL FUGITIVES.

### Emperor and Empress Are Reported Bound For Talyuenfu.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Acting Secretary Adee made public last night the following dispatch from Consul Fowler, at Che Foo, giving additional information bearing on events in Pekin:

"Che Foo (undated), Received Aug. 23, midnight.—Secretary of State, Washington: Twenty-third. Japanese report emperor (and) empress left Pekin 14th, rested at Waushoushan. Supposed destination Taiyuanfu (Taiyuenfu), Shensi. Prince Ching believed in Pekin. Li Ping Heng died. Half population left.

"FOWLER."

ADEE INQUIRES.

New York, Aug. 25.—A letter was received today at the board of foreign missions of the Reformed church in America, from A. A. Adee, assistant secretary of state, asking for information regarding the Reformed church mission in China. The headquarters of the mission is at Amoy, and all the missionaries from outlying stations were called there some time ago. Rev. Dr. Henry N. Cobb, corresponding secretary, sent Mr. Adee a list of the missionaries there now, and the locations. There are supposed to be thirteen of the adult missionaries now in Amoy. The mission property is valued at about $100,000.

### BOXERS ARE DISLODGED.

### Allies Drive Them From Their Position In Pekin.

Paris, Aug. 25.—Gen. Frey, commanding the French forces at Pekin, telegraphs from there, under date of Aug. 20:

"The allies have driven the Boxers from all the points they occupied. The allies are camped outside the imperial palace, which was occupied by some soldiers of the regular Chinese army. The generals decided to march the international forces through the palace doors, which were afterwards closed."

### POURING INTO TAKU.

### Transports Are Unloading Troops There In Large Numbers.

Taku, Friday, Aug. 21.—(Copyrighted 1900, by the Associated Press.)—Transports are pouring into Taku. Three large German vessels have arrived and are unloading. One regiment that has disembarked is on its way to Pekin and another is bound for Tien Tsin. Three Russian vessels also are in the harbor. The Fifteenth infantry, the Third artillery and 500 marines are encamped at Tien Tsin awaiting orders. Rations for forty days are being forwarded to the Pekin contingent by boat. One hundred civilians have left Pekin, including the customs force, and are on their way down the river.

The foreigners here desire that a new expedition shall be sent against Paotingfu to destroy the city and avenge the massacre of foreigners which occurred there.

### HOSPITAL PLANS CHANGED.

### No Base Hospital to Be Established at Nagasaki.

San Francisco, Aug. 25.—The large base hospital that was projected by the government at Nagasaki, Japan, has been abandoned, and the wounded and sick from China who would have gone there, will be brought directly through and treated from the general hospital at the Presidio.

The physicians and nurses ordered to Nagasaki will remain here for the present.

The Labor council of this city has strongly protested against the employment of Chinese crews on transports.

The balance of Light Battery M, Seventh artillery, commanded by Capt. M. M. Macomb and Lieuts. W. J. Snow, A. S. Conklin and J. P. Hopkins, has arrived from Washington barracks.

### LI GOES TO PEKIN.

### Is Reported to Have Started Via Way of Tein Tsin.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Chinese officials express the belief today that Li Hung Chang, the Chinese envoy, had started for Pekin by way of Tien Tsin. While there are said to be no official advices to this effect, it is so much in accordance with the expectation of China's course that the officials accept it as a fact. If this prove to be correct, it may bring about early opportunity for personal exchanges between Earl Li and the commanders of the allies and the ministers of the respective powers.

The Chinese government has been entirely silent since the capture of Pekin, except in the two communications from Li Hung Chang, and up to the present time Minister Wu has received no word responsive to the American answers sent to him by Mr. Adee last Wednesday. Three days have elapsed and there has been ample time for Li Hung Chang to formulate his next move. Under the circumstances, it is felt that h eaccepts the American and German answers, and such others as may have reached him, as negativing any present prospect of negotiations along the lines he proposed. The opinion is expressed that this will prolong the uncertainties of the diplomatic situation, during which Earl Li will seek to meet the requirements laid down by the United States and other powers, while the latter will endeavor to reach some common ground of understanding for the future.

HON. CHAS. A.
TOWNE
Will open the campaign at the Armory Monday, Aug. 27, at 8 o'clock, p. m. Do not fail to hear him.

### CONDUCTORS ARE HOSTILE.

### The Canadian Pacific Conductors Are Up In Arms.

St. Paul, Aug. 25.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Trouble is brewing among Canadian Pacific conductors which may lead to very serious consequences. An auditor from the Montreal office boarded the train at Rosenfeldt and demanded from the conductor his punch, ticket book, tickets and cash, producing a letter from Montreal as his authority. The conductor refused to submit to the humiliation. The same thing occurred at two other points. There is a deep feeling of resentment among the men, although they have no objection to the checking ot trains to protect the company's revenue. Cipher messages are passing between the men and the heads in the East of the trainmen and the conductors, and there seems certain to be trouble ahead which may tie up the whole Canadian Pacific system.

RECORD BREAKER.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—The past week has been a record-breaking one as regards the shipments of feeding sheep. Estimating today's receipts at 2000 head, the total receipts for the week will amount to 30,000 head, the banner week in the history of the market. The largest previous week's shipment was 29,602 for the week ending Oct. 19, 1889.

DISTINGUISHED LIST.

New York, Aug. 25.—Among the passengers who arrived here today on the steamer New York from Southampton and Cherbourg were: George A. Armour, Judge Biddle, Chauncey M. Depew, N. J. Gould, J. E. Widener, P. A. B. Widener, David Belasco and Mrs. Leslie Carter.

## NO WORD RECEIVED

### Officials Get the Reports From Chaffee and Inquiries Are Unanswered.

## ARE WHOLLY AT SEA

### Because of the Interruption to Communication With the Chinese Capital.

Washington, Aug. 25—The war department has not yet received from Gen. Chaffee the report requested of him a few days ago upon conditions in Pekin. In fact, several recent cablegrams of inquiry addressed to Gen. Chaffee have not been answered. In the situation, it was found necessary to call upon Gen. Chaffee again for a full report, for the guidance of the officials of the government. It is supposed that the uncertainty of communication between Pekin and Tien Tsin is responsible for Gen. Chaffee's silence. The wires have been cut between the capital and Tien Tsin, and it is probable that the messages were sent by courier to Pekin.

It is regarded as very unfortunate that there should be such difficulty of communication at this time. The department is depending in a large measure upon Gen. Chaffee for information to guide the administration in the movements of the immediate future. It is not believed at the war department that the two casualty lists, one dated at Tien Tsin the 21st, and the other the 23rd, were sent by Gen. Chaffee in person. It is thought that his name was signed as a matter of form.

More than a week ago two dispatches were received from Gen. Chaffee, but they are in such shape that they cannot be deciphered at the department. They are regarded as very important, from the fact that they relate to conditions in Pekin, the number of persons under the protection of the allied forces, and the supplies for the army, as well as for these people. While it is known that they relate to these subjects, the fact that they cannot be deciphered prevents the department from determining just what Gen. Chaffee means. Orders have been sent to him to repeat the message.

The war department has taken up the matter of cable communication, and has asked the cable companies to see if the Chaffee messages can be straightened out, and also to ascertain if the messages sent to Gen. Chaffee can reach him and, if they cannot be delivered, why. It is of course recognized that the Boxers are interrupting the line constructed by the signal corps from Tien Tsin to Pekin. At the same time, with communication by cable to Shanghai, thence overland to Che Foo, by cable to Taku, and a protected line to Tien Tsin, it is felt at the department that communication should be more expeditious.

It was stated today that Admiral Remey had informed the navy department that it was reported the Russian commander had forbidden any communication between his troops and the Chinese. These reports were carried in the press dispatches from Pekin, with the addition that the Russian commander considered a state of war existing between Russia and China.

The note to the ambassador and ministers representing countries having interests in China, decided upon at the cabinet conference yesterday, has been prepared and forwarded to our ministers for their guidance in communicating with foreign governments relative to future action by the powers in China.

## BLUFF BY HO.

### Chinese Consul General Predicts a Terrible Uprising to Retake Pekin.

Oakland, Cal. Aug. 25.—In a lecture on the situation in China, delivered here, Consul General Ho Yow said:

"Recent advices inform me that the United States will keep troops in China. I hope it will not be so, there will be great danger in such a course. I fear when it is known that the Chinese capital is in the hands of foreigners, there will be a terrible uprising all over China, and it will take much money and many lives to ultimately suppress them.

"Would your Christ wish you to advance relation at the sacrifice of millions of lives?"

### D'ARCOS IN CHICAGO.

### Spanish Minister and Wife Arrive For the Encampment.

Chicago, Aug. 26.—The Duke d'Arcos, the Spanish minister, accompanied by the Duchess d'Arcos, reached Chicago from Washington at 11:30 today. They were met at the station and escorted to the Auditorium Annex and welcomed on behalf of the veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic.

At the hotel an informal reception was held, at which the ladies of the G. A. R. tendered the duchess an invitation to a luncheon at the Annex, at 2 o'clock Monday.

## FOOLS THE BRITISH

### De Wet Escapes From a Tight Place By Clever Strategy.

## BLUFF BY DE LAREY

### Enables De Wet to Slip Off Towards Orange River Colony.

Krugersdorp, Aug. 25.—Commandant De Larey appeared yesterday before Bank station with a large force, and summoned the garrison, commanded by Lord Albemarle, to surrender, which the garrison refused to do. In the meantime De Wet took advantage of this ruse and crossed the river towards the Orange River colony.

London, Aug. 25.—Gen. Baden-Powell, according to a dispatch to the Standard, dated Pretoria, Aug. 23, headed off De Wet, prevented his junction with the main body of the enemy. De Wet abandoned his transport and took to the hills, his commando dispersing, some trekking southward.

Lord Kitchener has returned to Pretoria.

### CORDUA IS SHOT.

### Ringleader of the Plot to Steal Roberts Is Executed.

London, Aug. 26.—A special dispatch from Pretoria, dated Aug. 24, gives details of the execution, on Fridey, of Lieut. Cordua, of the Transvaal artillery, convicted by a court martial of breaking his parole in plotting to abduct Lord Roberts and kill British officers.

Cordua walked fearlessly to the garden behind the jail. At his own request, he was not bound and sat in a chair with folded arms. He told Capt. Barchard, commanding the firing party, that he was ready, and ten bullets struck him. The body was buried near the spot where the lieutenant fell.

## ARE TRAPPED.

### Two Companies of the Liverpool Regiment Chained Up By Boers.

London, Aug. 25.—Lord Roberts has left Pretoria and has fixed his headquarters at Wonderfontein, the second station west of Machododorp, where the bulk of the Boers in arms are supposed to be. Wiring from there Aug. 24, he says:

"Buller reports the Boers laid a trap for his cavraly, Aug. 23, opening with several guns at fairly short range. The English guns silenced the Boers but when the fighting ceased, by some mistake, two companies of the Liverpool regiment advanced 200 yards into a hollow, outside of the main body, where they were surrounded by the Boers and suffered severely. The Liverpools lost ten men killed and Capt. Plomer and forty-five men wounded. In addition, they had thirty-two men missing. Gen. Buller's other casualties, Aug. 23 were twenty men killed, wounded or missing."

Lord Roberts also wired that Gen. Pole-Carew occupied Belfast, near Machadodorp, Aug. 24, without opposition. Gen. French, with four brigades of cavalry, is moving east of Machadodorp.

The dispatch from the British commander-in-chief in South Africa also says:

"There is a welcome green over the veldt which, I hope, means that our riding and transport animale will get grazing shortly. They have fared badly of late."

### GEMS WERE MISLAID.

### Cleveland Woman Thought She Had Lost Her Diamonds.

Cleveland, Aug. 25.—Report was made to the police last night of a big diamond robbery on a sleeping car of the Cleveland Terminal & Valley railway. Mrs. Lee the wife of a prominent manufacturer is the loser. She had $25,000 worth of diamonds in a chamois bag, which she left in the toilet room of the sleeper while coming to the city, Friday. When she discovered that the diamonds were missing, the toilet room was searched but the gems could not be found. The train arrived in the city early in the afternoon, but no report was made to the police until midnight.

The jewels stolen consisted of seven diamond rings, an opal heart and necklace, each studded with diamonds.

Subsequently Mrs. McBride notified police that the jewels had been found. They had been merely mislaid and not stolen, as at first reported.

### WILL NOT COMMUNICATE.

### New Tack Reported Taken By the Russian Commanders.

Washington, Aug. 25.—A cablegram has been received from Admiral Remey in which he states that it is rumored that the Russian commander at Pekin has forbidden any communication between his forces and the Chinese.

### GOES TO OMAHA.

### Bryan Starts For There to Deliver An Address.

Lincoln, Neb. Aug. 25.—W. J. Bryan arrived in Lincoln at 9 o'clock this morning from Beatrice, where he spent the night; he repaired immediately to his home and left again at 10:30, for Omaha where he will speak tonight.

FATAL WRECK.

Reading, Pa., Auk. 25.—The Pottsville express on the Philadelphia & Reading railway, was wrecked near here today. Samuel Williams, fireman, was killed.

## BECOMING ALARMED

### Republicans Are More Fearful of Losing Control of the House.

## THE SENATE IS SAFE

### Interests of People Demand That the Lower Branch Be Democratic.

**From The Herald Washington Bureau.**

Washington, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Evidences are multiplying daily that the Republicans are becoming more and more alarmed over the prospect of losing the house in the coming election. They are dwelling on the fact that Bryan's election will probably mean that in 1902 both branches of congress will be Democratic.

While it is difficult to see just what damage would result to the country even should the Democrats come into possession of both the legislative and executive branches of the government, there is also little likelihood that the senate can become Democratic during the ensuing four years that the subject is scarcely worth discussing. The attempt to frighten the people with the prediction that a free silver coinage law would be passed by congress should the Democrats have a majority in 1930 is destined to fail. In the first place, by 1903, the earliest possible moment when the Democratic congress can be convened, the present financial law will have to be on the statute books for three years. Judging from the success which has attended its operation so far, it is reasonable to predict that no future congress, at least for four years to come, and until new financial conditions arise, will ever undertake its repeal.

Especially would this be true in the congress to be elected in 1902. It is almost inconceivable that the straight-out silver Democrats could by any combination of circumstances capture the house and senate in 1902. If the party should have the majority in both bodies, it would be due to the combination of all the elements which will support Mr. Bryan in the present campaign, including a large body of gold Democrats in the East. These would constitute a bulwark against any assault on the present financial law. It is also safe to assume that, should Bryan, having been elected, give any evidence during the first two years of his administration that he intended as soon as supported by a Democratic congresss to favor a repeal of the financial law, the people would take care to place it beyond his reach by electing a Republican house. Admitting that with one branch of congress Republican in 1903, an effectual barrier would be provided against the free silver heresy, the corollary must be true that the Democratic house in 1901 will act as a brake on the expansion policy should the present administration be continued in power. The Republican argument that one branch of congress must remain Republican to secure the safety of the country adds force to the Democratic contention that one branch must be Democratic for the same reason.

Aside from the enthusiasm which partisanship always evokes, it has been said that the chances seem to favor the election of McKinley. Barring the election of Bryan, the one hope of checking imperialistic tendencies, the corruption, the absorption of small industries by the great trusts and the crushing of the individual, all of which mark the characteristics of the present administration, lies in the election of a Democratic house. With four more years of the possession of congress and the presidency, the Republican party will proceed in the course which it has pursued during the last four years only with renewed impetus and vigor. It has been partly held in check during the past four years by the desire of the administration to become its own successor. This check will be removed in event of Republican success in November, and the country will be wholly at the mercy of the trusts, whose campaign contributions will make the success of the Republican party possible.

What, then, becomes of the virile anti-trust law, the repeal of the war revenue act, a reduction of the tariff on articles where the domestic manufacture is controlled by a trust, and the passage of many other salutary measures? With the Democratic house some laws may be enacted to protect the people, even though it be only to a slight degree.

* * *

In accepting the decoration of the Legion of Honor from the French government, Commissioner General Peck has violated the constitution of the United States. He must return the decoration, or if complaint is made against him it will be the duty of the president to remove him from office.

This is the view of the officials of the administration who have considered the constitution in connection with Mr. Peck's acceptance of the award of the French government. Assistant Commissioner General Woodward, who was also decorated by the French government, will have to return the decoration or suffer the same penalty that will be meted out to his superior.

Section 9, article 1, of the constitution prescribes: "No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States, and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them shall, without the consent of congress, accept any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever from any king, prince or foreign state."

The offices filled by Mr. Peck and Mr. Woodward are offices of profit and trust, and according to officials of the state department the provision of the constitution quoted applies in their case. Before they can properly accept the French decorations, Mr. Peck and Mr. Woodward must await the passage of a resolution by congress authorizing them to receive the honor.

Another way out of the dilemma is for them to wait patiently until their offices cease to exist, when as private citizens they may accept the decorations. It is customary, when American officers or officials are decorated or otherwise honored by foreign governments, for the president, upon the recommendation of the state department, to recommend to congress the enactment of such

(Continued on Page 6.)

# COAL IS TIED UP

## Mine Road Strike the Main Topic of Interest In England.

## PRETTY STIFF GAME

## Card Sharps Try to Work American Tourists, But Are Blocked.

London, Aug. 25.—(Copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press)—Forgetting the Chinese cryptogram and the unending war in South Africa and the reconstruction of that country, a strike on a little 100-mile Welsh railroad stirs up more serious interest than anything else in England this week, because it is closely related to the coal supply and the manufacturing vitality of the kingdom. The Taff Vale railway carries the product of 50,000 coal miners into Cardiff. The fifth day of the strike sees small quantities of the best steam coal commanding 35 shillings. All the Cardiff factories are shut down, and the merchant fleet are unable to leave the harbor because they have not been supplied with coal. Most of the mines are still piling up coal at the pit mouths. All will probably be idle in another week.

The cause of the dispute is that 2000 railway servants want a half penny an hour more, and are upheld in that demand by the Union of Railway Men of the United Kingdom, with £250,000 in the treasury, and a strike income of 13,000 a week.

Interwoven with the discussion anent the coal scarcity, trouble is brewing elsewhere in the railway world. The Great Eastern men have handed in an ultimatum demanding increased wages and threatening to strike if this is refused.

The probabilities are that American coal will be imported. The arrival in the Thames on Thursday evening of the British steamer Queenswood, with 4000 tons of coal, and the sailing of the British steamer Armstor, from Norfolk, on Wednesday with 4000 tons destined for Bantry bay for the British navy afford a text on which hangs abundant speculation. English writers seem to take a melancholy satisfaction in pointing out America's exhaustless coal supply, and the ultimate certainty that large exports will be made from that country.

Passengers are requested to "beware of gambling." This pencilled notice was posted in the Campania's smoking room when she arrived a week ago. Several Americans, who had lost rather heavily at poker, after the game, compared notes and decided to repudiate their debts, being convinced that they had been playing against card sharps. The principal was a South American ranchman, whose paper debts amounted to over £1000. The winners were two New Yorkers, who were apparently unacquainted with each other when the Campania left New York.

The South American alleged that he had been cheated. He paid £10, and notified the winners that he would pay the balance of his losses when they produced satisfactory reference. He also telegraphed from Queenstown for a detective to meet the steamer at Queenstown. One did so, but beyond telling the loser that the men were well known sharks, he could do nothing.

The taking by American bankers of the exchequer bonds seems to impress the shah of Persia immensely. The St. James Gazette has some curious information from Paris on the subject. It says:

"The shah is convinced that financial regulations render the alliance between France and Russia less important everyday, because France is tired of giving money to Russia.The only nation that can give money to Russia is the United States. The shah has a brilliant idea that by cultivating friendship with America he may secure himself against Russia, whose relations with America are likely to become very close before long."

Mary Anderson, (Mrs. Antonio Navarro) admits that she is not as young as when playgoers knew her, but she has confessed to having received a shock at a bazaar held in Broadway, Worcestershire, the other day, when the rector of a religious community told her she was a mother of them. She made a little speech, in which she remarked:

"I am somewhat overwhelmed by the clerical compliment, but he might have said 'Sissy'."

Mr. Charles Stewart Smith, a member of the New York transit commission, who has gone to Scotland to visit Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie has devoted considerable time to studying both the Paris and London underground electric railways.

"I have been afforded every opportunity to study the workings of both systems," said Mr. Smith to a representative of the Associated Press, especially in London, where I have ridden almost every hour of the day, and I am prepared to make a complete report to the committee on my return to New York. The electric road is certainly a great improvment over anything London has ever had, but, after all, it is not rapid transit, in the sense we understand it in the United States. The distance from the Bank of England to Shepardsbush is 400 yards short of six miles. This is covered in twenty-five minutes, including thirteen stops. This is done by means of two single track tubes which, of course, prevents the running of express trains. The New York line will contain four tracks and express trains will run from the city hall to the northernmost end of the island in from eighteen to nineteen minutes. The engineering work in London is admirable and the rolling stock is an improvement even over that of the New York elevated, as the cars are better lighted and better furnished."

The milde of August finds London in the apogee of the season, while the exodus of returning tourists is limited only to the carrying capacity of the outgong steamers. C. A. Gillig, who is an expert at calculating American travel in Europe, said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"It is nonsense to talk about 150,000 Americans crossing the Atlantic this season. Their numbers are always exaggerated. There is only a certain number of trans-Atlantic lines, each limited to a number of ships of well known capacity. Going over the question with a little care, I estimate that there will be about 85,000 Americans in Europe during the season. The tide of travel is western now, and until October will be tremendous. The Oceanic took 390 cabin passengers Wednesday, and the Kaiser Wilhelm Der Grosse, 820 to 300. The fact that eighty-five Americans left the Carlton hotel that day shows how strong the homeward procession is."

It is not often that any American resident in England secures a place in Vanity Fair's portrait galleries, and far less frequently does the subject of these pleasant caricatures resent them. Not so, little "Johnnie" Reiff, however, who is the subject of this week's cartoon. Reiff, who cares more about kittens and candies than fame, says:

"I could forgive them for the unnatural position of my hands, but why did they want to turn my black hair into a shock of dirty yellow?"

CURIOUS CUCKOOS.

The cuckoo is generally known only as a bird with a very monotonous note: a continuous cry of "cuckoo, cuckoo" over and over again. Among naturalists, however, the cuckoo is known as a bird that never builds a nest for itself, but takes advantage of one already built by some more industrious bird.

There is a good deal of the cuckoo about these advertisers who, instead of making a success of their own, seek to profit by the success which some one else has made with much effort and labor. It is so with those imitations of Dr. Pierce's methods, by which free medical advice is offered, although those who make the offer are without qualified medical ability or experience. And the cry raised in some cases of "woman, woman, woman write to woman" makes the resemblance to the cuckoo even stronger.

There is as far as known no qualified woman physician connected with any proprietary medicine establishment, and none therefore competent to give medical advice. It is certain that there is no one, man or woman, who can offer free medical advice backed by such knowledge and experience as is possessed by Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y. For over thirty years Dr. Pierce has made a specialty of the treatment of diseases peculiar to women. In that time he has treated over half-a-million women, ninety-eight per cent. of whom have been perfectly cured. Every sick woman is invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter absolutely without charge or cost. Every letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential, and all answers are mailed securely sealed in perfectly plain envelopes bearing no printing whatever upon them.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes Weak Women Strong and Sick Women Well.

## GOES TO A DANCE.

### Fitzsimmons Whirls the Light Fantastic After the Fight.

New York, Aug. 25.—Fifteen minutes after the Fitzsimmons-Sharkey fight last night, Fitz, the winner, returned to his home at Bergen Beach and went to a dance with his wife. This morning he went for a stroll along the board walk, near his home, followed by a large crowd. He showed no sign whatever of having been engaged in a glove contest.

Sharkey went to his home in Sheepshead Bay after the fight, retired, and was out at 8 o'clock this morning. He had little to say.

Fitzsimmons' comparative easy two victories within two weeks over Ruhlin and Sharkey, both strong, heavy men, has put the former Australian in a position where he has a right to expect another contest with Jeffries, but it is not certain yet that he will challenge the boilermaker at present. Both men have theatrical engagements and are desirous of making what money they can in that way. The law permitting glove contests in this state has been repealed, to take effect Sept. 1, and it is hardly likely that Fitz would be willing to enter the ring before that date. Notwithstanding his sensational performance in disposing of the two heavy men in two weeks, it is not believed he would try to put out a third, and that one the champion, the heaviest of all, within a month. The gate money for a Fitzsimmons-Jeffries contest in Madison Square Garden, this city, probably would break all records, and the fighters, knowing this, may decide to wait until after the meeting of the next legislature, in the hope that a law legalizing boxing may be passed by it. However, both men are in good condition and the managers of several boxing clubs will try to arrange a match between them for an early date.

There was much comment among ring followers today that Fitz knocked Ruhlin out in six rounds and Sharkey in two, while Jeffries, some time ago, boxed a 20-round draw with Ruhlin, and more recently failed to stop Sharkey in twenty-five, although he was given the decision over the sailor.

## BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—First game—Detroit, 12; Indianapolis, 4. Second game—Indianapolis, 9; Detroit, 1.

At Cleveland—First game—Buffalo, 6; Cleveland, 0. Second game—Cleveland, 3; Buffalo, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 7; Chicago, 0.

At New York—Philadelphia, 3; New York, 1.

At Pittsburg—Cincinnati, 11; Pittsburg, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago ...... | 105 | 64 | 41 | .610 |
| Indiadapolis ... | 107 | 58 | 49 | .512 |
| Milwaukee .... | 111 | 59 | 52 | .532 |
| Detroit .... .... | 112 | 58 | 54 | .518 |
| Kansas City .. | 112 | 56 | 56 | .500 |
| Cleveland .. ... | 108 | 52 | 56 | .481 |
| Buffalo .... .... | 113 | 50 | 63 | .442 |
| Minneapolis .. | 112 | 43 | 69 | .384 |

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Pr Ct. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn .... .. | 93 | 57 | 36 | .613 |
| Pittsburg .. ... | 100 | 54 | 46 | .540 |
| Philadelphia .. | 96 | 48 | 48 | .500 |
| Chicago .... .... | 97 | 48 | 49 | .495 |
| Boston .... .... | 97 | 48 | 49 | .495 |
| Cincinnati .. .. | 99 | 48 | 51 | .485 |
| St. Louis ...... | 95 | 44 | 51 | .464 |
| New York ..... | 95 | 39 | 56 | .411 |

STRANGE CAST.

Kankakee, Ill., Aug. 25.—Dr. Emmet Enos, chief of the medical staff at the Kankakee insane asylum, has prepared for the coming meeting of the American Association of Hospital Physicians, at Indianapolis, data of a strange case under his care. The patient is Elizabeth Sharp, of Bloomington, Ill., who has fully recovered physically after driving the full length of a nail into her brain. The nail was removed with the forceps and the wound was stanched with antiseptic gauze. The woman used the heel of her shoe as a hammer. She says she felt no pain. According to Dr. Enos, the nail would certainly have killed her had she not been insane.

If sweet young widows want to "ketch" some sweetheart in the sunny tangles of their golden curls, they'd better take Rocky Mountain Tea. Great medicine. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Do not miss the Great Half Price Sale of Suits and Pants at B. J. Cook's,

321 West Superior Stree

# MOVE BY GERMANY

## Reported Preparing to Send a Very Powerful Army to China.

## MUCH ANXIETY FELT

## Fighting Near Tien Tsin and Situation In Southern Provinces Is Serious.

New York, Aug. 25.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The report telegraphed from Washington that Germany is preparing to make San Francisco a base of supplies, with a view to sending a very powerful army to China, has attracted considerable attention. Your correspondent has made inquiries on the subject in shipping circles and finds that German orders for stores and provisions are sufficiently extensive to lend probability to this rumor. it certainly would not surprise the diplomatic authorities here if the German force should eventually reach a total of 40,000 or 50,000 men.

Some importance may possibly be attached to the meeting which the prince of Wales had with the German emperor yesterday. The prince, in company with the duke of Cambridge, who, it will be remembered, preceded Lord Wolseley as commanded-in-chief of the British army, drove from Homburg to Castle Friedrichsdorp to meet the Emperor and Empress Frederick. Subsequently the emperor accompanied the prince and duke back to Homburg and had a long private conversation with them at their hotel. It is commonly understood that the British heir apparent does not interfere in political matters, and, in a general way, this is true, but in their foreign policies there is a good deal of private communication between the English and German courts, and it is extremely likely that the kaiser and his uncle discussed the outlines of a Chinese policy which may be pursued by their respective empires.

On more than one previous occasion the prince has been employed as a kind of dignified and superior foreign office messenger, able to say to the German emperor what could not conveniently be conveyed through ordinary diplomatic channels. In the present crisis Lord Salisbury may have induced the illustrious tourist to take advantage of his visit to Homburg to point out to his imperial relative that unnecessarily aggressive or violent action in China would be extremely distasteful to Great Britain. The German emperor has views about the alleged "yellow danger" which have never been shared by the English premier.

The continued absence of direct telegraphic news from Pekin during the last few days, together with reports of further fighting near Tien Tsin, is causing some anxiety. It is not, however, thought that the allied contingents can have any real difficulty in clearing their line of communications, even if the Chinese should have gathered in force in their rear. What is, in reality, more disturbing is the state of affairs in the central and southern provinces. Hong Kong telegrams received here yesterday were disquieting. There is no doubt that serious rioting has occurred in Fookien and Kiangse provinces, where the missions have been attacked and plundered. The disorder at Swatow has also been grave, and a French gunboat landed a body of bluejackets and marines to protect missions, while the Japanese have been patrolling the Amoy. It would almost seem as if an allied force would be required in every one of the treaty ports.

## CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

During a storm at Milwaukee and vicinity last night two children of Charles Zunker, named Frida and Adele, aged 9 and 8 years respectively, were killed by a bolt of lightning while at play in a barn on their father's farm, two miles north of the city. The county hospital was struck by lightning, a section of the roof torn away and the electrical plant rendered useless.

The Japanese liner, Futami Maru, Capt. Thom, bound from Australia to Manilla, with a cargo of stores for the American government, went aground and broke in twain on the island of Minando. The passengers and crew encamped for six days on the island. They are now being brought to Manilla by the British steamer Australian, Capt. Kock, the officers of the luckless liner remaining behind. There were no casualties.

A fire at Lemars, Iowa, yesterday destroyed the Western Union college. The fire is supposed to have originated from lightning. The loss is estimated at $40,000, with $10,000 insurance.

The steamer Mariposa, which arrived at San Francisco yesterday brought over $6,000,000 dollars in specie from Sydney, Australia, consigned to local banks.

## CABLE FLASHES.

According to a special dispatch to London from Rome, William Himberg, of New York, alleged to be an anarchist, has been arrested there. Compromising documents were found on his person and it is suspected that he was the accomplice of Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert.

Dr. Leyds and the Boer envoys have sent from St. Petersbug to Lord Salisbury a strong protest against the latest proclamations of Lord Roberts, maintaining that they violate every sense of right and all the principles of international law.

GOOD GUN.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Aug. 25.—In the presence of Lieut. Gen. Miles, Gen. Wilson, Gen. Buffington and other army officers, the new 18-inch Gathman torpedo gun, the largest ever built in this country was tested yesterday at the Bethlehm Steel works, to determine the velocity of the shot and strength of the gun and it proved a gratifying success. The government made an appropriation of $65,000 for the experiment and demanded that ten shots be fired, the tests to show a pressure of 18,000 pounds per inch and a velocity of 18,000 feet to the second. After two preliminary shots the third was fired with a charge of 300 pounds of powder, and showed a pressure of 19,045 pounds and 1896 feet velocity; while the fourth shot with the same charge recorded a pressure of 19,350 pounds and a velocity of 1901. The remaining six shots will be fired next week.

BELTRAMI REPUBLICAN.

Bemidji, Minn., Aug. 25.—Beltrami county Republican convention was very harmonious. Capt. Van Sant spoke. The nominees are: Auditor, J. H. Haner; register of deeds, Mat Chibbs; sheriff, A. G. Posen; treasurer, O. J. Shinn; surveyor, M. D. Stoner; probate judge, G. N. Carson; court commissioner, Porter Nye; coroner, Dr. Newman; school superintendent, J. D. Dunwoody.

## ON THE CAMPAIGN BLACKLIST.

### National Committee Will Not Let Billy Mason Speak.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Senator "Billy" Mason will not go down in history as a platform orator in the McKinley-Roosevelt campaign, says the Record. He has been put on the campaign blacklist by the national committee, a metaphorical gag has been put in his mouth, and all good Republicans are warned that to listen to him is equivalent to party heresy.

All this because Senator Mason has opposed the policy pursued by the McKinley administration. He was slated to make a series of speeches and in numerous places he has advertised in the newspapers and on bill boards, particularly the latter, and it was expected that he would prove a drawing card for the party.

All this came to a sudden end last night, however, when from Republican national headquarters in Chicago went forth the decree that Senator Mason was to be a "sealed book" so far as the campaign is concerned.

The senator was to have spoken at Sedalia, Mo., and all preparations had been made to care for a crowd. Committeeman Akins received a telegram from Chicago which said: "Shelve Mason."

Then the long distance telephone between this city and St. Louis was brought into use. "I have made all arrangements to use Mason," urged Akins.

"Well, you cannot do it," was the response from national headquarters. "He has been talking too much against the administration. He is not going to speak at Sedalia nor anywhere else for the national committee." The telephone receivers dropped and a state secret was out.

## PECK IS SENTENCED.

### Akron Negro Rapist Sent to Prison For Life.

Akron, O., Aug. 25.—Peck, the negro rapist, was arraigned here yesterday and pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to state's prison for life. He was hurried to a waiting train, escorted by a company of troops, and at 8:50 last night was safe in prison at Columbus.

There was no indication of any trouble in this city last night, and with the exception of the presence of soldiers the city has resumed its usual quiet.

EXCURSION!

TO TWO HARBORS.

HOWARD TRANSPORTATION CO.

STEAMER BON VOYAGE.

Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 26.

GOOD MUSIC ON BOARD.

FARE, 50 CENTS ROUND TRIP.

# KILLED ELEVEN.

## The Awful Revenge of Sydney Blacks In a Feud With Whites.

San Francisco, Aug. 25.—An outbreak of latent savagery in two aboriginal blacks, who had lived for years in close association with whites, is reported from Sydney, N. S. W., by the steamer Mariposa. The outbreak resulted in the slaughter of eleven persons.

At Breelong, in New South Wales, the Mawbry family offended two natives known as Governor and Underwood, who, in revenge, broke in the Mawbry house, armed with tomahawks and war clubs. In the house were Mrs. Mawbry, her two daughters, Grace and Hilda; her niece, Elsie Clark; Miss Kerse, a school teacher, and three boys, Percy, aged 13; George, 12, and Albert, 9. Of these, only the two youngest boys escaped.

In their flight across the country to the Queensland mountains, the blacks killed Alex Kay and his wife at Guloff; old Mrs. O'Brien and her young child, at Merrıwa, and Kerin Fitzpatrick, an old man, at Mudgee. Mounted police were unable to effect their capture.

TEACHERS SAIL.

Philadelphia, Aug. 25.—The United States transports Crook, McPherson, Rawlins and Sedgwick, having on board the 1300 Cuban school teachers, who spent two days in seeing the sights of this city, sailed for Havana at 10 o'clock this morning.

Our "Claret Punch" is a Thirst Quencher.

KUGLER'S DRUG STORE,

127 East Superior Street.

## WAS ASKED TO RESIGN.

### Citizens Get After Mayor Keliher of Sault Ste Marie.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 25.—Mayor Keliher has been requested to resign as a result of having accepted $250 from Lemens Bros.' show, tendered him for the purpose of permitting gambling games to proceed. The circus people opened their games and were promptly stopped by the chief of police and sheriff. Then the showmen went to the mayor and demanded their money back. It was not forthcoming and they were told it had been divided among the authorities. The circus people saw the sheriff and others named and were indignantly told that they had received none of the coin.

The showmen, accompanied by Sheriff Swart, Prosecuting Attorney Steinlein, and Chief of Police Burdick, called on Mr. Keliher who returned $165 of the money to the circus manager, saying the balance had been given out.

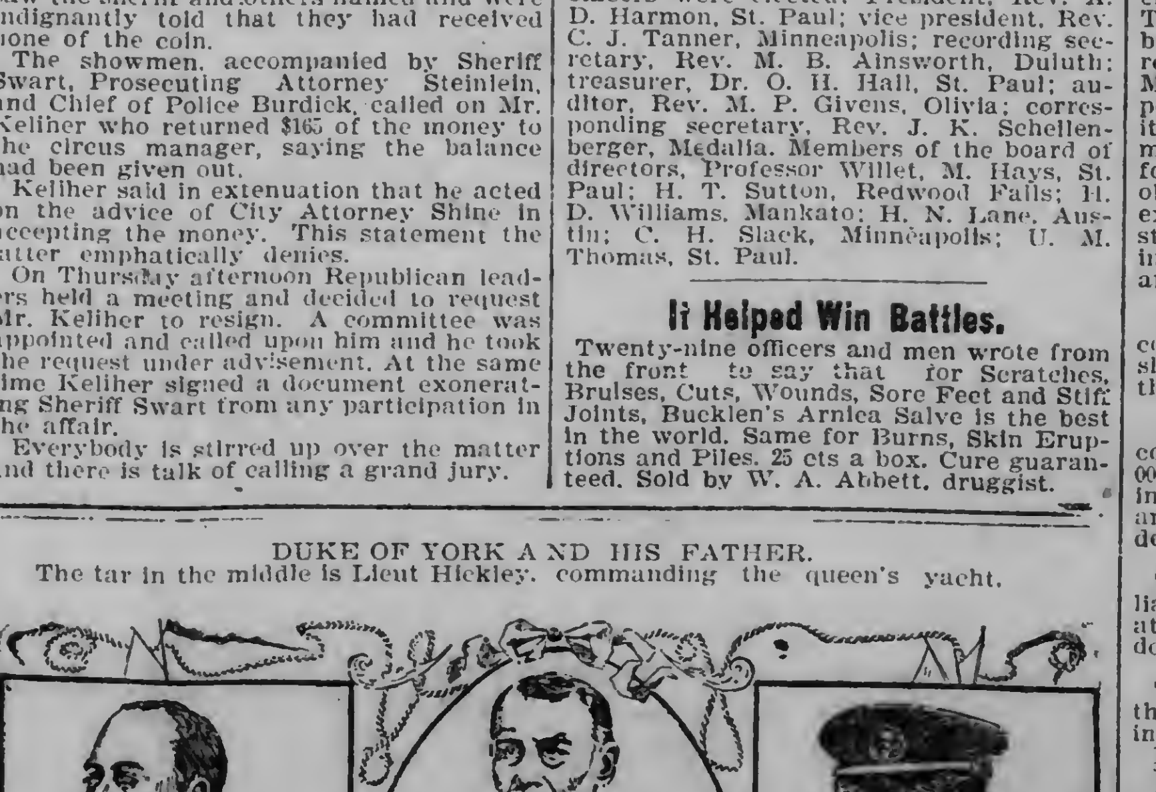
Keliher said in extenuation that he acted on the advice of City Attorney Shine in accepting the money. This statement the latter emphatically denies.

On Thursday afternoon Republican leaders held a meeting and decided to request Mr. Keliher to resign. A committee was appointed and called upon him and he took the request under advisement. At the same time Keliher signed a document exonerating Sheriff Swart from any participation in the affair.

Everybody is stirred up over the matter and there is talk of calling a grand jury.

DUKE OF YORK AND HIS FATHER.

The tar in the middle is Lieut Hickley, commanding the queen's yacht.



# WILL RUN IN MIRE

## Track For the Futurity at Sheepshead Bay Deep In the Mud.

## NAMES OF STARTERS

## A Notable String of Youngsters to Compete For the Honor.

New York, Aug. 25.—This is the opening day of the Coney Island Jockey club meeting at Sheepshead Bay, and there is every prospect of a record-breaking crowd at the track to see the Futurity. The day is warm and the track is the only drawback, for it is about as bad as it could be—deep in mud. The horses engaged for the Futurity are as fit as hands can make them to contend for the stake, which will net nearly $40,000 to the fortunate winner.

The winning of the Futurity is considered one of the greatest horse honors of the year, although sometimes the best youngster is ineligible through failure of the owner of his dam to enter him, or because he had been scratched as a yearling. This year, Commando, conceded by all to be the best youngster thus far shown, will remain in his stable when the race is run, a victim of the failure of Mr. Keene to enter.

A full list of the probable starters is as follows:

| Horse. | Owner. | Weight and Jockey. |
|---|---|---|
| Tommy Atkins, | J. R. & F. P. Keene.... | 129; Spencer. |
| Blues, | C. Fleischman's Sons............ | 126; Maher. |
| Elkhorn, | W. C. Whitney................. | 125; Turner. |
| Alk Green, | C. T. Patterson............... | 122; Clawson. |
| Golden Age, | G. B. Morris .............. | 12; Mitchell. |
| Kenilworth, | G. B. Morris ............... | 12; Bullman. |
| Cap and Bells, | J. R. & F. P. Keene...... | 119; O'Connor. |
| Sweet Lavender, | C. Bulfield ............ | 119; Littlefield. |
| Lady of the Valley, | R. T. Wilson, Jr... | 116; MacCue. |
| Ballyho Bey, | W. C. Whitney............ | 112; Sloan. |
| Belvino, | J. Galway...................... | 112; ........ |
| Longshoreman, | J. E. Madden............ | 112; Odom. |
| Olympian, | J. R. & F. P. Keene......... | 112; Henry. |
| Six Shooter, | C. Fleischmann's Sons.... | 112; ......... |
| Smile, | R. H. & D. H. Morris............ | 112; McJoynt. |

At an early hour this morning, all the candidates were sent out for their final exercise through the stretch, and after a canter around the track a couple of times were sent the regulation quarter at top speed, although the track did not permit of fast time. Not one of the lot showed any signs of weariness and all seemed fit to run for their lives. There was a large crowd of onlookers to see the youngsters, although they could get little line on them from the short dash. The trainers then escorted their charges back to the stables and made their way to the shaded grandstand to await the time to come for the brief race which was to make the winner's owner $40,000 richer, the work of a minute and a quarter by a highly bred racer.

In the discussion over the chances of the various candidates, there seemed to be a general idea that the Keene string, headed by Olympia, and Ballyhoo Bey, the candidate of the Whitney stable, should be well up in front. It was cited that the latter had shown the best time in the final preparation on Thursday, having gone the full six furlongs in 1¼ and pulled up but little distressed.

Those who were inclined to the Keene lot suggested that Olympian had done the same distance in but ¾ of a second longer time and had not had the advantage of a work horse to keep him company, those sent against him not picking up the pace from the point where they were stationed until the colt had gone past them and they were unable to catch him. It was argued from this that his 1:14¾ was fully as good a performance as that of Ballyhoo Bey.

While the weight of opinion was in favor of these two lots, the others had supporters, among them that uncertain youngster, Blues, being fancied by not a few. His races, however, have been most uneven and few would hazard the opinion that he had a good chance to win except in heavy going, and even then the favorites were by no means to be thrown out of consideration as they have shown liking for mud as well as dry going.

The two fillies, Sweet Lavender and Lily of the Valley had some supporters, the latter on the ground that she was said to be up to beating The Parader, of the same stable, which came to grief at Saratoga, and it is not believed got ready for today's event.

EXCURSION

"AROUND THE HORN"

Steamer Bon Ami, Sunday, Aug 26

Leave Singer's Dock 3 p. m ROUND TRIP, 25c. Children under 10 years of age, accompanied by parents, free. Take Lake avenue cars to dock.

CHRISTIAN MISSION BOARD.

St. Paul, Aug. 25.—The final session of the convention of the Minnesota Christian Board of Missions was held yesterday at the First Christian church. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. A. D. Harmon, St. Paul; vice president, Rev. C. J. Tanner, Minneapolis; recording secretary, Rev. M. B. Ainsworth, Duluth; treasurer, Dr. O. H. Hall, St. Paul; auditor, Rev. M. P. Givens, Olivia; corresponding secretary, Rev. J. K. Schellenberger, Medalia. Members of the board of directors, Professor Willet, M. Hays, St. Paul; H. T. Sutton, Redwood Falls; H. D. Williams, Mankato; H. N. Lane, Austin; C. H. Slack, Minneapolis; U. M. Thomas, St. Paul.

It Helped Win Battles.

Twenty-nine officers and men wrote from the front to say that for Scratches, Bruises, Cuts, Wounds, Sore Feet and Stiff Joints, Bucklen's Arnica Salve is the best in the world. Same for Burns, Skin Eruptions and Piles. 25 cts a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

SALVATION ARMY

Praise Dr. Hartman's Free Advice For Afflicted Women.

Captain Clara Ward.

Miss Clara Ward, captain in the Salvation Army, in a letter from Ogden, Utah, writes:

"As a tonic I find that Peruna is much to be recommended. It is certainly the best medicine I know of to build up anyone worn out with work or broken down in general health."

Mrs. J. A. Bashor, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My health was completely broken down and has been for almost a year. I could not rest day or night, but suffered constantly untold misery. Tried remedy after remedy but found no relief until Peruna was recommended to me by a friend. I have taken one and a half bottles and am today well and hearty. I shall always praise Peruna, for I feel it has saved my life."

Mrs. Sarah Gallitz, Luton, Ia., writes as follows in regard to Peruna and Manalin: "I was suffering with the change of life. I had spells of flowing every two or three weeks, which would have me nearly dead. I had given up hope of being cured, when I heard of Dr. Hartman's remedies and began to use them. I am entirely cured, and give all the credit to Peruna and Manalin."

It is at this time of the year that the weak nervous woman is most prostrated and least able to perform the daily routine of duties that falls to her share. She has no ambition and her work drags upon her at every step. It seems never to be completed, and she never feels able to go on with it.

As a rule she keeps bravely at it, often uncomplaining and patient until she breaks down completely and can go no further. It is to these tired, listless, unhappy women that Dr. Hartman offers advice and encouragement free. If all such women will write to Dr. Hartman, giving a full account of their troubles, he will answer promptly free of charge and tell them what to do and what to take to make a new woman of themselves.

His advice costs nothing and the medicines are not expensive. Every woman who follows his advice is greatly benefited, and the great majority are completely restored to their youthful health and strength.

A book entitled "Health and Beauty" will be sent free to any woman

by Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

When Moving or Storing....

Get the best. It costs no more. That is What you get here. Prices right. Satisfaction guaranteed—you know what that means. Estimates free.

Duluth Van Co.,

NOTE THE NUMBER— 212 West Superior St.

Burlington Route

Electric Light in Every Berth.

A special feature of the Burlington's Chicago Limited. When you retire, turn on the light. After you are comfortably ensconced between the sheets, you can read by it. When you are sleepy, a twist of the wrist—and the light's out. Leaves Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul, 8:05 p. m., daily. Arrives Chicago 9:25 next morning. Scenic Day Express leaves Minneapolis 7:40 a. m., St. Paul 8:15 a. m., except Sunday, arriving Chicago same evening. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line.

P. S. EUSTIS,
Gen'l Pass. Agent,
CHICAGO, ILL.

GEO. P. LYMAN,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

## ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION —OF— Benjamin Investment Company.

We, the undersigned, for the purpose of forming a corporation under and by virtue of Title two (2), Chapter thirty-four (34) of the General Statutes of the state of Minnesota, 1894, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, do hereby associate ourselves together and adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Benjamin Investment Company." Its principal place of business shall be the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota. The general nature of its business is to buy, own, let, sell, deal in and improve real estate in the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, and at any other point or points as may be determined by a majority in interest of the stockholders; to loan money upon real estate, and to collect, foreclose and release mortgages and other obligations, and do and to do, perform and execute all and singular the acts and instruments necessary, proper or convenient in carrying on a general real estate, loan and investment business.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be August 15, 1900, and it shall continue for a period of thirty years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00), which shall be paid in, in cash or in property at such times and in such amounts, and in such manner as may be determined by board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject is fifty thousand dollars ($50,000.00.)

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Louis N. Benjamin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William B. Ardouin, Duluth, Minnesota.
Jay C. Howard Duluth, Minnesota.
Julius D. Howard, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and all management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of directors, composed of not less than three (3) persons nor more than five (5) persons, each of whom shall be a stockholder in said corporation.

Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard shall be and constitute the first board of directors, and shall serve as such until the first annual meeting of the stockholders hereinafter provided for, or until their successors are duly chosen and qualified. The first annual meeting of stockholders shall be held at ten (10) o'clock a. m., on the first Monday of August, 1901, and the regular annual meetings thereafter shall be held at the same hour on the first Monday of August in each year. At such meeting not less than three (3) nor more than five (5) directors shall be elected, who shall serve one year or until their successors are duly elected and qualified.

There shall also be the following officers who shall perform such duties and exercise such power as may be prescribed by board of directors, and who shall be elected annually by board of directors at their annual meeting immediately following annual meeting of stockholders, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretry, a treasurer and a general manager; and any two or more of said offices may be held by the same person except those of president and vice president.

Until the first annual meeting of directors, the following persons shall act as officers of said corporation: Louis N. Benjamin, president; William B. Ardouin, vice president; Jay C. Howard, treasurer, and Julius D. Howard, secretary and general manager.

The board of directors shall have power to enact and adopt such by-laws for the government of the corporation as they see fit, and from time to time to revise and amend the same or any part thereof.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred (500), and the amount or par of each of said shares shall be one hundred dollars ($100.00.)

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this third day of August, A. D. 1900.

LOUIS N. BENJAMIN, Seal.)
WILLIAM B. ARDOUIN, (Seal.)
JAY C. HOWARD, (Seal.)
JULIUS D. HOWARD, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and executed in presence of—

W. W. Sanford,
S. T. Harrison,

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.—SS.

On this 3rd day of August, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Louis N. Benjamin, William B. Ardouin, Jay C. Howard and Julius D. Howard, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and they each acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed. W. W. SANFORD,

Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 6th day of August, A. D. 1900, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 415.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 18, 1900, at 10:35 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book N of Miscellaneous, page 199.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

# DECLINE IN WHEAT

## Market Ruled Weak Throughout the Session and Sold Down.

## THE CABLES HIGHER

## More Crop Damage Reports From Northwest Were Received.

Duluth Board of Trade, Aug. 25.—The wheat market started our firm and slightly higher at Chicago, but lower on the Duluth board. The cables were bullish, wheat at Liverpool showing an advance of ¼@⅜d, and more crop damage reports from the Northwest on account of continued rains.

The market continued to decline throughout the morning with active trading. The weakness was much more pronounced here than at Chicago and the close was 1⅝c lower than yesterday here and ⅞@1c lower at Chicago for the September option.

Speculative trading was active on the Duluth board. September wheat started ½c lower, at 77¾c, sold down to 77¼c at 9:53, reacted to 77⅜c at 9:55, eased off to 77¼c at 10:25, recovered to 77⅜c at 11:05, but weakened and sold down to 76⅝c at 11:25. It closed at 76⅝c, a net decline for the day of 1⅝c. December wheat opened ⅝c lower, at 77⅝c, declined to 77¼c at 9:47, sold down to 77c at 10:25, recovered to 77¼c at 11:15, slumped to 76⅝c at 11:45, and closed at 76⅝-½c, being 1½@1⅝c lower than yesterday. Cash sales were about 15,000 bus at the September price. Oats and barley were unchanged. Corn declined ⅛c. Rye advanced 1c. Cash flax rose 1c. September flax gained 2½c, October and November flax each advanced ½c, while May flax and flax to arrive were unchanged.

Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard cash, 78⅝c; to arrive, new, 78⅝c; old, 78⅞c; September, 78⅝c; December, 78½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 76⅝c; to arrive, new, 76⅝c; old, 76⅞c; September, 76⅝c; December, 76⅝-½c. No. 2 northern, 74½c. No. 3 spring, 70⅝c. Oats, 23¾@23½c. Rye, 50½c. Barley, 37-45c. Flax, cash, $1.41; to arrive, $1.41; September, $1.41½; October, $1.36½; November, $1.34½; May, $1.40. Corn, 38⅝c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 46; corn, 14; barley, 5; flax, 5. Receipts—Wheat, 53,106; corn, 10,0; oats, 2753; rye, 596; barley, 3753; flax, 138. Shipments—Wheat, 55,000.

Ship Your Grain to
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars | $0.77½ |
| No. 1 northern, 5000 bus | 77⅜ |
| No. 1 northern, 2 cars | 76¾ |
| No. 1 northern, 600 bus | 77⅝ |
| No. 1 northern, 1000 bus | 74⅞ |
| No. 2 northern, 1000 bus | 74¾ |
| No. 2 northern, 1 car | 74¾ |
| No grade, 2 cars | 72¾ |
| Flax, September, 1000 bus | 1.40 |
| Flax, October, 2000 bus | 1.36½ |
| Flax, October, 4000 bus | 1.36¼ |
| Flax, October, 10,000 bus | 1.36 |
| Flax, October, 10,000 bus | 1.36 |

## ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

### Trade Was Quiet and An Easier Tone Prevailed.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Leading speculative markets of the board of trade were exceedingly quiet today. In wheat trade was almost entirely confined to scalping operations on the short side. The market opened a shade higher on continued rains in the Northwest, higher cables and light local receipts. September started at 74⅞@74¾c and sold down to 74⅛c. Receipts at Minneapolis and Duluth were 394 cars, against 289 last week and 229 a year ago. Receipts here were 413 cars, 60 of contract grade.

The Northwest weakness was a depressing factor here, and shortly before noon September reached 73⅝c. The close was weak, September ⅞@1c lower at 73¾@⅞c.

Corn sagged early on lack of support. Cash people were not in the market. Local receipts numbered 137 cars. September opened unchanged at 38⅞@39c. A sale was made at 39c, and then the market dropped to 38⅝c.

The close was steady, September a shade lower at 38⅞c.

Oats were stagnant. September opened a shade lower at 21½c, touched 21½@⅝c and then dropped back to 21⅜c. Receipts were 408 cars.

Provisions were easy on moderate local selling. September pork opened 2½c lower at $11.15; September lard 2½c down at $6.80, and September ribs 5c depressed at $7.02½.

Close, wheat, August, 73⅝c; September, 73¾@⅞c; October, 74⅝c. Corn, August, 39½c; September, 38⅞c; October, 37⅞c. Oats, August, 21¼c; September, 21⅜@½c; October, 21⅞@22c. Pork, August, $11.05; September, $11.05; October, $11.10; January, $11.07½. Lard, August, $6.75; September, $6.75; October, $6.80; November, $6.75; December, $6.57½; January, $6.57½. Ribs, August, $7.00; September, $7.00; October, $6.27½; January, $5.90. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.41; Southwestern, $1.40; August, $1.41; September, $1.38; October, $1.37. Rye, August, 50½c; September, 50½c; October, 51⅛c. Barley, cash, 37@49c. Timothy, September and October, $4.05. Clover, October, $10.50.

Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 75@76¼c; No. 3 red, 72@75½c; No. 2 hard winter, 70@72¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 69@71c; No. 1 northern spring, 73¾@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 73½@75½c; No. 3 spring, 68¾@75c. Corn—No. 2, 39¾@40c; No. 3, 39⅜c. Oats—No. 2, 21¾@⅞c; No. 3, 21½@⅝c.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—After displaying more than ordinary weakness early in the week, the wheat market has surprised even its friends by a reversal of its action and up to today has shown a very healthy tone. There have been but two influences at work. One a very decided improvement in the demand for American wheat abroad, the export business having shown a good strong active tone with heavy shipments. This condition has been brought about, primarily, by unfavorable weather in England, continued talk of French shortage and general indications of an abnormal demand for the American cereal this year. The other important influence has been the continued excessive rains in the Northwest. North Dakota has had scarcely a dry day for two weeks and all indications from sources at our disposal point to a very serious deterioration in the remnant of the crop that is left. Wheat which has been stacked has suffered almost to a point of total destruction and it will take a miracle to offset the serious conditions which have prevailed. There is a very evident disposition on the part of interested parties to write as optimistically as possible regarding the condition of affairs in the Northwest. We find editorials in our newspapers which are entirely contradictory to the statements made on their commercial sheets, all of which is apparently the natural desire to put as bright a side upon things as possible at this particular period and while not desiring to be at all antagonistic and wishing we might agree with these bright prospects painted so brilliantly, we must say that they do not agree at all with the situation as far as we have been able to get at it. Financiers who are trying to combine great railroad interests, real estate owners who are trying to settle the country cannot be expected to bring forward unpleasant facts, but to the grain trade it is just as well that they know the truth and the truth as near as we can get at it, admitting at the same time our fallibility, is the prospects in the Northwest of supplies very little more than sufficient to supply the domestic needs in that territory of seed and food.

We do not look for the recognition of this condition immediately. It may take some weeks for the absence of supplies to meet the necessary demands and the relative difference to assert itself upon speculative values. It is quite within the bounds of possibilities that our clients may be able to buy this wheat much lower down, but in doing so, it is our opinion they are making an investment with possibilities in it of very handsome returns ndeed later on in September or October. We may have a dragging market in the meantime, but we believe that time will indicate the bullish position we have maintained for many weeks past. To those who are looking for scalping returns, they may find them in taking profits on good bulges or, in fact, by taking the short side for quick turns, but that side as a permanency in our minds, is decidedly dangerous.

The corn situation remains unchanged. The statistical position is one of remarkable strength and were it not for the brilliant prospects for the coming crop and the absence of speculative interest, the effect upon values would be more pronounced. There seems to be a concerned effort and probably a wise one, to prevent a too sudden advance in the September option, which would naturally tend to increase the movement from first hands, a not very desirable effect to interested parties just now. As we view it, there is nothing in the situation to warrant the short side of corn. There are very light stocks, very small reserves, a very fair demand, an export inquiry and shipment fully capable of more than taking care of what light receipts we are getting, and a possibility of an uncomfortable congestion in cash corn before very long. We do not anticipate anything radical at present, but the situation may clear up later on and make the buying side more attractive and more popular than it seems to be at present.

The oat market has suffered in price by heavy selling and September liquidation. The incentive has been unfavorable weather conditions, spoiling the quality of the new crop. Cash demand has been fair and shipments also fair. The Crowd is more or less bearish and inclined to take advantage of any weakness to force the market to a point nearer their ideas. We think the future prospects as to supply and demand are more than represented in these prices and do not feel like advocating the buying side of oats under these conditions. We rather feel like advising the short side of any good bulges, believing the future will show bountiful supplies notwithstanding alleged shortages in some districts.

The provision market is just at present stagnant, being restricted entirely to the switching of the various options. The bullish statistical position remains unaltered and should under ordinary circumstances be represented in higher ruling prices than these, but the speculative public is apathetic and the market has been subjected to local conditions with the result that it is narrower and nervous and just at present uninteresting. We do not anticipate a continuance of this believing the situation warrants more action and higher prices. Cash demand will be a governing feature and is very fair at present. This in conjunction with the small stocks should attract speculative attention, and will force values to a higher point. On all breaks, purchases should be made. We feel particularly friendly to lard.

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MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Aug. 25.—Close: Wheat—August, 73½c; September, 73⅝@½c; December, 74⅝c. On track, No. 1 hard, 76c; No. 1 northern, 74¼c; No. 2 northern, 73¼c.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Board of Trade.

Puts, September wheat, 72⅝@¾c.
Calls, September wheat, 74¼-⅜@74⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

| | Duluth. | Minneapolis. | Chicago. | New York. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| September— | | | | |
| Open | 77⅜B | 74⅜ | 74⅛-74¾ | 79⅝ |
| High | 77⅜ | 75⅞ | 75⅜ | 81¾ |
| Low | 76½ | 73¼ | 73⅝ | 79¼-⅜ |
| Close | 76⅝ | 73⅞-½ | 73¾-⅞ | **79½ |
| December— | | | | |
| Open | 77⅝ | 75¾ | *75⅝-75¾ | 81⅝ |
| High | 77⅜ | 74⅜ | 74⅞ | 79¾ |
| Low | 76⅝ | 74⅝-½ | 74⅜ | 81¼ |
| Close | 76⅝-½ | 74⅝ | 74⅝B | **81⅜ |

*October. **11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

| | Oats. Sept. | Corn. Sept. | Pork. July. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Open | 21½ | 38⅞@38⅞-39 | $11.15 |
| High | 21½-⅝ | 39 | 11.15 |
| Low | 21⅜ | 38⅝ | 11.05 |
| Close | 21⅜-½ | 38⅞B | 11.05 |

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., Saturday, Aug. 25:

| STATIONS OF MINNEAPOLIS DISTRICT. | State of weather | T'mp'ture. *Max. | **Min. | Rainfall inches and hundredths |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alexandria | Cloudy | 64 | 58 | 1.86 |
| Campbell | Cloudy | 68 | 58 | 1.04 |
| Crookston | Clear | 72 | 58 | .84 |
| Detroit City | Cloudy | 66 | 58 | 1.04 |
| Grand Meadow | Clear | 84 | 56 | 0 |
| Granite Falls | Clear | 68 | 56 | 1.18 |
| Minneapolis | Pt cldy | 74 | 58 | .26 |
| New Ulm | Clear | 74 | 66 | .24 |
| Park Rapids | Cloudy | 64 | 60 | 1.22 |
| Winnebago City | Clear | 74 | 54 | .01 |
| Worthington | Clear | 70 | 58 | .03 |
| Devil's Lake | Clear | 72 | 54 | 0 |
| Langdon | Cloudy | 74 | 56 | 0 |
| Larimore | Clear | 64 | 54 | .32 |
| Lisbon | Pt cldy | 64 | 56 | .96 |
| Pembina | Clear | 72 | 54 | 0 |
| Aberdeen | Clear | 64 | 50 | .84 |
| Millbank | Cloudy | 64 | 54 | .84 |
| Mitchell | Clear | 76 | 54 | .14 |
| Redfield | Clear | 70 | 52 | 2.82 |
| Bismarck | Clear | 76 | 54 | 0 |
| Duluth | Cloudy | 66 | 60 | .21 |
| Huron | Clear | 72 | 54 | .70 |
| La Crosse | Pt cldy | 82 | 64 | .16 |
| Moorhead | Clear | 64 | 60 | 1.60 |
| St. Paul | Pt cldy | 74 | 60 | .06 |
| Winnipeg | Clear | 80 | 54 | 0 |

| CENTRAL STATION. | Number of stations reporting. | District averages. Temperature. *Max. | **Min. | Rainfall, inches and hundredths. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 23 | 86 | 66 | .78 |
| Columbus, O. | 17 | 88 | 70 | .12 |
| Des Moines | 13 | 82 | 62 | .08 |
| Indianapolis | 10 | 90 | 72 | 0 |
| Kansas City | 18 | 90 | 62 | .26 |
| Louisville | 17 | 90 | 72 | .04 |
| Minneapolis | 20 | 70 | 56 | .68 |
| Omaha | 13 | 80 | 58 | .01 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 92 | 66 | .20 |

Cooler weather prevails in the Red River valley, but warm weather continues over Kansas, Missouri, Indiana and Kentucky. Showers fell in nearly all districts, rainfalls of an inch or more occurring at the following stations: Alexandria, Campbell, Detroit City, Granite Falls, Moorhead, Park Rapids (all in Minnesota), Redfield, S. D., Chemung, Ill., Dixon, Ill., Rockford, Ill., and Lemar, Mo.

T. indicates inappreciable rainfall. *Maximum for yesterday. **Minimum for twenty-four hours, ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

NOTE—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

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Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals Solicited.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Aug. 25.—Wheat quiet, ¼@⅜d higher; September, 5s 11⅞d; December, 6s 1⅜d. Corn nominal, ⅛@¼d higher; September, 4s ¼d; October, 4s ⅜d; November, 4s ½d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Aug. 25.—Close: Wheat, September, 79½c; December, 81⅜c. Corn, September, 43½c; December, 41½c.

# CANNOT ATTEND

Washington, Aug. 26.—Owing to the continued pressure of public business of immediate importance, the president has been obliged to withdraw his acceptance of the invitation to attend the national encampment of the G. A. R., at Chicago, and the several other invitations incident to that occasion. Secretary Cortelyou today advised Executive Director Harper, Commander-in-chief Shaw, and others of this decision and of the keen disappointment felt by the president that he will be unable to be present during the encampment.

## Explosion Injured Him.

A slight accident occurred this afternoon at Mesaba avenue and Superior street, where rock is being blasted from the hillside for the cribs on the Butler-Ryan contract of the new government canal piers. One of the workmen got too near the blast when it exploded and was hurled about ten feet in the air. One arm was severely cut, and gravel and sand was ground into his face. He was able to walk to a doctor's office within a few minutes after the accident. Something like 25,000 tons of rock has been taken from the hillside at this point in the past two months, and this is the first accident.

## SOME CENSUS REPORTS.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The population of Kansas City, Mo., as just announced by the census bureau, is 163,752. The population for 1890 was 132,716. This is an increase of 31,036 or 23.39 per cent.

The population of Knasas City, Kan., also just announced, is 51,418, against 38,316 in 1890. This is an increase of 13,102 or 34.19 per cent.

The population of Newark, N. J., is 246,070, as against 181,830 for 1890. This is an increase of 64,240 or 35.33 per cent.

The population of New Orleans is 287,104, against 242,039 in 1890, an increase of 45,065, or 18.62 per cent.

The population of Allegheny City, Pa., is 129,896, as against 106,287 in 1890. The increase during the past ten years was 24,269, or 23.37 per cent.

## BOUTELLE IS BETTER.

Bangor, Me., Aug. 25.—Private advices from a sanitarium in Waverely, Mass., are to the effect that the condition of Congressman A. Boutelle, who has been there for some months past for treatment, is now better than at any time since he entered the institution. Mr Bouteile hopes to resume his seat in congress at the opening of the next session.

## THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

New York, Aug. 25.—Gen. E. P. Alexander, who was appointed by President Cleveland arbitrator in the boundary dispute between Nicaragua and Costa Rica, has just returned from those countries on the completion of his mission. An interesting feature of Gen. Alexander's work lay in the fact that his labors on the boundary questions were the cause of a survey line for the proposed Nicaragua canal. He said that he did not think the commission now preparing a report would advise a new route.

While disclaiming definite knowledge on the subject, he was inclined to think that a proposition from the Nicaraguan government to ours had already been made. He believed that, rather than not have the canal built, the Nicaraguan government would accede to almost any terms made by the United States.

FAIRBANKS' TOUR.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—United States Senator Fairbanks will shortly begin a campaign tour under the auspices of the Republican national committee, which will embrace the states of Kansas, Colorado, Utah, California, Oregon, Washington, Montana, North and South Dakota, Nebraska and Illinois. The time after the senator's return will be spent in speaking in Indiana. The dates for the speeches will be fixed by the central committees of the various states. The first speech will probably be in Kansas on Oct. 7. Cities to be included in Senator Fairbanks' itinerary will be Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Sacramento, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Spokane and probably Missoula, Miles City and Jamestown, N. D.

PROFESSOR NIETZCHE DEAD.

Weimar, Aug. 25.—Professor Frederich Wilhelm Nietzche, the philosopher, died here today of apoplexy. He was born in 1844. He became hopelessly insane in 1889.

No Get-Rich-Quick Scheme
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# WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

## Market Was Lifeless and the Course of Prices Was Irregular.

## CLOSING WAS DULL

## At the Lowest Point of the Day--Decline In Sugar.

New York, Aug. 25.—With the exception of a rise of 1½ in Lackawanna, changes in prices at the opening of the market today were small. The market was unsettled, improvement occurring in some stocks, while others were depressed. St. Louis Southwestern preferred and Steel and Wire preferred were leaders in the strength, while Brooklyn Transit, Sugar and Burlington were eavy. The usual dullness of a Saturday, coupled with a disposition to curtail ventures pending the publication of the bank statement, caused an almost lifeless market. Continuous pressure against Brooklyn Transit lowered it 1¼ and Rubber sagged 1¼. Some pronounced gains were made in usually dormant stocks in the last hour, Chicago & Eastern Illinois preferred and Lake Erie preferred gained a point. St. Paul preferred figured for ½. There was no changes of importance in the active list until the bank statement appeared. The showing was disappointing, cash increasing only about $5,000,000. General weakness followed its publication. Brooklyn Transit lost over 2 points. Sugar lost 1¼ but other stocks yielded only fractionally. The closing was weak at the lowest.

| Name of Stock. | Open | High | Low | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sugar | 122 | 122 | 121 | 121 |
| Am. Steel Wire com | 34⅝ | 34⅝ | 34⅜ | 34⅜ |
| Tobacco | 92⅞ | 92⅞ | 92⅞ | 92⅞ |
| Atchison com | 27⅛ | 27¼ | 27 | 27¼ |
| Atchison pfd | 70 | 70⅛ | 69⅞ | 70 |
| Brooklyn Transit | 55½ | 55½ | 53¼ | 53¼ |
| C., M. & St. P. | 113½ | 113½ | 113¼ | 113¼ |
| C., B. & Q. | 125⅛ | 125⅛ | 124¾ | 125 |
| Federal Steel pfd | 34 | 34 | 33⅞ | 33⅞ |
| Manhattan | 91⅛ | 91⅛ | 91⅛ | 91⅛ |
| Missouri Pacific | 51 | 51⅛ | 50⅞ | 50⅞ |
| N. P. common | 51 | 51 | 50¾ | 50¾ |
| People's Gas | 95¾ | 96⅛ | 96 | 96 |
| Rock Island | 106⅜ | 106½ | 106¼ | 106¼ |
| Southern Pacific | 33½ | 33½ | 33 | 33¼ |
| T. C. I. | 70 | 70 | 70 | 70 |
| Union Pacific pfd. | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 |
| Union Pacific com. | 58¾ | 58⅞ | 58½ | 58½ |
| Illinois Central | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 |
| Baltimore & Ohio | 71¾ | 71¾ | 71¾ | 71¾ |

## LONDON STOCK MARKET.

### Allotment of Treasury Bills Makes Discount Rates Firm.

London, Aug. 25.—The allotment of treasury bills has caused firmness in discount rates on the stock exchange. The exchange would have closed had it not been for the buying in, which the committee decided was more important than house extensions. The exchange will probably close Sept. 1, and will likely do so again in the near future in order to finish the latest extensions. Idleness rules in almost every department. Consols continue weak, owing to the uncertainty. Home railroads are mostly steady and were strengthened by continued repurchases. The Great Westerns regained most of their earlier decline. Americans were steady at about parity, closing dull. Copper was steady.

No event has broken the monotony of this week. The arrival of £3,900,000, of which £3,000,000 was from the United States, strengthened the Bank of England and removed the uneasiness respecting the reserve. The Statist does not expect more United States gold and says there is prospect of such demand on the rate of exchange as to make shipments possible.

The Statist publishes a long review of American prosperity and concludes it will continue for at least a year and probably much longer than that and thinks the total trade balance will again reach near £120,000,000.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Aug. 25.—The market for cotton futures opened steady at a decline of 3 to 15 points. The break was primarily due to a severe drop at Liverpool and generally better crop news. The market was nervous all the forenoon, with the bears having things their own way much of the time.

Cotton spot closed dull, ⅛c decline; middling uplands, 9⅝; middling gulf, 9⅞; sales, none. Cotton futures closed steady; August, $8.75; September, $8.50; October, $8.37; November, $8.24; December, $8.23; January, $8.21; February, $8.25; March, $8.28; April, $8.28; May, $8.22; April, $8.29.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Aug. 25.—The weekly bank statement:

| | |
|---|---|
| Surplus reserve, increase | $3,331,875 |
| Loans, increase | 2,518,700 |
| Specie, increase | 4,608,300 |
| Legal tenders, increase | 483,200 |
| Deposits, increase | 7,038,500 |
| Circulation, increase | 502,400 |

The banks now hold $23,888,925 in excess of the requirements of the 2' per cent rule.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, Aug. 25, 4 p. m.—Consols for money, 97 15-16; for the account, 98.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Aug. 25.—Close: Money on call, steady at 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand, and at $4.84¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84¼; bar silver, 61⅝c; silver certificates, 61½@62½; Mexican dollars, 48⅝c. State bonds, easier; railroad bonds, irregular; government bonds, steady; refunding 2s, when issued, registered, $1.03¾; coupon, $1.03¾; 2s, registered, and 3s, registered and coupon, $1.09; new 4s, registered and coupon, $1.33½; old 4s, registered and coupon, $1.15; 5s, registered and coupon, $1.12½.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Clearings, $16,305,119; balances, $1,096,976; posted exchange, $4.85@4.88½; New York exchange, 20c discount.

## THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, Aug. 25.—Close: Adventure, 2½@4; Allouez, 1@1½; Anaconda, 44¾@45¼; Arcadian, 19½@20½; Arnold, 3¾@4½; Amalgamated, 88@89; Atlantic, 24@25; Baltic, 20@¾; Bingham, 10½@11; Bonanza, 75c asked; Boston and Montana, 315@317; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 63@64; Calumet and Hecla, 755@757; Centennial, 16½@17; Cochita, 7¾@8; Copper Range, 19@20; Dominion Coal, 42 bid; Elm River, 3⅝@4; Franklin, 13¾@14; Humboldt, 25c asked; Isabelle, 1 bid; Isle Royale, 28¾@29; Mass, 6¼@½; Michigan, 3@¼; Mohawk, 17@18; Old Colony, 3@4; Old Dominion, 18@19; Osceola, 67@68; Oil, 18½@19; Parrott, 41¾@42; Pioneer, 25c asked; Quincy, 140@142; Rhode Island, 2½ bid; Santa Fe, 4½@5; Tamarack, 212@214; Tecumseh, 2¼@3; Tri-Mountain, 8¼@7⅞; Union Land, 2 asked; Utah, 30¼@⅝; Victoria, 2@¼; Winona, 3@¼; Wolverine, 40½@41½; Wyandotte, 1½@2; Zinc, 9@10.

LAYING PIPES.

Philadelphia, Aug. 25.—National Chairman Hanna came here from New York today and held a conference lasting two hours with about two dozen prominent manufacturers and business men of this city. The conference was held in the offices of W. W. Gibbs, the Eastern Pennsylvania member of the advisory board of the Republican national committee. After the conference Senator Hanna left for New York.

# MARINE NEWS.

## Two Cents Reported Paid on Wheat From Duluth to Buffalo.

Cleveland, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Brokers are advised that 2 cents has been paid on wheat at Duluth, but the indication of an improvement in grain freight does not seem to bother the ore shippers, and there is nothing doing in that line.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates held at 1¼ cents for wheat and 1⅛ cents for corn to Lake Erie. Not much was done.

NO FAULT OF THE STEAMER.

So much trouble has resulted from the strike of the ore handlers when unloading the cargo of the steamer Simon J. Murphy at Cleveland last week that the owners of the craft have had her hull examined to see if the charge that she was leaking was correct. Marine Architect Oldham and the superintendent of No. 3 drydock at Cleveland went through the Murphy's water bottom and inspected it. The manhole coverings were then put on and pressure tried. No water went into the hold. The report made by these experts is that the ore was wet by the rains and not through any negligence of the crew or any fault of the vessel.

NEW CLAIM-HOIST TESTED.

A successful test has been made of the new Meade clam-hoist at the docks of the Philadelphia & Reading company at South Chicago. In six hours 1785 tons of coal were taken out of the steamer P. D. Armour. The entire cargo of 2835 tons was unloaded in about 12 hours. This is about half the time required under former hoists at this dock. The new invention does away with the work of eighteen men in the hold to scoop the coal, except in cleaning up the cargo.

THE STRATHCONA.

The new steel steamer Strathcona, built at Dundeed, Scotland, for the Hamilton & Fort William Navigation company, reached Toronto on Tuesday. The Strathcona made the trip across the ocean form Newcastle in seventeen days, in command of Capt. Erikson, of Newcastle. Arriving at Montreal she was taken charge of by Capt. John A. Irving, of Hamilton, Ont., will command her. The newcomer is 255 feet long, and has a capacity of 3000 tons. The officers' quarters are furnished in an elegant manner, as are also the rooms occupied by the other members of the crew. She brought to Toronto a cargo of scoria blocks from Newcastle, and will clear light in a few days for Conneaut. She will be engaged in carrying grain, rails and ore between Fort William and lower-lake points.

The seventeen British seamen who brought the big freighter Stracthcona out from England and who had her tied up because of a dispute as to the wages due them, have been settled with. The men will be paid for the month they have worked and for twenty-five days additional. They will also get second-class passages to Liverpool.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light—City of Cleveland, America, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Sitka, Grampian, Duluth; Shrigley, Shawnee, Jackfish. Light—Neil, Bottsford, S. M. Stevenson, Duluth.

Jackfish, Ont.—Arrived: Glengarry, Dunsmore.

Marquette—Cleared: La Salle, Brown, Crescent City, Conneaut; Rugee, Toledo; Quayle, Detroit.

Toledo—Cleared: Light—Macey, Magnet, Wilson, Marquette.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Bangor, 11:15 last night; Hopkins, 11:40; Schuck, 12:40 a. m.; Oceanica, 1:10; Portage, 1:15; Shrigley, Shawnee, Hanna, 2; Fairbairn, 2:20; Runnels, 2:30; Republic, Magnetic, 4; Caledonia, Polynesia, 5:20; Yakima, 5:50; Volunteer, Tower, 6; Buttironi, 6:40; Norwalk, Saginaw, Sunshine, 7:40; Aurania, 7:50; Hill, 8; Cherokee, Chippewa, 9; Angeline, Lackawanna, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Havana, 11:20 a. m.; Prentice and consorts, 1 p. m.; Monteagle, 1:10; Tacoma, 2:40; Peshtigo, 3; V. H. Ketchum, Linden, 7:40; Moore, 8.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Peck, 6 a. m.; Tampico, 6:30; Gates, 7; Laura Casey, 8; Houghton, 9:40; Castle Rhodes, Oregon, Foster, Admiral, 11. Down: Crescent City, Morley, 4; La Salle, Spinner, 5; Northern Light, 6; Normandie, 9:20.

Up yesteray: Yale, 12:30 p. m.; Northern King, Wolvin, Wade, Thomas Palmer, Peerless, Ahtabasca, Dunbar, 1:40; Alva, Collingwood, 2:20; Oliver, 3:30; Louisiana, Shenandoah, Crete, Victory, Constitution, 4; Presque Isle, 4:20; Wawatam, 5; Langell, Arenac, Moore, Interlaken, Shores, Sawyer, Redfern, Tuxbury, 6:20; Maunaloa, 7; Lafayette, Onoko, Manola, Martha, 8; Curry, 8:30; Pathfinder, Sagamore, Ranney, 9:30; Joliet, Carrington, 10:40; Holland, Write, Grant, Hannaford, 12. Down: Preston, noon; Oglebay, Adams, 12:30 p. m.; Ford, 1; Continental, Holland, 1:40; Rees, Norton, Minch, Pontiac, 2:40; Bradley, Brightie, Woolson, 4; Edenborn, Kirby, Hartnell, Spokane, 5; Packed, Cuba, 5:30; Mahoning, Alcona, Alta, Fay, Rhodes, 7:20; Fryer, 5:40; Monkshaven, 9:20; Iroquois, 10; Fayette Brown, 11:20.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Glasgow, Lagonda, Gilbert, Lake Erie, light for ore, McGregor, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; North Land, Buffalo, mdse.

Departed—Majestic, Collingwood, pass and mdse; North Land, Buffalo, pass; Black, Germanic, Hutchinson, Murphy, Coralia, Foster, Quito, Merida, Frick, Scranton, Lake Erie, ore; Amaranth, lighthouse supply boat, cruising; Charles Eddy, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: New York, from Southampton

Queenstown—Arrived: Etruria, from New York.

New York—Arrived: Umbria, from Liverpool.

Hamburg—Arrived: Auguste Victoria.

## THE TOWNE MEETING.

### Will Be the Greatest Demonstration In the History of the City.

The Towne meeting is the talk of all the Democrats now, and the Armory will be jammed full Monday evening without doubt. Mr Towne is preparing his address now and it will undoubtedly be one of the great utterances of the campaign. The state committee is to circulate the speech, and it is to be sent all over the country, in fact. Several of the well-known Democrats and Silver Republicans of the state are coming here. The delegation from the Twin Cities will be large.

The meeting will be presided over by D. G. Cash, and Mr. Towne will be given the entire evening.

On the following day Mr. Towne will leave for Idaho to speak in that state and the West generally.

## FINALLY GETS IN.

### Mrs. Abrahamson Tries to Break Into Jail and Is Arrested.

Yesterday, Mrs. Tina Abrahamson wanted to break into the county jail and couldn't. Today she didn't want to go in but had to. Full of the amber liquid that promotes frivolity she went to the jail yesterday to give her son some cigarettes and a stick of candy. He is the youthful degenerate incendiary who started so many fires a month or so ago, just for the fun of seeing the blaze and watching the fire department making the runs. He burned one man and six horses to death and now awaits the action of the September grand jury. Mrs. Abrahamson was bent on creating as much disturbance as the police regulations would permit, and when admission was refused her she even broke over the bounds and tried to force her way into the jail.

Sheriff Sargent told her that if she wanted to get in she would have to go through the usual formal ceremonies and be sent up from police court. Then the woman became very indignant and threatened to put a dent in the immediate landscape if she was not admitted. The sheriff called an officer and during the session of rough house that followed the officer and woman were thoroughly drenched in a heavy rain and a small boy got away with candy and cigarettes. This morning Mrs. Abrahamson got 20 days for drunkenness and disorderly conduct and she plead with the officers not to take her to the county jail.

# HAS RETURNED.

## Senator Baldwin Back From His Investigation of Prison Employment.

Senator Charles O. Baldwin, who has been in the East for the past two weeks as one of the members of a commission appointed by Governor Lind to investigate the matter of the employment to be provided for the prisoners in the penitentiary at Stillwater, returned home this afternoon. He reached St. Paul this morning in company with Professor Folwell and Senator Somerville, the other members of the commisison, and came home at once.

"Our trip was filled with work," said Mr. Baldwin this afternoon, "and we kept very close to our investigation. We found the subject a very interesting one, and it becomes more so as one goes into it farther. It is a deep subject, too, this matter of how to employ prisoners and the general subject of the care and discipline of prisoners.

"We first visited the prison at Stillwater and went through it thorougaly so as to get our groundwork. Then we went to Elmira, N. Y. There they teach trades and manufacture articles for the use of state institutions. New York has a law which requires the state and all sub-divisions of the state to buy their supplies from the prisons. Whenever one of them needs anything it applies to the superintendent in charge, and if the prisons of the state cannot furnish it, a certificate is given to that effect and the county or whatever subdivision it may be can then go into the open market and buy, but otherwise not. The tendency of this system is to lessen jobbery in the different communities.

"We also visited Auburn and Sing Sing. At the former place they do not teach trades but simply manufacture. Sing Sing is a horrible place to my mind and if I was to be committed to a prison I would want to go to almost any other than that.

"Next we went to Charlestown, Mass., and also to Concord, Mass. The latter was the finest of all the institutions we visited in my opinion. It is a model for fine management, discipline, etc. The prisoners are taught trades half the day, manufacture the other half and attend school at night. The Massachusetts law is like the New York one in all but one respect. In New York the institutions cannot sell in the market while in Massachusetts they can sell their surplus in the market.

"In New York there is a great deal of idleness in the prisons due to the fact that the state has 5000 prisoners. In Minnesota there would probably be no trouble in keeping the men employed if the system should be adopted for the state has less than 650 inmates and then there is the binding twine industry which keeps many of them busy and would adjust matters. It is absolutely necessary that the men be kept busy. In Auburn while they were changing systems many prisoners were idle for some time and the rate of insanity doubled.

"A great many things are manufactured. School furniture, which is under such a close trust, is one of the things which is quite freely made. Cloth, shoes, etc., are all made."

The commission has not yet had time to consider its report but will prepare it in the next few weeks.

## NEEDS CORRECTION.

### Time of Collecting Mails Not Correctly Given on Boxes.

There is considerable complaint among business men because the cards on the letter boxes in the business district of the city do not correctly state the time at which mail is collected. In some cases the time is as much as half on hour off and this has caused many letters that were important to be delayed. The matter is an important one and deserves the attention of the post-office authorities.

## A Corrected Publication.

In the letter of Henry Truelsen published in The Herald yesterday, announcing his stand on the congressional canvass, one line of the typewritten copy which was given to the compositors was omitted and the error escaped the proof reader. The letter is therefore republished herewith, with the missing part included:

Duluth, Minn., August 24th, 1900.—I am informed that some of Mr. Baldwin's supporters are spreading the rumor broadcast over the district that I am a candidate for the office of state treasurer. For the information of my numerous friends and supporters throughout the district, I will state that I am not a candidate for any position except that of congressman and that I will accept no nomination for any position except that of congressman from the Sixth congressional district of Minnesota. Hoping that this will set at rest the rumors thus started, I remain, yours truly, HENRY TRUELSEN.

## Musical Readings.

Miss Rathbone Carperter, who is the guest of Mrs. Fred B. Clark, of East Superior street, has been persuaded to give her musical readings during the coming two weeks. Mrs. Carperter's reputation is not a local one, she is known among musical people in both America and Europe and for her patient study and profound research in Wagner legends poems and dramas. She is an enthusiast but possesses the rare gift of a magnetic presence and sympathetic and charming manner. When she gave her reading of "Lohengrin" in Mrs. Clark's parlors last summer, those who were fortunate in hearing her, were impressed with her gifts and attractive personality and have eagerly welcomed the opportunity to hear her again. musical people are especially pleased.

## Free Band Concert.

Sunday afternoon, at O-at-ka beach auditorium, by Duluth City band. Open trolley cars on Park Point Electric railway.

## Filled With Logs.

From the sorting works, back to the dam, thence on up the river to the forks and other tributaries, a total distance of twenty miles, the Nemadji river is filled with logs that are to be sawed at the head of the lake mills. It is estimated that there are at present 40,000,00 feet of logs in the river. As there were a few weeks ago only about 50,000,000 feet yet to come down the Nemadji, this leaves approximately but 10,000,000 feet of logs yet to come down. The logs along the Big Nett river has been brought down, but there are a few up on the Little Nett yet to come. The along the Big Nett river have ben strong for the past few days to permit of any rafting.

# ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

—OF THE—

# "CONSOLIDATED ABSTRACT CO."

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have agreed to and do hereby associate ourselves together under the constitution and general laws of the state of Minnesota, and more particularly under Title 2 of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of said state of the year 1878, being Sections 2794 to 2804 inclusive of the General Statutes of said state for the year 1894, and under the laws amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, under the name and for the porposes hereinafter set forth, and to that end do hereby adopt the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be and is hereby declared to be "The Consolidated Abstract Company," and the general nature of its business shall be to make, furnish and certify abstracts of title to, and to furnish information concerning lands and property in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and in any other county or counties of said state to which said corporation may hereafter, by vote of a majority in interest of its stockholders, determine to extend the conduct of said business, for pecuniary profit; to acquire and own all books, records, maps, plats and documents necessary or convenient for the conduct of said business; to acquire by purchase the abstract business, books, records, maps, plats and good will of any other person or persons or corporation in the said county of St. Louis, or in any other county to which it may, as aforesaid, extend its business and to keep and maintain such office or offices and all such books and records and all equipment necessary or convenient to the conduct of said business, and to do all things necessary or incidental to the proper conduct thereof.

The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the first day of September, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be fifty years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of this corporation shall be sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000), and the same has all been subscribed for and shall be paid in as called for by the board of directors. No stock in this corporation shall be issued for less than par value thereof, either in money or in property deemed its fair equivalent.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness to which this corporation shall at any time be subject, is the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this company for the purposes of incorporation are as follows:

M. H. ALWORTH, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
F. W. HEIMICK, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
A. S. CHASE, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
GEORGE C. HOWE, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.
J. L. WASHBURN, residing at Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of this corporation and the conduct and management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five directors, and the officers to be elected by the board of directors, as hereinafter specified, the members of which board of directors shall all be stockholders, and, except those first chosen to act as such until the first annual meeting, shall be elected by the stockholders at their annual meeting on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January of each year, and the said board of directors upon the day of their election, or within ten days thereafter, shall meet and organize and elect the following officers of said corporation, to-wit: A president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, all of whom may be members of the board of directors, but the secretary and treasurer are not required to be elected from the membership of such board.

The office of treasurer may be held by any other officer of said corporation.

Any two members of such board are empowered to call such board together for the purposes of organization after the annual meeting each year, upon such reasonable notice as they deem sufficient. A majority of such board shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of organization and for the purpose of transacting business.

The first annual meeting of said corporation shall be held at the city of Duluth in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, 1901, and until such time and until their successors are elected and qualified, the following persons shall constitute the board of directors of this corporation, to-wit: M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C. Howe and J. L. Washburn, and until such annual meeting is held and the directors thereat chosen shall elect officers as above provided, the general officers of this corporation shall be as follows: M. H. Alworth, president; J. L. Washburn, vice president, and F. W. Heimick, secretary and treasurer.

The officers and directors of this corporation, except those designated to act as such until the first annual meeting thereof, shall hold their offices during the term of one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified, and in case any vacancy at any time occurs in any of the offices of said company or in the membership of the board of directors thereof, the same shall be filled by the board of directors until the next annual meeting of said company.

The board of directors shall adopt such by-laws, rules, regulations and resolutions, not inconsistent with these articles or the constitution and laws of the state of Minnesota, as it may deem necessary and proper for the government of the affairs of the corporation and the conduct of its business.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be divided into six hundred and fifty (650) shares of one hundred dollars each.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this fifteenth day of August, A. D. 1900.

M. H. ALWORTH, (Seal.)
F. W. HEIMICK, (Seal.)
A. S. CHASE, (Seal.)
GEORGE C. HOWE, (Seal.)
J. L. WASHBURN, (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of
W. D. BAILEY,
L. I. FEETHAM.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

On this 16th day of August, 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared M. H. Alworth, F. W. Heimick, A. S. Chase, George C Howe and J. L. Washburn, to me well known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing articles of incorporation, and they acknowledge that they executed the same as their free act and deed, for the uses and purposes therein expressed.

WILLIAM D. BAILEY,
Notary Public, St. Louis Co., Minn.
(Notarial Seal.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT of State—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book Y2 of Incorporations, on Page 458.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, Aug. 23, 1900, at 9 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book T of Miscellaneous, page 4.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.

By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-23-24-25-27-28-29-1900.

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## THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Aug. 25.—Light to heavy showers fell during Friday or last night over Alabama, Southeastern Texas and in most districts north of the fortieth parallel. Cooler weather prevails in the Red River valley and districts north of Assiniboia—freezing temperature and snow at Edmonton. Temperatures are rising over Alberta, Washington and Western Montana. The barometer is law over Oklahoma and Northwest Canada, and high over South Atlantic states, Colorado, Utah and Nevada. The weather in the lake region is partly cloudy, with fresh southerly winds.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 100 | Miles City | 70 |
| Battleford | 61 | Milwaukee | 76 |
| Bismarck | 76 | Minnedosa | 78 |
| Boston | 78 | Montgomery | 92 |
| Buffalo | 78 | Moorhead | 64 |
| Charleston | 94 | New Orleans | 92 |
| Chicago | 88 | North Platte | 80 |
| Davenport | 86 | New York | 80 |
| Denver | 78 | Oklahoma | 96 |
| Detroit | 82 | Omaha | 78 |
| Duluth | 66 | Pittsburg | 86 |
| Edmonton | 62 | Port Arthur | 64 |
| El Paso | 98 | Portland | 72 |
| Escanaba | 74 | Prince Albert | 64 |
| Galveston | 88 | Qu' Appelle | 76 |
| Green Bay | 84 | Rapid City | 66 |
| Havre | 78 | San Francisco | 72 |
| Helena | 66 | Santa Fe | 78 |
| Huron | 72 | Shreveport | 94 |
| Jacksonville | 94 | Spokane | 70 |
| Kansas City | 81 | St. Paul | 74 |
| Knoxville | 88 | Sault Ste. Marie | 72 |
| La Crosse | 82 | Swift Current | 76 |
| Los Angeles | 80 | Washington | 90 |
| Marquette | 76 | Williston | 76 |
| Medicine Hat | 76 | Winnemucca | 78 |
| Memphis | 90 | Winnipeg | 80 |

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with possibly local showers; moderately warm weather; fresh and brisk southerly to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Continued warm and partly cloudy weather tonight and Sunday, with occasional showers and thunderstorms. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer in southeast portion tonight. North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer tonight. Upper lakes—Fresh to brisk southerly winds; unsettled weather tonight and Sunday with occasional thunderstorms.

### *Change In the Chinese Policy.*

The announcement from Washington that American troops on the way to China have been given orders to go to Manilla indicates the adoption of a new policy by the president in regard to the Chinese trouble. It also leads to the belief that Secretary of State Hay has been practically deposed from control of the diplomatic negotiations in relation to China. He is absent from Washington and the policy he pursued has been radically changed. It was Secretary Hay's idea that the United States would be the chief factor in settling the Chinese question, and that a large army should be sent there, but it is now evident that President McKinley does not want to figure as the master of the situation in the Celestial empire, being fearful of the complications there. Washington advices claim that the president was induced to make this change by representations from his friends that it would endanger his re-election if he entered into an international partnership for the settlement of the Chinese question. He was told that diplomatic interference or participation might be tolerated, but the use of a big army would be condemned. He heard this so often and from such good and competent friends that he believed it. He has issued orders stopping some of the troops and may issue orders recalling some already there. Now the part of the United States in the Chinese row, it is said, will be restricted to the relief of American citizens, a wiser policy than the one recently announced, even if he has adopted it for political reasons.

### *TO MEET THE ISSUE.*

Governor Roosevelt's recent visit to President McKinley at Canton was followed by the announcement that "an agreement was made to meet the Democrats squarely on the issue of imperialism." It is stated that Mr. McKinley will devote a portion of his letter of acceptance to replying to Mr. Bryan's masterly speech at Indianapolis.

Heretofore the Republicans have contented themselves with sneering at the issue, indulging in gross misrepresentations of the facts and abusing their opponents. Even "Teddy" Roosevelt lowered himself in the estimation of the people by his vituperative language, and at Jersey City Mark Hanna signalized his entry on the stump by calling those who oppose the administration anarchists. With strange fatuity, the Republican committees and their organs have also denied that imperialism and militarism constitute the paramount issue of the campaign, and have tried to wage the campaign on the same issue as in 1896, regardless of the fact that the money question does not attract much attention now while every person is talking of the new questions raised by the administration's policy in the Philippines and Porto Rico. It is evident that President McKinley and Governor Roosevelt have decided to call a halt on this foolish style of campaigning and to squarely meet the principal issue.

If they have decided on this change of tactics, they are wise. The paramount issue cannot be dodged. There must be a serious attempt to answer Mr. Bryan's argument and to refute his logic, or the Republican ticket will be badly beaten all over the country. Upon the success of Mr. McKinley and his campaign managers in meeting this issue depends the result in November. Discussion of dead issues will be profitless and ineffective.

### *OPENING THE CAMPAIGN.*

On Monday evening the Democratic campaign in Minnesota will be opened by a public meeting at the Armory in this city, to be addressed by Hon. Charles A. Towne. In addition to the thousands of Duluth people who will be anxious to hear Mr. Towne, who has not delivered a political address here since his memorable speech in the same hall on the night before election day in 1898, there will be many people present from other sections of the state. It is expected that many prominent Democrats will come to the meeting from St. Paul and Minneapolis, and from various parts of the Sixth district, and the campaign in this state will be inaugurated with the enthusiasm that always marks the prospect of a sweeping victory.

There is much interest in what Mr. Towne will say on this occasion. Since his last appearance on the platform here, Mr. Towne has become one of the most prominent public men of the country, and it is generally believed that in the event of Mr. Bryan's election to the presidency, Mr. Towne will become one of his official cabinet, possibly being placed at the head of the state department. It is reported that Mr. Towne will answer the rather remarkable speech delivered by Governor Roosevelt at St. Paul recently, and while he will undoubtedly devote a little attention to the "strenuous remarks" of the Rough Rider, all the chief issues of the campaign will be discussed in Mr. Towne's able manner.

It is a subject of regret that the Armory hall is not twice as large as it is, because there will undoubtedly be many people who will fail to gain admittance and consequently will be seriously disappointed at their inability to hear the distinguished speaker. The Herald would therefore advise every one to go early to the hall. The doors will be opened at 7:30 o'clock.

### *THE TROLLEY AS A REFORMER.*

The census returns have made prominent the fact that the multiplication and extension of trolley lines in all our large centers of population has resulted in a larger suburban than an urban increase. The trolley, indeed, when one comes to think of it, is something more than a mere convenience of rapid transit. As the Philadelphia Ledger says, it is the great modern developer. It has made possible that combination of business in the city and rest in the country which heretofore was considered an ideal out of the reach of all but moneyed people. No matter how deficient in natural beauty are the outlying districts of a large city, there can always be found in them pure air and that refreshing quiet which, in itself, is the superior of all drugs for acting as a tonic on tired nerves and wornout sensibilities.

"This increase in suburban returns shows," says the Ledger, "that a rapidly increasing percentage of city population is pouring itself out into the adjacent country, and that the healthy instinct for more of nature and nature's ways is reviving as opportunities for its development increase. On every side are springing up settlements in the wake of the trolley, and the country home, small, perhaps, but neat and pretty, with its own vines and bit of land about it, standing out with space and light and air all about it, flowers beautifying it and health entering its doors with every breeze, is now within the reach of the majority. It is no longer the privilege of the wealthy; all the essential benefits of the country are at the humblest door for the taking."

The advantages of the suburban home for the rearing of children can scarcely be overestimated. Nature is the safest playfellow for the little ones, and there is no harm, no danger in the secrets she confides to their inquisitive little minds. Health of mind and body is their possession, and the dangers of the city streets have here no reflection. In these suburban settlements there are city advantages without the closeness, the confinement, the oppression and the demoralization inseparable from crowded centers. While Duluth has not reached the congested condition of the larger cities, and there are many breathing spaces within a short distance of the business center, what was but a few years ago the principal residence section has been steadily encroached on by the demands of business, and residences have been torn down to give place to business blocks. But a comparatively short time ago the East End was practically uninhabited, and the little mule cars that ran to Tenth avenue marked the end of the residence district in that direction. With the substitution of the electric power for the mules and the establishment of the trolley line that extended to Lester Park, the development of the intervening property has been rapid. The extension of the trolley line to Woodland brought about the development of another beautiful section, and the construction of the Incline brought Highland Park in easy distance of the business center. Thus all the people who wish are enabled to enjoy the pleasures of suburban life, which are no longer restricted to the wealthy.

It has also been remarked that the trolley is almost a moral agent in the beneficial influence it exercises in its introduction of the city youth to the country. After a day's fatiguing work in shop or office, the rest it offers the average young man, its beneficent tempting of him from dangerous resorts to simpler pleasures, and the healthful tone given to body and mind by rest and pure air are of immense benefit, and are bound to result in good. When the lungs are filled with good air it is easier to be good. When one feels one's nerves braced, one's brain exhilarated and one's digestion a pleasure, then it is far easier to resist temptation than if the case were otherwise. Oxygen is a great moral agent, and the trolley is really in league with it for the benefit of the race.

### *CHANGES IN CONGRESS.*

It is interesting to observe that only once since the war has the successful candidate for president failed to carry with him a majority of the house to support his politics. This exception occurred in the election of 1786, when the Republicans elected President Hayes but the Democrats carried the house.

Beginning with Gen. Grant's election in 1868, the Forty-first congress stood 73 Democrats and 170 Republicans, and the Republicans had a proportionate majority in the senate, or 61 to 11, with two vacancies. Grant's re-election in 1872 resulted in an increased majority for the Republicans in the lower house, only 88 Democrats being elected to 203 Republicans, while the senate of the Forty-third congress stood 19 Democrats and 54 Republicans, with one vacancy.

The Forty-fifth congress came in with a majority for the Democrats, who carried 156 seats to 137 for the Republicans, although the latter elected Hayes president and held the senate by a narrow margin of 39 to 36, one independent. With this exception, every congress elected since the war preceding and following this agreed in complexion with the politics of the elected candidate for president.

The Forty-seventh congress (Garfield) was Republican. The Democrats were tied in the senate, 37 and 37, with one American and one readjuster and the vice president holding the balance of power. The house was Republican, 152 and 150, with 9 Nationals and 2 Readjusters.

The Forty-ninth was the first Cleveland congress. The Democrats held the house by 152 to 104, with 2 Nationals and 1 vacancy; but the Republicans had the senate by 41 to 34, 1 vacancy.

Four years after Harrison was inaugurated and the country gave him a Republican house and senate. In the lower branch of the Fifty-first congress the Republicans had 173 seats and the Democrats 156, with 1 Independent. The senate stood 47 Republicans to 37 Democrats.

Cleveland carried the election in 1892 and with it the house and senate, the former standing 220 Democrats, 128 Republicans and 8 Populists. The senate was made up of 44 Democrats, 38 Republicans, 1 Independent, 1 Farmers' Alliance and 1 Populist, with 3 vacancies.

McKinley and the Fifty-fifth congress were elected simultaneously, the Democrats having lost both branches of congress as well as the executive. The senate stood 34 Democrats, 44 Republicans, 5 Populists, 6 Silver Republicans and 1 Independent; and the house 203 Republicans, 121 Democrats, 21 Populists, 3 Silver Republicans and 4 Independents, with 5 vacancies.

The New York World says: "The Republican committee has issued a list of the Democratic owners of ice trust stock as a campaign document. This is just as fair as it would be for the Democrats to send out a document giving only the Republican holders of this stock. The president of the trust, Mr. Morse, is a Republican. Frank S. Black, the former Republican governor; Frank H. Platt, son of the boss, and Boardman, of Tracy, Boardman & Platt, were all in the published list of stockholders, as was also other Republicans conspicuous in Platt's 'machine.' Is there no sense of fairness in politics?"

Since it has been discovered that dragon flies are destroyers of mosquitoes, the Portland Telegram suggests that it might be a good idea for the many people now inhabiting the Yukon valley, where it is said a native mosquito can easily bite off a man's ear, to import a colony of dragon flies, though if one-tenth the stories told of Alaska mosquitoes are true, it would take monster dragon flies to overcome them.

The Portland, Me., papers acknowledge that prohibition in that city is a failure and a delusion, so far as accomplishing the desired object is concerned, but say that the people are used to the law and do not care to change it. The Prohibition candidate for president should devote some attention to the campaign in Maine.

An exchange well says that it is a mistaken notion which leads a citizen to vote from habit or party prejudice. An intelligent and independent consideration and choice of public servants and party principles are a high civic duty which every citizen of a republic owes the state. Such men are the salt of politics.

Naturally Mr. Hanna made his first speech in the mother state of trusts—New Jersey. And of course he said nothing against the trusts. He is looking for a campaign fund from the trusts, and in return they will receive a promise of protection.

And now it is said that the Republican national committee has put Senator "Billy" Mason of Illinois on the campaign blacklist and will not let him speak. This is gross cruety. If not permitted to speak, the senator will burst.

The Des Moines News says: "The Democrats quote Jefferson and the Republicans quote Hamilton and there you are." Yes, and the people know how strong an imperialist Hamilton was.

A Missouri man has sued his wife for a divorce because she has a mania for stealing chickens. There are many men who would appreciate a wife like that.

A Paris scientist claims to have communicated with the inhabitants of the planet Mars. Absinthe produces some peculiar ideas.

Who will haul down the flag at Pekin?

### *Magnanimous Summer Girl.*

Baltimore American: It will be noticed that the summer girl has not raised a single outcry against the appropriation of her prerogatives by the shirt-waist man, nor has she rushed into print to denounce his imitation of her garb as unmanly. Considering how many times the reverse has taken place, this is magnanimous conduct in the summer girl.

### *When Was She Freed?*

Baltimore American: Cuba won 140 prizes at the Paris exposition. These are first fruits of her progress and development as a free country.

### *Much More Comfortable.*

Philadelphia Ledger: Mr. Neely would rather be a terrible example to the Americans than an edifying spectacle to the Cubans.

# Mr. Dooley On The Negro Problem.

By F. P. Dunne.

"What's goin' to happen to th' naygur?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley, "he'll ayther have to go to th' North an' be a subjick race, or stay in th' South on' be an objick lesson. 'Tis a har-rd time, he'll have annyhow. I'm not sure that I'd not as lave be gintly lynched in Mississippi as beaten to death in New York. If I was a black man, I'd choose th' cotton belt in prifrince to th' belt on th' neck fr'm th' polisman's club. I wud so.

"I'm not so much throubled about th' naygur whin he lives among his apprissors as I am whin he falls into th' hands iv his liberators. Whin he's in th' South he can make up his mind to be lynched soon or late an' give his attintion to his other pleasures iv composin' rag-time music on a banjo, an' wurrukin' f'r th' man that used to own him an' now on'y owes him his wages. But 'tis th' divvle's own hardship f'r a coon to step out iv th' rooms iv th' S'ciety f'r th' Brotherhood iv Ma-an where he's been r-readin' a pome on ht' 'Future iv th' Moke' an' be pursooed be a mob iv abolitionists till he's dhriven to seek polis protection, which, Hinnissy, is th' polite name f'r fracture iv th' skull.

"I was f'r sthrikin' off th' shackles iv th' slave, me la-ad. 'Twas thrue I didn't vote f'r it, bein' that I heerd Stephen A. Douglas say 'twas onconstitootional, an' in thim days I wud go to th' flure with annm ma-an f'r th' constitootion. I'm still with it but not so sthrong. It's movin' too fast f'r me. But no mathed. Annyhow I was f'r makin' th' black ma-an free an' though I shtud be th' South as a spoortin' preposition I was kind iv glad in me heart whin Gin'ral Ulyss S. Grant bate Gin'ral Lee an' th' rest iv th' Union officers captured Jiff Davis. I says to mesilf, 'Now,' I says, 'th' coon 'll have a chanst f'r his life,' says I, 'an' in due time we may injye him,' I says.

"An' sure enough it looked good f'r awhile an' th' time come whin th' occas'nal dollar bill that wint acrost this bar an pay night wasn't good money onless it had th' name iv a naygur on it. In thim days they was a young la-ad—a frind iv wan iv th' Donohue boys—that wint to th' public school up beyant, an' he was as bright a la-ad as ye'd want to see in a day's walk. Th' larnin' iv that la-ad wud sind Father Kelly back to his grammar. He cud spell to make a hare iv the hedge schoolmasther, he was as quick at figures as th' iddycated jig they showed in th' tint las' week in Haley's vacant lot, an' in joggerphy, asthronomy, algybbera, jommethry, chimisthry, physiojnomy, bassoophly an' fractions, I was often har-rd put mesilf to puzzle him. I heerd him gradyooate an' his composition was so fine very few cud make out what he meant.

"I met him on th' sthreet wan day afther he got out iv school. 'What ar-re ye goin' to do f'r ye'ersilf, Snowball,' says I—his name was Andhrew Jackson George Washington Caslateras Beresford Vanilla Hicks, but I Called him 'Snowball' him bein' as black as a coal, d'ye see—I says to him: 'What ar-re ye goin' to do f'r ye'ersilf?' I says. 'I'm goin' to enther th' profission iv law,' he says, 'where be me acooman an' industhry I hope,' he says, 'f'r to rise to be a judge,' he says, 'a congrissman,' he says, 'a sinitor,' he says, 'an' p'rhaps,' he says, 'a prisidint iv th' United States,' he says. 'Theyse nawthin' to prevint,' he says. 'Divvle a thing,' says I. 'Whin we made ye free,' says I, 'we opened all these opporchunities to ye,' says I. 'Go on,' says I, 'an enjye th' wealth an' position conferred on ye be th' constitootion,' I says. 'On'y,' I says, 'don't be too free,' I says. 'Th' freedom iv th' likes iv ye is a good thing an' a little iv it goes a long way,' I says. 'An' iv I iver hear iv ye bein' prisidint iv th' United States,' says, 'I'll take me whitewashin' away f'r'm ye'er father, ye excelsion hair, poached-egg eyed, projiny iv tar,' I says, 'f'r me Anglo-Saxon feelin' was sthrong in thim days.

"Well, I used to hear iv him afther that defindin' coons in th' polis coort, an' now an' thin bein' mintioned among th' scatthrin' in Raypublican county con-vintions, an' thin be dhropped out iv sight. 'Twas years befure I see him again. Wan day I was walkin' up th' levee smokin' a good tin-cint seegar whin a coon wearin' a suit iv clothes that looked like a stained glass window in th' house iv a Dutch brewer an' a pop bottle in th' fr-ront iv his shirt, steps up to me an' he says: 'How d'ye do Mistah Dooley,' says he. 'Don't ye know me—Mistah Hicks?' he says. 'Snowball?' says I. 'Step inside this dureway,' says I, 'lest Clancy, th' polisman on th' corner take me f'r a octoroon,' I says. 'What ar-re ye doin'?' says I. 'How did ye enjye th' prisidincy?' says I. He laughed an' tol' me th' story iv his life. He wint to practisin' law an' found his on'y clients was coons an' they had no assets but their vote at th' prim'ry. Besides a warrant f'r a moke was th' same as a lether iv introduction to th' warden iv th' pinitinchry. Th' on'y thing left f'r th' lawyer to do was to move f'r a new thrile an' afther he'd got two or three he thought ol' things was th' best an' ye do well to lave bad enough alone. He got sick iv chicken he cudden't live on his fees an' he quit th' law an' wint into journalism. He r-run 'Th' Colored Supplimint,' but it was a failure, th' taste iv th' public lanin' more to quadhroon publications, an' no ma-an that owned a resthrant or theaytre or dhrygoods store'd put in an adver-tisemint f'r fear th' subscribers'd see it an' come ar-round. Thin he attimpted to go into poilytics, an' th' best he cud get was carryin' a bucket iv wather f'r a Lincoln club. He thried to larn a thrade an' found th' on'y place a naygur can larn a thrade is in prison an' he can't wurruk at that without committin' burglary. He started to take up subscriptions f'r a shtrugglin' church an' found th' profession was overcrowded. 'Fin'ly,' says he, ''twas up to me to be a porther in a saloon or go into th' on'y business,' he says, 'in which me race has a chanst,' he says. 'What's that?' says I. 'Craps,' says he. 'I've opened a palachal imporyium,' he says, 'where,' he says, ''twud please me very much,' he says, 'me ol' abolitionist frind,' he says, 'if ye'd dhrop in some day,' he says, 'an' I'll roll th' sweet, white bones f'r ye,' he says. ''Tis th' hope iv me people,' he says. 'We have an even chast at ivry other pursoot,' he says, 'but, 'tis on'y in craps we have a shade th' best iv it,' he says.

"So there ye ar-re Hinnissy. An' what's it goin' to come to, says ye? Faith, I don't know an' th' naygurs don't know, an' be hivins, I think if th' lady that wrote th' piece we used to see at th' Halsted Sthreet Opry house, come back to earth, she wudden't know. I used to be all broke up about Uncle Tom, but cud I give him a job tindin' bar in this here liquor store? I freed th' slave, Hinnissy, but, faith, I think 'twas like tur-rnin' him out iv a panthry into a cellar.

"Well, they've got to take their chances," said Mr. Hennessey. "Ye can't do annything more f'r thim than make thim free."

"Ye can't," said Mr. Dooley, "but whin we tell thim they're free they know we're on'y thringin' thim."—Copyrighted, 1900, by R. H. Russell.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Makes the lightest most delicious and tasty hot biscuit

ROYAL Baking Powder is indispensable to the preparation of the finest cake, hot-breads, rolls and muffins.

Housekeepers are sometimes importuned to buy other powders because they are "cheap."

Housekeepers should stop and think. If such powders are lower priced, are they not inferior?

Is it economy to spoil your digestion to save a few pennies?

Alum is used in some baking powders because it is cheap. It costs but a few cents a pound whereas the chief ingredient in a pure powder costs thirty. But alum is a corrosive poison which, taken in food, acts injuriously upon the stomach, liver and kidneys.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

### *A Statesman.*

Van Sant is a very good man,
  Not only a good man but great;
For he's shaken the hand of the laboring man
    In every part of the state.

He may not be much on ideas.
  His opinions may carry no weight;
But he hasn't left off shaking hands for two years
    In every part of the state.

No wisdom e'er came from his pen.
  No thought of his lives in debate,
But he's shaking hands over and over again
    In every part of the state.

—JOHN STONE PARDEE, in Goodhue County News.

### *The Rosary of Years.*

Some reckon their age by years,
  Some reckon their life by art,
But some tell their days by the flow of their tears,
  And their life by the moan of their heart.

The dials of earth may show
  The length, not the depth, of years;
Few or many they come—few or many they go—
  But our time is best measured by tears.

Ah! not by the silver gray
  That creeps through the sunny hair,
And not by the scenes that we pass on our way,
  And not by the furrows the finger of care.

On the forehead and face have made;
  Not so do we count our years;
Not by the sun of the earth—but the shade
  Of our souls and the fall of our tears.

For the young are sometimes old.
  Though their brow be bright and fair;
While their blood beats warm their heart lies cold,
  O'er them the springtime—but winter is there.

And the old are ofttimes young,
  When the hair is thin and white;
And they sing in age as in youth they sung,
  And they laugh, for their cross was light.

A thousand joys may foam
  On the billows of all the years;
But never the foam brings the brave bark home,
  It reaches the heaven through tears.

—FATHER RYAN.

### *Baldwin First Choice.*

Two Harbors Iron Trade Journal: "So far as Lake county Democrats are concerned, C. O. Baldwin undoubtedly is their first choice and a delegation favorable to him will be sent to the Aitkin convention. They are strengthened in their choice, too, by the fact the Republicans would rather see some weaker man nominated.

### *Makes a Big Difference.*

Wright County Times: When men like Bourke Cockran, Carl Schurz and a host of others refused to support Bryan four years ago on the money issue, they were lauded to the skies by the Republican press as men of wonderful ability, great brain power, etc., etc. Now they have pronounced against McKinley on the issue of imperialism and militarism, reinforced by life-long Republicans like ex-Governor Boutwell, secretary of the treasury under President Grant, Webster Davis, assistant secretary of state under McKinley, and more, these penny-a-liners affect to sneer and ridicule them. You see it makes a vast difference whose ox is gored.

### *Unanimous on One Point.*

San Francisco Call: Adventurous gold seekers who are just returning from Cape Nome are unanimous on one point—those who thought that they could prey on the others have found the game as profitless as it was dangerous.

### *Two Can Play at the Game.*

San Francisco Call: It appears the British are not to be permitted to play a lone hand in the Shanghai district in China, for it is said the kaiser has resolved to send 5000 Germans there to take part in the game and now if the mikado would send some Japs over to assist the Russians in Manchuria the lone hand terror that has been disturbing the powers would vanish from the horizon.

## PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Chicago Record: "Cook, is this man you are going to marry a good man?"
"Oh, yes'm; he ain't never been in jail."

-:—:-

Judge: Edith—The man I marry must be a hero of the gridiron.
Ethel—He will be; if there is any cooking done he'll have to do it.

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: An impecunious young man should never fall in love with any young woman who can't do her own millinery work.

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Yes, my wife's away for the balance of the summer."
"I suppose you hated to have her go."
"Well, yes. I hated to have her go so late in the season."

-:—:-

Detroit Free Press: Stox—Do you believe in women having the same rights as men?
Sluggs—Yes, I do. There was one stood in front of where I sat in a car today and tramped all over my feet, and if she'd been a man I would have hit her one, sure.

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: Tess—So he has really married Miss Crabbe?
Jess—Yes, he was hit hard. It was love at first sight with him.
Tess—Too bad he wasn't gifted with second sight.

-:—:-

Chicago Post: "Yes, baby looks like his papa," said the proud young mamma. "I'm sure he will have a nose like him."
"Yes," replied the temperance lady from next door, "you give the little one gin for the colic, I understand."

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Clara—I was proposed to last night—and by Charlie Islington.
Maud—That's too bad.
"Why is it?
"Oh, I was in hopes that it was some man I didn't know."

### *The Troublesome Boer.*

Philadelphia North American: DeWet, the Boer general, who has been surrounded half a dozen times in the last few weeks, is reported now to be "in full flight" toward Mafeking and the town is preparing to stand another siege by his fleeing columns. A Boer commando in full flight appears to be a very troublesome thing and dangerous to small bodies of British that happen to get in the way.

### *Honest Men Are Undesirable.*

Chicago Chronicle: It is a circumstance probably unprecedented in politics that the opponents of Mr. Bryan not only concede his entire honesty, but actually seek to make it an argument for his defeat.

### *To Whom Does He Owe Gratitude.*

Washington Post: Tom Reed's old friends in Maine who expected to induce him to make a few speeches should understand that gratitude is not one of the characteristics of a New York lawyer.

### *Making a Bad Matter Worse.*

New York World: Not all Democrats are cowards, it appears—only the 6,000,000 or 7,000,000 who refuse to repudiate their party. Governor Roosevelt's explanation makes a bad matter worse.

### *Impervious to Boodle.*

Baltimore World: Hanna's boodle can't buy men like Bourke Cockran, who are breaking away from McKinley because they want to see this country governed as a republic instead of as an empire.

### *Will Support It Only In Spots.*

Washington Post: Hon. Billy Mason has picked out that portion of the administration he proposes to support. He looks upon Hon. John Hay as an adulterated diplomat.

### *Needs More Storage Room.*

Chicago Record: If Mr. Bryan receives many more nominations he will be obliged to build an addition to his house or store some of the minor ones in the woodshed.

### *Arguments Are Unanswerable.*

Philadelphia Times: Possibly the reason the imperialists are not making any adequate reply to Bryan's speech is because they really feel imperialism won't answer.

### *The Diffident Athenian.*

Philadelphia Record: Now that Grosvenor is back from Europe the presidential battle will open at once. Such at least is the Ohio man's own modest intimation.

Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., who has shown himself to be one of the world's greatest generals, is anxious to proceed to China to take a leading part in the operations there. This shows the general in his new uniform.

# DULUTH'S SOCIETY

For trifling with conventional regulations in the matter of clothing Adam was driven out of Eden, but there is a possibility that this latest fashion trifler behind the beech will escape because he has been wise enough to remedy his raiment with a Norfolk coat. The vigilance committee after a session on the hotel veranda has called dog and gun to aid in his extermination. The paroquet, hitherto the most splendid of the dell's denizens, is jealously delighted at the shirt-waist man's threatened extermination.

Next Thursday evening a ball will be given at the Armory for the benefit of St. Luke's hospital. The decorations, which will be placed in the Armory by the ladies interested in the flower show, will be allowed to remain, and this will give the ballroom a very handsome appearance. The ladies interested in arranging this social function are:

Mesdames—
D. H. Bacon,
W. S. Bishop,
M. R. Baldwin,
F. W. Paine,
W. J. Olcott,
W. R. Stone,
J. H. Dight,
J. H. Crowley,
Miller-Bradley.

Flaaten's full orchestra will play and the affair will be a brilliant one in every way. The proceeds will go to the building fund of St. Luke's hospital. The floor committee consists of the following gentlemen:

Messrs.—
H. F. Williamson, Jr.,
D. R. McLennan,
S. H. Rothermel,
Ward Ames, Jr.,
W. J. Olcott,
T. W. Hoopes,
L. R. Robinson,
W. C. Sargent,
C. D. Shepard,
J. H. Upham, Jr.,
Victor Stearns,
H. W. Merchant.

* * *

A very pretty wedding ceremony took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Brearley, of West Duluth, Thursday at 6:45 o'clock, the contracting parties being their daughter, Miss Betty M. Brearley, and Charles H. Conrad, of Chicago. The wedding was a quiet one and attended by relatives and a few intimate friends. The affair was a very effective one in every way. The house was beautifully decorated. In the parlor sweet peas and smilax were banked and the arrangement of colors was delightful. A beautiful background of green and white was arranged in the corner where the ceremony was performed, the center being a large mirror surrounded with palms and potted plants in profusion.

As the bridal couple came down the stairs Miss Carey played Lohengrin's wedding march, and Miss Alice Peyton and Miss Crowley drew white satin ribbons from the doorway as the party entered. Miss Mary Kinney, of Winona, a cousin of the bride, was bridesmaid. She was gowned in white organdie and carried American Beauty roses. The bride, who entered with her father, wore a gown of white mull over white taffeta silk. She carried lilies of the valley. Henry Brearley, a brother of the bride, acted as best man. After Rev. J. H. B. Smith, pastor of the Plymouth Congregational church, had performed the ceremony, Mendelssohn's wedding march was played.

At the conclusion of the marriage ceremony the bridal couple received the congratulations of their relatives and friends. A number of congratulatory telegrams from out-of-town friends were read. Refreshments were served in the dining room, which was also very prettily decorated. The dining room was in charge of Mrs. Mark Baldwin, assisted by Mrs. C. F. Macdonald.

Mr. and Mrs. Conrad left early Thursday evening for a trip down the lakes, afterward eastward to New York. They will make their home at Chicago, where Mr. Conrad is engaged in the wholesale business. They will be at home Thursdays, Sept. 20 and 27, at 3940 Lake avenue.

Among the relatives present from outside the city were Henry M. Kinney, of Winona uncle of the bride; Mrs. J. H. Conrad, of Chicago, mother; W. B. Conrad, of Janesville, Wis., uncle, and Miss Barker, of Chicago, cousin of the groom.

* * *

Miss Alice Peyton gave a charming linen shower Tuesday afternoon for Miss Brearley. The afternoon was very pleasantly spent by a number of young women.

* * *

Mrs. G. Fred Stevens, of Fifteenth avenue east, gave an at-home Wednesday afternoon for Miss Liggett, of Montreal, and Miss Wertman, of Minneapolis. The house was very prettily decorated and there were a large number of ladies present.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg will give a cotillion Monday evening at the Kitchi Gammi club.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Brewer and Miss Brewer gave a dancing party at Lester Park last evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Percy M. Chandler, of Philadelphia, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Luther Mendenhall.

* * *

Mrs. C. F. Macdonald, of Ashtabula flats, has gone to Minneapolis to visit for two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. C. A. Demning has returned from a month's visit in the East.

* * *

Mrs. George Dunn and Miss Dunn, of Detroit, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Richards, of Lester park, left Thursday evening on the steamer China for their home.

* * *

A quiet wedding, attended by only a few friends, occurred at the home of Mrs. Eberle of No. 6 Munger terrace, at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon. The bride was her daughter, Miss Anna Elizabeth Eberle, and the groom, W. Burton Dunlop. The bride was attended by Miss Helen Allen and the best man was R. G. Dunlop. After the ceremony there was an informal reception and later the bridal couple left for a wedding trip.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Jansing R. Robinson were at Isle Royale last week stopping at the Washington Harbor end of the island.

* * *

On Wednesday evening Miss Sue L. Barnard gave a very charming dancing party at the O-at-ka auditorium, in honor of her guests, Miss Grady and Miss Lawrence, of Baltimore.

* * *

At 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, Miss Lillian Ridge, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Ridge, and Frederick Knight were married at the First Christian church. The church was filled with friends. Mrs. Clara Palmer Hyde, violinist, played Chopin's wedding march, accompanied by Miss Rose Ladoucer on the organ, as the party entered the church. The bridal procession was very pretty. Miss Millie Olden was the flower girl and Willie Dinham, the ring bearer. Mrs. J. W. Hall was matron of honor and Miss Bessie Bain bridesmaid. The bride entered with her father. She wore a beautiful gown of white mousseline de soie with orange blossoms and lillies of the valley. The ceremony was performed by Rev. M. B. Ainsworth, pastor of the church. The bridal party left the church to the strains of the wedding march.

A reception was afterward held at the home of the bride's parents, 620 West Fourth street. Refreshments were served in a large tent on the lawn. Mr. and Mrs. Knight left on the night train for Proctorknott where they will reside.

* * *

The club women of Duluth are much interested in the coming state fair for the clubs of the state will take a very active part this year, more so than ever.

Every day there will be a lesson in cooking, which will be in charge of Miss Shepherd, of the Agricultural school at St. Anthony Park, and of Miss Laws, who traveled with the State Farmer's Institute corps, giving demonstrations in cooking. Every day there will be a session of a model kindergarten, with actual children, under the direction of a superior kindergartner. Every day there will be a fine literary program.

On Monday there will be just as good an exhibit and as good a program as any other day, and Saturday will also be just as good. The exhibits all over the fair grounds must be in order on Monday, before the fair opens. That day is Labor day, and the Labor day unions of Minneapolis, numbering 15,000 or more members, will be on hand at the fair.

There will be exhibits of cooking and sewing from the Agricultural school. The schools of Minneapolis, St. Paul and Faribault will have fine exhibits in the building. There will be a model sick room in the building, demonstrating, as nearly as possible, the requirements of such a room. A trained nurse will be in attendance every day to answer questions and to care for anyone needing assistance. Dr. Jeanette M. McLaren, of St. Paul, has this department in charge, which alone guarantees the appointments and attention to be of the best. The programs of the morning will be interspersed with music, both vocal and instrumental.

Monday, Mrs. T. J. Abbett will have much to present with her able corps of helpers, during the hour's time allotted to her. In the afternoon will be given a "fad" program, at which any club, reporting before Aug. 29, will be given a hearing.

Tuesday will be the day of art, in its various relations to the home, school and the world at large. Miss Bonnie E. Snow has charge of the program, and, associated with her will be Miss Emma Roberts, Miss Jane Yeter and Mrs. Florence Firmin. The art exhibit last year was very interesting and instructive. Miss Snow and her committee have charge of the art decoration of the building.

Wednesday, patriotic day, and St. Paul's day also, is in charge of Dr. Helen W. Bissell, who so ably conducted her program last year. This is to be a rousing day, with a patriotic speech by Hon. Mr. Stevens, and also other speakers, interspersed with songs and the brilliant music of the Ladies' orchestra, under the leadership of Miss Nellie Hope, of St. Paul.

Thursday, Miss Isabel Lawrence, of St. Cloud, introduces her "Round Table," which proved such a success last year. The topics are along educational lines. Miss Lawrence is to be ably assisted by Miss Sarah E. Brooks, St. Paul; Mrs. Mary P. Hunt, St. Paul, and Mrs. Alice M. Cooley, Minneapolis. Discussion is invited.

Friday—Town, village and country improvement. This is in the hands of Mrs. A. E. Eastman, of St. Cloud, and Mrs. C. M. Loring, of Minneapolis. Their program gives thoughts on improvement league's nature study, public playgrounds, etc., etc. Mrs. Robert Pratt, Mrs. M. M. Barnard, Miss Lydia Carlson, Mrs. Conde Hamlin and Mrs. C. A. Dibble will take part. The same there will also be ideas advanced as to beautifying the rural school grounds, and how country parks are a practicable necessity. This work, as represented by this program, is the "fad" of the Woman's Auxiliary Society of the Horticultural society, and will be explained and interestingly placed before the audience by Miss Emma V. White, president of the society, and Miss Lucia Danforth.

Saturday is library day, and in the fine program prepared topics will be given as follows: "Classes of People Benefited by Them," "Methods of Starting New Town Libraries," "Traveling Libraries," "Reports From Towns Having Their Own Libraries and Reading Rooms," "Reports From Towns Having Traveling Libraries." Every town, village and country settlement should be interested in these questions. The ladies having this work in charge are: Mrs. C. E. Conant and Miss Gratia Countryman.

Every afternoon of the week will be given a fine entertainment, consisting of songs, instrumental music and readings.

## COFFEE AND HEART DISEASE

### Slowly and Surely Affects the Heart's Action.

"My heart seemed to be jumping out of my body one morning after I had used some coffee, clear, without cream or sugar—for I had been told that coffee would not hurt me if used that way. We were all greatly frightened at the serious condition of my heart, until I remembered that it might be from the coffee.

"So when the trouble passed off, I concluded never to use coffee again. It had hurt me greatly, used in the ordinary way with cream and sugar, but I had hoped that it would be less harmful without the cream and sugar, but the result was no better.

"Since that time we have been using Postum Cereal Food Coffee, and my heart has never troubled me at all. We are all delighted with the Postum, because we know how to make it, and know how valuable it is a health beverage.

"In speaking to a friend lately about Postum Cereal, she said she did not like it. I found the reason was that it had not been made properly. After I told her to take four heaping teaspoons of Postum to the pint of water, and let it boil full fifteen minutes after the real boiling started, she was greatly delighted with it, and has been using it since, and has been very much better in health. Yours truly," Mrs. L. S. McElimmey, 1218 G St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

* * *

A very enjoyable social entertainment was a sunflower picnic at Lester Park, Tuesday evening. Covers were laid for twenty. Among those present were:

Misses—
Jones,
Kohagen,
M. Grandy,
Storens,
Wood,
L. Grandy,
Macfarlane,
Blodgett.

Messrs.—
Vallancey,
Peet,
Stockwell,
Kennedy,
Macfarlane,
Klindt,
Case,
Wood,
Gaskill,
Anglim,
Becker,
Prosser.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. S. R. McClintock and Miss Mary McClintock, of Cincinnati, Ohio, parents and sister of John M. McClintock, of this city, were here on a short visit this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Macdonald and their daughter Miss Eleanor Macdonald, of Winnipeg, Man., arrived Thursday to visit Mr. Macdonald's sister, Mrs. C. Stuart.

* * *

A. C. Jamison, formerly of Duluth, but for several years a resident of Spokane Falls, is in the city for a visit.

* * *

Miss Mae and Miss Daisy Wakefield, who have been visiting their brother, George Wakefield, Jr., at the Murray hotel, left Thursday for their home in Stevens Point, Wis. They were accompanied by their father, George Wakefield, who has also been visiting here a few days.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Harris, Miss Katherine Harris and Stewart Harris, of Minneapolis were in the city this week.

* * *

Mrs. R. F. Fitzgerald and two sons, Grover and Charles, left on the steamer China, for Buffalo, Thursday afternoon.

* * *

The Zenda club will give a dancing party at Lester park next Tuesday.

* * *

James A. Shannon, who has been home on a two months' visit, has returned to West Point, N. Y., to finish the remaining two years of his study.

* * *

Charles Bragg, of the United States navy is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Bragg, of 317 Third avenue West.

* * *

Mrs. C. A. Mullin, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. P. Waste, 410 Ninth avenue east, left on the United Empire for Ottawa, Ont. Her daughter, Mrs. Chamberlin, accompanied her.

* * *

Mrs. C. H. Hudson, of Chicago, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. H. Gallagher.

* * *

Miss Helen Ross, of Dubuque, Iowa, formerly of Duluth, is a guest of Mrs. C. G. Traphagen.

* * *

Miss Alice Kelliher has returned to Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. Quinlan, who has been visiting Mrs. E. L. Hannegan, at Lakeside, returned yesterday to Minneapolis.

* * *

A very pleasant wedding ceremony occurred at the St. James church in West Duluth, Wednesday evening, the contracting parties being Miss Ida Dunleavy and Joseph Cassidy. Father Feehely performed the ceremony in the presence of a large gathering of the friends of the young people. The bride was charmingly gowned in while silk, and was attended by her sister, Miss Daisy Dunleavy. Arthur Little was best man. After the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the home of the bride's parents, on Fifty-eighth avenue west. Mr. and Mrs. Cassidy will board with Mrs. C. R. Abbott for a time, when they will go to housekeeping in West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Ruby McMillan is visiting in Chicago.

* * *

Miss Agnes M. Dawson, of Omaha, is visiting her sister, Mrs. E. N. Bradley, at the Bradley cottage on Park point.

* * *

Mrs. D. R. Miller, mother of Mrs. Phill Bayha, is back from Eastern points where she has been for the past year.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. Clark left today for Baraboo, Wis., for a two week's visit.

* * *

Miss Margaret R. McKenzie and Alfred H. Farr, were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Donald McKenzie, 1525 South street, Wednesday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Farr left the same evening for Toronto on their wedding trip. Dr. S. P. Long, of the First Methodist church performed the ceremony.

* * *

James W. Denney has returned to his home in Abbotsford, Wis., after a three week's visit with his daughter at Nineteenth avenue east.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Cooke are visiting in Milwaukee.

* * *

Fred Boyce has returned from an Eastern visit.

* * *

Mrs. E. Olund and daughter, of 623 West First street, are visiting the former's daughter, Mrs. Pierson, of Mankato.

* * *

Mrs. Viola Boynton has returned from a visit at Newmarket, Ont.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Gibson, of 627 East Second street, are entertaining Mrs. R. P. Gibson and children, of Lyle, Minn.; Miss Rose Gibson and Miss Ida Gibson, of Austin, Minn.

* * *

The family of W. W. Brooks has returned from a nine months' sojourn in Europe. Mr. Brooks met them in New York.

* * *

Mrs. Goward returned to her home in Aitkin county, Friday, after a visit with Miss A. Olund, of 623 West First street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. ohn T. Black are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Black, of Milwaukee. Miss Eleanor Black is receiving a visit from her cousins, Miss Louise Knowles, of Milwaukee, and Miss Jane Doak, of St. Paul.

* * *

George Coleman, of West Duluth, is visiting in Detroit and other Eastern points.

* * *

Mrs. A. F. Rockwell is entertaining Mrs. E. F. Pilling, of Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. L. Arnheim left Tuesday for Cleveland, O., to join her husband. Mr. and Mrs. Arnheim will reside there in the future.

* * *

A. C. Willcuts and family returned Monday from a week's outing at Deerwood.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Hart left Tuesday for a pleasure trip to Butte, Mont.

* * *

A. E. Prudden and family are at Solon Springs, Wis., for a ten-days' outing.

* * *

Mrs. P. Doran is visiting in Detroit, Mich.

* * *

Miss Minnie Rhodes is back from a three-weeks' visit in Minneapolis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Carl F. Rowe are on a trip in the copper country.

* * *

Miss Edna Kelly, of Sault Ste. Marie, is here to make an extended visit to her aunt, Mrs. A. G. Kelly, of 308 Eighth avenue east.

* * *

Sir William P. Howland, of Toronto, Can., is in the city, the guest of his niece, Mrs. John M. Barnes, of Lester Park.

* * *

Mrs. W. E. Richardson and family returned from Deerwood Monday evening after a three-weeks' outing.

* * *

H. Nolte and family are at Deerwood for a two weeks' outing.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Weiss, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Giddings and Mrs. A. Bondy went down the lakes on the North West Tuesday.

* * *

Miss Josephine Kelly, of Minneapolis, is visiting friends in this city.

* * *

Mrs. A. W. Rowley, of Kalamazoo, Mich., is visiting the family of J. W. Rowley, of 24 West Third street.

* * *

Miss Mamie Haller and sister, Mrs. H. E. Krantz, have returned from a trip down the lakes.

* * *

Cards are out announcing the engagement of Mrs. Duncan Meagher and Dr. Withrow. The marriage will take place this fall.

* * *

The original Midnight Stars' dance at Lester Park pavilion last Thursday was attended by a large number, and was a most enjoyable occasion.

* * *

Mrs. D. H. Williams, of 5619 London road, gave a very large reception on Wednesday afternoon for her visiting guests, Mrs. J. Clarence Davidson and Miss Lois Davidson, of Joliet, Ill. The house was very handsomely decorated with sweet peas, pansies, palms and ferns. Mrs. Williams was assisted in receiving by Mrs. S. E. Catherall and Miss Walker.

* * *

A dance and social will be given by L. A. to B. of R. T, Monday evening.

* * *

Miss Jewell Cosgrove, of Detroit, Mich., is visiting the Misses Halley, at Camp Elora, Park Point.

* * *

Miss Lulu Clark entertained a party of friends Friday evening in honor of Otto Kostlan. The evening was delightfully spent with games, vocal and instrumental music.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas C. Brown, of 2028 East Superior street, entertained Friday afternoon, from 4 to 6 o'clock, for her daughter, Mrs. Arthur C. Jamison, of Spokane, Wash., and her guests, Mrs. Julia Darling, of Cincinnati, and Miss Hope Watkins, of San Diego, Cal.

* * *

Craggencroft, as it should be, offers large addition this year to Duluth's social and literary life. Schools too often feel it their privilege to draw upon a city's life and forget the reciprocal obligation that rests upon them to contribute of their good to the community. The various centers and clubs will undoubtedly announce open doors to the Craggencroft faculty. Mme. Ottilie Dieckmann Caspari, of Bremen, Germany, is a lady of ripened culture and large social experience. Her literary attainments are in the fields of German and French and Italian and Spanish literature and European history. In all these countries and in Mexico Mme. Caspari has travelled bringing to herself and companions a charming influence of manner and mind. Mme. Caspari is now at Craggencroft.

Mrs. Grace Pingerton, so deeply loved by all her pupils and with her distinctive atmosphere of scholarship and enthusiasm returns to her chair of Greek and Latin lectures by Mrs. Pinkerton on classical antiquities our ladies will enjoy.

President Duncan is to be assisted by Miss Norcross, daughter of the justice of the court of Illinois. At the University of Chicago, Miss Norcross has done heavy pose-graduate work in history, one of the favorite subjects in our clubs and societies.

The popular art work of Miss Rosmond Wright is found in many places in Duluth. Miss Wright comes to Craggencroft, August 27.

Maine contributes to Duluth's metropolitan social life, Miss Fowler, of Biddeford. This item may particularly interest all Duluth resident Alumni of Mount Holyoke college, a graduate of which school Miss Fowler is. The Craggencroft telescope and stereoptican are operated by this lady whose chair is mathematics and the sciences.

All lovers of original social and literary thought will be pleased to know that Miss Bunting is to be again at Craggencroft. In the great child world and its teaching, this lady certainly counts for a good deal and Duluth may be glad that against strong competitors, Mr. Duncan is able to secure Miss Bunting to Duluth.

Miss Stones, the memory of whose charming piano recital still remains, gives place to Miss Meliken of Boston. The public may expect to enjoy this lady in both piano forte and singing.

The coming of Miss Buller, of West Virginia, brings the University of Michigan into play in Duluth. Miss Buller is of a family of teachers, her sister and brother being now on the faculty of the University of West Virginia. Miss Buller has about finished her course for the medical doctor's degree, and at Craggencroft teaches chemistry, household science, and assists Mrs. Duncan in the intermediate school. Mr. Woodward and Mr. Robinson continue their work at Craggencroft.

Mrs. Duncan has returned from Pittsburgh.

"Better Be Wise Than Rich."

*Wise people are also rich when they know a perfect remedy for all annoying diseases of the blood, kidneys, liver and bowels. It is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is perfect in its action—so regulates the entire system as to bring vigorous health.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

# DROWNED.

## Father and Son Go Down Before the Eyes of Wife and Mother.

A father and son were drowned yesterday near Kelsey. Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Schneck and family of three children were walking down the Duluth, Missabe & Northern tracks to take the train to this city. Neil Schneck, the little son, saw his father coming up the track and ran to meet him. In crossing the railroad bridge at Whiteface river the little fellow missed his footing and fell into the stream, which was up to the flood mark, owing to the recent heavy rains. The father jumped into the river and succeeded in reaching the little boy, but both disappeared beneath the muddy waters and this morning their bodies had not been recovered.

H. L. Chapin saw the accident and was in the water almost as soon as Mr. Schneck but by the time he swam out to the point where he last saw them struggling, both had gone down, and owing to the swift current, Mr. Chapin had difficulty in swimming out alone.

The drowning was witnessed by Mrs. Schneck and her two children and the wife and mother was nearly crazed by grief when she arrived here last evening.

Mr. Schneck was employed on the Stony Brook division of the Eastern Minnesota road as a civil engineer. He was well known in this city, and his wife and family are now with relatives here.

IT ALL HAPPENS TOMORROW.

STICK FOR THE
BIG SHOW!

IF-U-'URRY

You will be able to get some
choice seats at the

PAVILION Entire change of program

LA PEARL'S BOOMING SUCCESS.

It's the show that does it.
That's what they all say.

Always Respectable. Always Refined.

15c—USUAL PRICES—25c

## TAKEN HIS LAST TRAIN.

### Conductor David Lee Dies at St. Luke's Hospital, St. Paul.

David Lee, who was promoted a year ago to the position of passenger conductor on the St. Paul & Duluth road, now a branch of the Northern Pacific, died on Thursday at St. Luke's hospital in St. Paul from the effects of an operation that was performed several days ago. He had been in the service of the company for the past fifteen years, was a member of the Order of Railway Conductors and the Catholic Order of Foresters. He is survived by a widow and five children living at 704 De Soto street.

## SAID TO BE DYING.

### Bert Sawyer's Life Said to Be Nearing the End at St. Peter.

Bert Sawyer, son of the late A. J. Sawyer, at one time a prominent grain man here, is reported to be dying in the St. Peter hospital for the insane, where he was taken a few years ago. When A. J. Sawyer died in Minneapolis not long ago Bert Sawyer inherited a large portion of his property, and his management of his inheritance was such that it was practically dissipated. Young Sawyer's mind became unbalanced as the result of his troubles, and he went to a private sanitarium. When his condition became worse he was taken to St. Peter. He was married to Susie M. Russell, a daughter of M. C. Russell, formerly a newspaper man here. They were divorced after a few years, and she moved to the Pacific coast, where she again married. Much of Sawyer's money went through his fascination for horses.

## AMUSEMENTS.

"A TEXAS STEER."

The poorest production of "A Texas Steer" that has ever been offered Duluth people was given at the Lyceum last evening. Two or three parts were well taken but the balance of the company is composed of sticks of the most woolen kind. The performance could not even be called good from the popular price standpoint. James R. McCann makes a good Maverick Brander and Will H. Bray, as the colored statesman, one of the very familiar characters of the play, was satisfactory. Miss Florence Rossland, who plays the part of Bossy, the Texas girl, and is featured on the bills, was about the weakest member of the very weak cast. The part requires much life and spirit and Miss Rossland exhibited about as much last evening as a convalescent fresh from a hospital. L. P. Lewis as Knott Innit was also very poor. The three members from Texas were well played and Charles Stevens as Brassy Gall was fair. A redeeming feature was the male quartet which was excellent and was given a number of recalls.

# SALES ARE HEAVIER

## Seven Million Feet of Lumber Disposed of the Present Week.

## THE SUPERIOR MILLS

## Their Cut Expected to Run as High as Last Season's Big Record.

Lumber sales here for the week just closed foot up about 7,000,000 feet. Of this amount the Alger-Smith company made the largest sale, disposing of 5,000,000 feet log run stock to White, Ryder & Frost, of Tonawanda, N. Y. The Knox Lumber company sold 1,000,000 feet of No. 4 boards to go East. Merrill & Ring are said to have made a sale of similar stock. Several other smaller sales are reported.

Generally speaking, there is but little change, if any, in the local lumber market, the same conditions prevailing that have existed for some weeks past.

Peyton & Kimball are cutting 1,500,000 feet of derelicts picked up by the Loggers' Salvage association. It is expected there will be as many more feet to cut under contract for salvage, the same to be let next week. The association does the picking up under a contract and saws the logs, turning the net proceeds over to the several owners, proportionately to the scales.

There is no change in the local conditions as to the sawing of logs. All the mills have been running this week, with the exception of Merrill & Ring's and this mill will start up Monday. There is no lack of logs now as the drives at this end of the county and into Lake Superior are moving along well. Notwithstanding the scarcity of logs that has existed at the head of the lakes previous to the late rains, the three Superior mills will saw as much this season, it is claimed, as they did last season. Last season's cut was the heaviest of any previous year in the history of the mills. The mills then cut 80,000,000 feet while the cut thus far this season has been 50,000,000 feet. Of this amount the Scofield mill has cut 20,000,000 feet, the West Superior mill another 20,000,000 feet and the Peyton, Kimball & Barber mill has cut about 10,000,000 feet.

The increased output this year will be due to the fact that the West Superior mill, which cut but 20,000,000 feet during the whole of last season, has been making night runs most of the time this season. The Peyton, Kimball & Barber mill also ran day and night during the early part of the season. The Scofield mill will have finished up a cut of 21,000,000 feet by te end of next week and will probably cut 35,000,000 or 40,000,000 feet more before the end of the season. The other mills have about 14,000,000 or 16,000,000 feet more to cut. It is reported that Governor Edward Scofield intended putting in a hot pond at his mill in order to make a winter run, but it is now thought to be too late and the matter will likely be postponed until another year.

Some few early loggers are making preparations for the winter's logging operations. The outlook is said to be for a much more satisfactory season than for some time past. So far as the men are concerned, wages will be reasonable. Most of the logs, that a few weeks ago seemed destined to remain along the streams until another season, have been started down, owing to the late rains. This season's cut will be based mostly on conditions as they come up. None of the lumbermen are disposed to cut more logs than they can manufacture and sell at a profit.

Merrill & Ring opened up their new camp at Split Rock, up on the north shore, but after a few days' operations were compelled to shut down on account of the heavy rains which made it impossible for the men to work in the woods or continue the construction of the new logging road. The company has about sixty men up at Split Rock, but this number will be increased when weather conditions permit the resuming of operations.

The drives are said to be progressing well over other portions of the Northwest, notably that of Willow river, which runs westerly from the neighborhood of Vermilion lake into the Little Fork. From 63-19 this stream, which is a mere rivulet, runs to the Little Fork, a distance of fourteen miles, but about fifty miles by the river. There are about 5,000,000 feet of logs on this crooked little stream. O. W. Saunders has a big drive on the Upper Sturgeon river in 60-20, that he is taking down that stream some 300 miles through interminable waterways to Rat Portage. Te Sturgeon River Lumber company is driving logs this way that last winter were hauled to Partridge, a St. Louis tributary. Stitt & Howe last winter banked 9,500,000 feet on Deer river, not far from Grand Rapids to go to Rat Portage, and these logs they have just turned into the Big Fork. Another lot of 3,500,000 feet on the Little Fork, they will attempt to drive north next week. These logs are all north of the continental divide.

$22--Toronto and Return--$22.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

**Several**
**Fine building locations in East End for sale. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.**

If your hat is a Gordon that is all you need to know.

A VOTING CONTEST!

Given by the leading Duluth merchants by which a $450 Harvard Upright Piano will be given away FREE to the Church, Lodge or Society voted the most popular by Oct. 1, 1900. The following merchants issue ballots:
I. FREIMUTH—Dry Goods.
PHILLIPS & CO.—Shoes.
S. F. BOYCE—Drugs.
M. HENDRICKSEN JEWELRY CO.
THE FAMOUS SHOE STORE—Shoes.
FRED SCOTT & CO.—Drugs.
W. W. SEEKINS—Florist and Confectioner.
ALBERTSON STATIONERY AND BOOK CO.—Stationery.
ALFRED LE RICHEUX—Drugs.
PEERLESS STEAM LAUNDRY (Tel. 428)—14 East Michigan street.
G. T. PORTER & SON—Pianos and Organs.
R. R. FORWARD & CO., 2021-2023 W. Superior street—Furniture and Hardware.
HARRIS & ESTERLY, Jewelry.
M. A. FEDJE, 1930 W. Superior street—Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.
LAKESIDE CASH GROCERY, 47th ave, E., A. L. Kingman, Mgr.; and 60th ave. E., M. R. Bush.
BARNHAM'S RESTAURANT, 417 W. Superior street. (Tel. 605).
R. WEBSTER, Lunches, Ice Cream and Home-Baked Goods, (Tel. 344).

Piano is on Exhibition at G. T. Porter & Son's Music Rooms.
ASK FOR BALLOTS.
Harvard Piano Advertising Co.

# Duluth Business University

## And College of Shorthand and Typewriting.

Tenth Annual Opening Will Occur on Monday, September 10th, 1900.

### A New Departure.

**Voice Culture and Sight Reading on Music.**

Beginning with our September opening we shall give, free of charge, a course of twenty lessons in voice culture and sight reading in music to all students taking a commercial, stenographic or English course. These lessons will be given on Saturday afternoons, and will in no way conflict with the general routine work. Our teacher in this department has proven himself a very successful instructor of music. He teaches the Italian method, which consists in developing the chest and relaxing the muscles of the throat. His method is productive of great range and brilliancy of tone. We feel that the introduction of this subject is a new departure in the business college work, but we believe it will prove valuable and that our expense and efforts to give this course to our students, many of whom would probably have no other opportunity of obtaining it, will be fully appreciated. Students will have the privilege of consulting the teacher any time during the week upon points they do not understand in the lessons.

### Our School From a Hygienic Standpoint.

Many schools and colleges of a general educational nature have serious drawbacks in the way of hygienic equipment. We consider the health of our students of first importance, and believe it is utterly impossible for them to sit from day to day in dingy, unventilated, cheerless rooms without more or less danger of impairment to health. We fully believe in the force and correctness of the old adage, "Cleanliness is next to Godliness," and spare neither money nor pains in trying to have our rooms spotlessly clean, neat and comfortable at all times, giving full attention to ventilation, heat and everything that pertains to the comfort and convenience of our students. Three janitors are constantly employed, and we do not believe it would be possible to keep school rooms in a healthier or a more homelike condition than our rooms are at all times kept.

CHAS. G. ROBSON.

W. J. GRAY.

Two of Our Commercial Teachers.

### The College Office

Will be open from 8 to 12 each forenoon and from 1:30 to 5:30 each afternoon on week days, when we should be glad to meet and talk with any who are interested in our work.

### Wanted—Board and Rooms

At moderate rates for some forty or fifty young men and women who will enter the college at the September opening; also places for a number of reliable young men and women to work mornings, evenings and Saturdays for board and room. Apply at once to the Business University.

### Touch Typewriting.

We have decided at the beginning of our next term to introduce touch typewriting, which consists in operating the machine without looking at the hands or keys. It has been proved that this is not only the most rapid and accurate way of operating the typewriter, but that it is the most natural and easy way. It is the verdict of those who were first sight typewriters but have changed to the touch system that more speed can be obtained and better work done with this system than with the old system. With the old method the operator is obliged to divide the time between looking at her notes and looking at the keys of the machine. With this method the operator can keep her eyes on her notes and operate the machine at the same time, which certainly enables her to attain a greater rate of speed. Piano players could not attain the same degree of skill if they used instruments with letters or notes on the keys. We shall have fifteen brand new machines at the disposal of our students next term, and an expert teacher of the touch system specially for this department, and hope for better results than we have ever had before.

### Age or Lack of Early Educational Advantages Should Prevent No One From Entering Our College.

We frequently enroll in our English department married people from forty to fifty years of age who have had little or no educational advantages. We have plenty of teachers to give them all the individual or private instruction they need, and as they are not obliged to recite in classes they in no way suffer any embarrassment. We are always pleased to enroll this class of students, as we find them diligent and appreciative of the advantages received, and they usually make surprising progress. We believe that there are plenty of such men and women who would attend our school if they really knew the advantages they might derive from a short course with us.

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# ANARCHIST ARRESTED

### An Omaha Man Made Threats He Would Kill William J. Bryan.

### HE IS A WELSHMAN

### Every Precaution Is Being Taken By Police to Protect Bryan.

Omaha, Aug. 25.—William W. Williams, a Welshman, employed as a smelter here, was arrested today on the charge of having stated to one of his fellow workmen that he intended to kill William J. Bryan when he came to attend the Jacksonian picnic this afternoon. Williams is said by some of his fellow workmen to be avowed anarchist. Every precaution is being taken to protect Mr. Bryan here.

MOELLER CONSECRATED.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 25.—Right Rev. Henry Moeller was consecrated bishop of Columbus at the cathedral in this city today. Archbishop Elmer and the bishops of Indianapolis, Atlanta, Grand Rapids, Nashville, Covington and other dioceses, together with about 200 priests, participated in the imposing ceremony.

DEPEW READY.

New York, Aug. 25.—Senator Depew, who arrived today on the New York from Europe, said he was ready for the campaign, and would have a conference with Senator Platt today or Monday.

**Artistic Table Furnishings—**

One important feature of my business comprises everything in the way of Table Silverware—Knives, Forks, Spoons, Sugar Bowls, cream pitchers, platters, etc., of sterling silver or plated ware as you may elect. These designs are modern, chaste, exquisite. High grade articles at moderate prices is the whole story in a nutshell.

**J. GRUESEN,**
**Expert Watchmaker,** 31 W. Superior St., Hunter Block.

### PNEUMATIC TUBE SERVICE.

### The Cities For the Investigation Are Picked Out.

Washington, Aug. 26.—The cities in which the pneumatic tube investigation ordered by congress will be conducted have been selected by the postoffice department, as follows: Washington, D. C., New York, Brooklyn, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Denver, St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati.

It is thought that the investigation will be confined to those cities though it may be found necessary later to add several others. The investigation will begin as soon as possible and will be conducted in each locality by the respective postmaster and division superintendent of the railway mail service.

These reports and recommendations will be considered later by a general committee of postal experts, who will visit each city in turn and also investigate conditions. The latter committee will utilize the services of experienced engineers and other experts.

### AMERICANS AHEAD.

### Philadelphia Crew Leads In the Paris Rowing Contest.

Paris, Aug. 25.—The 8-oared crew of the Vesper Boat club, of Philadelphia, won their trial heat today by fifteen lengths, defeating a crew of the Nautical club, of France. The district was one mile and 153 yards. Vesper's time was 5 minutes 15 2-5 seconds. The final heat will be rowed tomorrow.

The contests occurred on the Seine, near Asnieres. The Vesper eight was the only American crew competing. The four-oared competition followed so closely on the eight-oared that Trainer Dempsey decided not to compete in the former. A stiff wind blew across the river, preventing fast time.

The first heat was won by the Holland club, in 4 minutes, 59 3-5 secands.

The Vespers quickly caught the water, in the second heat, and soon had a commanding lead. At half the distance, the Frenchmen had enough and the Vespers slowed up, finishing easily.

### LIST OF CASUALTIES.

### Gen. MacArthur Sends the Names of Wounded Soldiers.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Gen. MacArthur has cabled the war department the following list of wounded: July 1, Legaspi, Tueseon, Company L, Fourth infantry, Randall McLellan, in back, moderate; July 4, Company H, Fourth infantry, William Russell, in arm, serious; Grover C. Sweet, in arm, slight; John R. Keeble, in shoulder, serious; July 6, Ezra L. Van Orden, in buttock, slight; June 30, Leon, Panay, Company L, Twenty-sixth infantry, Charles L. Fish, in arm, serious; Sergt. Herbert Spencer, in hip, slight.

### Beginning Aug. 1st

The Northern Pacific adopted the plan of serving breakfast and luncheon on all its trans-continental trains on the la carte plan—pay for what you eat. Dinner will be served as heretofore, table d' hote, $1. This applies to both "North Coast Limiteds" and the Pacific and Twin City express trains.

### L. A. to B. of R. T.

Give an ice cream social and dance Monday evening, Aug. 27, at Columbia hall. Tickets, 25 cents.

Have you ever realized the sterling worth of the Gordon hat?

### FEAR MORE TROUBLE.

### Governor Nash Afraid of More Rioting at Akron.

Columbus, O. Aug. 25.—Governor Nash fears there may be more rioting at Akron, for that reason, troops will be held there until Monday. This decision was reached today at a conference there between the governor and Assistant Adj. Gen. Adams. Governor Nash said he should keep the troops on duty until he was absolutely satisfied that the lawless element would make no further trouble.

The ill-feeling among the Akron citizens who participated in the roits seems to be directed especially against the city officials, said the governor. "I am afraid that when the lawless element fully realizes that the negro was taken into the city and sentenced and then taken away again without their knowing the slightest thing about the matter, the riot may arise again. The state will protect life and property at Akron as long as necessary."

**EXCURSIONS!**
—TO—
**TWO HARBORS**
**Sunday, August 26.**
On Steamers
**H. R. DIXON AND HUNTER.**
Leave BOOTH'S DOCK at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m.
Returning, leave Two Harbors 5 p. m.
***Fare, 50c for Round Trip.***

### EGG MARKET FIRMER.

### Fourteen Cents Is the Price Predicted For Monday.

A still firmer tone is noted in eggs, and the fruit now moves readily at 13@13½ cents for average sized lots, with 14 cents confidently predicted by some dealers as the figures for Monday.

In poultry the situation was a little mixed, springs being firm at 10@11 cents, while hens were off to 9 as the ruling figures.

While the potato market has been unsettled by the dlturbing influence of an unusually large quantity of inferior stock, damaged by sun cooking mainly, which is unloaded at about the buyers' figures to move it off, the price for good stock has held remarkably steady at 32@33 cents for the best.

The supply of apples has been running rather low recently, but early consignments were expected to change the situation by early next week. The ruling figures were $2.75@3.00, which is relatively low as compared with the figures in outside markets.

Bartlett pears were firmer at $1.75@2.00, on report of an advance in the Twin Cities.

Butter and cheese held firm at the advance; creamery tubs, 21@22½c; prints, 23@23½; dairy, fancy, 17½@19; fair, 16@16½. Cheese, twins flat, full cream, new, 12@12½; full cream, young America, 13; Swiss, No. 1, 14@14½; brick No. 1, 11½@12½.

Trade today was unusually brisk for the close of the week, on account of the rain Friday, which caused buyers to defer their usual purchases on that day for Saturday's trade.

### U. R. Division No. 3

K. O. T. M., will hold their next card party in the Hunter block, Tuesday evening, Aug. 28. All are cordially invited to attend. Prizes to be given are on exhibition in Grueson's window, Hunter block.

# BECOMING ALARMED

(Continued from page 1.)

a resolution as indicated. State department officials say that usually the recommendation is adopted without question.

"Under the constitution," said an official who discussed the matter recently, "neither Mr. Peck nor Mr. Woodward can accept the French decoration. If they have formally done so, as all the dispatches indicate, then they must return them with an explanation of the prohibition contained in the constitution. If they should insist on retaining the decorations, then the president, when the matter is brought to his attention, will be inquired to instruct them to surrender the decorations, and should they decline to do so, he will, of course, be compelled to remove them from office. I am satisfied, however, that, rather than lose their positions, both Messrs. Peck and Woodward will relinquish the honor until congress has had an opportunity to pass a resolution permitting them to accept the decorations."

* * *

The Baltimore Sun prints the following editorial: "When Governor Roosevelt was nominated for vice president by the Republican national convention at Philadelphia there was a general feeling among the voters of his political persuasion that the ticket had been greatly strengthened by the selection of a man of such pronounced characteristics and such a flaming military record. The contest between Senators Platt and Hanna over the selection of a vice presidential candidate was a notable one, and the triumph of the New York boss was hailed as a piece of splendid generalship. The sagacious Mr Hanna wanted a quiet, careful and well-balnced business man like Cornelius Bliss, who is in the habit of thinking before he speaks, and of speaking only when it is necessary. Mr. Platt insisted, however, that the man needed for the emergency was the war governor of New York, and in spite of Mr. Hanna's opposition he captured the convention and had him nominated. Mr. Platt unquestionably proved himself a better general than the Ohio senator in this fight, but the latter can console himself with the reflection that his own judgment has been vindicated by subsequent developments. Mr. Platt, who is more interested in retaining his grip on New York politics than in the success of Mr. McKinley, was actuated rather by personal than by patriotic motives in championing Roosevelt. He was anxious to get that rough and dangerous political rider out of his sphere of influence, and when he saw an opportunity to unload this bad political investment on the Republican national convention he proceeded to do so with great alacrity and enthusiasm. Mr. Hanna's sagacity has been demonstrated by the trouble into which this political wild man of Borneo has already gotten his party. The indisposition from which the Ohio senator is said to be suffering is called rheumatism, but a more correct diagnosis would probably be Rooseveltism. It is not Gen. Apathy of whom he is afraid, but the pernicious activity of Col. Foolishness, as represented by the political explosions of the candidate for vice president. This is what is making Mr. Hanna tired just now. He knew from the first that Col. Roosevelt was loaded, and now he is firing into his own side with tremendous effect every time he opens his mouth. Mr. Hanna has at least the satisfaction of being able to say to his party, 'I told you so.' Some optimistic Republicans may hope much from the conference which the New York governor has just had with the president in Washington, but Mr. Hanna takes a much less cheerful view and looks forward with foreboding to that Western campaign trip of the political tail that is wagging the Republican dog so violently. Mr. Platt showed himself a fine general at Philadelphia, but the Republican party is deeply regretting his generalship."

* * *

Consul General Guenther sends the following: The agrarians and some butchers of Germany are trying to create a prejudice against the consumption of American meats, and particularly of American lard. The report of the board of chemical examiners of the city of Ulm (charged with the examination of adipose substances) is of interest in this connection. The report covers the examinations of the last two years, and, after stating that the custom authorities are required to take samples of all large shipments of foreign butter, cheese, margarin and hog's lard and have them examined, it says: "Samples of American lard are very often received, taken from shipments amounting to several hundreds of pounds. A thorough chemical examination shows that American lard is not only the same as German lard in regard to smell, taste and consistency, but that it frequently excels in dazzling white color. Among the several samples received there was none to be objected: the quality was faultless."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

**STR. J. C. SUIT**
Will leave Fifth Avenue West at
8 p. m. tonight for a trip
**AROUND THE HORN.**
Good music by Mandolin Orchestra.
Tickets 25 cents. 'Phone 668.

# IN MICHIGAN.

### Cleveland-Cliffs to Increase Its Output---Atlantic Ore Running Lean.

Ishpeming—The big Cleveland Cliffs Iron company, the largest independent ore producer in the world, is to materially increase its manufacturing of iron. It is now adding a 50-cord retort plant to the wood-carbonizing plant at Gladstone. The addition is to carbonize wood in a new way by a retort process that is more effective than old methods. The company has an immense acreage of hardwoods, many grades of ore, and a desire to develop its properties in a well rounded and thorough manner.

Houghton—The percentage of the mineral in the Atlantic rock has dropped off somewhat of late. On a five weeks' run at the mill recently it averaged 11.7 pounds of mineral to the ton and this falling off is attributed to the leanness of the ground in A shaft which has been noticeable for two months past. It has finally been decided to discontinue tramming from the south part of the mine and from the north levels from A shaft as it does not pay to tram from such distances when the rock is poor.

It is reported from Laird that about 200 laborers employed on the construction work on the South Shore's extension to the South Range struck for higher wages. They had been getting $1.75 per day and demanded an increase of 25 cents. The steam shovel was idle and all work at a standstill.

Escanaba—William Cook, the young man who was crushed while trying to board a moving ore train at Felch Junction, died at the Delta county hospital. His home was at Aberdeen, S. D.

# West Duluth

Owing to the immense amount of ground that will have to be covered when the postoffice department inaugurates the free mail delivery system, it is evidently going to be a hard matter for four carriers to give a service that will prove satisfactory. Postmaster Fisher, who in company with Postmaster Salter of West Duluth, looked over the territory, the other day, with a view of selecting suitable routes for the four new carriers, expressed surprise over the scattered locations of the residents and held that service by four carriers was sure to prove inadequate. It seems that the number of carriers is usually limited by the population, the postoffice department basing the apportionment on this fact. According to its population, West Duluth is entitled to only four carriers, but it is believed that if the service proves unsatisfactory with this number, a protest from the residents will bring about the placing of another carrier. The mail boxes have not yet been put up, or the routes established. It was promised that the free delivery system would be inaugurated by the first of September, but there is a great deal to be done in the six remaining days of this month and it begins to look a little doubtful whether conditions will be such Sept. 1 to warrant the beginning on that date.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Republican club of West Duluth will open their campaign with a meeting in the I. O. G. T. hall, on Grand avenue tonight. Several of the candidates for county offices are expected to be present and enliven the occasion.

Rev. Adolph Salverson will conduct services Sunday afternoon at No. 5514 Grand avenue, West Duluth.

At the West Duluth Baptist church, there will be preaching by the pastor, Rev. Arthur J. Hoag. The morning subject will be "Function of the Church." In the evening the topic will be "A Good Investment." Sunday school at 12 o'clock. B. Y. P. U. meeting at 7 o'clock in the evening.

Louis Larson, of Sixty-third and Freeman, who is employed in the sash and door factory of E. G. Wallender, had a portion of his hand cut off by a rip saw yesterday afternoon. Mr. Larson who is head moulder at the factory, was holding a narrow moulding against the saw when the accident occurred. Only the little finger of the hand remains. Dr. Graham dressed the wound.

W. H. Potts, foreman at the Mitchell & McClure mill slipped, while at work yesterday, and had his left hand nearly sawed off by one of the big saws. The teeth penetrated to the back of the hand. Dr. Graham dressed the wound. Mr. Potts resides at 217 Twenty-eighth avenue west.

The policemen here are hustling up the citizens that have neglected to get out dog licenses.

Officer C. Johnson is back from a visit at Empress river with his children. Mr. Johnson has been in bad health for some days but is much better now.

Ed. Robinson left last evening for Chicago and Detroit.

A. J. Filiatrault, undertaker, office Patterson livery. Telephone No. 3070.

### That Trobbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Moved Their Business**
***Burrell & Harmon***

Have moved their business from No. 18 West First street to the Hayes Block, corner First avenue east and Superior street, or No. 3 South First avenue east, where they will continue to do Furnace Heating and Ventilating, Cornice, Skylight, Sheet Metal Ceilings and general sheet metal work, and all kinds of roofing, and where they will be pleased to see all of their friends and customers.

Now is the time to get your Furnaces fixed up for winter.

**Painless Dentistry**

We guarantee to fill or extract your teeth without pain and furnish teeth with or without plates, at lowest prices for first-class work.

**Examination Free.**

**F. H. Burnett, D. D. S.**
Top Floor Burrows Block.
TAKE ELEVATOR.

**Scalp and Complexion Treatment**

Scalp treatment, facial treatment and manicuring. Beautiful hair switches.

**KNAUF SISTERS,** 101 West Superior St.

**Souvenirs of Duluth**

**Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store.**

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
**ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.**
Sold in Duluth at
**The Ideal Beer Hall.**

**HAIR** and Complexion Specialist—Switches, 50c to $25.00. Ideal Tonic and Skin Food never fails. Manicuring, Chiropody, Electrolysis and Massage.

**MME. BOYD,** 216 W. Superior St., Duluth
1302 Tower Avenue, Superior.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS,
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

# DR. MITCHELL'S GREAT WORK.

## The Most Marvelous Cures Ever Performed by Man.

## Statements Grounded Upon Facts and Facts That Have Startled the Entire Medical World.

As the marvelous power of Dr. Mitchell to heal the sick and relieve the suffering has been revealed, it seems that the people must believe. It is not a question of mere statements, the proof is within the reach of every man or woman who is suffering today. Look up any or all of the cures Dr. Mitchell has published during the past two years in the daily papers; they are all true and you can be convinced beyond the shadow of a doubt.

A letter from one of Dr. Mitchell's patients, cured eighteen months ago:

"West Duluth, Minn., Feb. 1, 1898.

"721 Fifty-sixth avenue.

"Dear Doctor:

"I want to thank you for the great good you have done my wife by your wonderful healing power. Doubtless you do not care for testimonials, for I dare say you must have thousands of them, for your power merits praises from all sides. My wife had been suffering from nervous prostration and insomnia for nearly fifteen years; it was impossible for her to sleep more than two or three hours during the night and that would be broken; she would have frightful dreams, would toss and jump in her sleep and when she woke up in the morning she would feel more tired than when she went to bed at night; her back would ache, she would have sharp shooting pains in her spinal column and limbs; when she rose in the morning there would be such a pressure on her stomach she would have to take stimulants to relieve her. Our family physician told us she would never be better, that she had a bad case of heart trouble. She had taken electric and massage treatment and had doctored with some of the best physicians in Duluth and Saginaw where her home was, and had been given up as a nervous wreck. Her interest ceased in her home and family and when her friends called upon her she would have to exert every effort to entertain them, and no matter how short their call might be it seemed hours to her. She could not walk, or ride on the electric cars, it made her limbs and back ache so and also gave her a severe pressure at the heart. I was told by the physician that she had a very weak heart and was liable to pass away at any time. We had seen your advertisements but felt that it was another fake on the market. Every kind of a remedy or treatment that was advertised for nervous deseases we had tried but with no lasting effect and she sometimes felt that her stomach was a drug store.

"The second night after taking your treatment she retired at the usual hour, expecting to have a restless night as usual, but she went to sleep and slept till five o'clock the next morning. When she awoke she felt refreshed, in fact had not felt so well in years and it seemed as if she had a new lease on life. She can now go to sleep and does not feel any pain or pressure at the heart, in fact you would hardly know she had a nerve in her body. You may think I am a little overenthusiastic, but no one knows what she suffered before taking your magnetic treatment. I spent every dollar I could earn to have her doctored and she did not get any relief until she treated with you. I shall be glad to recommend your treatment to all sufferers.

"Wishing you the great success which you truly deserve, I am,

"Yours very truly,

"J. COLIER."

What power this man possesses, perhaps, cannot be satisfactorily explained, but that he does possess a strange and marvelous power to heal the sick cannot be denied.

Dr. Mitchell cures all forms of skin diseases, fistual dropsy, dyspepsia, sleeplessness, constipation, all nervous disorder, all female complaint, without the use of instruments or exposure of the person; deafness, catarrh, blindness and all diseases of the blood and bones. He also cures cancers and tumors without an operation or pain to the patient.

Dr. Mitchell has an office at 17 East Superior street, and by bringing this advertisement it will entitle you to consultation free. Office hours daily 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 a. m. 'Phone 379.

## ANOTHER LEGAL SCRAP.

### Butler-Ryan Controversy Is Prolific With Them.

Another brisk fight over the Minnesota Point excavation occurred in the municipal court this morning. Yesterday morning Henry Wilcox, one of the men arrested on Aug. 7 for violating the ordinance against removing gravel from the point, was fined $5 or sentenced to spend three days in the county jail. The sentence to the county jail was desired by the Butler-Ryan interests in order to bring an action of habeas corpus for the release of all their employes arrested. Wilcox is a young man of good family and excellent reputation, and as there was not time to push the habeas corpus case yesterday it was stipulated that his commitment to the county jail should not be made till this morning, and he was released on cash bail. This morning his attorney desired a little more time and Assistant City Attorney Holmes moved to have the time taken out of his bail money. This resulted in a hot legal scrap, and the case was finly set over till Tuesday morning.

## Wanted.

A good lot, near Lake avenue and boulevard, must be cheap. C. A. & E. D. Field.

## Suit For a Man's Worth.

The Duluth & Iron Range railroad is the defendant in a suit brought in district court today to compel it to pay $5000 for the death of William Titt at Two Harbors, Oct. 7, 1898. The suit is brought by Melvin G. Newell, as administrator of Titt's estate, for the benefit of the widow and children. The complaint states that Titt was a car inspector employed by the company at Two Harbors, and that on the day named he was engaged in his work when he was killed. While he was under a car, an engine pulled in and moved the train, of which the car he was examining was a part, and killed him. It is claimed that the company was negligent, and that it is liable for damages. John Jenswold, Jr., is the attorney.

## Craggencroft.

School of residence for young ladies. Craggencroft, of Glen Avon, will reopen Sept. 12. Interviews now save delay later. Rev. Mr. Duncan has office hours, 2 to 5 and 7 to 9 p. m.

## Free Band Concert.

Sunday afternoon, at O-at-ka beach auditorium, by Duluth City band. Open trolley cars on Park Point Electric railway.

**Beautify Your Home**

With Handsome Rugs, made from your old carpets. Send postal card or telephone No. 4100, and we will call for your carpets and receive your orders. Carpets cleaned. Goods called for and delivered.

**Superior Rug and Carpet Cleaning Co.**

522 John Avenue, West Superior, Wis.
Telephone (Zenith)—No. 4100.

# STREETS ARE AWFUL

## In John Panton's Travels He Found None So Bad as Duluth's.

## HE FAVORS ASPHALT

## Also Urges That the City Be Advertised as a Summer Resort.

There is not a more progressive citizen, or one any more enthusiastic in the belief of Duluth's great future than John Panton, who has just returned from an extended trip in the old world, yet Mr. Panton, in referring to what he saw on his trip, administers some strong but in every way true knocks on Duluth, as compared in appearance with cities in the old world. Said Mr. Panton:

"I have traveled through England, Scotland, Germany, Switzerland, Bavaria, Italy and France, but in all my travels I did not see one little hamlet, even, that did not have better streets than the city of Duluth. I tell you, the condition of the streets in this city are Duluth's shame. The dirty, uneven streets, with their puddles of water and broken cedar block pavements were the first things that impressed me when I came home, and they disgusted me.

"In every city of any consequence that I visited, where the streets were at all flat and suitable for asphalt pavement, this was being put in. The city of Edinburgh, Scotland, was one exception. There they were paving Princess street with a red cedar block that had been put in some preparation that produced a change in the block so that it could be chipped off like stone. The block made a very pretty appearance, but, of course, has never been tested. I am sorry I did not find out what the preparation was. We were having trouble over the streets here when I left, and, naturally, that is one of the features that attracted my attention in every place that I visited. You may visit any city that you please, and the first thing that will impress you is its streets and lighting. The condition of its homes depends on the wealth that is in the city; the city itself has nothing to do with that; but it has everything to do with keeping up its streets and suburbs and having them well lighted. I believe it is just as much a matter of economy for the city to have well-lighted streets as it is for a merchant to have a well-lighted store. A poorly lighted store is certainly a bad advertisement for a merchant; then how much more are poorly-lighted streets a poor advertisement for a city.

"The streets of this city are positively unsafe to drive over. Every week fine carriages are breaking down in the holes in the pavement. A man driving a fine rig over the streets after dark does so at a great risk. One is liable at any time to run into empty express wagons right on Superior street. There are many places in the city where there is no light for several blocks, making conditions that may some day result in damage suits in which the city will be the defendant.

"Too much cannot be said of the filthy condition of the streets. Think of the impression that visitors get when they walk up Superior street and see big holes in the pavement filled with dirty water, or a sea of mud. A well-dressed lady walking along the pavement through the business portion of the city is liable to have her dress ruined by some horse standing along the curbing stamping mud all over her. This has actually occurred, not once, but any number of times.

"Then, too, the sidewalks here are simply rotten. I did not visit a place all the time I was away that had such poor sidewalks.

"I believe in asphalting Superior street from the point of rocks to the grade at Twenty-second avenue east. I'll tell you why I believe in asphalt. There are only two kinds of paving that are being considered in the places that I have been, and that is asphalt and granite. The granite is being used wherever there is a grade for horses to climb. The corks in horses' shoes tear a pavement, and I found that in many of the continental cities people were not allowed to have horses shod with shoes having corks. The hill streets of this city should be paved with granite blocks. I believe this paving mentioned should be done at once: the longer the matter is delayed the greater is the risk that the city is carrying. I notice in some cities that the granite blocks used for new paving are much smaller in size than the old blocks. This appears to make a much better pavement. In every city the old wooden pavement is being torn out as fast as possible. Cedar pavements are back numbers and away behind the times.

"I believe that the sidewalks on Superior street from Seventh avenue west to the Masonic Temple, on both sides of the street, should be of cement or stone. The old sidewalks of this material, that have been worn so that water stands on them, should be replaced by new walks. This should also be done at once, and the owners of the property along the street should be compelled to put down good wide walks of either cement or stone. If the owners won't do it, I believe in the city's going ahead and doing it and assessing the costs against the property. Then, if the owners will not pay their assessments, let the city sell the property."

Mr. Panton is also an enthusiastic believer in the advantages of Duluth as a health resort over the much advertised resorts of the East. Said he:

"While in the East, myself and family went out from New York to Ocean Grove, a much advertised health resort. I positively sweltered, the heat was something awful, and it was with difficulty that a person could breathe. Asbury park was another resort where the conditions were the same. Yet the business men of New York and other Eastern cities send their families to these places at an enormous expense, to spend several months. All these watering places have in their favor is the ocean bathing. Just think of that as compared with Duluth! Here we have lake bathing that is equal to any ocean bathing, and a climate in which a person can sleep any night of the year with a light blanket over them. No heat, no dust, a fine bracing climate that is unexcelled anywhere in the United States. Do you know why the people go to those Eastern resorts and suffer instead of coming up here? It's because Duluth's advantages are not advertised. It's a fact that the people in the East do not know the delightful climate of the head of the lakes. They would be only too glad to come up here if they knew what we have for them. Then if they came once they would come back every year. The business men of the East, who haven't time to go out on a vacation themselves, send their families to some resort, where they pay fabulous prices. They pay as high as $250 for a small tent, in which their families stay a few weeks. With that same money they could send their families on one of the finest lake trips in the world, in palatial lake steamers that cannot be equalled anywhere else in the world, can rent a cottage in this city, or on the Point, and the family could enjoy to the fullest extent an outing that in the East is almost a misery.

"Duluth must be advertised as a summer resort. It is not the province of a few men to do the advertising either. The city should do the advertising, and it should do it thoroughly and judiciously. I looked over a large number of traveler's guides while I was away, and in Montreal I found just one that spoke of Duluth. This guide had about five lines that referred to Duluth as the head of navigation, said it had great mining and lumbering interests, and that fine steamboats ran up here. Just think of that! Not a word as to the place as a resort. I believe money used for a page of adevrtising in these guides would be money well expended.

"Then, too, the city must have something more than docks to show visitors that come up here. I believe in spending more money in beautifying our parks, improving our streets, and in many other ways making a judicious use of money in making the place attractive. We could in this way fill the city with people from the East all summer and fall. Every line of business would receive the benefit, and what benefits the business interests of a city helps the city. Now I am not interested in any paving scheme, or anything of the kind. I believe in the future of Duluth as one of the greatest cities in the United States, but I cannot help remarking on conditions that are keeping the city back.

"There are in this city two factions, one that is progressive, and the other that is made up of people who are pulling the others back, because they are afraid they won't have a finger in the pudding. It is just this thing that has kept the city from progressing, and will hold it so, unless all differences are buried and every citizen buckles in to advocate the things that will give the city a boost toward the front."

## A Damage Suit.

Bruce Middleton, through F. G. McClure, his guardian, has begun suit in district court against Mitchell & McClure, to recover $10,000 damages for the loss of two fingers and part of another and for some bruises. Middleton, who says he is under 16 years of age, was working nights at the company's mill when the accident occurred. He says that he was oiling the machinery when a block thrown by some piece of machinery struck him and pushed him against a moving saw, where the amputation that is the basis of the suit took place. He claims that the company was negligent in not having its machinery in good shape and in not providing a safe place for him to work. Chester McCusick is his attorney.

## Young Toughs Fined.

It cost two Garfield avenue boys $15 each and another his liberty for 15 days to assault an inoffensive and defenseless woman. Several evenings ago Mrs. Mary Lanzo was standing on a street corner waiting for a car, when without warning William Reamer, Charles Reamer, and William Graham walked up to her and struck her several times, finally taking her umbrella from her and striking her with that. Yesterday afternoon they were found guilty of the assault, in police court, and William Reamer and William Graham were sentenced to pay fines of $15 and costs or go to the reform school as they were too young to be sent to the county jail. Charles Reamer was over 17 years of age and he was sent to jail, while the other two paid.

**SNAPS**

A few houses and lots at Lakeside and Lester Park at one-half the cost of the house. Let us show them to you.

**LAKESIDE LAND Co.**

303 Lonsdale Building.

## O-at-ka Beach Concert.

The following program will be given at the O-at-ka Beach pavilion by the Duluth City band tomorrow.

March—"Col. Moultons" ...... Ellis Brooks
Descriptive — Fantasie — "Cavalry Charge" ...... Luders
"Andalusian Bilero" ...... Bosquet
Polka—"The Two Dromios" ...... Muller
Medley overture—"The Right Kind" ...... Smith
INTERMISSION.
March Humoresque—"Street Piano" ...... Howe
Caprice—"The Hamtown Minstrels" ...... Lawrendean
"Pique Dame"—Selection ...... Suppe
Selection—"The Indian Question" ...... Lavallee
March—"The Dare Devil" ...... Arnold

## Third Reform Meeting.

The third reform meeting under the auspices of the temperance committee, will be held tomorrow afternoon at Columbia hall. The following program will be given:

Music ......
Norwegian Methodist Orchestra.
Reading of Scripture ......
Rev. John A. Anderson.
Tenor solo ......
J. J. Moe.
Music ......
Orchestra.
Address—"What Are the Needs of Our City?" ......
Rev. O. H. Wilson.
Tenor solo ......
J. J. Moe.
"The Blue Ribbon Movement in Promoting Total Abstinence from Strong Drink" ......
Remarks by the Chairman.
Music ......
Orchestra.

**Str. J. C. SUIT**

—WILL MAKE—

**THREE TRIPS AROUND THE HORN**

**Sunday, Aug 26.**

Leaving Fifth avenue west at 10 a. m., 1:30 p. m. and 8 p. m. Fare 25c.

## To Set Aside Foreclosure.

Frank W. Eaton has begun a suit in district court against Clara J. Gibbs to set aside the foreclosure of two mortgages on lands in sections 18 and 31, 51-15. He says he borrowed $500 from the defendant, and in addition to paying 10 per cent interest he gave his notes for $500, making the interest 35 per cent. He also alleges that the mortgages were not recorded properly, and that he never had notice of the foreclosure proceedings. He wants the notes, mortgages and sheriff's certificates set aside and the debt satisfied of record. Frank Cutting is his attorney.

## Duluth City Band Free Concert.

Sunday afternoon, at O-at-ka beach auditorium. Open trolley cars on Park Point Electric railway.

**ANNUAL FLOWER EXHIBIT ARMORY**

**Opening Tuesday, August 28th, 8 p. m.**

Address by Mayor Hugo.

Herald Nightingale Quartet for Opening Night.

# CREATES A SENSATION

## Griffin Gang on Lake Avenue Falls Into the Hands of Police.

## PROPERTY IS FOUND

## Much That Has Been Missed Found With Dan Griffin In Minnapolis.

A blithe sensation went careering up and down Lake avenue and the Bowery this morning when the police coralled "the Griffin gang," closed up Jimmie Griffin's saloon, and the swift set first learned of the arrest of two of the gang in St. Paul, in whose possession was found much valuable property stolen in this city by house prowlers and knockout drop robberies, since Aug. 10. Jimmie Griffin, the proprietor of the saloon is out of the city on the pretext that his mother is dangerously ill in Amsterdam, N. Y. Intimate friends say his mother has been dead for many years, and they also venture the prediction that Griffin skipped out to avoid a variety of trouble which he saw coming his way.

Yesterday, Dan Griffin and J. F. Wilson were arrested in St. Paul as a result of a vigorous search for them waged by the detective department. Their room at 222 East Seventh street, St. Paul was searched and some jewelry, a sealskin sacque, and a pair of opera glasses, stolen from the home of P. C. Ouelette, of this city, just two weeks ago were found along with a quantity of other stuff.

Detective Troyer left on the night train for St. Paul and this morning he notified the department by telephone that there was no doubt of the Griffin gang's connection with the house prowling campaign that has kept the police and many others on edge for the past two weeks. Not only is the house prowling laid at the door of the men arrested but Detective Troyer found a very handsome gold watch, lost by a prominent vessel captain, in possession of Dan Griffin. The captain went into the saloon several evenings ago to see a little friendly boxing advertised there and not being a drinking man he took seltzer water. When he came to, his watch, about $60 and Dan Griffin were missing and the authorities say it was one of the most sensational chloral knock-outs that ever occurred under dope rules. The vessel man has not yet recovered from the effects.

Griffin and Wilson had three valises full of valuables and besides the vesselman's gold watch and Mr. Ouelette's property there was a quantity of jewelery, two bottles of brandy, two bottles of port wine, five suits of clothing, two revolvers, an apparently valuable collection of old coins, duplicates of drafts issued by the Merchants National bank in May and June 1895 to Ching Foo, and payable at Hong Kong, together with several letters with Chinese characters.

As soon as Detective Troyer was heard from, a deputy sheriff was dispatched to St. Paul to assist in bringing the prisoners back to this city and they will probably arrive here tomorrow morning.

Police Capt. Resche, and Detectives Irvine and Mork then made a flying trip down Lake avenue to Griffin's saloon where they took three rather smooth looking young men, in custody. They gave their names as, F. W. Campbell, Dean McKinney, and Roger Stutsman. The saloon was searched for stolen property but nothing was discovered. The trio was taken to headquarters but up to a late hour no specific charge had been placed against any of them. The saloon was closed up by the officers.

**ISLE ROYALE ROUTE**

**STEAMER BON AMI**

Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays, 8 a. m., for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Washington Harbor, (Isle Royale), Eagle Harbor, Houghton, Hancock and intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, 2 Lyceum Bldg.
W. H. SINGER, Lake Ave. and Canal.

**EXCURSIONS AROUND THE HORN SUNDAYS 3 p. m.**

# THE G. A. R. MEN

## Say One Hundred Might Have Gone If Rate Had Been Given.

There is a feeling of soreness on the part of the G. A. R. men at the head of the lakes toward the railroad companies for not giving them the 1 cent a mile rate to Chicago that has been extended to other cities in the state and county. The members of the posts say that if they could have been assured of a 1 cent rate the matter could have been worked among them, and a crowd of at least 100 persons on this side of the bay, and fully as many on the other side of the bay, could have been secured to go to the national encampment at Chicago next week. Then there is a feeling that the companies have discriminated against the G. A. R. men at the head of the lake that has not gone down the throats of the old vets so smoothly as it might. They now claim that if they had taken the matter up in time, and not waited to see if the railroads would come to the rate, they could have secured boats and taken every G. A. R. man and his family that cared to go to the encampment.

As the matter now stands, it is figured that there will be about fifteen or twenty that will go to Chicago from Duluth, and about half a dozen from Superior. It seems that there was some talk, a few weeks ago, among the members of the organization in Superior and in this city that they would not go to Chicago if the railroads did not give them the rate.

The Superior contingent is said to be strongly in favor of sticking to such an agreement, and say that if the Duluth G. A. R. men will stand by it, there will not be a half dozen, all told, go down to Chicago.

The Duluth members of the order were invited to go down to St. Paul and get a 1 cent rate to Chicago with the St. Paul posts, but the expense of going down to St. Paul and back would bring the total up to more than the one way rate now offered by the railroads.

## Duluth City Band Free Concert.

Sunday afternoon, at O-at-ka beach auditorium. Open trolley cars on Park Point Electric railway.

## CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Dr. Morgan, osteopathist, 6-7 Mesaba block.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Philip Anglehart and Celina Allard, Philip Tremblay and Florida Longtin, James D. Park, Jr. and Louisa W. Zillmer, and to John Budzynski and Frances Saskowski.

Joseph Fortin, of 1116 Garfield avenue, died suddenly at Cloquet yesterday morning under circumstances which at first seemed to indicate foul play. He was removed from an Eastern Minnesota train in a very bad condition, and it was reported that he had been doped and robbed at a "blind pig" at Stony Brook. This however, is denied at Cloquet, today, and it is claimed that he simply died from excessive drink.

Friday evening Miss Louise W. Zellmer and Dr. J. D. Park, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony at the Episcopal rectory by the Rev. Dr. Ryan. After the ceremony the party returned to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Schadewald, at 301 East First street.

## PERSONALS.

Mrs. John P. Johnson left last evening for Grand Rapids, Mich., where she has been summoned by the serious illness of her mother.

Fred Woodward, representing the Minneapolis Journal, is in the city.

Miss Lillian B. Parsons, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting her brother, C. S. Parsons.

Mrs. O. S. Humes will leave this afternoon for New York.

H. D. Dox, of New York, is in the city visiting his daughter, Mrs. A. S. D. Baldwin.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Latham and son, of Manchester, England, and Miss Bullen, of London, England, came up on the North Land this morning and are registered at the Spalding.

In a Pittsburg party that is registered at the Spalding today is Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Breckenridge, Misses Breckenridge, Miss Cornelia McKelry, Miss Marie McKelry and J. E. McKelry.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Rosenbaum, of New York city, are among the guests at the Spalding today.

Among the tourists in the city today are G. C. Simons, Miss Bertha Kaul, Miss Julia Kaul, Miss Kate Kaul and Joseph Kaul, all of St. Mary's, Pa.

L. J. Merritt, of Hibbing, is stopping at the St. Louis today.

N. Mills, of Dedham, Wis., was registered at the St. Louis this morning.

J. H. Jones, of Kansas City, Mo., is in the city for a few days' visit. Mr. Jones is interested in the flour milling business.

Price McKinney and party, of Cleveland, Ohio, were among the passengers on the North Land today. Mr. McKinney is a partner of James Corrigan, the Cleveland vessel owner that lost his family in the accident that happened to his yacht during a storm on Lake Erie, this summer.

Mrs. Paul Sharvey left today for Chicago to attend the meeting of the Relief Corps of the G. A. R.

Miss Margaret Rooney, who has been the guest of Mrs. Clarence Moore, returned to St. Paul this afternoon.

Miss Lizzie Christie, of Minneapolis, returned home Wednesday, having spent several weeks visiting her sister, Mrs. Arthur Jeffery, 1511 East Fourth street.

## A New Business Firm.

The Richardson Printing company have sold their business, good will and printing plant, located in the basement of the Torrey building. Hereafter it will be known as the North-Land Printery, and is to be conducted under the management of Mesrs. Arthur E. Brown and F. D. Rhodes, of Duluth. Mr. Brown has lived in Duluth for fifteen years and has a wide acquaintance. Mr. Rhodes, although comparatively a new comer, has had a long and valuable experience in the publishing, advertising and printing business.

The printery will retain its old location in the basement of the Torrey building, which, with extensive repairs and new paint, is undergoing a decided transformation. A handsome sample room is being fitted up on the fifth floor of the same building, and will contain the most complete assortment of art calendars and advertising novelties obtainable from the most extensive manufacturers of these lines in the United States.

Robert Rankin will remain with the new firm in his former capacity as foreman, and will be pleased to see all of his old patrons. Many additions to the already excellent plant will make it equal to any in the city in point of completeness, and the North-Land Printery confidently expects its share of business. Messrs. Brown & Rhodes respectfully solicit your consideration and patronage.

## THE SPECIAL TERM.

### Large Calendar Is Disposed of By Three Judges.

There was another large special term of district court today, and with all three judges working it took the entire forenoon to complete the calendar, on which there were twenty-five cases, five of which were continued. The following dispositions were made of the cases on the calendar: National Mahaiwhe bank against C. Markell and others, heard and submitted; John L. Dodge against the same, same disposition; Victor company against the Duluth Beef company, order limiting the time within which creditors may become parties; J. C. Helm against the Smith-Fee company, heard and submitted; four cases of August Schupp against George A. Elder and others, demurrers submitted; Charles Warren against the Duluth Street Railway company, case settled for appeal; Sophia Kuychola and others against Franciska Novak, two cases heard and submitted; Western Land association against C. A. Banks et al, order granting motion for new trial; Alfred Wester against Amelia Wester, heard and submitted; in the matter of the petition of the Two Harbors Land company for the vacation of the plat of East Two Harbors, order granted; Paul H. Tvedt against Maryland Investment company, judgment for plaintiff; in re petition of Louisa A. Olmstead and others for the appointment of trustees, to be heard by Judge Dibbell Tuesday morning; Charles S. Green against Alexander Miles and others, judgment for plaintiff; John A. Coke against the M. B. Harrison estate, same; J. R. B. Van Cleave against Lenore S. Noble and others, sale confirmed; Gordon Fergus against C. P. Peterson, motion to stay supplementary proceedings denied.

## Viewing Iron Mines.

Emil Weinberger, a young Austrian, is in the city on a pleasure tour. Mr. Weinberger belongs to a family that is extensively engaged in the iron and steel industry in his own country, and is taking a great interest in investigating the conditions of the business as he finds them in this country. He has been visiting in Pittsburg for some time, and registered at the Spalding today from that city. Mr. Weinberger brought letters of introduction to several of the prominent business men of Duluth, and today was a guest of C. L. Ring, of the lumber firm of Merrill & Ring. Mr. Weinberger met Mr. Ring's brother in Paris.

## The Bryan Club.

The Bryan and Towne club has changed its meeting night to Mondays. On account of the Towne meeting Monday evening. The next meeting of the club will be held Monday evening, Sept. 3, at Kalamazoo hall. There will be no meeting of the club this evening.

**Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup**

**Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy known for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.**

## St. Paul's Kindergarten

Will reopen Monday, Sept. 10, at 1508 E. Superior street. Miss Alice E. Butchart, principal.

**We Sell Good Furniture cheaper than any other store in the Northwest.**

We have a complete new stock direct from the best factory in the world and are satisfied to sell at a small profit. Duluth people will find they can save money if they come to us.

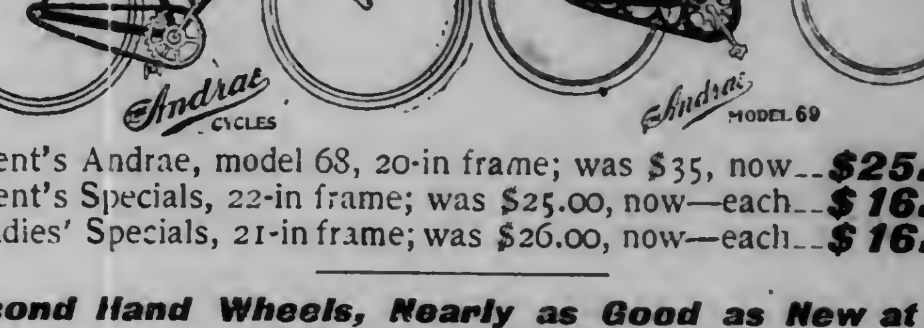
**Goods Delivered Anywhere Within 100 Miles Free of Charge.**

**GRAND RAPIDS HOUSE FURNISHING CO.,**

**1227-1229 Tower Ave., West Superior, Wis.**

**WHEELS BELOW COST.**

Now is your chance to get a good new Wheel at less than cost to us. We must make room for other goods and will sell at these prices to close them out at once.



| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 68, 20-in frame; was $35, now | **$25.00** |
| 3 Gent's Specials, 22-in frame; was $25.00, now—each | **$16.00** |
| 2 Ladies' Specials, 21-in frame; was $26.00, now—each | **$16.50** |

**Second Hand Wheels, Nearly as Good as New at the Following Prices—**

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 69, slightly used; was $50.00, now | **$25.00** |
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 68, slightly used; was $35.00, now | **$20.00** |
| 1 Gent's Andrae, model 66, slightly used; was $40.00, now | **$25.00** |
| 1 Ladies' Andrae, model 69, slightly used; was $35.00, now | **$15.00** |
| 3 Gent's Specials, M. & W. tires, was $25.00, now—each | **$15.00** |
| 2 Ladies' Specials, Hartford 80 tires, was $26.00 – now | **$15.50** |

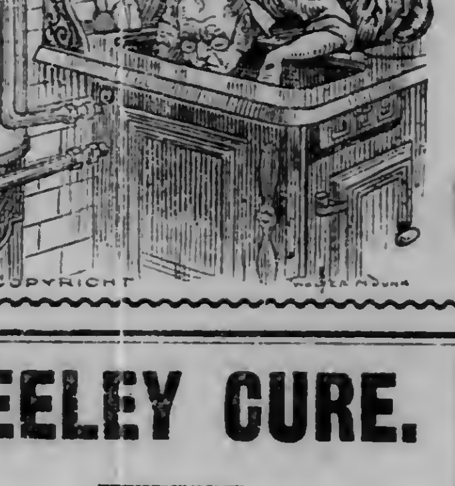
**Second Hand Wheels - 1899 Models.**

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 Orient, 1 Raycycle, and 1 National, all in good shape—each | **$12.00** |
| 1 Andrae DD Tandem; was $100.00, now—each | **$35.00** |
| 1 Andrae Combination Tandem; was $95.00, now | **$20.00** |

**This sale commences Friday and lasts till Tuesday, Aug. 28. Come at once and get first choice.**

**Bohm & Ling,**

**321 West First Street, Duluth.**



**THERE'S TROUBLE IN STORE**

for him who puts off having overhauled and put in thorough repair his range, heater and plumbing generally until the minute they are required for instant use. A stitch in time, you know! A penny postal will bring us around in good shape—the way we'll leave your range, etc., when we get through. No charge for advice—you pay for work only.

**FARRELL & TURNBULL**

'Phone 322. 125 East Superior St.

# KEELEY CURE.

## John L. Erickson Asks Probate Court to Commit Him to an Institute.

John L. Erickson this morning sought the protection of the law from the demands of a drink appetite that has dominated his will power, and under a law of 1897 the probate court committed him to the Keeley institute of Minneapolis for treatment. In his petition Erickson said that he had acquired the habit of using liquors to such an extent as to deprive him of reasonable self-control, and that he was without money or property and was in danger of becoming a public charge. Following out the provisions of the law, a committee, consisting of Rev. J. H. B. Smith, Charles Penrod and I. A. Speer was appointed to examine into his case, and on its recommendation he was ordered sent to the Minneapolis Keeley institute.

Erickson's case is a very unfortunate one. He is 40 years of age and has a wife and five children depending upon him for support, and he is anxious to take the cure and see if it will not take away from him the craving for liquor that he confesses he cannot withstand. He was plainly not an ordinary drunkard, and it is said that he was once a minister of the gospel.

The law provides that such applications may be made, and that the county board shall pay the expenses of the treatment up to $100. The applicant is to give his note without interest for the amount, due in five years, and if he is unable to pay it in that time, the probate court may extend it. The law applies only to counties of over 50,000 inhabitants, and only one in each 10,000 of population can take advantage of it in any one year.

Similar laws were passed in 1893 and 1895, and the supreme court held both of them unconstitutional. This law has not yet been tested. This is the second commitment in this county under it. Lizzie Buckley was sent to Minneapolis under it some time ago, but the institute refused to take her unless someone would advance the price. Friends will do it in this case, and trust the county for reimbursement.

## Held Up at the Sault.

The steamship North Land arrived in Duluth about 8 o'clock this morning, some twelve hours late. The delay was caused at the Sault, where the boat was held up from Thursday evening until yesterday morning on account of a heavy fog. The North Land brought up a fairly large list of passengers. The boat cleared on the return trip at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

## Mr. Richards Will Not Run.

J. B. Richards announces that he will not be a candidate for county attorney and will not accept a nomination. Business considerations prevent him from acceding to the desires of his friends to make the race. The announcement will be received with much regret, for the Democrats had counted much upon Mr. Richards for their candidate.

**Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.**

**Fall Goods Now Ready.**

Latest Novelty in Suitings, Overcoatings and Trouserings.

Suits, **$30 and up.** Overcoats, **$30 and up.**

**J. S. LANE, Merchant Tailor,**

**828 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.**

**Printers' Ink,** A Journal For Advertisers **Says** In its issue of July 25, 1900: **The Evening Herald of Duluth is by far the best daily in Minnesota outside the Twin Cities.**

# REALTY MARKET

## Total Transfers For July Show a Fine Condition For Midsummer.

## COMMENTS ON THIS

### American Land and Title Register Remarks Upon Duluth's Good Showing.

Duluth shows the greatest increase in real estate transfers for July in the list of cities published by the American Land and Title Register. This is partly due to the transfer of the St. Paul & Duluth line to the Northern Pacific, which accounts for the tremendous percentage of increase, 420 per cent, but aside from that transfers the total of $1,381,666 shows a lively condition of the realty market in Duluth, and this the Register remarks both in its general article and its Duluth correspondence. The effect of the midsummer dullness aided by the campaign is shown in the fact that out of the forty-four cities included in the list, only seventeen show any increase at all, while twenty-seven show decreases. The comparisons are between July this year and July of last year. In only four cities in the list, Chicago, New York, Pittsburg and St. Paul, were the total transfers for last month in excess of those of Duluth. Milwaukee, St. Louis and San Francisco follow close after, so Duluth traveled in rather a fast class last month.

* * *

Business this week has been confined largely to the smaller trades that are a healthy feature of the conditions prevailing this summer. Also, there has been a good demand for all classes of property, and several fairly large deals are under way.

* * *

The purchase of the old Bell home at Sixth avenue east and Second street by Michael Kelly will improve the appearance of the row along the brow of the hill in what many consider to be the best location in the city. Idle and untenanted, and for some time after the fire standing in ruins, the Bell house has not been an improvement on the row, but now that it has been purchased for occupancy it will soon be in as good condition as any of its neighbors, and the vigorous crop of weeds that has been growing up in the lawns will give way to a clean green sward. The house is a handsome one and substantial, and its remodelling after the fire greatly improved its appearance.

* * *

The transfers were as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| John Bergstrom to William M. Wright, sw¼ sw¼ section 28-59-18 | $ 500 |
| Knox Lumber company to St. Croix Lumber company, lands in 63-12 | 50,000 |
| Joseph T. Gray et ux to W. E. Wright, lot 2, block 35, Harrison's division | 165 |
| William E. Wright to John Bergstrom, lot 5, block 16, Highland Park addition | 500 |
| F. A. Robinson, trustee, to S. J. Irvine, lots 25 and 26, block 35, Eveleth | $ 135 |
| R. L. Griffin et ux to C. A. Remington, lots 26 and 27, block 1 Hibbing | 150 |
| Emma White et mar to A. M. Long, lot 14, block 30, Virginia | 100 |
| John Cowling et ux to Sakris Oberg, lot 11, block 26, Virginia | 1,000 |
| C. A. Blackmarr to Josephine Bamel, lot 5, block 2, Proctorknott, Second division | 150 |
| W. R. Moore et ux to Franklin Lumber company et al, ne¼ of ne¼ of section 26-51-14 | 50 |
| John Nelson et ux to C. W. Lardstrom, lot 1, block 10, Virginia | 200 |
| E. A. Birch to John Butolla, lot 8, block 7, Ely | 1,000 |
| Robert Whiteside et ux to John L. Olson, lot 10, block 1, Fall Lake | 125 |
| Order of St. Benedict to Frank Fahrman, w½ of lot 408 and lot 410, block 86, West Duluth, Second division | 1,000 |
| West Duluth Land company to Henry Siegrist, lots 3 and 4, block 25, West Duluth, First division | 1,050 |
| George R. Williams et ux to R. B. Whiteside, und 4-9 e ½ nw¼, sw¼ of sw¼ and und 2-9 sw¼ of nw¼ and nw¼ of sw¼ section 35-61-12 | 800 |
| B. E. Wellberg et ux to Julius Wellberg, e½ lot 4, block 6, Helm's addition | 1,500 |
| Martin Eggen et ux to Fred Anderson, lot 13, block 49, Virginia | 325 |
| Wallace Bender to William Kits, lot 9, block 6, Hibbing | 387 |
| E. G. Graves et mar to J. C. Hanson, lot 11, block 19, London addition | 800 |
| Hansen E. Smith et ux to Charles F. Ruggles, lot 14, block 12, Hunter's Grassy Point addition to West Duluth | 500 |
| Gustave Liljeman to C. M. Hill Lumber company, s½ n½ section 14-52-14 | 250 |
| N. A. Fleischer et ux to John Twaddle, part lots 333 and 335, block 166, Duluth proper, Second division | 400 |
| J. B. Burton to R. E. Srigley, lot 30, block 9, Merchants' Park division | 250 |
| L. J. Strindland et ux to Sam Mattson, s½ of sw¼, sw¼ of se¼ section 11, nw¼ of nw¼ section 15-56-11 | 200 |
| J. B. Burton to George E. Jones, lot 20, block 6, Mott's addition | 350 |
| Mary Kajamus et al to J. B. Sattler, lots 5 and 6, s½ of sw¼ section 12-61-13 | 100 |
| A. J. Thomas et ux to Anton Lousin, lots 11 and 12, block 8, Ely | 800 |
| William R. Wright et ux to George Maghan, s½ lot 14, block 88, West Duluth, Sixth division | 100 |
| William R. Wright to John Olson lot 11, block 112, West Duluth, Sixth division | 175 |
| William R. Wright to C. T. Johnson, lot 13, and n½ of lot 14, block 88, West Duluth, Sixth division | 300 |
| Joseph Rickenbaugh to William R. Wright, lot 5, block 16, Highland Park addition | 150 |
| Hansen Smith et ux to C. F. Ruggles, lot 15, block 202, West Duluth, Third division | 2,000 |
| F. I. Davis et mar to C. H. Morrill, north 70 feet of lot 10, block 55, Biwabik | 50 |
| Ida Nelson to Joseph F. O'Neil, lots 9 and 10, block 3, Martin's division | 800 |
| John P. Cliviland to Joseph F. O'Neil, e½ lot 443, block 84, Duluth proper, Second division | 400 |
| Michigan Investment company to W. F. Hatley, southerly 80 feet of westerly ½ lot 67, block 38, Duluth proper, Third division | 950 |
| E. J. Bouska et ux to B. G. Segog, part block 26, Rice's Point, out lot 3, N. Albert Posey tract | 2,000 |
| Nels Peterson to F. S. Bell, se¼ of sw¼, sw¼ of se¼ section 7-68-17 | 325 |
| Norton Lumber company to C. P. Gould, s½ of ne¼, n½ of se¼ section 35-52-13 | 1,000 |
| Highland Improvement company to Thomas Faulker, lots 1 and 2, block 23, Duluth Heights, Sixth division | 625 |

The men who wear the Gordon hat are its strongest advocates.

**HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.** **HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.**

**FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE** **FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.**

# Crosby & Martindale,

## SPECIAL!

WE OFFER FOR SALE a few lots in Endion Division, below London Road, at very low prices to close an account. This is an opportunity for any one to secure a home that will probably never occur again, and we will sell any of these lots on payment of one-third the price in cash with time to pay the balance in installments, interest rate only six per cent.

***LOT 13, BLOCK 20***—
This is a lot 50 by 150 feet in size, on the north side of South Street, midway between 16th and 17th avenues, price ........ ***$450***

***LOT 9, BLOCK 23***—
This is the same size, on the corner of South street and 20th avenue. A very nice corner, and the price only ........ ***$450***

***LOT 10, BLOCK 25***—
This is the same size, and is on the north side of South street, one lot west of 22nd avenue, price ........ ***$350***

***LOT 10, BLOCK 3***—
North side of Lake street, one lot west of 24th avenue. Lot also 50 by 150 feet, price ........ ***$300***

***LOT 15, BLOCK 1***—
Corner of Lake street and 25th avenue. Same size, and for sale for ........ ***$150***

***LOT 11, BLOCK 2***—
North side Lake street. Second lot west of 25th avenue. Same size, price ........ ***$200***

***LOT 16, BLOCK 25*** -
North side of South Street, corner 21st Avenue. A fine corner lot for sale at ........ ***$450***

***LOT 10, BLOCK 27***—
South Street, one lot west of 24th Avenue. Only ........ ***$350***

***LOT 14, BLOCK 27***—
In the same block, third lot east of 23rd Avenue, also ........ ***$350***

Call on us at Room 106 first floor of Providence Building, on Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street, or write to us and we will call on you. Attend to this at once as the lots at these prices will sell quick and there are no other lots in Duluth so convenient for a home and so desirable to be had at such prices.

***Crosby & Martindale.***

# THE DAKOTAS.

## Ghost Dancing at Fort Yates School---Census of North Dakota.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fort Yates—Porcupine, an old Cheyenne chief who originated the dances of 1890, started out again with seven followers, ghost dancing. He was caught at Fort Hall and put in the guardhouse. Three hundred and eighty Indians have petitioned the agent at Fort Yates to ask Secretary Hitchcock to take Porcupine to some distant part of the country where he will not be causing trouble.

Col. McLaughlin has purchased a splendid tract of grazing land on Tongue river, Montana, as a reservation for the Cheyennes of Montana, who at present are wanderers.

A census of Indians just completed by agency officials shows 3687 full and mixed bloods on Standing Rock reservation, a gain of fifteen for the year. The quartermaster department is purchasing 100 tons of hay from Indians at $12 per ton.

Bismarck—There has been a large increase in the population of North Dakota in the past year, as shown by the school census of the state recently completed in the different counties. Reckoning four individuals to each child of school age, the increase of population would be about 32,-090. This is believed to be a fair proportion. The total number of school children in the state in 1899 was 84,399, and the school population this year is 92,347, an increase of 8638. The increases show the greatest in the counties to which there has been large immigration from Iowa and other states. The greatest proportionate increase shown is in Pierce county, where 550 more school children are reported than a year ago. Stark county, to which there has also been a large immigration, shows an increase of 435, or about 1260 in population. McHenry county shows an increase of 598 children; Barnes county, 407; Benson county, 374; Nelson county, 376; Ward, 517, and Wells, 401. The largest population of school children is in Cass county, which has 8025. Grand Forks county has 7516; Walsh county, 7111; Pembina, 5862, and Richland county, 5155.

Fargo—The August rainfall has broken all former records. There were twelve distinct rain storms between Aug. 5 and Aug. 23. The rainfall for the period lacked just 2-100 of an inch of eight inches. The volume was enough to insure a magnificent crop.

Youis Dudrey, who was arrested at Hunter on the charge of disposing of mortgaged property and released on the hearing, has brought suit against the people for damages for false imprisonment. He was held in jail at Hunter one night.

Jamestown—On complaint of A. C. Mayfield, a warrant has been issued for Frank Smith, of Melville, it being alleged that Smith threatened to kill Mayfield. The trouble originated over Smith bringing a Minneapolis man to show land owned by the complaining witness. Mayfield asked for damages and Smith became enraged and would have shot Mayfield had not his companion wrested the gun from his grasp.

Mayville—Fire broke out in the bakery and restaurant of M. Toberty here. The damage to the building and contents was $1000; insurance, $500.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—The discovery of the vein of free milling ore by the Homestake Mining company is proving to be of more importance than at first expected. The vein was uncovered several weeks ago, and it is stated the Homestake company tried to keep it quiet. It is a fact that the company has done a lot of claim buying in the past few days, most of the ground being near the new strike. The vein has been traced north and south across several groups of claims, owned by individuals, as well as by the Homestake company.

There is now practically a certainity that the big deal, commonly known as the "Kirk" deal, will go through. Two years ago, the Crosby-Echrich syndicate of Colorado Springs, bonded a large number of claims around Kirk, on the Burlington route, supposed to be directly on the Homestake lode. All requirements of the option have been kept up and one extension of the option has been given. The new strike passes through this Kirk ground, making it very certain that other of the great Homestake veins penetrate the claims under bond. It is stated that Crosby of this syndicate will be in the Hills in a few days, for the purpose of completing the Kirk deal.

## Railroad Lands
### Cut Over Lands

In St. Louis, Carlton, Aitkin and Crow Wing counties, ranging from $1.00 to $5.00 per acre. For sale by

**A. W. Kuehnow,**
Office 428 W. Superior St.

## It Is Your Own Mistake

To throw away your money for high rent, when you can buy a good and comfortable ***5-Room House*** in splendid condition, on Duluth Heights, ***For $450, $50 Cash*** and balance $8 per month at 6 per cent interest. The home will not cost you over ***$2.75 Per Month*** and for which you had to pay from $12 to $20 down town. We have 15 buildings, from a 4-room Cottage to an 8-room dwelling house, which we will sell remarkably cheap, or to say, a little more than half of what it would cost to build the building. If you wish to secure a home cheap and save money, here is your chance, and you cannot afford to loose this opportunity.

**ALFRED KJELLIN,**
Agent.
306 Burrows Building.

**HARRIS BROS.,**
## Real Estate,
712 PALLADIO.

Property on
East Second Street.
A Snap.

## FOR SALE.

217 Pittsburg Avenue—between Second and Third Avenues W., just above 5th Street. Make us a bid.

**R. B. KNOX & CO.**
No. 1 Exchange Bldg.

## A Bargain For 10 Days.

We will offer 1602 Jefferson street. This house was built just as men build who spare no expense for a permanent home.

**Interstate Land and Investment Company,**
No. 605 Palladio Building.

**HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.**

**CLOTHES REPAIRING.**

SPECIAL PRICES ON CLOTHES cleaning. Pants presed, 10c. Suits cleaned and pressed, 35c. We guarantee a first-class job. L. Goldberg, 26 West Superior street.

**LOST.**

LOST—LADIES' BLACK JACKET AT Lester Park Tuesday evening. Finder please return to Herald office.

**FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.**

FOR SALE—CHEAP, $175, STOCK AND fixtures of confectionery store at 1603 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A PIECE OF DULUTH property, well rented and centrally located, which will net 18½ per cent on an investment of $2750. D 64, Herald.

FOR SALE—GASOLINE RANGE IN good condition and two Brussels rugs, at half cost. Call at 308 Fourteenth avenue east.

## FOR SALE.

NEAT, COMFORTABLE, FIVE-ROOM Cottage in good condition, Duluth Heights; corner lot; good well; street improved; sidewalk built one block from electric car line
A GREAT SNAP, AT........ **$275**

**CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO., Herald Bldg**

FOR SALE—25,000 BRICK; $5 PER thousand. Downie, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 940.

FOR SALE—FOR BIRDS, GOLD FISH, dogs. Zenith City bird store, West Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, CHEAP. Best location on Superior street. Good stock of utensils and dining room fittings included. Splendid opportunity for right party. Address P. S., Herald.

FOR SALE—$150 PIANO, UPRIGHT, cost $450 one year ago. Family leaving Duluth. Anna Johnson, 5 McDonald block.

FOR SALE—CANDY STORE, SIXTY third avenue west and Raleigh.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows has just arrived. S. Kaner, 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—GENTLEMAN'S BICYCLE, good as new. 14 First avenue west.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME FOLDING bed and wardrobe. 209 West Third street.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE HOUSEHOLD furniture. Emil Carlson, 1926 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—MOCKING BIRDS, $5 TO $25 each. R. H. Middlecoff, 1412 Jefferson street. Telephone 940 or 597.

FOR SALE—BOARDINGHOUSE, DOING good business. R 48, Herald.

## Barrett & Zimmerman,

Largest Horse and Mule Dealers in the Northwest.

Will hold an auction sale Aug. 29. Private sales daily. Have 600 head drafters, farm mares, drivers and mules always on hand. Part time given if desired.

J. HAMMEL & CO., THE OLD RELIABLE sale stable, have moved to their new location in the Union rink, corner Third avenue east and First street; will also handle full line of carriages, wagons, etc.

**MIDWIFE.**

MIDWIFE—MRS. G. HANSEN FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 708 East Third street.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, FEMALE complaints. Private hospital, 11 Nineteenth avenue west.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

**MEDICAL.**

**VIRTUAMA** French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth**; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co.; Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia, Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburne; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis. Complete line of Rubber Goods; name what you want.

**WOMEN** FEMALE BEANS Great monthly regulator for women; not one failure; most stubborn cases relieved in few days; $2 at Boyce's, Lyceum and other druggists; mailed by Lion Drug Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

**WANTED—TO BUY.**

WANTED—TO BUY, PINE LANDS IN St. Louis, Itasca and Lake counties. John Maginnis, 310 Palladio.

**FINANCIAL.**

$400 TO LOAN, 5½ PER CENT. ADdress "Agent," Herald.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill. 207 Exchange building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000 Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

**CLAIRVOYANT AND PALMIST.**

PROFESSOR KING HAS ARRIVED IN our city and has opened an office in Room 1, Scandia hotel. Among his numerous callers in the past few days have been some of our most prominent business men whom he has assisted in helping to obtain lost property, of which they had given up all hope. Professor King can advise you in business, and if you are not successful in your present line, you should consult the only true fortune teller, and he will place you in the right groove. He believes in faith and does his work through faith, which is a glorious gift. He can give luck or change luck as desired. Do not fail to consult him.

**WANTED—TO RENT.**

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, house or flat. Call on or address H. W. Richardson, United States weather bureau.

WANTED—UNTIL MAY 1, SIX OR eight room flat, unfurnished, centrally located. No children. Address Z 23, Herald.

**HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.**

**WANTED—FEMALE HELP.**

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1131 East Second street.

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO IS A GOOD cook, washer and ironer. A man is employed and there are two in family. 1201 London road.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. No children. Good wages. Apply mornings or evenings, 330 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in small family. Call mornings or evenings. Flat 9, Baldwin flats, 717 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 231 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 215 Second avenue west.

WANTED—WOMAN SECOND COOK. Tremont hotel.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. 2605 West Third.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER. MUST be rapid, accurate and have good education. Apply between 8 and 10 a. m. Bradstreet company, 204 Providence building.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE A COOK; good wages. 5 Chester terrace.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESS. ADDRESS E. Gurney, Phoenix block.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 4 St. Elmo flat.

WANTED—LADIES TO WORK FOR the Standard Dress Cutting company, 1502 Belknap setreet, two blocks east of West Superior hotel, West Superior, Wis. Miss S. E. McKun, manager.

WANTED—WOMAN COOK FOR boarding house. 27 Seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 230 FOURteenth avenue east. Mrs. E. J. Dullies.

WANTED—GOOD COOK. 513 WEST SECond street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 3 Adams flats.

**WANTED—MALE HELP.**

TRUSTWORTHY MAN TO ADVERTISE and appoint agents in Minnesota; $80 monthly and expenses, besides commission. Permanent. John Cross, 356 Dearborn, Chicago.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS — DON'T prepare for the postoffice or any other civil service examination without seeing our catalogue of information. Sent free. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—BARBER AT 332 WEST SUperior street.

WANTED—LABORERS, STATION men, rock men and ax men for Halvorson, Richards & Co., big railroad contract at Bemidji. Just let. Ship daily; fifty tracklayers and surfacers, $2 and $2.25 per day, Casselton and Valley City, N. D.; fifty men near Virginia and Hibbing, free fare; twenty-five men for John Runquist, free fare; 100 men on South Shore railway and fifty on Northwestern railway in Michigan; 100 laborers for Colorado and Wyoming; men for Wisconsin and Iowa. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street.

WANTED—SOLICITORS. SALARY AND commission. No experience required. The Cable company, No. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COATmakers. Mies.

TWENTY MEN WANTED TO MIX CONcrete on new power station, Hancock, Mich.

**Business Men**

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

**WANTED—SITUATIONS.**

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY BY woman. 205 Eleventh avenue west.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT—STRAIGHT chamber work preferred, in or out of city. Experienced. F 76, care of Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as clerk or light employment of some kind. C 16, Herald.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE AGE WOman, place as housekeeper. Call or address 226 West Third street.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED man, place as janitor or fireman. D 67, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING AND ironing by the day. Address D 63, Herald.

**HOUSE-MOVING.**

H. SAXTON, 1003 WEST SUPERIOR ST

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

**HOTELS.**

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee station. American or European plan. Everything new and modern

WHEN IN DULUTH, STOP AT THE Scandia Hotel, Sixth avenue west and Michigan street, opposite Union depot. European plan. Rooms, 50c, $1.00 and $1.50. Good restaurant in connection.

**PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING**

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

**WATCH REPAIRING.**

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's. 214 West Superior St.

**PERSONAL.**

"WOMAN'S BLESSING" — PRIVATE prescription, positive cure for suppressed or irregular menstruation, never fails; sample box free. J. M. Horne, M.D. Drawer W, 172 Chicago, Ill.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY, WEALthy, wishes to correspond with refined gentleman who would appreciate good home and affectionate wife. J. C., care of Herald.

**HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.**

## Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

**DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.**

**FOR RENT—HOUSES.**

## FOR RENT.

TWO FIVE-ROOM COTTAGES; ONE $4.50, and one $5.00 per month; neat, comfortable and 15 minutes from center of city. Ample yard around them.

**Chas. P. Craig & Co., Herald Bldg**

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FURNISHED cottage on Park Point, for balance of season. R 81, Herald.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, CENtrally located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

**FOR RENT—ROOMS.**

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS over 121 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, furnace heat, modern. 211 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, first-class, elegant location. 131 East Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished rooms in private family, suitable for two gentlemen or married couple. Table board first-class. D 61, Herald.

PLEASANT MODERN ROOM, CENtrally located; gentleman preferred. F 26, Herald.

TWELVE FIFTY RENTS FOUR GOOD rooms, 12 East Fourth street. Call at house.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentlemen. 10 Mason flats.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, cheap. 1021 West Michigan street, top floor.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms, heat, bath. No. 7, Mason flat.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for couple light housekeeping. 720 West First.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS AND unfurnished basement. 230 West Second street.

**OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.**

LADY TO BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. D 65, Herald.

**FOR RENT—FLATS.**

FOR RENT—MODERN STEAM-HEATED flats; gas ranges; laundry. MacGregor, 6 Exchange building.

**FOR RENT--STORES.**

FOR RENT—STORE, 515 EAST FOURTH street. J. R. McGiffert, 306 Exchange building.

## SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month. 8:00. Next meeting Aug. 20, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Aug. 27, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Sept. 12, 1900. Work, ——— Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave Aug. 7, 1900. Work, ——— Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier; residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OFAMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES.—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 150, I. O. O F.—Meets Tuesday evening Aug. 28, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree; in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Frank Berglund, N. G. W. Marquart, Sec'y.

SILVER LODGE NO. 200, I. O. O. F., meets Wednesday evening, Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. A. W. Holbrook, N. G.; T. A. Gaul, R. S.

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## RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

## DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7:45 a.m. | Lv | Duluth | Ar | 3:35 p.m. |
| 8:20 a.m. | Ar | Proctor | Lv | 3:05 p.m. |
| 10:07 a.m. | Ar | Iron Junction | Lv | 1:18 p.m. |
| 10:15 a.m. | Ar | Wolf | Lv | 1:10 p.m. |
| 10:30 a.m. | Ar | Virginia | Lv | 12:55 p.m. |
| 10:24 a.m. | Ar | Eveleth | Lv | 1:02 p.m. |
| 10:48 a.m. | Ar | Sparta | Lv | 12:39 p.m. |
| 11:12 a.m. | Ar | Biwabik | Lv | 12:17 p.m. |
| 10:35 a.m. | Ar | Mt. Iron | Lv | 12:35 p.m. |
| 10:50 a.m. | Ar | Hibbing | Lv | 12:25 p.m. |

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

## DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3:15 p.m. | Lv | Duluth | Ar | 12:00 m. |
| 7:15 p.m. | Ar | Virginia | Lv | 7:25 a.m. |
| 7:40 p. m. | Ar | Eveleth | Lv | 7:35 a.m. |
| 7:50 p.m. | Ar | Ely | Lv | 7:19 a.m. |

**EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.**

| Leave | Duluth. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| †1 30 pm<br>*11 15 pm | ST. PAUL<br>... AND MINNEAPOLIS ... | †1 20 pm<br>*7 00 am |
| *Daily. †Daily except Sunday. | | |
| *7 55 am<br>†3 05 pm | Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points | *6 43 pm<br>†11 50 am |

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

**NORTH-WESTERN LINE.**

| Leave Duluth. | *Daily. **Except Sunday. | Arrive Duluth |
|---|---|---|
| **8:35 am<br>*4:30 pm | St. Paul, Mpls.<br>...Twilight Limited... | **3:05 pm<br>*9:59 pm |
| *5 10 pm | Chicago Milwaukee, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Appleton, | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | Oshkosh, Fond du Lac | *10 30 am |
| *5 10 pm | .....FAST MAIL..... | *10 30 am |
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**NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.**

| Leave— | | Arrive— |
|---|---|---|
| *4 00 p m | Ashland and East | *11 15 a m |
| *8 05 a m | North Coast Limited | *4 55 p m |
| *7 30 p m | Pacific Express | *7 55 a m |

**"DULUTH SHORT LINE"**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| †9 00 a m<br>*1 55 p m<br>*11 15 p m | **St. Paul and Minneap'lis** | *6 45 a m<br>†2 00 p m<br>*7 00 p m |

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

**DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.**
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| Leave | **Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday. | Arrive |
|---|---|---|
| **7 00 p m<br>*8 15 a m | BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS | [illegible] |

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| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4:00 p.m. | Lv | Duluth | Ar | 11:15 a.m. |
| 4:15 p.m. | Lv | W. Superior | Ar | 11:00 a.m. |
| 4:35 p.m. | Lv | Superior | Ar | 10:37 a.m. |
| 7:25 p.m. | Lv | Ashland | Ar | 7:45 a.m. |
| 4:14 a.m. | Ar | Neenah | Lv | 11:55 p.m. |
| 4:34 a.m. | Ar | Oshkosh | Lv | 11:31 p.m. |
| 5:09 a.m. | Ar | Fond du Lac | Lv | 10:55 p.m. |
| 7:15 a.m. | Ar | Milwaukee | Lv | 8:45 p.m. |
| 9:45 a.m. | Ar | Chicago | Lv | 6:15 p.m. |

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1900.

# The Panama Trouble.

## In Connection With the Columbian Revolution Described By United States Vice-Consul-General Francis A. Gudger.

The revolution in Colombia, which has recently been ended by the victories of the government troops has more or less affected the adjoining republics of Panama and Ecuador, inasmuch as the Liberals in these places sympathized with the defeated minority. United States Vice Consul General Francis A. Gudger writes an account of the manner in which it has affected Panama and Isthmian interests generally.

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The revolution in the republic of Colombia has been in active progress since October, 1899, and, for the first few months was confined to the departmetns or states of Tolinia, Santander and Cundinamarca, and in these places the first fighting took place.

The two opposing factions are nothing more or less than two political parties. That, at present in power or the Conservatives and the one out of power, or the Liberal party.

The party lines are distinctly drawn, as for insatnce, the Liberal party is opposed to the church and favor a freedom of speech and the press, while the present government stands for the opposite.

The Conservatives have been in power for about fifteen years without a break, and, with the exception of a small agitation in 1893, without opposition.

The present trouble has been, according to hearsay, brewing for several years, but as I have stated, did not really come to the surface until October of last year.

It was not until the latter part of March, 1900, that it was positively known that an armed force of revolutionists had Panama as an objective.

About this time a small party of Liberals left Corinto, Nic., with something like 150 or 200 men and 500 stacks of arms. They landed in the northern part of the Isthmus of Panama, in what is commonly known as the Cheroqui country, and easily captured that section and established a government of their own. The Panama government made several attempts to dislodge them, but on each occasion the two forces failed to come in actual contact with each other. For something like a month the revolutionists were organizing and recruiting, and then started overland in the direction of Panama.

At the small pueblo of Chame, about the middle of May, the two forces met. It was discovered at this time that the revolutionists numbered about 1500 men, and after an attack by some 800 government troops, on intrenchments occupied by a section of the Liberal forces, near the above mentioned town, the government troops retreated to the coast and thence to Panama to await the final attack on the city.

This attack was slow in coming, and it was understood that the Liberals were expecting aid from Ecuador in the shape of a small steamer from Guayaquil with arms and ammunition, and during this time the revolutionists were intrenched in and around the small town of Choroero, about sixteen miles from Panama.

Later developments show that the Liberals moved against the city of Panama the latter part of July and demanded either the surrender of the city or the government forces come out and meet them in the open, outside of the city.

This was intended to protect the city of Panam and foreign interests, in and around the place, from the harm of the fighting, and while the government forces did not go outside and fight, still the fighting did not take place in the city proper, but on the outskirts and at some distance from the business portion, near the Panama terminal of the Panama railroad.

At this place the government forces had entrenched themselves and were evidently in strong positions.

After several days of fierce fighting, and on the arrival of 800 troops from Baranquilla for the government, the Liberals surrendered, and so far as Panama and the surrounding country is concerned the revolution is at an end for some time to come.

This, however, depends on whether the Liberals in other parts of the republic prove successful or not. Should they gain in the interior and get the reins of the national government in their hands, then, in all probability, Panama would once more become an objective, owing to the important position it holds commercially and strategically.

VICE CONSUL GE NERAL GUDGER.

The surrender of the Liberals now leaves Panama under the same government as before, and with the same conditions existing.

Since American interests are so great at this point, and owing to treaties between the Colombian government and the United States, it has been the part of the United States to watch, carefully, the situation on the Isthmus and to see, at all times, that transit is not stopped or interfered with, and while this does not strictly apply to internal troubles in the country, yet they could stop transit as effecually as an outside attack, and this desire on the part of both governments to keep the Isthmian traffic open and clear has been respected, to a great extent, by both the government and the opposition party.

FRANCIS A. GUDGER.

### DEADLY TOADSTOOL.

#### Some of the Varieties Very Closely Resemble Mushroons.

"The deadly toadstool season is upon us," said a well-known botanist yesterday, relates the Baltimore Sun, "and it might not be out of place to repeat warnings about the gathering and eating of poisonous varieties of fungi in mistake of the edible ones. A case is reported this week from Illinois of three persons killed and four made dangerously sick by eating toadstools which were mistaken for mushrooms.

"This recalls the case in Baltimore early last October, when little Marie Schirmer and William Quigley died after eating deadly toadstools. The remainder of their meal, it may be remembered, was thrown out, and a dog and a hen died after eating of the dish of food.

"In that case the supposed mushrooms were gathered without any idea as to the marks which distinguish edible ones from the poisonous varieties. An investigation showed that actually they were the deadliest variety of all, the amanita phalloides, or 'death cup.'

"The old saying is true that the 'proof of the pudding is in the eating,' and so the proof of mushrooms is in the eating. If the eater survives, they were mushrooms; if he dies, they were toadstools. But we do not want to make that dangerous test.

"It is best to have an expert go along to point out the different species by practical lessons in the field. By committing to memory the distinguishing marks of a few edible species and sticking absolutely to them the mushroom picker may be safe in his selection. Some of the deadliest of the poisonous varieties are almost exact duplicates of the edible ones, only an expert being able to tell them apart. A common test is to boil a silver spoon with the mushrooms. If it turns black, indicating the presence of silver, the mushrooms are supposed to be bad. However, a fresh egg will turn a silver spoon black with its sulphur, so that test does not hold good. As for the peeling test, the edible ones are supposed to hold together, while the poisonous ones are brittle when the skin is pulled off, but this does not always hold good.

"The common mushroom of commerce, known as the meadow mushroom, is pink-gilled (under surface of cap) when young, changing to a brownish purple, and is almost never found in the woods, being most plentiful in grassy pastures. It has a perfectly smooth base, which appears to come directly out of ground, and is free from any suggestion of a cup or wrapper, or even bulb-like enlargement.

"The death-cup variety, which is common about Baltimore, has a cap often of a shiny white, but may vary from dull yellow to olive, and when wet is more slimy than the meadow mushroom. The gills and stalks are white, the stalk being hollow or filled with a cottonous thread. The base of the stalk is bulbinous and wrapped with a sack-like membranse called volva, which at the upper part is frequently reduced to a membranous ring.

"As the death cup is underground and hence may easily escape notice by careless gatherers, this variety should be especially guarded against."

### STAY AT HOME.

A Chinaman, unless he be a porter, coolie or a boatman, rarely travels or gets during his life more than a few miles in any direction from the place where he was born. When trying to procure information concerning the immediate locality it was no uncommon thing to have a native, and even sometimes men of local position say: "Oh, I have never been so far away as that," or "I have never been across that hill, and so do not know what is beyond."

# TO AVERT PREMATURE BURIAL.

## American Society Will Decide By Which Way the Most Dreadful of Fates Shall Be Spared Those Whose Animation Is Suspended.

## THE MORTUARIES IN GERMANY.

New York, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—On July 25 articles of incorporation of "The American Society for the Prevention of Premature Burial" were filed with the secretary of state of New York. The objects of this association are sufficiently indicated by its title and may be summed up in the phrase "advocacy of such legislation as will do away with the danger of a too early interment."

"But," it is often asked, "what methods are to be urged for the prevention of premature burial?" As yet no plan has been adopted by the society. This will be determined at the first meeting of its members, which will be held early in October. There are, however, three ways, one or more of which must be chosen. These are: First, the German (mortuary) system; second, the French (test) system; third, the Russian (Karnice) system.

In Germany, Hufeland in Weimer succeeded in bringing about the enactment of laws which were afterwards adopted either entirely or in a modified form at Frankfort, Dresden, Munich and Berlin, and to which all the leading cities are now subject.

Take the law of Munich as an illustration. Medical inspectors are appointed whose duty it is to carefully examine each deceased person before a certificate of burial can be granted. Mortuaries are established with physicians and nurses in attendance. Each corpse is put in a separate, well-lighted cell. In it hands is placed a rope connected with a bell, so that at the slightest movement aid will be summoned. Hot baths, electric appliances and other methods of resuscitation are at hand.

It has been said by many that none have ever come to life in German mortuaries, but this is not so. Numerous instances in which this has occurred are cited by Dr. Gaubert in "Les Chambres Mortuaries d'Attente." An acquaintance of the writer, Col. Vollum, late medical inspector in the United States army and co-author of "Premature Burial," was recently assured by a German medical officer of high standing that there were probably a dozen persons now alive who had come to life in the cell of a Munich "dead house."

Unfortunately, local laws are very strict against divulging information of this kind, and records of revivals are kept secret, for somewhat of a prejudice exists against the dead-alive. The fact is worthy of note that Col. Vollum was himself once declared to be dead and only revived in the nick of time.

An indication of the way in which the inhabitants of Munich regard their present system is found in the fact that the city has recently constructed a most sumptuous mortuary at the Southern cemetery, which surpasses anything of the kind hitherto attempted.

In France burials are not permitted before twenty-four hours from the time when an examining physician has visited and inspected the body. It may be observed that while this rule is strictly adhered to in the larger cities, it is somewhat neglected in the rural districts, and cases of premature interment are not by any means infrequent.

Although a mortuary system has never been in vogue, it cannot be said that the authorities are indifferent to the importance of the subject. Prizes have been offered again and again both by the Academy and by private individuals for a method by which the existence of death may be infalibly determined. Many these have been written and in several instances have prizes been actually awarded. Pp to the present, however, it cannot be said that any determinative test of death has been found except putrefaction. Rigor mortis, cessation of resperation and circulation, lack of transparent appearance around the edges of the fingers held up to the light, mocus covering the eyes—each of these signs of death have been found in persons who were merely in a state of trance. It was thought at one time that the sought for test had been discovered inC applying a lighted match, red hot iron or boiling water to the body. If a blister charged with water formed, life was not extinct. Even this, however, proved unsuccessful. Because of this failure to find any test, France has not as yet attempted to provide by statute what methods shall be adopted by the examining physician. It is deemed sufficient to appoint competent men of wide exprience whose judgment may be relied upon.

Now, as to the Russian system, so-called not because it is in force in that country, but by reason of the nationality of its inventor. Some years ago, in the neighborhood of Warsaw, Count Michel de Karnice Karnicks, chamberlain of the czar, was requested to assist at the funeral of a young girl whose family resided on one of his estates. Urgent business detained him, so that he was only in time to meet the funeral at the cemetery. The casket has just been lowered and in a few minutes the earth would have closed over the remains when distinct sounds were heard emanating from the coffin. At the count's order, the casket was opened and it was found that the supposed dead woman had come to life.

Impressed with the importance of the subject, Count Karnicki determined to perfect some method which would remove any possibility of permature interment. After much labor and many failures, he , invented the apparatus known as "Le Karnice." This consists of a tube, four inches in diameter, which rests on the casket and is connected at other end with a rectangular metallic case, containing signals. This metallic box alone is visible above the ground. A metal rod passes through the axis of the tube, plunging the lower end into the casket and is placed in communication with the signals of the metallic box at its upper end. The part of the rod in the casket terminates with a ball placed from one and three-quarter to two inches from the sternum of the interred person. Should a movement of the body take place, the ball is displayed and by the aid of simple mechanism the box is opened. The opening of the box releases various signals. A metal globe or a flag is displayed, a light flashes and a bell is rung. At the same time the buried person receives air and light, even at night time, and his voice is carried through the tube and may be heard within a large radius.

Now as previously stated, the society may adopt either of these methods or a system which shall be made up of two of them. An example of a combined systsem is found in a proposed act drawn by the writer and introduced at the 1897-1898 and 1898-1899 sessions of the New York legislature. This provided for mortuaries in the larger cities and towns and in adddition (and this was to be in effect in the smaller villages as well) a certificate by the attending physician as to whether he had found certain signs of death.

These varied in the two acts. As finally fixed upon, they were;

1. Permanent cessation of respiration and circulation.
2. Purple discoloration of the dependent parts of the body.
3. Appearances of blistering around a part of the skin touched with a red hot iron.
4. The characteristic stiffness known as rigor mortis.
5. Signs of decomposition.

At the last session Hon. Cyrus B. Gale, of Jamaica, prepared and introduced a proposed act drawn along other lines. This provided for the use of such apparatus as might be approved by the State Board of Health.

There is scarcely any subject upon which the medical and scientific worlds are more divided than as to the danger to be apprehended from premature interment and it is unfortunate indeed that in this country and in England but slight interest has been taken in the matter.

The practice of many physicians in giving certificates of death without having inspected the body is a great source of danger. At present in our larger cities, it is a common occurrence for doctors merely on being informed of their patient's death, to fill out and sign the usual certificate. This is done time and again. The body is then given to an undertaker who injects the embalming fluid or places it on ice. Permature interment is undoubtedly thereby prevented but is this method of killing to prevent suffering, to be commended? Certainly it is better to die by the scalpel than to endure the frightful and prolonged agony of asphyxiation, but should we hesitate to employ a method which will do away with all dangers?

Even if the evil be not so great as is feared yet if one of the many thousands who are yearly laid away, be saved from the horrors of a death two awful to contemplate, any law which the society may finally decide to advocate will have amply justified its existence on our statute books.

H. GERALD CHAPIN.

H. GERALD CHAPIN.

# They Eat Clay

## The Peculiar Chief Diet of Some People in South Carolina.

Washington, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Strange as it may appear, there are people in the state of North Carolina whose chief article of diet is clay. These people live in the mountain regions, and are apparently as happy and contented as the majority of mankind. The writer having spent several days among these people who eat clay as part of their daily food, is of the opinion that the only bad effects of clay-eating seems to be the peculiar appearance it gives the skin of those who become addicted to the habit. The skin turns pale, so pale, in fact, as to give the face the pallor of death, and then later on it turned a peculiar pale yellow, a color closely resembling some of the clay eaten. Children who eat it grow old, at least in appearance, prematurely, and their faces lose forever the bright glow of youth and health. There is little sickness among the clay-eaters, and they live as long as the average of mankind, so it is conclusive that the habit is not fatal in its effects. The clay eaten by these people is found along the banks of the small mountain streams in inexhaustible quantities. It is usually of a dirty white color, but sometimes a pale yellow, with a peculiarly oily appearance, and this oil keeps it from sticking to the hands or mouth. When dry it does not crumble, and a few drops of water will soften it so that it can be rolled into any shape desired. It is almost without taste, but must possess some nourishment, as these people declare they can subsist upon it for days. They place a small piece in the mouth, and hold it there until it gradually dissolves, and is swallowed in small quantities at a time. The quantity eaten at one time varies from a lump as large as a pea for a child or beginner, to a lump as large as a hen's egg for those who have eaten it for years. The clay is eaten with a relish, which would indicate that the eaters are very fond of it. A peculiar fact is that they do not wish it generally known that they are clay-eaters, and few of them will confess that they eat it.

As may well be imagined, these people are densely ignorant. They are not surrounded with churches, school houses, nor any such refining influences; they appear satisfied with their lot, and do not wish to be taught. None of the family can read, and their parents before them could not. Their children are growing up equally ignorant, and the majority of them do not believe in book learning. If the head of the family belongs to the church, a cheap Bible may be found in the house, but they never hear it read except when some traveling minister stops for dinner, or to remain all night. The entire family, often ten or more people, eat and sleep in one small room, and the interior of the log cabin is rude in the extreme. There are no windows, and usually one door. In winter the cracks between the logs are filled with rags or mud, and in summer these are taken down in order to allow plenty of fresh air. There are no pictures on the walls, no ornaments of any kind, and often no furniture worthy of the name. Usually the cabin is too small for bedsteads, and they sleep on quilts spread on the floor. The cooking is done on an open fireplace, the utensils consisting of frying pan, kettle, pot and an oven. Cooking stoves, sewing machines and such modern conveniences are unknown. Many of these people will not believe that such articles exist.

It may or may not be the result of clay-eating, but the people are as superstititious as the followers of a Voodoo. They have signs for everything, and almost worship the moon. They foretell storms and all kinds of disasters by the appearance of the moon. If one end of the new moon is lower than the other there will be rain before the moon changes again, but if the moon is level there will be no rain until another change occurs. The average clay-eater has a mortal dread of an owl. The hooting of an owl at any hour, day or night, is an omen of ill luck, and answered by the barking of a dog, it is a sign that one of the family will soon die. As soon as the hoot of an owl is heard, a chair is overturned, and if the hooting stops the threatened danger has been warded off for a time, but if it continues, there is weeping and wailing in the home of the clay-eater.

With the tenacity of ignorance, they cling to the old traditions and superstitions, and it seems that it will be ages before the onward march of civilization will make any inroads upon them.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

### DID NOT PAY.

A guileless rustic who wished to become attached to one of our railways emerged from the examination room and informed the expectant relatives that he had failed to pass the sight test, says Tit Bits.

"Why, you can't have!" exclaimed the father, who was horrified at the thought. "You're no more color blind than I am."

"Happen not, but they won't have me," answered the rustic bitterly. "It all comes o' trying to be polite an' obliging, as you said I was to be feyther."

"But I can't see how being polite could make any difference," quavered the father.

"It did, though," said the rustic. "The old chap held something up and says: 'This is green, isn't it. Come, now, isn't it green?' quite pleadin' like; an' though I could see as it was red I couldn't find it in my 'art to tell him he wor wrong, for fear he might take offense. So I simplay said: 'It is, yer honor,' an' they bundled me out. No more politeness for me; it don't pay."

# RESURRECT THE PILLORY.

## This Is the Only Through Way to Stamp Out "Holdups" and "Night Prowlers," Says William A. Pinkerton.

Chicago, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—At a meeting of the National Chiefs of Police in Cincinnati in May last, a discussion arose among the officers present as to the best means of suppressing the "hold-ups" who were operating in most of the large cities, as also to stop the night burglars otherwise known among the police as "prowlers" or "night workers" whose specialty is the robbing of dwelling houses during the sleeping hours of the night.

In this discussion I gave it as my opinion and still believe, that nothing will stop this class of crime except the whipping post and the pillory in connection with the whipping post. The laws of the country should be changed to push these thugs in the most severe manner.

In the little state of Delaware where the whipping post and pillory are used, there is less crime of this character than in any one county that can be selected in the United States. The reason is evident—those who thieve for a living dread the whipping post and pillory.

Over twenty years ago a gang of noted bank burglars from New York city went to Wilmington, Del., to rob a bank. Their plans were to enter the cashier's house, quietly seize and bind every member of the family, then by torture or other means compel the cashier to disclose the combination of the vault. This was before the time locks for bank safes and vaults had been introduced. All worked smoothly and every member of the family had been bound and gagged except a negro servant girl who attempted to hide under the bed, where the burglars discovered her and dragged her out. While they were putting her on her feet she suddenly bolted through an unguarded door and ran frantically through the streets calling for help. The burglars as a result were compelled to abandon their plans but were captured in their attempt to escape; were tried, convicted and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, forty lashes and one hour in the pillory. They could endure the ten years in the penitentiary, but the pillory and the lashes on the bare back was a terrible contemplation. The forty lashes were "laid on" by a big burly fellow who used a horsewhip, as did the typical step-father we read about. The four kings of their profession were humiliated still further by being placed in stocks where all had a chance to gaze on them. From that day to this there have been no bank burglaries in Delaware or attempts.

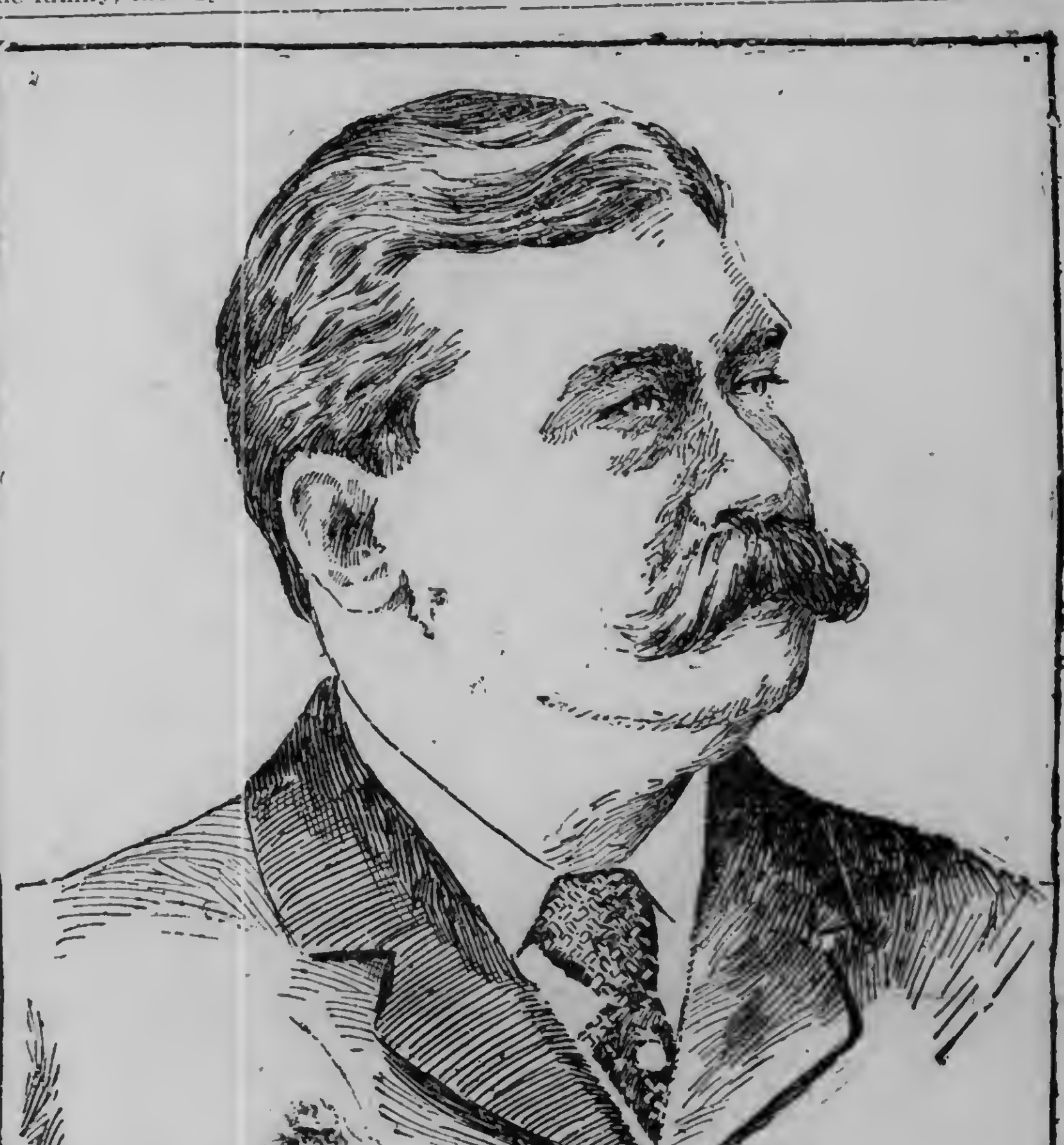
The professional "prowler" or house burglar is the most dangerous thief the police officer or police have to deal with. In my more than thirty years of detective business I have come in contact with many of this class of criminals and there is not one, among all I ever knew who would hesitate one moment to kill if discovered in a room and an attempt at outcry was made. Their first impulse is to stab with a knife or shoot with a "gun" and they shoot to kill every time.

The "hold-up" or thug has sprung into existence mainly within the past two years. They are not from the well known professional criminals, but, as a rule, come from the hoodlum element in large cities. They do not hesitate to attack anyone whom they meet in the dark or lonely places and their weapon is generally a piece of lead pipe with which they knock their victim over the head into insensibility and then rifle his pockets. In numerous cases two or three of these thieves have attacked one man, and where he did not comply with their demands for all the value he had about him, they shot and shot to kill.

In my opinion there is no punishment too severe for the "night prowlers" who enter dwelling houses where they know there are sleeping families or the "hold-ups" or thugs who attack their victims in lonely and dark places. They have murder in their hearts and will not hesitate to commit it, and for these criminals I firmly believe in the restoration of the whipping post and pillory.

This in substance is what I stated before the convention of the National Chiefs of Police in Cincinnati in May last and my views on the subject were endorsed very strongly by a number of the chiefs of other cities who were present.

WILLIAM A PINKERTON.



WILLIAM A. PINKERTON.

# ROYALTY ON THE OCEAN.

## Crowned Heads and Others of Royal Blood Own Yachts That Are Sumptuous Floating Palaces.

London, Aug. 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Monarchs have from time immemorial owned their royal barges, triremes and galleys for use on state occasions, but the modern monarch indulges in pompous displays as little as possible, and if equipped with a floating palace for his own especial use, it is utilized more generally for the purpose of obtaining privacy than for any attempt at display.

Since the building of that forerunner of all royal yachts, the Victoria and Albert, the crowned heads of Europe have almost all found it necessary to provide themselves with the smartest and most up-to-date sea-going vessels, modeled with the primary requisites of comfort and elegance.

Of these royal crafts the Hohenzollern, belonging to the German emperor, is easily the most superb pleasure vessel afloat. True to his tastes, although the kaiser has not left any chance for splendor in equipment be missed in the putting up of the Hohenzollern, it is built as much for strength and speed as for beauty, and so arranged that on the briefest notice it can be changed from a luxurious floating home into a warship of considerable offensive and defensive capacity.

The Victoria and Albert, although recently overhauled and fitted with all the most modern equipments is a marked contrast to the emperor's scplendid craft, as in order to meet the queen's tastes the interior decorations have not been made as lavish as in the case of the new yachts. The state rooms retain the same distinctive simplicity of style which characterized them when the young queen in company with her beloved consort spent many hours of her happy young days on board of it. In all the many yachts that the queen has owned this simplicity of arrangement has been noticeable, the aim being rather to make the cabins appear homelike more than to produce grand effects.

These yachts have really been utilized for homes for the royal children and grand-children more than for any other purpose and much of their ruggedness of health has been attributed to the enjoyment of "life on the ocean wave."

All the princes are therefore nautical to a degree. The late duke of Saxe-Coburg Gotha was a thorough sailor, having been connected with the British navy for many years and being known as the "Sailor Prince." The prince of Wales is a very good yachtsman and his two sons were made acquainted with sea-faring life at an early age.

The duke of York has apparently been too poor up to the present to own the sumptuous yacht which his taste would select and which would prove exceedingly useful to the duchess with its many opportunities for rest and recreation. The Victoria and Albert is of course at their disposal when not being used by some other member of the royal family, but the duke is happy sometimes to have a floating castle of his own.

The prince and princess occupied the royal yacht Osborne during the weeks of the Cowes regatta.

A close rival of the "Hohenzollern" is the magnificent yacht owned by the czar and czarina, the Standard, on board of which the Imperial couple are very fond of finding brief respites from the restraint of court life. The Standard is a marvel of luxury, and whenever in port is visited by crowds of aristocrats anxious to explore its far-famed wonders.

The king of the Belgians is happy in the possession of two splendid yachts, the Alberta and the Clementina. The Alberta is usually moored at Ostend in readiness for any sudden call from the king. It is a product of the Ailsa shipbuilding yards at Troon and one of its unique features is a sleeping saloon which extends the entire width of the ship. It is believed to be the loftiest stateroom afloat. The walls of this supmtous sleeping chamber are panelled with white silk brocaded in garlands of pink and mauve flowers. The effect when the electric lights, which peep out of petals of calla lilies, are lit may be imagined.

The king of Siam's yacht which took the place of an antiquated barge built upon Oriental lines, is the product of a Leith shipbuilding yard and is commanded by European officers. It is a craft worthy of a king and is specially constructed for tropical service.

The king of Denmark's family are pretty nearly all endowed with strong nautical taste which take the shape of yacht owning in many instances. The prince and princess of Naples and the family of the king of Greece all seem to possess the old Viking love of the sea and many of the members are the owners of pretty yachts which figure in the international regattas.

Mention must not be omitted of those two sturdy sailors who have charge of the Victoria and Albert. These are the commander, Admiral Sir John Fullerton and the first lieutenant, Hickley, two solid mariners with whom on board, her majesty always feels as safe as she does in her royal quarters at Windsor.

GEORGIANA TWEEDY BARBER.

# Velvet Now In Vogue.

## Separate Waists of That Material Are Likely to Become Very Fashionable Garments For the Fall.

### Directoire Cuts Most Strictly Favored.

### The Empire Style Also Popular.

Indications of autumn and winter fashions are every day becoming more pronounced, and through the blistering summer heat we are straining our eyes to pierce the veil of the future and learn all the particulars of the cold weather fashions.

In truth we may congtatulate ourselves upon the fact that no hard and fixed lines are to bind us down and the autumn fashions are marked by a rich variety of fabrics, colors and cuts.

So far it may be claimed that the Directoire cuts are those most strictly favored, but the Empire style which is near akin to the Directoire has never been so temptingly set forth.

At this early and formative period of the styles, it is in the evening gowns and wraps that the first crystalization takes place and from Paris we have some alluringly beautiful models that plainly show the trend of the models and as clearly assert that the extravagance and elaboration which mark the spring and summer season by no means waning.

As examples of the tendencies of the fashion I describe a few of the truly regal confections in dress which were imported for one of our American heiresses who is making her preparations for a triumphant first season in society.

WHITE SILK GOWN.

There was an exquisite evening gown of white silk, the front of which glistened with untold numbers of rhine stone spangles, the same thick dotting of sparkling crystals appearing also upon the simulated bolero fronts.The cut of the gown was of the empire form and the glistening panel which extended from the little short waist line to the floor was outlined on each side by garlands of beautiful white roses with green foliage. These garlands diverged from the panel near the bottom of the skirt and formed a charming border above a wide gauze flounce which gave the necessary flare to the skirt, describing in their artistic arrangement the outline of a long tunic. A cluster of the same snowy roses was caught upon the left shoulder of the bodice and the simulated spangled bolero was bordered in the most fascinating and original way by the crossing of two deep bands of heavy guipure lace upon the bosom; each band of the lace continuing from the shoulder diagonally across the body to form the lower border of the bolero front. The fullness of the gown fell in long unbroken Watteau folds from the center of the back, where the little bolero appeared to part.

This exquisite gown, by one of France's most honored artists in dress, is substantial proof of the position which the empire will hold next season.

Flowing outlines and free unfettered effects are continuing to be more and more popular. It is even said that the corset which has reached such a degree of shortness that it is now scarcely more than a ceinture, is to be dispensed with altogether, and to this easy and nugirthed fashion the empire gown is singularly well adapted. Of course all this does not apply to the tailor made styles which are distinct from all others.

ROYAL OPERA CLOAK.

Another example of the long straight lines was shown in a most royal opera cloak which had the most elaborate and fanciful mingling of lace and fur imaginable. The body of the garment was of the heaviest white guipure mounted upon white peau de soie over an eiderdown interlining.

The guipure was enriched and heavily encrusted with embroideries and flowers embossed in tufts of white chiffon—this motif in trimming bye the bye is in the heighest possible favor—and besides this a design in silver spangles arranged in diagonal crossings added to the rich and elaborate effect of the coat. A wide border of silvergray chinchilla which blended charmingly with the silver spangling on the lace was placed at the bottom of the coat and continued up the front in two narrow bands which diverged at the chest to form a capuchon which gave a graceful contour to the shoulders. The sleeves were unique, cut in long sloping bells with a wide chinchilla band at the bottom.

It would be impossible to give an idea of the richness of effect in this combination of lace, fur, embroidery, and spangles, but for perfect elegance and magnificence nothing could be more successful.

Another Parisan evening cloak just imported and offered for inspection to a few chosen spirits and lovers of dress was on view at an importers on Fifth avenue last week, and received enthusiastic applause. It was of green velvet and trimmed with a profusion of stable tails which showered down the front. Its immense collar was of ermine, framed in a band of the rich brown sable.

VELVET TO BE THE FAVORITE FABRIC.

Velvet, bye the bye, is the fabric of all others for next season, and panne will be used lavishly both for dress-making, and millinery. Panne however, is by no means the only form and disguise which velvet takes. It is showing itself in a truly bewildering number of forms. Besides plain velvets and plushes, there are beautiful brocades in rich Persian, Byzantine, and Arabian patterns and colors, also any mingled color effects in prints, dots, and lines. Some of the newest and smartest velvets have a series of shaded changeable dots over a ground of a much lighter tone. Varied colors of shading and toning into each other in undulating lines is another new charming effect in velvet, and hand painted velvet is a conspicuous fad.

It is prophesied that separate waists of velvet are to be greatly favored. These are not to follow the regulation shirt waist cut, as of old, but are to be in the jaunty directoire style, open in front with wide lapels and disclosing a vest of white or creamy lace, the lower sleeves being of the same material. The velvet used for these waists is perferably in rich coloring and brocades, and they are to be extremely dressy affairs.

Other waists upon which velvet is to play an important part, and which are to be very fashionable, are constructed of all over lace and of very heavy nets of white or cream, latticed over this in a trellis design are bands or ruchings of narrow velvet. The lace is mounted upon silk of a paler shade but of corresponding color to that of the velvet.

SLEEVES FOR JACKETS AND COATS

The disposition in sleeves for jackets and coats is toward fullness—a slight suggestion of fullness at the shoulder and a marked fullness from the elbow which is gathered into a band at the wrist. The jacket sleeves which forms a bell and flowing shape over the wrist also seems to hold its place, and sleeves which are tight at the lower arm and full at the shoulder show very large turned back cuffs of fur or of stitched and strapped material like the rest of the jacket.

THE REDINGOTE.

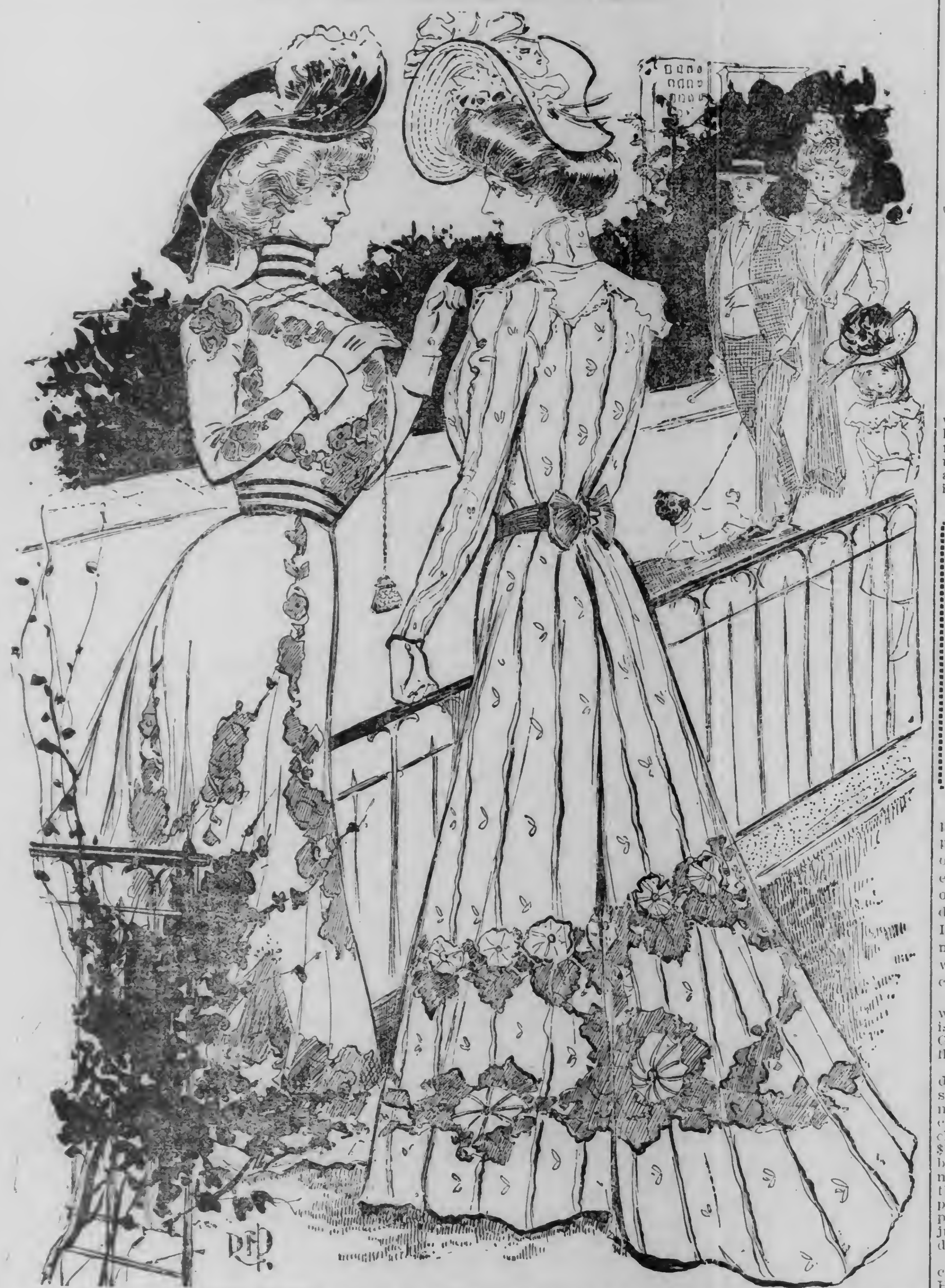
The redingote also promises to obtain great popularity and a new style has appeared. It has a perfectly fitting body pointed in the "Louis Seize" point in front with the basques just covering the hips; a second basque cut almost straight and in imitation of a mans dress coat, though so long as to reach nearly to the foot of the skirt, starts from the center of hips and continues around the back. This is a very much admired model and doubtless be generally adopted as the season advances.

BAREGE APPEARING.

Late in the season comes a new Parisian creation, wrought in barebe. This material savors so of the musty past, the opening of old family trunks and byegone fashions that its sudden appearance meets with great surprise. But as a light late summer and early fall fabric it seem to take its place with singular fitness and for dresses in the empire style it is particularly successful.

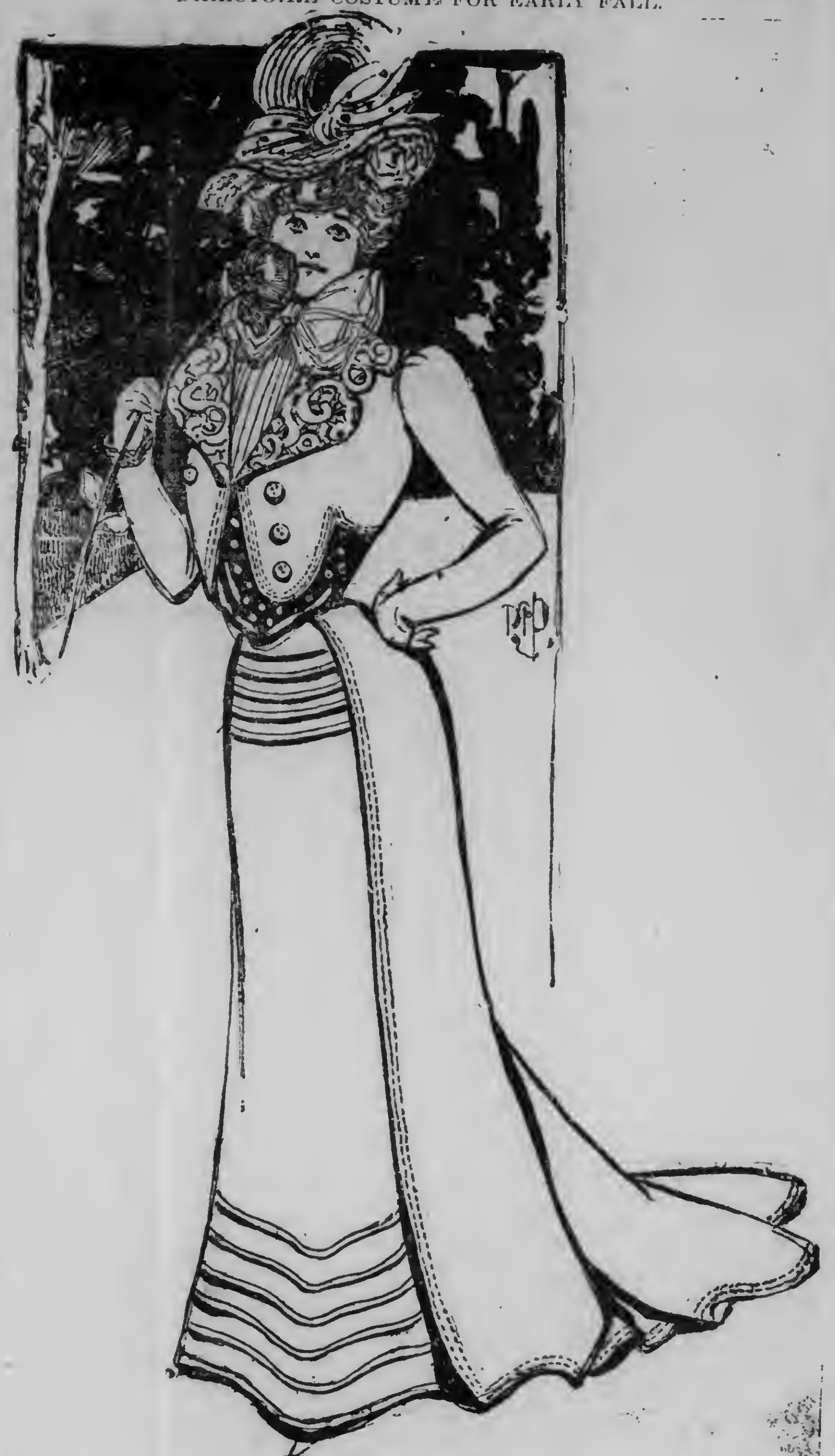
The model referred to has a deep yoke composed of alternate band of embroidered and bands of the barege. The sleeves also are constructed in the same way. The skirt descends in straight gathered folds from the yoke to the floor, and a spangled girdle which is high in the back and fixed close to the figure slopes gently toward the front where it is tied in a careless bow without confining the straight lines to the waist. The barege is of a black and white pattern and extremely effective, but the somewhat wrappery style of this new model is not to be gainsaid. Its name however, the Robe de la Rolland after the famous French woman lends it additional prestige.

RED FOULARDS THE LATEST FAD OF FASHION.



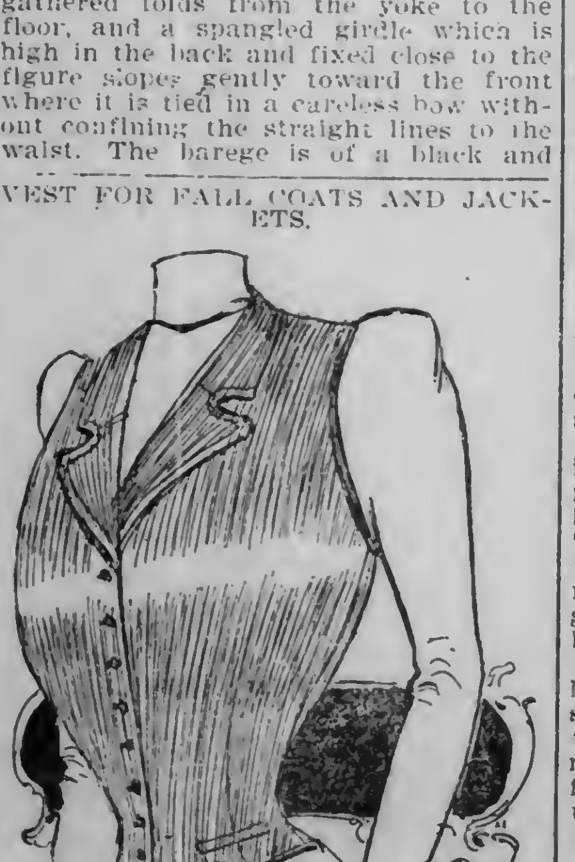
The notion of using black Chantilly patterns in applique upon gowns of silk and mousseline seems to be a very popular one just now. Both of these pretty gowns show an effective employment of this idea in decoration with very different effects. The first is a frock of red foulard lavishly appliqued with these Chantillly lace designs. The collar and belt are striped with bands of black satin and the large picture hat has a tuft of plumes in the front which are shaded from red into black. The second figure is gowned in a cool and daintily patterned taffeta, with tones of red. The skirt is adorned with applications of black Chantilly which forms a sort of double linked border. The hat worn with this gown is of straw, trimmed with foliage and chiffon.

DIRECTOIRE COSTUME FOR EARLY FALL.



The directoire style seems to follow upon the popularity of the Eton and bolero as a natural consequence. This smart costume is of tobac cheviot serge with revers of ecru and gold appliqued edged with a stitched border of Rose-du Barri Louisenne velvet, and finished with the same around the waist.

VEST FOR FALL COATS AND JACKETS.



The severe mannish vest is to appear again in fall costumes. These vests are to be made of satin or silk, and are worn with festive and frivolous little jackets of gauze and silk. For street wear they are to be of broadcloth, of some strongly contrasting color.

# Material Side of Beauty.

## Woman's Physical Charms Considered In Relation to Her Happiness.

Balzac said: "Our most stupendous paradoxes are better understood than a pretty face!" And if we realize that no other possession is at once so much of earth and heaven—no other power at once so cursed and so blessed—then indeed we may well ponder ere we speak. Is there a more potential power to make men Gods? And to undo them, as the world's wrecks with "a woman in it" continually proclaim?

Is any semblance of heaven invested with a mightier mission for good? Yet is there a mightier agency for evil? Is God's image anywhere more divinely reflected? more demeaned?

Physical claims! Man's delight and despair! His hope and happiness! His sins and sorrows! The making and unmaking of him! Your pretty, paradoxical ways eluded classification, until it chanced that a Blue Boston club offered $100 for the best estimate of the value of beauty. Its relation to woman's happiness was not stipulated, but the paper that secured the prize covered this so prettily that subsequently the best points of the other contributions were judiciously joined to the prize paper and dedicated to "Our Boston Beauties!"

That it was worthy of the blue blood city may be judged from its contents. Here are salient points remembered:

Physical claims stand in relation to the inner, better self, precisely as the inviting beauties of a home to its inner homelife. Whatever beautiful characteristics you see in the exterior you should find within.

If you are impressed with a mansion's noble grandeur and imposing grounds, you must meet occupants of high nobility—or be filled with disappointment. If the home be unpretentious, but the stamp of artistic neatness on all, even to the veranda and little garden patch, you must meet the same refinement within, or regret the invitation. In short no form of attractiveness without avails unless there be the same attractiveness within. All this and more holds in fair woman.

Unless physical charms are supported by adequate culture, they are a mere trap; they may hold the man until she lots her heart—seldom longer! Indeed, the soundest, sweetest harmony should ever be between her surface and her soul!

If the fragrant sweetness of a charming woman thrills you; unless you also find a mind in bloom and a soul that blossoms, you will soon be disenchanted. The black depths of a bewitching eye indexes a soul of like magnificence—a mind as brilliant. If one, or both neglected, she will find little honey in the honeymoon.

If her beauty be that stately kind that bows the brave and proud with rapture, she certainly will draw the souls that worship such ideals. But as man's innate greed and selfishness is never satisfied with but one half of his ideal, so, unless she built a queenliness of mind, that with harmonious precision sustains her outward graces—she'll soon outlive his liking. Nothing can save her. Not even the marriage vows! Her physical charms, unsupported by their spiritual counterpart, served but to buoy her sweetest hopes—to end in most forlorn ones. To end in that great sorrow of all sorrows, that pays life's penalty for waste and folly.

* * *

A beautiful woman is now addressed, who was deceived and deserted in man's typical fashion. It justifies the man and corroborates the utter worthlessness of physical charms unsupported by that womanly tact and judgment that reflects a well spent life, (only another way to speak "spiritual beauty"). None can condone the brute in man, always ready to assert when sufficiently crossed, but in all fairness, was he to blame because you outlived his liking? And wasn't that your fault alone? That your queenly form thrilled him with sweet imaginings until his soul proclaimed you his long loved ideal—was only natural. That he found a slight brain and shallow soul, instead of that commanding intellect and depth of soul, that needs must go with every high-born woman, was his misfortune, not his fault. "Why then, oh God, did he not go, before my soul was his?" Oh! eyes of blind passion are not opened in a day! Better ask; why, as you were endowed with heaven's most priceless gifts; a girl's lovely soul—a pure heart—a beautiful intellect! Why did you not make the most of this? Why did you not fill the first with wholesome aspirations, safeguard the second from vanity's voices—keep your mind unsullied and strong? Idle thoughts and profitless pleasures couldn't build the soul! Love for mirrors, and fascination for fixing and fussing, invites, not curbs that vain abomination, that more than anything else, defeats a pretty woman's best possibilities! And your beautiful intellect: Your more than a hundred million little brain cells (each one capable of receiving and retaining the best there is) how did you fill them? You know what there you sow, you surely reap! Did you therefore take good care to plant only the best in life? All that is good and pure and sweet and noble? And as you saw the mental gardens of so many girls grow rank with weeds, did you watch your own tares, so all that was planted therein could grow, and blossom, and bear fruit?

And now in all sincerity, don't you think, if you had done all this, or only some of this, your heart and soul and brain would have been built in keeping with the rest and not forsaken you in your supremest moment?

And see, the blessings of a well-spent life are so infinite! It makes us not only the happier and more appreciative of master thoughts and deeds, and the world's marveles and happings, the older we grow, but always more and more beautiful, for every human being carries his life in his face and the chisels of thought and emotion are ever at work, recordnig with unerring precision, all that is within us.

Have you not seen the underlying ugliness of beautiful faces, when the stamp of the shriveled soul, or neglected mind is upon it? And have you seen how beautiful the plainest face grows, when illumined by a beautiful soul? Hallowed by the divine womanly understanding, that alone sanctifies love and safeguards happiness? Have you seen it?

SALDINI.

NEW ORLEANS GIRLS.

A few years ago a Missouri farmer wrote to the mayor of New Orleans to secure him a wife among the New Orleans girls. The mayor has been sick and has been unable personally to look after the interests of the Missouri Coelebs, says the New Orleans Picayune, but Mayor Capdevielle's good heart may be relied on to do all he can for the relief of the stranger.

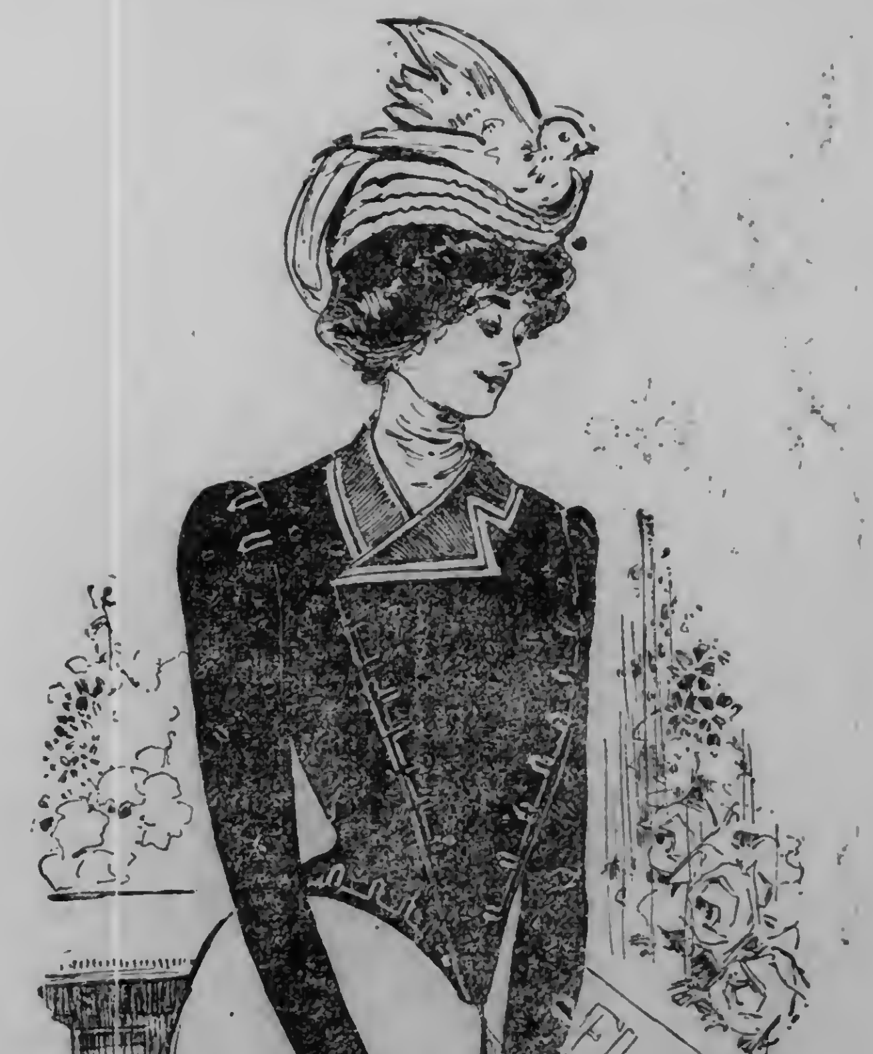
It is not surprising that a Missouri man wants a New Orleans woman for a wife, since, if he has never seen them, he has heard of their beauty and loviliness. No woman are kinder, more charming or better dispositioned. They are made to be loved and to love in return. There are fine women everywhere, but the New Orleans girl is thus properly described by the poet of the Boston Herald:

She was bread in old Kentucky,
She was cake in New Orleans,
She was pretzels in Milwaukee,
But in Boston she was beans.

Evidently the Missouri farmer wants a taste of cake, and he has applied to the right place to get it.

If you want to be cured of drunkenness, write to the Keeley Institute, 625 10 St. S., Minneapolis, Minn.

ONE OF THE FIRST FALL JACKETS.



It is evident that the fall fashions will bring a change from the ever present Eton and bolero forms. This smart fall jacket is of black broadcloth, the lapels of which are of scarlet velvet outlined in a braiding of white which also appears on the front of the jacket and around the basque.

**Baby's Voice** Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to it with indescribable fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Our book of priceless value to all women will be sent free to any address by Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta Ga.

**Mother's Friend**

**CASTORIA**

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

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# Democratic Convention.

## St. Louis County Democrats Will Decide on Their Congressional Candidate Next Thursday—The Primaries on Tuesday Night.

## COUNTY TICKET GOSSIP.

Next Thursday the convention of the Democratic party of St. Louis county will be held, and a very important one it will be. The convention will have the selection of delegates to the state, congressional and legislative conventions, and the nomination of a full county ticket. It will in all probability determine who the next congressman from the Sixth district will be, for the disposition is general throughout the district to have a St. Louis county man the candidate, and that being so, the choice of the St. Louis county convention will certainly have greatest weight, especially as the men seeking the nomination are having a fair fight for the delegates.

The primaries will be held Tuesday evening between the hours of 7:30 and 9 o'clock.

* * *

When Senator Charles O. Baldwin's friends were urging him to announce his willingness to accept a congressional nomination, if tendered, they were confident that the announcement would rally to his support a great following, and that, although his entry into the field was not as early as might have been desired, the demand for him to be the candidate would be general. The developments of the present week have been entirely satisfactory to those friends. It is true that Henry Truelsen has been in the field for the same nomination for a few weeks, and has canvassed the city, and in fact the whole county from end to end, and he is undoubtedly a great worker, but it is no disparagement to Mr. Truelsen to say that the demand seems to be very decidedly for Mr. Baldwin rather than for him. Among some of the politicians there is a feeling that Mr. Baldwin's announcement came later than it should have, but among the general people the spirit that prompts a man to wait until there is a considerable desire for him manifested finds much admiration rather than censure.

Mr Truelsen announced his desires very definitely in a communication to The Herald yesterday. He wants the nomination for congress in the Sixth congressional district or nothing.

* * *

Mr. Truelsen's attitude in the event of losing the endorsement of St. Louis county is the subject of considerable discussion among both his supporters and opponents. There is a general belief that even though he should be denied the endorsement of his home county, he will go before the convention and endeavor to capture the nomination anyway. If that is his intention, and there seems to be much reason to believe that it is, he will not have the support of all the men who are now aiding him by any means. There are a great number of his ardent followers who will not stand for that, and who will expect him to abide by the decision of his home county.

* * *

The Republican committee of the Sixth congressional district met in St. Cloud last week and organized by the election of William Getty as chairman. It is announced that the selection of Frank E. Searle to be chairman of the committee was entirely satisfactory to the members of the committee. Page Morris was there, and the coming campaign was talked over. It is likely that the fight will be opened about Sept. 10 or 15, and from then on it will be fast and furious without a doubt.

* * *

The fact that there is dissatisfaction at the appointment of Mr. Searle has reached Minneapolis. In that city the Journal interviewed him this week after the meeting at St. Cloud. The answer which Mr. Searle gave was that if there was any opposition of consequence to his appointment he had not heard of it. It is impossible to believe that Mr. Searle has not heard that the mutterings against his selection and that he does not know that an effort was made to block his appointment when it was first heard that he might be the man. His answer that he has heard of no opposition of consequence would seem to indicate that he harbors a contemptuous feeling for those who have not been pleased with his appointment.

Mr. Searle also said that his committee will work in harmony with the county committee, and that Chairman E. L. Millar is a special friend of Judge Morris.

* * *

Mr. Willcuts, who by the way though not a member of the congressional committee, was present at the meeting at St. Cloud in the capacity of chief adviser, does not admit that the so-called Windom faction is on top in St. Louis county. He has not said very much along that line around Duluth, although it is known that he predicts that there is a future ahead which may have some surprises in store for some politicians who think the old machine has been routed—but in Minneapolis he did have a little to say on the subject, when he was twitted with the result of the recent county convention of the Republican party. The Journal said on this matter:

"While speaking of St. Louis county politics it is worth while to note that the Morris men have a version of the intra-party situation in Duluth in sharp contrast with that of the Windom men. According to the latter they are now supreme in Republican councils in Duluth. Mr. Willcuts said yesterday that while he did not care to say anything that would tend to disturb the present harmony, he could not accept the statement that the Windom men were in the lead, or that they had defeated the Morris men at the county convention. Which goes to show that in Duluth you can always get 'most any kind of a political story."

* * *

According to the St. Cloud Times the visit of the Republican congressional committee and the congressman to St. Cloud this week were not productive of as much exhilaration as they might have wished. The story of the visit is told thus:

"Hon. Page Morris, congressfan, honored St. Cloud by his presence Monday and Tuesday nights. He did not come here for an outing, or for rest, and so he was not idle. During the day time he was about the Grand Central hotel, receiving calls from the few faithful—office holders—who had congregated at St. Cloud to greet the Patronage Dispenser.

"But, when the shades of eve were falling fast, and it was night in the great city, The congressman and his escort, consisting generally of Postmaster Wire, Register Taylor, and Frank Searle, would sally out, not exactly to do the city, or paint the town red, as is the case when rural visitors go to Washington, but rather to visit Democratic allies of two and four years ago. Sometimes they were on the South side, sometimes in the West End; again in North St. Cloud, and finally in East St. Cloud.

"When the party returned to the Grand Central it was almost midnight's holy hour, when graveyards yawn and the ghost of Hamlet's father takes a stroll. They did not look happy. An air of discontent was apparent—indeed they seemed walking in a cave of gloom.

"No where had the glad hand been stretched forth. They had run up against the paramount issue, and they realized that a settled question could not be corked.

"Sterns county will tell a different tale this year, and don't forget it, Mr. Imperialistic Page Morris, M. C."

* * *

The battleground of the Sixth congressional district is to be in Stearns county according to an editorial in the St. Cloud Times written just after the session of the congressional committee in St. Cloud this week. The Times after speaking of the selection of Frank E. Searle as chairman of the committee says:

"Mr. Searle was selected because of his acquaintance with conditions here, and the first meeting was fixed here because of the evident intention of the Republicans to camp in Stearnes county, and make it the congressional battle ground as they did in the last two campaigns. The fact that they have twice elected their candidate by Democratic defections here is certainly good reason for their decision to attempt a repetition of former results.

"But things have changed in Stearnes county as well as elsewhere in this country. New issues have come to the front, and the policy of the administration of McKinley is better understood. The growth of the military arm of the government; the immense increase in its cost of maintenance; the war in the Philippines, and the loss of thousands of American lives, with no peace in prospect, but only a certainty of hundreds of millions of annual expenditure, the evident secret alliance with England, and the stifling of American sympathy for patriots struggling for liberty, all this has had its effect in Stearns county, and in the coming election its voters will render their verdict as to the un-American policy of McKinley's administration.

"In his course on the Porto Rican infamy, Judge Morris proved false to his constituents, as was charged by Republican papers and Republican partisans.

"There are no Democratic votes for him in Stearns county this year, no matter who may be chairman of his committee, nor where its meetings may be held."

* * *

There had been little or no interest in the Democratic county ticket until this week but with the announcement that Charles G. Miller was anxious to be nominated auditor and yesterday that J. J. C. Davis desired to make the canvass for sheriff, county politics took on a more interesting turn. Joseph Mannheim has been an announced candidate for auditor for some time and is working actively for the nomination. Mr. Miller canvassed the situation carefully before entering the field and thinks he has a good show to win out. It looks very much as though Mr. Davis would be the nominee for sheriff, for no other candidate has announced himself. He is well known and has been identified with the Democratic party for many years and is able to make an active fight.

# THE WORLD OF LABOR.

## Senator C. O. Baldwin, W. L. Windom and T. J. McKeon to Speak at Labor Day Picnic.

The Federated Trades' assembly held an exceptionally large and interesting but brief session in Kalamazoo hall last evening. In point of attendance it was one of the best that has been held within the last year, and in fact for the past two or three meetings the attendance has been picking up.

The principal item before last night's meeting was the report of the joint assembly and council committee on the Labor day celebration. This report went into details of all that has been done since the committee's organization, and among the statements was one to the effect that $423 had been received for advertising. Everything is now ready for the big parade and outing on Sept. 3, and the speakers of the day, Senator C. O. Baldwin, W. L. Windom and T. J. McKeon, have all accepted.

* * *

When the big parade moves up Superior street watch the head of the procession and see the new banner of the Trades' assembly. It is probably the most attractive and artistic banner in the city. It was ordered several months ago, and has just been completed. Its value is $100, and it was made in Duluth by union labor.

* * *

Through the efforts of W. M. Abrahamson the firm of Danziger Bros., prominent manufacturers of union made clothing, of Syracuse, N. Y., has agreed to donate a handsome $50 banner to the Duluth union making the best appearance in the parade on labor day. The competition for first honors has always been one of the features of the labor day parade, and this year will prove no exception, especially with a banner in sight.

* * *

J. W. Rowley has offered a cash prize of $5 for the second best appearing union, and it is expected that a number of other prizes will be offered.

* * *

During the next few weeks every local union will be visited by three members of the Trade's assembly. This committee has been appointed to work for the good and welfare of the assembly and organized labor in general. Its members are: A. W. Jones, of the Cigarmakers' union and president of the assembly; C. J. Rinn, of the Electrical Workers' union, and Henry Dworschak, of the Typographical union.

* * *

The condition of trade has been much better during the past week than for several months back. Members of the different craft report business moving briskly, and nearly all union men working. In some of the unions it is impossible to get enough men to meet the demands, and where the followers of certain craft were going to the Twin Cities a few weeks ago looking for employment, they are returning to Duluth again. Trade is better here than either St. Paul or Minneapolis, and up on the ranges, especially the building trades, are doing better than in this city.

### LABOR NOTES.

New York has a Hebrew actors' union.

Egypt has only male telephone operators.

Denmark railway workers demand a 10-hour day.

Alabama is to have a State Federation of Labor.

Dartmouth, England, gives a pension to aged workmen.

Peoria, Ill., barbers demand $10 per week as minimum pay.

Indiana bricklayers have organized a state union.

New York unionists want to name a candidate for congress.

Dayton Ohio, laundry strikers will establish a co-operative plant.

St. Paul barbers who did not attend the union's picnic were fined $5.

Vancouver union members of the militia have been expelled from the union.

New York's federated union protests against Chinese crews on transports.

Erie, Pa., will probably get the temple to be erected by order of railway trainmen.

At Ishpeming, Mich., the Finnish colony is erecting extensive co-operative stores and workshops.

The Cigarmakers' label committee, of Brooklyn, has issued union labels for 1,000,000 union-made cigars.

The bookbinders international union is making an effort to organize the women workers of the trade.

The Austarin government has introduced an 8-hour day in workshops conducted by the state.

The Pacific Coast seaman's union has donated $100 to the locked-out and striking cigarmakers of New York.

Members of French bakers' union, 75, San Francisco, Cal., have started a co-operative bakery in that city, and are doing well.

The supervisors of the city and county of San Francisco, Cal., have decided to have all the city and county printing done by union labor.

In the state of Indiana the labor commissioner reports that workingmen in the window glass trades have banded themselves together and are conducting prosperous co-operative factories.

The United Government Workers' Federation of Great Britain has decided to demand a minimum wage of 24 shillings per week, and are pledging members of parliament to suport them.

The New York assemblyman who introduced the bill that abolished the trading stamp was presented with a costly diamond ring and a set of resolutions in a gold frame, by the Retail Grocers' Union.

After a four-months' contest the shoemakers' union, of San Francisco, Cal., have won out against the G. M. Kutz company in that city. The former employes will be reinstated at union wages.

The 8-hour day has been conceded by every employer in the granite cutting trade from Maine to California.

A machine has been invented that will do the work of section gangs on railroads and is displacing thousands of laborers because it is 85 per cent cheaper than hand work.

AN EASY WAY TO GET A

HOME!

Make your choice of a lot at Lakeside or Lester Park. Give us one-quarter in cash of the price of house and lot—we will furnish the rest of the money required at 6 per cent per annum. Principal and interest to be returned to us in monthly payments lasting a series of years.

Lakeside Land Company,
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

# EARNED, NOT BOUGHT.

## Such Is the Reputation of the "Little Conqueror In Duluth.

How hard it often is to earn and maintain a good reputation, and how easy it is to lose one. As with a nan's reputation, so it is with other things in life. Some things achieve a reputation which stays with them. They are founded on intrinsic value. They face the public backed up by honesty, and work their way quietly but thoroughly. Duluth people want no better proof of the merit than is contained in the following experience of a citizen:

Homer B. Thompson, of 2217 Third street west, employed as filer at the Scott & Holston Lumber company's mills, says: "We have used Doan's Kidney Pills in our family for years, sending to the Eastern states for them as they were not at first on sale here. They never failed to give prompt relief whenever the kidneys became inactive or backache threatened Both myself and Mrs. Thompson had been for years subject to kidney complaint, and nothing we were able to get was successful to remove the trouble. I cannot speak too highly of Doan's Kidney Pills and never fail to advise others suffering from their kidneys to go to the Duluth Drug company and get a box. They have invariably given satisfaction in every case where we have recommended their use."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

$4.30--ONLY--$4.30.

St. Paul or Minneapolis and Return

For the Minnesota state fair the Northern Pacific railway, "Duluth Short Line," will sell round-trip tickets from Duluth and Superior to St. Paul or Minneapolis and return at half rate, or $4.30, on Sept. 1 to 8 inclusive, good returning until Sept. 10. This is the only line running three daily trains between the head of the lakes and the Twin Cities. Elegant chair cars on all day trains. Pullman palace sleeping cars on night trains. Duluth ticket offices, No. 332 West Superior street, Union depot, Twentieth avenue west, West Duluth and West End.

# DULUTH CHURCHES

## Dr. J. M. Robinson, of New Brunswick to Preach Here Twice.

At the First Methodist church tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock, Rev. J. M. Robinson, D.D., of Moncton, New Brunswick, will preach on "The Manliness." At 8 p. m. the pastor, Rev. S. P. Long, will preach on "Young Men and the Ethics of Politics." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth League devotional services at 6:45 o'clock.

* * *

The Rev. Dr. J. M. Robinson, of Moncton, N. B., will preach at Glen Avon Presbyterian church, Sunday evening, at 7:30. Subject, "A Summary of the Gospel." In the morning Rev. R. A. Montgomery, pastor, will preach. Sunday school at noon. C. E. mission study at 7 p. m.

* * *

At Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. J. W. Heard will occupy the pulpit. Subjects, morning, 'God's Image;' evening. "That Boy."

* * *

The music at the First Presbyterian church will be as follows:

MORNING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Prelude—"Ave Maria" | Jungmann |
| "Doxology" | |
| "Gloria" | |
| "God the Father" | Cehnecker |
| "He Shall Come Down Like Rain" | Buck |
| Offertory—"Meditation" | Thorne |
| Postlude—March | Hill |

EVENING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Prelude—"Andante" | Dreyschock |
| "The King of Love My Shepard Is" | Shelley |
| "Lord When My Raptured Thought" | Beethoven |
| Offertory—"Berceuse" | Hoffman |
| Postlude—"Air La Bourre" | Beethoven |

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. W. W. Newell, of St. Louis, will preach at the morning service. In the evening Rev. Alexander Milne will preach on "A Royal Death Bed."

The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Organ prelude | |
| Response—"O, Paradise" Quartet. | A. Custance |
| Anthem—"The Alleluiah Sequence" Quartet. | Buck |
| "Still, Still With Thee" Quartet. | Gerrish |
| Organ offertory | |
| Solo—"The Good Shepherd" Mrs. John Morgan Thomas. | D. Barri |
| Anthem—"The Lord is My Rock" | R. H. Woodman |
| Postlude | |

EVENING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Organ prelude | |
| Anthem—'Come Unto Me" Quartet. | F. Lyons |
| Soprano solo Kate Waldo Peck. | |
| Organ offertory | |
| Anthem—"Abide With Me" Quartet. | Bartlett |
| Postlude | |

Soprano, Miss Kate Waldo Peck; alto, Miss Clara Hector; tenor, Cyril Tyler; bass, Charles Mandelert; organist, Mrs. Mandelert.

* * *

In Grace M. E. church tomorrow morning, the Fourth sermon in the series: "Some Foolish Things of Christian Faith," will be given by Rev. H. W. Knowles. Evening sermon, "A Fool's Apology to a Fool." Prelude: "Moral Assassination."

* * *

There will be services at the Second Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue west and First street, Pastor J. W. Longbridge is away on his vacation. Morning service at 10:45 a. m.; Sunday school, 12 m.; Young People's service, 7:45 p. m. preaching 8 p. m.

* * *

At St. Paul's church, services will be as follows: 8 a. m., Holy communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by Dr. Ryan. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Processional—"Praise, My Soul, the King of Heaven" | German |
| Chanted—"Venite" | |
| "Festival Te Deum" in F. | Havens-Farmer |
| Chanted—"Benedictus" | |
| Litany hymn—"Jesus, My Savior" | Sullivan |
| Hymn—"Love Divine" | Roe |
| Anthem—"As Pants the Heart" Solo, Miss R. Smith. | Spohr |
| Recessional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" | Monk |

EVENING.

| | |
|---|---|
| Processional—"Praise, My Soul, the King of Heaven" | German |
| Chanted—"Psalm 97" | |
| Chanted—"Canticles" | |
| Hymn—"My God, I Thank Thee" | Smith |
| Anthem—"The Radiant Morn" | Woodward |
| Orison—"Sun of My Soul" | Rursley |
| Recessional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" | Monk |

A. F. M. Custance, Organist and Choirmaster.

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be services at 11 o'clock a. m. and 8 o'clock p. m. Subject, "Man." Christian Science reading room in church open Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1:30 to 5:30 p. m.

* * *

There will be no services at Lakeside Presbyterian church tomorrow.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church, the morning service will be at 10:30. Rev. Graham Campbell of Ingelside seminary, Burkville, Va., will preach. Evening service at 8 o'clock. Sermon by Rev. Neil Gilchrist of Union seminary, N. Y.

* * *

Dr. Alexander Cameron will preach at the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, at 10:30 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. C. E. prayer meeting at 7 a. m. Subject of morning sermon, "Progress Gained by Struggle;" evening, "Immortality."

* * *

Sunday services at Hope church, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; sermon at 11 a. m.; Young People's Alliance meeting at 7:15 p. m.; sermon at 8 p. m.

At the Bethel, on Lake avenue, at 10 o'clock a. m., Rev. Peter O. Williams, gospel singer, of Maiden Rock, Wis., will speak. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Junior Endeavor at 4 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45. Mr. Robel will speak at 7:45. Mr. Williams will sing at both services, and at the meetings during the coming week.

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent; evening service at 7:45, conducted by Evangelist John Callahan.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, Rev. S. W. Kuhns, pastor, will conduct morning services at 10:30. No evening service. Sunday school at 11:45.

## SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago Post: A Boston preacher has become a tramp to gain new impressions. If some energetic railroad man ever catches him stealing a ride at least one of the impressions is likely to be that of a boot heel.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Rev. R. Heber Newton has come to the conclusion that there is no fixed eternal condition of the soul after death different from its mortal state. At the same time it should be borne in mind that Rev. R. Heber Newton knows no more about it than the next man.

Minneapolis Journal: Rev. Mr. Halley, of Hackensack, N. J., scolded the hatless women of his congregation on Sunday last and sternly quoted St. Paul's injunction against women appearing in churches with bare heads. No wonder "our prom. cits." of Hackensack are "goffing" on Sunday.

Minneapolis Times: A Massachusetts clergyman served three months as a deck hand on a canal boat for the purpose of studying human nature in some of its toughest forms. He got home alive and deeply impressed with the luridity and forcefulness of the canal boat vocabulary, but otherwise not greatly enlightened.

Chicago Chronicle: When we read that a couple of Brother Dowie's missionaries were once more chased out of Mansfield, Ohio, under threat of bodily violence we cannot but rejoice that the "Boxers" do not read the American newspapers. If they did we can readily conceive that they might say some mean things about our advanced and enlightened civilization in the treatment of missionaries.

....THE GREAT....

Minnesota State Fair,

(AT HAMLINE, MIDWAY BETWEEN ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.)

SEPTEMBER 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1900.

$40,000.00 in Premiums and Purses. Better and Bigger Than Ever.

Comprehensive Exhibits: There will be a National Display of Live Stock, Agricultural, Horticultural, Dairy and other Products in Profusion; Machinery by the acre; and all Departments will be full to overflowing.

Splendid Amusements: The amusements will be of the best. There are 219 entries in 11 trotting and pacing classes with purses aggregating $19,000, insuring high class racing. Liberal purses for running horses and splendid special attractions.

EVERY NIGHT There will be two running races on the electric lighted half mile track and Pain's wonderfully realistic and brilliant spectacular Pyrotechnic Exhibition "Dewey's Fleet in the Battles of Manila." Continuous Band Concerts, Special Attractions, etc., etc.

THE HOLIDAY WEEK OF THE YEAR. ENJOY IT.

Progress and Advancement are the watch words. Half Rates on all Railways.

E. W. RANDALL, Secretary. JOHN COOPER, President.

### "YOURS TRULY."

The habits of people signing letters are receiving some attention, and interesting conclusions are drawn from a study of the different ways writers subscribe themselves, says an exchange. The curt "Yours" and "Yours truly" are found not only in business letters, but in personal notes as well, for there are plenty of correspondents who don't believe in gush, and who think "Yours truly" or "Sincerely" means about all they wish to convey. Opposed to these sensible and essentially practical persons is that class of writers made up usually of young and enthusiastic individuals who throw words about as carefully on paper as they do in conversation. The use of the word love by such people is said to be a distressing sign of emotional weakness, of carelessness, or of insincerity. 'Cordially yours" is seen more and more frequently now in notes between acquaintances who are on distinctly friendly or cordial terms. After all, "Your friend," when it can be used truthfully, is a simple and satisfactory way of ending friendly letters. Some people have the habit of not prefacing their names with any set form of words at the end of letters. They stop when they get through, and write their signatures without any frills.

### SNAKE AND CHILD.

While driving from Hartsville to Monterey, Mass., Harry J. Mallory says he saw a child about 2 years old playing with a rattlesnake in the woods beside the highway, says a Winsted, Conn., special to the New York World. Grasping the whip he quickly dismounted and ran toward the snake, which, after sounding its rattles three times, struck at Mallory, but missed him. Instead of trying again, Mallory says, the snake started to follow the child. Mallory waited until the two were in the road, and then began lashing the snake. The snake again made for Mallory, who successfully eluded the reptile's attacks until it had been lashed to death. Mallory then picked up the little girl and carried her home to her parents, neither of whom were able to speak English. The child was unharmed. Mallory says the snake measured five feet and had fourteen rattles.

$11.00 SAULT STE. MARIE AND MACINAC ISLAND AND RETURN $11.00

Via Northern Steamship steamers. Choice of returning via steamer or D. S. S. & A. railway. For further information call No. 432 West Superior street.

Northwestern University,

At EVANSTON and CHICAGO, ILL.,

Comprises College of Liberal Arts, Medical School, Law School, School of Pharmacy, Dental School, Woman's Medical School, School of Music and School of Oratory. Also it conducts an Academy of the highest grade. The Garrett Biblical Institute is located on the College Campus. College year begins September 25th. For information, address,

THE REGISTRAR, - Evanston, Ill.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.
—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 11th, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Bennett, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Elizabeth Hocking, of said county,

It is ordered, That all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, on the following day, viz: the 18th day of February, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the forenoon of said day.

It is further ordered, That six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless, for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, That notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order forthwith once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 11th day of August, A. D. 1900.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
(Seal.) Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug-11-18-25-1900.

# HOW TO BEST SUCCEED.

## Workmen Are Nearer Success on Being Careful in Little Things.

Many laboring men might save more money for a rainy day if they were more careful in little things. Observe care in buying small articles. Few of us can afford to buy something and then cast it away because we do not like it. Be right the first time. For instance, in buying a plug of tobacco, ask for gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine and Thrasher, made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, of Middletown, Ohio. They are excellent brands, better than the ordinary. In addition to getting a superior article you will have the great satisfaction of knowing the goods are union made and not made by a trust.

All of the above brands are made of thoroughly cured, carefully prepared, superior stock. Workmen should keep the list in sight, and ask dealers for the brands named. This will be one step toward success.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by over work and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F Boyce, druggist

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.
—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Kate Kingman, Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles Hopewell. Defendant.

The State of Minnesota, to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office in the city of Duluth, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of fifty-two dollars and eighty-one cents, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the first day of November, 1899, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

Dated July 31st, 1900.

JOHN E. DAVIES,
Plaintiff's Attorney, Duluth, Minn.,
Office, 400 Lonsdale Building.
Duluth Evening Herald. Aug-4-11-18-25-Sept.-1-8—1900.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Rudolph Tegnander and Gina Tegnander, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date December twelfth (12th), 1888, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December nineteenth (19th), 1888, at one (1) o'clock p. m., in Book thirty-six (36) of mortgages, on page sixty-seven (67) thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to George J. Janeway, by an instrument of assignment dated December eighteenth (18th), 1888, and which was duly recorded in said register of deeds' office on December nineteenth (19th), 1888, at one (1) o'clock p. m., in Book thirty-four (34) of mortgages, on page one hundred nineteen (119); said George J. Janeway having thereafter died, and the undersigned having been, by his last will and testament, duly appointed as executors of his estate, and a duly authenticated copy of the letters testamentary issued to the undersigned, as executors of his said will, upon the probate thereof, by the surrogate of Middlesex County, New Jersey, having been thereafter and prior to the date of this notice, duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; such default consisting in the nonpayment of the principal sum thereby secured with interest thereon from December 1st, 1898, and exchange no part of any of which has been paid;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand two hundred twenty-eight ($1228) dollars, principal, interest and exchange.

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of the southerly thirty-five (35) feet of lots numbered twenty-nine (29) and thirty-one (31), East Sixth street (E. 6th St.), Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis County, the same being more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the point where the northerly line of East Sixth street (E. 6th St.) intersects the westerly line of Second avenue east (2nd Ave. E.); running thence northerly along the said westerly line of Second avenue east and coinciding with it a distance of thirty-five (35) feet; running thence westerly at right angles to the last mentioned line and parallel with the said northerly line of East Sixth street a distance of one hundred (100) feet to a point in the westerly boundary line of said lot numbered twenty-nine (29); running thence southerly along the said westerly boundary line of lot numbered twenty-nine (29) and coinciding with it a distance of thirty-five (35) feet to a point in the said northerly line of East Sixth street (E. 6th St.); running thence easterly, along the said northerly line of East Sixth street, and coinciding with it a distance of one hundred (100) feet to the place of beginning; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the second (2nd) day of October, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated August 10th, 1900.

JACOB J. JANEWAY, EDWARD G. JANEWAY, GEORGE H. JANEWAY,
executors of the will of George J. Janeway, deceased.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Executors.
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-18-25-Sept-8-15-22-1900.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.
—ss.

In Probate Sourt, Special Term, Aug. 11th, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of J. N. Bureau, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of John E. Davis, administrator, C. T. A., of the estate of J. N. Bureau, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Tuesday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 11th day of August, A. D. 1900.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-11-18-25-1900.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by William Flett and Carolina (signed Caroline) Flett, his wife, mortgagors, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date September first (1st), 1892, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on September sixth (6th), 1892, at three (3) o'clock p. m., in Book one hundred two (102) of mortgages, on pages 133, 134 and 135 thereof; which mortgage, with the debt thereby secured, was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to George R. Green, by an instrument of assignment dated September tenth (10th), 1892, and which was duly recorded in said register of deeds' office on September tenth (10th), 1892, at two (2) o'clock p. m., in Book eighty-three (83) of assignment of mortgages, on page two hundred twenty-three (223), such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from January 1st, 1900, no part of which has been paid;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred eighty-five ($785) dollars, principal, interest and exchange;

And whereas said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), in block numbered one (1), of Langellier's rearrangement of block D, Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eleventh (11th) day of September, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated July 28th, 1900.

GEORGE R. GREEN,
Assignee of Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald, July-28-Aug-4-11-18-25-Sept-1-1900

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.
—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 9, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of Jules B. Coulombe, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Delima Coulombe, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Jules B. Coulombe, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the first day of August, A. D. 1900, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Delima Coulombe granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Tuesday, the 4th day of September, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 9th day of August, A. D. 1900.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-11-18-25-1900.

# Sharkey Knocked Out.

## Fitzsimmons Easily Proves Himself the Superior of the Sailor Pugilist By Winning the Fight.

## LESS THAN TWO ROUNDS.

New York, Aug. 25.—Whipped into insensibility in less than two rounds is the story in brief of Tom Sharkey's meeting with Bob Fitzsimmons at the Coney Island Sporting club last night. Fitzsimmons was the victor, Sharkey the loser. Fitzsimmons said all along when an opportunity presented he would prove conclusively that he was Sharkey's superior, and settle accounts for the injustice done him when he met Sharkey in California four years ago. Sharkey was equally confident that he would prove to be Fitzsimmons' master in the ring, but the result of last night's battle and the brevity of it proved that Fitzsimmons is still a great fighter and able to beat the best of the heavyweights. He has beaten Ruhlin, Corbett and Sharkey.

Fitzsimmons was a decided favorite in the betting owing to his showing with Ruhlin a short time ago, his defeat of Ruhlin over Sharkey a few weeks Ruhlin on that occasion and the previous victory of Ruhlin over Sharkey a few weeks earlier, were figured on as showing that Fitz ought to whip the sailor on this occasion. When the men met last night both of them declared themselves to be in first class condition, and they certainly looked it. Fitzsimmons had taken on a few pounds in weight since his meeting with Ruhlin, but neither he nor Sharkey would tell his actual weight. But Sharkey looked to be about twenty pounds heavier.

When the men came together Sharkey assumed the aggressive, rushing fiercely and swinging wildly. Fitzsimmons had no difficulty in side-stepping out of the way. Bob soon began feinting Sharkey into leads, and when the sailor tried his round arm blows he left himself open, at which Fitzsimmons, quick to take advantage of, stepped inside and put powerful right and left smashes on the sailor's body and neck. He jabbed Sharkey with his left, making the sailor lose his temper; then Sharkey rushed more wildly than before, missing most of the swings, while Fitzsimmons was getting to him with great force and using both his hands.

At the close of the round Sharkey, with a terrific left swing, which landed on the shoulder and neck, put Fitzsimmons down to the floor of the ring and then fell over him in his mad rush. Tom regained his feet quickly, but the bell rang with Fitz still on the floor. The spectators were cheering like wild men, and when Fitzsimmons got to his feet the men shaped to go for each other, evidently not having heard the bell amid the uproar. The referee rushed between them, sending them to their corners, and this is where Sharkey says he would have finished Fitz had he had ten seconds more.

In the second round, Sharkey having gained confidence from his knocking Fitz down in the preceding round, went after his man as if to annihilate him. but Fitz having the cooler head and better judgment, outgeneralled the younger man, who seemed to lose all control of himself in his frantic endeavors to land on Fitzsimmons. Fitz stepped in with a crushing right to the body and a ready left to the jaw, while the best Sharkey could do was to swing a left, which landed in the middle of Fitzsimmons' back. There was fearful force behind this blow, as Fitzsimmons said after the fight was over that he felt as if he had been hit with a pick-ax in the small of the back. Fitzsimmons' coolness never forsook him and he watched the sailor's wild throws with evident satisfaction. Fitz stepped in to him and literally battered Sharkey down with his right on the body and with lefts and rights on the head. Sharkey took the count and came up groggy. He staggered back to the ropes with Fitz hot after him. Sharkey was then unable to protect himself, and Fitzsimmons sent that fearful right once more to the body, following up with right and left to the body. Sharkey wabbled, but still had strength enough left to keep on his feet. Fitzsimmons stepped in again with another right on the body, following twice with rights and lefts on the head, and finished his work and the fight with a stinging left hook on the jaw which sent Sharkey down and out.

It was a short but hard fight, in which Fitz proved his superiority, and it is just possible that another meeting with Jeffries will result in Fitzsimmons again winning the title of heavyweight champion of the world.

About 6000 people saw the bout, but if they had not been extra good natured they would have left the club house long before the fight was put on. The management was in bad odor for three hours, during which time the 6000 penned-up sports sweltered and fumed in the heated club house, where there was little or no ventilation. The preliminary bout fell through, and another had to be substituted, which caused a delay of at least an hour and a half. Never was such a poor exhibition put up in any club house, no matter how small, in this vicinity in many a year.

Then there was another delay of nearly an hour before the big fellows made their appearance. Charley White, the chosen referee, refused to officiate unless $500 were guaranteed to him. When White finally gained his point it was thought the fight would then go on, but Fitzsimmons and his manager insisted that the amount of the purse, $25,000, should be in sight before the lanky pugilist would enter the ring. Just what arrangement was come to between the club management could not be learned, but Fitz declared that he was satisfied as he walked to the ringside. Sharkey had been in the ring fully twenty-five minutes before Fitzsimmons turned up, and Bob was greeted with hisses and cheers mingled. In less than fifteen minutes afterward those who groaned at the old man were standing on their chairs cheering madly for the man who had given Sharkey his quietus.

After the battle, when the men had returned to their dressing rooms, it was seen that Fitz did not show a mark. He had a slight cut on the inside of his lip, but that was all. Fitzsimmons said:

"I've got very little to say other than I'm glad I've won and won quickly. I am glad also for the sake of my wife and children, and am going to hurry home to them with all possible speed. I will look for Jeffries next and will be ready to meet him as soon as arrangements can be made. I am an old man, but I'm not a 'has been,' and I feel that I can take care of myself against all comers for some time to come."

In an adjoining room Sharkey was being rubbed down by his handlers. He seemed to be crestfallen at his defeat. He said:

"Well, I got licked, sure enough, but I've got myself to blame for it. I should not have mixed it up. That is where I made the mistake. I wish the opening round had lasted about fifteen seconds longer and I would have finished him, as I am sure I had him going when the bell separated us."

Sharkey had a black eye and a bloody nose as the result of his meeting with Fitzsimmons, who beat him down as if he had been using a big hammer in a blacksmith forge.

Round 1. Sharkey rushed and swung his left for the body, but Fitzsimmons jumped out of reach. Sharkey rushed again. Fitz jumped away. Sharkey rushed again, but Fitz met him with a heavy right on the body. Sharkey missed a right swing. Fitz easily stepped out of reach. Sharkey swung his left, but Fitz got away and the blow landed on his back. Fitz tried right and left for head, but Sharkey ducked, and then Fitz landed left hook on cheek. Sharkey swung wildly for the head, but Fitz ducked and then sent his right to Sharkey's jaw. Sharkey clinched. Sharkey swung a heavy left for the head, but Fitzsimmons blocked it. Sharkey rushed wildly, landing a left on the shoulder. Fitzsimmons sent left and right to the face. Then Sharkey rushed again, sending his left on shoulder, and Fitz went down to the floor, Sharkey falling over him with his rush. The bell rang with Fitz on the floor and the referee rushed between them.

Round 2. Sharkey rushed to close quarters, swinging left and right without landing. Fitz rushed, sending his right to body and left to neck. Both swung wildly with rights and lefts. Fitz stepped in with a right to body and left to head. Sharkey was wild, but Fitz sent him to the floor after a succession of rights and lefts on face. Sharkey took the count and got up groggy and staggered back to the ropes. Fitz went after him and hooked his left to jaw. Then he sent a right and left to the head and Sharkey was unable to protect himself. Then Fitz sent a hard right to the body and hooked his left to the jaw, and as Sharkey was staggering he hooked his left to the jaw, sending Sharkey down the second time. Sharkey struggled to regain his feet, but he fell over on his hands and face. He struggled gamely and attempted to get up, but the right on the body and left on the jaw had done their work, and Sharkey was counted out by the referee, who declared Fitzsimmons the winner.

# Talk of The Sports.

## The Annual Discussion of a Baseball League to Include Duluth Has Begun.

Dragged from its cob-webbed abode of drowsiness, the annual scheme for organizing a Wisconsin and Minnesota inter-state league "next" season has been sprung on the fans much earlier than usual. The oldest inhabitant fails to remember it on an earlier date, and regards this as an indication of an open winter.

As often as it has been sprung it has been declared practical and then the matter has dropped. New enthusiasm will have to be injected into the national game in Duluth next season or there is little hope of a winning team. The competition resulting from the inter-state league would certainly supply the want Towns that could be depended on are: Duluth, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Superior, Winona, Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Bayfield, Ashland, Hayward, and Washburn. From this bunch could be picked six of the most promising clubs and in case of small Wisconsin towns Bayfield and Washburn, they, being close together might consolidate, and play alternately, as could Ashland and Hayward.

Out of all the towns mentioned St. Paul and Minneapolis might be the most dangerous. The Twin Cities have become so used to big league ball that it is doubtful if a minor inter-state league could draw well. Then the jump to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Winona would be a big factor in the expense account, but if the backing can be secured down there the head of the lakes cranks would undoubtedly go in for it.

* * *

There has been a noticeable falling off in the interest in baseball during the past month and those who have their money invested in the big leagues are a bit anxious about the future of the game. In the West, particularly during the past two weeks, business has been very bad, with the possible exception of Pittburg, which has a team that deserves the patronage it has been receiving. In Chicago and Cincinnati 1,000 persons at a game played during the week is considered a big crowd. In Chicago and St. Louis Sunday games formerly brought out 15,000, and sometimes 20,000 persons. Now 8000 at a Sunday game is a good atendance.

* * *

It seems incredible that the sports of an angelic town like this should tolerate a "fake" like the meeting last Sunday between Filian, the lightweight champion of West Duluth, and Hancock, the champion heavy-weight quitter of the world. The sporting graft was pretty well worked, but the defenders of prize fighting will have to find some better excuse for obtaining money for exhibitions of this sort.

* * *

Bremmer, the pitcher that jumped the Duluth-Superior team last week, was injured in a game at Appleton, Wis., on Sunday. He was at the bat in the fifth inning when an inshoot caught him above the ear. He was unconscious for several hours and has been laid up ever since.

* * *

The maroon hosieried allies are playing at Ashland today and tomorrow. Monday a game will be played at Bayfield, Tuesday at Washburn, and on Wednesday at Hayward. Next week Washburn is expected here.

* * *

The chicken season in this state opens a week from today and promises better sport than has been known in years. The prairies of Minnesota and the Dakotas are said to be fairly teeming with chickens and quail. The dry spring enabled the chickens to hatch without loss and the brood is more than half grown at this time. Duck hunting also promises to be good this fall, and plover and snipe shooting, which is now under way, is also excellent.

* * *

The coming season in Western football circles gives every indication of being one of the cleanest known to the followers of the sport in the west. The strained relations which existed between some of the schools at the opening of the season last year are strangely missing. The managerial squabbles about dates and gate receipts have been settled and smoothed over for good, until at present there exists between the western colleges a relationship of the friendliest sort.

It is somewhat of a novelty for western football teams to start the season without some trouble, but Michigan and Chicago have buried the hatchet and the alumni between those schools are elated beyond words. Northwestern and the others are on good terms. Wisconsin has come within the charmed circle, and there are no dark shaddows to be found anywhere. The result is a more open series of games than ever before and the exclusiveness for reputation and gain has been dropped in the hopes of a more definite bearing on the championship of the West. This crowning feature of western football was brought about in a round-about way this year.

Illinois plays Wisconsin, Chicago and Wisconsin both play Minnesota, Wisconsin and Iowa both play Chicago, and Chicago plays Michigan. Iowa is the new factor in the championship circle and evidently has taken the place once held so strongly by Purdue years ago.

Wisconsin has abandoned the Eastern jaunt. Michigan has closed up its schedule with any eastern games, but with a number of smaller games, which grow harder as the season advances, all having one object in view, and that is slow but easy hardening for the Chicago game, and then—the western championship.

* * *

Corbett seems to have just one advantage in his coming fight with McCoy, and it may count or may not. He is stronger than the "Kid," and can probably stand more punishment. McCoy, although as game as the best, has never stood any hard grueling. He has himself acknowledged that his system has some vital spots that need strengthening. If the fight should be a long one Corbett would probably stand the better chance of winning.

The betting on McCoy and Corbett should be even money. The men are evenly matched except in point of weight and the wonderful ring tactics of both men give either a chance. If there is any shade in the betting it is likely to be in Corbett's favor. McCoy is considered to be averse to hot weather training and has had few cool days in which to exercise himself. He said awhile ago that he thought training in the summer induced consumption, and he did not care to do any of it then, but the sudden stop to boxing has made him take a chance along with the rest of the big fellows.

Corbett has been doing his training down by the seashore, while McCoy has taken in the fishing among the cool mountains up in the northern part of New York state. Corbett's training does not seem to be of the old-fashioned kind where a man used to reckon on putting out at least one of his trainers a day. It is being done on the progressive lines that Corbett more than anyone else has brought into fashion and includes the lighter and more rapid forms of exercise rather than the heavy stand-up-and-slug training that the old champions used to condition themselves with. I think this fight is more likely to go the limit than any other fight between the top-notchers in the heavy weigh line.

* * *

A meeting was held in Paris two weeks ago at the office of the A. A. U. for the purpose of organizing an International Athletic Association. Representatives from the different countries were present and the matter was fully discussed. Nothing definite was done beyond the selection of a name for the organization which will be known as the Union Athlique International. The aim of the association will be to have world's championship games every year in one of the different countries. The representatives practically agreed to return to their respective homes and work with the associations for the formation of this union. One of the objects of the union will be to have a uniform set of rules regarding events, so that all could know them in advance and not have them run under the rules of any one national organization.

* * *

John L. Sulivan continues to be the most popular man that ever wore a boxing glove. Any time John's exchequer gets low his friends are ready to get up an entertainment for him. The testimonial at Madison Square Garden Aug. 29 promises to be a hummer. Manager Jim Kennedy, of the Twentieth Century Athletic Club, has turned the use of the Garden over to the beneficiary for that night. Senator Timothy D. Sulivan will act as chairman of the testimonial, while John A. Dooner will look after the financial end. The money accruing from the benefit will nat be given to Sullivan in a lump, but it is proposed to hold it in trust and only pay over the interest. Many of the best known boxing experts have already volunteered their services and will be seen in limited round bouts with men of their own weights. In addition to the latter contests there will be three ten round bouts on their merits between boxers of the top flight. The wind-up will bring together John L. Sullivan, the old champion, and Jim Jeffries, the giant Californian, the present holder of the title.

# THE STATE OF TRADE.

## The Sky Is Not Cloudless, But There Was No Backward Movement During the Week.

New York, Aug. 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says: The sky is not cloudless, but there has been no backward movement of business this week.

The chief drawback of the week has been the intense heat in some sections of the West, which was more efficient in retarding business than the lower temperatures East were in stimulating. Crop advices continue as cheerful as at any time lately, and the labor situation shows no important changes in working forces. Prices are steady, but there is talk of a decline, perhaps $10 per ton, in steel rails shortly to a basis at which it is believed the railways will be willing to place orders for the ensuing year's supplies.

More good news comes from the iron centers, where bridge and boat builders and makers of agricultural implements, stoves and cast iron pipe are all eager to secure raw material or partially finished material. Prices are sustained and in a few cases move upward. Iron generally is a more solid and better balanced market than for two months past. Reduction in output of iron is having the desired effect, as most northern prints thought. At the South stocks are still heavy and complaint is heard of prohibitive freight rates to the seaboard. Large export business is waiting and foreign buying of finished material continues large. Production of coke has been decreased to 143,980 tons weekly in the Connellsville region. Another sharp decline has taken the price of tin to 30⅜ cents, but copper is firm.

Keep the System Toned up in Summer Time!

Blatz Malt=Vivine (a non-intoxicating malt extract) is recommended by the medical profession as a most *exhilarating and strengthening tonic.*

—ALL DRUGGISTS—

Prepared by Blatz Brewing Co. Milwaukee.

Wheat declined still further on Saturday, touching the lowest price since early in June and making the full 15⅜ cents from the top point of the season about two months ago. Vigorous marketing by farmers show their willingness to sell at current prices, receipts at primary markets during three weeks amounting to 19,999,900 bushels, against 10,633,051 last year. Daily figures of exports continue light, although there is much talk of purchases for foreign account. Prices recovered from the lowest point, traders on the short side taking profits freely. Corn is steady, but a drop last year makes the present prices only 4 cents above that of 1899.

Sales of wool at the three chief Eastern markets have increased to 5,062,500 pounds, against 4,231,800 pounds in the week previous. Texas wool was active in Boston and territory grades are all firmly held, though prices are nominally unchanged. There is no pressure to sell, some dealers shipping East with definite instructions to hold off until after election. Factories are still working only part time in the Eastern boot and shoe districts and it is evident that earlier estimates of accumulated stocks were much too small.

There is mere activity in the hide market and prices are sustained by strong foreign quotations, activity in Chicago by California tanners and government purchases of harness.

Failures for the week were 171 in the United States against 163 last year and 29 in Canada against 16 last year.

Bradstreet's today says: Contrary trade currents still give an appearance of irregularity to the entire situation, but good and favorable influences conspire to bring about a sort of balance which accords well with the healthier conditions and the particular season of the year. If clearing returns are to be regarded, the tide of trade was about at its ebb last week, but it is well known that clearings rarely, except in times of speculative excitement, reflect present conditions.

In the iron trade the corner has apparently been turned for the better and there is a perceptible improvement in demand at leading Western markets. Prices, too, are steady, what few decreases are noted being largely due to improved crop conditions, particularly of corn and cotton. Despite the reports which have pictured the corn crop as heavily shortened by hot winds, the reports to Bradstreets from Nebraska, Kansas and St. Louis are, as a whole, quite encouraging. The lowered price of cotton is largely due to the arrival of needed rains in the South Atlantic states.

On the other hand, in the list of unfavorable features, holiday quiet in many lines is notable at the large Eastern centers, although some improvement in dry good jobbing is reported at several points. In the textile trades, quiet in cotton goods is still notable and the spring season for men's wear woolens drags perceptibly. Raw wool is quiet and the manufacturers are buying only to fill orders actually booked. Raw cotton is at a deadlock, crop uncertainties and extremely small supplies being balanced by the less favorable outlook for the manufactured goods. Reports are common of a falling off in traffic in leading Eastern roads, but certainly nothing of this is reflected in the gross earnings of leading railroads for the second week of August. All in all, the trade situation may be said to lack snap, but there is little appearance of weakness and hopefulness as to the fall trade outlook is expressed in spite of its presumably being a year of election excitement. Western trade advices are relatively most optimistic. Chicago reported a big week in dry goods and liberal business in clothing, hats and shoes, though buyers' selections are made with care. More is doing in shoe-leather and hides are firm. St. Louis reports that the Missouri corn crop will be an average and that of Illinois very large.

Wheat, including flour shipments for the week aggregate 2,295,168 bushels, against 3,113,341 bushels last week, 3,343,825 in the corresponding week of 1899, 3,563,476 in 1898, 5,149,653 in 1897 and 3,281,854 in 1896. From July 1 to date, this season, wheat exports are 23,696,448, against 29,508,894 last season and 25,096,552 in 1898-99.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 3,493,375 bushels, against 3,017,089 last week, 4,596,095 in this week a year ago, 2,666,933 in 1898, 2,682,425 in 1897 and 2,610,309 in 1896. From July 1 to date, this season, corn exports are 28,877,289, against 37,122,766 last season and 22,877,289 in 1898-99.

Business failures in the United States as reported to Bradstreets aggregate 135 for the week, against 168 last week, 154 in this week a year ago, 172 in 1898, 210 in 1897 and were about half what they were in this week four years ago.

Canadian failures for the week number 29 against 24 last week, 23 in this week a year ago, 27 in 1898, 39 in 1897 and 31 in 1896.

**Story of a Slave.**

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. It is a godsend to weak, sickly, run-down people. Cure guaranteed. Only 50c. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

**Are You Going**

To Chicago with the crowd to the thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic?

Now is the opportunity to make all your arrangements. "The North-Western Line" will sell you tickets at one fare for the round trip and furnish you with an encampment program and souvenir. The only solid through train to Chicago, with no change of cars for passengers of any class. Unexcelled dining car service. Luxurious sleeping car accommodations. Free reclining chair cars, safety wide vestibuled trains, smooth, easy-riding roadbed.

Call at the city office of "The North-Western Line," 405 West Superior

# Table and Kitchen

## Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

### FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, 719 Chamber of Commerce building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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## THE ART OF JELLY MAKING.

### Not a Difficult Task If the Principles Are Understood.

In order to succeed in this branch of preserving fruits, one must know the principle involved. While fruits may be preserved without sugar, its introduction in the process of making jelly is necessary for obvious reasons. Jelly is a very thick syrup made from fruit juice and sugar, and all conditions must be favorable to gain success.

SELECTING MATERIAL.

In selecting the materials for making jelly it is well to understnd a few essential points. This makes the work easier and insures success under ordinary conditions.

A gelatinous substance known as pectin, the jellying principle, is naturally found in all fruits. Some are much richer in this quality than others, and for this reason, suitable for jelly. However, they all have their greatest amount on reaching maturity. For this reason they should not be allowed to remain on the tree after they reach this stage, but be gathered rather underripe. Grapes make the best jelly if used when they are beginning to turn or still green. After ripening the jellying principle diminishes, and success is very uncertain in the making of jelly.

Another point to consider is the fact that they make better jelly if gathered when the sun is shining, and never in damp or wet weather, as watery fruits dilute the jelly making substance.

Only sugar of the best quality, and that made from sugar cane, should be used. Beet sugar answers nicely for some purposes, but not for jellies and jams, on account of having a better percentage of water than the other.

Remember, you are preserving the fruit juice, and it is this substance, and not the sugar that requires cooking. Boil the sugar as little as possible to obtain best results. Too long boiling as well as too much sugar will make your jelly candy or sugar, and also make it tough and gummy. You add the sugar for the purpose of making the fruit juices "jell," and to make it palatable as well.

JELLY-MAKING FRUITS.

The small fruits that contain a great deal of juice are those used for jellies. These are the strawberries, currants, raspberries, blackberries and grapes. Of the larger fruits, quinces and some varieties of apples make very delicious jelly, and are general favorites.

HOW TO EXTRACT THE JUICES.

Two methods are employed to extract the fruit juices. The quickest way is to place the fruit in a kettle, adding to the smaller fruits just enough water to keep them from burning. Stand them where they will heat gradually to scalding point. When they are soft enough to mash easily, pour them into bags made of several thicknesses of cheesecloth and pointed so that the juices will run in a small stream into a pitcher. Hang the bag up and let the juices drain out. Do not squeeze the pulp for the first jelly, but when all is drained that will run or drip, squeeze the pulp so that no juices are wasted. This can be strained again, and if not perfectly clear do not mix with the first lot, but make up separately.

ANOTHER METHOD.

A slower, but better way is to put the fruit into stone jars; set these in larger vessels of tepid water, and then cook until fruit is soft. Apples and quinces must be cut into small pieces, and if the cores are defective, they must be cut out. Cover these fruits with cold water and cook slowly until soft. Strain same as the berries.

COOKING THE JUICE.

It is much better to take a small quantity of jelly at a time. A quart of juice is quite enough for one boiling. Allow equal measures of juice and sugar, as a rule. Medium-sized agate preserving kettles are best to use, as they are light to handle, and easily cleaned, and not affected by the acid in the juices. Boil the juice rapidly for ten minutes, skimming if necessary, then add the sugar and boil ten minutes longer.

A QUICKER WAY.

Have the sugar measured, and while the juice is boiling, heat it in the oven on a flat dish. Do not let it brown. Then when juice has boiled ten minutes, add the sugar and stir until it is dissolved. Let it boil up once. Sometimes this is sufficient cooking, even when sugar is not heated, as it will occasionally jell in very short time.

HOW TO TEST WHEN DONE.

A very good test is when it froths up to the top of the kettle after the sugar has been added. If it does not spread when cold, but remains firm and round, it is done. Test by dropping a little on a saucer. If it does not spread when cold, but remains firm and round, it is done. Twenty minutes' steady boiling altogether is quite long enough for making good jelly, and often much less time is necessary, especially when sugar is heated.

PUTTING IN THE GLASSES.

Heat your glasses thoroughly by placing in a pan of tepid water and letting it come to boiling point. Then set them on a damp cloth; spread on a board or table. Fill to overflowing, as jelly will shrink. Let stand until cold before covering. A thin scum forms at once, and this excludes the air.

COVERING GLASSES.

When jelly is perfectly cold, cut out round pieces of white paper, or use the wax covering that comes prepared for the purpose. Lay on top of jelly. Then cut large pieces from heavier paper, brush the inner edge with white of egg, cover and paste down on outside of the glass. Keep jelly in a cool, dry, dark place.

## MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

### Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal. Sliced Peaches. Cream.
Fried Spring Chicken, Creamed Potatoes.
Rice Waffles, Honey.
Coffee.

DINNER.
Fruit Soup.
Roast Lamb, Mint Sauce.
Green Peas. Potato Croquettes.
Scalloped Tomatoes.
Pineapple and Banana Salad.
Ice Cream. Coffee.

SUPPER.
Pressed Chicken. Lettuce.
Thin Slices Brown Bread and Butter.
Fruit. Cake.
Tea.

### Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Oat Meal, Sugar and Cream.
Breaded Tomatoes, Cream Sauce,
Thin Slices Bacon.
Coffee. Rolls.

LUNCH.
Fried Egg Plant. Sliced Tomatoes.
Corn Pudding.
Stewed Fruit. Bread and Butter.
Cocoa.

DINNER.
Onion Soup.
Broiled Steak, Green Peppers.
Stuffed Potatoes. Buttered Beets
Bean Salad.
Macedoine of Fruits. Cake.
Coffee.

### Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Grits Mush, Sugar and Cream.
Lamb Mince. Bacon Chips.
Peas with Cream Sauce.
Toast. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Deviled Crabs, Brown Bread.
Tomato Mayonaise.
Raspberries and Cream,
Soft Ginger Bread.
Tea.

DINNER.
Clear Soup, with Green Peas.
Breaded Cutlets. Tomato Sauce.
Lima Beans. Buttered Corn.
Spiced Beets.
Lettuce, French Dressing.
Chilled Melon. Coffee.

### Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Berry Toast, Sugar and Cream.
Fried Perch. Baked Potatoes.
White Corn Muffins. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Macaroni Balls, Cheese Sauce.
Boiled Tomatoes.
Blueberry Pudding. Tea.

DINNER.
Cream of Corn Soup.
Broiled Crops. Scalloped Potatoes.
Squash Fritters. Vegetable Salad.
Montrose Pudding.
Coffee.

## RECIPES.

Below will be found a few recipes of dishes appearing in the foregoing menus. The recipe of any dish not given and requested will be published in these columns as space will permit under the heading of "Answers to Inquiries."

Rice Waffles—Beat the yolks of three eggs very light, add one cup of sour or sweet milk, beating rapidly. Melt two tablespoonfuls butter and add to three cups of plain boiled rice and a tablespoonful of salt. Sift three level teaspoonfuls baking powder with three cups of flour into a mixing bowl. Add the milk and egg gradually to the flour, beating to a smooth batter. Now add this mixture to the rice and beaten egg, and give the whole a good beating. Bake on well-greased waffle irons and serve at once.

Potato Croquettes—Cold mashed potatoes will answer nicely for these. Take two cups of mashed potatoes; add two eggs beaten light; two tablespoonfuls of cream, a tablespoonful of chopped parsley, a teaspoonful of onion juice, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, a grating of nutmeg and salt and pepper to taste. Mix all thoroughly, and place in a saucepan over the fire, and stir and cook until the mixture leaves the sides of the pan. Then turn out to cool. When cold enough to handle, form into cylinder-shaped croquettes about two and a half inches long and an inch thick. Dip into beaten egg and roll in bread crumbs, and fry in hot fat same as other croquettes.

Pressed Chicken—Cut up fowls as for fricassee; place in a kettle and just cover with cold water. Cover closely to retain the steam. Cook gently until the meat leaves the bones. When about half done, it will require about three hours to cook, add a teaspoonful of salt. When done remove bones, fat and gristle, chop up the meat into cubes, keeping white and dark separate. Put the bones, skin and gristle back into the liquor; add a slice of onion, little parsley and stalk of celery. Reduce until there is about one-half, then strain. Season with salt and pepper. Put the meat in a square tin mold, in layers; then pour the jelly over it, cover and lay a weight on top to press it down.

Corn Pudding—Take twelve ears of corn, score and scrape out the pulp with a silver fork, leaving the hull on the cob. Separate three eggs and beat white and yolk separately. Add the yolks to the corn. Then add four teaspoonfuls of melted butter, a teaspoonful of salt, a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper and a pint of milk. Mix thoroughly. Beat the whites of the eggs to a stiff froth and add to the rest. Butter a pudding dish and pour in the mixture. Bake in a moderate oven for forty-five minutes. If the corn is not sweet or freshly gathered, add a tablespoonful of sugar to the mixture.

Montrose Pudding. Put one pint of cream in a double boiler and heat to scalding point. Beat the yolks of six eggs together with a cup of granulated sugar until light. Pour the boiling hot cream over this, stirring rapidly; then return to double boiler, and stir and cook until it begins to thicken. Take from the fire and add another pint of cream and a teaspoonful of vanilla. Let it get perfectly cold, and then freeze same as ice cream. When frozen hard, pack in a round or melon mold, leaving quite a space in the center. Fill this with strawberry or raspberry water ice; cover over with the frozen pudding. Then cover the mold closely, so no salt can get in; pack in ice and salt, and let stand for at least two hours. This pudding is served with a sauce.

## INDIANAPOLIS A HUMMER.

### Census Shows Growth of Over Sixty Per Cent.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The population of Indianapolis, as just made public by the census bureau, is 169,164, against 105,436 in 1890, an increase of 63,728, or 60.44 per cent.

The population of Rochester, N. Y., was made public by the census bureau today. It is 162,435, against 133,896 in 1890, an increase of 28,539, or 21.31 per cent.

## CAR HUNG UP.

### The Frightful Experience of Passengers on an Electric Car.

Beaver Falls, Iowa, Aug. 24.—At midnight a closed car on the Riverview line jumped the track on a steep grade, overturned and plunged into two trees, where it hung suspended 150 feet above the Fort Wayne railroad tracks. There were about fifty passengers, mostly members of the Elbe club, of New Brighton, who had been attending a dance at the park. Many were injured. Vincent Burry and Jennie Lee, of Beaver Falls, may die.

**Where Pearl Comes From.**

The pearl fisheries of the Red sea extend the whole length of that water. About 300 boats are employed by the Arab tribes, manned by crews of from five to twelve men, each provided with a number of small canoes. There are two fishing seasons of the year, and this treasure is said to be oftentimes as elusive as a far more precious treasure—health, for which so many search uselessly. The surest guide to health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invaluable remedy for stomach disorders, recommended by the best physicians for the past fifty years. It should be taken for constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, liver trouble, kidney weakness or any disorder resulting from impure blood or an overworked stomach.

"The Truth and nothing but the Truth."

For Morning Noon and Night!

Cooked Sterilized Partly Digested and ready for instant use.

**Granut** Delicately sweetened because it contains maltose, produced by the digestion of starch, (no "sugar" in it). Dyspeptics thrive on it. Digests in the stomach and enriches the blood quicker than any other cereal food. It builds hardy nerve and muscle strength.

**Granose** looks like diminutive "Saratoga chips." Made of the entire wheat less the woody fibre. Supplies all the needs of the human system. Melts in the mouth. Made also in the form of a toothsome "all crust" biscuit (not a cracker).

**Granola** a combination of the nutritive portions of a number of grains. Very palatable. Has a dry, nutty flavor.

Ask your grocer for "Battle Creek SANITARIUM foods"—**NOT** *for Battle Creek foods*, and avoid worthless imitations that do you no good and injure our reputation.

**Caramel Cereal** is the original and genuine successor to coffee. Has delicate aroma and agrees with the most delicate stomach.

Send for our Free Booklets and 3c. to cover postage for Sample.

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOOD CO., Battle Creek, Mich.

TREES IN PARIS.

Wide streets and handsome street trees help largely in the fame of beautiful Paris. But the success of the trees is due to intelligent oversight by the authorities, says Meehan's Monthly. Even with this admirable protection the average life of a Paris tree is found to be but half of those growing in the environs. Of varieties, the following have been found best suited to the conditions of Paris, preference being given in order named: Horsechestnut (which is much the best), plane, ailantus, locust, linden and paulownia.

**The Grand Army Encampment at Chicago.**

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway has made extensive and careful preparations to handle from the Northwest an unusually heavy Grand Army travel to the Chicago encampment, Aug. 27 to Sept. 1, 1900.

Every possible comfort and convenience will be furnished the veterans and general public en route to and from this meeting, which promises to be one of the largest since the war.

Delegates and others from the Twin Cities and points north and west have their choice of five handsome trains to Chicago each day via "The Milwaukee," as follows:

From Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:30 a. m.; arrive Chicago 9:45 p. m.

From Minneapolis 7:30 p. m., St. Paul 8:10 p. m.; arrive Chicago 9:30 a. m.

From Minneapolis 10:50 p. m., St, Paul 11:25 p. m.; arrive Chicago 1 p. m.

From Minneapolis 6:25 p. m., St. Paul 6:55 p. m.; arrive Chicago 7 a. m.

From Minneapolis 4 p. m., St. Paul 4:10 p. m.; arrive Chicago 7:55 a. m.

The rate for this occasion will be one-half tariff for the round trip (from St. Paul and Minneapolis, $11.50.

Tickets will be sold Aug. 25 to 29, inclusive; extreme limit to return until Sept. 30.

These tickets will be accepted on the celebrated Pioneer Limited (from Minneapolis 7:30 p. m., St. Paul 8:10 p. m.), the only perfect train in the world.

Secure your tickets via "The Milwaukee" and make sure of a delightfully comfortable trip.

For sleeping car reservations and detailed information, apply to C., M. & St. P. agents, or write J. P. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

**$22--Toronto and Return--$22.**

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, Sault Ste. Marie and Canadian Pacific steamers, via Owen sound. Rate includes meals and berths on steamer. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to Sept. 3. Return limit, Sept. 30.

**Fishing and Outing Rates.**

Tickets on sale Saturday, returning following Monday. Round trip Duluth to Deerwood, $2.00; Sturgeon Lake, $1.50; also season round trip tickets at very low rates to numerous other charming Minnesota resorts on Northern Pacific railway. Full particulars at city ticket office, No. 332 West Superior street.

# Of Duluth's Neighbors.

## TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Nettie Benton returned Monday evening from an extended visit with relatives at Minneapolis, she was accompanied by Miss Anna Ellenstein, of the same place, for a couple of weeks' visit, the guest of Mrs. L. Bentson.

Dr. Harwood came up from Eveleth Friday evening for a few days' visit with Dr. Richardson, of Soudan.

Billy Coss was over from Eveleth yesterday.

Mrs. Archie Phillips was visiting friends in Ely the first of the week.

Mrs. Norton and daughter, Nellie, arrived in the city Friday evening from West Superior, Wis., for an extended visit at the residence of Harry Meeker.

Mrs. John Swansen left Tuesday morning for an extended visit with her parents at Reed City, Mich.

Charles Sexton, of the half-way house on the Crane Lake portage, was in the city Saturday.

Dave and Abe Shapiro returned Monday morning to their homes at Minneapolis after a couple of weeks' visit, the guest of Master Carl and Leo Shapiro.

Miss Katie Kinney arrived in the city Saturday evening from Duluth for a couple of weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Oppel.

Master Gilbert Ketcham came up from Duluth Friday evening for a few days' visit with Eddie Barnidge.

Richard Blight and family, of Soudan, left Tuesday morning for the Elba mine at McKinley, where Mr. Blight has a situation.

Misses Anna and Mary Stone returned to their homes at Duluth, Friday morning, after a couple of weeks' visit with their many friends here.

T. J. Walsh and wife returned Saturday evening from a Duluth visit.

Stephen Green, Indian agent at Nett Lake reservation, was in the city over Sunday.

Dr. Goetchius and wife came up from Duluth Saturday evening for a week's visit, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Benson.

Mrs. Archie Phillips left Monday evening for Ely for a few days' visit.

M. J. Segal returned Saturday evening from Virginia, where he intends to open a saloon.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt McMahon, of Two Harbors, and Miss Kenyon, of Chicago, spent Sunday the guest of A. J. Fuller.

James Bigelow returned Saturday from his business trip to Two Harbors.

Roy Ireland, of Ely, was in the city the first of the week.

James Beatty and George Wikeley came down from their homesteads at the head of the lake Tuesday, for supplies.

Fred Johnson and Peter Gruban came up from Eveleth Saturday evening and spent Sunday in the city.

The 2-year-old son of Dr. and Mrs. Richardson, of Soudan, died Saturday morning. The funeral was held at the house Sunday, Rev. L. Belden, of Virginia, officiating.

A. D. Fuller returned Saturday evening from Eveleth.

S. E. McLaughlin, who has for the past ten years been employed as clerk for C. H. Oppel & Sons, general store, has accepted a position with Marion Bros.

The Soudan base-ball club defeated the Tower boys last Sunday by a score of 8 to 7. The Tower boys have come to the conclusion they cannot play ball.

Miss Anna Berry was visiting friends in Ely the first of the week.

"Windy" Brown, a former Towerite, but now of Eveleth, was shaking hands with his many friends here last Sunday.

Noble Beatty, of Duluth, was visiting his friends here yesterday.

A. A. Leighton, Heedrey Toulloff, Roy Ireland, R. J. Whitesides and Ben Merrill came down from a couple of weeks' cruising trip through the northern part of the county on their way to Ely, Tuesday.

Deputy Game Warden George King was doing business in Hibbing, Monday.

George Randolph, proprietor of the Seine River stage line, came down from Mine Center Tuesday, en route for Duluth.

C. C. Barker, of Bay City, Mich., interested in the Tower Lumber company, was doing business in the city Monday.

Dem Haley, the lumberman, came down from his drive Tuesday, on his way to Duluth.

Dell Wiseman, of Ely, was visiting friends here Tuesday.

Miss Amelia Auburn came down from Ely Wednesday morning for a short visit with Mrs. Berry.

Mrs. J. W. Williams and daughter, Helen, left this morning for their home at Marshall, Minn., after a couple of weeks' visit at the home of F. H. Webster.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Pickard left Thursday morning for their home at Ripon, Wis., after an extended visit to their son, C. C. Pickard.

Dr. Del a Barre and wife, of Minneapolis, are visiting this week, the guests of Mrs. W. H. Congdon, Sr.

Mrs. Wallace Pool left yesterday morning for a few days' visit among Eveleth friends.

## NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Keyes and Miss Vetty Reed were in Duluth Saturday.

Andrew Lindbloom has taken his children to the Children's home in Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Haskins spent Saturday and Sunday in Duluth and Superior.

Mrs. Miller, of Duluth, was the guest of Mrs. Bert Laidley Sunday.

Mr. Lyons has moved his family from Mr. Jackel's house into the house formerly owned by G. H. Hermann.

Harvey Harrington, who was visiting his sister, Mrs. Haskins, returned to Superior Saturday.

Philip Jordan was home from Cass Lake this week.

A. J. Munroe has gone to Duluth to work in Clark & Jackson's mill. He expects to move his household goods soon.

George Reindl cut his hand very severely with an ax Sunday while chopping wood. The ax struck the back of his hand cutting open a large blood vessel.

Mrs. Cunningham and son, Robert, of Cadot, and Mrs. Considine, of Duluth, visited Mrs. Haskins Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hermann and daughter attended the reception given for Rev. A. J. Hoag at West Duluth Baptist church Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Erick Johnson have moved into Robert Craeger's house.

Mr. and Mrs. Alec Allee and daughter, Cora, of Proctorknott, and Fred Lockhart, of Twentieth avenue, visited friends here Sunday.

Charles Hurd and O. G. Brice were in Duluth Wednesday.

John Hermann, of Ashland, Wis., is visiting his cousin Otis Hermann.

Mr. and Mrs. Clay Giddings visited Mr. and Mrs. C. Becklinger Thursday.

The subject of the new road between New Duluth and Fond du Lac, which has been so much discussed, is one in which the people here are much interested. It is conceded that either a new road must be built or the old one repaired. While the new one would shorten the distance very much it would also avoid the long steep hills which make the old one impracticable for any sort of travel except with a horse. It would be impossible for the street car line to be extended to Fond du Lac unless this road is built. If the street car line is to be brought out to Ironton as is contemplated it would certainly pay the company to extend the line to Fond du Lac. The thousands of picnicers who go there would make business lively in summer. It is also certain that if they could get back and forth every day, many workingmen would live out here in preference to any other location.

GRAIN-O
THE FOOD DRINK
you know that
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the
heada.
Grain-
taste, but
All grocers;

Mrs. Andrew Olson has returned from a visit with friends in Michigan.

J. A. Reed was in town Tuesday.

Johnny Jack returned to his home in Barnum after a visit with his cousins here.

The Modern Woodmen entertainment will be held tonight at the Woodmen hall. Ice cream and cake will be served and the following program will be given:

Male quartet—"The Old Oak"........
Joseph Rutter, Charles Wills, Ed Hermann, A. G. Kessler.
Solo—"The Girl I Loved in Tennessee"
Joseph Rutter.
Solo—Selected ..............................
Miss Belle Hermann.
Male quartet—"Woodmen's Jubilee... Song" ..............................
Solo—"Leonore" ..............................
Mrs. U. C. Tower.
Recitation—"The Benediction" .......
Miss Belle Hermann.
Solo—"A Gay Laboring Man".........
Joseph Rutter.
Recitation—Selected .........
Miss Maud Miller.
Male quartet—"The Log Rolling Song"

Messrs. Murphy and Kern, of West Duluth, have been in town and procured several names for the West Duluth Bryan club.

R. W. Sprague, who has been at St. Mary's hospital, has returned home. He is very little improved in health.

## McKINLEY.

McKinley, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ed Weltzel has accepted a position as yardmaster for the Fayal Iron company at Fayal.

John McKay, of Two Harbors, spent a few days here this week.

The water has been about all pumped from the open pit at the Fayal mine, and mining there will be resumed this week. This week's rains have set them back considerably.

John Runquist, of Two Harbors, was in town Tuesday.

Ed Garlick had a horse killed by an ore train Tuesday.

Both the Missabe road and the Minnesota mines have reduced their shipments this week, owing to the blockade at the Sault, caused by the schooner Maida.

Clark Pearson, of Sparta, has accepted a position with the Iron Range road at Waldo.

The body of Dan McRea, who was drowned in the Partridge river, near Allen Junction, Sunday evening, was found Monday morning and was sent to Coroner Eklund at Duluth the same day. It is reported that the man had relatives living near Detroit, Mich.

The heavy rains have still continued the past week and will cause considerable delay to the shovel and open pit mines.

The Iron Range road has completed its new branch to the Fay mine at Virginia.

J. M. Hisnox, who has been working between Biwabik and Eveleth the past summer, has returned to his home at Two Harbors.

The Elba and Roberts mines are each now shipping about 800 tons of ore per twenty-four hours.

Mrs. W. G. Dundas did shopping at Biwabik Wednesday.

Agent Arthur Wolfe will depart Monday for Marquette, Mich., where he has been called to see his brother, who is seriously ill. C. N. Hayes, of Endion, is to be acting agent during his absence.

## ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Burley, an employe of Browneil & Co.'s meat market, left Monday morning for Detroit, Mich. He will also visit his parents at Saginaw.

Frank Hodge is having an addition built to his blacksmith shop.

W. Roth, of Minneapolis, is taking the place of H. J. Pike as express messenger on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, while the latter is away.

O. B. Warren, of Hibbing, connected with the Mahoning Mining company, was here Tuesday.

Rev. Dr. Forbes, presiding elder for this district, will hold quarterly services at the M. E. church Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Korb left Thursday morning for Milwaukee and other Eastern parts. Mrs. Korb will visit friends and relatives while Mr. Korb purchases his fall goods from the Eastern markets.

Arthur C. Ely, son of the man for whom this city was named, arrived here this week accompanied by his wife and son to spend a few days' outing near some of our beautiful lakes.

Mrs. A. B. Chandler will arrive here this week from Waterville on an extended visit to her husband.

Miss Ira Johnson has returned from a pleasant visit in Duluth.

The White party returned Sunday from a two weeks' outing at Burnside.

Attorney A. J. Thomas was in Duluth Thursday.

Miss Amelia Aubun visited in Tower the last of the week.

Miss Anna Barry and Fred Boilo, of Tower, spent Sunday in this city.

Ed Crossman made a business trip to Duluth Thursday.

M. J. Roach and Thomas McGraw, of Winton, spent Sunday in this city.

P. R. Vail was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Rev. Father Smerker spent Monday in Tower.

Several parties spent Sunday at Little Long lake and quite a number of fish were caught.

Norman McDonald has been sick the past week with chicken pox.

Quite a number from here attended the Sunday school picnic given by the M. E. church of Soudan at Vermilian lake.

A. J. Fenske returned Saturday evening from a few days' visit in Duluth.

John Golett, accompanied by the little son of C. S. James, left for Minneapolis Tuesday morning.

M. E. Gleason and family are now settled in their new home on Harvey street.

A. Martin, an employe of the Fall Lake Lumber company, left for his home in Minneapolis Tuesday, where he will visit for a few weeks before going to his new position at Devil's Lake, where he will have charge of the Northern Elevator company's elevators.

A sad accident occurred at Winton Saturday morning, when Matt Aho was run over by the cars and received such serious injuries that he died in a short time.

The city council is very busy these days trying to stop men selling liquor on the various mining locations. It is to be hoped their efforts will prove successful in the near future.

## SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, Aug. 25.—(Mr. and Mrs. Nicolas Hettinger were in Duluth Monday.

Charles Johnson, of Duluth, spent Sunday here, the guests of A. G. Renstrom.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter, Florence, spent Saturday and Sunday in Duluth, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hogeboom.

Mrs. A. G. Renstrom and Miss Tillie Renstrom and Mrs. Peter Palm called on Mrs. S. Gustafson at New Duluth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Melhorn, of New Duluth called on Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink Sunday.

Mrs. D. W. Harkins and Mrs. W. H. Smith spent Saturday evening in West Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. William Voss, of Duluth, spent Sunday here with Albert Overton.

The poundmaster has called on the cattle owners of this vicinity and notified them to keep their cattle off of the bridges on the street.

A. G. Renstrom made a business trip to Duluth this week.

John Nelson and family, of Duluth, are camping at Spirit Lake.

Mrs. Rosa A. Butterfield, president of the W. C. T. U. Eleventh district of Iowa, addressed the Sunday school children last Sunday.

Miss May Campbell, who has been sick the past week is well again.

Alderman and Mrs. Edward Swenson entertained in honor of Miss Ida Fay, of ...h, who left for California. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Pearson, Mr. and Mrs. Richard aBrret, Mrs. R. A. Folkerts and son, Mr. and Mrs. James Barret, Louis Lenroot, Mrs. Lenroot, Mr. and Mrs. Stenberg and Miss Annie Wilson, of Duluth.

MUNYON'S INHALER

CURES CATARRH
Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.
Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.
*It reaches the sore spots—It heals the raw places—It goes to the seat of disease—It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or sent by mail. 1505 Arch St., Phila.*

Miss Mary Butterfield is very sick and if possible she will be removed to her home in Iowa tomorrow.

The Sunday school picnic that was to have taken place on Wednesday was postponed on account of the rain.

Mrs. R. A. Folkerts and son has returned home Sunday.

Louis Ramsey, of Duluth, spent Thursday here, the guest of Mrs. W. H. Smith.

About twenty people are camping on Spirit Lake point. The party includes Mr. and Mrs. John Hamill and family and R. F. Markin.

John Hettinger, of Duluth, spent Tuesday here, the guest of Mr .and Mrs. Nic Hettinger.

## TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. E. Helm was a Duluth visitor Friday.

J. W. Pickering, of Waldo, transacted business here Saturday.

The steamer Wotan loaded a cargo of lumber here this week from the Ely mills for Tonawanda, N. Y.

Alderman S. M. Jensen is reported on the sick list this week.

Editor Coggswell of the Iron News is away this week attending the annual excursion of the Minnesota Editorial association.

E. St. George, who has been ill with typhoid fever for the past three weeks, is now able to be around again.

The improvements being made to the Presbyterian church are about completed. New oak pews have been put in. The Methodist Episcopal and Presbyterian congregation will unite in holding tomorrow's services. Rev. Ambler will preach the morning sermon and the evening sermon will be preached by Rev. Mr. Hutton, the M. E. pastor.

H. H. Hanna transacted business at Duluth Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. 'Gene Roop departed Thursday for an extended visit with friends at Detroit, Mich.

The steamer Mariposa discharged a cargo of coal here this week. The Iron Range now has its coal dock about filled, and expects to handle considerable for the mines before the end of the season.

D. Owens returned from Cleveland, Ohio, Friday on the steamer Zenith City.

R. Dillon, of Duluth, has accepted a position as chief clerk for Master Mechanic H. S. Bryan.

William Irwin attended to business matters at Duluth Saturday.

Mrs. R. O. Lazier is visiting at Endion this week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George L. Woollen.

The Maccabees' excursion to O-at-ka beach Sunday was not attended by as many as was expected, the weather looking unfavorable in the morning, but a pleasant time was had by those who did attend.

J. A. Graves, of Ely, visited friends here Saturday.

John Aiken, secretary of the Railroad Y. M. C. A. at Decatur, Ill., is spending his vacation here, the guest of J. L. Snyder.

Contractor J. Runquist looked over his work at St Louis river Tuesday.

The new Sewall hospital is rapidly nearing completion and will present a handsome appearance.

George R. Spencer, of Duluth, stopped here Wednesday on his way on a pleasure trip up the north shore.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Jolsin and family returned Tuesday from Muscatine, Iowa, where they attended the funeral of a sister of Mrs. Joslin's, who died at that place last week.

The M. E. church Sunday school held a picnic at Lester Park Friday last and report a very pleasant time. Lunches were taken and the party went down on the morning passenger, and returned home late in the evening.

Cotractor P. G. Pastoret has about finished laying the water mains in the East Two Harbors addition, and made connection with the village system Monday evening.

Secretary J. L. Snyder of the Y. M. C. A. was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Contractor Charles Eklund has finished his contract grading Sxth avenue west from Cedar street, and new sidewalks are now being laid in that location.

Lumberman St.Jacques, of Waldo, transacted business here Saturday.

Horace Andrews, who was injured while shooting the shutes at O-at-ka beach on the Maccabees excursion Sunday reached home on Tuesday's train, and is doing nicely. Andrews has been somewhat unfortunate of late, as he but recently recovered from a crushed shoulder which was injured while coupling cars at Endion.

E. H. Douglas transacted business at Duluth today.

T. D. Merrill and C. S. Ring, of Duluth, transacted business at the court house Wednesday.

James H. Lung is enlarging his mill on the Stuart river near Waldo and expects to saw a large amount of ties, posts, etc., there the coming winter.

J. C. Hastings, the new lumber dealer, has commenced the erection of large lumber sheds, near the coal docks and First avenue, and expects to be ready for business by Sept. 10.

A. B. Lenhart, for the past eight months employed as night agent for the Iron Range here, has resigned and departed Tuesday with his family for their former home in Southern Wisconsin.

S. S. Devine has resigned as clerk at H. S. Bryan's office, which position he has held for the past three months.

Powell & Mitchell are pushing the work on the breakwater and intend to get as much as possible done before the rough weather commences. One crib was successfully sunk Wednesday, and two others are being built. Some rock is being taken from the light house point for them. This work is being done on the west breakwater. On the east breakwater extension, only rock is being dumped. They have two tugs and two scows besides the drivers employed.

The trout fishing is about over, but very few sportsmen now being seen headed for the streams on Sundays. The fish have been very scarce this summer on account of the low water, and recent rains do not seem to have improved it any. The partridge season which opens next Saturday promises a much better field for sport, as there have been reports of more young birds seen this year than for several seasons past.

Hans Hanson and Joseph Wetherley are away on an exploring trip up the north shore.

The young ladies of the Norwegian Lutheran church gave an enjoyable social at the Norden hall Saturday evening.

It is expected that there will be an appropriation made for a government breakwater and other improvements to Burlington bay this winter.

P. G. Pastoret has secured the contract for extending the Third avenue sewer through the East Two Harbors addition.

The announcement of the Hon. C. O. Baldwin's candidacy for congressman has pleased his many acquaintances and admirers here, and he can be assured of the hearty support of the Lake county Democrats.

T. E. McCarthy, of Biwabik, was in town Friday.

Miss Olga Nelsmon is visiting friends at West Duluth this week.

J. G. Milleh departed Tuesday for a tour of Southern Minnesota, looking after his interests for the railroad commissionership.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Aubolee were Duluth visitors Monday.

Frank James held the lucky number drawing the cow raffled off by L. M. Spinn on Tuesday.

Miss Agnes Dwyer, of Hudson, Wis., is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. John McGraw for a few weeks.

H. Pronovost has returned from the Paris exposition and reports a fine trip. Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Rose are also expected home from the exposition very soon.

Mrs. A. Levine and children have arrived from New York to join Mr. Levine here, where they will make their home.

Miss Birdie Butter is visiting relatives at Northfield, Minn.

W. B. Woodward has been appointed clerk of the school board in place of H. S. Bryan, who failed to qualify, not caring for the office another term.

Miss Lizzie Hangartner expects to depart soon for Portland, Ore., where she has secured a position as cashier.

Articles of incorporation of the Split Rock & Northern railway were filed with the register of deeds here Monday. The officers are William H. Gratwick, of Buffalo, N. Y., president; Charles L. Ring, of Saginaw, Mich., vice president, and F. D. Merrill, of Duluth, secretary and treasurer. This railroad is in connection with the Merrill & Ring logging interests, and is to start from their dams at the mouth of the Split Rock river, about 19 miles down the lake shore from this place and is to be built northwest to near the south side of section 31-55-8, and north. The articles call for the "power to build and maintain docks, warehouses and shops; to operate telegraph lines and make connections with other roads." The capitalization is $25,000, with a limit of indebtedness of $100,000.

Ernest Larson, a young lad who attended the excursion on the Bon Voyage Sunday, fell asleep on the way home and was not discovered until after the boat had discharged her passengers and had left for the south shore. He was put off at Ashland and arrived home Tuesday by train.

Superintendent T. Owens of the Iron Range attended the meeting of the Sixth district congressional committee at St. Cloud Tuesday and was appointed treasurer of that body.

The Republican county convention has been called for Sept. 20, and the would-be nominees are beginning to assume their most pleasant look, and call their friends aside for the usual confidence talk.

George Farmer, The Herald agent here, had the misfortune to slip and fall Tuesday evening, breaking his right wrist. Dr. Sewall attended to the fracture, and the boy is doing nicely.

Ole Olson, a section laborer employed by the Iron Range railway, at French River, was struck by a train on a bridge at that place Monday and knocked off, falling a distance of 25 feet, crushing in and breaking his ribs. He was brought to the Budd hospital here and is still living though his recovery is doubtful.

Miss Tillie Hogberg has been appointed assistant to Postmaster Nelson.

## SPARTA.

Sparta, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Willie Gustafson, aged 12 years, was drowned while in bathing in Ely lake Thursday evening. His parents reside at Ely, hwere his remains were taken for burial.

The camps and outbuildings at the Petit mine near Bender, was destroyed by fire last Saturday. A crew of men was put to work to erect new ones.

Ex-Mayor Henry Truelsen, of Duluth, was a Sparta visitor Wednesday. Mr. Truelsen's trip was in the interests of his political aspirations.

Mrs. B. Pesetti is ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Barney Mulligan, of Duluth, visited Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Keough last week.

Mayor Nelmark is able to be out after a severe attack of typhoid fever.

The village council has appointed Dr. C. W. More, Joseph Holub and M. Kaoli as members of the board of health, and have instructed them to carry out the village ordinances to a letter; they are doing their utmost to put the village in a clean and healthful condition.

Arthur Boyle, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is able to be out again.

The young daughter of Frank Fillon is very ill at their home on Genoa avenue.

The Genoa band boys gave a ball at the village hall Saturday evening—it was a success both socially and financially.

Mrs. Glenn C. Brown is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. MacLean, in Duluth this week.

H. P. Osborne visited with friends at Canby Wednesday.

Charles E. McWhetter, yardmaster of the Duluth & Iron Range at Fayal, has taken a short vacation; he is relieved by

Mrs. Theodore Driscall, of Fayal, visited with her sister, Mrs. Jury, Wednesday. Albert Blair.

Miss Maggie O'Brien visited Eveleth friends Tuesday.

Mrs. August Benson has a very severe attack of typhoid fever.

John Vedez has purchased the interests of Blatink & Co., and will run a saloon in the Indihor building.

Bert Shore departed for his home near Brainerd, Monday.

Chief of Police Holub made a trip to Duluth Tuesday with a prisoner for Sheriff Sargent.

There is probably no man in the Democratic party who has more friends on the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges than Charles G. Miller, and should he be successful in securing the nomination for any county office, he would receive a hearty support from this section of the county.

## EVELETH.

Eveleth, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—D. T. Adams spent a few days in Eveleth on business this week.

Attorney Clyde Campbell returned last week from a week's visit with his parents at Hudson, Wis.

T. A. McMillan left for his home in Buckingham, Que.

Dr. and Mrs. Richardson, of Sanda, mourn the loss of a little boy, who died last week.

The Misses Marit, Ada and Edna Harding, of Crytsal Falls, nieces of Capt. Van Buskirk, are in the city on a few days' visit.

Rev. Dr. Forbes, of Duluth, is to hold services in the M. E. church on next Wednesday evening. Dr. Forbes is an eloquent speaker and his visits to this city are always greatly enjoyed by a large number.

P. C. Kimberley, owner of the Spruce property here, paid Eveleth a visit on last Saturday and Sunday. He was accompanied by J. L. Greatsinger, Cicil Engineer Angst and Capt. Harry Roberts. This party went over the Vermilion range and over to Hibbing on Sunday and were accompanied by Wallace Kimberley, of this city.

Ex-Mayor Truelsen, of Duluth, was in the city last Tuesday visiting friends and looking around for delegates to the Democratic county convention.

Mrs. C. W. More spent Friday and Saturday in Duluth last week.

William J. Ryan left Wednesday noon for his home in Ironwood, Mich., in answer to a telegram announcing the death of his brother at that place.

Mrs. Josephine Sibbitt, and son, Ellard, went to West Superior, Wis., Thursday, for a few days' visit with friends.

Ike Ryan came over from Virginia Wednesday and accompanied his brother to their home in Ironwood, Mich.

Little Miss Rachel Harwood, the 6-year old daughter of Dr. and Mrs. W. E. Harwood, at the Fayal, is dangerously ill.

The news of the sudden death of Sam Ryan, an old Adams mine boy, cast a gloom over his old comrades there Wednesday. Sam was an excellent young man who was greatly liked by all who knew him. The remaining relatives have the sympathy of Sam's many friends here.

R. B. Freedy, superintendent of the Mesaba Telephone company, is at present engaged in placing new poles of about the same size and height along the streets to take the place of the old crooked ones which were hurriedly erected about a year ago. These new poles are all set in the gutters at an equal distance apart. Now if the electric light company would do as they have been repeatedly requested to do by the village council and also replace their old crooked, twisty poles with new straight ones, Grant avenue would present quite a citified appearance. As it is with the electric light poles any old place and in any old shape, it looks very bad. The citizens will not always stand this, together with their high prices, but will get a new plant established.

The fire department elected the following officers for the ensuing year at a meeting held on Wednesday evening: W. D. Ellsworth, chief; aMtt Pretner, assistant chief; S. E. Helps, captain; Richard Lash, foreman; Tim Shea, lieutenant; William Murray, treasurer; George Henry, secretary. The citizens of Eveleth are much pleased to learn that Ellsworth has again been elected chief, as it is largely due to his diligent work and careful watch that this city has not suffered from forest fires this summer and that the department now occupies the high place that it does. The other officers named are all good men and will do much to keep the department up to its present high standard.

The sewer system is now nearly completed and in a short time the scavenger's work will be greatly reduced.

On Monday last an important transfer took place in this city by which aPddy Vail, of Ely, becomes owner of the new John Stone corner at a consideration for hte solid brick, 2-story building complete of $14,000. The upper story of this building is to be an opera house, while the lower one will be used for store purposes.

A miner was found dead in a chair at one of the boarding houses in this city on Wednesday morning. He had been drinking considerable and died of heart failure.

A mine accident occurred at the Adams mine on the night shift early Wednesday evening in which one miner lost his life, while another one was seriously injured.

Mrs. J. B. Densmore returned yesterday from a week's visit with friends and relatives in West Superior and Duluth.

Tom McMillan, an old Eveleth boy, returned from the Klondike last Saturday night. Tom is an old pioneer of this city and at one time was in the employ of the Adams. Tom has some very interesting tales to tell of life and hardships experienced in the northern gold regions and says that the newspaper accounts have not been exaggerated in the least in reference to the richness of the country. He says that at the time he went to the Klondike it was a hard, rough trip but now that it is comparatively easy, making the trip from Dawson City to Duluth in just fifteen days. When asked if he was going back he said that he certainly was.

Loranger & Murnick are erecting a warehouse in the rear of their store.

James Dowling, Jake Stein and Martin Van Buskirk went over to Hibbing Thursday with a view of looking over some pine lands in that vicinity.

It is reported that Editor Webster, of Tower, is going to establish a paper in this city.

A Republican meeting is called to meet at the office of the Eveleth Star on Sunday evening for the purpose of organizing a Roosevelt club. It is the intention of this club to organize in good shape and to purchase rough rider suits.

John Johnson, of Buhl, the new town of the Sharon Iron company, was in Eveleth several days this week. He says that mine will shortly open up three shafts and that the burg will then have about 1000 inhabitants.

Ed Gooch, who for some time has been employed in Farley & Johnson's barber shop, intends to open a shop himself if he can find a location.

The streets of Eveleth are now beginning to have a settled appearance again, after the laying of the water and sewer pipes.

## MESABA.

Mesaba, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Monday, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Konkler, of Allen Junction, gave a party in honor of their son's eighth birthday. About twenty of his little friends were present.

Mrs. W. H. Konkler, of Allen, was a Duluth visitor Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Konkler and sons, H. C. Beall, G. Jaskson, Miss Mary Hretze and Mrs. Kutcha, all of Allen, were Mesaba visitors Sunday last.

## GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Grace Allen, who has been in Grand Rapids for several weeks, returned to her home in Minneapolis this week.

Mrs. J. B. Salter, of West Duluth, is here for a week's visit with Mrs. Tyndall, her sister.

H. C. Hankee, of Minneapolis, is here looking up taxes on lands which he purchased at the forfeited tax sale last spring.

Clyde Burnett, former jeweler of Grand Rapids, now of Illinois, was here this week on a visit.

Mrs. J. O. Rockstrom and brother, A. J. Lindgren, left on Monday to join Mr. Rockstrom in Washington, where they will make their future home.

George Dewey took a crew of men to Splithand on Sunday for the purpose of starting the drive which has been abandoned since last spring on account of low water. The recent heavy rains have enabled the drives to start.

W. W. Wright and wife, of Swan River, and Miss E. R. Rellis, of Saginaw, Mich., spent Sunday in Grand Rapids.

Walter H. Springer, aged 23 years, died at St. Benedict's hospital Tuesday morning of typhoid fever. His parents reside at Anoka. His father is expected to take charge of the remains.

Archie McFadden, a former resident of Grand Rapids, was among the excursionists from Hibbing on last Sunday.

Mrs. D. M. Gunn left Monday for Detroit, Todonto and other Eastern points. She will be absent several weeks.

Miss Ruby Rutledge, who has been visiting with the family of her uncle, W. P. Fuller, for several weeks, left for her home in Dakota the latter part of this week.

J. J. McDonald, of Swan River, transacted business in town yesterday.

It is reported that the Buckman & Nichols' drive on Swan river is moving along rapidly into the Mississippi. Lumbermen are jubilant over the heavy rains.

J. E. Johnson, of Cass Lake, was in town several days last week.

M. J. Taylor, editor and postmaster of Deer River, transacted business in town yesterday.

C. E. Leeman, formerly of this town, was here from Cass Lake the first of the week.

William Kalb, of Swan River, died at St. Benedict's hospital Monday morning from typhoid fever. Funeral services were held at the morgue Tuesday afternoon.

Rev. P. Gamache is in Duluth on clerical duties.

D. H. Powers and family left on Monday to attend the encampment at Detroit, Mich.

W. P. Nisbett and family will leave this week for a trip to Mr. Nisbett's old home in Big Rapids, Mich.

B. P. Munson left Monday for his home in Minneapolis, where he will remain with his family until time for his winter logging operations.

Edward Holum is building a house on his farm at Pokegama lake.

George Booth returned Monday from his trip to Duluth.

At a meeting of the Modern Samaritans Thursday night it was decided to hold no more meetings until cooler weather.

The Woman's Literary club will begin the year's work on Sept. 4.

Mrs. Neil Coleman, of West Superior, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. W. Fuller, returned to her home on Saturday.

Attorney T. M. Brady went to Deer River yesterday.

The Burlington Lumber company intends to land about 24,000,000 feet of pine in the Mississippi before it freezes up. The Swan River Logging railway will do the hauling.

The first annual dance given by the local tribe of Red Men at Odd Fellows' hall on Monday night was a great success. Supper was served by the ladies of St. Joseph's society.

For superintendent of schools, Miss Gibson and Mrs. Neal will seek the nomination.

Gus Malstrom, a pioneer section foreman on this division, but now changed to Swan River, was brought to St. Benedict's hospital on Monday suffering from a severe fracture of his knee.

R. T. Perry, of Deer River, transacted business in this town yesterday.

Attorney C. L. Pratt transacted business in Cass Lake the first of this week.

H. C. St. Clair was down from Hartley lake the first of this week.

The family of Charlie Maar is camping at Deer lake. They will remain a week or ten days longer.

Mrs. L. Kimball and son, Eugene, of Minneapolis, are here for a visit with Mrs. Kimball's sister, Mrs. E. S. Stephens. They will remain during the warm weather.

## BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Smith has resumed his duties as night operator of the scale house, after a month's absence.

Mrs. D. J. Eyer visited with friends in Sparta Monday.

A daughter was born Friday, Aug. 17, to Superintendent and Mrs. Loulan.

Mrs. Wilson, of Tower, visited the early part of the week here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Pickett.

Miss Sarah Trevarthen, formerly of Biwabik, but now of Eveleth, called on friends here Saturday.

R. J. Smith visited in Two Harbors the early part of the week.

The Methodist church gave a picnic to the Sunday school scholars at the picnic grounds, Saturday.

I. Cowling, formerly of the Clark mine at Hibbing, has accepted a position as timekeeper at the Hale mine.

The Iron Range road is doing considerable improvement work on the new depot, which will tend to make the structure more attractive.

Capt. William White, who has, for several months been a patient at the Shipman hospital, is improving and soon will be out.

FREE HELP FOR WEAK MEN
"CALTHOS"
Prof. Laborde's Marvelous French Cure for Lost Manhood.
FIVE DAYS' TRIAL TREATMENT
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NO C. O. D. OR DEPOSIT SCHEME.

The only preparation known to science which really cures Lost Manhood is "CALTHOS," the marvelous French remedy discovered by Prof. Jules Laborde. It is controlled in this country by The Von Mohl Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, a concern which occupies a high and honorable place in the world of medicine. It is one of the largest and most responsible houses in Cincinnati, as anyone who is acquainted in that city will testify.
The Von Mohl Company invites all men suffering from Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, Small Parts or Weakness of any nature in the Nerves or Sexual Organs, to send their names and receive a five days' treatment. This will prove the wonderful vitalizing powers of "CALTHOS." After using it five days the sufferers will find new vigor in their organs, new force in their muscles, new blood in their veins, new ambition, and rapid progress toward the buoyant feelings and sensations of younger days.
This liberal free offer is genuine. There is no swindling C. O. D. or Deposit Scheme connected with it. The five days' treatment is sent by sealed mail to all on request, wrapped in a plain package, and full printed instructions accompany the medicine, so that each patient becomes his own doctor and cures himself at home.
It doesn't make any difference what caused the weakness—whether bad habits in youth, or excess, or overwork, or business troubles. "CALTHOS" will effect a cure, no matter what big name the disease may be called by doctors.
The Von Mohl Company treats all correspondence in perfect confidence. Under no conditions will it make public the names of the thousands who have written testimonials telling of their restoration to robust manhood after other medicines and appliances have proved worthless. "CALTHOS" is regularly used in the French and German armies, and the soldiers in those countries have come to be perfect models of strength and vitality. Cures are effected at all ages from twenty to eighty years. There is no case (except where the stage of epilepsy or insanity has been reached) which it will not radically, quickly and permanently cure. Sexual weakness does not cure itself. It grows worse from week to week. Each day aggravates the mental and physical anguish.
Send today for the free five days' trial treatment. If it helps you, more of the medicine can be purchased. If it does not help, no harm is done and no money has been paid out. You can send your name in the full knowledge that it will be kept from all. The "CALTHOS" department of our business is strictly confidential. Address applications for trial treatment, etc., to
THE VON MOHL COMPANY, 785 B, Cincinnati, O. | Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States.

Mrs. Featherston, of Duluth, is in town visiting her parents.

A short strike took place at the Hale mine Monday, on account of the pay not being forthcoming on time. The strike only lasted one day, as the men were assured of their pay. The mine paid its force on Wednesday, and is again in full operation, employing about sixty to seventy men.

The new depot has had five dormer windows constructed, which materially adds to the attractiveness of the structure. The rooms, upstairs are being occupied by the telephone company as a central for the line running from Duluth to the range.

Mrs. Oliver Pickett and children were visitors in Duluth Tuesday and Wednesday.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John Ryan, on Tuesday, Aug. 20, a daughter.

Mrs. Johnston, of McKinley, was a Biwabik visitor Tuesday.

James Tierney, an old Biwabik resident, left Tuesday for Sharon, where he has been offered a situation.

Mrs. Murray, of Eveleth, a former Biwabik resident, called on friends here Tuesday.

Mrs. Howard, of Eveleth, visited with Mr. and Mrs. Penrod here, Tuesday.

Mrs. Harrington made a short trip to Virginia, Tuesday.

Miss Hollister, of Tower, spent a few days in the city the early part of the week.

Mrs. F. Faber and children visited with relatives in Tower Tuesday.

Frank Connors has returned to Biwabik after a few days' visit with friends in West Duluth.

Frank Loulan, of Eveleth, has moved to Biwabik, having secured a position with the Drake & Stratton company.

Mrs. W. B. Harlow, of Virginia, visited witt friends here Wednesday.

Miss Edna Anderson was a Duluth visitor Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Nisen has arrived here from Sweden, and will live with Mr. and Mrs. Nisen.

Shipments of ore from the Biwabik mine are going forward with unabated activity, and it is thought that the shipments for the year will amount to 800,000 tons.

Superintendent William Carmichael and daughter, Janet, were in Duluth visiting friends the early part of the week.

Postmaster Browne transacted business in Duluth Thursday.

The weather of the past week has been warmer than that of any previous August since the village was founded. But one prostration was reported. William Ward, the councilman, while out in the woods, was overcome by heat and was taken to the Virginia hospital. He has sufficiently recovered to return to his home here. On Tuesday' the thermometer registered 95 degrees in the shade.

Mrs. F. S. Dane was an Eveleth visitor Wednesday.

Jack Kearney has returned home from Eveleth, where he was working, on account of illness.

Mrs. H. Seeley visited with friends in Virginia, Wednesday.

R. M. Sellwood, of the Colonial Mining company, was in Biwabik for a few hours Wednesday.

Harvey Owens, of Tower, has accepted a position at the scale office of the Iron Range road.

Miss Hannah Nelson, left Thursday for Sharon, where she will reside.

The public school of Biwabik will open Sept. 4. A corps of four teachers have been hired, and several important improvements are being made. The school is to be painted, and the entire school will be furnished with new slate blackboards. It is thought the enrollment will exceed 200.

Mrs. Fred Leno was a Two Harbors visitor, Tuesday.

John Mewhinney was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

F. S. Colvin has returned after a two weeks' trip to Pennsylvania.

T. Burton was a West Duluth visitor Thursday.

## CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Aug. 25.—Joseph Fortin was removed from an Eastern Minnesota train Thursday in a crazed condition. He was taken to the village jail and medical attendance provided, but it was of no avail, as he died at 4 a. m. yesterday. Fortin was sent to Stony Brook by an employment agency of Minneapolis to work for O. W. Erickson, contractor on the new cutoff line of the Great Northern line. There is a suspicion that there was some foul play at Stony Brook as there is an alleged "blind pig" there which is reputed to have caused considerable trouble. The remains are being cared for, pending the arrival of relatives from Duluth who have been notified. It is probable that an inquest will be held.

## Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her; and she writes, this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of its power to cure all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1. Guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

## G. A. R. Annual Encampment.

Aug. 25 to 29 inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell tickets, Duluth to Chicago and return, at one fare ($13.55) for the round trip, account thirty-fourth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. These tickets will be good for return passage until Sept. 1, and can be extended until Sept. 30, if they are deposited with joint agent between Aug. 27 and noon Sept. 2, accompanied with fee of 50 cents.

Members of the G. A. R. and their friends are invited to call at the city office, No. 405 West Superior street, of the "North-Western Line" and obtain free a handsome program and souvenir of Chicago.

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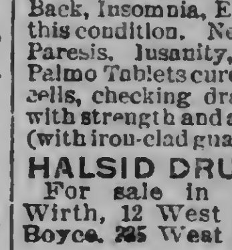
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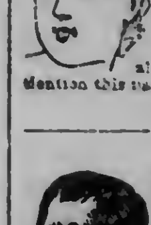
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DEFECTIVE PAGE

# Gossip of the Stage.

## La Pearl Company at the Pavilion In New Acts.

## Litt's "In Old Kentucky" at the Lyceum Tonight.

## "Quo Vadis" to Be Produced at the Lyceum Next Friday By Whitney and Knowles' Great Company.

The great La Pearl company has been re-engaged for another week at the Pavilion. This company has played to remarkable business for the past three weeks, and the acts and novelties presented have been of the best. Manager Kusell, in catering to the public taste, aims always to give something new and popular and always the best.

The program to be presented by the La Pearl company will be entirely new. Morosco will put on a new and laughable pantomime. Blossom and West will contribute a musical sketch; the Elliots, three in number, will show their skill on the Spanish rings, and the only Della will surprise the spectators by her expertness and fearlessness on the flying trapeze. Madame La Pearl will positively present her wonderful magical act, and some new tricks will be introduced. There will be a burlesque boxing act by Morosco and Henry La Pearl. Some of the latest songs by Little Ruby. Zola will be seen in the fire dance. The Asbeys will present a new act. Nellie Carmen will sing for the first time on any stage, "The Fatal Rose of Red." The slides of this song the best ever seen. She will also sing "The Curse of the Dreamer," the slides illustrating each scene. This also is very strong.

Mr. La Pearl has just received a shipment of the latest slides for his biograph, also new dissolving views, and he will make them a feature of next week's performance. The storming of Tien Tsin, one of the incidents of the Chinese war, the moving sidewalks, the Eiffel tower in Paris, views of Paris exposition, a series of pictures entitled, "A Storm at Sea" will be given. All this will make a very strong and enjoyable show, and the fourth week of the La Pearl company will not fall behind in novelties.

### "IN OLD KENTUCKY."

"In Old Kentucky" will be seen again at the Lyceum tonight. There have been no material changes in the company, and of course the pickaninny band and race horses are retained. These features have been seen frequently in other plays since they were originally exploited in "In Old Kentucky," but for some reason they never seemed to fit in any other dramatic structure, and none but "In Old Kentucky" has continued season after season to tour the country with unvarying success. The public does not appear to grow tired of the pretty story, the wholesome comedy and the intensely dramatic situations of the play, and it has come to be recognized as an attraction of standard merit, which will probably last as long as there is a theater.

### "QUO VADIS" COMING.

The dramatic version of "Quo Vadis," which is to be presented in this city Aug. 31, should create a good deal of interest. Scarcely any book of comparatively recent publication has been more widely read than "Quo Vadis." The play was first produced last season at McVicker's theater in Chicago, and continues under the able management of F. C. Whitney and Edwin Knowles. The Chicago engagement proved a great surprise to everybody concerned, for although success was predicted for the play, nobody anticipated the necessity of giving two performances per day for two entire weeks in order to accommodate the throngs who besieged McVicker's theater in the seventh and eighth weeks of the run. Yet such was the case, and in the long history of theatricals in the Illinois metropolis nothing of the kind had ever before been experienced. The production was afterwards taken to London, where it entertained the Britishers for many weeks, and was frequently seen by members of the royal family, the prince of Wales going so far as to send for the managers personally to bestow upon them his warmest congratulations upon the elaborateness of the production. Later still New York was electrified by the magnificent spectacle, and its memorable run at the big New York theater extended far beyond the coming of the warm period and outlived every other production in town. There can be no doubt that an honest effort has been made to develop the dramatic value of "Quo Vadis" in an entirely adequate and dignified manner. Stanislaus Stange, who is widely experienced as an opera librettist and dramatic writer, prepared the play from the original Polish manuscript of Sienkiewicz, and, we are assured, with faithful regard for the meaning and inspiration of the novelist, and the work is coherent in manner and artistic in form. F. C. Whitney and Edwin Knowles, experienced and liberal producers, are the responsible managers of the production, and their faith in the work is evidenced by the fact that they gave carte blanche to scenic artists and costumers with a view to obtaining the most desirable results. More than a carload of scenery is required to set the play, and the numerous costumes, prepared in Europe from authentic models, add an element of essential interest to the production. Music is also made a feature, and a chorus of twenty voices, trained by Julian Edwards, who has composed a special score for this play, add significance to several of the scenes. Dancers are also employed to represent the corybantes, and as if to make the success doubly sure, the speaking parts, thirty-two in number, are assigned to talented persons, many of whom have won distinction in the dramatic field. the first time on any stage.

## THE COMING PRODUCTIONS.

### Plays Being Preparing For the Approaching Season.

New York, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Those conservators of public literary and artistic morale, Charles and Daniel Frohman, are waxing worthily instructive again.

"I believe that the theater should be the place of all others to reflect the ethical growth of a great city, keeping pace with its material prosperity," says Charles Frohman, folding his hands across a white waistcoat and smiling up at the appreciative heavens. Meantime, as usual, Joseph Humphreys is in Paris and London under orders of the aforesaid chaste Charles looking for plays very like "Coralie & Co.," and "The Girl from Maxim's." Meantime, also, it is most probable that such unique dainties as "Wheels Within Wheels" will be seen at the building inaugurated by Augustin Daly as a theater and conducted by Daniel Frohman as an intellectual clinic. But these two gentlemen continue to control the dramatic situation by right of consolidation and vast union of managerial interests. I am no more disposed to quarrel with a man's business arrangements for the conduct of his own business than the next ont, but O Jupiter, I hate a humbug, don't you?

There is no humbug about the performances of the Castle Square Opera company, whose revival of "Martha" at Manhattan Beach the other night was so eloquent and tuneful answer to the foolish old charges against native opera. Miss Berri has about the only Neapolitan sounding name in the whole aggregation, and she avoids classification as a would be exotic by the honest Norman-Saxon titles, Maud Lillian, Bravissima Signorine Berri.

The production of "Ib and Little Christina" beginning Sept. 10 at the Madison Square theater seems to promise something idyllic and Hans Christian Anderson-like. The seared soul of the critic is also refreshed by the purity of motive advanced as his guiding star by Charles Frohman. But nothing quite so heavenly and redolent of asphodels has traversed the theatrical pike than the announcement of Mrs. Leslit Carter's intended forthcoming nuptials. The groom, it is announced, will be that fiery young Lothario, Charles Stevenson, during some few recent decades known to the irreverent as Mrs. Kate Claxton. The mere fact that he is at this present moment the husband of Miss Claxton, who has not been moved by his epistolary appeal to get a divorce, does not seem to worry Charles in the least. The aforesaid soul seared critic being pessimistic also chortles at the rare delicacy exhibited by Miss Claxton in publishing Mr. Stevenson's rather cheeky request.

Of the productions seen in your city this season none will be more carefully staged, accurately managed and forcitully played than Daniel Sully's "Parish Priest." Next to the star of this organization the interest centers around Theodore Babcock, the sterling and vigorous young actor who plays Dr. Walsh, the young village doctor. As an instance of artistic attention to detail which many matinee favorites would do well to imitate it may be mentioned that Mr. Babcock is at this time saturating himself with a course of practical surgery, for no other purpose than to achieve the unquestionably distinct medical atmosphere and manner. On a former occasion when Mr. Babcock was cast for the part of a district attorney, whose arraignment of the prosecuted hero was the feature of the melodrama, he frequented for a month or more the criminal courts and his performance was actually a photograph of legal characteristics.

The probable reason for the relinquishing of "My Daughter-in-Law" by Charles Frohman to Herbert Kelcey and Effie Shannon is the purity and cleanliness of the work which renders it tepid to the taste of the clientele which Mr. Frohman has achieved with his "Coralies" et al.

If you are good you will also see Sam Bernard towards the end of the season. A bitter blow was dealt Sam's friends when they learned that he would not be a member of the cast of "A Million Dollars." It is said Samuel was hypnotized by the title to such an extent that he did not discuss salary, nor did he remark once in the interview with B. H. Sire "that he vas der greatest actor in der vairlt." When the omissions were brought to his attention afterwards, he fell sick of a palsy, which at the time he claimed was brain fever. A conscientious surgeon subsequently diagnosed it as colic.

You will see few changes in Stuart Robson's "Oliver Goldsmith." The only difference of importance being the engagement of that excellent actress Maude White to replace the clever but artificial Florence Rockwell, as Mary Horneck, the Jessamy Bride. The hope of the anti-syndicate allies rests on the growing support of stock companies in various cities. A notable example is Milwaukee and one worth quoting as an example of this healthy recrudescence in dramatic matters. Both the Academy and Davidson theaters in that city maintain excellent stock companies and last week the produced "A Soldier of the Empire" and a "Virginia Courtship" respectively, with metropolitan excellence and lucrative loyal support.

The Casino Roof Garden in New York clamors with the down stairs temple for supremacy. "A Casino Boy" recently produced there is as carefully written, staged and produced as any offering was upon the larger stage on the first floor, and this in spite of the fact that there has been hardly any roof garden opposition to the Casino's offering. The Koster efforts on West Thirty-fourth street are beneath contempt. No city of 150,000 inhabitants would permit such puerile work amid such Coney Island surroundings. Take it all in all vaudeville has, like every attempt to divorce the public from money without the delivery of any intellectual goods, fallen by the wayside greatly to the delight of your devoted servant.

FRANK BUTLER.

### FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Edna May is to sing in Paris.

A Boston theater has girl ticket sellers.

St. Petersburg now has a Glinka monument.

Joseph Haworth is to star in "Robert of Cicily."

Dixey reviewed "Adonis" in St. Louis last week.

"A Million Dollars" cast will include Cora Tanner.

Blanche Walsh will star in a play by Eugene Presbrey.

Louise Willis Hepner will shortly be seen in vaudeville.

Mrs. Thomas A. Edison will be seen in the new Casino play.

Madge Lessing will be Francis Wilson's soubrette this season.

Weber's "Dainty Duchess" company includes Monroe and Mack.

Francis Wilson will star this season in "The Monks of Malabar."

In London, Gertrude Elliott is to play Ophelia and Desdemona.

"Yellow Peril," by Charles T. Vincent, has its scenes in China.

Mary Stuart, a sister of Stuart Robinson, will return to the boards.

Clarice Vance is to star next season in a musical farce, of which she is the author.

Julia Arthur's sister, Flora Fairchild, is to be seen in the "Parish PPriest."

London's "A Parlor Match" cast will include Alf C. Whelan, Chris Bruno and William Armstrong.

Irving will be seen here next season. He will impersonate Byron's "Manfred" and Francois Villon.

Mrs. Stannard, who is better known by her pet name, John Strange Winter, has lately finished two plays.

Eddie Foy is being "backed" for his approaching tour by John R. Considine, the prize fight impresario.

Next January, it is announced, will find Wilton Lackaye appearing in his own version of "Les Miserables."

The Abbe Perosi has written eight oratorios in a few years, and is now at work on another, entitled "Moses."

Mabel Bouton, recently declared insane, is the daughter of a a Baptist clergyman and has three sisters on the stage.

Viola Allen's father, C. Leslie Allen, will support her in "In the Palace of the King." The part he plays is that of Don Antonio Perez.

Ida Brassy, the young French actress who has come to this country to act in Richard Mansfield's revival of "King Henry V," is a daughter of Mr. Mansfield's sister.

Philadelphia critics have unanimously decided that Kathryn Osterman is the "queen of vaudeville." Keith's theater was packed from pit to dome twice raily during her engagement.

Playwright Carleton has obtained thus for about twenty-eight patents on various electrical inventions, and occupies in consequence a prominent place among electricians.

In his revival of "King Henry V" Richard Mansfield will add another juvenile hero role to the long list which he has played. Among them have been Beau Brummel, Dick Dudgeon, Eugene Courvoisier, Don Juan and his delightful Prince Karl.

Johann Strass' posthumus operetta "Wiener Blut" will be produced in New York this fall under the management of Rudolph Aronson. Amelia Stone, who created the principal part of "The Viennese Ballet Girl," has been engaged to appear in it.

The German emperor has had a laurel wreath placed on Weber's grave in Dresden on the occasion of the first performance at Wiesbaden of a new version of his opera "Oberon." This version is to be given also in Berlin and other cities.

It is not generally known that Schubert, though he lived only thirty-one years, write, in addition to his 600 songs and numerous insturmental works, also a considerable number of operas. Unfortunately, he never had a good libretto, and none of his stage works proved a success. One of his operas, "Der Hausliche Krieg," is to be produced at the Paris Opera Comique in a French version by Victor Wilder.

When Bach died the Germans, who detest contemporary geniuses, made no record of the spot where he was buried, and it was only through a combination of good luck and ingenious speculation that his remains were at last discovered, a few years ago, during the rebuilding of the Church of St. John at Leipsic. The skull has been pronounced by a famous German anatomist as undoubtedly Bach's. The remains are now to be placed in the new St. John's church, enshrined in a sarcophagus designed by Professor Licht. At the same time the monument erected to the great master in front of the church is to be unveiled.

Ethel Barrymore has quickly made her way to the front, and though little over 20, will become a star this season. In the central part in "His Excellency the Governor," she was seen last year to have advanced rapidly in art and to resemble her clever mother in appearance and manner. An amusing anecdote is told of her father, Maurice Barrymore, and his dislike for his brother-in-law, John Drew. The story goes that Barrymore taught his daughter to finish her nightly prayers with "God bless mamma and papa and make Uncle John an actor." The hit might hurt were not "Uncle John" one of the most finished comedians. He did much to help his niece on the stage, and will bring forward his own daughter, probably in a minor part, in "Richard Carvel."

# The Copper District

## Improbable Story of Opposition to the Calumet & Hecla Company Being Reincorporated.

Houghton, Mich., Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Recent dispatches from Lansing to various newspapers state that the Calumet & Hecla company will not be permitted to reincorporate for a further term of thirty years without litigation, owing to the decesion of the state authorities that the company's existence, de jure, expired two years ago. The present Calumet & Hecla and Red Jacket, which were consolidated in 1868 and 1871. It is possible that the news dispatch from Lansing is well founded, but in all liklihood it is not. In keeping with its policy of securing the best, regardless of cost, in every department, the Calumet & Hecla company has legal counsel of the highest standing at the Michigan bar. T. L. Chadbourne, of Houghton, consel of the company, is not only among the leaders of the bar of this state, but is especially noted for the care with which he considers every legal step and the clarity and brevity of his legal papers. He is the recognized authority of the district on titles and the endorsement of his firm is required in passing on all important titles, not only by the Calumet & Hecla, but by practically all other mining companies of the district. It is not at all likely that after forty years of highly successful practice, marked by the utmost care in attending to all legal forms, Mr. Chadbourne would have permitted the Calumet & Hecla company to neglect so elementary a precaution as reincorporation within the statutory period. Shareholders need not worry over the alarmist reports published regarding the company.

The Calumet Evening News states that the Centennial company is now paying expenses. The Centennial owns some highly valuable land, well located in a rapidly growing town of upwards of 40,000 population and has disposed of several hundred building lots at good prices. Practically all of its surface holdings, originally of one square mile, can be sold within the next few years for building purposes, except so much as they be desired for mine buildings. The mineral rights to all lots are reserved by the company, so that no portion of the copper contained under the square mile of surface is being parted with. The Centennial has an old rattle-trap mill, antiquated and hopelessly out of date, from which the most surprising results are being achieved in the way of cheap production and small percentage of copper losses. Given a new mill and the same management, as good results as shown at any mill in the district should be secured. No stoping is being done to any extent, nearly all the rock stamped coming from the mine openings. When a new mill is built, as will probably be done about next year, the mine will have openings on both the Osceola and Kearsarge lodes, from which large amounts of rock can be stoped. The present policy of opening the mine largely before attempting to do more than mill the rock so broken is unquestionably the correct plan, although the temptation must be great to begin producing on a large scale to take advantage of the present high price of copper.

It is believed by local shareholders that an additional assessment of one dollar per share will be levied soon on the stock of the Mass Consolidated company. Such a sum will be needed. The work at the new mill is going along nicely and the mine in opening well. There is no question of the richness of both the old Mass and the Ridge, two of the four mines included in the present consolidation, and the company should develop into a large and profitable producer. Two boilers of 200 horse power each have been ordered for the mill.

The Isle Royale has received a number of cars for its railroad connecting the mine with the new mill now building. It is safe to say that no old mine or mines have ever before been reopened in the lake copper district on so comprehensive a scale as the new Isle Royale, which comprises the old Isle Royale, Grand Portage and Huron mines. Two million dollars were raised for the work and about four years will have been taken in the work by the time the mill is running. The mine has been given the benefit of the ripest experience, both at the Boston end, where Messrs. A. S. Gigelow and his associates have profited by a generation of practical experience in the financial conduct of Lake Superior mines and at the mine itself where the careful work of Supt. R. M. Edwards has been supervised by Capt. William E. Parnell of Calumet, whose experience of almost fifty years in the district has culminated in the splendidly successful results achieved at the Tamarack and Osceola mines. There is little doubt for the future of the Isle Royale. It has never been a speculative stock, in the usual sense of the term, though regularly listed on the Boston exchange, and the successful mining men and financeiers who put up the money for the first work are still the principal owners of the shares. It may be safely assumed that men like Messrs. Bigelow, of Boston, Lewisohn Bros., of New York, Capt. Parnell of Calumet, and their associates, men of the ripest experience in copper production, who are the principal owners of Isle Royale shares, are taking the minimum of chances when they expend upwards of three millions in cash on the purchase and development of a group of old copper mines.

When the new Baltic mill gets to running next year, the two Atlantic stamps now treating Baltic rock will be released and one of them and possibly both, will be set at work immediately on rock from the Champion mine owned jointly by the Copper Range company and Ste. Marie's Canal Mineral Land company. It will disappoint the best judges if the Champion rock does not give even better results from the start that the very satisfactory returns from the Baltic, as there is every indication that the Champion, which is opened on the southern continuation of the Baltic amygdaloid lode, has not only as wide a deposit as the Baltic, but an even larger percentage of copper. The Trimountain, midway between the Baltic and Champion, partakes of the characteristics of both and is opening a mine of altogether exceptional richness. These three properties are destined to become among the most valuable in the district, though it will take many years for them to reach their full maturity. They all have large area, a lode that is not only persistent and rich but exceptionally wide and making downward at an average angle of about 70 degrees with the horizon. The result of the first year's mill run at the Baltic has verified the prediction made in this correspondence, nearly two years ago, that the Baltic mine, acre for acre of surface, contains a larger amount of copper than the Calumet & Hecla. This does not mean that the Baltic will make as large profits, but it does give assurance of the permanence of the mine, and the certainty of large and steady profits, under a capable management, such as has developed and still controls the property. It would be decidedly peculiar were the opening of big mines on the Baltic lode to cease with the Champion, and other fine properties to the southward must necessarily follow in future years. To the northward the Baltic lode becomes a mystery. Whther it is cut off, temporarily or permanently or whether it grows thinner and leaner are questions for future to decide.

Day labor is again earning $2 for ten hours work, in most places through the copper district. The minimum is $1.75. About the same number of men are employed now as one year ago, notwithstanding the sharp curtailment in forces by the Arcadian and several other properties.

The old colony tunnel has recently passed through a conglomerate reef 32 feet wide on the floor of the adit and is now in an amygdaloid lode of upwards of 20 feet in width and showing a little copper.

The Quincy's new mill will go into commission in October or November and the production of the mine will then become much the larger in its history.

"A" and "B" shafts of the Michigan are being sunk deeper. They were both approximately 500 feet deep and will be sunk an additional 500 feet each. At the depth of about 1200 feet it will be possible to crosscut 140 feet to the bottom of the old Minnesota mine, which paid nearly two million in dividends in the early history of Lake Superior mining.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

I reckon not the seasons,
Nor the years that come and go;
Life's an all-around pleasure to me
Since taking Rocky Mountain Tea.
Ask your druggist.

## REFORM IN LETTER-WRITING.

### Argument Against Formalities In Beginning and Ending Epistles.

The American people prides itself on being in all things intensely practical and alert. A review of the mechanical inventions placed to the credit of this country shows that in almost every instance the aim of all the inventors has been to save time and labor and, therefore, money. Our quickness in business methods is the wonder and despair of the rest of the world. This, we assume, is granted even by our foreign competitors, says the Haberdasher.

Why, then, do we cling with tenacious conservatism to a system of commercial correspondence that is wasteful of time, energy and money, and productive of absolutely no good result? We do, however, and the custom to which reference is made is none other than the use of "Dear Sir" at the beginning of a letter and "Yours very truly" at its conclusion.

These phrases are admittedly absolutely meaningless. They are "soft words" and "they butter no parsnips." Little by little the forms of address have been condensed until such old-school phrases as "My Dear and Respected Sir" and "Your humble and obedient servant" are obsolete. Why not continue the good work and "reform it altogether?" Why not adopt the following sensible, straightaway, business-like form:

John Smith & Co.:
We wish to order, etc.
T. BROWN & CO.

That is what you mean. Why not say it and stop?

If the words criticised as superfluous meant anything at all; if they softened any asperities or created any more cordial relations between mercantile houses, they might be excused or even commended. But, as a matter of practice, they are attached to "duns," to reproofs, to complaints, to every form of communication, and they are as thoroughly worthless as a campaign button on a cigar-store Indian.

It is pathetically true that the average "reform" is usually productive of confusion or extra labor. But it is insistently urged that omissions advocated above are not open to any fair criticism. Now, if one or two leading houses with voluminous correspondence should come out squarely in favor of this idea and put it into immediate execution it would not be one year before there would be a general revolt against this time-squandering, old-fogey formalism, and all hands should be benefited.

### Summer Outings.

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Copies of descriptive pamphlets with full information as to rates, etc., will be sent on application to J. H. Burgis, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 249 Clark St., corner Jackson Boulevard, Chicago.

# BUFFALO'S BIG SHOW

## The Pan-American Exposition Next Year Will Be Profuse In New and Wonderful Attractions.

Buffalo, Aug. 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—According to the inspired testimony of the Apostle St. Paul, the ancient Greeks were always carving some new thing. They had great appetites for novelty.

That describes the state of mind of the average visitor to an exposition. He wants to see plenty of things he has never seen before, to be amused, to be astonished, to be filled with delighted surprise. He loves to have his curiosity stimulated, to be mystified, to be thrilled with expectancy, to experience a multitude of novel and exciting sensations. In other words, he will consent to be instructed if the education is interlarded with plenty of things which are entertaining. We are all children when it comes to matters of this kind. We may find infinite instruction in viewing the products of the soil which tell of the natural resources of this or that country or state, or the products of the loom or mill or other manufactory which speak of man's industry and the activity of his hand and brain. But however interesting the exhibits—and those of the Pan-American will be especially interesting as well as instructive—the average visitor looks for something besides these to satisfy that craving with which he is possessed for something wonderful and startling and absolutely new.

In getting up a great exposition and one which will make money for the holders of its stock and bonds, the weaknesses of human nature in this respect must be taken into consideration, and so the management of the Pan-American has planned to make it dignified and educational in a high degree, it is true, but attractive in the extreme to the pleasure seeker as well. The exposition as a whole will attract and delight by its beauty of color and form and the novelty of its many features, but on the Midway the visitor will find the most profuse and diverting entertainment ever afforded, not even excepting the famous Midway of the Chicago World's fair.

The exhibits of the exposition proper will be confined to the countries of the Western hemisphere, but once on the Midway the visitor will see strange sights from all quarters of the globe and may even take a trip to the moon and a tour through hell to the very gates of heaven. To almost every one there is a strong fascination in witnessing the strange customs of savage or semi-civilized peoples, in listening to their weird melodies, the beating of their wild and passionate movements in the dance. One of the delights of foreign travel consists in just such opportunities as this. For some reason, civilized and enlightened, polished and cultured man has a peculiar relish for the vagaries and superstitions of his brother who occupies a lower stage in the scale of evolution. He revels in seeing his fellow-man go about in the garments nature gave him with the addition of a breech-cloth, some paint on the face or feathers in the hair. And despite this attachment to frock coats and silk hats and starched linen for his own garb, he will rue the day when his black or brown brother ceases to wear rings in his nose and next to nothing on his person.

### THE PAN-AMERICAN MIDWAY.

On the Midway the Pan-American visitor will touch elbows with the Bedouin Arab, the Hottentot chief, the Hindu fakir, the Mexican cliffdweller, the Filipino from our own possessions, the Venetian gondolier, and the Roumanian villagers, not to mention the red man of the Western plains and the black men of the Southern plantations.

The Midway is an adjunct of expositions that has evolved from the sideshow stage to that of a worlds fair in itself, and at the Pan-American will occupy a position greater in importance than has the Midway of any previous exposition. When it is stated that the Pan-American midway will cost not less than $2,500,000 of itself, it can readily be seen that it must be a very extensive affair. The money expended on this feature of the Pan-American will be more than the cost of the entire Omaha exposition. The street frontage will be four-fifths of a mile in length. Both in size and excellence of attractions it will be greater than the Midway of the Chicago World's fair.

The hundreds of thousands of readers of the Cosmopolitan Magazine have laughed till their sides ached over the clever pictures of the Inferno, up-to-date and vastly improved since Dante's time, with all kinds of modern inventions for the punishment of sinners, which that magazine has published the past summer in serial form. Before these pictures came out in the Cosmopolitan the same idea was worked up as one feature for the "Darkness and Dawn" concession of the Pan-American. In pursuing his journey through this Inferno the Pan-American tourist will see some sights such as Dante witnessed in the realm of the prince of Darkness and will pass over seas of fire and boiling lakes where unfortunate spirits are reaping the reward of their earthly misdeeds. To relieve the strain upon his nerves of these terrible sights and sounds, there will be in some caverns of Hades more jocular scenes such as Arthur Young, the Cosmopolitan artist, has portrayed, showing the punishments meted out to umbrella borrowers, to those who talk rashly and in the neither world are compelled to eat their own words, to bad cooks and shyster lawyers, etc., etc. After the tour through Gehenna the visitor is taken to the foot of the golden staircase and given a glimpse of heaven as a reward for his fortitude in looking upon the tortures of the damned. The illusions of this Midway feature are remarkable and thrilling. The building for the "Darkness and Dawn" is now under roof, but the grass is still growing where the lake of fire is to surge and there is no water yet in the River Styx over which Charon will ferry the wondering traveler in 1901.

### THE OLD PLANTATION.

Another concession, the building for which is now erected, is that of the Old Plantation, which will produce an old-time Southern plantation before the war, with its stately and capacious mansion, cabins for the slaves, cotton fields and cotton pickers and other characteristic scenes of the Sunny South in the old slave days. It will be, of course, the brighter side of slavery which will be represented, with happy darkies dancing and singing before their cabin doors as they did before North and South engaged in bloody warfare over the question of their freedom. The famous Shelby cabin—the former home of the old negro from whose life Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe sketched the principal character of her immortal "Uncle Tom's Cabin"—now owned by the Shelby family, will be removed to Buffalo in sections for this exhibit and returned to its owner after the exposition. The Old Plantation will include a spacious theater where regular performances of old-time minstrelsy will be given regularly every day. Over 020 genuine Southern darkies will be employed in this concession.

Space will not permit the enumeration here of all the features of the Pan-American Midway, but I will speak briefly of one more, the Beautiful Orient, under the direction of Gaston Akoun, who was awarded this concession out of twelve competitors for similar privileges. It is a display of the charms of the East, both romantic and realistic, and includes a street in Cairo, street in Constantinople, street in Morocco, street in Tunis, street in Algeria, street in Tripoli and street in Teheran, representing typical scenes in these various portions of the Orient. Besides these there will be a Bedauin Arab encampment, a bazar, two theaters and the "Oriental Garden," altogether a dazzling and bewildering array of fascinations for the curious and pleasure-seeking. In the center of the Beautiful Orient will be an extensive plaza representing one of the holy places of Mecca where the Mohammedans of different countries will meet as if on pilgrimages. The muezzin will call the faithful to prayer and the tourist will witness an Oriental wedding, the departure of the sacred carpet to Mecca with the sacred bull, and a realistic representation of the famous Algerian "Grand Fantasia" by a troup of genuine red warrior Spahis with their feats of wild riding, shooting and mimic fighting.

The adventurous exposition visitor will be attracted especially by the "Trip to the Moon" and by the Thompson aerio-cycle, the invention of Frederic Thompson, which will be the altitudinous novelty of the exposition and will be to the Pan-American what the Ferris wheel was to the World's Fair.

There are at least a dozen more leading features of this Midway, not including smaller but nevertheless interesting attractions and it is clear that to "do" the Midway properly, not to mention the exposition itself, will require several days' time.

### THE MUSIC GARDENS.

There will be numerous band stands throughout the grounds, and in the Temple of Music on the other side of the Esplanade concerts will also be given and musical programs rendered of a formal character. Te formal outdoor concerts will be given at the Music Gardens and the music will be furnished by the most famous musical organizations in the wirld. Nit only will the best that the American continent affords in the way of band music be obtained, but Europe will be ransacked for musical talent for the entertainment of Pan-American visitors. The music committee contemplates the engagement of five leading organizations, all of which shall be employed continuously upon the grounds during the hours fixed for muscal programs. Among these organizations will be Sousa's band, which has been engaged for four weeks, the Mexican Mounted band from the City of Mexico, and possibly the Garde Republicaine band of Paris. All this music will be absolutely free to the visitor once he has paid his fee of admission to the grounds. There will be no extra charge for any music except, of course, that furnished on the Midway. In this way the general idea of making the exposition as attractive as possible in every way is carried out and all the senses will be appealed to in the effort to entertain. The charm of the exposition as a whole will thus be increased without in the least diminishing its value as an educational enterprise and designed to further the material ends of trade and commerce.

EDWARD HALE BRUSH.

### THE ARMY BICYCLE.

From the amount of attention that is being bestowed upon the bicycle in continental armies it is evident that it is regarded as an instrument of some value from a military point of view, though the scope of its utility has yet to be determined. So far no organized employment of the machine has been made with the object of testing its practical value on active service, but sufficient experience has been gained to prove that in certain circumstances it is capable of being used to advantage, says London Field. The war in South Africa has brought into prominence the importance of rapidity of movement for military forces, and in this direction, if any, the bicycle is destined to make its mark. It is obvious, however, that in providing the soldier with a bicycle there will be little or no gain if his sphere of operations is, as a consequence, confined to the road or other ridable surface. It must be used on the give and take principle, the bicycle to carry him whenever possible and he to carry the bicycle when the character of the ground does not permit of his riding it. This makes the question of weight a primary consideration, and in both France and Germany the principle of the folding machine to facilitate carriage is regarded as more or less of a necessity in a military bicycle. The ordinary bicycle when adapted to the surface, could not be brought much below thirty pounds, which would be a formidable load to carry in addition to a rifle, ammunition and other impedimenta. Hinges introduced into the frame for folding purposes would add to the weight and weaken the structure, so that if the requirements laid down by the military authorities are for a machine that can be regarded as impracticable. It will be seen that there are many difficulties to be overcome before the soldier can be equipped with a bicycle which, while providing him with facilities for rapid locomotion, will not seriously encumber his movements over broken ground or detract from his efficiency when fighting has to be done.

### GOOSE'S FAST.

Little Edith, the little daughter of Alonzo Threlkeld, of Corinth, is the owner of a beautiful specimen of the West India goose, says a Williamstown, Ky., special to the Cincinnati Enquirer. It became troublesome about the house, and when shut away from it made friends with a drove of fattening hogs. On June 30 the hogs were sent to the market. The goose followed them and was lost by the wayside. A search all through the neighborhood failed to locate it, and little Edith mourned her pet as dead. On Aug. 5 J. C. Sleete's little grandson found the goose in a culvert of the railroad, imprisoned so that it could not posibly get out. It was rescued and taken back to Edith, who rejoiced over its return. The goose had evidently lived all that time—thirty-five days—without food or water.

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